

Supporting Information

Magnetic Coagulometry: Towards a New Nanotechnological Tool for *ex vivo* Monitoring Coagulation in Human Whole Blood

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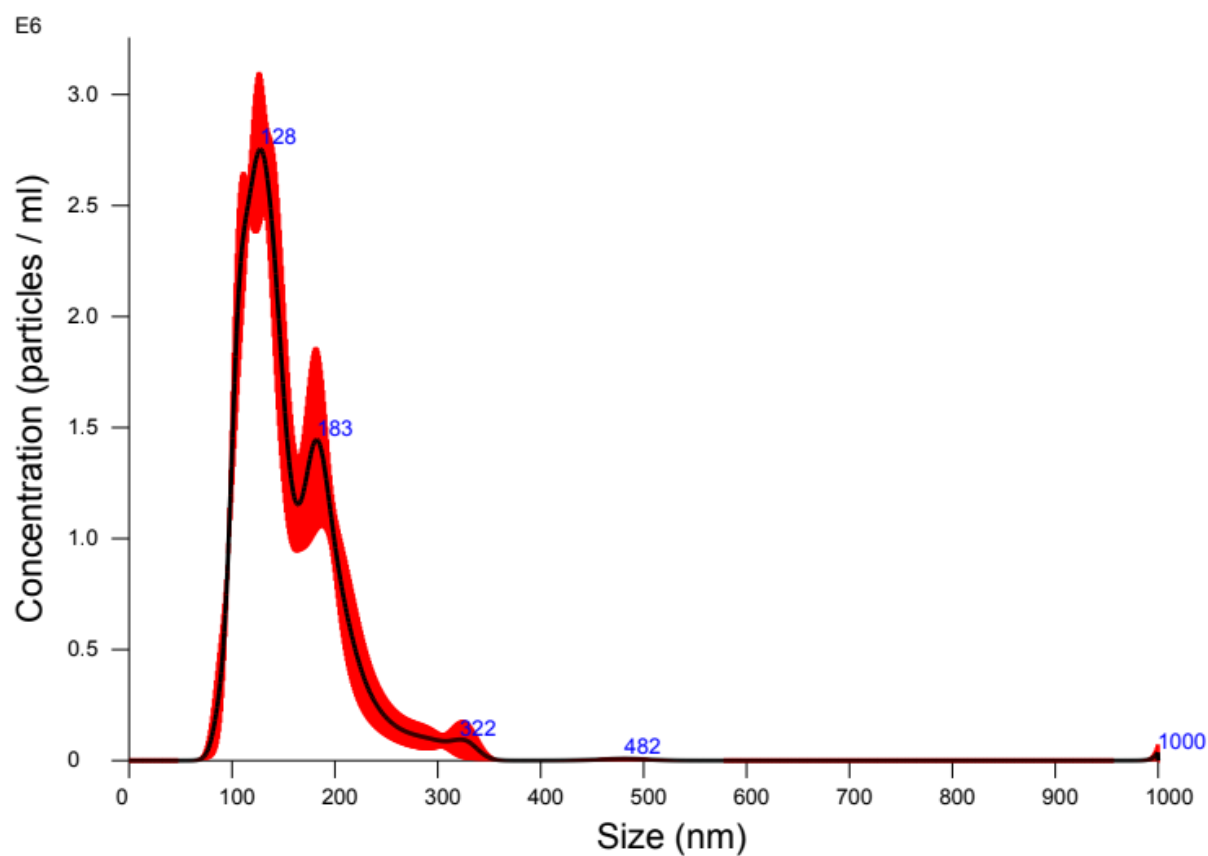


Figure S1. Nanoparticle Tracking Analysis diagram of IONPs.

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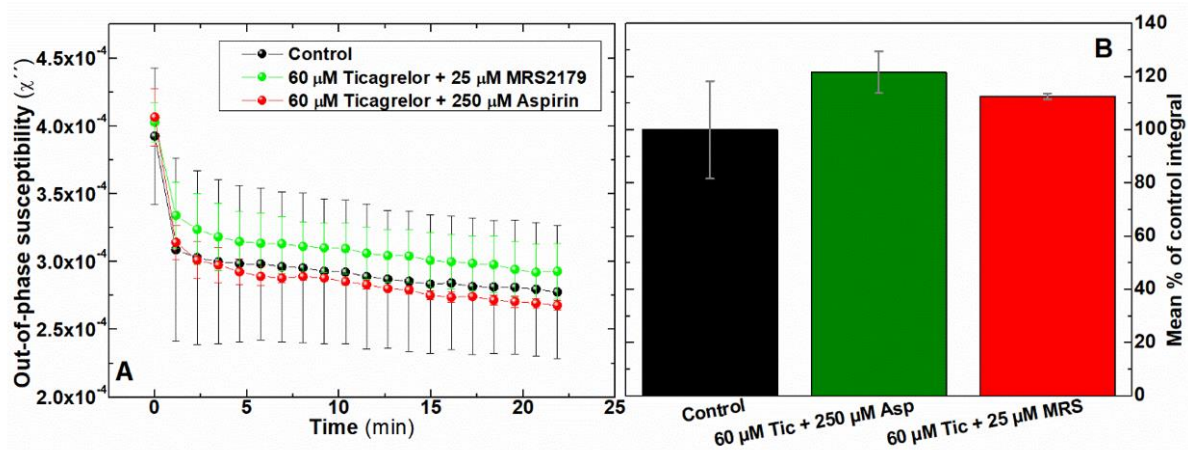


Figure S2. Preliminary out-of-phase component from AC magnetic susceptibility recorded at 400 Hz show no significant difference in samples pre-treated with combined anti-platelet drugs. (A) Average traces of out-of-phase component from AC magnetic susceptibility measurements of 0.066 mg_{Fe}/mL IONPs dissolved in freshly donated whole human blood, pre-treated with 60 μM Ticagrelor + 25 μM MRS2179, 60 μM Ticagrelor + 250 μM Aspirin or the carrier, recalcified with 20 mM CaCl₂ and activated with 125 μM ADP. (B) Area enclosed below AC susceptibility traces measured in (B). $n = 3$, 1 donor. Error bars: SEM

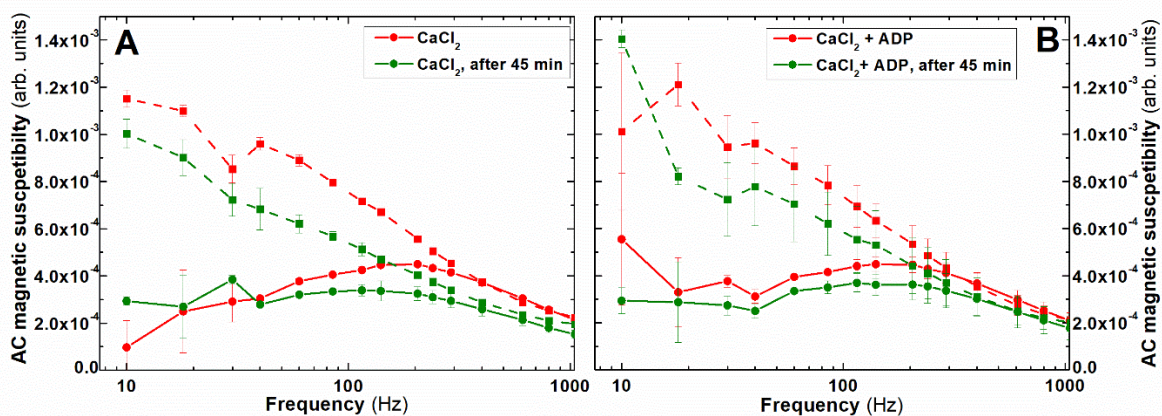


Figure S3. Frequency spectral mode AC susceptibility measurements of 0.066 mg_{Fe}/mL IONPs dissolved freshly donated whole human blood recalcified with 20 mM CaCl₂ and treated with (A) saline solution or (B) 125 μM ADP, recorded at time 0 and after 45 minutes. $n = 2$