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Supporting Information

An electrochemical access to 2-amino-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxanes derived from hydroxytyrosol

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Table of Contents

I-	Material and methods				
	1- General methods				

- 2- Electrochemistry
- **3-** Crystallographic study
- II- Synthesis of starting materials 1, 8, 10 and 2a-k
- III- HMBC correlations of compounds 3 and 4
- IV- Cyclic voltammogram of hydroxytyrosol
- V- Optimisation of the two-step one-pot reaction conditions
- VI- Synthesis of compounds 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 11, 13-34
- VII- X-Ray analysis of compound 4
- VIII- References
- IX- NMR spectra

I- Material and methods

1- General methods

Solvents, reagents and starting materials, at the exception of compounds **1**, **2a-k**, **8** and **10**, were purchased from commercial suppliers, and used without further purification. Flash chromatography was performed on Macherey-Nagel Si 60 M silica gel (40-63 μ m), or on Merck Kieselgel 60 H silica gel (5-40 μ m). Preparative HPLC separations were performed with a Shimadzu system (LC-40 delivery system, SCL-40 control unit, FRC-40 fraction collector and SPD-M40 detector), using a Nucleodur C18 Htee column (250 × 32 mm, 5 μ m), and a 10 mL Rheodyne manual injection valve. ¹H and ¹³C NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker Avance spectrometers operating at 300 and 75 MHz (or 400 and 100 MHz) respectively. 2D NMR experiments (COSY, HSQC, HMBC, NOESY) were performed using the standard pulse-sequences. Chemical shifts (δ) referred to the internal solvent signal are reported in parts per million (ppm), and coupling constants *J* are given in Hertz (Hz). The carbon type (methyl, methylene, methine, or quaternary) was determined by DEPT experiments. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were performed on a Bruker maXis mass spectrometer operating in the positive ion mode. UV/vis spectra were recorded on a Varian Cary 100 spectrophotometer.

2- Electrochemistry

All electrochemical experiments were conducted under argon with a Metrohm Autolab model PGSTAT302N potentiostat/galvanostat. The working electrode used in the voltammetry measurements was a platinum anode carefully polished before each voltammogram with an aqueous alumina suspension. The potential was referred to a Ag/AgCl electrode 3M, the counter electrode being a platinum electrode. Controlled potential electrolysis were carried out in a divided cell (9.5 cm diameter). The working electrode was a cylindrical platinum grid (60 cm² area) or a cylindrical carbon graphite electrode (64.5 cm² area), and the counter-electrode, a platinum plate (or a carbon felt). The working electrode was immersed in the anodic compartment, and the counter-electrode being placed on the glass frit separating the anodic and cathodic compartments.

3- Crystallographic study

Crystallographic data were collected with a Bruker SMART APEX CCD diffractometer (Mo-K α radiation graphite-monochromated radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å) controlled by APEX2 software package.¹ Data integration and global cell refinement were performed with the program SAINT.² Data were corrected for absorption by the multiscan semiempirical method implemented in SADABS.³ The structure was solved by direct methods using SHELXS 97.⁴ Refinement, based on F2, was carried out by full matrix least squares with SHELXL-97 software.⁵ Non hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropic thermal parameters. The hydrogen atoms were placed in their geometrically generated positions and allowed to ride on their parent atoms with an isotropic thermal parameter 20 % higher to that of the atom of attachment.

4- Synthesis of starting materials 1, 8, 10 and 2a-k

Synthesis of hydroxytyrosol 1

Hydroxytyrosol 1 was synthesized in two steps from 3,4-dihydroxyphenylacetic acid, through a procedure previously reported.⁶

Synthesis of compound 8

Compound **8** was synthesized by nitration with sodium nitrite in acetate buffer pH 3.8, through a procedure previously reported. 7

2-(3,4-Dihydroxy-6-nitro-phenyl)ethanol 8



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.53 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 6.78 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 3.77 (2H, t, *J* = 7 Hz, CH₂O), 3.06 (2H, t, *J* = 7 Hz, CH₂).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 152.0 (C), 145.0 (C), 141.7 (C), 129.0 (C), 119.4 (CH), 113.2 (CH), 63.0 (CH₂), 37.5 (CH₂).

Synthesis of compound 10

Compound **10** was obtained by a method derived from the results of C. Chai *et al*, ⁸ about the synthesis of thioether conjugates of *N*-acetyl-3,4-dihydroxy-phenylalanine methyl ester. The chemical oxidation using Ag_2O in acetone was replaced by an anodic oxidation in 95/5 MeCN/DMSO.

A solution of hydroxytyrosol 1 (77 mg, 0.5 mmol) and lithium perchlorate (1.06 g, 10 mmol) in 200 mL of 95/5 MeCN/DMSO mixture was oxidized under argon at a platinum electrode ($E_{ox} = +1.0 \text{ V vs Ag/AgCl}$). After the complete oxidation (2.0 F.mol⁻¹), i.e. when the decay of the current exceeded 95%, a solution of *tert*-butyl mercaptan (110 µL, 1 mmol, 2 equiv.) and tetramethylammonium hydroxide (420 µL of 25% m/m methanolic solution, 1 mmol) in acetonitrile (2 mL) was added dropwise to the yellow solution of o-quinone. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred under argon until the solution became pale yellow, and sodium thiosulfate (1.1 equiv., 136 mg) was then added. After addition to a mixture of 100 mL of water and 20 mL of a phosphate buffer solution 1 M pH 7.0, acetonitrile was removed under reduced pressure at room temperature. The aqueous phase was extracted by successive small fractions of ethyl acetate (150 mL total volume). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure at room temperature. The crude residue was then purified by flash chromatography with ether petroleum/ethyl acetate 65/35 as the eluent, to give compound 10 (25 mg, 0.10 mmol, 20%), along with compound 10' (10 mg, 0.03 mmol, 6%), and recovered reactant (56 mg, 0.21 mmol, 72.5%).

2-(5-tert-Butylthio-3,4-dihydroxyphenyl)ethanol 10



10

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 6.80 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 6.76 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 3.71 (2H, t, *J* = 7 Hz, CH₂O), 2.69 (2H, t, *J* = 7 Hz, CH₂), 1.30 (9H, s, Bu^t).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 146.9 (C), 145.9 (C), 131.2 (C), 130.6 (CH), 118.9 (CH), 118.2 (C), 64.4 (CH₂), 48.1 (C), 39.4 (CH₂), 31.2 (3×CH₃).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.1 (C), 143.8 (C), 130.4 (C), 129.4 (CH), 117.7 (CH), 116.8 (C), 63.8 (CH₂), 48.3 (C), 38.6 (CH₂), 31.0 (3×CH₃).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z, $[M + Na]^+$ calculated for C₁₂H₁₈NaO₃S 265.0869, found 265.0871; $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₂H₁₉O₃S 243.1049, found 243.1052.

2-[2,5-bis-(tert-Butylthio)-3,4-dihydroxyphenyl]ethanol 10'



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 6.99 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 3.63 (2H, t, *J* = 7 Hz, CH₂O), 3.11 (2H, t, *J* = 7 Hz, CH₂), 1.33 (9H, s, *t*-Bu), 1.32 (9H, s, Bu^{*t*}).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 148.8 (C), 146.8 (C), 135.8 (C), 131.1 (CH), 120.8 (C), 120.3 (C), 64.2 (CH₂), 50.5 (C), 48.5 (C), 38.6 (CH₂), 31.6 (3×CH₃), 31.3 (3×CH₃).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.4 (C), 144.6 (C), 134.6 (C), 129.4 (CH), 120.2 (CH), 119.4 (C), 63.9 (CH₂), 50.8 (C), 48.7 (C), 37.5 (CH₂), 31.4 (3×CH₃), 31.2 (3×CH₃).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z , $[M + Na]^+$ calculated for $C_{16}H_{26}NaO_3S_2$ 353.1216, found 353.1223; $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{16}H_{27}O_3S_2$ 331.1396, found 331.1394.

Synthesis of enamines 2a-k

Enamines 2a, 92b , ${}^{10}2e$, ${}^{10}2f$, ${}^{11}2g$, ${}^{12}2i$, ${}^{13}and 2k$ 11,14 were prepared following reported methods, using as the solvent dichloromethane dried 48 h over activated 3Å molecular sieves. They were stored under argon at - 18°C before use. Their 1 H and 13 C spectra were in accordance with those previously described.

Enamine 2c

A solution of diphenylacetaldehyde (890 μ L, 10 mmol), piperidine (395 μ L, 8 mmol) and *p*-toluenesulfonic acid in 10 mL of dry dichloromethane was stirred with 3Å molecular

sieves at room temperature for a night. After filtration and evaporation under reduced pressure, the crude product was obtained as a yellow oil, stored under argon at - 18°C before a rapid use.

1-(2,2-Diphenyl-vinyl)piperidine 2c



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.07-7.31 (10H, m, 10×H_{Ph}), 6.30 (1H, s, =CHN), 2.84 (4H, m, 2×CH₂N _{piper}), 1.47 (6H, s, 3×CH_{2 piper}).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.7 (C), 141.3 (C), 138.9 (CH), 131.2 (2×CH), 128.0 (2×CH), 127.9 (2×CH), 126.7 (2×CH), 125.9 (CH), 124.6 (CH), 113.9 (C), 51.9 (2×CH₂), 25.9 (2×CH₂), 24.3 (CH₂).

Enamine 2d

A solution of 2-phenylpropionaldehyde (1.33 mL, 10 mmol), piperidine (0.7 mL, 8 mmol) and *p*-toluenesulfonic acid in 10 mL of dry dichloromethane was stirred with 3Å molecular sieves at room temperature for 20h. After filtration and evaporation under reduced pressure, the resulting yellow oil was crystallised at low temperature (- 80°C) in petroleum ether / dry dichloromethane 99/1 to afford the enamine **2d**, as a pale yellow solid (m.p. $68 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C) stored under argon at - 18°C before use.

(E)-1-(2-Phenyl-propenyl)morpholine 2d



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.25-7.42 (5H, m, 5×H_{Ph}), 6.10 (1H, s, =CHN), 3.83 (2H, m, CH₂O_{morph}), 2.90 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.14 (3H, s, CH₃).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.3 (C), 138.3 (C), 128.4 (2×CH), 126.4 (CH), 125.5 (2×CH), 123.8 (C), 67.0 (2×CH₂), 52.6 (2×CH₂), 15.7 (CH₃).

Enamines 2h and 2j

A solution of aldehyde (10 mmol), piperidine (8 mmol) and *p*-toluenesulfonic acid in 10 mL of dry dichloromethane was heated at reflux for a night, in the presence of 3Å molecular sieves. After filtration and evaporation under reduced pressure, the crude product was obtained as a pale yellow oil, and stored under argon at - 18°C before a rapid use.

1-(2-Ethyl-butenyl)piperidine 2h



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.25 (1H, s, =CHN), 2.49 (4H, m, 2×CH₂N_{piper}), 2.15 (2H, q, J = 7.5 Hz, CH_{2 Et}), 1.90 (2H, q, J = 7.5 Hz, CH_{2 Et}), 1.54 (4H, m, 2×CH_{2 piper}), 1.39 (2H, m, CH_{2 piper}), 0.94 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, CH_{3 Et}), 0.93 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, CH_{3 Et}).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.6 (CH), 133.0 (C), 54.8 (2×CH₂), 26.1 (CH₂), 26.0 (2×CH₂), 24.3 (CH₂), 21.7 (CH₂), 13.3 (CH₃), 12.6 (CH₃).

1-(2-Methyl-propenyl)piperidine 2j



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.32 (1H, s, =CHN), 2.53 (4H, m, 2×CH₂N_{piper}), 1.65 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.59 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.54 (4H, m, 2×CH_{2 piper}), 1.41 (2H, m, CH_{2 piper}).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.4 (CH), 121.1 (C), 54.3 (2×CH₂), 26.0 (2×CH₂), 24.3 (CH₂), 22.5 (CH₃), 17.6 (CH₃).

III- HMBC correlations of compounds 3 and 4



Figure S1 HMBC correlations of compounds 3 and 4

IV. Cyclic voltammogram of hydroxytyrosol 1



Figure S2 Cyclic voltammogram at a platinum anode of a deaerated solution of hydroxytyrosol 1 (1.25 mM) in 95/5 MeCN/DMSO with 0.05 M LiClO₄ as supporting electrolyte. Scan rate $v = 0.1 \text{ V.s}^{-1}$.

V. Optimisation of the two-step one-pot reaction conditions

Solvent	Electrolyte	Anode	Cathode	Potential (V vs Ag/AgCl)	Enamine (equiv.)	Compounds 3/4 yield
50/50 phosphate buffer pH 8,0/MeCN	NaCl 0.05 M	Platinum grid	Platinum plate	1.8	5	65%
50/50 phosphate buffer pH 8,0/MeCN	LiClO ₄ 0.05 M	Platinum grid	Platinum plate	1.8	5	61%
MeCN	LiClO ₄ 0.05 M	Platinum grid	Platinum plate	1.4	5	/
MeCN	TEAHFP 0.02 M	Platinum grid	Platinum plate	1.4	5	/
MeOH	TEAHFP 0.02 M	Platinum grid	Platinum plate	1.0	5	/
MeOH + 5 equiv. morpholine + enamine	TEAHFP0.02 M	Platinum grid	Platinum plate	1.0	5	/
95/5 MeCN/DMSO	LiClO ₄ 0.05 M	Platinum grid	Platinum plate	1.0	5	71%
95/5 MeCN/DMSO	LiClO ₄ 0.05 M	Platinum grid	Platinum plate	1.0	2.5	90%
95/5 MeCN/DMSO	LiClO ₄ 0.05 M	Platinum grid	Platinum plate	1.0	1.2	90%
95/5 MeCN/DMSO	LiClO ₄ 0.05 M	Platinum grid	Carbon felt	1.0	2.5	90%
95/5 MeCN/DMSO	LiClO ₄ 0.05 M	Platinum grid	Carbon felt	1.0	1.2	90%
95/5 MeCN/DMSO	LiClO ₄ 0.05 M	Carbon graphite	Platinum plate	1.0	1.2	89%
95/5 MeCN/H ₂ O	LiClO ₄ 0.05 M	Platinum grid	Platinum plate	1.0	5	63%
95/5 MeCN/H ₂ O	LiClO4 0.05 M	Platinum grid	Platinum plate	1.0	1.2	27%

 $Table \ S1 \ {\rm Optimisation} \ of \ the \ conditions \ of \ the \ two-step \ one-pot \ synthesis$

VI- Synthesis of compounds 3, 4, 6, 7, 9, 11, 13-34

General procedure for the electrosynthesis of 2-amino-2,3-dihydro-1,4benzodioxanes

A solution of catechol (0.25 mmol) and lithium perchlorate (1.06 g, 10 mmol) in 200 mL of 95/5 MeCN/DMSO mixture (or 95/5 MeCN/water mixture) was oxidized under argon at a platinum electrode ($E_{ox} = +1.0 V vs Ag/AgCl or +1.4 V vs Ag/AgCl$). After the complete oxidation (2.0 F.mol⁻¹), i.e. when the decay of the current exceeded 95%, a solution of enamine in acetonitrile (5 mL) was added to the yellow solution of *o*-quinone, in one part (enamines **2a-e**) or dropwise (enamines **2f-2k**). The resulting reaction mixture was stirred under argon until a colourless solution is obtained, and added to a mixture of 100 mL of water and 20 mL of a phosphate buffer solution 1M pH 7.0. After the acetonitrile was removed under reduced pressure at room temperature, the aqueous phase was extracted by successive small fractions of ethyl acetate (150 mL total volume). The organic layer was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, and the solvent was removed under reduced pressure at room temperature. The crude residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel to give the desired products.

Compounds 3 and 4

The above general procedure, using hydroxytyrosol **1** (38.5 mg, 0.25 mmol), 95/5 MeCN/DMSO mixture as the solvent, and enamine **2a** (79.5 mg, 1.2 equiv.), gave after oxidation at $E_{ox} = \pm 1.0$ V *vs* Ag/AgCl and flash chromatography with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 45/55 as the eluent, compounds **3** and **4** (94 mg, 0.225 mmol) in 90% overall yield (24/76 ratio). The two products were obtained as 18 mg of compound **3** (white solid, m.p. $139 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C), 15 mg of mixture, and 61 mg of compound **4** (white solid, m.p. $150 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C).

[R,S]-2-[2-(Morpholin-1-yl)-3,3-diphenyl-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 3



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.51 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.36 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.27 (3H, m, H_{Ph}), 7.18 (1H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 6.90 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.78 (1H, d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.70 (1H, dd, J = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 5.70 (1H, s,

H_{dioxin}), 3.84 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.38 (4H, m, CH₂O_{morph}), 3.21 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.78 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.59 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.6 (2×C), 142.4 (C), 141.6 (C), 131.2 (C), 128.4 (2×CH), 128.0 (2×CH), 127.6 (CH), 127.0 (CH), 126.7 (2×CH), 125.3 (2×CH), 123.0 (CH), 118.2 (CH), 116.0 (CH), 90.7 (CH), 81.7 (C), 66.9 (2×CH₂), 63.6 (CH₂), 48.9 (2×CH₂), 38.5 (CH₂).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z, $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₂₆H₂₈NO₄ 418.2013, found 418.2019.

[R,S]-2-[3-(Morpholin-1-yl)-2,2-diphenyl-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 4



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.52 (2H, d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.50 (2H, d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.35 (2H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.27 (3H, m, H_{Ph}), 7.17 (1H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 6.95 (1H, d, *J* = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.70 (1H, d, *J* = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.67 (1H, dd, *J* = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 5.70 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.79 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.37 (4H, m, CH₂O_{morph}), 3.22 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.73 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.59 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.0 (C), 142.8 (C), 142.7 (C), 140.3 (C), 132.7 (C), 128.4 (2×CH), 127.9 (2×CH), 127.6 (CH), 126.9 (CH), 126.7 (2×CH), 125.3 (2×CH), 121.5 (CH), 117.8 (CH), 116.4 (CH), 90.9 (CH), 81.8 (C), 67.0 (2×CH₂), 63.5 (CH₂), 48.9 (2×CH₂), 38.6 (CH₂).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z, $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₂₆H₂₈NO₄ 418.2013, found 418.2018.

Compounds 6 and 7

The above general procedure, using 4-*tert*-butylcatechol **5** (41.5 mg, 0.25 mmol), 95/5 MeCN/DMSO mixture as the solvent, and enamine **2a** (79.5 mg, 1.2 equiv.), gave after oxidation at $E_{ox} = +1.4$ V vs Ag/AgCl and flash chromatography with cyclohexane/ethyl acetate 65/35 as the eluent, compounds **6** and **7** (101 mg, 0.24 mmol) in 95% overall yield and 31/69 ratio. These two products could be subsequently separated by column chromatography on silica gel 60 H with toluene/acetone 95/5, giving 41 mg of compound **7** (white solid), 21 mg of mixture, and 12 mg of compound **6**.

[*R*,*S*]-2,2-Dimethyl-2-[2-(morpholin-1-yl)-3,3-diphenyl-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethane **6**



¹H NMR (300 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ 7.64 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.63 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.34 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.23 (3H, m, H_{Ph}), 7.13 (1H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.12 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ph}), 6.84 (1H, dd, J = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.69 (1H, d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.05 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.18-3.32 (4H, m, CH₂O), 3.14 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.64 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 1.26 (9H, s, Bu^{*t*}).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ 144.76 (C), 144.28 (C), 144.21 (C), 142.84 (C), 142.09 (C), 129.05 (2×CH), 128.57 (2×CH), 128.18 (CH), 127.52 (CH), 127.47 (2×CH), 126.13 (2×CH), 120.08 (CH), 115.93 (CH), 115.48 (CH), 91.03 (CH), 82.63 (C), 67.45 (2×CH₂), 49.60 (2×CH₂), 34.67 (C), 31.84 (3×CH₃).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z, $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{28}H_{32}NO_3$ 430.2377, found 430.2376.

[*R*,*S*]-2,2-Dimethyl-2-[3-(morpholin-1-yl)-2,2-diphenyl-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethane **7**



¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ 7.65 (2H, 4, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.63 (2H, d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.33 (2H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.23 (3H, m, H_{Ph}), 7.13 (1H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 6.99 (1H, d, *J* = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.85 (1H, dd, *J* = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.81 (1H, d, *J* = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.10 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.30-3.17 (4H, m, CH₂O), 3.14 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.63 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 1.22 (9H, s, Bu^{*t*}).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ 146.3 (C), 144.5 (C), 144.3 (C), 144.2 (C), 140.3 (C),
129.1 (2×CH), 128.6 (2×CH), 128.2 (CH), 127.4 (3×CH), 126.0 (2×CH), 118.6 (CH), 117.9 (CH), 113.4 (CH), 91.0 (CH), 82.5 (C), 67.4 (2×CH₂), 49.5 (2×CH₂), 34.7 (C), 31.8 (3×CH₃).
HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z , [M + H]⁺ calculated for C₂₈H₃₂NO₃ 430.2377, found 430.2374.

Compound 9

The above general procedure, using 6-nitro-hydroxytyrosol **8** (50 mg, 0.25 mmol), 95/5 MeCN/DMSO mixture as the solvent, and enamine **2a** (79.5 mg, 1.2 equiv.), gave after oxidation at $E_{ox} = +1.4$ V *vs* Ag/AgCl and flash chromatography with ether petroleum/ethyl acetate 60/40 as the eluent, compound **9** (73 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 63% yield.

[R,S]-2-[3-(Morpholin-1-yl)-7-nitro-2,2-diphenyl-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 9



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 7.44 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.42 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.33 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.26 (3H, m, H_{Ph}), 7.18 (1H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 6.79 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 5.80 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.86 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.36 (2H, m, CH₂O_{morph}), 3.31 (2H, m, CH₂O_{morph}), 3.17 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 3.0-3.1 (2H, m, CH₂-Ar), 2.55 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.8 (C), 141.9 (C), 141.8 (C), 141.4 (C), 140.0 (C), 130.3 (C), 128.7 (2×CH), 128.2 (3×CH), 127.3 (CH), 126.7 (2×CH), 125.0 (2×CH), 119.3 (CH), 115.7 (CH), 92.1 (CH), 82.6 (C), 66.8 (2×CH₂), 62.6 (CH₂), 48.7 (2×CH₂), 36.6 (CH₂).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z , $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{26}H_{27}N_2O_6$ 463.1864, found 463.1869.

Compound 11

The above general procedure, using 5-S-*tert*-butyl-hydroxytyrosol **10** (24 mg, 0.1 mmol), 95/5 MeCN/DMSO mixture as the solvent, and enamine **2a** (32 mg, 1.2 equiv.), gave after oxidation at $E_{ox} = +1.4$ V vs Ag/AgCl and flash chromatography with ether petroleum/ethyl acetate 70/30 as the eluent, compound **11** (43 mg, 0.085 mmol) in 85% yield.

[*R*,*S*]-2-[3-(Morpholin-1-yl)-2,2-diphenyl-8-*tert*-butylthio-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol **11**



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.54 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.35 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.21 (3H, m, H_{Ph}), 7.11 (1H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 6.92 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.72 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 5.79 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.77 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.37 (4H, m, CH₂O_{morph}), 3.18 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.71 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.62 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 1.42 (9H, s, Bu^t).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.4 (C), 142.6 (C), 142.4 (C), 142.3 (C), 132.0 (CH), 131.7 (C), 128.6 (2×CH), 128.1 (2×CH), 127.7 (CH), 127.0 (CH), 126.5 (2×CH), 125.3 (2×CH), 121.5 (C), 117.6 (CH), 90.6 (CH), 82.3 (C), 66.9 (2×CH₂), 63.5 (CH₂), 48.7 (2×CH₂), 47.2 (C), 38.5 (CH₂), 31.6 (3×CH₃).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z, $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{30}H_{36}NO_4S$ 506.2360, found 506.2355.

Compounds 13 and 14

The above general procedure, using 3,4-dihydroxybenzophenone **12** (53.5 mg, 0.25 mmol), 95/5 MeCN/DMSO mixture as the solvent, and enamine **2a** (79.5 mg, 1.2 equiv.), gave after oxidation at $E_{ox} = +1.4$ V *vs* Ag/AgCl and flash chromatography with toluene/acetone 97.5/2.5 as the eluent, compounds **13** and **14** (85 mg, 0.18 mmol) in 71% overall yield and 81/19 ratio. The compound **13** could be separated from the mixture by column chromatography on silica gel 60 H with toluene/acetone 98/2 as the eluent, giving 20.5 mg of pure compound **13**.

[R,S]-[2-(Morpholin-1-yl)-3,3-diphenyl-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl](phenyl)methanone 13



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.73 (2H, d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2×H_{PhCO}), 7.58 (1H, d, *J* = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.56 (1H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H_{PhCO}), 7.47 (6H, m, 2×H_{PhCO} and 4×H_{Ph}), 7.33 (3H, m, H_{Ar} and 2×H_{Ph}), 7.24 (3H, m, 3×H_{Ph}), 7.16 (1H, t, *J* = 7 Hz, H_{Ph}), 6.85 (1H, d, *J* = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 5.78 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.37 (4H, m, 2×CH₂O), 3.22 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.59 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.3 (C), 148.5 (C), 142.3 (C), 142.0 (C), 141.5 (C), 138.2 (C), 131.9 (CH), 130.6 (C), 129.8 (2×CH), 128.5 (2×CH), 128.2 (2×CH), 128.0 (2×CH), 127.9 (CH), 127.1 (CH), 126.7 (2×CH), 126.1 (CH), 125.2 (2×CH), 120.1 (CH), 115.6 (CH), 91.8 (CH), 82.2 (C), 66.9 (2×CH₂), 48.8 (2×CH₂).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z, $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₃₁H₂₈NO₄ 478.2013, found 478.2014.

[*R*,*S*]-[3-(Morpholin-1-yl)-2,2-diphenyl-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl](phenyl)methanone **14**



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.70 (2H, m, 2×H_{PhCO}), 7.55 (1H, t, *J* = 7 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.53 (1H, m, H_{PhCO}), 7.44 (6H, m, 2×H_{PhCO} and 4×H_{Ph}), 7.36 (1H, d, *J* = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 7.30 (2H, m, 2×H_{Ph}), 7.22 (3H, m, 3×H_{Ph}), 7.13 (1H, t, *J* = 7 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.05 (1H, d, *J* = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 5.73 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.33 (4H, m, 2×CH₂O), 3.15 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.57 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 195.3 (C), 146.0 (C), 143.7 (C), 142.1 (C), 138.1 (C), 137.9 (C), 132.1 (C), 132.0 (CH), 129.1 (2×CH), 128.3 (2×CH), 128.2 (2×CH), 128.0 (2×CH), 127.2 (CH), 126.6 (2×CH), 125.4 (CH), 125.3 (2×CH), 124.2 (CH), 118.4 (CH), 117.5 (CH), 91.2 (CH), 82.5 (C), 66.9 (2×CH₂), 48.8 (2×CH₂).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z , $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{31}H_{28}NO_4$ 478.2013, found 478.2008.

Compounds 15 and 16

The above general procedure, using hydroxytyrosol **1** (38.5 mg, 0.25 mmol), 95/5 MeCN/DMSO mixture as the solvent, and enamine **2b** (75 mg, 1.2 equiv.), gave after oxidation at $E_{ox} = +1.0$ V *vs* Ag/AgCl and flash chromatography with toluene/acetone 90/10 as the eluent, compounds **15** and **16** (74 mg, 0.185 mmol) in 74% overall yield and 27/73 ratio. As previously reported for compounds **6** and **7**, these two products could be separated

by column chromatography on silica gel 60 H with petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 75/25 as the eluent.

[R,S]-2-[3,3-Diphenyl-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 15



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 (4H, d, J = 7 Hz, $4 \times H_{Ph}$), 7.32 (2H, m, H_{Ph}), 7.24 (3H, m, $3 \times H_{Ph}$), 7.14 (1H, t, J = 7 Hz, H_{Ph}), 6.92 (1H, br s, H_{Ar}), 6.71 (1H, br d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.65 (1H, br d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.03 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.82 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.10 (2H, m, CH₂N_{pyrrol}), 2.77 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.71 (2H, m, CH₂N_{pyrrol}), 1.53 (4H, m, $2 \times CH_2$).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.4 (C), 143.0 (2×C), 142.5 (C), 130.7 (C), 128.4 (2×CH), 128.0 (2×CH), 127.5 (CH), 126.8 (3×CH), 125.4 (2×CH), 122.6 (CH), 118.1 (CH), 115.9 (CH), 88.0 (CH), 81.9 (C), 63.7 (CH₂), 48.2 (2×CH₂), 38.6 (CH₂), 24.1 (2×CH₂).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z, $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₂₆H₂₈NO₃ 402.2064, found 402.2064.

[R,S]-2-[2,2-Diphenyl-3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 16



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (4H, d, *J* = 7 Hz, 4×H_{Ph}), 7.30 (2H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2×H_{Ph}), 7.21 (3H, m, 3×H_{Ph}), 7.12 (1H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 6.95 (1H, d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.62 (2H, m, 2×H_{Ar}), 6.04 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.74 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.09 (2H, m, CH₂-Ar), 2.68 (4H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2×CH₂N), 1.50 (4H, m, 2×CH₂ _{pyrrol}).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.7 (C), 143.0 (2×C), 141.1 (C), 132.2 (C), 128.4 (2×CH), 127.9 (2×CH), 127.4 (CH), 126.8 (3×CH), 125.3 (2×CH), 121.1 (CH), 117.6 (CH), 116.2 (CH), 87.9 (CH), 81.8 (C), 63.5 (CH₂), 48.2 (2×CH₂), 38.6 (CH₂), 24.1 (2×CH₂).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z, $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{26}H_{28}NO_3$ 402.2064, found 402.2065.

Compounds 17 and 18

The above general procedure, using hydroxytyrosol **1** (38.5 mg, 0.25 mmol), 95/5 MeCN/DMSO mixture as the solvent, and enamine **2c** (79 mg, 1.2 equiv.), gave after oxidation at $E_{ox} = +1.0$ V *vs* Ag/AgCl and flash chromatography with ether petroleum/ethyl acetate 70/30 as the eluent, compounds **17** and **18** (68 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 65% overall yield. As previously reported for compounds **6** and **7**, these two products could be separated by column chromatography on silica gel 60 H with ether petroleum/ethyl acetate 72.5/27.5 as the eluent.

[R,S]-2-[3,3-Diphenyl-2-(piperidin-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 17



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 (4H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, 4×H_{Ph}), 7.31 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2×H_{Ph}), 7.22 (3H, m, 3×H_{Ph}), 7.13 (1H, t, J = 7 Hz, H_{Ph}), 6.86 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.73 (d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.65 (d, J = 8 and 2 Hz, 1H, H_{Ar}), 5.72 (s, 1H, H_{dioxin}), 3.80 (1H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂O), 3.14 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.75 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.52 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 1.26 (6H, m, 3×CH₂ piper).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2 (C), 143.0 (C), 142.9 (C), 141.9 (C), 130.9 (C), 128.4 (2×CH), 127.9 (2×CH), 127.6 (CH), 126.9 (3×CH), 125.7 (2×CH), 122.8 (CH), 118.2 (CH), 116.1 (CH), 91.7 (CH), 82.0 (C), 63.7 (CH₂), 49.9 (2×CH₂), 38.6 (CH₂), 29.9 (CH₂), 26.0 (CH₂), 24.2 (CH₂).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z , $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₂₇H₃₀NO₃ 416.2220, found 416.2215.

[R,S]-2-[2,2-Diphenyl-3(-piperidin-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 18



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 (4H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, 4×H_{Ph}), 7.31 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 7.22 (3H, m, 3×H_{Ph}), 7.13 (1H, t, J = 7 Hz, H_{Ph}), 6.92 (1H, d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.66 (d, J =

2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.63 (d, J = 8 and 2 Hz, 1H, H_{Ar}), 5.74 (s, 1H, H_{dioxin}), 3.78 (1H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H, CH₂O), 3.14 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.71 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.52 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 1.26 (6H, m, 3×CH₂ piper).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.3 (C), 143.2 (2×C), 140.6 (C), 132.4 (C), 128.4 (2×CH), 127.8 (2×CH), 127.5 (CH), 126.8 (3×CH), 125.7 (2×CH), 121.3 (CH), 117.8 (CH), 116.4 (CH), 91.9 (CH), 81.9 (C), 63.6 (CH₂), 49.8 (2×CH₂), 38.7 (CH₂), 29.8 (CH₂), 26.1 (CH₂), 24.2 (CH₂).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z , $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₂₇H₃₀NO₃ 416.2220, found 416.2222.

Compounds 19', 19", 20' and 20"

The above general procedure, using hydroxytyrosol **1** (38.5 mg, 0.25 mmol), 95/5 MeCN/H₂O mixture as the solvent, and enamine **2d** (254 mg, 5 equiv.), gave after oxidation at $E_{ox} = +1.0$ V *vs* Ag/AgCl and flash chromatography with ether petroleum/ethyl acetate 65/35 as the eluent, compounds **19'**, **19''**, **20'** and **20''** (70.5 mg, 0.20 mmol) in 79.5% overall yield and 18.5;12/44.5;25 ratio. These four products were obtained as 11 mg of diastereoisomers **19'** and **19''**, 28.5 mg of mixture, and 31 mg of diastereoisomers **20'** and **20''**.



Relative configurations

2-[(2*S**,3*R**)-3-Methyl-2-(morpholin-1-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol **19**'

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2×H_{Ph}), 7.18 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2×H_{Ph}), 7.11 (1H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 6.70 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.59 (1H, d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.54 (1H, dd, J = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.87 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.69 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.55 (4H, m, 2×CH₂O_{morph}), 3.11 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.65 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.48 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 1.59 (3H, s, CH₃).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2 (C), 142.5 (C), 142.2 (C), 131.4 (C), 128.4 (2×CH), 127.5 (2×CH), 125.4 (CH), 122.3 (CH), 117.6 (CH), 116.1 (CH), 92.3 (CH), 79.1 (C), 67.2 (2×CH₂), 63.6 (CH₂), 49.3 (2×CH₂), 38.5 (CH₂), 26.1 (CH₃).

2-[(2*R**,3*R**)-3-methyl-2-(morpholin-1-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol **19**''

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2×H_{Ph}), 7.26 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2×H_{Ph}), 7.16 (1H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 6.76 (1H, d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.75 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.64 (1H, dd, J = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.75 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.73 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.22 (4H, m, 2×CH₂O_{morph}), 2.83 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.69 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.35 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 1.52 (3H, s, CH₃).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.6 (C), 141.8 (C), 141.5 (C), 131.6 (C), 128.0 (2×CH), 127.0 (CH), 124.7 (2×CH), 122.5 (CH), 117.9 (CH), 116.1 (CH), 93.3 (CH), 78.3 (C), 66.9 (2×CH₂), 63.6 (CH₂), 48.4 (2×CH₂), 38.6 (CH₂), 27.2 (CH₃).

HRMS **19'/19**" (ESI⁺) m/z , $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{21}H_{26}NO_4$ 356.1856, found 356.1863.



Relative configurations

2-[(2*S**,3*R**)-2-Methyl-3-(morpholin-1-yl)-2-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol **20**'

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42 (2H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2×H_{Ph}), 7.30 (2H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2×H_{Ph}), 7.22 (1H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, H_{Ph}), 6.89 (1H, d, *J* = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.69 (1H, dd, *J* = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.65 (1H, d, *J* = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 5.02 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.76 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.67 (4H, m, 2×CH₂O_{morph}), 3.25 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.71 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.62 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 1.75 (3H, s, CH₃).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.9 (C), 143.2 (C), 140.8 (C), 132.2 (C), 128.4 (2×CH), 127.4 (2×CH), 125.4 (CH), 121.7 (CH), 117.1 (CH), 116.4 (CH), 92.2 (CH), 79.0 (C), 67.2 (2×CH₂), 63.5 (CH₂), 49.3 (2×CH₂), 38.5 (CH₂), 26.4 (CH₃).

2-[(2*S**,3*S**)-2-Methyl-3-(morpholin-1-yl)-2-phenyl-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol **20**''

¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (2H, d, J = 7.5 Hz, 2×H_{Ph}), 7.38 (2H, t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2×H_{Ph}), 7.27 (1H, m, 1×H_{Ph}), 6.92 (1H, d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.82 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.75 (1H, dd, J = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.88 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.84 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.35 (4H, m, 2×CH₂O_{morph}), 2.95 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.80 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.48 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 1.68 (3H, s, CH₃).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.2 (C), 142.6 (C), 140.2 (C), 132.3 (C), 128.0 (2×CH), 127.0 (CH), 124.7 (2×CH), 121.8 (CH), 117.5 (CH), 116.5 (CH), 93.4 (CH), 78.2 (C), 66.9 (2×CH₂), 63.7 (CH₂), 48.4 (2×CH₂), 38.6 (CH₂), 27.1 (CH₃).

HRMS **20'/20''** (ESI⁺) m/z , $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₂₁H₂₆NO₄ 356.1856, found 356.1859.

Compounds 21 and 22

The above general procedure, using hydroxytyrosol **1** (38.5 mg, 0.25 mmol), 95/5 MeCN/H₂O mixture as the solvent, and enamine **2f** (211 mg, 5 equiv.), gave after oxidation at $E_{ox} = +1.0 \text{ V}$ vs Ag/AgCl and flash chromatography with ether petroleum/ethyl acetate 50/50 as the eluent, compounds **21** and **22** (52 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 65% overall yield and 28/72 ratio. These two products could be separated by HPLC with an H₂O/MeCN (60:40 - 35:65 v/v) gradient system (flow rate: 40 mL/min), giving 10 mg of compound **21** and 27 mg of compound **22**.

[R,S]-,2-[3,3-Diethyl-2-(morpholin-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 21



¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.79 (1H, d, *J* = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.70 (1H, dd, *J* = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.66 (1H, d, *J* = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.46 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.82 2H, (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.67 (4H, m, 2×CH₂O_{morph}), 3.16 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.76 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.60 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.24 (1H, s, broad signal, OH), 1.86 (2H, m, CH₂ Et), 1.72 (1H, m, CH₂ Et), 1.57 (1H, m, CH₂ Et), 0.95 (3H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, CH₃), 0.85 (3H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, CH₃).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.4 (C), 141.5 (C), 131.4 (C), 122.4 (CH), 118.0 (CH), 115.8 (CH), 91.3 (CH), 79.2 (C), 66.9 (2×CH₂), 63.7 (CH₂), 49.2 (2×CH₂), 38.6 (CH₂), 26.0 (CH₂), 25.0 (CH₂), 7.9 (CH₃), 7.2 (CH₃).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z, $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{18}H_{28}NO_4$ 322.2013, found 322.2020.

[R,S]-2-[2,2-Diethyl-3-(morpholin-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 22



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.72 (1H, d, *J* = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.72 (1H, d, *J* = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.65 (1H, dd, *J* = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.43 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.82 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.64 (4H, m, 2×CH₂O_{morph}), 3.14 2H, (m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.77 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.56 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 1.86 (2H, m, CH₂ Et), 1.72 (1H, m, CH₂ Et), 1.56 1H, (s, broad signal, OH), 1.54 (1H, m, CH₂ Et), 0.94 (3H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, CH₃), 0.84 (3H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, CH₃).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.1 (C), 140.2 (C), 132.0 (C), 121.5 (CH), 117.5 (CH), 116.1 (CH), 91.8 (CH), 79.2 (C), 67.2 (2×CH₂), 63.8 (CH₂), 49.1 (2×CH₂), 38.7 (CH₂), 26.1 (CH₂), 24.9 (CH₂), 8.0 (CH₃), 7.1 (CH₃).

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z, $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₈H₂₈NO₄ 322.2013, found 322.2018.

Compounds 23 and 24

The above general procedure, using hydroxytyrosol **1** (38.5 mg, 0.25 mmol), 95/5 MeCN/H₂O mixture as the solvent, and enamine **2g** (191 mg, 5 equiv.), gave after oxidation at $E_{ox} = +1.0$ V *vs* Ag/AgCl and flash chromatography with ether petroleum/ethyl acetate 60/40 as the eluent, compounds **23** and **24** (66 mg, 0.22 mmol) in 87% overall yield and 26/74 ratio.

[R,S]-2-[3,3-Diethyl-2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 23



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.75 (1H, d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.67 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.66 (1H, dd, J = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.82 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.81 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.00-3.10 (2H, m, CH₂N_{pyrrol}), 2.80 (2H, m, CH₂N_{pyrrol}), 2.76 (2H, m, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 1.60-1.90 (9H, m, 2×CH₂ pyrrol , 2×CH₂ Et , OH) , 0.90 (6H, m, 2×CH₃).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.5 (C), 142.3 (C), 130.7 (C), 121.7 (CH), 117.7 (CH), 115.7 (CH), 89.00 (CH), 79.3 (C), 63.8 (CH₂), 48.2 (2×CH₂), 38.6 (CH₂), 25.4 (2×CH₂), 24.3 (2×CH₂), 7.8 (CH₃), 7.3 (CH₃).

[R,S]-2-[2,2-Diethyl-3-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 24



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.74 (1H, d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.69 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.63 (1H, dd, J = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.83 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.83 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.00-3.10 (2H, m, CH₂N_{pyrrol}), 2.80 (2H, m, CH₂N_{pyrrol}), 2.76 (2H, m, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 1.60-1.90 (9H, m, 2×CH₂ _{pyrrol}, 2×CH_{2 Et}, OH), 0.90 (6H, m, 2×CH₃).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.9(C), 140.9 (C), 131.3 (C), 121.1 (CH), 117.3 (CH), 116.1 (CH), 89.2 (CH), 79.1 (C), 63.8 (CH₂), 48.2 (2×CH₂), 38.6 (CH₂), 25.4 (2×CH₂), 24.3 (2×CH₂), 7.8 (CH₃), 7.3 (CH₃).

HRMS 23/24 (ESI⁺) m/z , $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{18}H_{28}NO_3$ 306.2064, found 306.2068.

Compounds 25 and 26

The above general procedure, using hydroxytyrosol **1** (38.5 mg, 0.25 mmol), 95/5 MeCN/H₂O mixture as the solvent, and enamine **2h** (209 mg, 5 equiv.), gave after oxidation at $E_{ox} = +1.0$ V *vs* Ag/AgCl and flash chromatography with ether petroleum/ethyl acetate 65/35 as the eluent, compounds **25** and **26** (68 mg, 0.21 mmol) in 85% overall yield and 25/75 ratio. A small fraction of pure compound **26** (4 mg) was obtained through the separation by HPLC of 31 mg of the mixture, using H₂O/MeCN 37:63 v/v as the eluent in isocratic mode (flow rate: 45 mL/min).

[R,S]-2-[3,3-Diethyl-2-(piperidin -1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 25



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.83 (1H, d, *J* = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.74 (1H, dd, *J* = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.71 (1H, d, *J* = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.51 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.87 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.14 (2H, m, CH₂N_{piper}), 2.81 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.54 (2H, m, CH₂N_{piper}), 1.70-1.90 (4H, m, 2×CH_{2 Et}), 1.55 (5H, m, 2×CH_{2 piper}, OH), 1.45 (2H, m, CH_{2 piper}), 0.99 (3H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, CH₃), 0.90 (3H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, CH₃).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.1 (C), 141.7 (C), 130.6 (C), 121.9 (CH), 117.8 (CH), 115.6 (CH), 92.8 (CH), 79.4 (C), 63.7 (CH₂), 49.9 (2×CH₂), 38.6 (CH₂), 26.4 (2×CH₂), 26.1 (CH₂), 25.3 (CH₂), 24.4 (CH₂), 7.9 (CH₃), 7.2 (CH₃).

[R,S]-2-[2,2-diethyl-3-(piperidin -1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 26



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.72 (1H, d, *J* = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.71 (1H, d, *J* = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.64 (1H, dd, *J* = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.51 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.83 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.11 (2H, m, CH₂N_{piper}), 2.77 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.53 (2H, m, CH₂N_{piper}), 1.75-1.90 (2H, m, CH₂ Et), 1.71 (2H, m, CH₂ Et), 1.53 (5H, m, 2×CH₂ piper, OH), 1.40 (2H, m, CH₂ piper), 0.93 (3H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, CH₃), 0.84 (3H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, CH₃).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.3 (C), 140.3 (C), 131.7 (C), 121.2 (CH), 117.6 (CH), 116.1 (CH), 92.7 (CH), 79.3 (C), 63.8 (CH₂), 50.0 (2×CH₂), 38.7 (CH₂), 26.2 (2×CH₂), 26.0 (CH₂), 25.2 (CH₂), 24.3 (CH₂), 7.9 (CH₃), 7.2 (CH₃).

HRMS **25/26** (ESI⁺) m/z , $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₉H₃₀NO₃ 320.2220, found 320.2224.

Compounds 27, 28 and 33

The above general procedure, using hydroxytyrosol **1** (38.5 mg, 0.25 mmol), 95/5 MeCN/H₂O mixture as the solvent, and enamine **2i** (176 mg, 5 equiv.), gave after oxidation at

 $E_{ox} = +1.0$ V vs Ag/AgCl and flash chromatography (ether petroleum/ethyl acetate 35/65), compounds 27 and 28 (68 mg, 0.065 mmol) in 26.5% overall yield (38/62 ratio), along with compound 33 (10 mg, 0.044 mmol) in 17.5% yield.

[R,S]-2-[3,3-Dimethyl-2-(morpholin-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 27



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.80 (1H, d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.71 (1H, m, H_{Ar}), 6.69 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.39 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.81 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.64 (4H, m, 2×CH₂O_{morph}), 3.11 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.75 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.57 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 1.32 (6H, s, 2×CH₃).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.2 (C), 141.7 (C), 131.2 (C), 122.2 (CH), 117.8 (CH), 115.9 (CH), 93.6 (CH), 75.2 (C), 67.2 (2×CH₂), 63.8 (CH₂), 48.9 (2×CH₂), 38.6 (CH₂), 25.7 (CH₃), 24.5 (CH₃).

[R,S]-2-[2,2-Dimethyl-3-(morpholin-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 28



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.74 (1H, m, H_{Ar}), 6.71 (1H, d, *J* = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.66 (1H, dd, *J* = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.39 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.83 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.64 (4H, m, 2×CH₂O_{morph}), 3.11 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.77 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.57 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 1.45 (6H, s, 2×CH₃).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.6 (C), 140.4 (C), 132.0 (C), 121.6 (CH), 117.5 (CH), 116.3 (CH), 93.7 (CH), 75.1 (C), 67.2 (2×CH₂), 63.8 (CH₂), 48.9 (2×CH₂), 38.6 (CH₂), 25.6 (CH₃), 24.6 (CH₃).

HRMS **27/28** (ESI⁺) m/z , $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₆H₂₄NO₄ 294.1700, found 294.1701.

[R,S]-1,1-Dimethyl-1,2,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[d]oxepine-2,7,8-triol 33



The 1,2,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[d]oxepine 15,16 hemiacetal **33** exists in deuterated solvent in equilibrium with the corresponding aldehyde **33'**. Acetone-d₆ was selected as the solvent inducing the better separation of the aliphatic signals of **33** and **33'**.

Hemiacetal 33

¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ 6.83 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 6.53 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 4.75 (1H, s, H o-CH-OH), 4.08 (1H, ddd, J = 12.0, 11.5 and 1.5 Hz, H_{oxepine CH2O}), 3.53 (1H, ddd, J = 12.0, 5.0 and 2.5 Hz, H_{oxepine CH2O}), 3.24 (1H, ddd, J = 15.5, 11.5 and 2.5 Hz, H_{oxepine CH2Ph}), 2.96 (3H, broad s, 3×OH), 2.54 (1H, ddd, J = 15.5, 5.0 and 1.5 Hz, H_{oxepine CH2Ph}), 1.31 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.27 (3H, s, CH₃).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ 143.3 (C), 143.0 (C), 136.3 (C), 132.7 (C), 119.0 (CH), 116.7 (CH), 101.2 (CH), 61.0 (CH₂), 45.9 (C), 39.8 (CH₂), 27.6 (CH₃), 25.7 (CH₃).

Aldehyde 33'



¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ 9.53 (1H, s, CHO), 6.86 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 6.78 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 3.61 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 2.52 (2H, t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 1.34 (6H, s, 2×CH₃).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ 204.3 (C), 144.8 (C), 144.1 (C), 132.6 (C), 129.8 (C), 118.6 (CH), 115.0 (CH), 64.0 (CH₂), 50.6 (C), 36.2 (CH₂), 24.1 (2×CH₃).

HRMS **33/33'** (ESI⁺) m/z , $[M + H - H_2O]^+$ calculated for $C_{12}H_{15}O_3$ 207.1016, found 207.1022, $[M + Na]^+$ calculated for $C_{12}H_{16}NaO_4$ 247.0941, found 247.0947, $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{12}H_{17}O_4$ 225.1121, found 225.1129.

Compounds 29, 30 and 33

The above general procedure, using hydroxytyrosol **1** (38.5 mg, 0.25 mmol), 95/5 MeCN/H₂O mixture as the solvent, and enamine **2j** (174 mg, 5 equiv.), gave after oxidation at

 $E_{ox} = +1.0$ V vs Ag/AgCl and flash chromatography (ether petroleum/ethyl acetate 60/40), compounds **29** and **30** (30 mg, 0.10 mmol) in 41% overall yield (31/69 ratio), along with compound **33** (22.5 mg, 0.10 mmol) in 40.5% yield.

[R,S]-2-[3,3-Dimethyl-2-(piperidin-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 29



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.78 (1H, d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.68 (1H, dd, J = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.64 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.42 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.81 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.06 (2H, m, CH₂N_{piper}), 2.75 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.51 (2H, m, CH₂N_{piper}), 1.50 (5H, m, 2×CH₂ piper, OH), 1.42 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.39 (2H, m, CH₂ piper), 1.32 (3H, s, CH₃).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.7 (C), 141.9 (C), 130.8 (C), 122.0 (CH), 117.8 (CH), 115.9 (CH), 94.6 (CH), 75.4 (C), 63.8 (CH₂), 49.7 (2×CH₂), 38.6 (CH₂), 26.4 (2×CH₂), 26.0 (2×CH₃), 24.5(CH₂).

[R,S]-2-[2,2-Dimethyl-3-(piperidin-1-yl)-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 30



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.72 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.71 (1H, d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.63 (1H, dd, J = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.42 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.82 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂O), 3.06 (2H, m, CH₂N_{piper}), 2.77 (2H, t, J = 6.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.51 (2H, m, CH₂N_{piper}), 1.50 (5H, m, 2×CH₂ _{pyrrol}, OH), 1.42 (3H, s, CH₃), 1.39 (2H, m, CH₂ _{piper}), 1.31 (3H, s, CH₃).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.0 (C), 140.6 (C), 131.6 (C), 121.2 (CH), 117.4 (CH), 116.3 (CH), 94.8 (CH), 75.3 (C), 63.8 (CH₂), 49.7 (2×CH₂), 38.7 (CH₂), 26.4 (2×CH₂), 25.9 (2×CH₃), 24.5(CH₂).

HRMS **29/30** (ESI⁺) m/z , $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{17}H_{26}NO_3$ 292.1907, found 292.1908.

Compounds 31, 32 and 34

The above general procedure, using hydroxytyrosol **1** (38.5 mg, 0.25 mmol), 95/5 MeCN/H₂O mixture as the solvent, and enamine **2k** (228 mg, 5 equiv.), gave after oxidation at $E_{ox} = +1.0$ V *vs* Ag/AgCl and flash chromatography (toluene/acetone 75/25), compounds **31** and **32** (23 mg, 0.069 mmol) in 27% overall yield (28/72 ratio), along with compound **34** (32.5 mg, 0.12 mmol) in 49% yield.

[R,S]-2-[3-(Spirocyclohex-1-yl)-2-morpholino-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 31



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.78 (1H, d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.70 (1H, dd, J = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.70 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.41 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.82 (2H, m, CH₂O), 3.63 (4H, m, 2×CH₂O_{morph}), 3.12 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.77 (2H, m, CH₂-Ar), 2.54 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 1.25-2.00 (10H, m, 5×CH₂ _{Cyclohexyl}).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.7 (C), 141.4 (C), 131.0 (C), 122.2 (CH), 118.0 (CH), 115.7 (CH), 93.0 (CH), 75.5 (C), 67.2 (2×CH₂), 63.8 (CH₂), 48.9 (2×CH₂), 38.6 (CH₂), 33.0 (CH₂), 32.9 (CH₂), 25.6 (CH₂), 21.2 (2×CH₂).

[R,S]-2-[2-(Spirocyclohex-1yl)-3-morpholino-2,3-dihydro-1,4-benzodioxin-6-yl]ethanol 32



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.75 (1H, d, J = 8 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.72 (1H, d, J = 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 6.65 (1H, dd, J = 8 and 2 Hz, H_{Ar}), 4.41 (1H, s, H_{dioxin}), 3.82 (2H, m, CH₂O), 3.63 (4H, m, 2×CH₂O_{morph}), 3.12 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 2.77 (2H, m, CH₂-Ar), 2.54 (2H, m, CH₂N_{morph}), 1.25-2.00 (10H, m, 5×CH₂ _{Cyclohexyl}).

¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.1 (C), 140.0 (C), 132.0 (C), 121.3 (CH), 117.6 (CH), 116.1 (CH), 93.1 (CH), 75.4 (C), 67.2 (2×CH₂), 63.8 (CH₂), 48.9 (2×CH₂), 38.7 (CH₂), 33.1 (2×CH₂), 25.6 (CH₂), 21.4 (2×CH₂).

HRMS **31/32** (ESI⁺) m/z , $[M + H]^+$ calculated for C₁₉H₂₈NO₄ 334.2013, found 334.2017.

[R,S]-1-(Spirocyclohex-1-yl)-2,7,8-triol-1,2,4,5-tetrahydro-benzo[d]oxepine 34



The 1,2,4,5-tetrahydrobenzo[d]oxepine ^{15,16} hemiacetal **34** exists in deuterated solvent in equilibrium with the corresponding aldehyde **34'**. Compared to methanol- d_3 , acetone- d_6 induced a better separation of the aromatic signals of **34** and **34'**, even if the relative proportion of **34'** in solution was higher.

Hemiacetal 34

¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ 7.70 (1H, broad s, OH_{aromatic}), 6.90 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 6.53 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 5.07 (1H, s, H_{O-CH-OH}), 4.03 (1H, t, *J* = 12.0 Hz, H_{oxepine CH2O}), 3.54 (1H, ddd, *J* = 12.0, 3.25 and 2.5 Hz, H_{oxepine CH2O}), 3.43 (1H, ddd, *J* = 15.5, 12.0 and 2.5 Hz, H_{oxepine CH2Ph}), 2.38 (1H, dd, *J* = 15.5 and 3.25 Hz, H_{oxepine CH2Ph}), 1.80-1.20 (10H, m, 5×CH_{2 cyclohexyl}).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ 143.1 (C), 142.9 (C), 135.1 (C), 133.2 (C), 119.4 (CH), 118.2 (CH), 98.1 (CH), 59.9 (CH₂), 54.5 (C), 39.9 (CH₂), 33.8 (CH₂), 32.8 (CH₂), 27.0 (CH₂), 23.6 (CH₂), 23.3 (CH₂).



Aldehyde 34'

¹H NMR (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ 9.34 (1H, s, CHO), 6.94 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 6.74 (1H, s, H_{Ar}), 4.52 (1H, broad s, OH), 3.77 (1H, broad s, OH), 3.58 2H, (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, CH₂O), 2.64 (2H, t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, CH₂-Ar), 2.17 (2H, m, CH₂ cyclohexyl) 1.80-1.20 (8H, m, 2×CH₂ cyclohexyl).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) δ 203.1 (C), 144.8 (C), 144.2 (C), 131.1 (C), 130.7 (C), 119.4 (CH), 115.7 (CH), 64.4 (CH₂), 48.3 (C), 36.4 (CH₂), 35.1 (CH₂), 32.8 (CH₂), 26.3 (CH₂), 23.3 (CH₂), 22.9 (CH₂).

HRMS **34/34'** (ESI⁺) m/z , $[M + H - H_2O]^+$ calculated for $C_{15}H_{19}O_3$ 247.1329, found 247.1327, $[M + H]^+$ calculated for $C_{15}H_{21}O_4$ 265.1434, found 265.1433 $[M + Na]^+$ calculated for $C_{15}H_{20}NaO_4$ 287.1254, found 287.1255.

VII- X-Ray analysis of compound 4

A colorless crystal of $0.27 \times 0.03 \times 0.03$ mm, crystallized from a 8/1 Et₂O/CHCl₃ mixture was used. Empirical formula C₂₆H₂₇NO₄, M = 417.48, T = 296(2) K. Monoclinic system, space group C 2/c, Z = 8, a = 39.383(3) Å, b = 6.2918(5) Å, c = 17.9687(14) Å, $\alpha = \gamma = 90^{\circ}$, $\beta = 107.702(4)^{\circ}$, V = 4241.7(6) Å³, d_{calc} = 1.308 g cm⁻³, F(000) = 1776, $\mu = 0.088$ mm⁻¹, λ (Mo K α) = 0.71073 Å. 48553 intensity data were collected with a Bruker diffractometer (Mo-K α radiation) controlled by APEX2 software package, giving 6472 unique reflections. Refinement of 293 parameters on F² led to R₁(F) = 0.1204 calculated with 3101 observed reflections as I \geq 2 sigma (I) and wR2(F²) = 0.2906 considering all the 6472 data. Goodness of fit = 1.040. CCDC deposition number: 2294269.

Formula	C ₂₆ H ₂₇ NO ₄				
CCDC	2294269				
Fw	417.48				
T(K)	296(2)				
wavelength (Å)	0.71073				
crystal system	monoclinic				
space group	C 2/c				
unit cell dimension					
a (Å)	39.383(3)				
<i>b</i> (Å)	6.2918(5)				
<i>c</i> (Å)	17.9687(14)				
α (°)	90				
$\beta(^{\circ})$	107.702(4)				
$\chi^{(\circ)}$	90				
$V(Å^3)$	4241.7(6)				
Z	8				
d(calc) (Mg/m ³)	1.308				
abs coeff (mm ⁻¹)	0.088				
crystal size (mm ³)	0.27x0.03x0.03				
F_{000}	1776				
θ range [deg]	2.171 - 30.565				
index ranges	-56 <h<51< td=""></h<51<>				
	-5 <k<8< td=""></k<8<>				
	-25<1<24				
no. of reflns collected	48553				
no, of indep reflns	6472				
R(int)	0.1230				
GOF on F^2	1.040				
$R1/wR2^{a,b}$.[I>2 σ (I)]	0.1204/0.2540				
$R1/wR2^{a,b}$, all data	0.2139/0.2906				
largest diff peak and	0.491and 0.380				
hole $[e.Å^{-3}]$					

Table- Crystal data and structure refinements

^aR1 = $\Sigma IIFoI - IFcII / \Sigma IFoI$. ^b wR2 = { $\Sigma [w(F_0^2 - F_c^2)^2] / \Sigma [w(F_0^2)2]$ }; where w = $q/\sigma^2 (F_0^2) + (qp)^2 + bp$. GOF = S = { $\Sigma [w(F_0^2 - F_c^2)^2] / (n - p)^{1/2}$ }.

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¹H NMR spectrum (300 MHz, CDCl₃) - Hydroxytyrosol 1





¹H NMR spectrum (300 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound 8



¹H NMR spectrum (300 MHz, CD₃CN) - Enamine 2d










 ^{13}C NMR spectrum (75 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound **3**





HMBC NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound **3**











HMBC NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound 4

¹H NMR spectrum (300 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) - Compound 6







HSQC NMR spectrum (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) - Compound 6



HMBC NMR spectrum (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) - Compound 6







¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) - Compound 7



HSQC NMR spectrum (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) - Compound 7

ppm 0. 20 `O යා 7 40 ê o · · 60 c **0**•●•@⊅ 80 。 00 -100 0 Ô 'n -120 889 Ø -140 ø 0 7.5 1.5 0.5 ppm 8.0 7.0 6.5 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.0 6.0 5.0 4.0 5.5 4.5



¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound 9















¹³C NMR spectrum (75 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound 10

¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CD₃OD) - 2,5-bis-tBu-hydroxytyrosol 10'



¹³C NMR spectrum (75 MHz, CD₃OD) - 2,5-bis-tBu-hydroxytyrosol 10'



¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CDCl₃) - 2,5-*bis*-S-*t*Bu-hydroxytyrosol 10'





HMBC NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - 2,5-bis-S-tBu-hydroxytyrosol 10'





¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound 11



¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound 11









NOESY NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound 11



¹³C NMR spectrum (75 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound 13










¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CDCl₃) - Mixture of the major regioisomer **13** and minor regioisomer **14**



















¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Diastereoisomers **19'** and **19''**







HSQC NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Diastereoisomers **19'** and **19''**

ppm .OH 30 Me` H Ò 000 0 0 19' 40 ØØ 6 0 50 0 0 .OH 60 Me`` Ô NH Ό 19" Ô 000 0 ò 70 6¢ 00 80 90 Óð. -100 110 Ô ٥Ò 120 Ø ÔÔ -130 0 6 00 -140 60 ģÒ 0000 Ôð ____ 7.5 7.0 6.5 6.0 5.5 5.0 4.5 4.0 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 ppm

HMBC NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Diastereoisomers 19' and 19"



NOESY NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Diastereoisomers 19' and 19"



NOESY NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Diastereoisomers 19' and 19"



¹H NMR spectrum (300 MHz, CDCl₃) - Diastereoisomers **20'** and **20''**



¹³C NMR spectrum (75 MHz, CDCl₃) - Diastereoisomers **20'** and **20''**













¹H NMR spectrum (300 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound **21**



¹³C NMR spectrum (75MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound **21**









HSQC NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound 22

ppm ộ ¢5 00 00 O. 10 ОН 20 00 o 0 22 30 00 0 0 0 40 0 ٥ 50 60 Ø 0 0 ٥ 70 \$\$ ° 80 90 60 0 0 0 100 110 6. . 120 Ô 0 130 Ģ P 140 00 Ş 0 7.5 5.5 5.0 4.5 3.5 2.5 2.0 1.5 8.0 7.0 6.5 6.0 4.0 3.0 1.0 0.5 ppm

HMBC NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound 22

¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compounds 23 and 24 after isolation in mixture



¹³C NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compounds 23 and 24 after isolation in mixture



¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compounds 25 and 26 after isolation in mixture



¹³C NMR spectrum (75 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compounds 25 and 26 after isolation in mixture



¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound **26**


¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compound 26



DEPT NMR experiment (100 MHz, CDCl₃₎ - Compound 26











¹³C NMR spectrum (75 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compounds 27 and 28 after isolation in mixture



¹H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compounds **29** and **30** after isolation in mixture



¹³C NMR spectrum (75 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compounds 29 and 30 after isolation in mixture







¹³C NMR spectrum (75 MHz, CDCl₃) - Compounds **31** and **32** after isolation in mixture







COSY NMR spectrum (400 MHz, $(CD_3)_2CO$) - Compound 33



¹³C NMR spectrum (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) - Compound **33**



HSQC NMR experiment (100 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) - Compound **33**







 ^1H NMR spectrum (400 MHz, (CD_3)_2CO) - Compound 34





¹³C NMR spectrum (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) - Compound **34**



HSQC NMR spectrum (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) - Compound 34



HMBC NMR spectrum (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) - Compound 34



HMBC NMR spectrum (400 MHz, (CD₃)₂CO) - Compound 34

