Click Synthesis of Dendronized Malonates for the Preparation of Amphiphilic Dendro[60]fullerenes

Carlos Cruz-Hernández¹, Perla Y. López-Camacho¹, Gustavo Basurto-Islas², Aaron Rojas³, Patricia Guadarrama⁴, Melchor Martínez-Herrera^{1*}

- ¹ Departamento de Ciencias Naturales, Universidad Autónoma Metropolitana Unidad Cuajimalpa, CDMX, 05300, México.
- ² División de Ciencias e Ingenierías, Universidad de Guanajuato, Campus León, León, Gto., México.
- ³ Departamento de Química del Centro de Investigación y de Estudios Avanzados del IPN, Av. Instituto Politécnico Nacional 2508, C.P. 07360 Mexico City, Mexico.
- ⁴ Instituto de Investigaciones en Materiales, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, CDMX, 04510, México.
- * <u>mmartinezh@cua.uam.mx</u>; (M. M.-H.)

Electronic Supporting Information

Table of contents

- 1. Synthesis of azides 6 and 7
- 2. Spectroscopy of all compounds
- 3. UV-vis analysis of compounds 21 24
- 1. Synthesis of azides 6 and 7

Isopropylidene-2,2-bis(methoxy)propionic acid, compound **2**. In a 250 mL round bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stirrer and conditioned with nitrogen atmosphere 15 g (111.8 mmol) of Bis-MPA and 0.42 g (3.02 mmol) of *p*-Toluensulfonic acid were dissolved in 75 mL of dry acetone and stirred at room temperature for 30 minutes. Then 17. 4 g (20.5 mL, 167.1 mmol) of 2,2-dimethoxypropane was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with K₂CO₃ (1.7 g, 12.1 mmol). The solvent was removed by distillation and the residue was dissolved in 100 mL of DCM and washed with distilled water (3 x 50 mL). The product was obtained pure as a white solid in 90% yield (11.8 g, 73.8 mmol). ¹H-NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ = ppm): 10.23 (Br, 1H, OH); 4.21 (d, J = 15.0 Hz, 2H); 3.69 (d, J = 15.0 Hz, 2H); 1.46 (s, 3H); 1.43 (s, 3H); 1.23 (s, 3H). ¹³C-NMR (APT, 100 MHz, CDCl₃, δ = ppm): 180.26 (C=O), 98.35 (O-C-O), 65.86, 41.76, 25.18, 22.00, 18.45. Characterization is in accordance with the literature. [Ref. 48 in main article].

(2,2,5-trimethyl-1,3-dioxan-5yl)methanol, compound 4. In a 250 mL round bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stirrer and conditioned with nitrogen atmosphere 10 g (82 mmol) of 2- (hydroxymethyl)-2-methylpropane-1,3-diol and 0.1 g (0.52 mmol) of *p*-Toluensulfonic acid were dissolved in 75 mL of dry acetone and stirred at room temperature for 1 h. Then 12. 88 g (15.4 mL, 123.7 mmol) of 2,2-dimethoxypropane was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 h. The reaction was quenched with K₂CO₃ (0.4 g, 2.9 mmol). The solvent was removed by distillation and the residue was dissolved in 100 mL of DCM and washed with distilled water (3 x 50 mL). The product was obtained pure as a clear oil in 92% yield (12.1 g, 75.4 mmol). ¹H-

NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, \delta = ppm): 3.70 (s, 2H); 3.69 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 2H); 3.62 (d, J = 11.9 Hz, 2H); 2.21 (br, 1H); 1.45 (s, 3H); 1.40 (s, 3H); 0.84 (s, 3H). ¹³**C-NMR (APT, 100 MHz, CDCl₃, \delta = ppm)**: 17.58 (CH₃), 20.15 (CH₃), 27.28 (CH₃), 34.74 (C), 65.97 (CH₂), 66.35 (CH₂), 97.97 (O-C-O). **FT-IR-ATR (cm⁻¹)**: 3418.4, 2990.6, 2939.0, 2868.5, 1453.1, 1370.6, 1265.5, 1205.7, 1151.4, 1082.5, 1035.4, 932.9, 909.9, 826.6, 730.8, 520.4. Characterization is in accordance with the literature. [Ref. 48 in main article].

Tosylate **5**. In a 50 mL round bottom flask, 2.0 g (12.5 mmol) of cetonide **4** was mixed with 6 mL of pyridine, then a solution of p-toluenesulfonyl chloride (2.38 g, 12.54 mmol) in 3 mL of pyridine was added. The reaction mixture was stirrer at 100° C for 2 h. Reaction was poured into ice-water (200 mL) and extracted with Et_2O (3 X 75 mL). The organic layers were mixed and dried with anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and the solvent was removed by vacuum distillation. Product was purified by column chromatography Hex-EtOAc (100:0 to 7:3) to obtain 2.94 g of pure product as a wax white solid, 75 % yield. **MS-ES-EPI** (M + H, low resolution): found = 315.1 (calculated: 315.1266), (M + Na) found = 337.1 (calculated: 337.1086)

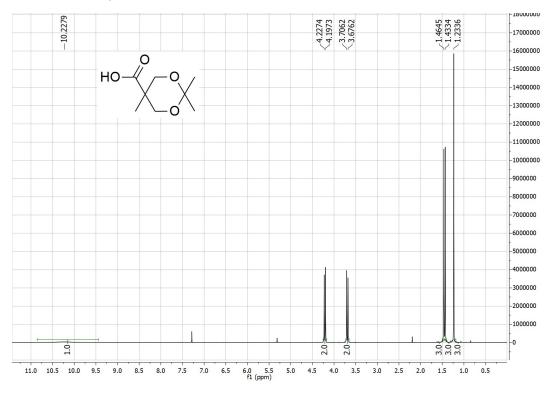
5-(azidomethyl)-2,2,5-trimethyl-1,3-dioxane, compound **6**. In a 50 mL round bottom flask, 2.5 g (7.99 mmol) of tosylate **5** was dissolved in 30 mL of DMF-H₂O (8:1) and sodium azide was added (0.57 g, 8.79 mmol). Reaction mixture was stirred at 110° C for 16 h, until no starting material was observed by TLC. The mixture was poured into 100 mL of water and extracted with Et₂O (3 x 75 mL). solvent was removed by distillation and the product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel with Hexane-EtOAc (95:5) as eluent, obtaining 1.33 g (7.2 mmol, 57.6%) of pure product as a clear oil. ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, δ = ppm): 3.63 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 2H); 3.60 (d, J = 12.8 Hz, 2H); 3.54 (s, 2H); 1.45 (s, 3H); 1.42 (s, 3H); 0.84 (s, 3H). ¹³C-NMR (APT, 100 MHz, CDCl₃, δ = ppm): 18.04 (CH₃), 19.65 (CH₃), 27.70 (CH₃), 34.43 (C), 55.99 (CH₂), 66.68 (CH₂). FT-IR ATR (cm⁻¹): 2095.4 (N₃) Characterization is in accordance with the reported literature. [Ref. 48 in main article].

2-(azidomethyl)-2-methylpropane-1,3-diylbis(2,2,5-trimethyl-1,3-dioxane-5-carboxylate),

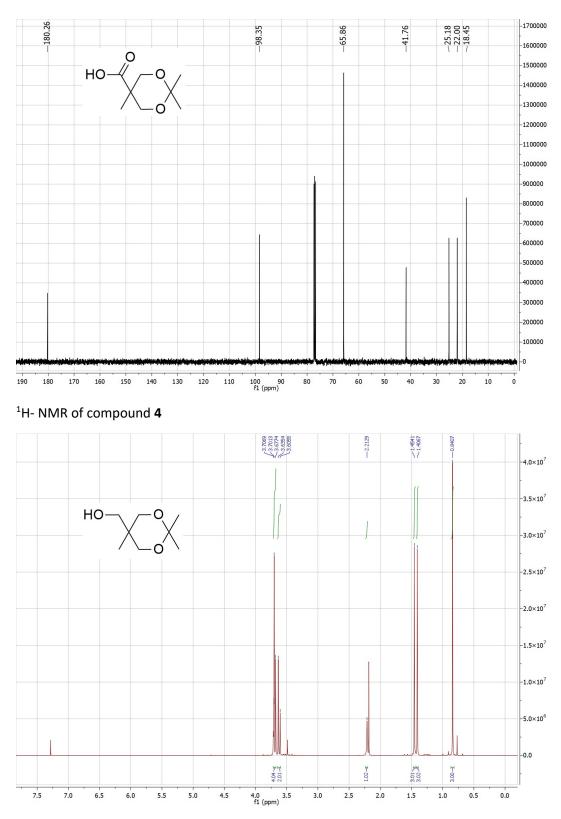
compound 7. To a solution of 1.2 g (6.48 mmol) of azide 6 in 30 mL of MeOH, 0.1 g of DOWEX-H + resin was added. This mixture was stirred at 40° C for 45 minutes, then it was filtered through a glass porous funnel. The solvent was removed by vacuum distillation and the resulting diol (0.937 g, 6.46 mmol, 99%) was dissolved in 25 mL of dry CH₂Cl₂ and conditioned under nitrogen. To this mixture, 2.36 g (13.57 mmol) of acid 2, 1.33 g (4.52 mmol) of DPTS and 0.16 g (1.3 mmol) of DMAP were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0° C for 40 minutes, then a solution of 2.93 g (14.21 mmol) of DCC in dry DCM was added dropwise. The reaction was allowed to reach room temperature and stirred for 48 h. The white precipitate (DCU) was removed by filtration and the solvent removed by vacuum distillation. The residue containing the desired product mixed with DPTS was dissolved in hot EtOAc to remove the DPTS by crystallization. This process was repeated 2 or 3 times before the final purification by column chromatography on silica gel (Hex-EtOAc, 9:1 to 7:3). The product was obtained as a clear oil, 2.54 g (5.56 mmol, 86%). ¹H-NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, δ = ppm): 4.20 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 4H); 4.10 (s, 4H); 3.67 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 4H); 3.40 (s, 2H); 1.45 (s, 6H); 1.38 (s, 6H); 1.16 (2, 6H); 1.07 (s, 3H). ¹³C-NMR (APT, 100 MHz, CDCl₃, δ = ppm): 17.69 (CH₃), 18.47 (CH₃), 21.53 (CH₃), 25.75 (CH³), 40.03 (C), 42.24 (C), 55.15 (CH₂), 65.96 (CH₂), 66.14 (CH₂), 98.18 (O-C-O), 173.78 (C=O). FT-IR-ATR (cm⁻¹): 2939.8, 2875.7, 2102.5, 1732.2, 1197.9, 1151.2, 1120.9, 1077.9, 1039.7, 934.4, 828.7, 519.8. FT-IR ATR (cm⁻¹): 2104.3 (N₃), 1734.7 (C=O). MS-ES-EPI (M + H, low resolution): found = 458.3 (calculated: 458.2502), (M + Na) found = 480.3 (calculated: 480.5077).

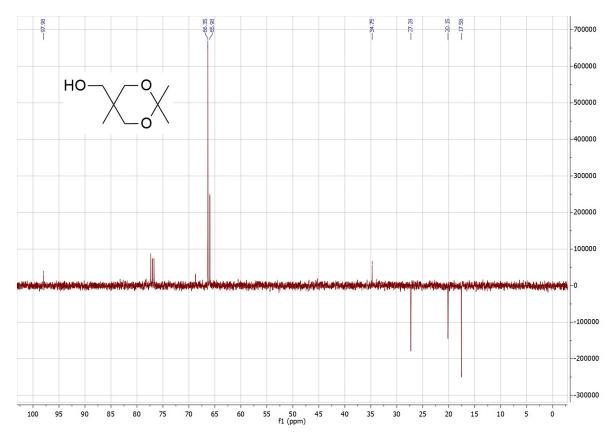
2. Spectroscopic Data of all compounds

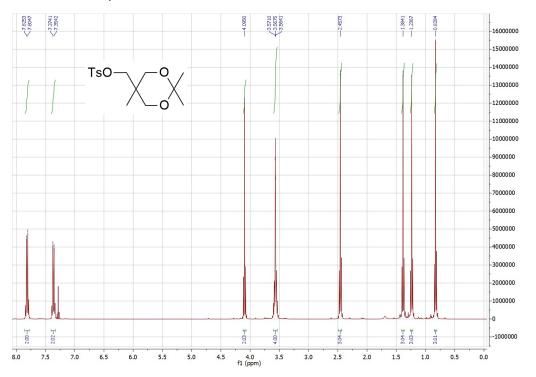
¹H- NMR of compound **2**

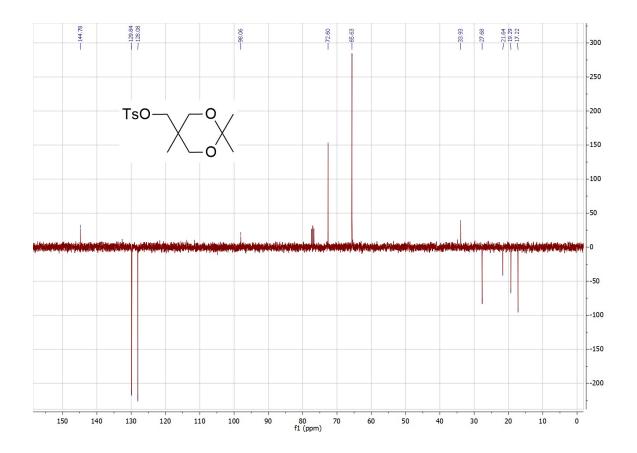


 $^{\rm 13}\text{C-}$ NMR of compound ${\bf 2}$

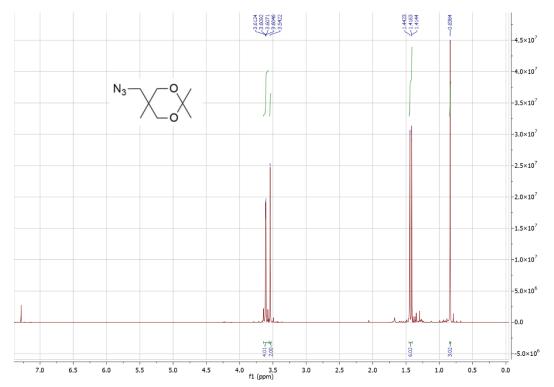


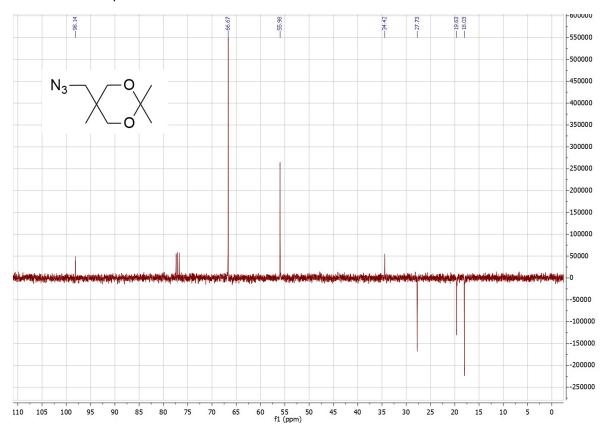




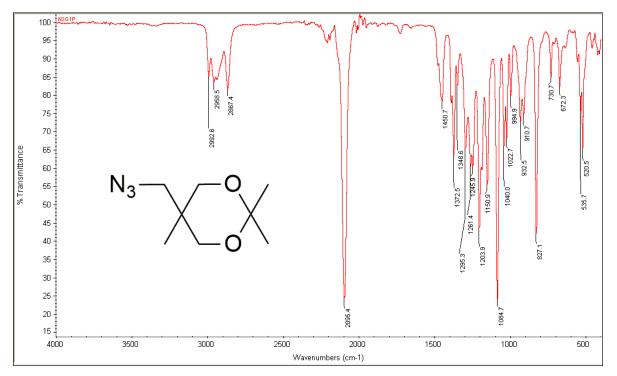


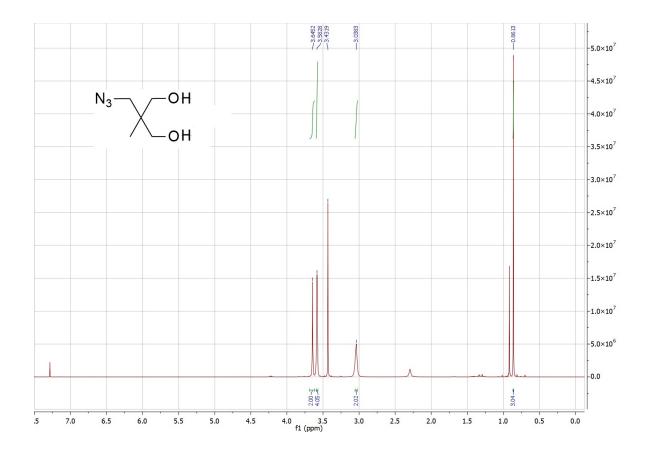
¹H- NMR of compound **6**



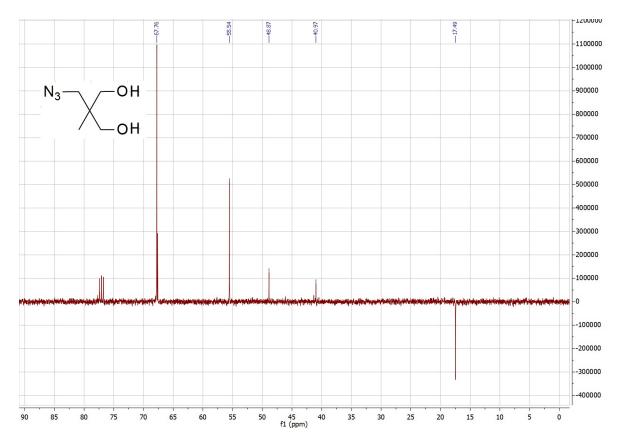


FT-IR of compound 6

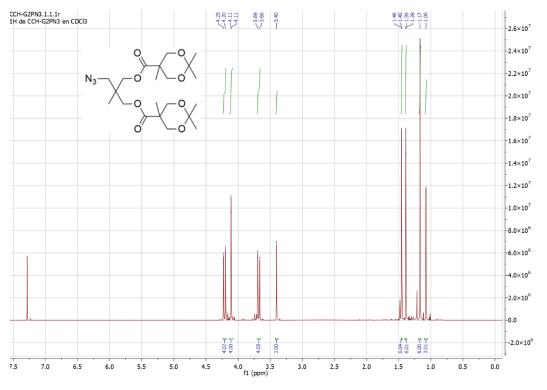


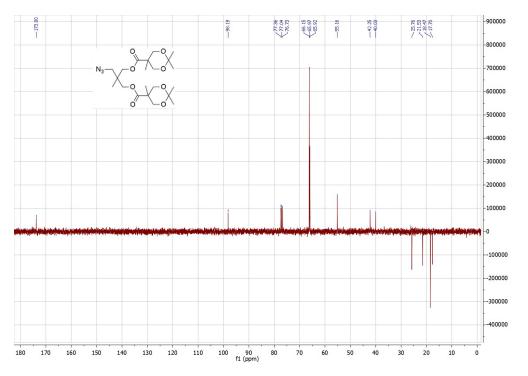


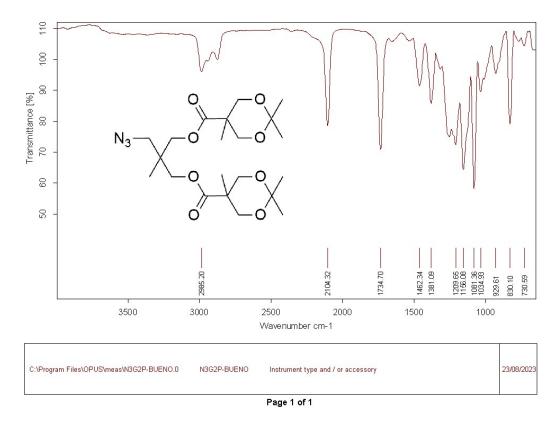
¹³C- NMR of compound **6'**

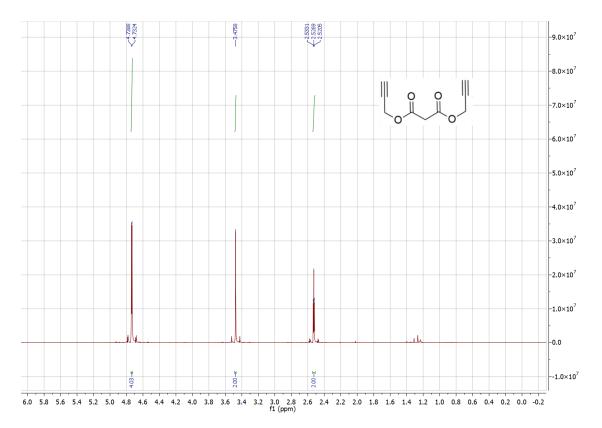


$^1\text{H-}$ NMR of compound ${\bf 7}$





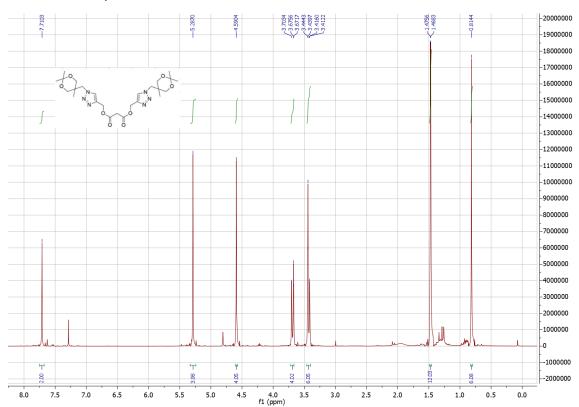


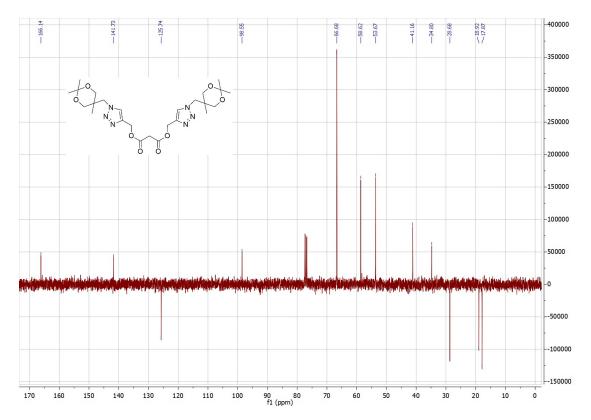


-1700000 -75.64 -53.01 -40.80 -1600000 Ì -1500000 0 0 -1400000 0 0 -1300000 -1200000 -1100000 -1000000 -900000 -800000 -700000 -600000 -500000 -400000 -300000 -200000 -100000 -0 180 170 160 150 140 100 50 40 30 10 130 120 110 90 f1 (ppm) 80 70 60 20 Ó

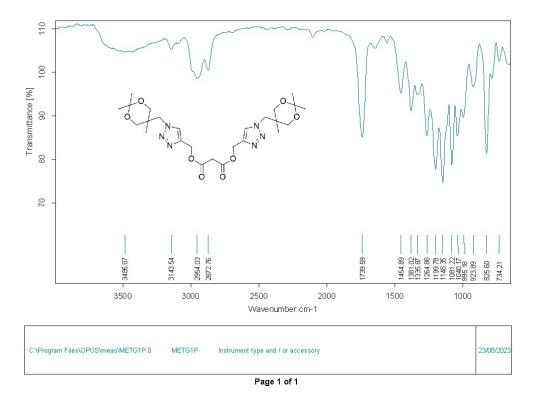


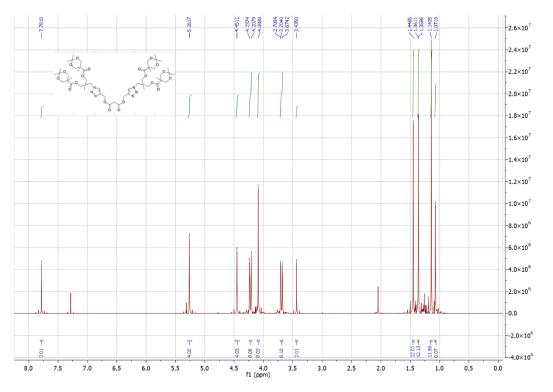


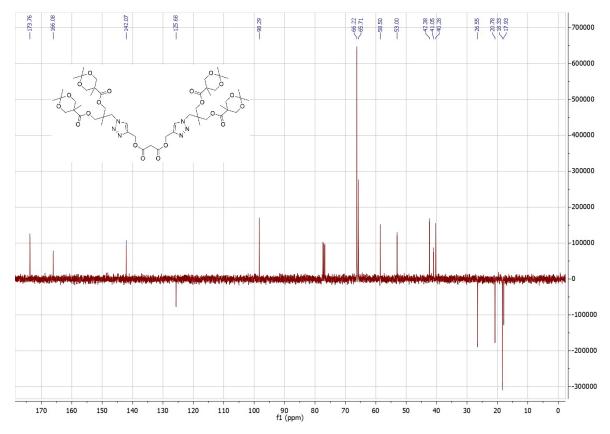


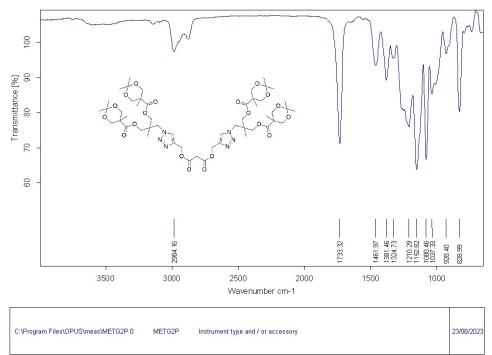




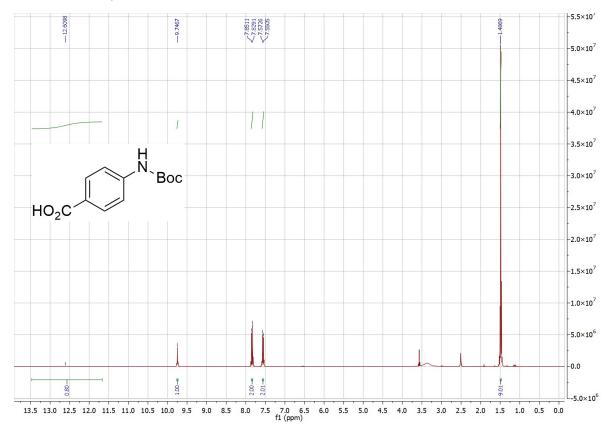




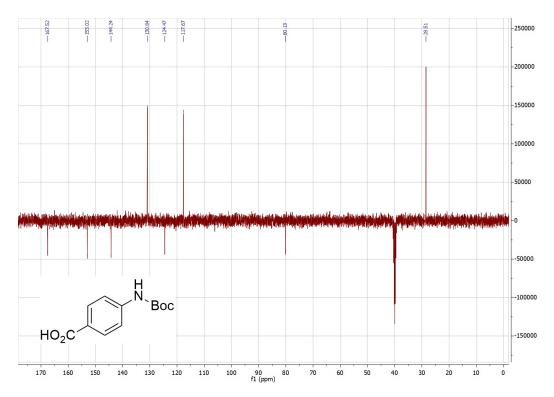


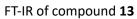


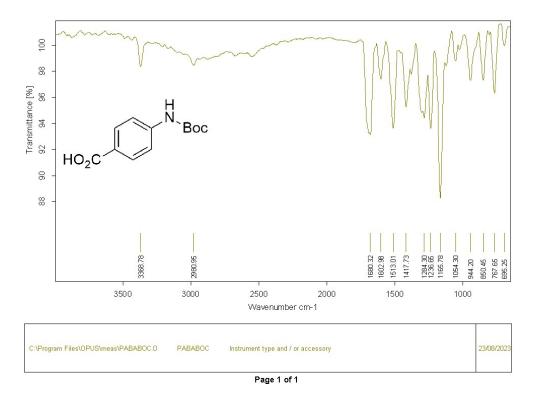
Page 1 of 1

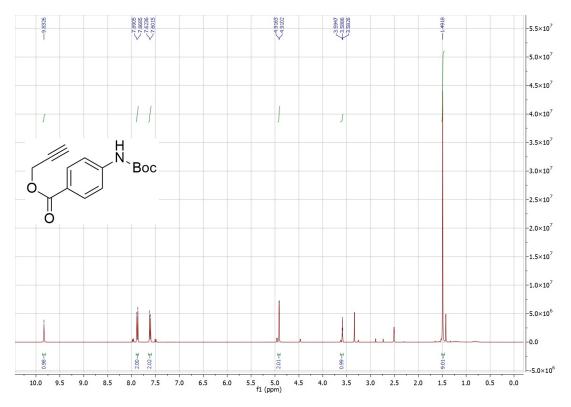


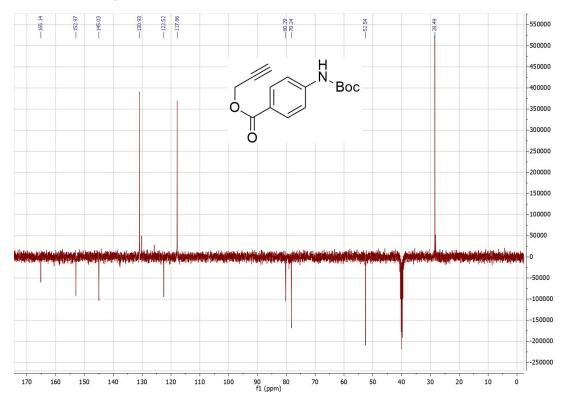
¹H- NMR of compound **13**

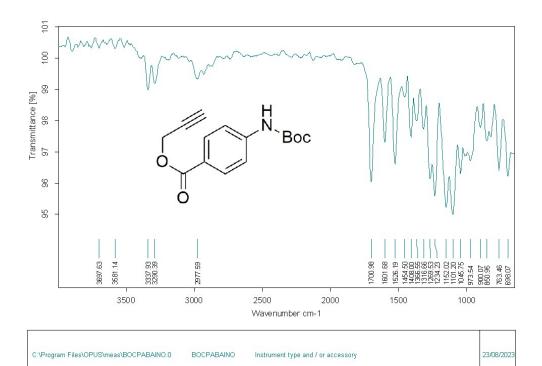




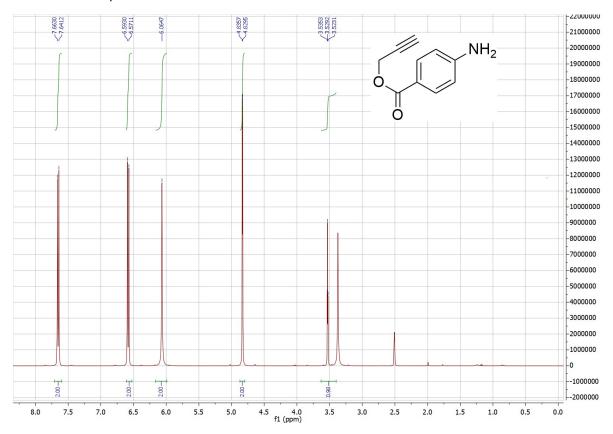




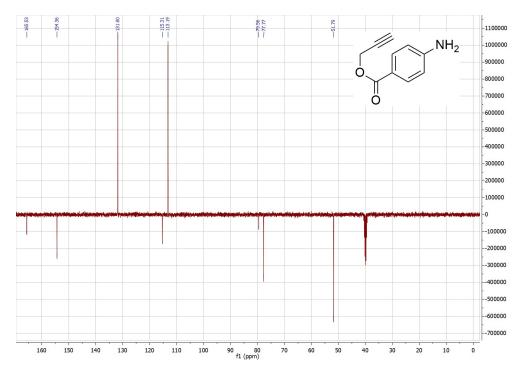


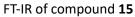


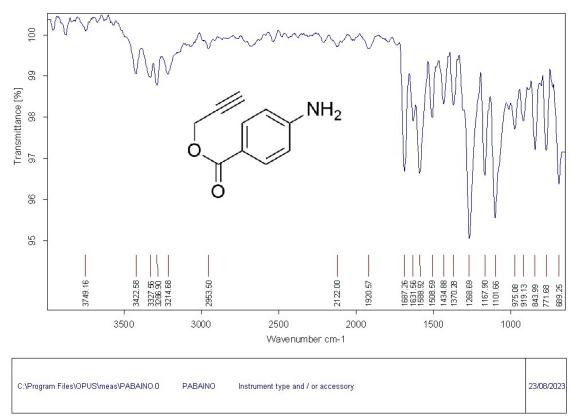
Page 1 of 1



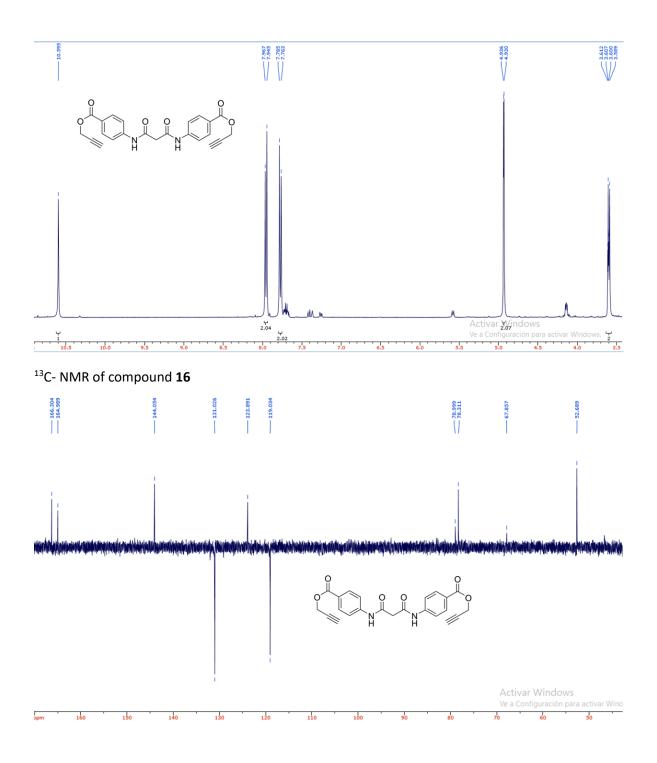
¹H- NMR of compound **15**

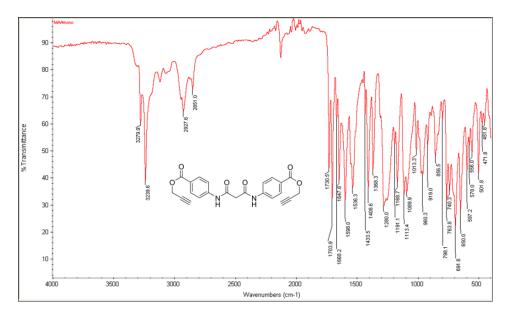


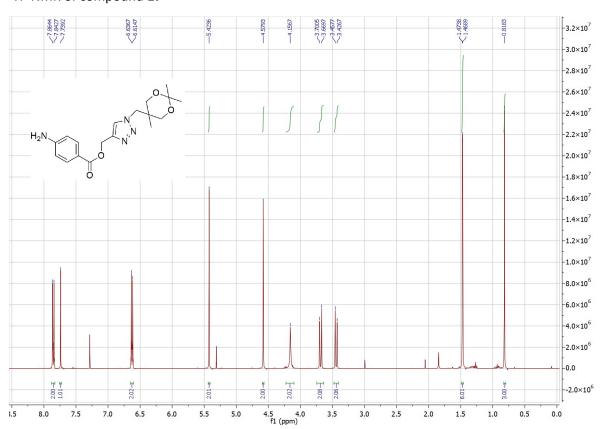


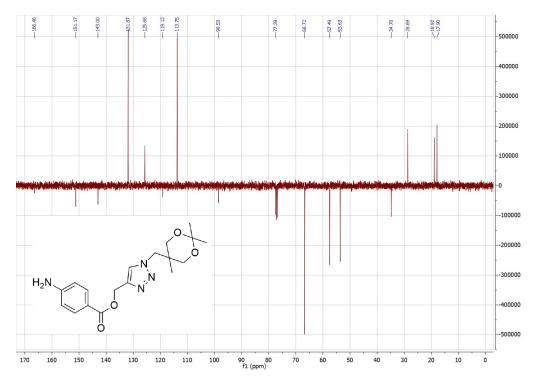


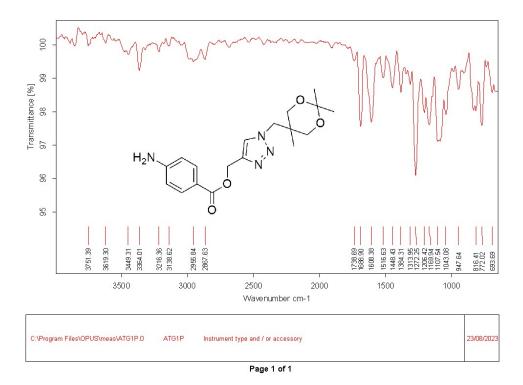
Page 1 of 1

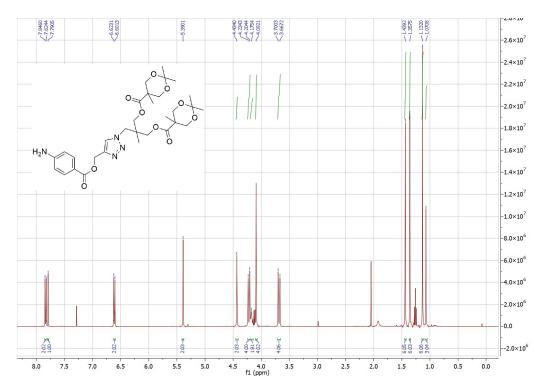


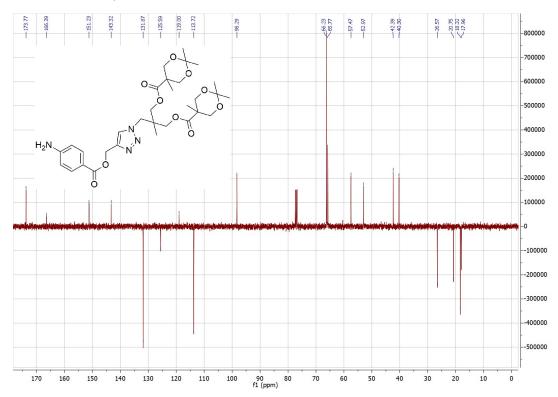


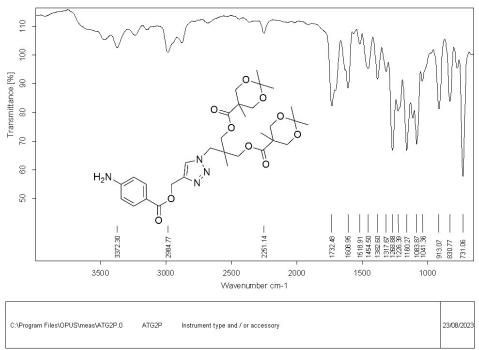




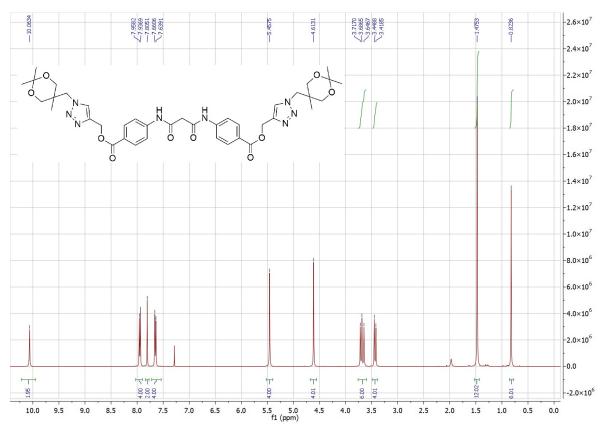




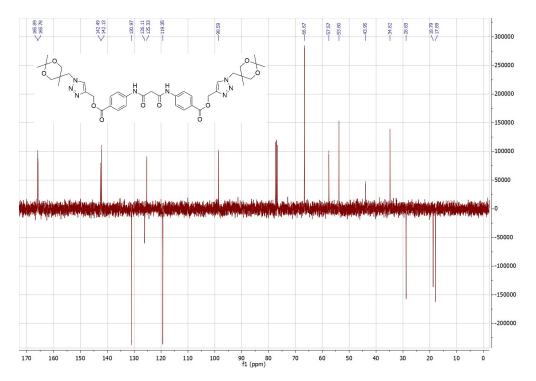


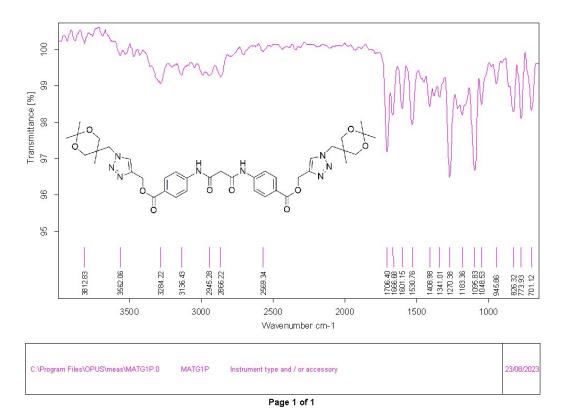


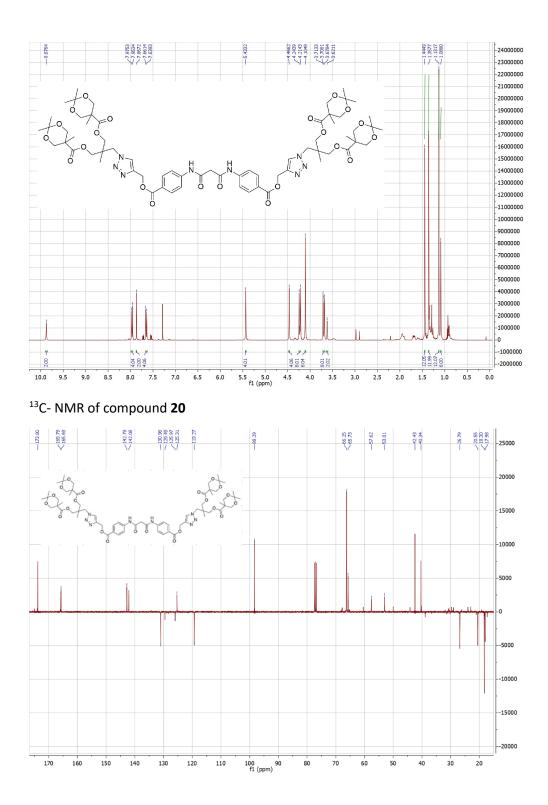
Page 1 of 1

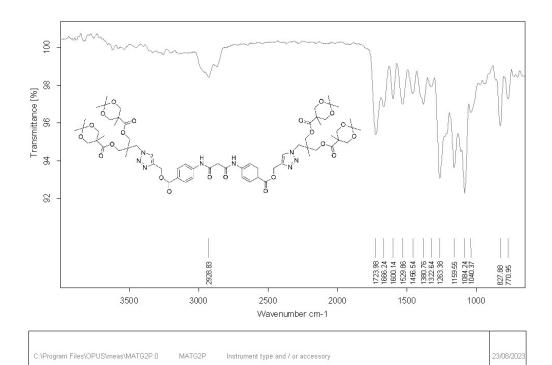


¹H- NMR of compound **19**



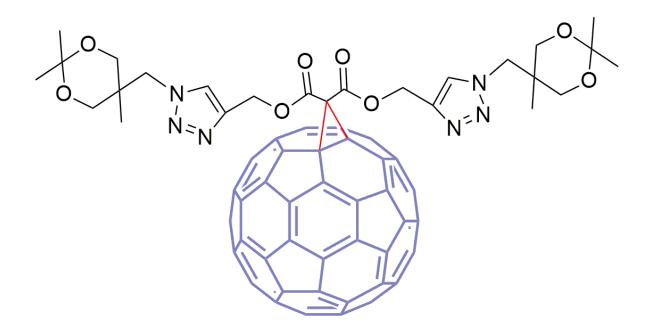


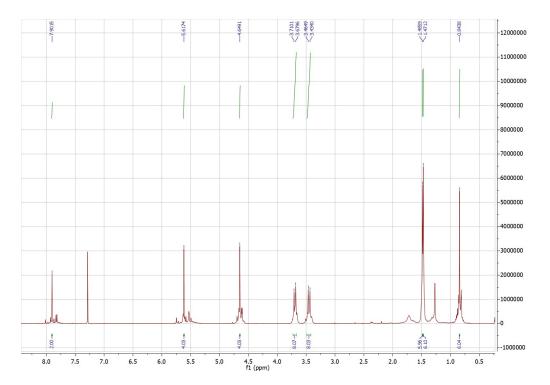


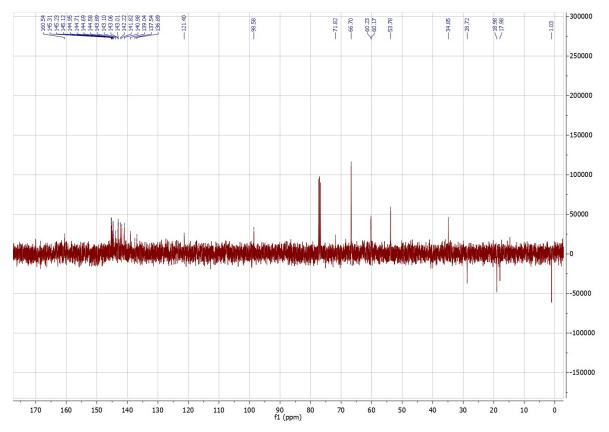


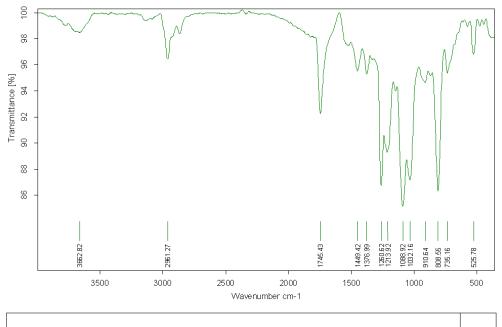
Page 1 of 1

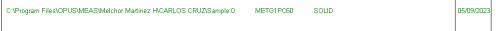
Compound 21



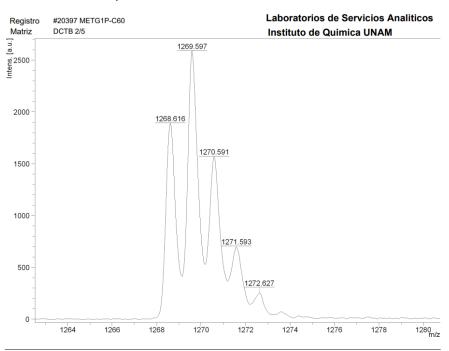








Page 1 of 1



MALDI-TOF of compound **21**

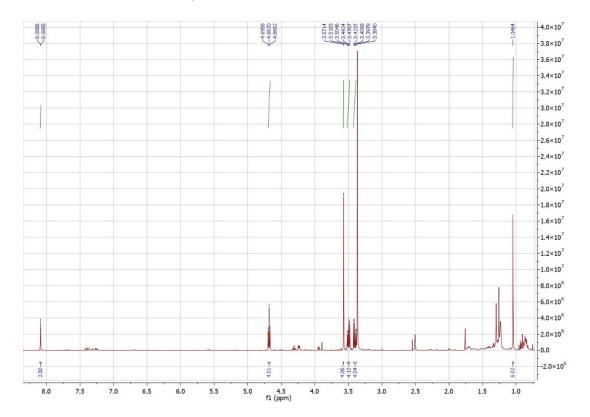
Acquisition Parameter

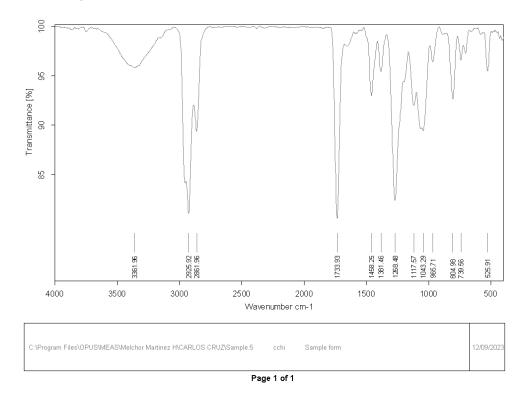
Date of acquisition Acquisition method name 2023-09-11T13:21:13.843-05:00

D:\Methods\flexControlMethods\LNM_UNAM\RP_2465_ciclo BIEN.par

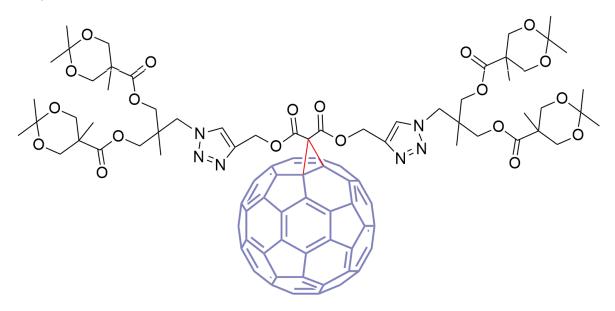
Aquisition operation mode Voltage polarity Reflector POS

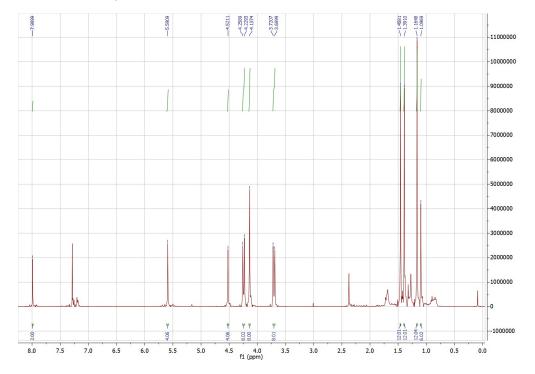
¹H-NMR in DMSO-d6 of compound **25**

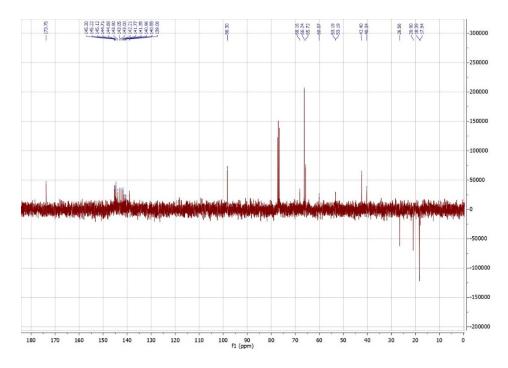




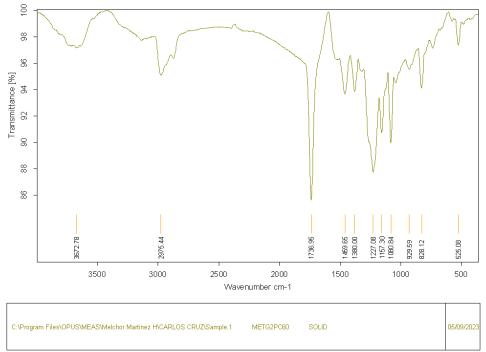
Compound 22





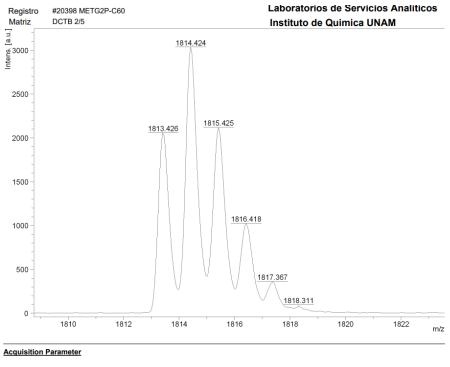


FT-IR of compound **22**



Page 1 of 1

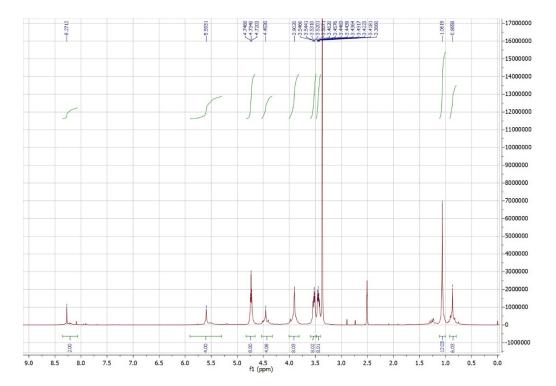
MALDI-TOF of compound 22

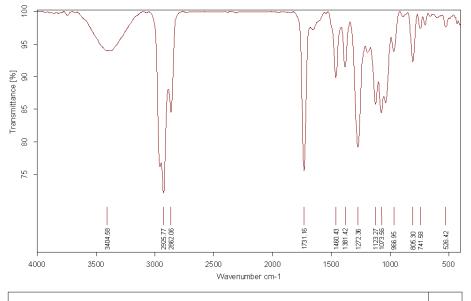


Date of acquisition Acquisition method name 2023-09-11T13:25:26.531-05:00 D:\Methods\flexControlMethods\LNM_UNAM\RP_2465_ciclo BIEN.par

Aquisition operation mode Voltage polarity Reflector POS

¹H-NMR in DMSO-d6 of compound **26**

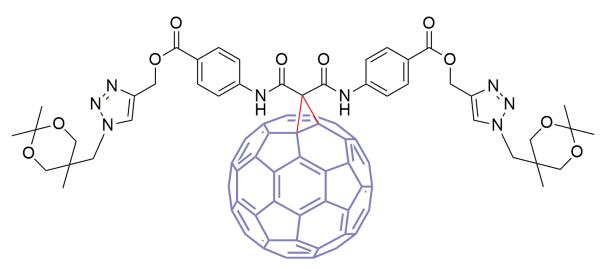




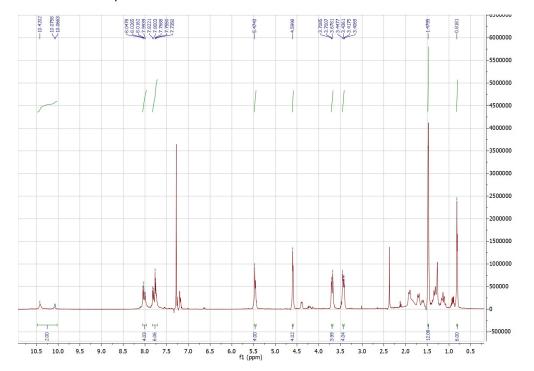
C/Program Files\OPUS\MEAS\Melchor Martinez H\CARLOS CRUZ\Sample.6 cchii Sample form 12/09/2023

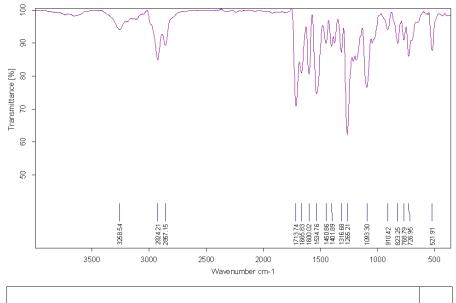
Page 1 of 1

Compound 23



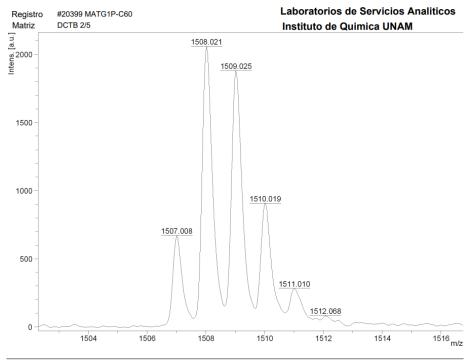
¹H- NMR of compound **23**





C\Program Files\OPUS\MEAS\Melchor Martinez H\CARLOS CRUZ\Sample.2	MATG1PC60	SOLID		05/09/2023
---	-----------	-------	--	------------

Page 1 of 1

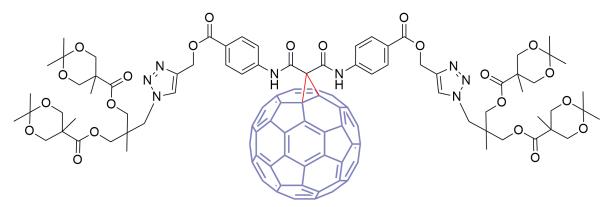


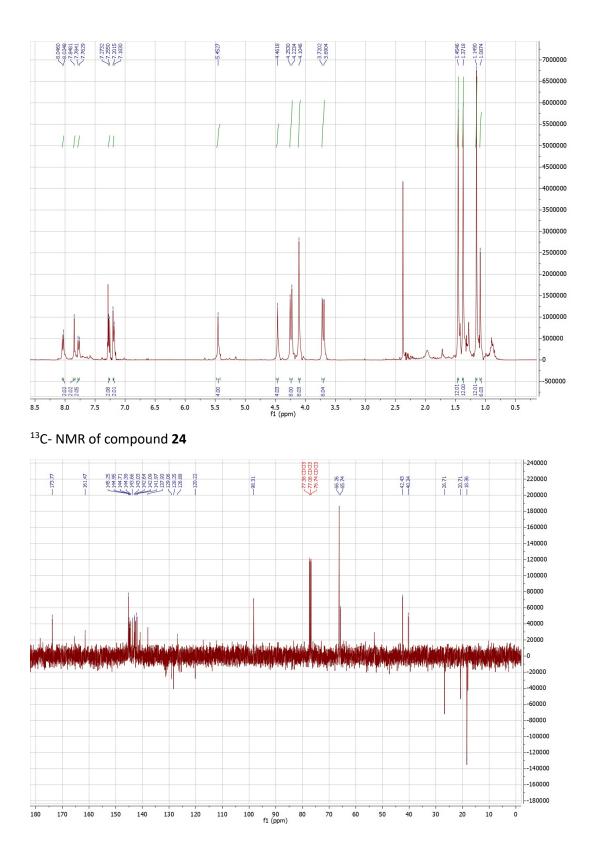
Acquisition Parameter

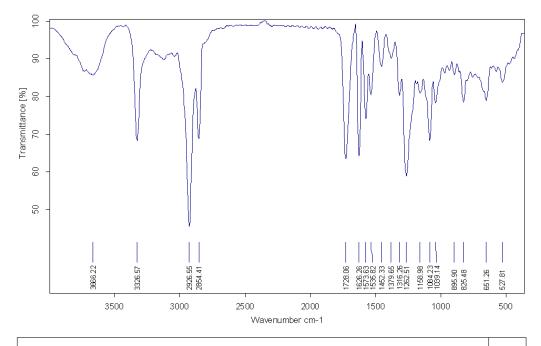
Date of acquisition Acquisition method name 2023-09-11T13:42:32.359-05:00 D:\Methods\flexControlMethods\LNM_UNAM\RP_2465_ciclo BIEN.par

Aquisition operation mode Voltage polarity Reflector POS

Compound 24

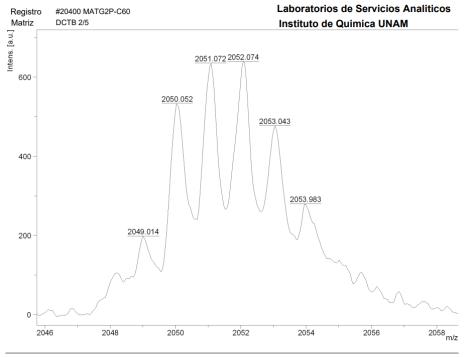






C:\Program Files\OPUS\MEAS\Melchor Martinez H\CARLOS CRUZ\Sample.3	MATG2PC60	SOLID	05/09/2023	

Page 1 of 1

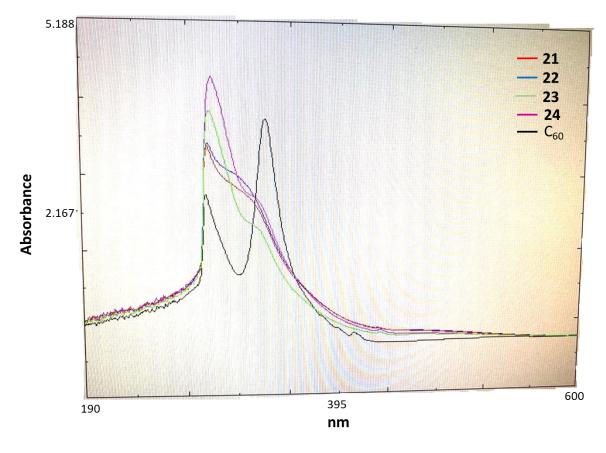


Acquisition Parameter

Date of acquisition Acquisition method name 2023-09-11T13:46:17.750-05:00 D:\Methods\flexControlMethods\LNM_UNAM\RP_2465_ciclo BIEN.par

Aquisition operation mode Voltage polarity Reflector POS 3. UV-vis analysis of compounds **21 – 24**

Spectra were measured in 50 μM solutions in Chlorobenzene.



Compound	λ _{Max} (nm)		
C ₆₀	287 and 334		
21	287.5		
22	288.0		
23	289.5		
24	291.5		