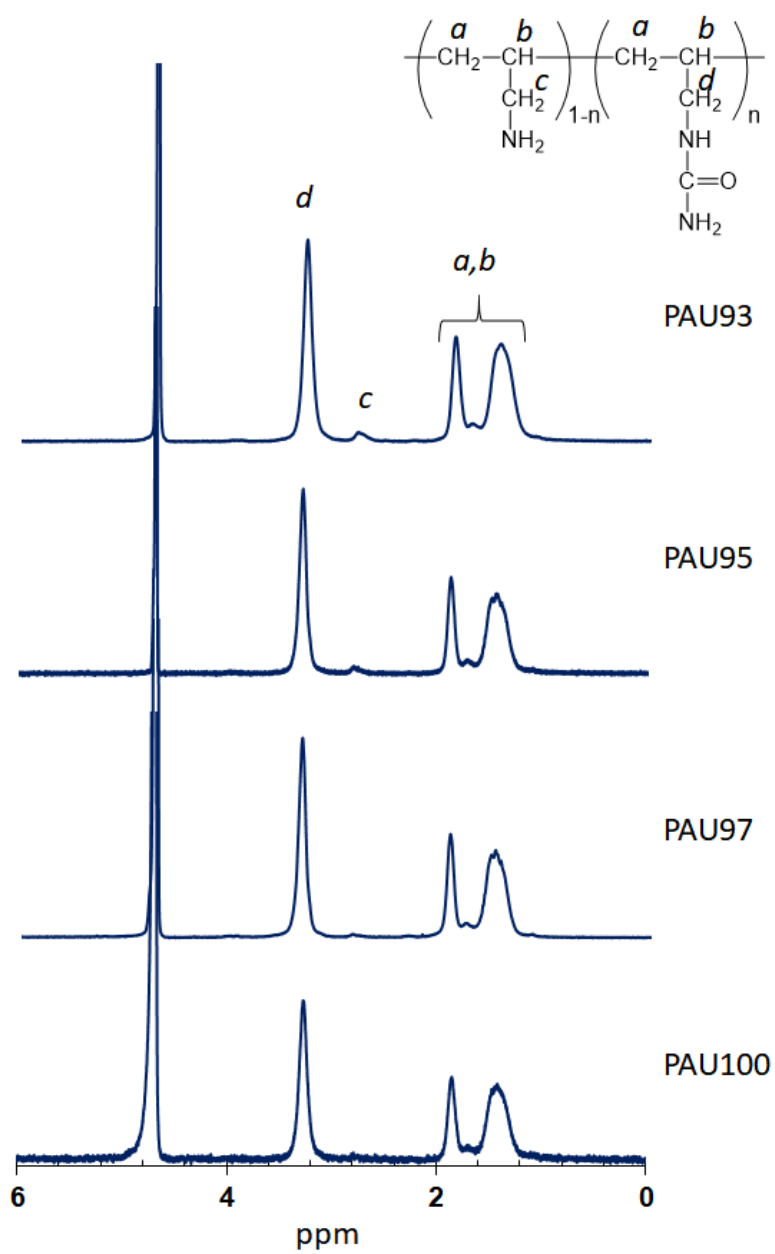


Electronic Supplementary Information

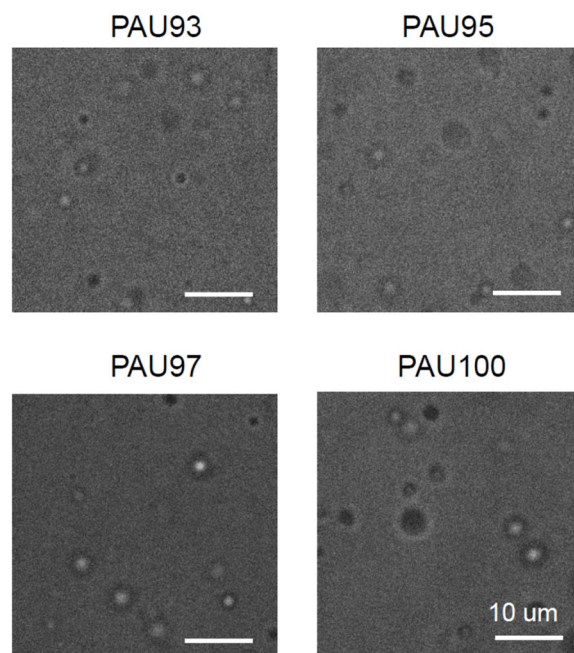
**Encapsulation in cooling-induced coacervates augments DNA enzyme activity**

Takuya Komachi, Shunya Kawai, Yuki Hirayama, Atsushi Maruyama\* and Naohiko Shimada\*

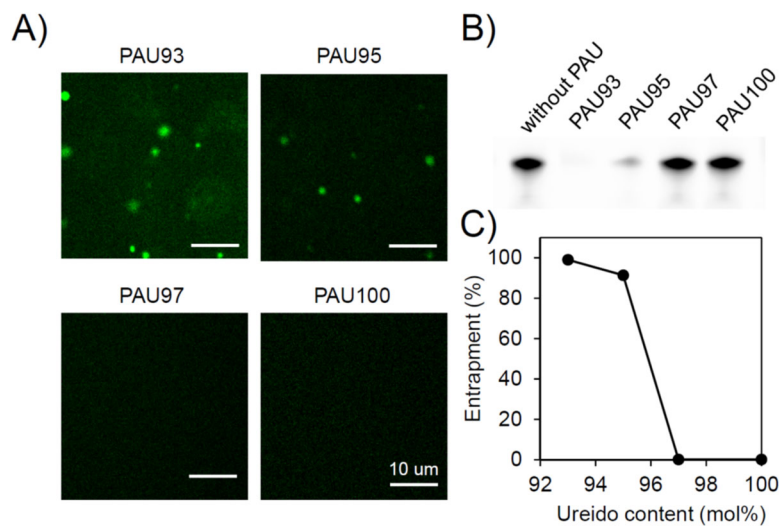
Department of Life Science and Technology, Tokyo Institute of Technology, 4259 Nagatsuta-cho,  
Midori-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa 226-8501, Japan



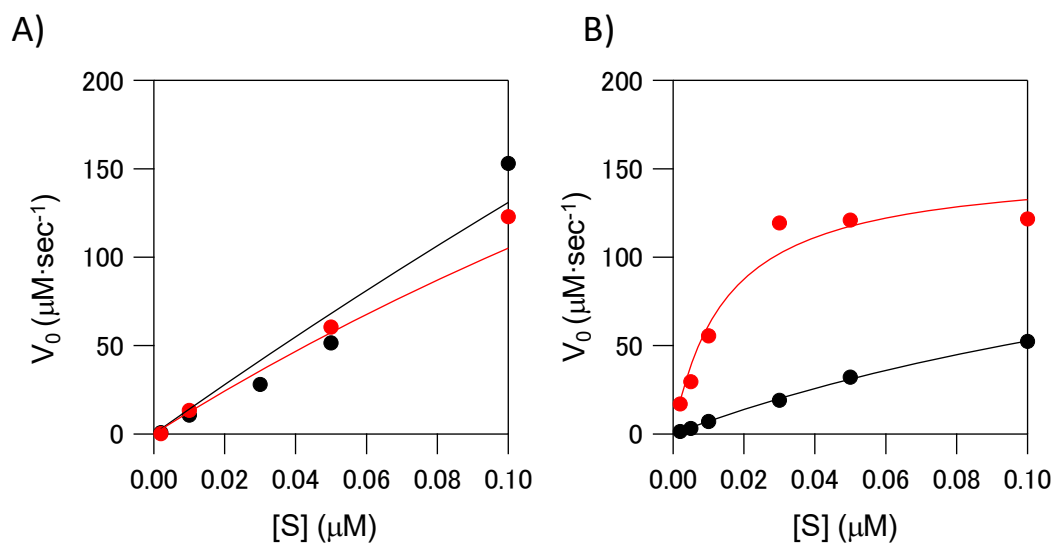
**Fig. S1**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of PAUs used in this study.



**Fig. S2** Microscopic images of 1 mg/mL PAUs in the presence of 2 nM DNAzyme and 100 nM substrate at 35 °C. Scale bars indicate 10  $\mu$ m.



**Fig. S3** (A) Microscopic images of 100 nM FITC-labeled substrate in the presence of 1 mg/mL PAUs at 35 °C. Scale bars indicate 10  $\mu$ m. (B) PAGE analysis of supernatants prepared from FITC-labeled substrate alone or in the presence of PAUs. (C) Percent entrapped substrate as a function of ureido content of PAU.



**Fig. S4** Plots of velocity of DNAzyme reaction as a function of concentration of substrate in the absence (black lines) or the presence (red lines) of PAU93 at A) 55 °C and B) 35 °C.