

Supporting Information

Iron/Cobalt/Nickel Regulation for Efficient Photocatalytic Carbon Dioxide Reduction over Phthalocyanine Covalent Organic Frameworks

Qiqi Zhang^{a,b}, Meiyang Chen^{a,b}, Yanjie Zhang^a, Yuansong Ye^a, Diwen Liu^{*c}, Chao Xu^b, Zuju Ma^d, BenYong Lou^{*a}, Rusheng Yuan^b, Rongjian Sa^{*a,b}

^aCollege of Materials and Chemical Engineering, Minjiang University, Fuzhou, 350108, China
Email: lby@mju.edu.cn; rjsa@mju.edu.cn

^bState Key Laboratory of Photocatalysis on Energy and Environment, College of Chemistry, Fuzhou University, Fuzhou 350108, China

^cSchool of Materials and Chemical Engineering, Pingxiang University, Pingxiang 337055, China
Email: liudiwen1987@163.com

^dSchool of Environmental and Materials Engineering, Yantai University, Yantai, 264005, China

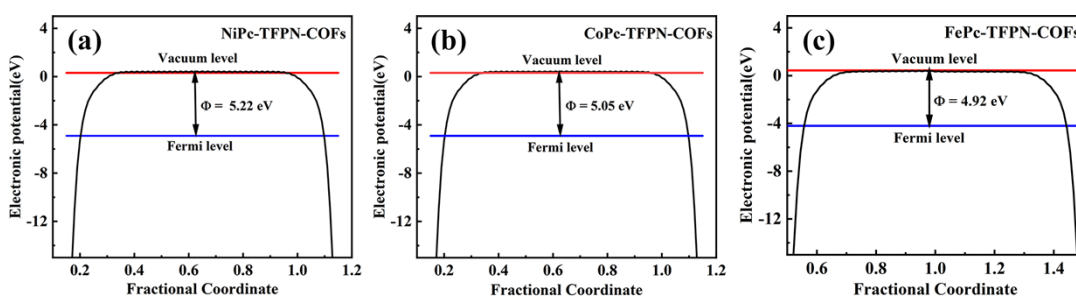


Figure S1: The work function of MPC-TFPN-COFs (a) NiPc-TFPN-COFs, (b) CoPc-TFPN-COFs, (c) FePc-TFPN-COFs

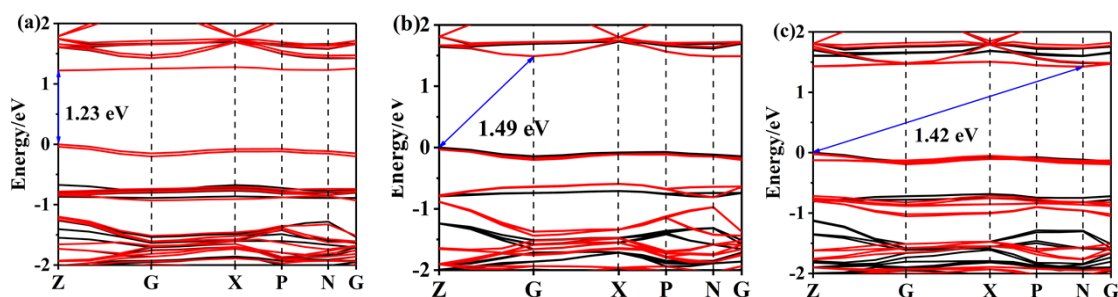


Figure S2: Band structure NiPC-TFPN-CoFs (a), CoPC-TFPN-CoFs (b), FePC-TFPN-CoFs (c).

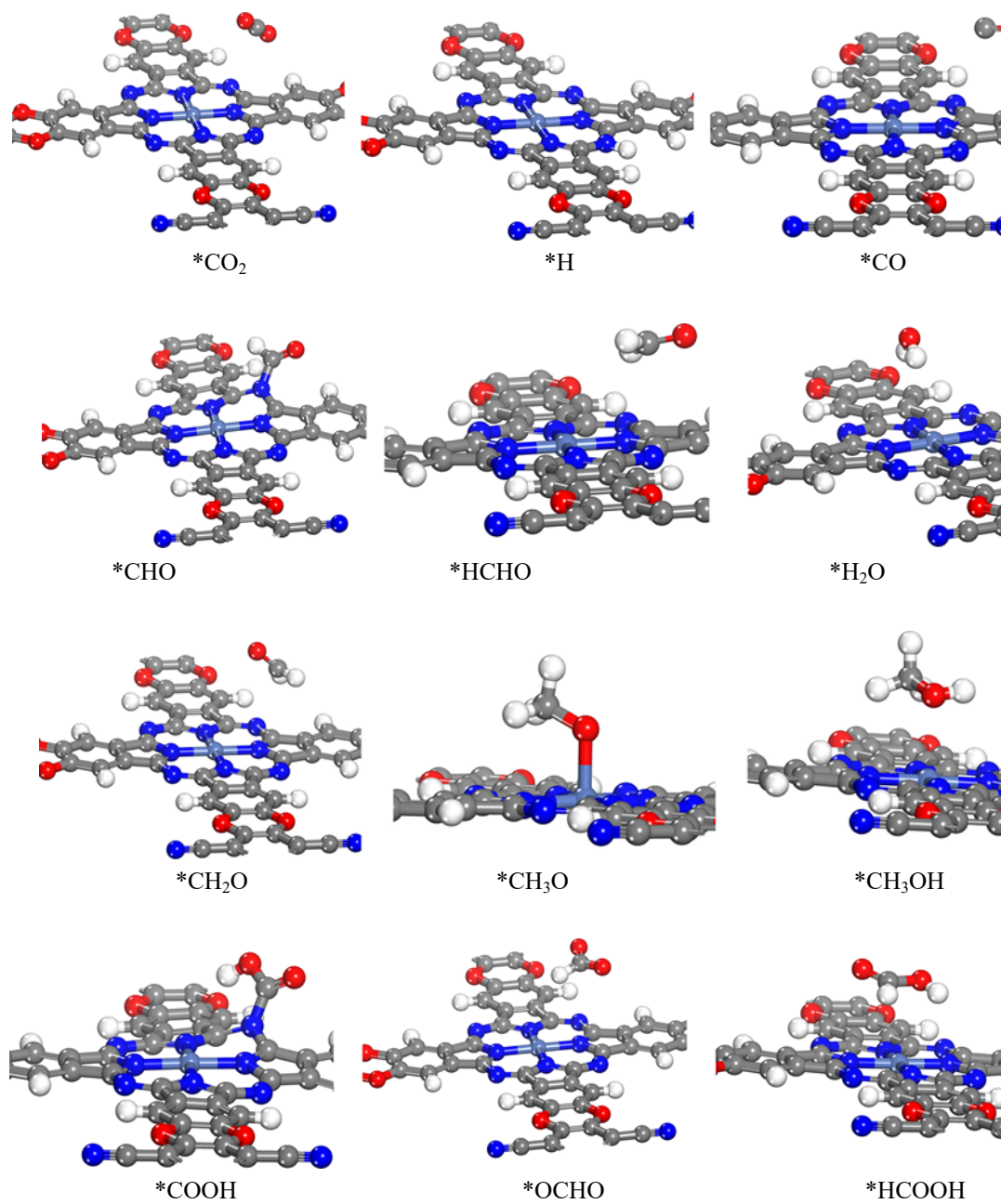


Figure S3: Stable adsorption configurations of adsorbents on NiPc-TFPN-CoFs

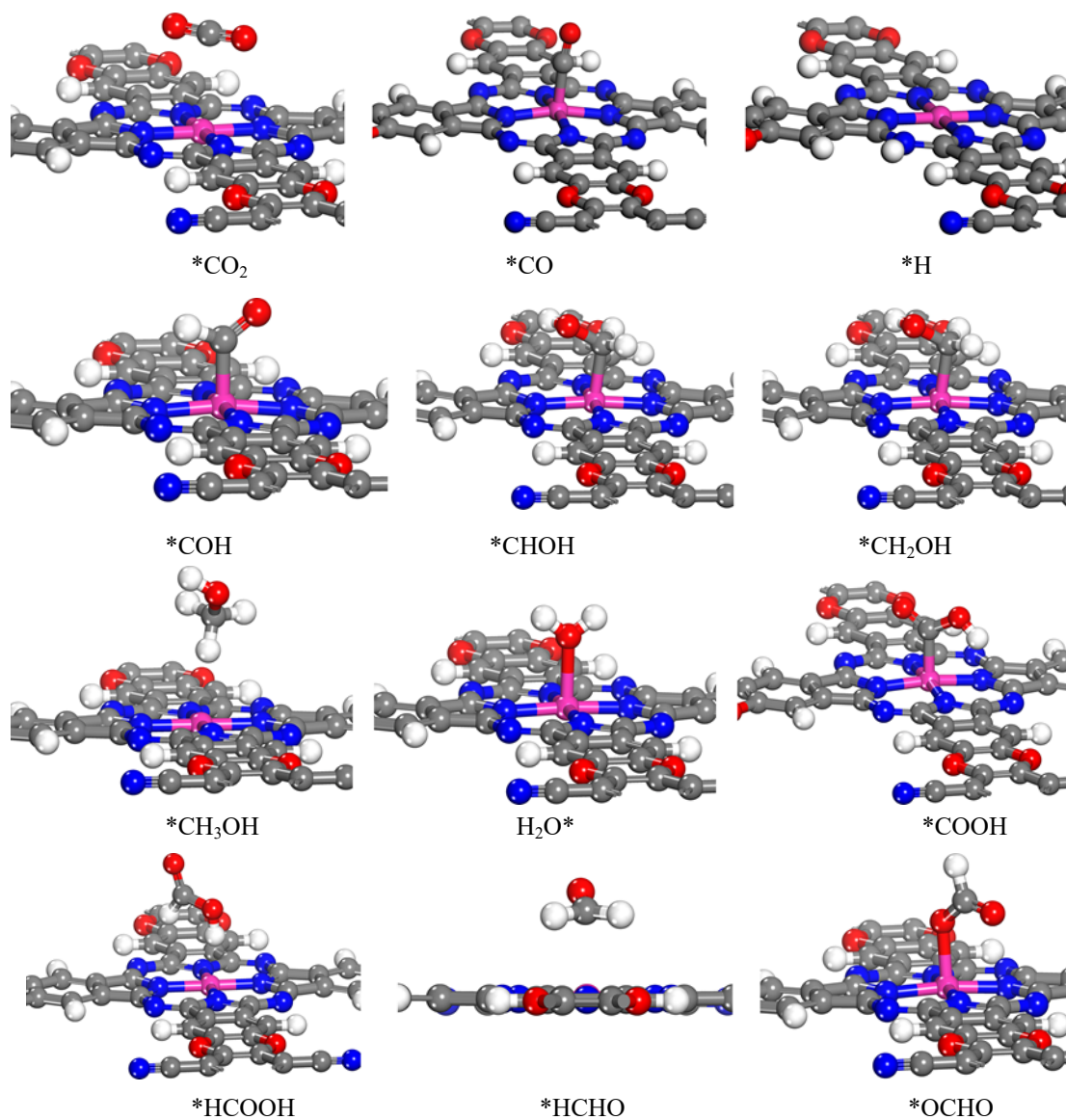


Figure S4: Stable adsorption configurations of adsorbents on CoPc-TFPN-COFs

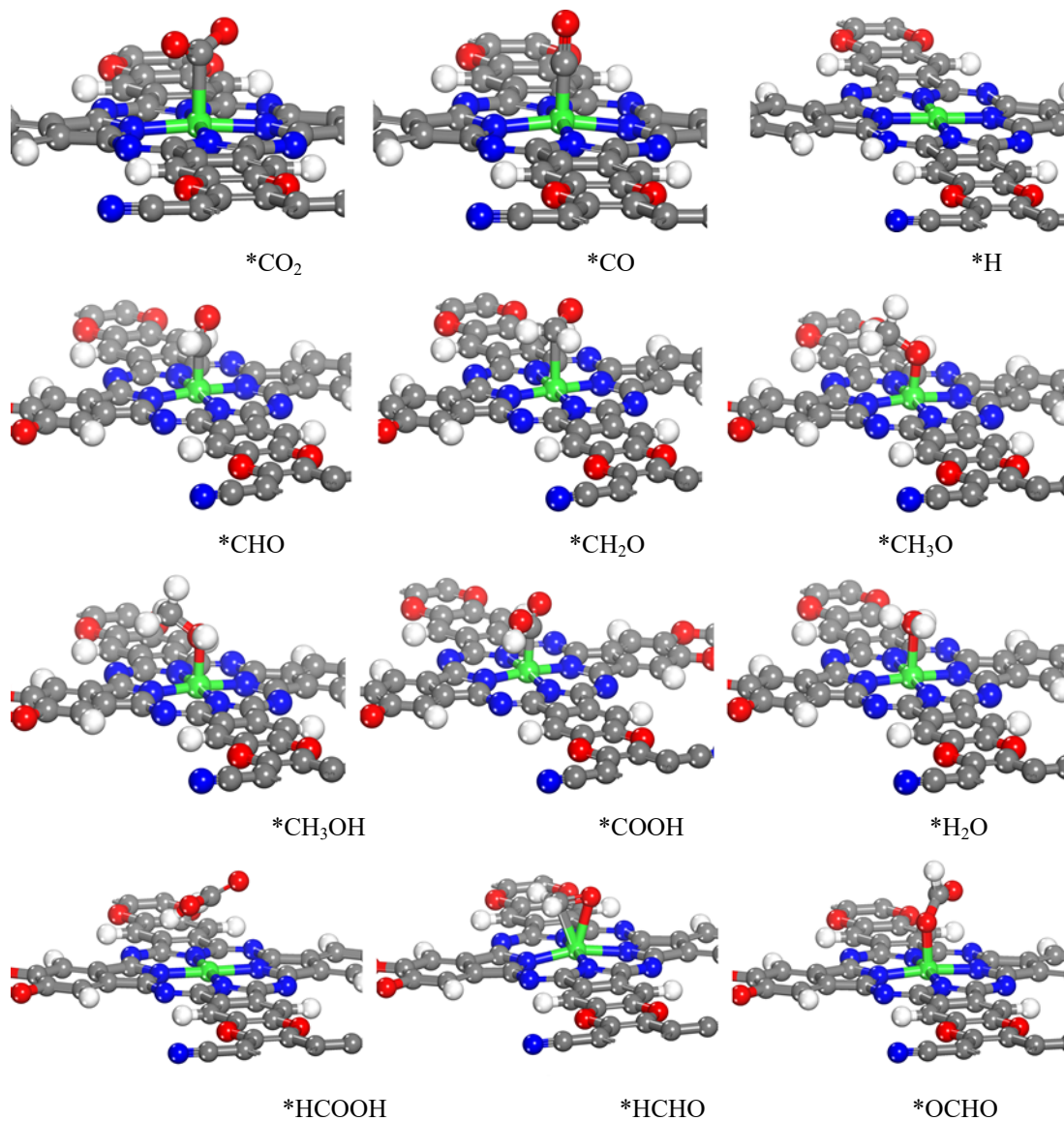


Figure S5: Stable adsorption configurations of adsorbents on FePc-TFPN-COFs

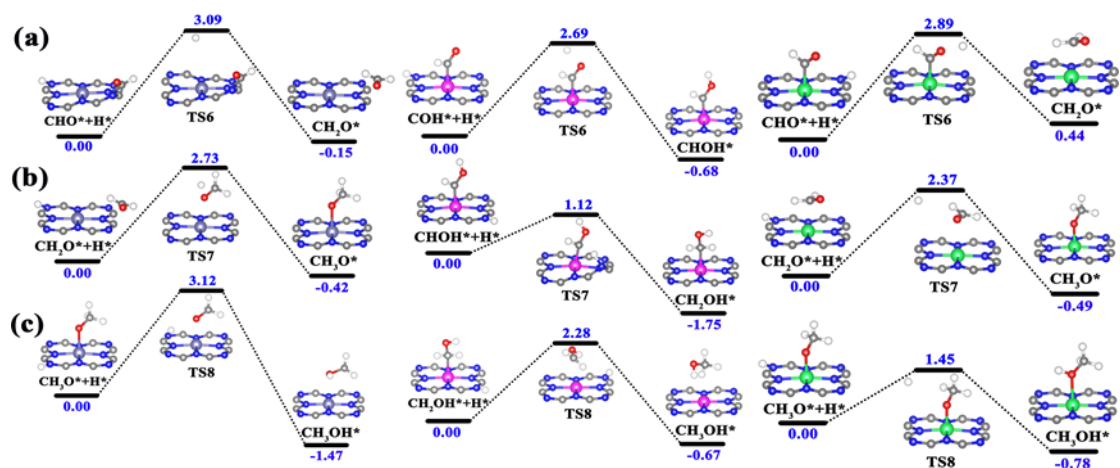


Figure S6: The energy barrier of CO₂ reduction reaction to CH₃OH catalyzed by (a) NiPc-TFPN-COFs, (b) CoPc-TFPN-COFs and (c) FePc-TFPN-COFs.

M	adsorbates	E_{ads}	$d(\text{M-CO}_2)$
Ni	*CO ₂	-0.67	3.02
	*COOH	-1.55	1.42
	*OCHO	-2.12	2.51
	*HCOOH	-0.51	3.06
	*CO	-0.48	3.16
	*CHO	-1.85	1.40
	*COH	-1.39	1.53
	*CH ₂ O	-0.50	2.68
	*CH ₃ O	-1.12	2.06
	*CHOH	-2.17	1.33
	*CH ₂ OH	-1.72	1.49
	*H	-1.33	1.02
	*H ₂ O	-1.54	2.64
	*CH ₃ OH	-1.63	2.77
	*HCHO	-0.50	2.75
Co	*CO ₂	-0.76	3.11
	*COOH	-3.97	1.90
	*OCHO	-2.21	1.74
	*HCOOH	-0.69	3.52
	*CO	-0.67	1.99
	*CHO	-2.26	1.87
	*COH	-2.26	1.84
	*CH ₂ O	-0.65	2.48
	*CH ₃ O	-1.61	1.96
	*CHOH	-1.84	1.80
	*CH ₂ OH	-2.21	1.20
	*H	-0.11	1.02
	*H ₂ O	-0.42	3.12
	*CH ₃ OH	-0.56	3.19
	*HCHO	-0.64	2.46
Fe	*CO ₂	-0.77	2.11
	*COOH	-3.14	1.95
	*OCHO	-2.97	1.91
	*HCOOH	-0.58	3.04
	*CO	-2.84	1.70
	*CHO	-3.09	1.87
	*COH	-3.06	1.77
	*CH ₂ O	-0.67	2.43
	*CH ₃ O	-2.56	1.86
	*CHOH	-3.38	1.75
	*CH ₂ OH	-2.86	2.00
	*H	-1.15	1.02
	*H ₂ O	-0.92	2.30
	*CH ₃ OH	-0.48	3.04
	*HCHO	-0.62	2.08

Table S1. The adsorption energy on the surface of MPC-TFPN-COFs and the distance of adsorbates to the surface.

Elementary steps	TS	$E_{(b)}$ NiPc-TFPN-COFs	$E_{(b)}$ CoPc-TFPN-COFs	$E_{(b)}$ FePc-TFPN-COFs
*CO ₂ + *H → *COOH	TS1-a	2.82	2.42	1.33
*CO ₂ + *H → *OCHO	TS1-b	2.95	2.81	1.76

Table 2 Energies of the transition states of the first protonation reaction of CRR on the surface of MPc-TFPN-COFs (eV). $E_{(b)}$ is the energy barrier of the reaction.

Elementary steps	TS	$E_{(b)}$ NiPc-TFPN-COFs	$E_{(b)}$ CoPc-TFPN-COFs	$E_{(b)}$ FePc-TFPN-COFs
*CO + *H → *CHO	TS3-a	1.56	2.86	1.77
*CO + *H → *COH	TS3-b	2.95	1.80	3.08

Table 3 Energies of the transition states of the third protonation reaction of CRR on the surface of MPc-TFPN-COFs (eV). $E_{(b)}$ is the energy barrier of the reaction.