

Electronic supplementary information

Carboxylic Acid-Assisted Sterically Demanding Reductive Cross-Coupling between Cycloalkenyl and Alkyl Bromides

Jinglin An,[†] Xue Zhou,[†] Yifan Zhang, Zhenfei Ye, Qianyou Guo, Hao Song, Zhenlei Song,* Xiao-Yu Liu and Yong Qin**

Key Laboratory of Drug-Targeting and Drug Delivery System of the Education Ministry and Sichuan Province, Sichuan Engineering Laboratory for Plant-Sourced Drug and Sichuan Research Center for Drug Precision Industrial Technology, West China School of Pharmacy, Sichuan University, Chengdu, 610041, China.

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1. General Information

All reactions that require anhydrous conditions were performed in flame-dried glassware under Ar atmosphere and all the commercial reagents were used without purification unless otherwise noted. Solvent purification was conducted according to Purification of Laboratory Chemicals (Peerrin, D. D.; Armarego, W. L. and Perrins, D. R., Pergamon Press: Oxford, 1980). The products were purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (200-300 meshes) from the Anhui Liangchen Silicon Material Company (China). Reactions were monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC) supplied by Yantai Chemicals (China). Visualization was accomplished with UV light, exposure to iodine, stained with ethanolic solution of phosphomolybdic acid or basic solution of KMnO_4 . ^1H NMR and ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded on Varian INOVA-400/54 and Agilent DD2-600/54 instruments and calibrated by using residual undeuterated chloroform (δ , ^1H NMR = 7.26, ^{13}C NMR = 77.16). The following abbreviations were used to explain the multiplicities: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, br = broad, td = triple doublet, dt = double triplet, m = multiplet, and coupling constants (J) are reported in Hertz (Hz). Infrared (IR) spectra were recorded on a Perkin Elmer Spectrum Two FT-IR spectrometer. The specific optical rotation was obtained from *Rudolph Research Analytical Autopol VI* automatic polarimeter. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded on Bruker Apex IV FTMS or Thermo Scientific LTQ Orbitrap XL ESI mass spectrometers. LC-MS analysis was performed on HP Agilent 6420 Triple Quad LC/MS.

2. Optimization of the Reaction Conditions

Table S1. Effect of Ligands

Entry	Ligand	Yield (%) ^b
1	No	NR
2	L1	73
3	L2	50
4	L3	42
5	L4	32
6	L5	30
7	L6	24
8	L7	17
9	L8	10
10	L9	5
11	L10	35
12	L11	30
13	L12	42
14	L13	9

^aAlkenyl bromide **1a** (0.53 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and alkyl bromide **2a** (2.0 equiv.) were used in all reactions unless otherwise stated. ^bYields were determined according to the isolated material.

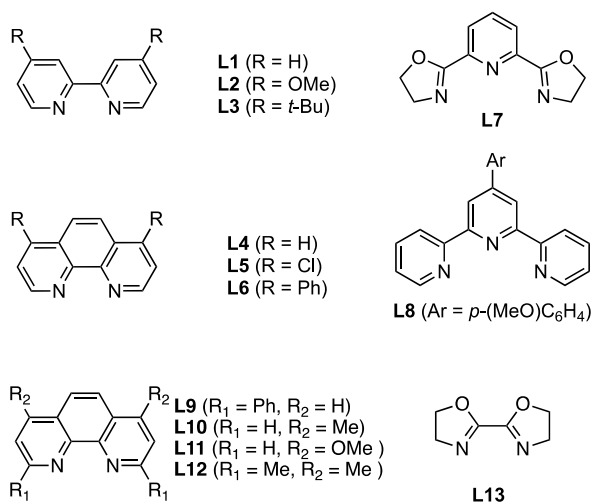
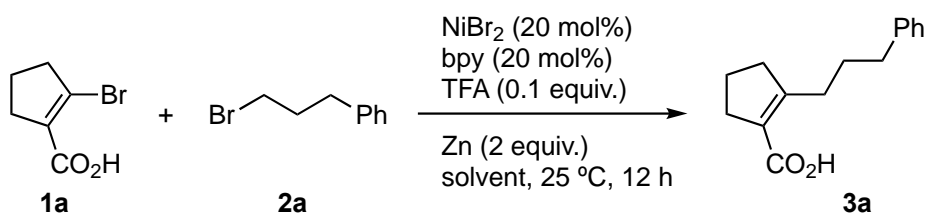
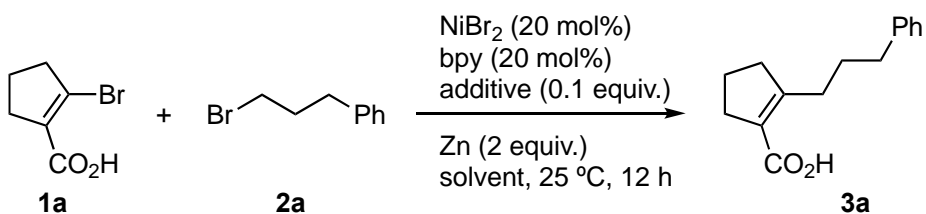


Table S2. Effect of Solvents

Entry	Solvent	Yield (%) ^b
1	DMSO	73
2	pyridine	25
3	DMPU	8
4	NMP	NR
5	DMF	15
6	CH ₃ CN	NR
7	THF	NR
8	CHCl ₃	NR
9	PhMe	NR
10	PhH	NR
11	DCM	NR
12	dioxane	NR
13	TBME	NR
14	PhOMe	NR
15	DME	NR

^aAlkenyl bromide **1a** (0.53 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and alkyl bromide **2a** (2.0 equiv.) were used in all reactions unless otherwise stated. ^bYields were determined according to the isolated material.

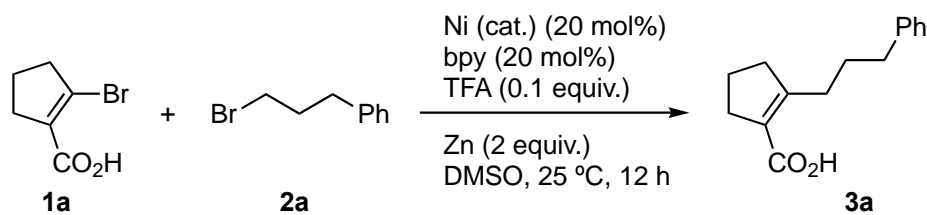
Table S3. Effect of Additives

Entry	Additive	Yield (%) ^b
1	NO	Trace
2	TFA	73
3	NaI	68

4	TBAI	43
5	TMSCl	36
6	LiBr	38
7	pyridine	42

^aAlkenyl bromide **1a** (0.53 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and alkyl bromide **2a** (2.0 equiv.) were used in all reactions unless otherwise stated. ^bYields were determined according to the isolated material.

Table S4. Effect of Ni (cat.)



Entry	Ni (cat.)	Yield (%) ^b
1	NiCl ₂	64
2	NiBr ₂	73
3	NiI ₂	92
4	NiCl ₂ ·6H ₂ O	50
5	NiCl ₂ (PPh ₃) ₂	49
6	Ni(acac) ₂	26
7	Ni(CO) ₂ (PPh ₃) ₂	73
8	Ni(OTf) ₂	29
9	Ni(COD) ₂	39
10	NiBr ₂ ·3H ₂ O	22
11	Ni(DPPE)Cl ₂	37
12	NiCl ₂ (PCy ₃) ₂	72
13	(DPPP)NiCl ₂	66
14	(dme)NiCl ₂	48
15	NiI ₂ ·6H ₂ O	55
16	Ni(OAc) ₂ ·4H ₂ O	54
17	NiCl(PPh ₃) ₂ (dppf)	81
18	NiBr ₂ (PPh) ₃	52
19	(dme)NiBr ₂	85
20	Ni(ClO ₄) ₂ ·6H ₂ O	60

^aAlkenyl bromide **1a** (0.53 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and alkyl bromide **2a** (2.0 equiv.) were used in all reactions unless otherwise stated. ^bYields were determined according to the isolated material.

Table S5. Effect of Reducing Agents

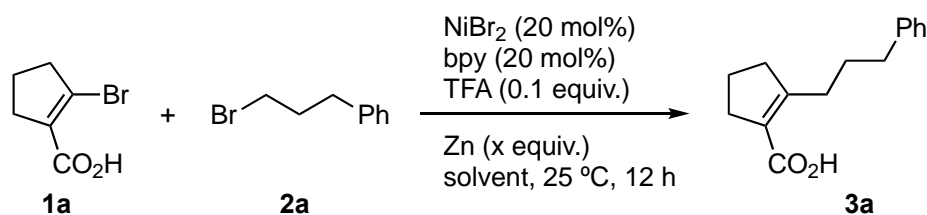
Entry	M	Yield (%) ^b
1	Zn	92
2	Mn	<5
3	Fe	NR

^aAlkenyl bromide **1a** (0.53 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and alkyl bromide **2a** (2.0 equiv.) were used in all reactions unless otherwise stated. ^bYields were determined according to the isolated material.

Table S6. Effect of Different Loading of Ni (cat.) and Ligands

Entry	x	Yield (%) ^b
1	25	89
2	20	92
3	15	88
4	10	75 ^c
5	7.5	69 ^c
6	5	52 ^c

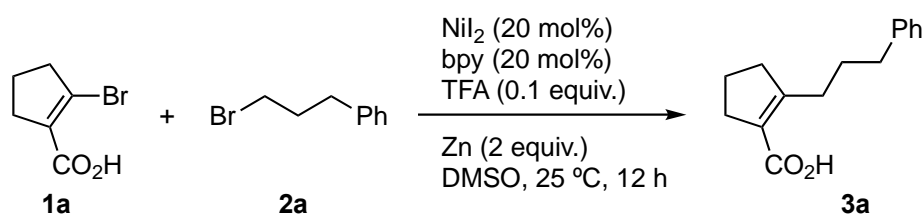
^aAlkenyl bromide **1a** (0.53mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and alkyl bromide **2a** (2.0 equiv.) were used in all reactions unless otherwise stated. ^bYields were determined according to the isolated material. ^cThe reaction time was 24 h.

Table S7. Effect of Different Equivalent of Reducing Agents

Entry	equivalent	Yield (%) ^b
1	2.5	89
2	2.0	92
3	1.75	74 ^c
4	1.5	67 ^c
5	1.25	63 ^c

^aAlkenyl bromide **1a** (0.53 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and alkyl bromide **2a** (2.0 equiv.) were used in all reactions unless otherwise stated. ^bYields were determined according to the isolated material. ^cThe reaction time was 24 h.

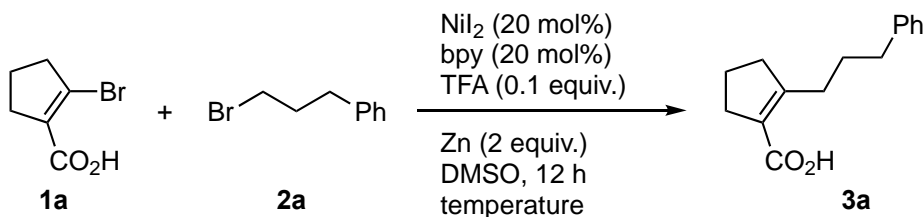
Table S8. Effect of Different Equivalent of Alkyl Bromide



Entry	Equivalent of 2a	Yield (%) ^b
1	2.5	89
2	2.25	90
3	2.0	92
4	1.75	84 ^c
5	1.5	78 ^c
6	1.25	70 ^c

^aAlkenyl bromide **1a** (0.53 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and alkyl bromide **2a** (x equiv.) were used in all reactions unless otherwise stated. ^bYields were determined according to the isolated material. ^cThe reaction time was 24 h.

Table S9. Effect of Temperature

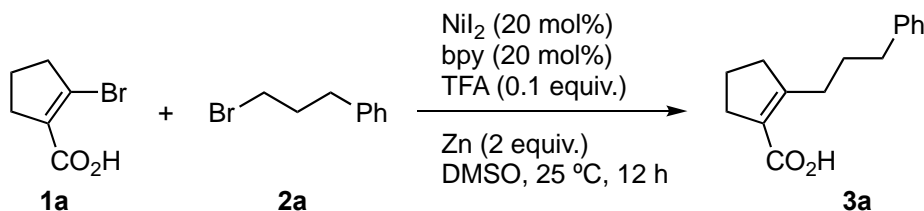


Entry	Temperature	Yield (%) ^b
1	0 °C	NR
2	RT	92

3	50 °C	85
4	75 °C	75

^aAlkenyl bromide **1a** (0.530 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and alkyl bromide **2a** (2.0 equiv.) were used in all reactions unless otherwise stated. ^bYields were determined according to the isolated material.

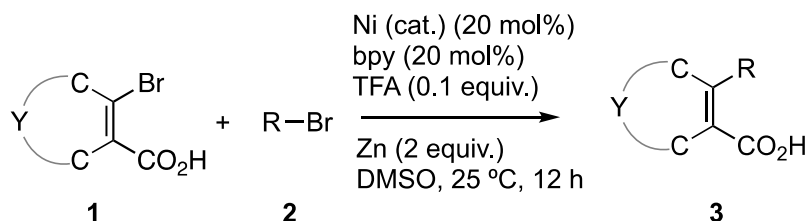
Table S10. Effect of Concentration of 1a



Entry	Conc.(mmol/mL) of 1a	Yield (%) ^b
1	0.075	88
2	0.1	92
3	0.25	62 ^c
4	0.5	56 ^c
5	0.75	54 ^c
6	1.0	51 ^c

^aAlkenyl bromide **1a** (0.530 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and alkyl bromide **2a** (2.0 equiv.) were used in all reactions unless otherwise stated. ^bYields were determined according to the isolated material. ^cThe reaction time was 24 h.

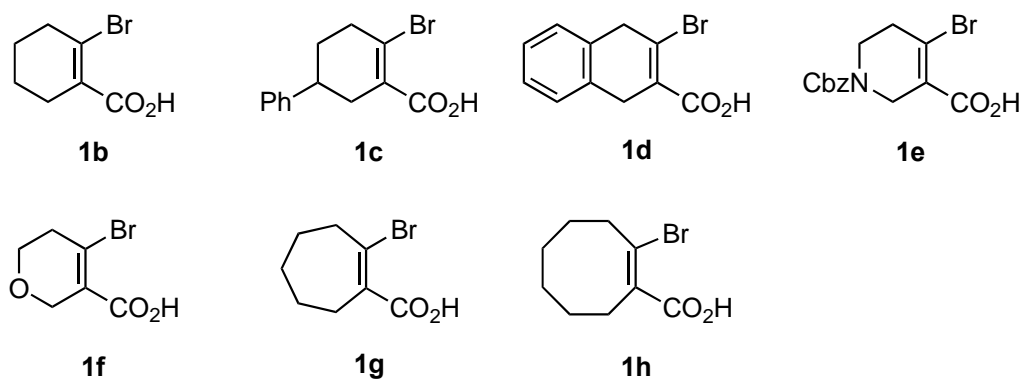
3. General Procedure for the Ni-Catalyzed Cross-Electrophile Coupling



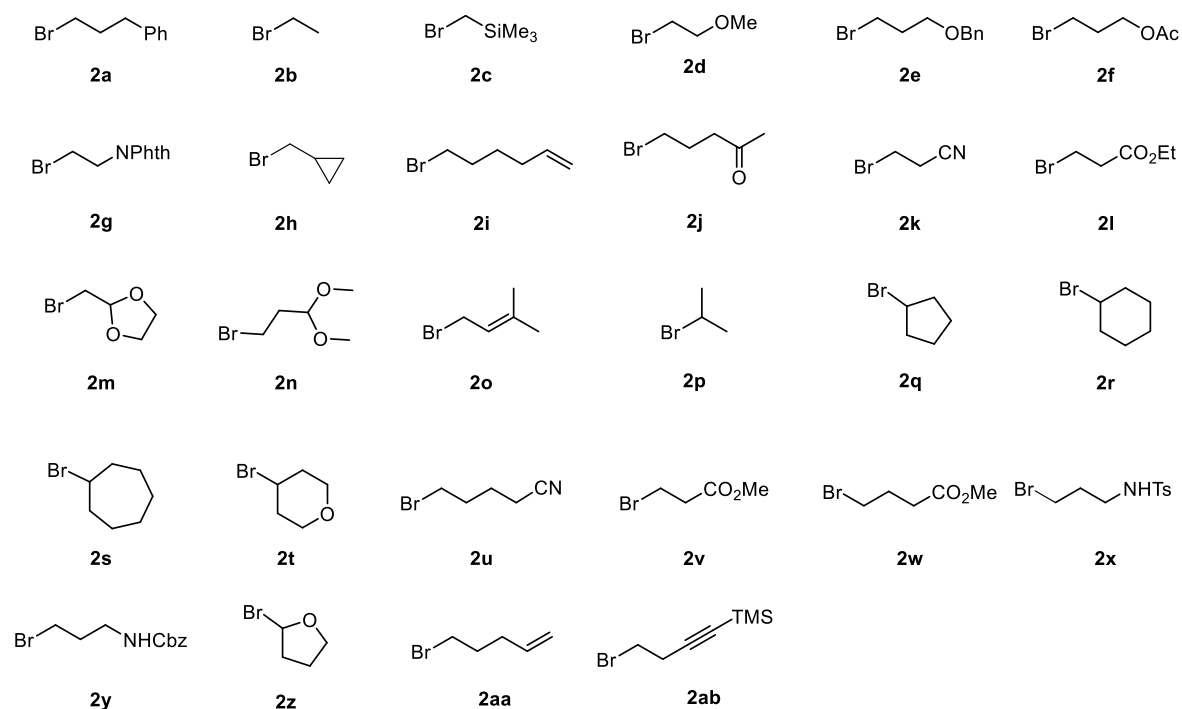
Under argon atmosphere, a solution of acid (100 mg, 1.0 equiv), NiI₂ (0.2 equiv), bpy (0.2 equiv), Zn (2.0 equiv), alkyl bromide compound (2.0 equiv) and TFA (0.1 equiv) in degassed dry DMSO (6 mL) was stirred at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 h, after the reaction was completed as indicated by TLC and LC-MS, it was carefully quenched with 0.5-1.0 N HCl aqueous solution (6 mL), and extracted with methyl *tert*-butyl ether (3 × 20 mL). The combined organic phase was dried over

anhydrous MgSO_4 and concentrated under vacuum. The crude residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 30/1 to 5/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid) to afford the corresponding coupling product.

4. Synthesis and Characterization of Substrate

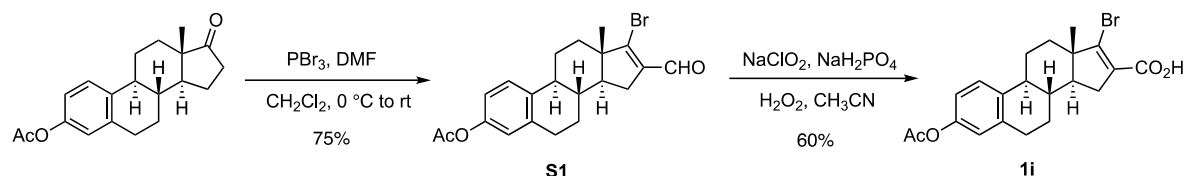


Compounds **1b–1h** were prepared according to literature methods.^{1–3}



Compounds **2a–2ab** are commercially available.

Synthesis of Substrate **1i**

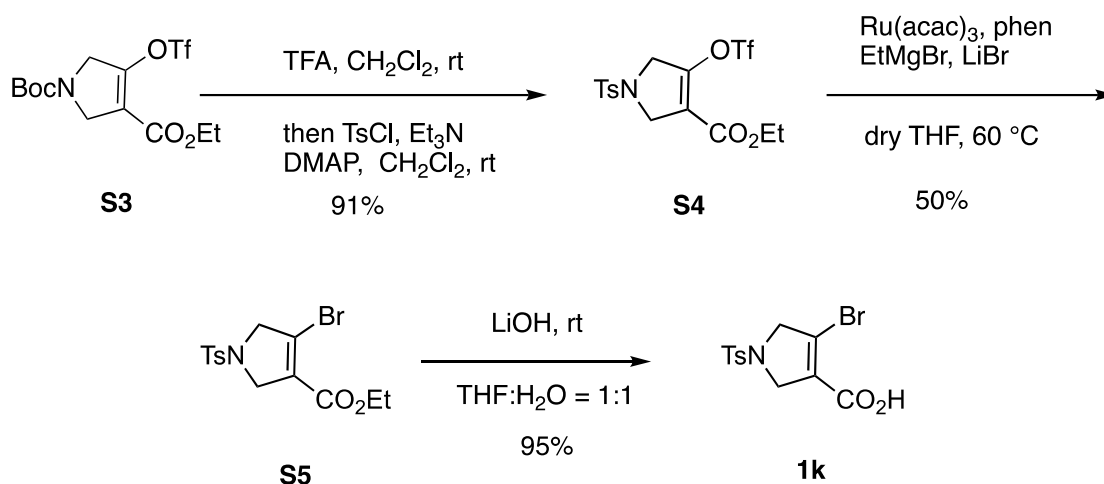


To a mixture of DMF (2.5 mL) and CH_2Cl_2 (20 mL) was slowly added PBr_3 (16.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv, 1.5 mL) at 0 °C under Ar. The pale yellow slurry was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. A solution of Estrone (8.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv, 2.5 g) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) was added dropwise to the above solution at room temperature. The mixture was stirred at this temperature for 2 h, then poured into NaOH aqueous solution (20 mL), and extracted with ethyl acetate (3×20 mL). The extract was dried over MgSO_4 . The organic phase was removed under reduced pressure, and the crude product was purified by column chromatography (eluent: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 10/1, v/v) to afford **S1** (2.4 g, 75%).

A solution of NaClO_2 (8.4 mmol, 1.4 equiv, 0.9 g) in water (10 mL) was added dropwise in 2 h to a stirred mixture of **S1** (6.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv, 2.4 g) in CH_3CN (10.0 mL), NaH_2PO_4 (1.6 mmol, 0.27 equiv, 0.2 g) in water (5 mL) and 30% aqueous H_2O_2 (0.7 mL), keeping the temperature at 0 °C with water cooling. After completion of the reaction (monitored by TLC), the mixture was poured into saturated Na_2CO_3 aqueous solution, and washed with ethyl acetate. The aqueous phase was poured into HCl solution, and extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was dried over MgSO_4 . The organic phase was removed under reduced pressure and the crude product was purified by column chromatography (eluent: petroleum ether/EtOAc = 3/1, v/v) to afford **1i** (1.5 g, 60%). Amorphous powder; $R_f = 0.55$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.27 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.92 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 2.92 (dt, $J = 8.8, 4.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.68 (dd, $J = 14.8, 6.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.44 (m, 1H), 2.31 (d, $J = 14.8$ Hz, 5H), 2.03 – 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.72 – 1.52 (m, 3H), 1.46 (m, 1H), 0.94 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 170.0, 169.8, 149.8, 148.7, 138.1, 137.5, 130.5, 126.2, 121.7, 118.8, 53.3, 52.3, 44.3, 37.2, 34.6, 32.7, 29.4, 27.0, 26.0, 21.2, 15.2; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2927, 2870, 1766, 1691, 1664, 1588, 1495, 1370,$

= 2924, 2854, 1763, 1667, 1607, 1495, 1454, 1370, 1257, 1207, 1090, 1015, 942, 900, 800, 751, 699, 667, 564, 493, 439 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{29}\text{BrO}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 435.1176, found, 435.1159; $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{25} = +34.14$ (c 0.74, CHCl_3).

Synthesis of Substrate 1k

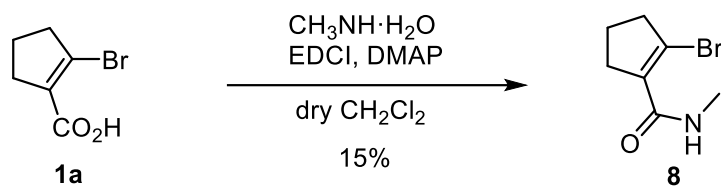


S3 (0.510 mmol, 1.0 equiv, 0.2 g) in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL) was stirred with TFA (13.0 mmol, 25.5 equiv, 1.0 mL) at room temperature for 3 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure. Then the crude residue was dissolved in CH_2Cl_2 (5 mL), to which were sequentially added Et_3N (1.5 mmol, 3.0 equiv, 0.2 mL), DMAP (0.26 mmol, 0.5 equiv, 31.0 mg) and TsCl (1.0 mmol, 2.0 equiv, 196 mg). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. The reaction was extracted with water (15 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 12/1 to 8/1, v/v) to afford **S4** (207 mg, 91%). White solid; $R_f = 0.32$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 6/1, v/v); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.71 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 4.34 (s, 4H), 4.24 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 1.28 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 159.5, 145.9, 144.8, 133.1, 130.3, 127.6, 119.5, 118.3 (q, $J = 319$ Hz), 62.1, 52.5, 51.9, 21.7, 14.0; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2986, 2863, 1732, 1691, 1598, 1427, 1345, 1275, 1215, 1200, 1152, 1136, 1100, 1042, 853, 817, 756, 709, 682, 620, 596, 584, 529, 502, 470, 420, 410$ cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{16}\text{F}_3\text{NO}_7\text{S}_2$, $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ 466.0212, found, 466.0214.

To a THF solution (0.9 mL) of Ru(acac)₃ (0.038 mmol, 0.06 equiv, 10.8 mg), o-phenanthroline (0.038 mmol, 0.06 equiv, 10.8 mg) and LiBr (0.54 mmol, 1.2 equiv, 47 mg) placed in an oven-dried Schlenk tube was added ethylmagnesium bromide (0.11 mmol, 1.0 M THF solution, 0.1 mL). After stirring for 10 min at room temperature, **S4** (0.45 mmol, 1.0 equiv, 200 mg) was added at 20 °C and stirring was continued for 72 h.⁴ The reaction was concentrated under reduced pressure. Purification by passing through a pad of silica gel using Dichloromethane/Acetonitrile (200/1, v/v) afforded **S5** (85 mg, 50%). Amorphous powder; R_f = 0.55 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 6/1 ~10/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.73 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.40 – 4.25 (m, 4H), 4.21 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 1.29 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.1, 144.4, 133.4, 130.2, 127.7, 124.7, 61.5, 61.3, 55.1, 21.7, 14.2; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 2987, 2926, 2856, 1725, 1709, 1641, 1597, 1452, 1494, 1452, 1346, 1305, 1288, 1263, 1162, 1097, 1084, 1016, 948, 861, 835, 815, 761, 708, 668, 617, 610, 563, 547, 510, 465, 410 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₄H₁₆BrNO₄S, [M + Na]⁺ 395.9876, found, 395.9880.

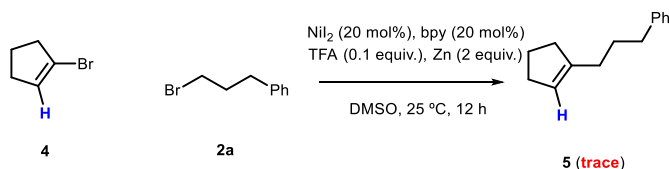
A round bottom flask was charged with **S5** (0.27 mmol, 1.0 equiv, 100 mg), LiOH (2.7 mmol, 10.0 equiv, 64 mg), and THF/H₂O (1/1, v/v, 0.1 M). The reaction was stirred at room temperature 12h before it was acidified with 3 N HCl. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 10 mL). The combined organic phase was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄, filtered, and evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (dichloromethane/methanol = 10/1 ~ 5/1, v/v) to give the corresponding unsaturated acid **1k** (175 mg, 95%). Amorphous powder; R_f = 0.61 (dichloromethane/methanol = 10/1, v/v); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 7.77 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.34 (t, J = 4.3 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (t, J = 4.3 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 162.1, 144.1, 132.6, 130.2, 127.5, 60.7, 55.0, 21.0; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 2986, 2863, 1732, 1691, 1598, 1427, 1345, 1275, 1215, 1200, 1152, 1136, 1100, 1042, 853, 817, 756, 709, 682, 620, 596, 584, 529, 502, 470, 420, 410 cm⁻¹; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₂H₁₂BrNO₄S, [M – H]⁻ 343.9598, found, 343.9590.

Synthesis of Substrate 8

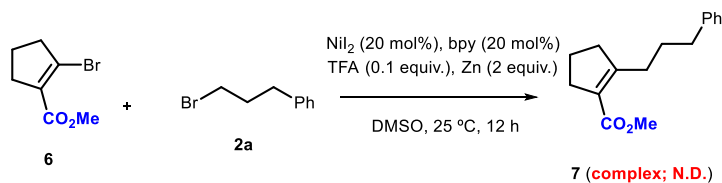


1a (1.05 mmol, 1.0 equiv, 0.2 g) in CH_2Cl_2 (10 mL) was stirred with $\text{CH}_3\text{NH}\cdot\text{H}_2\text{O}$ (13.0 mmol, 25.5 equiv, 1.0 mL), DMAP (1.05 mmol, 1.0 equiv, 122 mg) and EDCI (1.58 mmol, 1.5 equiv, 301.9 mg) at room temperature for 12 h. The reaction was extracted with water (15 mL). The organic layer was dried over MgSO_4 , filtered, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 12/1 to 4/1, v/v) to afford **8** (29 mg, 15%). Amorphous powder; $R_f = 0.25$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5/1, v/v); ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.42 (s, 1H), 2.91 (dd, $J = 5.2, 1.8$ Hz, 3H), 2.87 – 2.76 (m, 2H), 2.70 (t, $J = 6.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.95 (p, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 164.8, 136.1, 122.9, 42.9, 33.9, 26.3, 21.4; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 3310, 2936, 2851, 1643, 1532, 1441, 1408, 1303, 1164, 1092, 913, 679, 644, 464$ cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_7\text{H}_{10}\text{BrNO}$, $[\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+ 202.9946$, found, 202.9941.

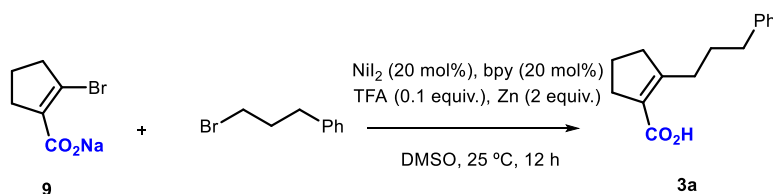
5. Control Experiments



Under argon atmosphere, a solution of acid **4** (100 mg, 1.0 equiv), NiI_2 (0.2 equiv), bpy (0.2 equiv), Zn (2.0 equiv), **2a** (2.0 equiv) and TFA (0.1 equiv) in degassed dry DMSO (6 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. After the reaction was completed as indicated by TLC and LC-MS, it was carefully quenched with 0.5–1.0 N HCl aqueous solution (6 mL), and extracted with methyl *tert*-butyl ether (3×20 mL). The combined organic phase was dried over anhydrous MgSO_4 and concentrated under vacuum. The crude residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 30/1 to 5/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid) to afford the corresponding coupling product.

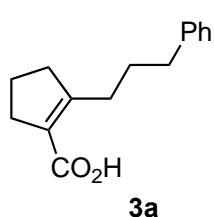


Under argon atmosphere, a solution of acid **6** (100 mg, 1.0 equiv), NiI₂ (0.2 equiv), bpy (0.2 equiv), Zn (2.0 equiv), **2a** (2.0 equiv) and TFA (0.1 equiv) in degassed dry DMSO (6 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. After the reaction was completed as indicated by TLC and LC-MS, it was carefully quenched with 0.5–1.0 N HCl aqueous solution (6 mL), and extracted with methyl *tert*-butyl ether (3 × 20 mL). The combined organic phase was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and concentrated under vacuum. The crude residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 30/1 to 5/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid) to afford the corresponding coupling product.

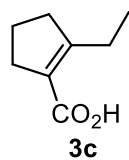


Under argon atmosphere, a solution of acid **9** (110.5 mg, 1.0 equiv), NiI₂ (0.2 equiv), bpy (0.2 equiv), Zn (2.0 equiv), **2a** (2.0 equiv) and TFA (0.1 equiv) in degassed dry DMSO (6 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. After the reaction was completed as indicated by TLC and LC-MS, it was carefully quenched with 0.5–1.0 N HCl aqueous solution (6 mL), and extracted with methyl *tert*-butyl ether (3 × 20 mL). The combined organic phase was dried over anhydrous MgSO₄ and concentrated under vacuum. The crude residue was purified by silica gel flash column chromatography (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 30/1 to 5/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid) to afford the coupling product **3a** (101mg, 84%).

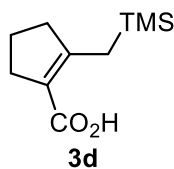
6. Characterization Data



The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3a** (110 mg, 92% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.74$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.24 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.20 – 7.11 (m, 3H), 2.64 (m, 6H), 2.49 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.78 (m, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 172.1, 163.1, 142.3, 128.5, 128.4, 127.2, 125.9, 38.7, 36.1, 33.5, 30.1, 29.9, 21.5; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 3026, 2921, 1604, 1495, 1460, 1081, 1030, 726, 693, 542, 520, 463, 436, 407\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{17}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 229.1234, found, 229.1225.

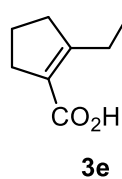


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3c** (110 mg, 92% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.71$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.63 (m, 4H), 2.54 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.05 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 171.6, 165.0, 126.1, 38.2, 33.6, 23.5, 21.5, 12.6; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2961, 2918, 2862, 2623, 2573, 1678, 1660, 1626, 1454, 1431, 1412, 1372, 1350, 1299, 1249, 1136, 1121, 1059, 1014, 939, 750, 775, 556, 508, 431, 413\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 139.0765, found, 139.0759.

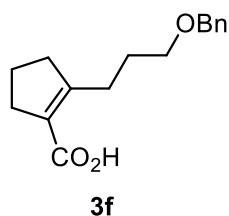


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3d** (80 mg, 75% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.63$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.62 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.46 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 2H), 1.80 (m, 2H), 0.05 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 72.2, 163.6, 122.9, 41.7, 33.1, 24.2, 21.9, -0.6; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2953, 2592, 1652, 1606, 1431, 1413, 1338, 1413, 1301, 1276, 1276, 1248, 1206, 1151, 1124, 1028, 970, 884, 837, 779, 739, 694, 612, 546, 492, 427, 409\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI):

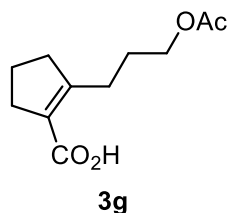
m/z calculated for C₁₀H₁₈O₂Si, [M – H][–] 197.1003, found, 197.1006.



The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3e** (53 mg, 59% yield) as an amorphous powder. *R_f* = 0.6 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.53 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.35 (s, 3H), 2.87 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.65 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.57 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.84 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.8, 158.5, 129.1, 70.9, 58.7, 39.1, 33.7, 30.6, 21.5; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 3061, 2928, 2870, 1674, 1632, 1430, 1265, 1195, 1110, 1066, 949, 817, 733, 706, 563, 411 cm^{–1}; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₉H₁₄O₃, [M – H][–] 169.0870, found, 169.0867.

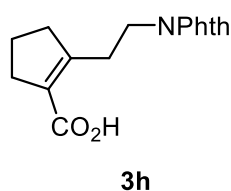


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3f** (89 mg, 65% yield) as an amorphous powder. *R_f* = 0.50 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 – 7.16 (m, 5H), 4.42 (s, 2H), 3.41 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (s, 2H), 2.56 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.46 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.72 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.7, 171.6, 162.7, 162.7, 138.6, 128.5, 127.8, 127.6, 127.3, 73.0, 70.3, 38.8, 33.6, 28.2, 27.1, 21.5; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 2923, 2855, 1670, 1628, 1495, 1453, 1429, 1412, 1363, 1299, 1271, 1203, 1099, 1027, 941, 734, 696, 609, 565, 459, 425, 407 cm^{–1}; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for C₁₆H₂₀O₃, [M – H][–] 259.1340, found, 259.1332.

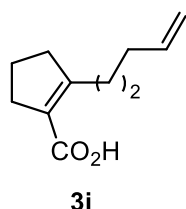


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3g** (85 mg, 76% yield) as an amorphous powder. *R_f* = 0.57 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.06 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.66 (m, 4H), 2.53 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.82 (m, 4H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 171.5, 171.3, 161.7, 127.8, 64.3, 38.7, 33.5, 27.0, 26.7, 21.5, 21.1; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 2955, 1738, 1716, 1672, 1631, 1431, 1389, 1366, 1236, 1117, 1042, 967, 944, 748, 633, 606, 566, 408 cm^{–1}; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated

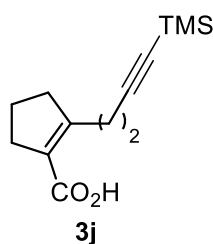
for $C_{11}H_{16}O_2$, $[M - H]^-$ 211.0976, found, 211.0970.



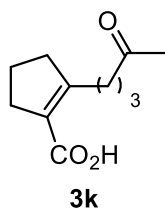
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3h** (115 mg, 70% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.47$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.82 (m, 2H), 7.69 (m, 2H), 3.87 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.95 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.67 – 2.52 (m, 4H), 1.84 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 170.0, 168.3, 158.0, 132.2, 129.6, 129.6, 123.3, 38.8, 36.1, 33.6, 29.3, 21.7; IR (neat): $\nu_{max} = 1770, 1705, 1668, 1441, 1406, 1371, 1278, 1100, 1030, 715, 531, 421$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{16}H_{14}NO_4$, $[M - H]^-$ 284.0928, found, 284.0920.



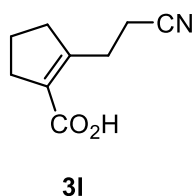
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3i** (66 mg, 70% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.62$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2:1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 5.82 (m, 1H), 5.09 – 4.90 (m, 2H), 2.64 (m, 4H), 2.53 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.12 – 2.03 (m, 2H), 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.63 – 1.50 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 171.3, 163.0, 138.5, 126.8, 114.7, 38.6, 33.8, 33.5, 29.8, 27.3, 21.4; IR (neat): $\nu_{max} = 2925, 2856, 1674, 1631, 1430, 1413, 1343, 1270, 1115, 992, 910, 748, 565, 420, 407\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{11}H_{16}O_2$, $[M - H]^-$ 179.1078, found, 179.1070.



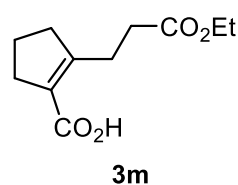
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3j** (79 mg, 63% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.75$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2:1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); 1H NMR (400 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 2.81 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.72 – 2.58 (m, 4H), 2.42 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.85 (m, 2H), 0.13 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 171.4, 161.3, 128.1, 106.7, 85.3, 39.3, 33.5, 29.2, 21.5, 18.8, 0.2; IR (neat): $\nu_{max} = 2957, 2611, 2177, 1675, 1629, 1432, 1410, 1346, 1298, 1274, 1248, 1116, 1044, 942, 838, 760, 699, 638, 562, 513, 440, 406\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $C_{13}H_{20}O_2Si$, $[M - H]^-$ 235.1160, found, 235.1152.



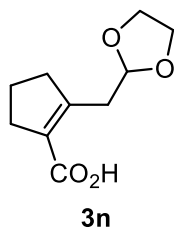
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3k** (59 mg, 57% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.47$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.62 (q, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 4H), 2.53 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.45 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 1.79 (m, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 209.0, 171.5, 162.4, 127.6, 43.3, 38.6, 33.5, 30.1, 29.4, 22.0, 21.5; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2948, 2156, 1708, 1671, 1628, 1410, 1356, 1272, 1189, 1115, 1062, 940, 776, 745, 565, 430, 406$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 195.1027, found, 195.1019.



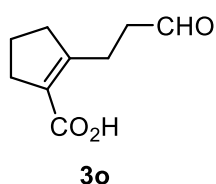
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3l** (80 mg, 91% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.94 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.67 (m, 4H), 2.56 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.91 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 170.8, 158.0, 130.0, 119.3, 38.9, 33.3, 25.8, 21.3, 15.9; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2961, 2918, 2869, 2611, 2245, 1804, 1669, 1632, 1436, 1413, 1354, 1342, 1296, 1272, 1223, 1137, 1119, 1042, 944, 774, 760, 705, 555, 469, 430, 407$ cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 179.1078, found, 179.1071.



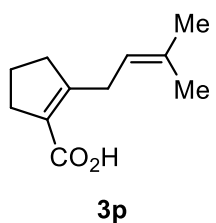
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3m** (90 mg, 80% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.58$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.13 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.90 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.64 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.51 (m, 2H), 1.84 (p, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.25 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.1, 170.7, 160.1, 128.2, 60.6, 38.4, 33.4, 32.5, 25.4, 21.4, 14.2; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2959, 1733, 1676, 1633, 1431, 1373, 1348, 1274, 1179, 1049, 1030, 943, 860, 784, 747, 544, 418$ cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 211.0976, found, 211.0970.



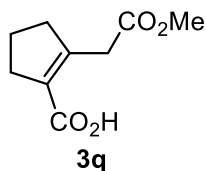
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3n** (58 mg, 56% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.57$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 5.07 (t, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 4.06 – 3.93 (m, 2H), 3.91 – 3.81 (m, 2H), 2.97 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.65 (m, 6H), 1.86 (p, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 170.6, 155.7, 129.9, 103.3, 65.0, 39.7, 35.2, 33.6, 21.6; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2887, 1674, 1634, 1427, 1277, 1126, 1040, 942, 827, 748, 566, 408$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 197.0819, found, 197.0815.



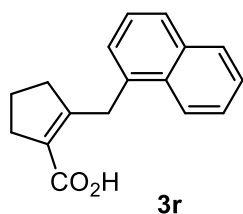
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3o** (110 mg, 70% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.56$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.78 (s, 1H), 2.91 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.61 (M, 4H), 2.53 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.84 (M, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 201.8, 171.4, 160.7, 128.3, 42.1, 38.8, 33.4, 23.0, 21.4; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2948, 2932, 1677, 1633, 1434, 1388, 1300, 1193, 1125, 1059, 961, 444\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_3$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 167.0714, found, 167.0706.



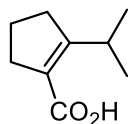
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3p** (66 mg, 760% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.63$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 5.14 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.33 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.64 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.51 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.81 (m, 2H), 1.68 (d, $J = 15.6$ Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 170.7, 162.0, 133.5, 126.0, 120.2, 38.4, 33.4, 29.7, 29.4, 25.7, 21.3, 17.9; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2926, 2858, 2609, 1674, 1629, 1430, 1414, 1345, 1268, 1203, 1116, 992, 909, 745, 636, 554, 433, 408\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 179.1078, found, 179.1071.



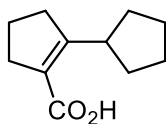
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3q** (67 mg, 70% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.64$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.71 (s, 2H), 3.82 – 3.76 (m, 3H), 2.87 – 2.81 (m, 2H), 2.74 – 2.68 (m, 2H), 2.00 (p, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 168.3, 163.2, 135.0, 131.0, 60.6, 52.4, 43.4, 33.0, 21.8; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2955, 2852, 1763, 1728, 1620, 1436, 1380, 1331, 1259, 1219, 1134, 1086, 1033, 975, 892, 775, 702, 641, 570, 455, 404\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 183.0663, found, 183.0667.



The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3r** (26 mg, 20% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.37$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.13 – 8.03 (m, 1H), 7.85 (dd, $J = 7.2, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.75 (d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 1H), 7.55 – 7.31 (m, 4H), 4.49 (s, 2H), 2.78 – 2.66 (m, 2H), 2.28 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.74 (p, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 171.4, 161.4, 135.3, 133.9, 132.5, 128.8, 127.7, 127.3, 127.0, 126.2, 125.8, 125.6, 124.1, 38.4, 34.1, 33.7, 21.3, 0.1; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2924, 1672, 1629, 1597, 1510, 1428, 1344, 1276, 1221, 1199, 1018, 942, 776, 688, 556, 528, 413\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 251.1078, found, 251.1074.

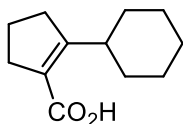


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3s** (66 mg, 82% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.64$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.72 (m, 1H), 2.62 (m, 2H), 2.51 (m, 2H), 1.80 (p, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.03 (d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 171.4, 161.3, 128.1, 106.7, 85.3, 39.3, 33.5, 29.2, 21.5, 18.8, 0.2; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 153.0921, found, 153.0915.



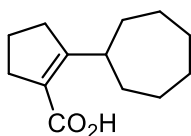
3t

The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3t** (65 mg, 69% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.71$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.78 (m, 1H), 2.63 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.52 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.81 (m, 4H), 1.72 – 1.56 (m, 4H), 1.46 – 1.31 (m, 2H). ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 172.2, 166.6, 126.5, 39.8, 34.4, 33.6, 26.0, 21.7; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2949, 2865, 1668, 1622, 1409, 1347, 1300, 1265, 1206, 1137, 953, 731, 568, 500, 416\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 179.1078, found, 179.1071.



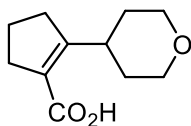
3u

The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3u** (51 mg, 50% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.72$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 12.49 (s, 1H), 3.38 (m, 1H), 2.70 – 2.57 (m, 2H), 2.55 – 2.46 (m, 2H), 1.86 – 1.58 (m, 7H), 1.43 – 1.13 (m, 5H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 172.2, 168.1, 125.4, 38.7, 34.7, 33.5, 31.3, 26.3, 26.3, 21.6; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2919, 2852, 1669, 1623, 1439, 1409, 1346, 1302, 1279, 937, 756, 566, 460, 406\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 193.1234, found, 193.1226



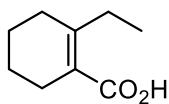
3v

The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3v** (60 mg, 55% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.56 (m, 1H), 2.60 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.52 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.78 (m, 2H), 1.73 – 1.58 (m, 6H), 1.51 (m, 4H), 1.41 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 171.7, 168.8, 124.0, 39.8, 34.3, 33.2, 33.1, 28.2, 27.3, 21.7; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2916, 2852, 1668, 1620, 1440, 1408, 1344, 1301, 1280, 1199, 1135, 933, 825, 755, 736, 564, 425\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 207.1391, found, 207.1385.



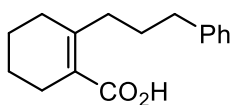
3w

The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3w** (67 mg, 75% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.57$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.99 (dd, $J = 11.2, 4.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.65 (m, 1H), 3.54 – 3.44 (m, 2H), 2.69 – 2.59 (m, 2H), 2.53 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.82 (m, 2H), 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.57 – 1.47 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 171.4, 165.4, 126.6, 68.0, 35.8, 34.8, 33.6, 30.7, 21.5; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2956, 2920, 2851, 1661, 1620, 1437, 1410, 1387, 1351, 1305, 1257, 1118, 1080, 1009, 984, 877, 822, 725, 570, 549, 462, 421\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_3$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 195.1027, found, 195.1021.



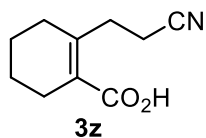
3x

The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3x** (64 mg, 85% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.65$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.45 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.30 (m, 2H), 2.18 (m, 2H), 1.61 (p, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 4H), 1.06 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.6, 155.7, 123.0, 31.6, 28.9, 26.4, 22.5, 22.4, 13.3; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 3051, 2934, 2857, 2627, 1676, 1619, 1455, 1404, 1285, 1263, 1247, 1180, 1088, 1044, 936, 875, 855, 828, 788, 739, 636, 531\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$ $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 153.0921, found, 153.0914.

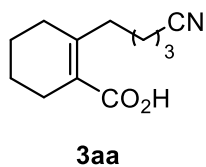


3y

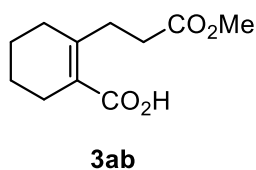
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3y** (107 mg, 90% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.74$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.33 – 7.10 (m, 5H), 2.65 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.50 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.32 (m, 2H), 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.79 (m, 2H), 1.59 (s, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.4, 153.8, 142.5, 128.5, 128.4, 125.8, 36.2, 35.6, 32.2, 30.5, 26.5, 22.5, 22.4; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 243.1391, found, 243.1384.



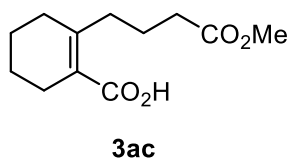
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3z** (75 mg, 86% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.38$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.76 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.57 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.33 (p, $J = 4.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.28 (m, 2H), 1.64 (m, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.3, 150.6, 126.5, 119.6, 32.9, 31.4, 26.2, 22.0, 21.9, 16.3; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2939, 2869, 2614, 2243, 2154, 2012, 1666, 1624, 1451, 1404, 1343, 1285, 1264, 1188, 1160, 1138, 1079, 1049, 946, 901, 882, 823, 763, 737, 704, 666, 551, 506, 454, 433\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{NO}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 178.0874, found, 178.0863.



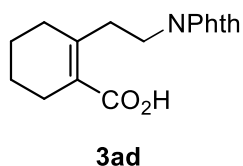
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3aa** (85 mg, 84% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.41$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.49 – 2.44 (m, 2H), 2.37 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 2H), 2.18 (s, 2H), 1.73 – 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.63 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.8, 153.0, 124.3, 119.9, 77.5, 77.2, 76.8, 34.7, 32.2, 27.6, 26.5, 25.5, 22.4, 22.3, 17.1; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2931, 2861, 2628, 2247, 1675, 1622, 1450, 1421, 1282, 1256, 1179, 1135, 1111, 1079, 938, 771, 741, 659, 538, 407\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 206.1187, found, 206.1200.



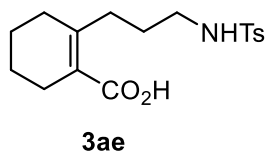
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3ab** (80 mg, 77% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.66$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.68 (s, 3H), 2.71 (t, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.51 (t, $J = 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.31 (m, 2H), 2.19 – 2.13 (m, 2H), 1.61 (s, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.0, 173.1, 150.3, 125.4, 51.7, 32.7, 31.6, 30.8, 26.4, 22.1; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2933, 2861, 2632, 1737, 1679, 1626, 1436, 1368, 1260, 1194, 1172, 1074, 1047, 970, 948, 876, 785, 732, 709, 641, 465\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 211.0976, found, 211.0969.



The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3ac** (84 mg, 72% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.67 (s, 3H), 2.47 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.39 – 2.27 (m, 4H), 2.22 – 2.13 (m, 2H), 1.80 (p, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.60 (p, $J = 3.2$ Hz, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.2, 173.7, 152.8, 124.3, 51.6, 34.9, 34.0, 32.0, 26.5, 23.9, 22.4, 22.3; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2933, 2860, 2630, 1737, 1680, 1625, 1637, 1369, 1282, 1258, 1196, 1175, 1142, 1078, 1025, 941, 742, 547\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 225.1132, found, 225.1124.

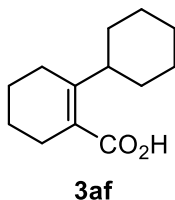


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3ad** (104 mg, 71% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.23$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.81 (m, 2H), 7.68 (m, 2H), 3.86 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.78 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.29 – 2.18 (m, 4H), 1.62 (s, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 172.5, 168.3, 148.1, 133.7, 132.2, 126.5, 123.1, 36.4, 34.3, 31.9, 26.5, 22.1, 22.0; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2933, 1771, 1709, 1467, 1437, 1395, 1360, 1282, 1264, 1188, 1099, 1039, 1006, 940, 873, 794, 718, 530, 407\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 298.1085, found, 225.1124.

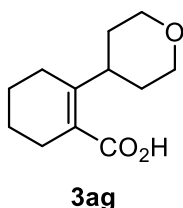


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3ae** (98 mg, 60% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.86 – 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.27 (m, 3H), 5.56 (s, 1H), 3.11 – 2.72 (m, 2H), 2.42 (m, 5H), 2.27 (s, 2H), 2.08 (s, 2H), 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.56 (s, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.2, 152.7, 143.2, 137.2, 129.7, 127.2, 124.6, 42.5, 32.3, 31.8, 27.8, 26.4, 22.3, 22.1, 21.6; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 3271, 2929, 2859, 1674, 1623, 1598, 1495, 1419, 1322, 1304,$

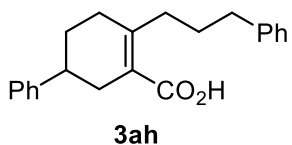
1286, 1262, 1212, 1182, 1153, 1092, 1019, 943, 908, 813, 730, 706, 661, 569, 549 cm^{-1} ;
 HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{23}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 336.1275, found, 336.1264.



The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3af** (48mg, 47% yield) as an amorphous powder. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.12 (t, $J = 9.3$ Hz, 1H), 2.31 (s, 2H), 2.12 (s, 2H), 1.79 – 1.53 (m, 8H), 1.41 – 0.91 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.6, 155.4, 122.9, 42.5, 31.1, 27.0, 26.6, 26.4, 26.1, 22.4, 22.4; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2923, 2852, 2620, 1679, 1611, 1449, 1404, 1281, 1259, 1242, 1136, 1043, 988, 939, 744, 689, 561, 513, 478, 407$ cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 207.1391, found, 207.1384.

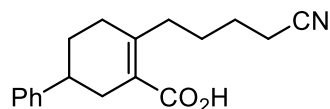


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3ag** (65 mg, 63% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.54$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.99 (dd, $J = 11.2, 4.4$ Hz, 2H), 3.59 – 3.33 (m, 3H), 2.32 (m, 2H), 2.18 – 2.08 (m, 2H), 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.60 (4, 2H), 1.47 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.4, 153.3, 124.2, 68.1, 39.5, 30.4, 26.8, 26.2, 22.1; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2946, 2927, 2856, 1680, 1627, 1442, 1419, 1390, 1362, 1284, 1259, 1239, 1205, 1141, 1116, 1041, 1005, 981, 964, 905, 847, 826, 814, 752, 703, 611, 561, 510, 462, 485$ cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_3$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 209.1183, found, 209.1175.



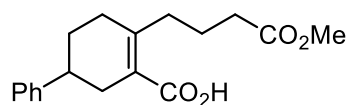
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3ah** (99 mg, 87% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.65$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.24 (m, 10H), 2.82 – 2.56 (m, 5H), 2.49 (m, 1H), 2.35 (m, 3H), 2.01 – 1.65 (m, 4H); ^{13}C NMR 100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.9, 153.7, 146.1, 142.4, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 127.0, 126.4, 125.9, 123.5, 39.8, 36.2, 35.2, 34.4, 32.8, 30.5, 29.3; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} =$

3024, 2924, 2858, 2607, 1681, 1661, 1620, 1495, 1454, 1421, 1400, 1283, 1260, 1156, 1078, 1030, 944, 908, 751, 699, 586, 525, 489, 457, 412, 404 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 319.1704, found, 319.1695.



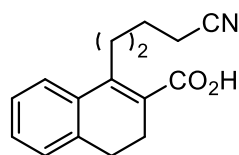
3ai

The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3ai** (82 mg, 80% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.58$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.17 (m, 3H), 2.76 (m, 2H), 2.59 (m, 1H), 2.54 – 2.46 (m, 1H), 2.46 – 2.31 (m, 5H), 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.71 (m, 5H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.6, 152.9, 145.8, 128.5, 126.8, 126.3, 123.9, 119.8, 39.7, 34.3, 34.3, 32.8, 29.1, 27.6, 25.4, 16.9; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 3028, 2926, 2863, 2606, 2246, 1678, 1623, 1494, 1455, 1422, 1281, 1260, 1197, 1073, 1030, 940, 916, 761, 701, 604, 520, 413 \text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{21}\text{NO}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 282.1500, found, 282.1491.



3aj

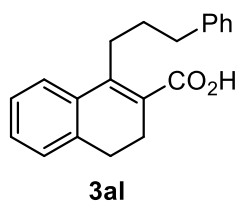
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3aj** (90 mg, 84% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.55$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.31 (t, $J = 7.6 \text{ Hz}$, 2H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 3H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 2.85 – 2.69 (m, 2H), 2.60 (m, 1H), 2.53 – 2.46 (m, 1H), 2.36 (q, $J = 10.8, 9.2 \text{ Hz}$, 5H), 2.01 – 1.69 (m, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.1, 152.7, 146.0, 128.5, 126.9, 126.4, 124.1, 51.6, 39.8, 34.5, 34.4, 33.9, 32.6, 29.2, 23.9; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 3024, 2924, 2858, 2607, 1681, 1661, 1620, 1495, 1454, 1421, 1400, 1283, 1260, 1156, 1078, 1030, 944, 908, 751, 699, 586, 525, 489, 457, 412, 404 \text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 301.1445, found, 301.1436.



3ak

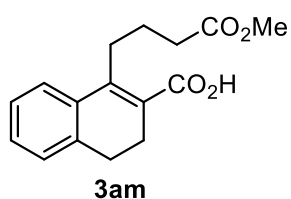
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3ak** (64 mg, 64% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.48$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5%

acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.53 – 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.33 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.21 (m, 1H), 3.08 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (m, 2H), 2.61 (m, 2H), 2.40 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.84 – 1.67 (m, 4H); ^{13}C NMR 100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.0, 148.0, 138.4, 134.0, 129.2, 127.9, 126.8, 125.7, 125.0, 119.8, 28.7, 28.2, 28.1, 25.4, 24.9, 16.9; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 2937, 2882, 2630, 2246, 1671, 1601, 1563, 1451, 1425, 1265, 1214, 1168, 1133, 1030, 942, 846, 767, 736, 562, 493, 431 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{NO}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 254.1187, found, 254.1178.



The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3al** (74 mg, 71% yield) as an amorphous powder.

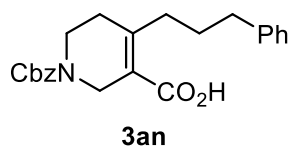
R_f = 0.71 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.43 – 7.18 (m, 9H), 3.15 – 3.06 (m, 2H), 2.83 – 2.74 (m, 4H), 2.64 (m, 2H), 1.94 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR 100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.7, 148.9, 142.2, 138.4, 134.5, 128.9, 128.6, 128.3, 127.7, 126.7, 125.8, 125.3, 125.2, 36.1, 31.3, 29.0, 28.4, 24.9; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 3061, 3024, 2934, 2606, 1668, 1600, 1562, 1495, 1451, 1400, 1338, 1302, 1279, 1263, 1213, 1161, 1134, 1080, 1065, 1029, 906, 843, 767, 729, 697, 648, 621, 600, 561, 543, 483, 427 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 291.1391, found, 291.1384.



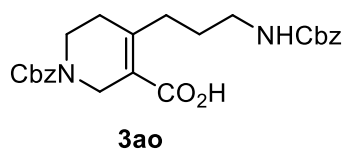
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3am** (66 mg, 61% yield) as an amorphous powder. R_f = 0.6 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing

0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.57 (dd, J = 6.8, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.32 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.22 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.08 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (dd, J = 9.2, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (dd, J = 9.2, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.90 (p, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR 100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.2, 147.9, 138.4, 134.2, 129.1, 127.8, 126.9, 125.4, 51.7, 33.9, 28.4, 28.4, 25.0, 24.8; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 2950, 2605, 1734, 1670, 1601, 1564, 1450, 1436, 1407, 1364, 1337, 1301, 1260, 1197, 1157, 1134, 1048, 1030, 942, 861, 767, 735, 593, 547,

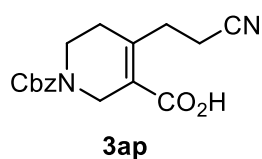
562, 428 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 273.1132, found, 273.1125.



The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3an** (91 mg, 82% yield) as an amorphous powder. R_f = 0.6 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 1/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid e); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.41 – 7.13 (m, 10H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 4.22 (s, 2H), 3.52 (t, J = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 2.63 (m, 4H), 2.29 (s, 2H), 1.80 (p, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.3, 171.1, 155.4/155.2, 154.7/154.0, 141.9, 136.6, 128.6, 128.4, 128.4, 128.4, 128.1, 128.1, 125.9, 121.4/120.8, 67.4, 62.2/160.5, 43.5, 39.8, 36.0, 34.9, 31.5, 20.9; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 2930, 2915, 2607, 1685, 1629, 1428, 1116, 1085, 937, 774, 748, 691, 523, 435, 409 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 378.1711, found, 378.1704.

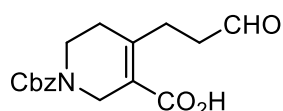


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3ao** (83 mg, 61% yield) as an amorphous powder. R_f = 0.58 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 1/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.34 (m, 10H), 6.02 (s, 0H), 5.39 – 5.22 (m, 1H), 5.15 (s, 2H), 5.08 (s, 1H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 3.51 (m Hz, 2H), 3.16 (m, 2H), 2.54 (m, 2H), 2.24 (m, 2H), 1.67 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 169.7, 156.7, 136.8, 136.7, 129.0, 128.7, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.2, 128.2, 128.2, 127.9, 121.2, 67.5/66.7, 44.0, 40.8/39.7, 32.4/31.4, 28.3; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 3342, 3033, 2935, 1688, 1529, 1498, 1416, 1337, 1289, 1239, 1212, 1121, 1081, 1027, 981, 909, 730, 695, 647, 605, 458, 407 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_2\text{O}_6$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 451.1875, found, 451.1866.



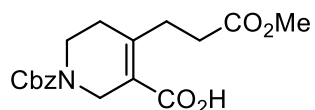
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3ap** (83 mg, 90% yield) as an amorphous powder. R_f = 0.55 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 1/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.51 – 7.30 (m, 5H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 4.25 (s, 2H), 3.59 (m, 2H),

2.87 (m, 2H), 2.59 (t, $J = 0.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.44 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 169.6, 155.1, 150.6/149.9, 136.6, 128.7, 128.3, 128.2, 124.6/123.9, 119.3, 67.6, 43.7/43.5, 40.1/39.6, 32.7/32.3, 30.9, 16.2; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2932, 2248, 1694, 1498, 1430, 1363, 1340, 1291, 1244, 1213, 1160, 1121, 1052, 1017, 962, 733, 700, 607, 462, 408\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 313.1194, found, 313.1186.



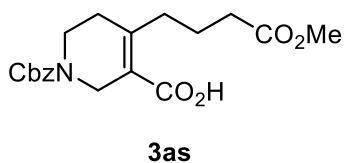
3aq

The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3aq** (61 mg, 66% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.33$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 1/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 9.79 (s, 1H), 7.48 – 7.29 (m, 5H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 4.20 (s, 2H), 3.55 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.83 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.71 – 2.61 (m, 2H), 2.32 (s, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 201.4, 170.4, 155.4, 152.7, 136.6, 128.7, 128.3, 128.2, 122.9/122.2, 67.5, 43.6/42.4, 40.1/39.7, 31.8, 27.9, 20.9; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2924, 1699, 1497, 1434, 1363, 1338, 1291, 1243, 1213, 1122, 1027, 981, 764, 698\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{19}\text{NO}_5$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 316.1190, found, 316.1183.

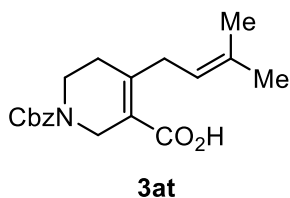


3ar

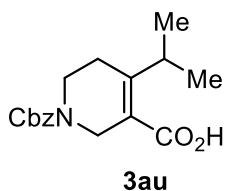
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3ar** (110 mg, 90% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.58$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 1/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.39 – 7.29 (m, 5H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 4.21 (s, 2H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 3.55 (q, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.83 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.50 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.5, 170.3/170.0, 155.4/155.1, 151.9/151.2, 136.6, 128.6, 128.2, 128.1, 122.8/122.3, 67.4, 51.9, 43.5, 40.0/39.7, 32.4, 31.6/31.4, 30.4; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2951, 1694, 1497, 1433, 1362, 1339, 1288, 1239, 1195, 1116, 1054, 1027, 965, 912, 878, 764, 732, 697, 655, 606, 569, 460, 405\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{21}\text{NO}_6$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 346.1296, found, 346.1290.



The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3as** (110 mg, 81% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.57$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 1/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.42 – 7.29 (m, 5H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 4.21 (s, 2H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.54 (m, 2H), 2.59 (m, 2H), 2.35 (m, 4H), 1.80 (p, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.8, 170.6/169.9, 155.3/153.8, 153.7, 136.6, 136.5, 128.5, 128.1, 128.1, 128.1, 128.0, 121.3, 67.4/ 67.3, 51.6, 43.6, 42.4, 40.1/39.8, 34.2, 33.7, 31.5/31.3, 26.9, 25.5, 23.3; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2928, 1679, 1422, 1264, 909, 730, 708, 651, 419, 407\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{23}\text{NO}_6$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 360.1453, found, 360.1455.

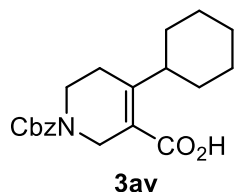


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3at** (59 mg, 61% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.67$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 1/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.42 – 7.27 (m, 5H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 5.09 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 4.21 (s, 2H), 3.52 (t, $J = 6.0$ Hz, 2H), 3.30 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.29 (s, 1H), 1.69 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 171.1, 155.0/153.8, 136.8, 134.2, 128.8, 128.6, 128.2, 128.1, 120.5, 67.4, 43.6, 40.0, 34.0, 31.0, 25.9, 18.2; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2925, 1697, 1497, 1431, 1362, 1337, 1291, 1237, 1209, 1116, 1046, 1018, 990, 916, 875, 764, 735, 697, 658, 607, 566, 528, 458, 407\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{23}\text{NO}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 328.1554, found, 328.1557.

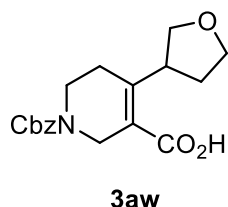


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3au** (75 mg, 80% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 1/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.46 – 7.30 (m, 5H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 4.21 (s, 2H), 3.81 (m, 1H), 3.52 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.28 (s, 2H), 1.02 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 171.4, 158.7, 155.3, 136.7, 128.5, 128.1, 128.0, 119.6, 119.6, 67.2, 43.8/ 43.5, 40.2/39.8,

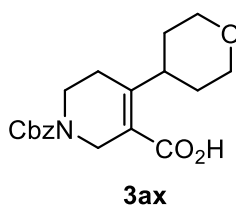
30.4/29.7, 24.7, 20.4; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 2961, 2871, 1677, 1497, 1429, 1361, 1341, 1292, 1240, 1198, 1116, 1028, 978, 911, 890, 877, 764, 739, 716, 697, 645, 610, 542, 462 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{21}\text{NO}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 302.1398, found, 302.1389.



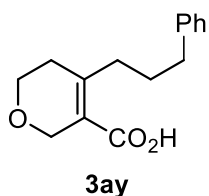
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3av** (48 mg, 48% yield) as an amorphous powder. R_f = 0.62 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 1/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.41 – 7.29 (m, 5H), 5.16 (s, 2H), 4.21 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 2H), 3.50 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 3.47 – 3.35 (m, 1H), 2.29 (s, 2H), 1.73 (dd, J = 23.6, 12.9 Hz, 3H), 1.59 (d, J = 11.6 Hz, 2H), 1.43 – 1.18 (m, 5H); ^{13}C NMR 100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 170.8, 155.3, 136.7, 128.7, 128.5, 128.1, 128.0, 67.2, 43.6, 41.5/ 41.5, 40.3, 39.9/39.9, 30.5, 29.7, 26.2/26.1, 22.7, 14.1; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 2924, 2851, 1681, 1497, 1432, 1362, 1339, 1292, 1239, 1208, 1136, 1113, 1028, 999, 980, 908, 889, 847, 802, 764, 729, 696, 647, 606, 543, 460 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{25}\text{NO}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 342.1711, found, 342.1708.



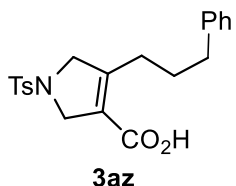
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3aw** (50 mg, 53% yield) as an amorphous powder. R_f = 0.59 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 1/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.35 (m, 5H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 4.28 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 2H), 4.17 (d, J = 18.0 Hz, 1H), 4.03 – 3.93 (m, 1H), 3.89 (m, 1H), 3.75 (m, 1H), 3.67 – 3.56 (m, 2H), 3.45 (mz, 1H), 2.33 (s, 2H), 2.18 – 2.10 (m, 1H), 1.87 – 1.74 (m, 1H); ^{13}C NMR 100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 169.8, 155.3, 150.8, 136.5, 128.5, 128.5, 128.1, 128.1, 127.7, 123.4, 70.6, 68.2, 67.3, 43.9, 40.4/ 39.7, 29.7/29.6, 27.2/26.7, 25.6; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 2930, 2915, 2607, 1685, 1629, 1428, 1116, 1085, 937, 774, 748, 691, 523, 435, 409 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{21}\text{NO}_5$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 330.1347, found, 330.1339.



The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3ax** (110 mg, 69% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.6$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 1/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.35 (m, 5H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 4.23 (s, 2H), 4.01 (dd, $J = 11.2$ Hz, 3.6 Hz, 2H), 3.71 (t, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 1H), 3.58 – 3.38 (m, 4H), 2.30 (s, 2H), 1.68 (m, 2H), 1.48 (d, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR 100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 170.5, 155.7/155.2, 136.6, 128.5, 128.1, 128.1, 121.6, 67.8, 67.3, 43.8, 40.2/39.8, 38.8, 30.0, 26.5; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2953$, 2849, 1698, 1497, 1432, 1387, 1362, 1341, 1293, 1239, 1211, 1126, 1080, 1014, 983, 913, 878, 820, 764, 733, 698, 662, 606, 460, 413 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{23}\text{NO}_5$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 344.1503, found, 344.1500.

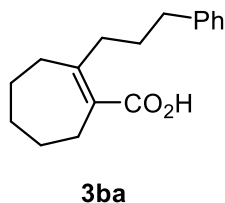


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3ay** (55 mg, 66% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.75$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 1/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.31 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.19 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H), 4.32 (s, 2H), 3.74 (t, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.65 (m, 4H), 2.29 (s, 2H), 1.82 (p, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 170.8, 154.3, 142.1, 128.5, 128.5, 126.0, 122.6, 65.6, 63.9, 36.1, 34.8, 31.4, 30.0; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2925$, 2854, 2249, 1683, 1636, 1496, 1453, 1417, 1268, 1131, 1086, 1023, 975, 906, 866, 727, 699, 648, 581, 544, 492, 408 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_3$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 245.1183, found, 245.1175.

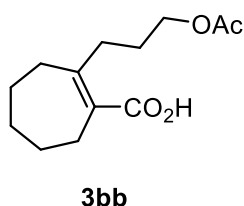


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3az** (78 mg, 70% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.62$ (Dichloromethane/Methanol = 10/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.72 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.15 (m, 3H), 4.29 (t, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 2H), 4.23 (t, $J = 4.4$ Hz, 2H), 2.57 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 4H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.77 – 1.65 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 167.9, 155.7, 144.0, 141.2, 133.5, 130.0, 128.3, 127.5, 126.1, 122.4, 58.6, 55.0, 35.7, 29.3,

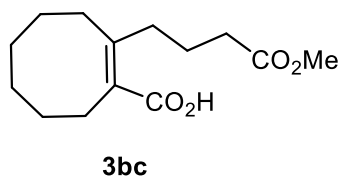
27.5, 21.6; IR (neat): ν_{\max} = 3026, 2925, 2858, 1687, 1653, 1598, 1495, 1453, 1345, 1289, 1163, 1100, 1076, 1017, 910, 815, 748, 700, 666, 601, 586, 547, 493, 408 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{23}\text{NO}_4\text{S}$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 384.1275, found, 384.1269.



The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3ba** (110 mg, 86% yield) as an amorphous powder. R_f = 0.6 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.26 (t, J = 3.6 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (m, 3H), 2.66 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.55 – 2.46 (m, 4H), 2.35 – 2.27 (m, 2H), 1.86 – 1.72 (m, 4H), 1.55 – 1.47 (m, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.9, 158.6, 142.5, 130.1, 128.6, 128.4, 125.8, 37.1, 36.3, 36.2, 32.5, 30.0, 29.7, 26.6, 25.8; IR (neat): ν_{\max} = 2923, 2852, 2620, 1679, 1611, 1449, 1404, 1281, 1259, 1242, 1136, 1043, 988, 939, 744, 689, 561, 513, 478, 407 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 257.1547, found, 257.1540.

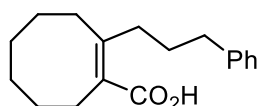


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3bb** (83 mg, 80% yield) as an amorphous powder. R_f = 0.68 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.07 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.49 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 2.39 – 2.28 (m, 2H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.87 – 1.71 (m, 4H), 1.58 – 1.46 (m, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 175.3, 171.4, 157.5, 130.8, 64.4, 36.2, 33.6, 32.4, 29.9, 27.0, 26.4, 25.7, 21.1; IR (neat): ν_{\max} = 2923, 2852, 2620, 1679, 1611, 1449, 1404, 1281, 1259, 1242, 1136, 1043, 988, 939, 744, 689, 561, 513, 478, 407 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 239.1289, found, 239.1282.



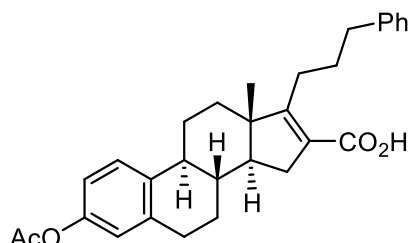
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3bc** (110 mg, 83% yield) as an amorphous powder. R_f = 0.6 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.67 (s, 3H), 2.54 – 2.41 (m, 4H), 2.34 (m, 4H), 1.82

(p, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.71 – 1.59 (m, 4H), 1.46 (m, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.3, 174.1, 155.6, 127.4, 51.6, 34.2, 34.1, 33.4, 29.9, 29.2, 28.4, 26.8, 26.5, 23.9; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2922, 2852, 1738, 1677, 1617, 1437, 1406, 1371, 1295, 1248, 1197, 1176, 1144, 1102, 945, 892, 765, 418, 407\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 253.1445, found, 253.1436.



3bd

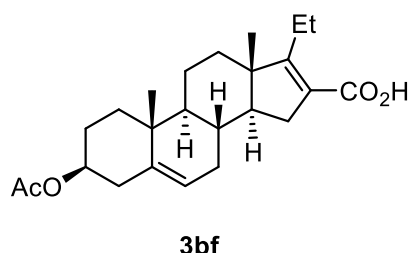
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3bd** (97 mg, 83% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.77$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.32 – 7.12 (m, 5H), 2.78 – 2.60 (m, 2H), 2.47 (dd, $J = 15.2, 10.0$ Hz, 4H), 2.40 – 2.25 (m, 2H), 1.83 (p, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.64 (d, $J = 23.2$ Hz, 4H), 1.46 (s, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.4, 156.7, 142.5, 128.6, 128.4, 126.7, 125.8, 36.4, 35.0, 33.8, 30.4, 30.0, 29.2, 28.4, 26.9, 26.5; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2928, 1679, 1422, 1264, 909, 730, 708, 651, 419, 407\text{ cm}^{-1}$; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_2$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 271.1704, found, 271.1695.



3be

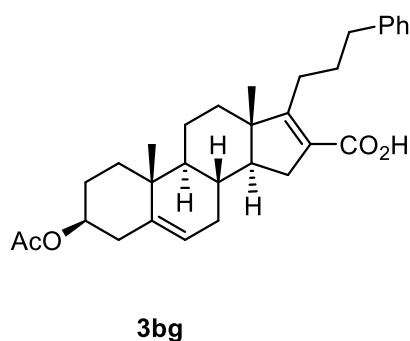
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3be** (70 mg, 64% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.68$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.44 – 7.38 (m, 3H), 7.33 (m, 3H), 7.01 – 6.90 (m, 2H), 3.07 – 2.91 (m, 3H), 2.84 (m, 2H), 2.71 (d, 1H), 2.53 – 2.47 (m, 1H), 2.41 (s, 6H), 2.13 – 1.89 (m, 4H), 1.72 (m, 4H), 1.58 (m, 1H), 0.97 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR 100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 172.8, 171.8, 169.9, 148.5, 142.2, 138.3, 137.9, 128.5, 128.3, 126.7, 126.0, 125.8, 121.6, 118.6, 53.8, 50.5, 44.2, 37.0, 36.5, 34.0, 32.0, 30.9, 29.4, 27.4, 27.2, 26.1, 21.1, 15.7; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 3025, 2928, 2853, 1761, 1667, 1605, 1493, 1452, 1418, 1368, 1297, 1267, 1246, 1203, 1186, 1149, 1089, 1013, 976, 940, 919, 899, 822, 797, 780, 733, 698, 650, 613, 595, 564, 534, 513, 494, 448, 406\text{ cm}^{-1}$.

¹; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₃₀H₃₄O₄, [M – H][–] 457.2384, found, 457.2376; [α]_D²⁵ = + 41.06 (c 0.50, CHCl₃).



The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3bf** (49 mg, 53% yield) as an amorphous powder. *R_f* = 0.62 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5%

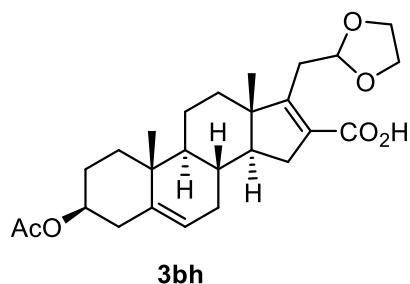
acetic acid); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.40 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (m, 1H), 2.79 – 2.66 (m, 1H), 2.47 (dd, *J* = 14.8, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (m, 1H), 2.15 (dd, *J* = 14.8, 11.6 Hz, 1H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 1.92 – 1.78 (m, 3H), 1.74 – 1.52 (m, 5H), 1.41 (m, 3H), 1.16 (dd, *J* = 14.6, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 1.12 – 1.03 (m, 7H), 0.85 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR 100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.5, 171.7, 170.6, 139.9, 126.0, 122.4, 73.8, 54.6, 50.3, 50.2, 38.1, 36.9, 36.8, 33.9, 32.2, 31.4, 30.5, 27.7, 21.4, 20.6, 20.4, 19.2, 15.5, 13.7; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 2936, 1734, 1672, 1611, 1373, 1245, 1032, 406; HRMS (ESI): *m/z* calculated for C₂₄H₃₀O₄, [M – H][–] 385.2384, found, 385.2376; [α]_D²⁵ = –78.62 (c 0.46, CHCl₃).



The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3bg** (69 mg, 64% yield) as an amorphous powder. *R_f* = 0.76 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5%

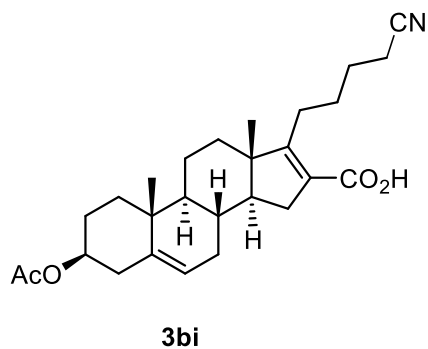
acetic acid); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 7.23 – 7.12 (m, 3H), 5.40 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.61 (m, 1H), 2.73 (m, 3H), 2.48 (dd, *J* = 14.8, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.37 – 2.30 (m, 2H), 2.26 (m, 1H), 2.16 (dd, *J* = 14.8, 11.6 Hz, 1H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 1.86 (m, 3H), 1.80 – 1.70 (m, 2H), 1.68 – 1.59 (m, 3H), 1.55 (m, 1H), 1.39 (m, 2H), 1.26 (s, 2H), 1.20 – 1.08 (m, 1H), 1.05 (s, 4H), 0.84 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR 100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.8, 171.5, 170.7, 142.3, 140.0, 128.6, 128.4, 126.8, 125.9, 122.5, 74.0, 54.7, 50.4, 50.3, 38.2, 37.0, 36.9, 36.6, 34.1, 32.4, 31.5, 30.9, 30.6, 27.9, 27.3, 21.6, 20.7, 19.4, 15.7; IR (neat): ν_{max} = 2934, 2852, 1732, 1671, 1609, 1496, 1453, 1436, 1373, 1244, 1091, 1032, 955, 907,

815, 933, 699, 948, 912, 514 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{40}\text{O}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 475.2854, found, 475.2846; $[\alpha]^{25}_{\text{D}} = -27.5$ (c 0.76, CHCl_3).



The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3bh** (51 mg, 51% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.42$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5%

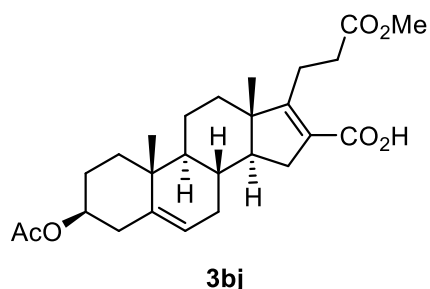
acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 5.40 (d, $J = 4.8$ Hz, 1H), 4.66 – 4.54 (m, 1H), 2.56 – 2.44 (m, 2H), 2.38 – 2.25 (m, 2H), 2.18 – 2.08 (m, 1H), 2.03 (s, 4H), 1.92 – 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.83 (s, 1H), 1.76 – 1.47 (m, 7H), 1.37 – 1.23 (m, 3H), 1.21 – 0.98 (m, 6H), 0.83 (s, 3H), 0.07 (s, 9H); ^{13}C NMR 100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.4, 172.7, 170.7, 139.9, 122.6, 122.1, 74.0, 54.3, 50.4, 50.3, 38.2, 37.0, 36.9, 34.2, 31.9, 31.5, 30.7, 27.9, 21.6, 20.8, 20.2, 19.4, 15.5, 0.4; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2941, 1732, 1674, 1611, 1373, 1245, 1125, 1033, 832, 733, 412$ cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{36}\text{O}_6$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 443.2439, found, 443.2430; $[\alpha]^{25}_{\text{D}} = -39.96$ (c 0.89, CHCl_3).



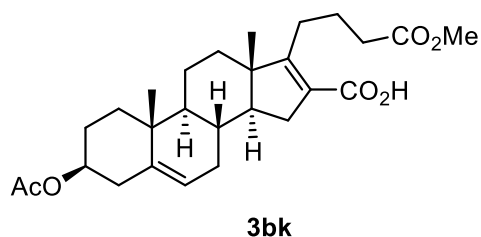
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3bi** (54 mg, 53% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.58$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 5.38 (d, $J =$

5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.59 (m, 1H), 2.74 (dt, $J = 10.9, 7.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.46 (dd, $J = 14.8, 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.41 – 2.24 (m, 5H), 2.24 – 2.15 (m, 1H), 2.15 – 2.09 (m, 1H), 2.08 (s, 2H), 2.02 (s, 4H), 1.90 – 1.76 (m, 3H), 1.76 – 1.68 (m, 3H), 1.68 – 1.53 (m, 7H), 1.53 – 1.41 (m, 2H), 1.35 (m, 2H), 1.29 – 1.04 (m, 3H), 1.04 (s, 3H), 0.84 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR 100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 177.5, 171.9, 170.7, 139.9, 127.5, 122.3, 119.7, 73.9, 54.6, 50.2, 38.1, 36.9, 36.8, 34.1, 32.3, 31.4, 30.5, 28.1, 27.8, 26.3, 25.6, 21.5, 20.6, 19.3, 16.9, 15.6; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2940, 2853, 2250, 1729, 1669, 1609, 1434, 1373, 1304, 1244, 1135, 1091, 1031, 971, 954, 909, 834, 815, 728,$

687, 647, 613, 545, 516, 455 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{37}\text{NO}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 438.2650, found, 438.2650; $[\alpha]^{25}_{\text{D}} = -73.77$ (c 1.18, CHCl_3).

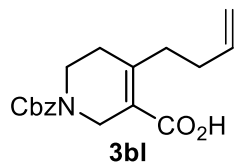


The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3bj** (69 mg, 68% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.56$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 5.39 (d, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.66 – 4.55 (m, 1H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 2.75 (m, 1H), 2.47 (dd, $J = 14.8, 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.41 – 2.29 (m, 4H), 2.25 (dd, $J = 12.4, 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.14 (dd, $J = 14.8, 11.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.03 (s, 4H), 1.91 – 1.75 (m, 5H), 1.66 (t, $J = 10.0$ Hz, 3H), 1.61 – 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.52 – 1.43 (m, 1H), 1.43 – 1.31 (m, 2H), 1.13 (m, 1H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 0.85 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR 100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 171.7, 171.7, 170.6, 139.9, 127.4, 122.3, 122.3, 73.8, 54.5, 51.5, 50.2, 38.1, 36.9, 36.8, 34.1, 33.9, 32.3, 31.4, 30.4, 27.7, 26.5, 24.2, 21.4, 20.5, 19.2, 15.5; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2941, 2854, 1731, 1694, 1614, 1418, 1373, 1242, 1178, 1094, 1031, 971, 937, 855, 834, 816, 714, 668, 612, 544, 514, 466, 412$ cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{36}\text{O}_6$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 443.2439, found, 443.2432; $[\alpha]^{25}_{\text{D}} = -65.62$ (c 0.57, CHCl_3).



The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3bk** (64 mg, 63% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.56$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 5.39 (d, $J = 5.0$ Hz, 1H), 4.70 – 4.49 (m, 1H), 3.66 (s, 4H), 2.74 (dt, $J = 11.2, 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.46 (dd, $J = 14.8, 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.40 – 2.22 (m, 6H), 2.19 – 2.08 (m, 1H), 2.03 (s, 3H), 1.82 (m, 4H), 1.71 – 1.54 (m, 6H), 1.43 (dd, $J = 12.0, 4.4$ Hz, 1H), 1.40 – 1.30 (m, 2H), 1.14 (m, 1H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 0.85 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR 100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.1, 171.8, 170.7, 140.0, 127.5, 122.4, 74.0, 54.6, 51.6, 50.4, 50.3, 38.2, 37.0, 36.9, 34.3, 34.1, 32.4, 31.5, 30.6, 27.8, 26.7, 24.4, 21.6, 20.7, 19.4, 15.6; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 2946, 2852,$

2255, 1731, 1669, 1610, 1435, 1372, 1302, 1241, 1199, 1169, 1091, 1031, 972, 955, 914, 882, 834, 815, 731, 687, 647, 612, 544, 517, 454 cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{36}\text{O}_6$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 457.2596, found, 457.2587; $[\alpha]^{25}_{\text{D}} = -72.32$ (c 0.46, CHCl_3).

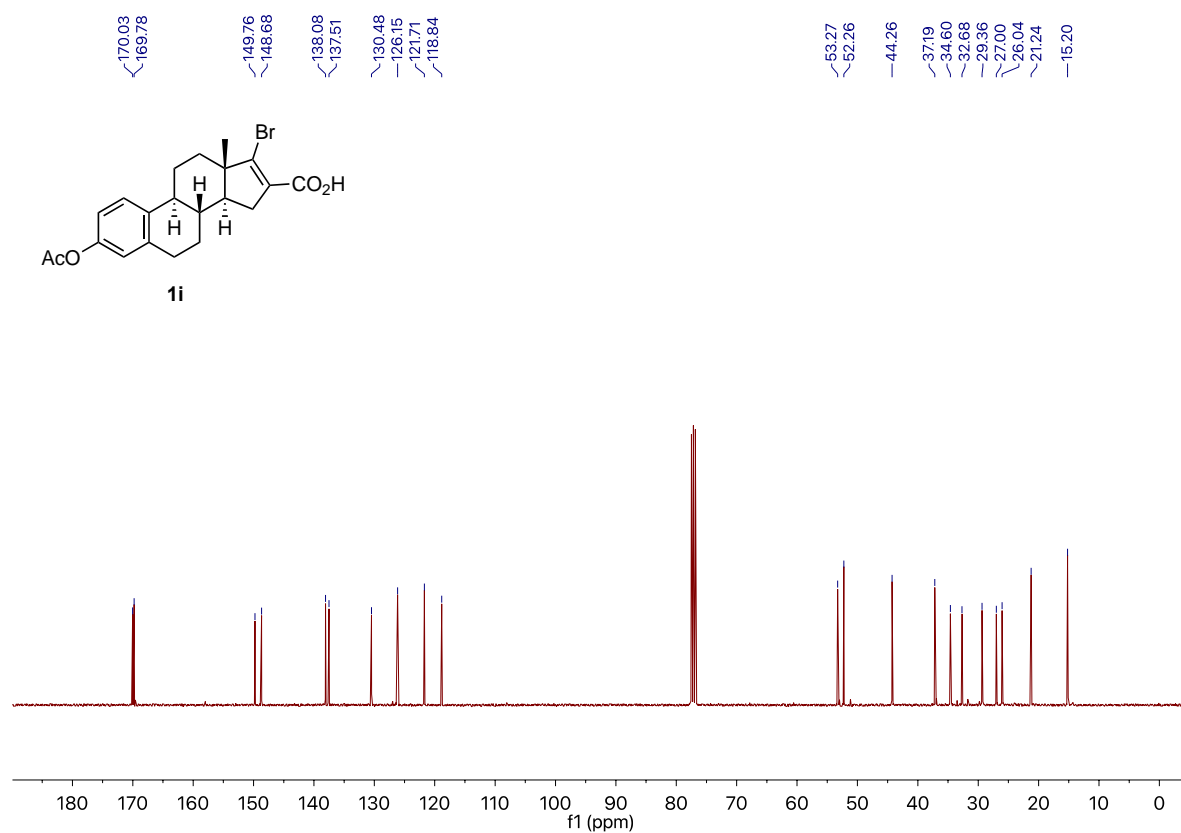
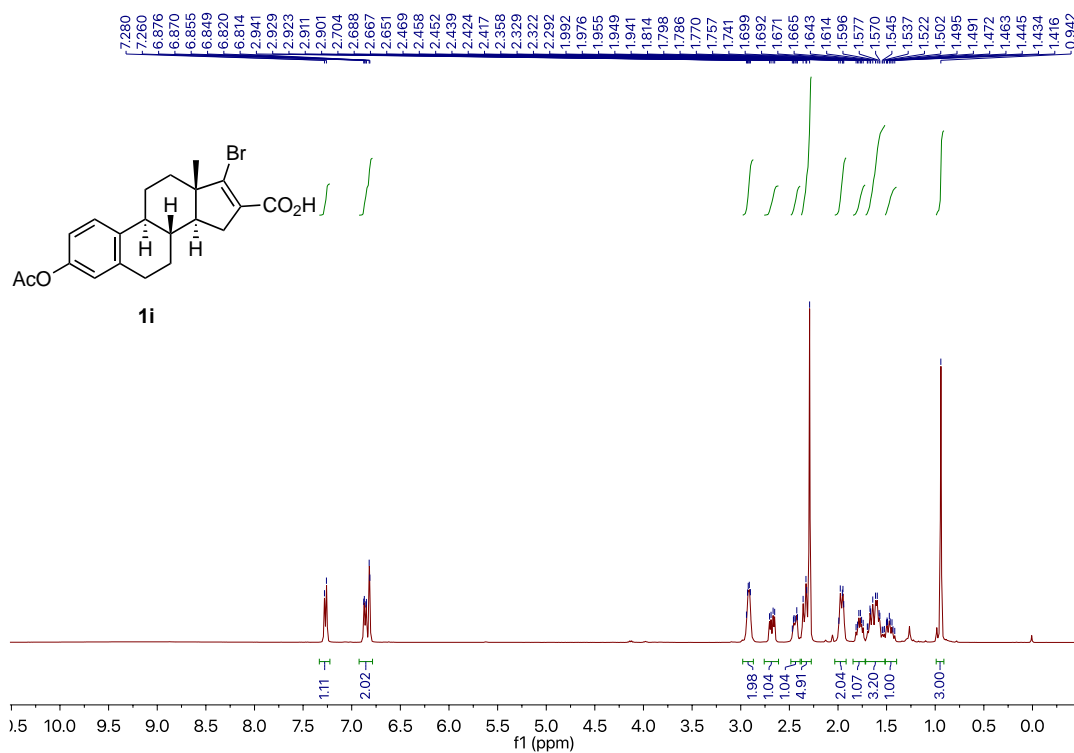


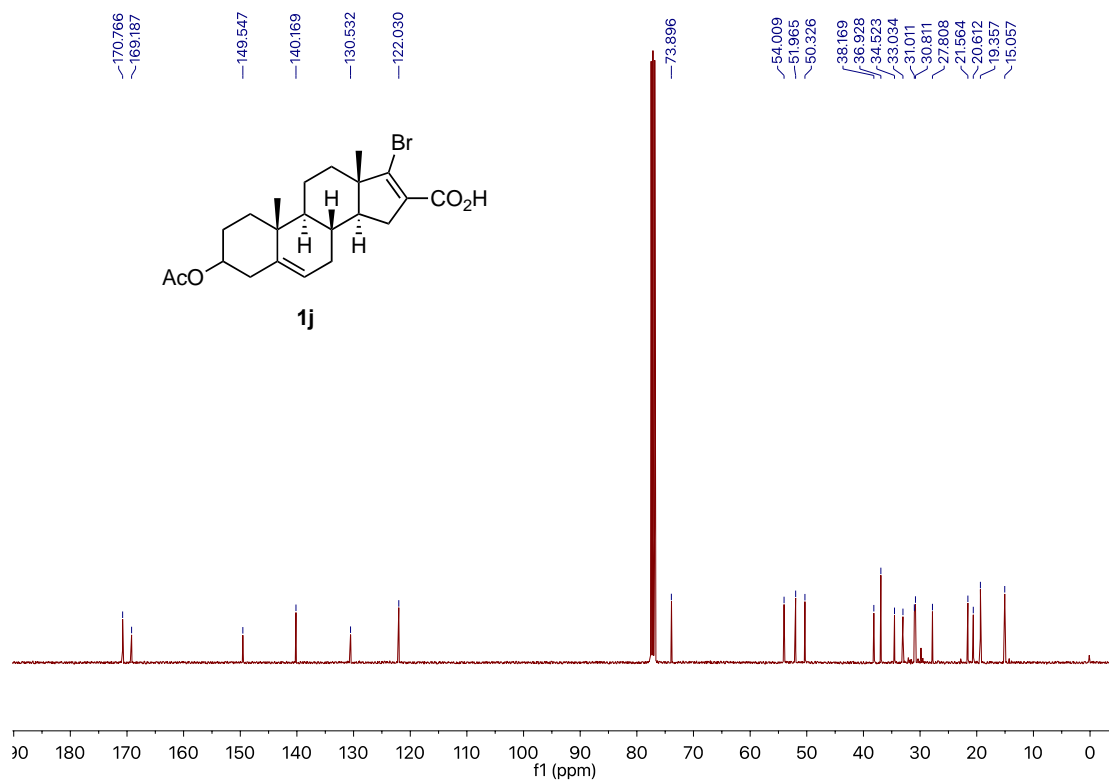
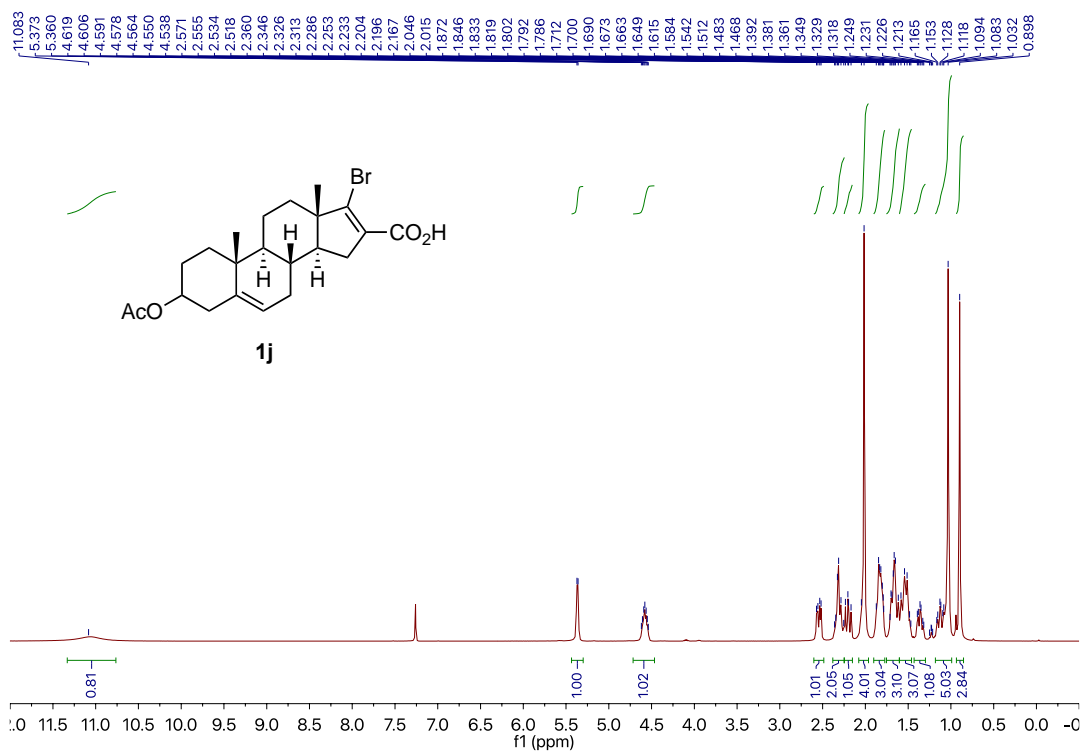
The reaction was conducted according to general experimental procedure noted above, which proceeded at room temperature for 12 hours to give compound **3bl** (79 mg, 85% yield) as an amorphous powder. $R_f = 0.67$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate 2/1, v/v, containing 0.5% acetic acid); ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.34 (m, 5H), 5.83 (m, 1H), 5.17 (s, 2H), 5.10 – 4.91 (m, 2H), 4.22 (s, 2H), 3.53 (m, 2H), 2.66 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.40 – 2.15 (m, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 170.6, 155.4/154.5, 137.9, 136.8, 128.7, 128.2, 128.1, 121.6, 115.3, 67.4, 43.8/43.6, 40.2/39.9, 32.6, 32.0/31.8, 18.1; IR (neat): $\nu_{\text{max}} = 3037, 2917, 2865, 1699, 1640, 1498, 1434, 1363, 1338, 1292, 1243, 1292, 1212, 1126, 995, 913, 1736, 698, 606, 407$ cm^{-1} ; HRMS (ESI): m/z calculated for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{21}\text{NO}_4$, $[\text{M} - \text{H}]^-$ 314.1389, found, 314.1385.

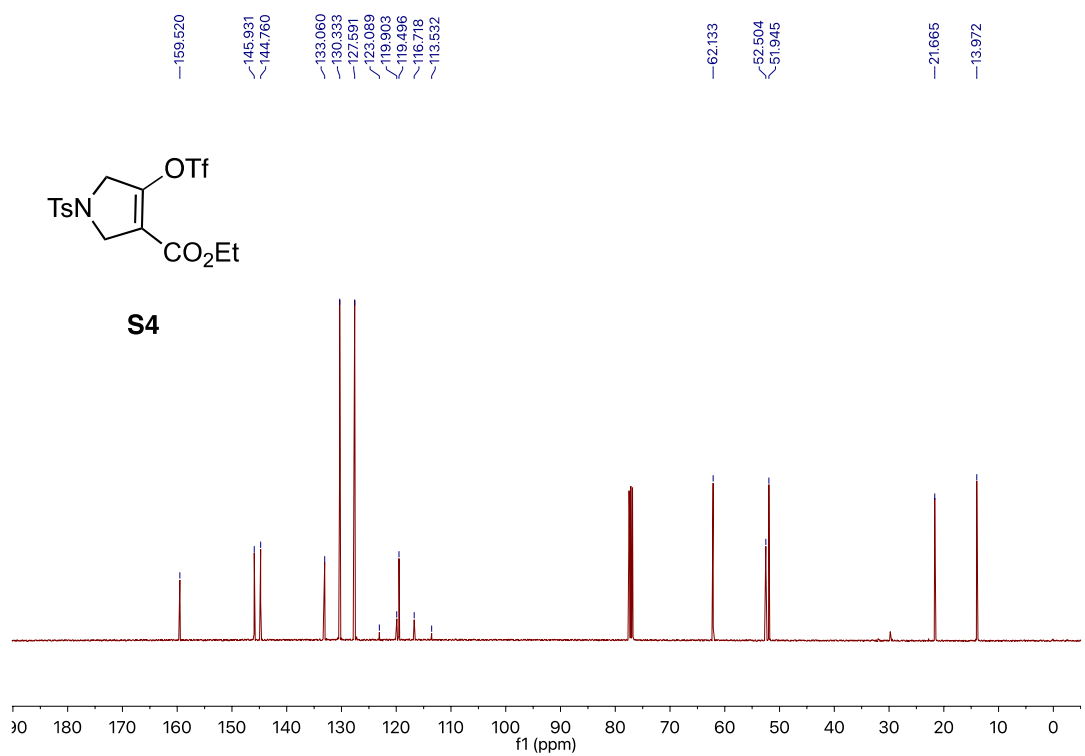
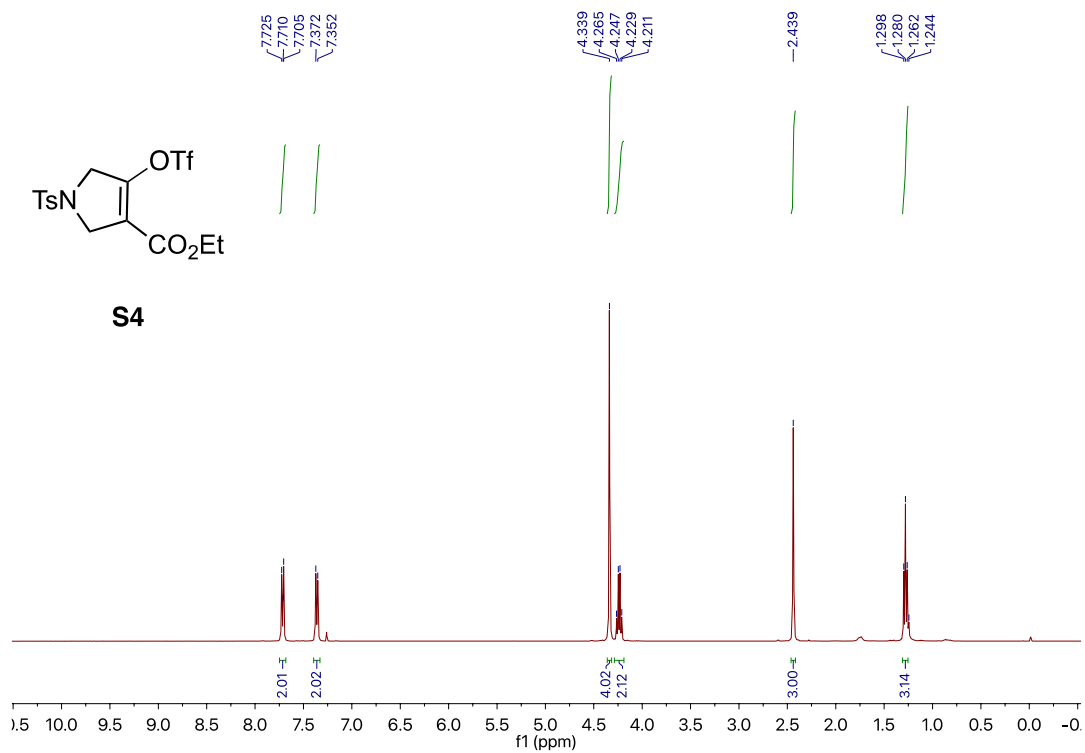
7. References

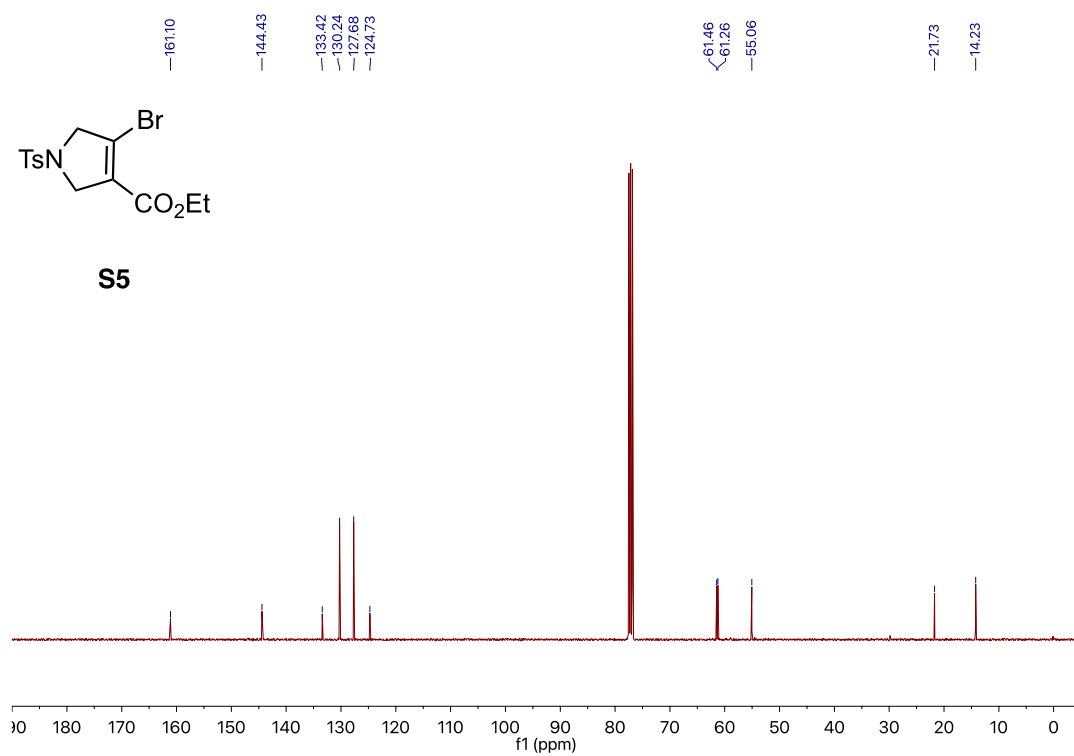
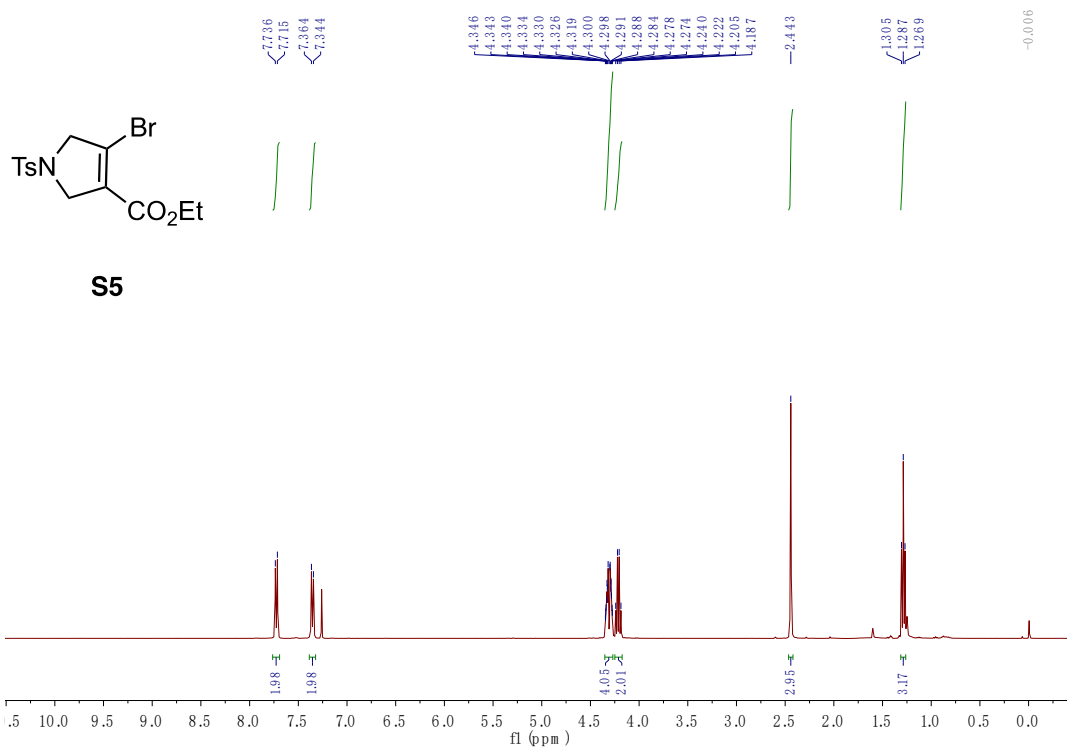
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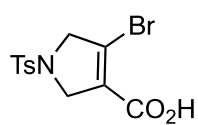
8. NMR Spectra



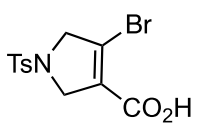
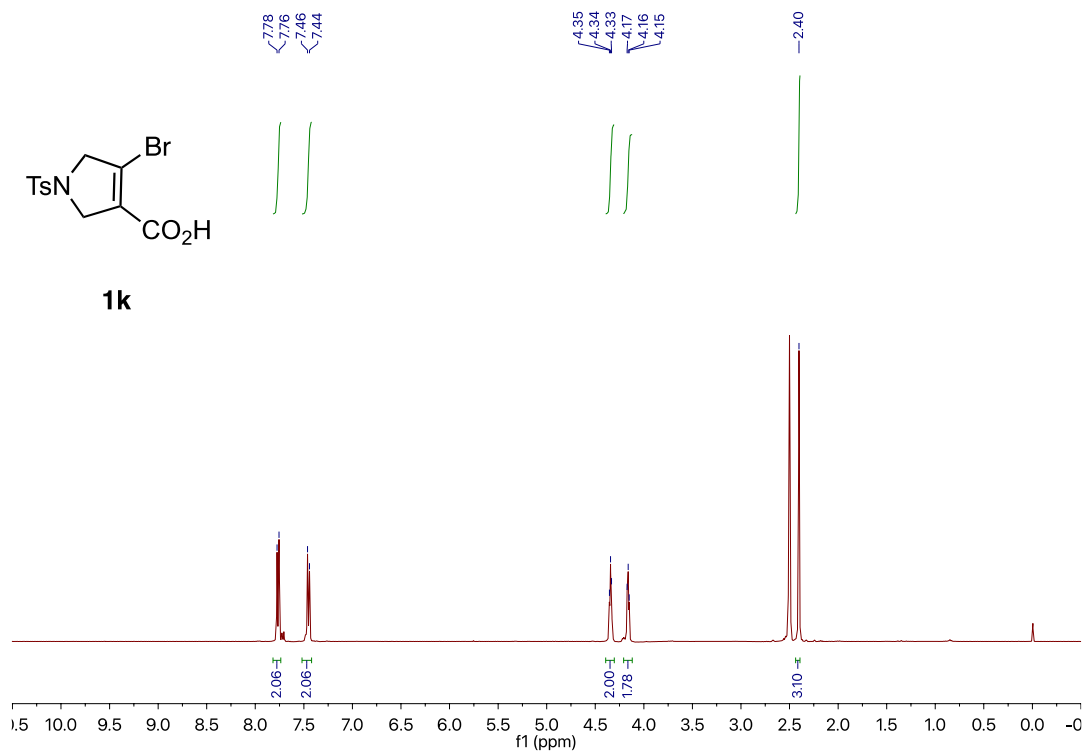




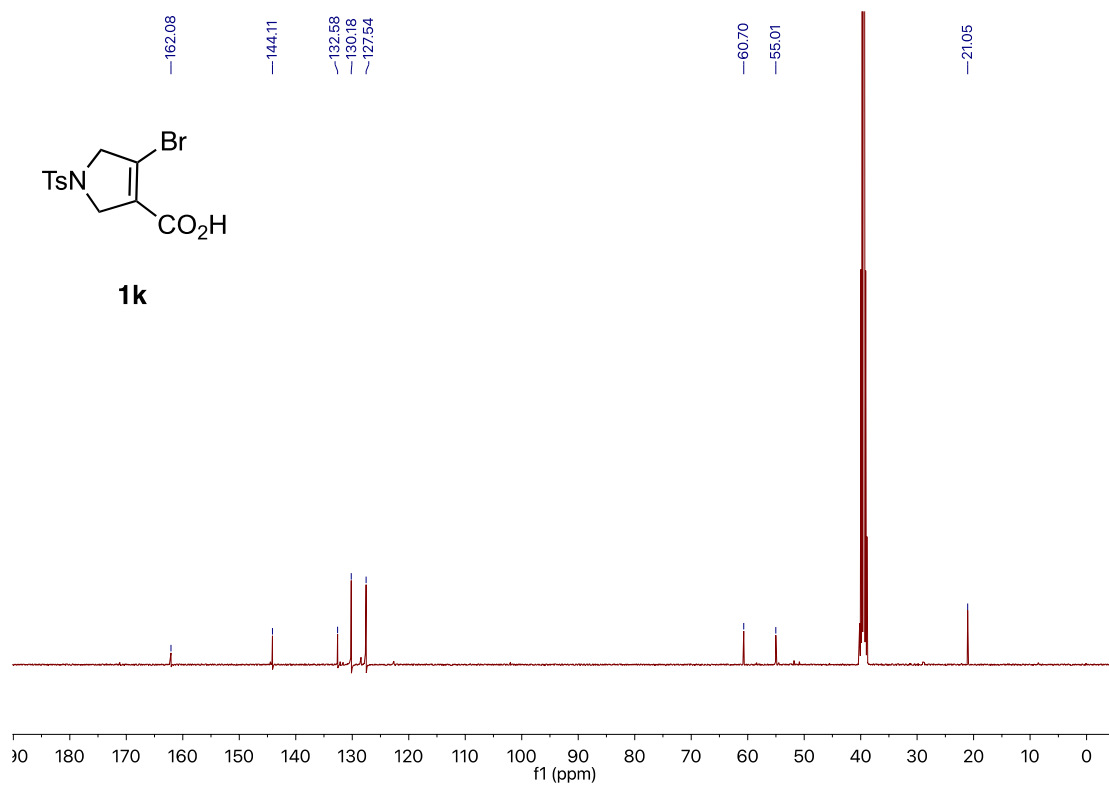


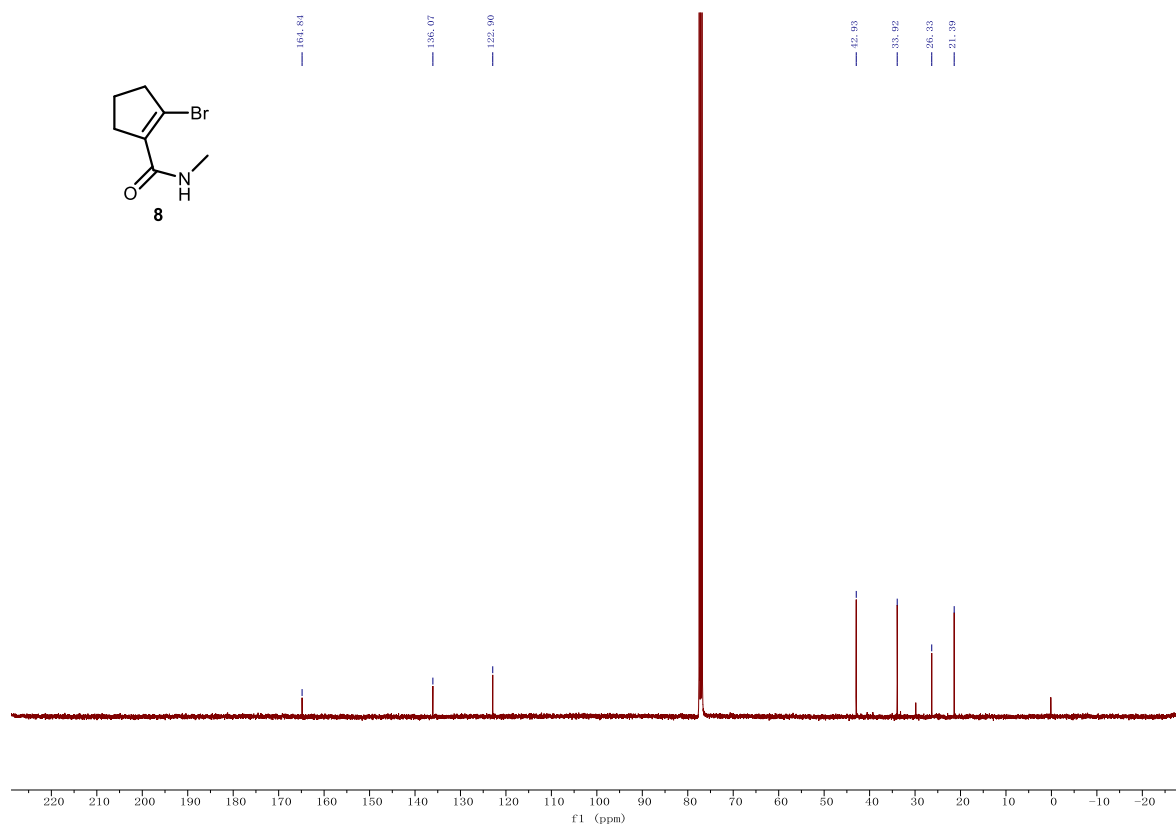
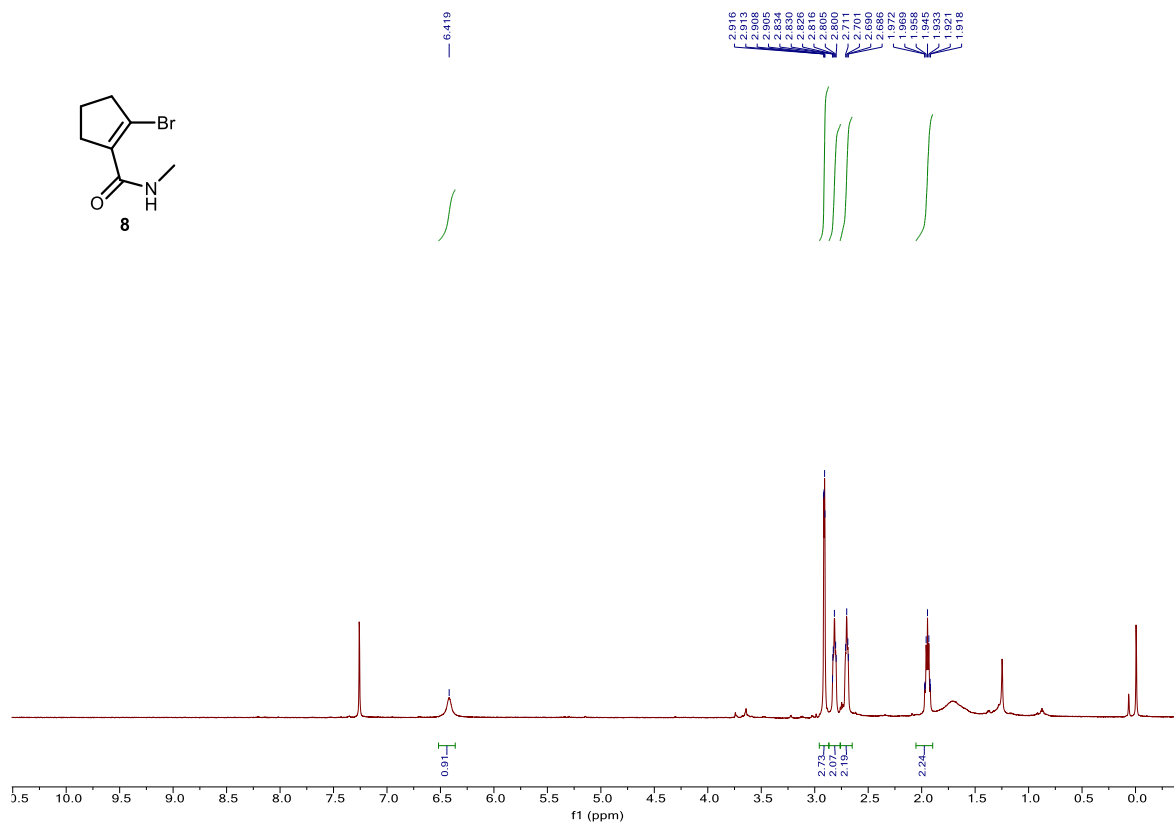


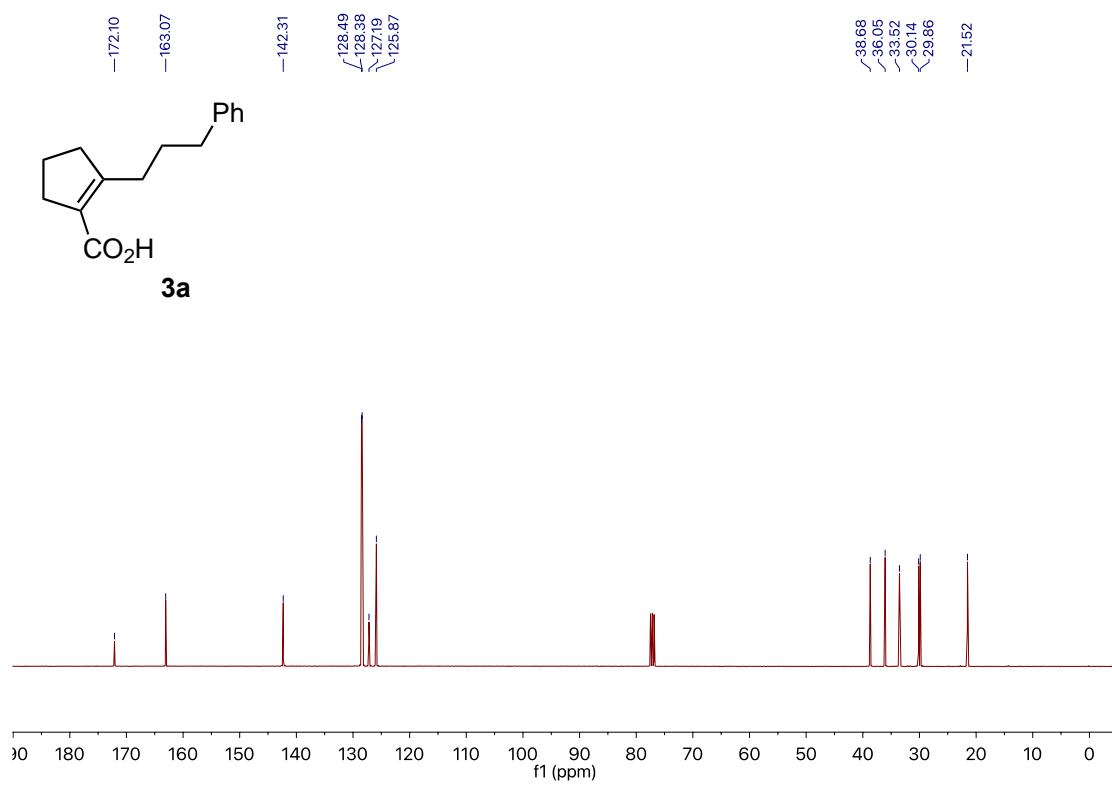
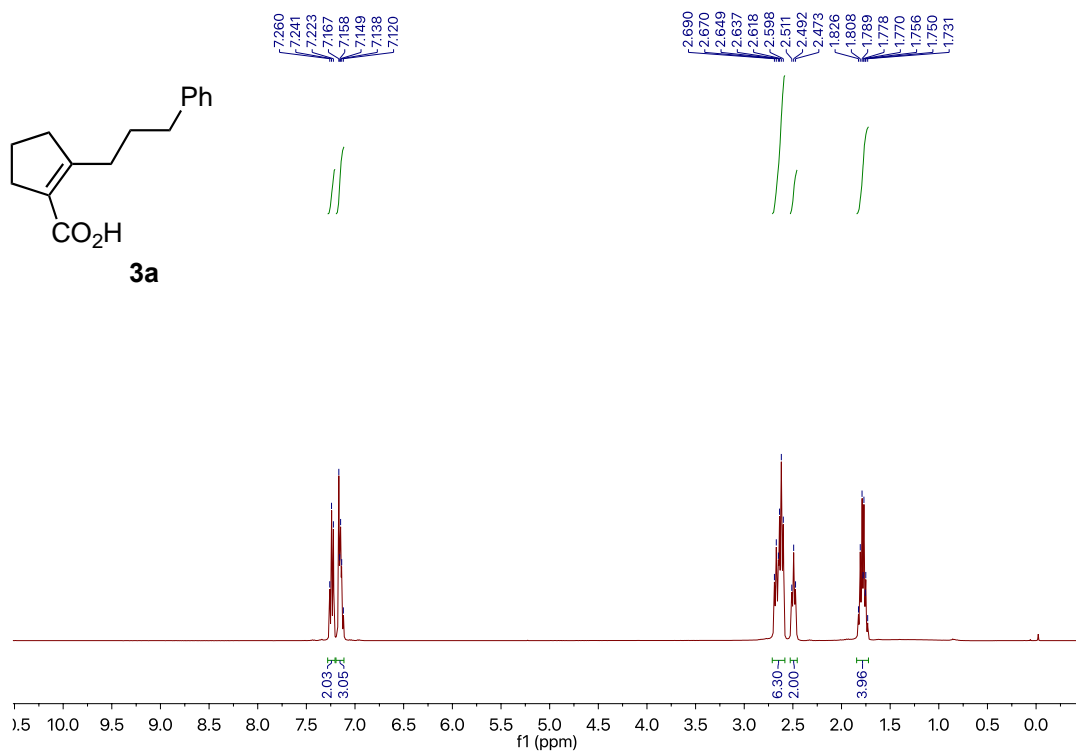
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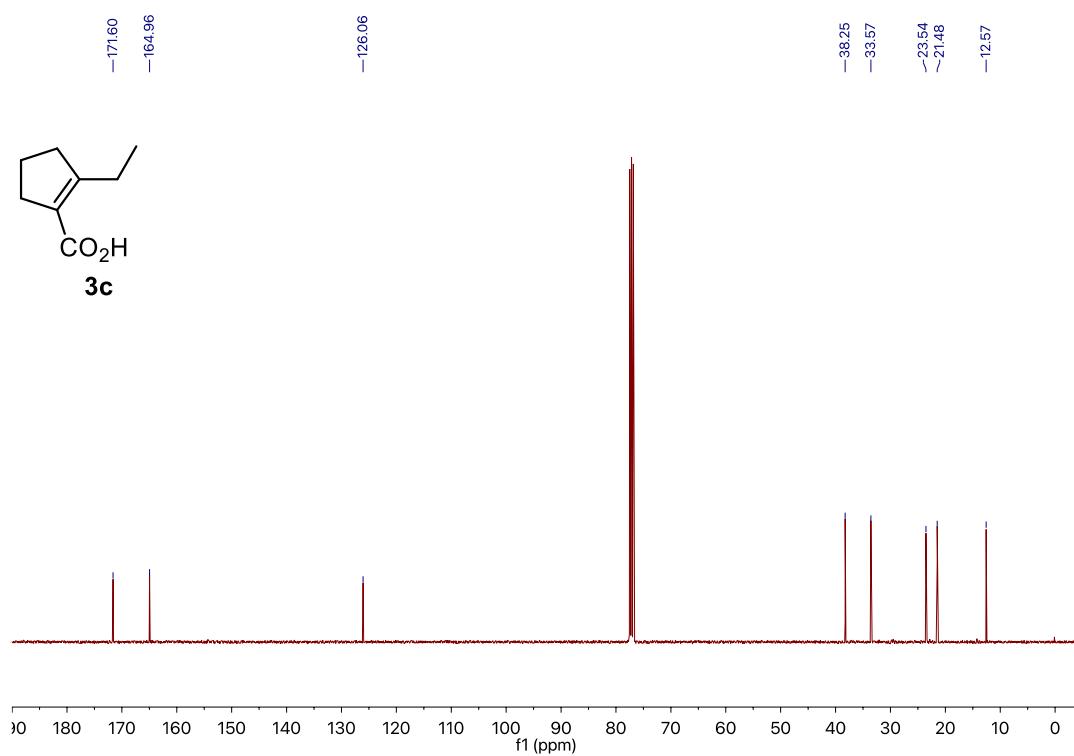
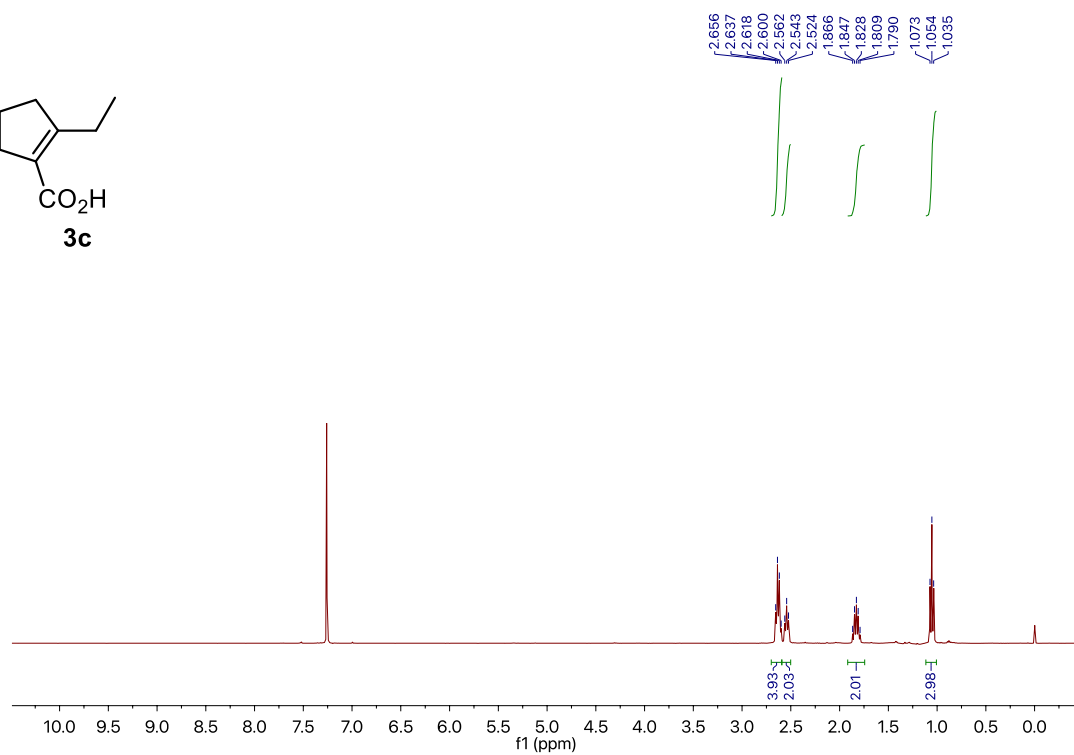
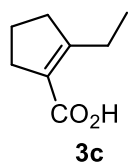


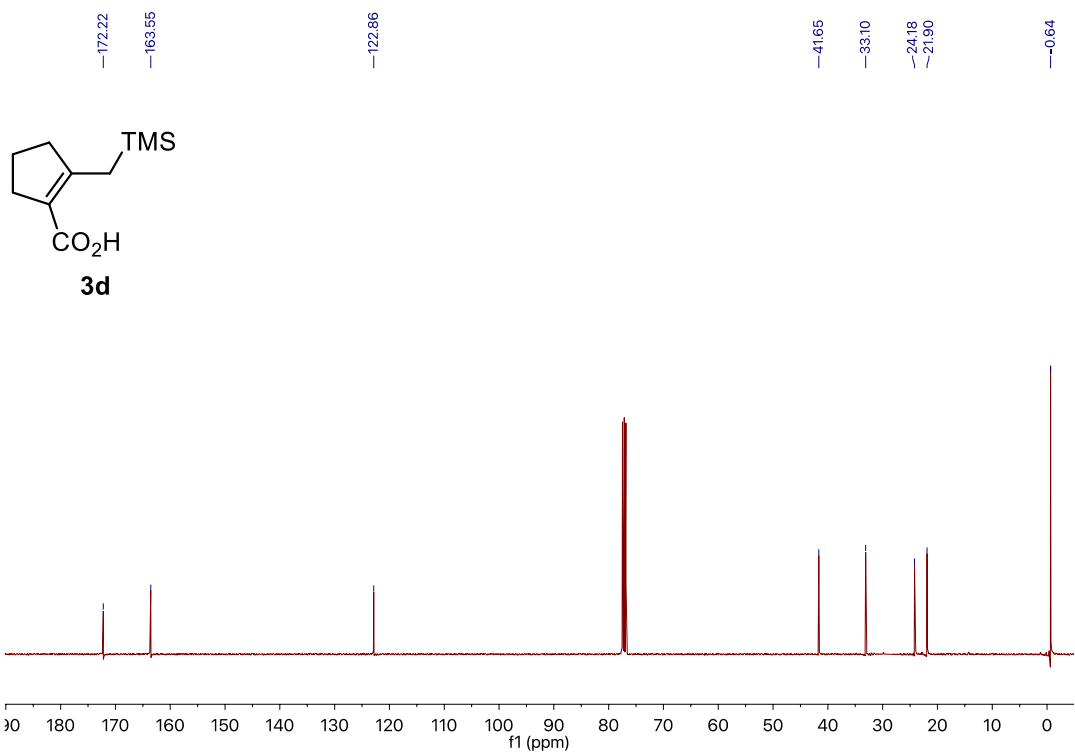
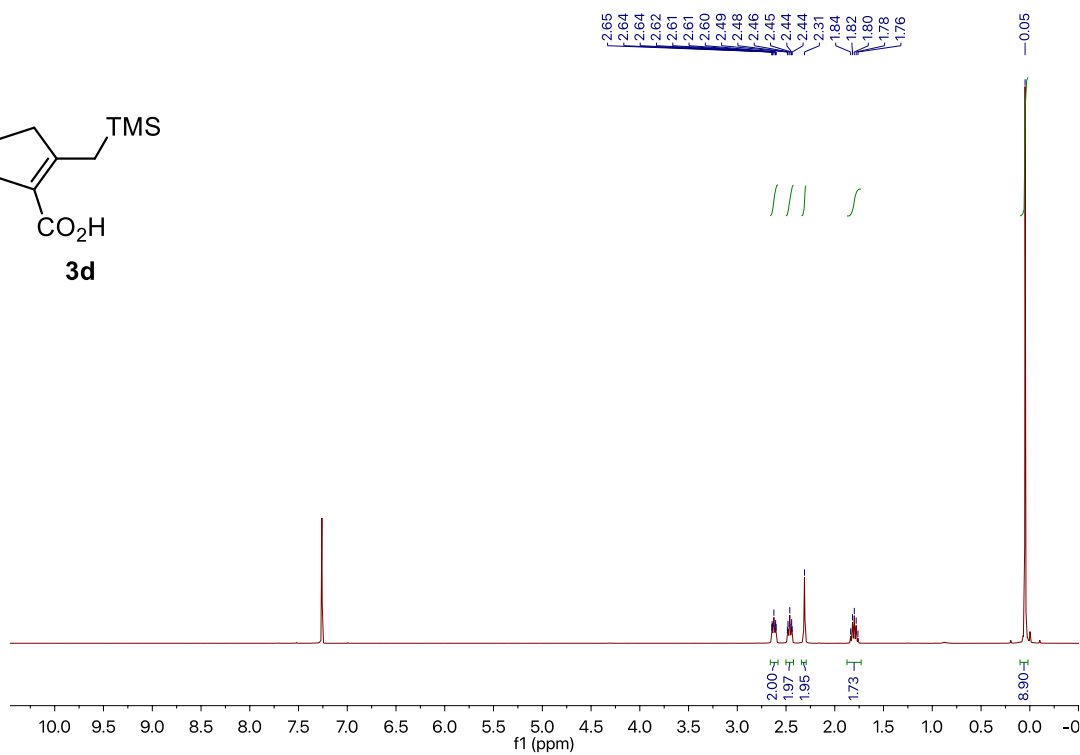
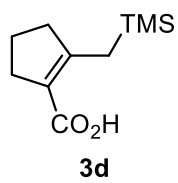
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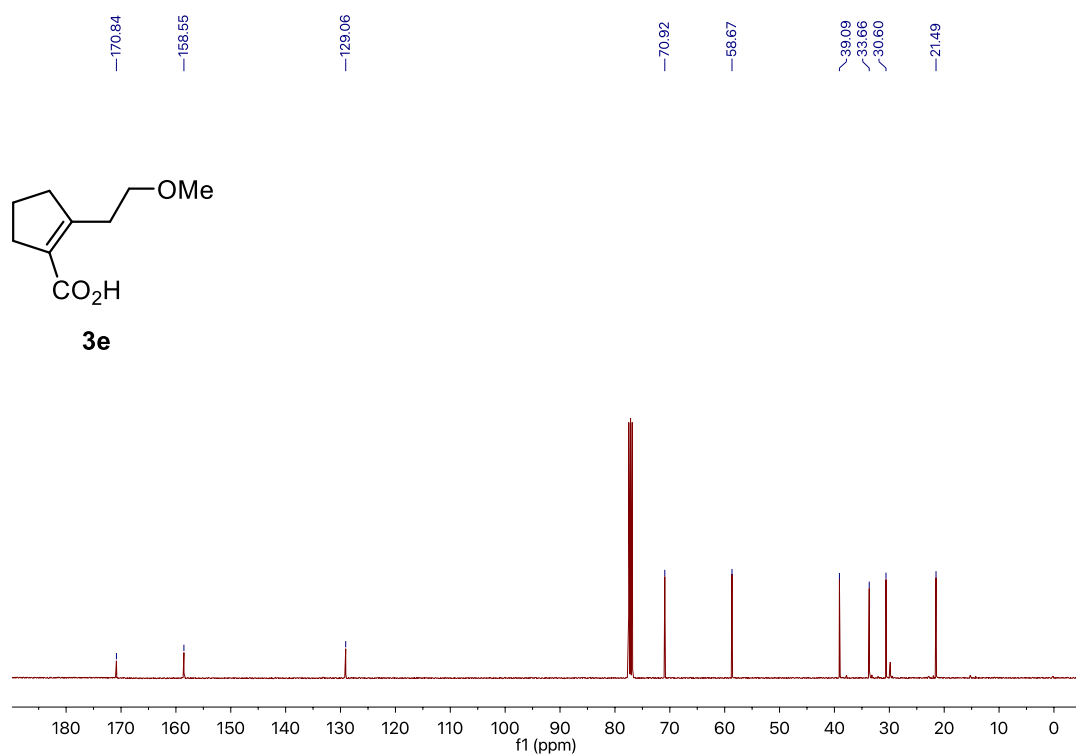
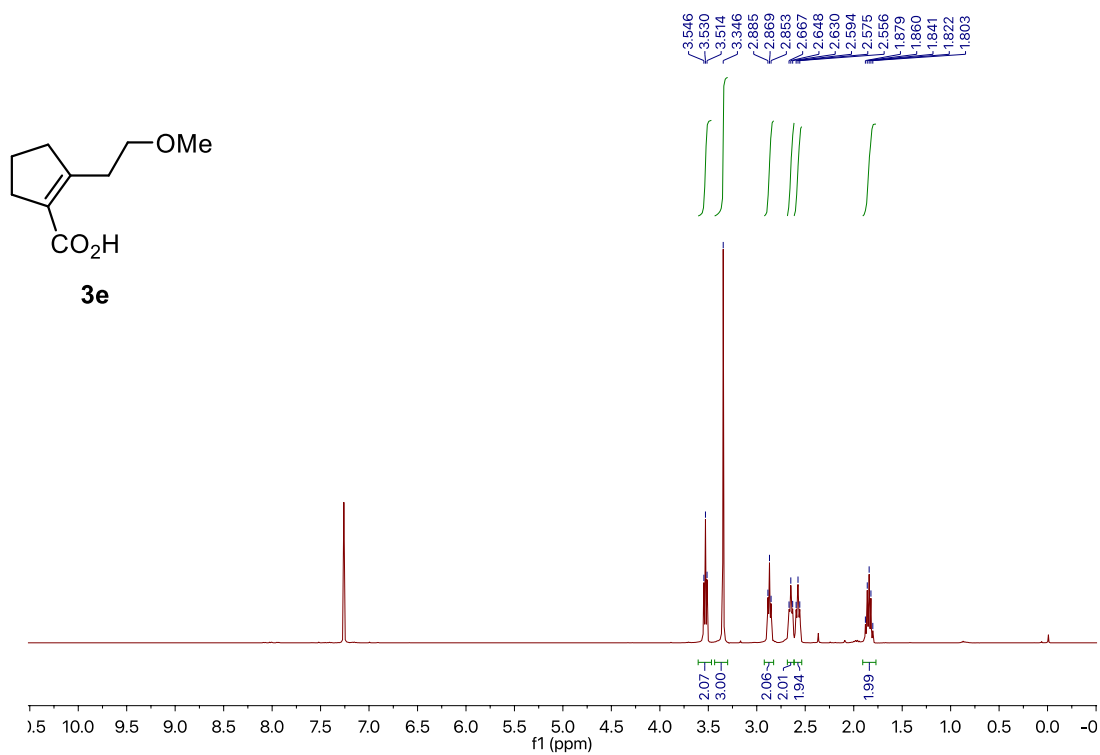


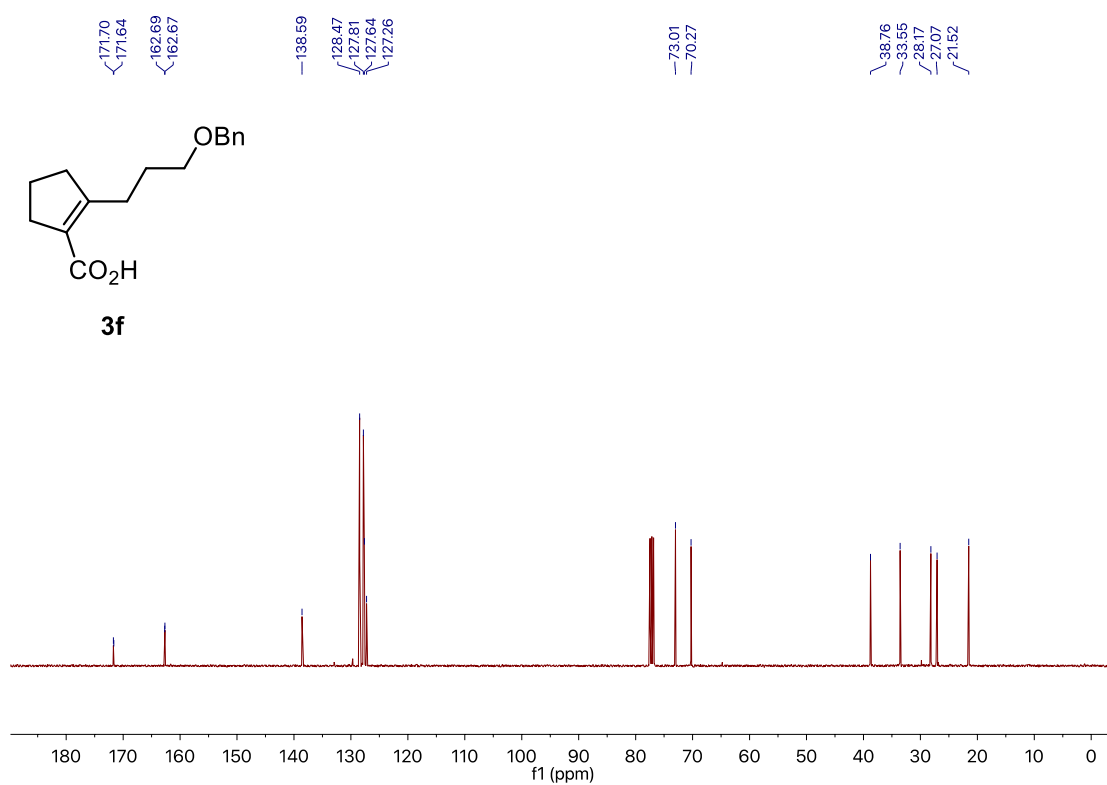
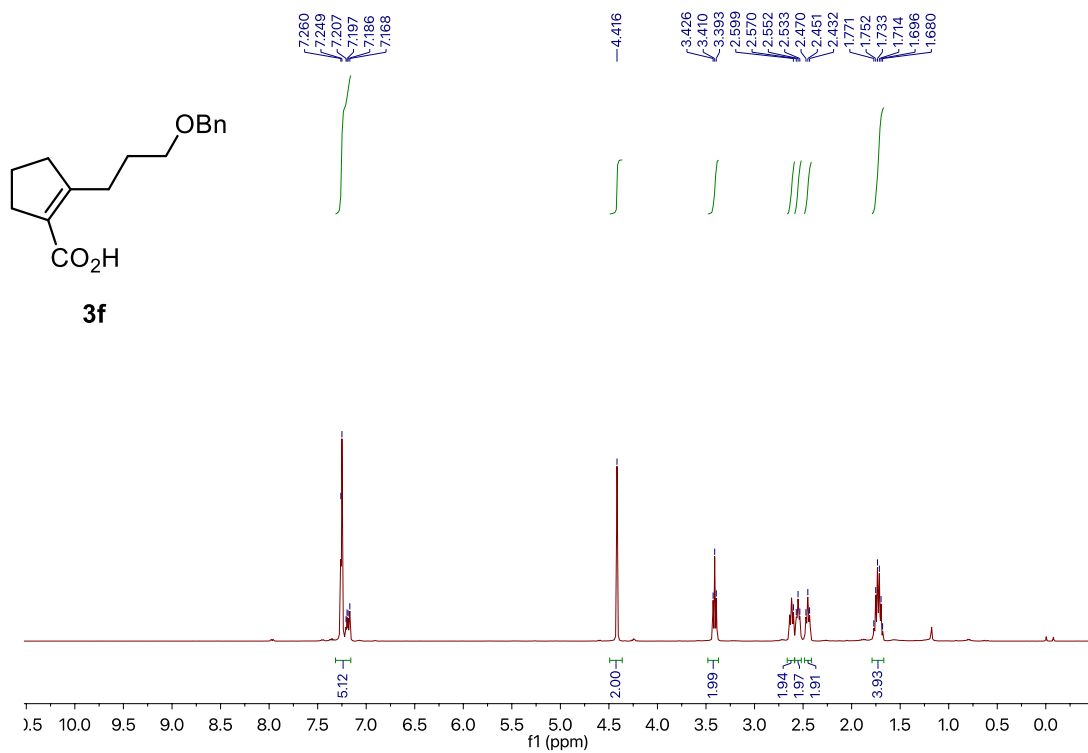


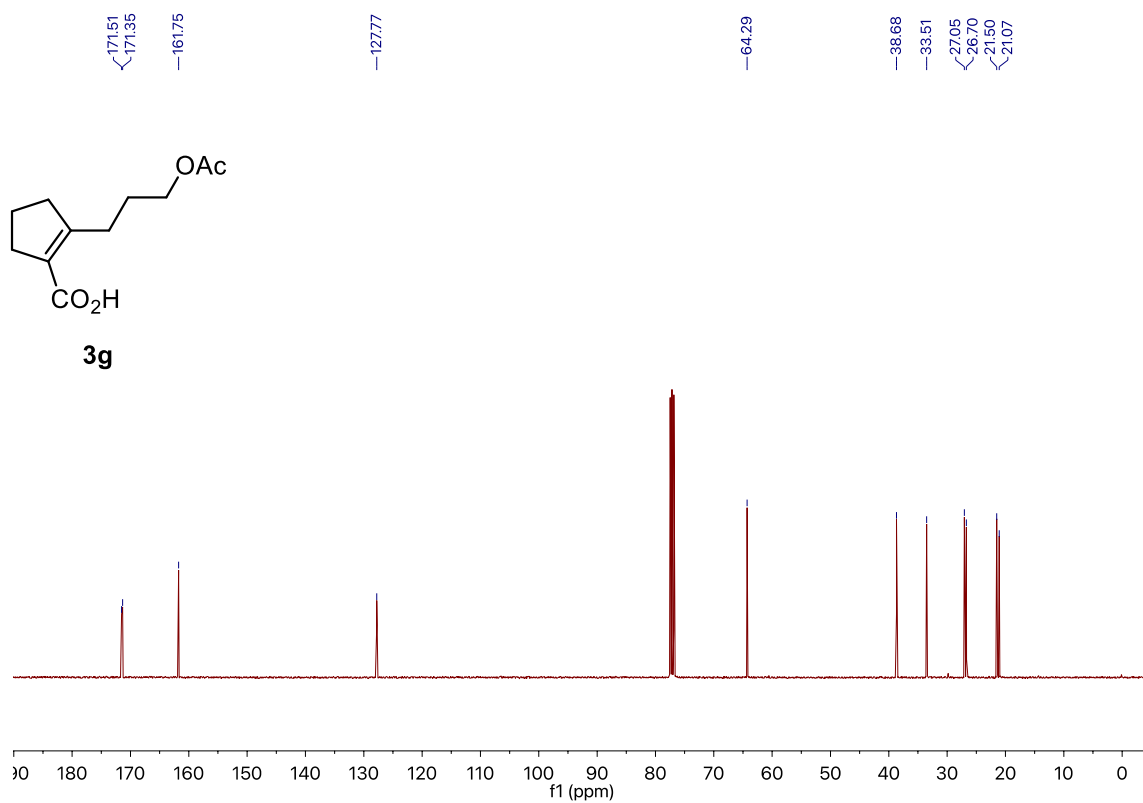
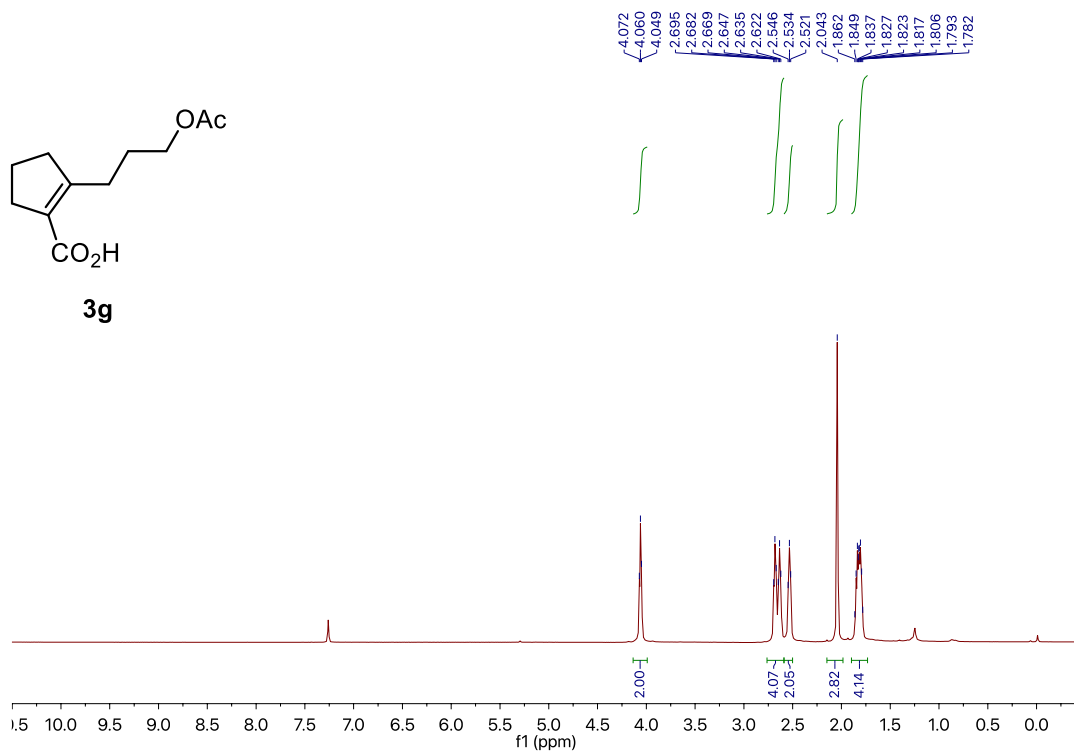


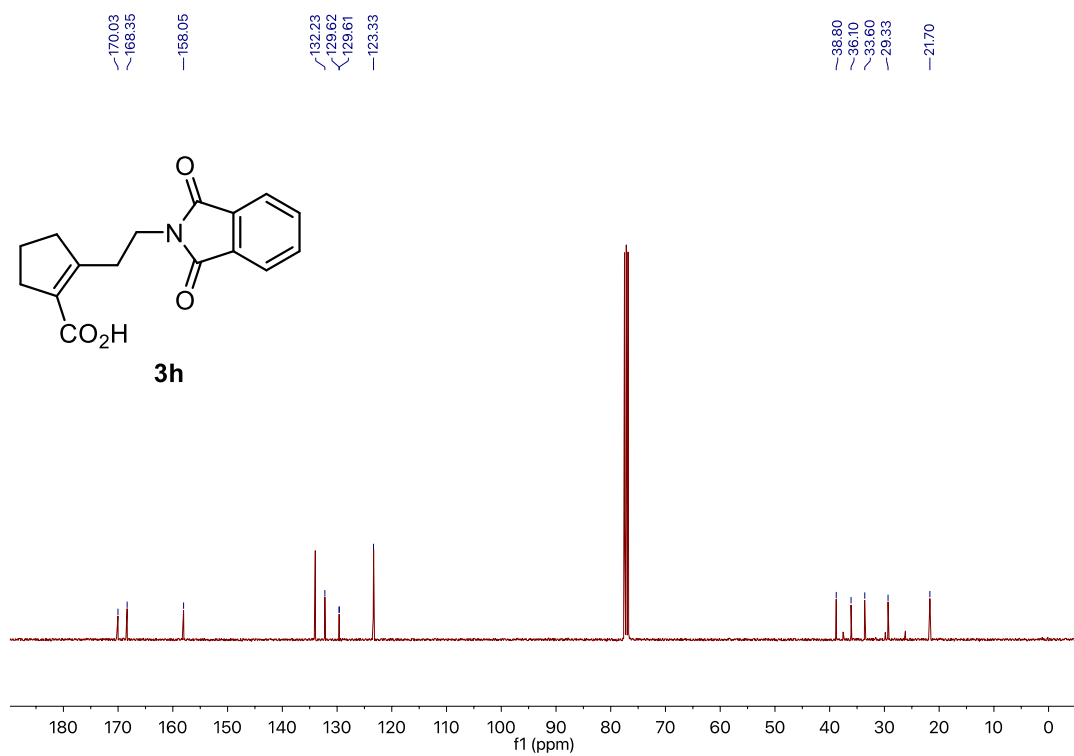
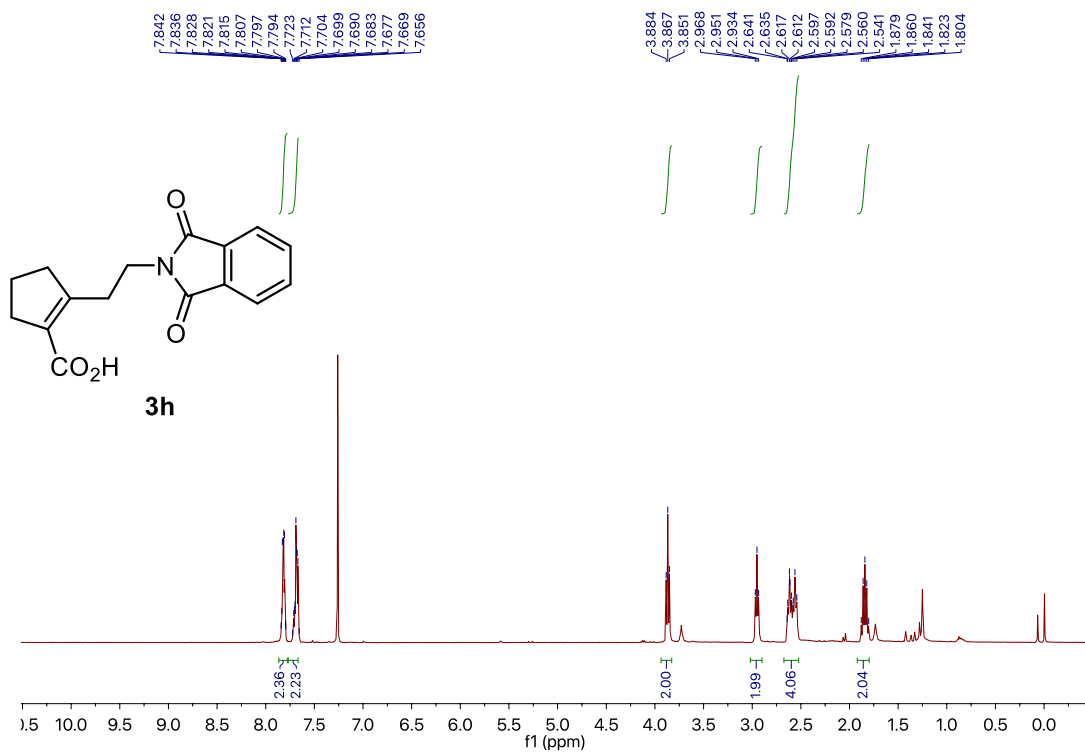


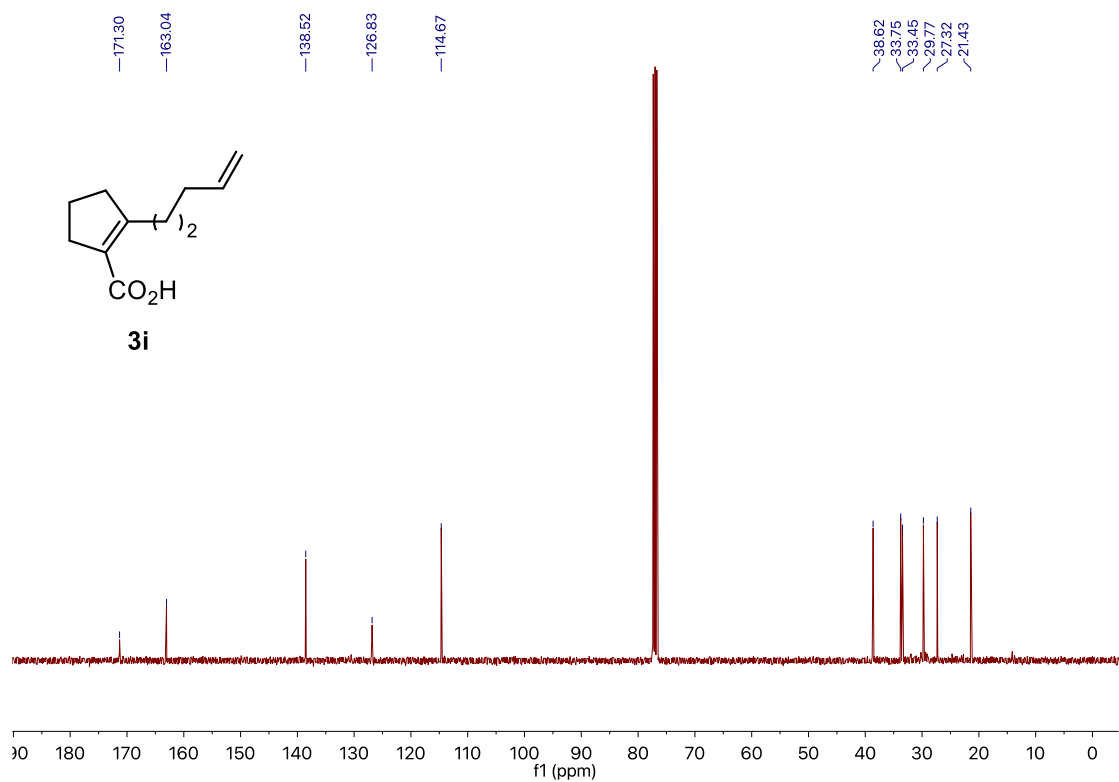
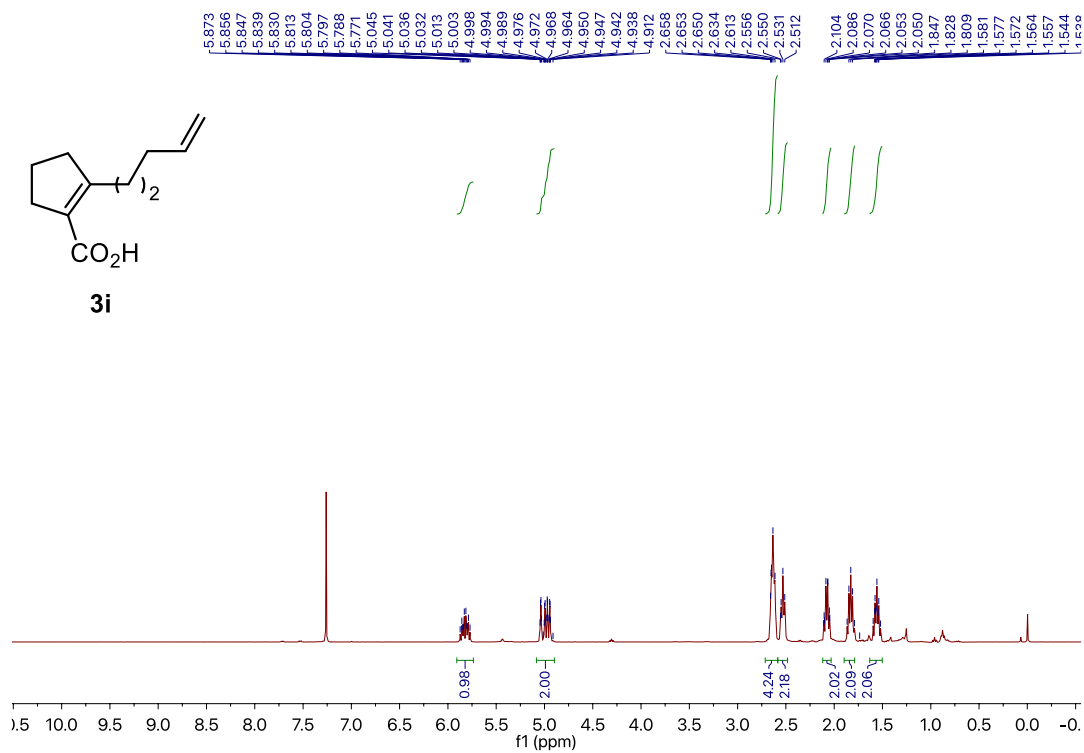


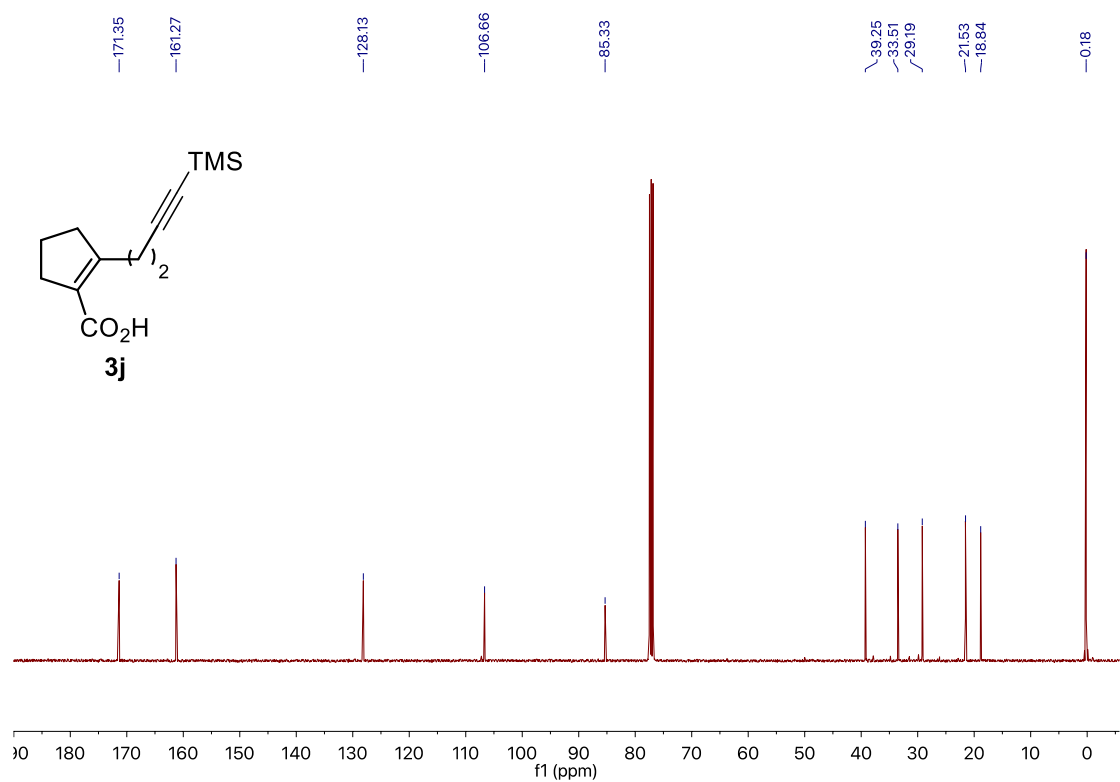
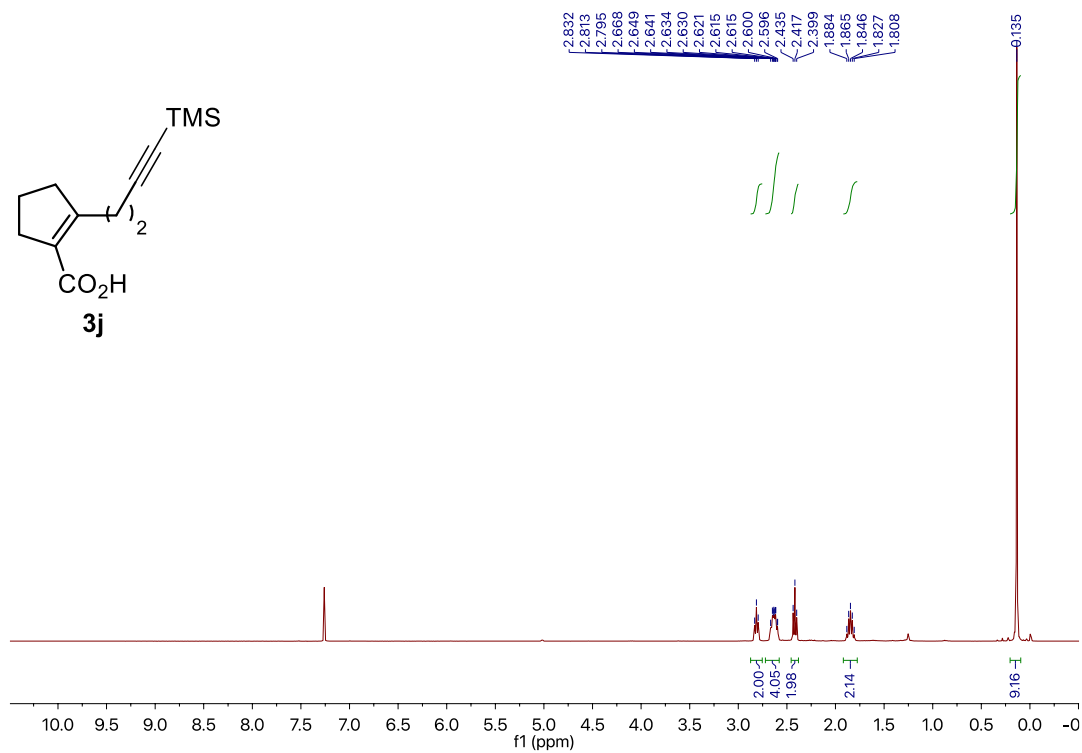


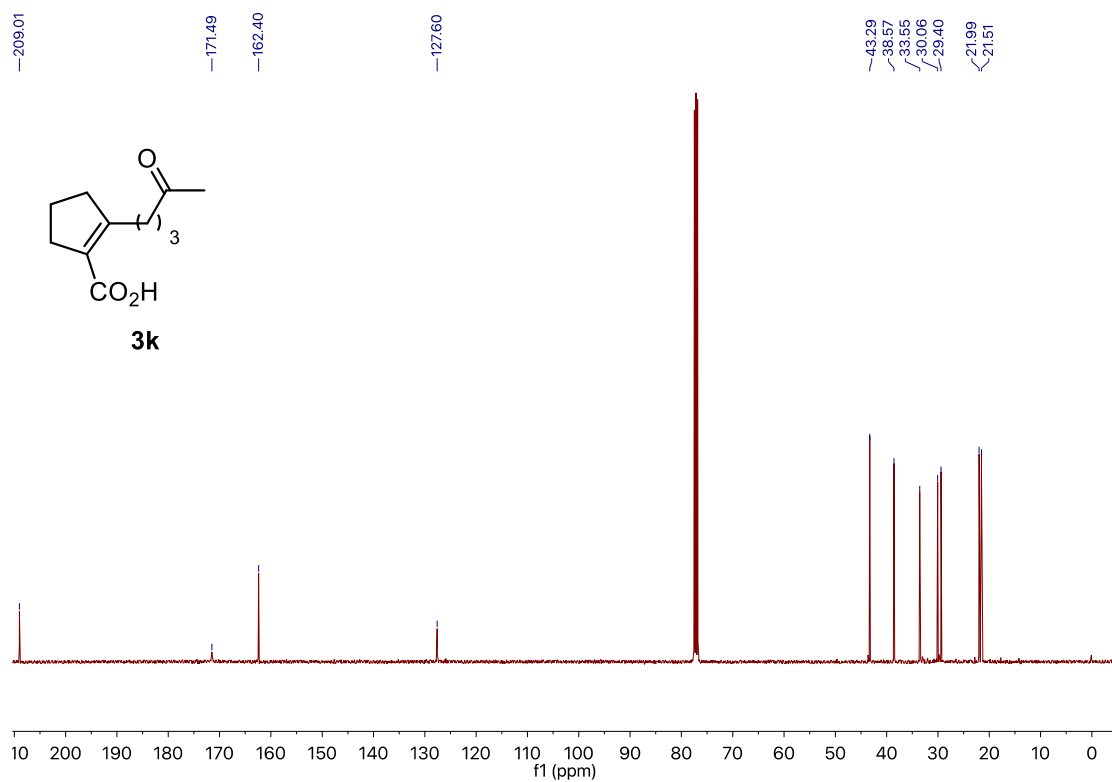
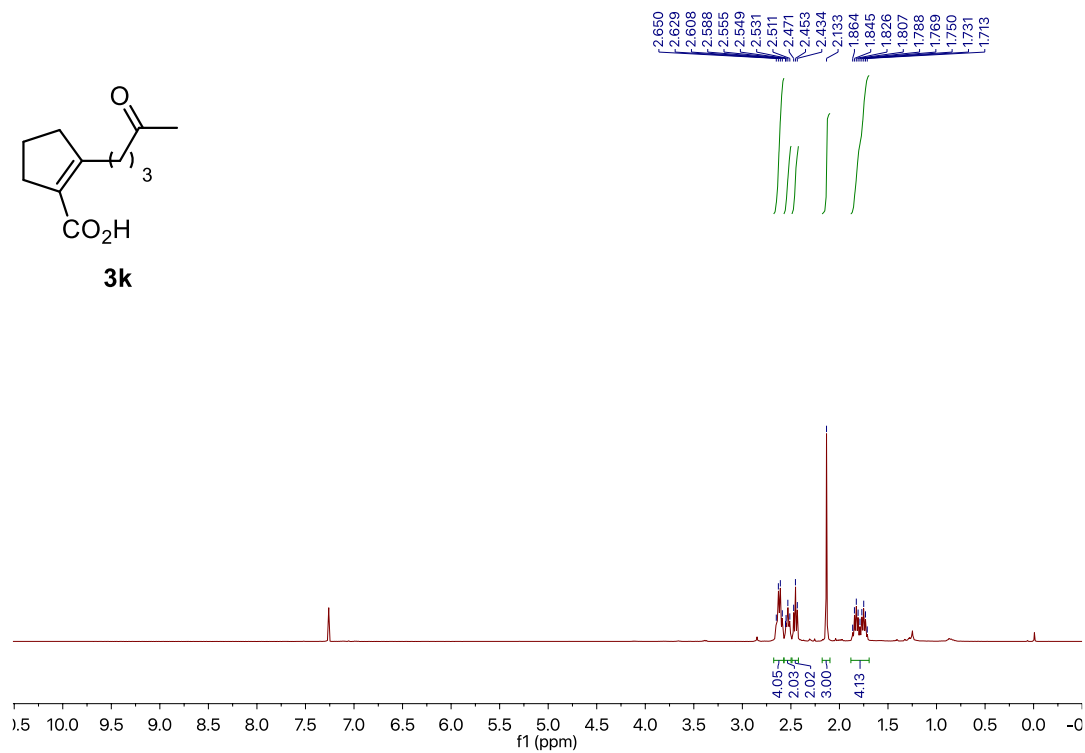
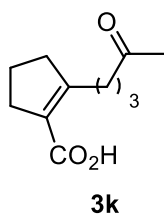


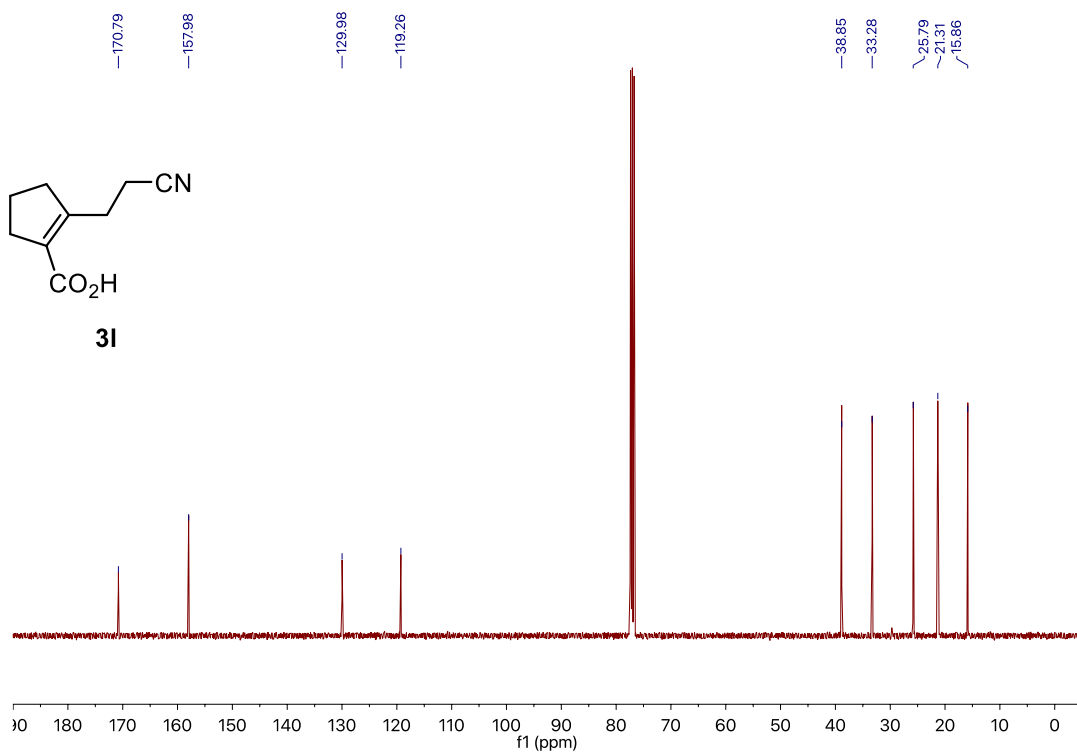
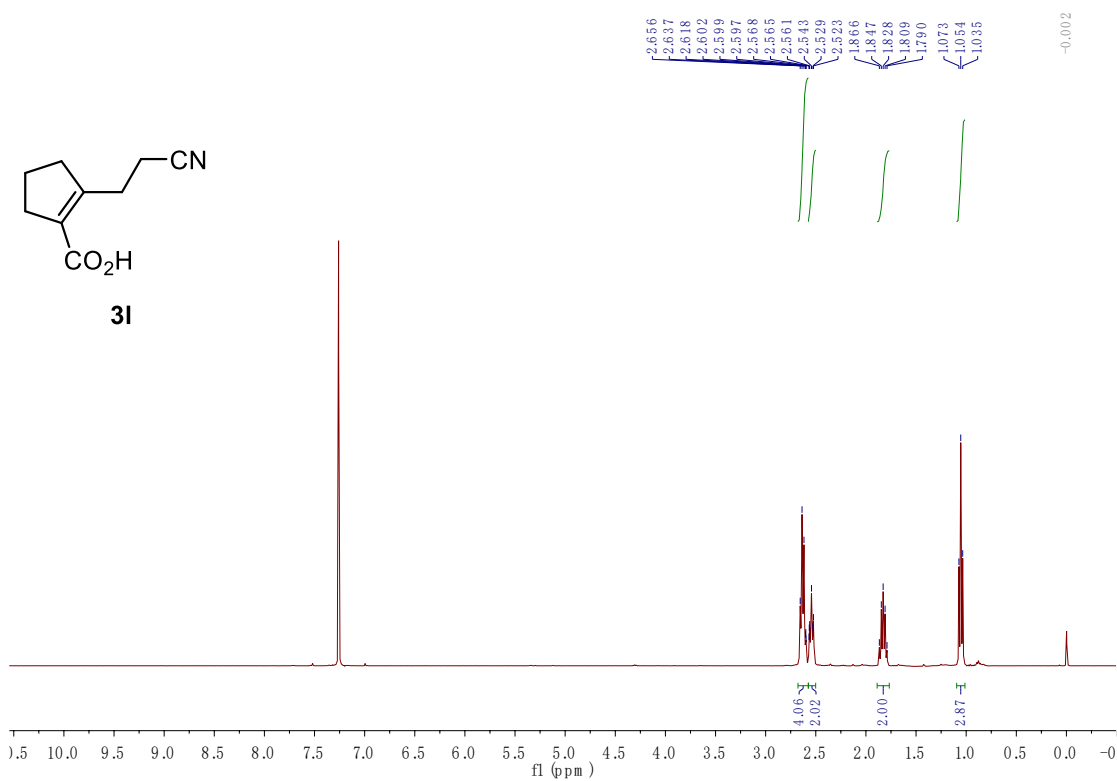


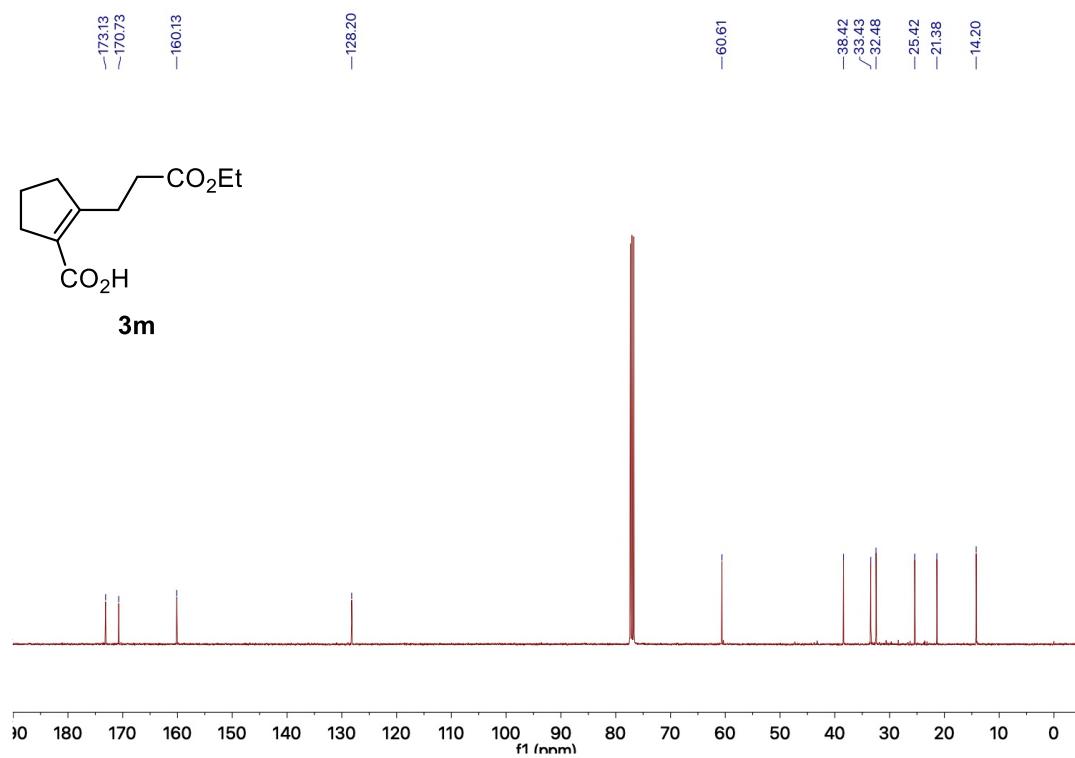
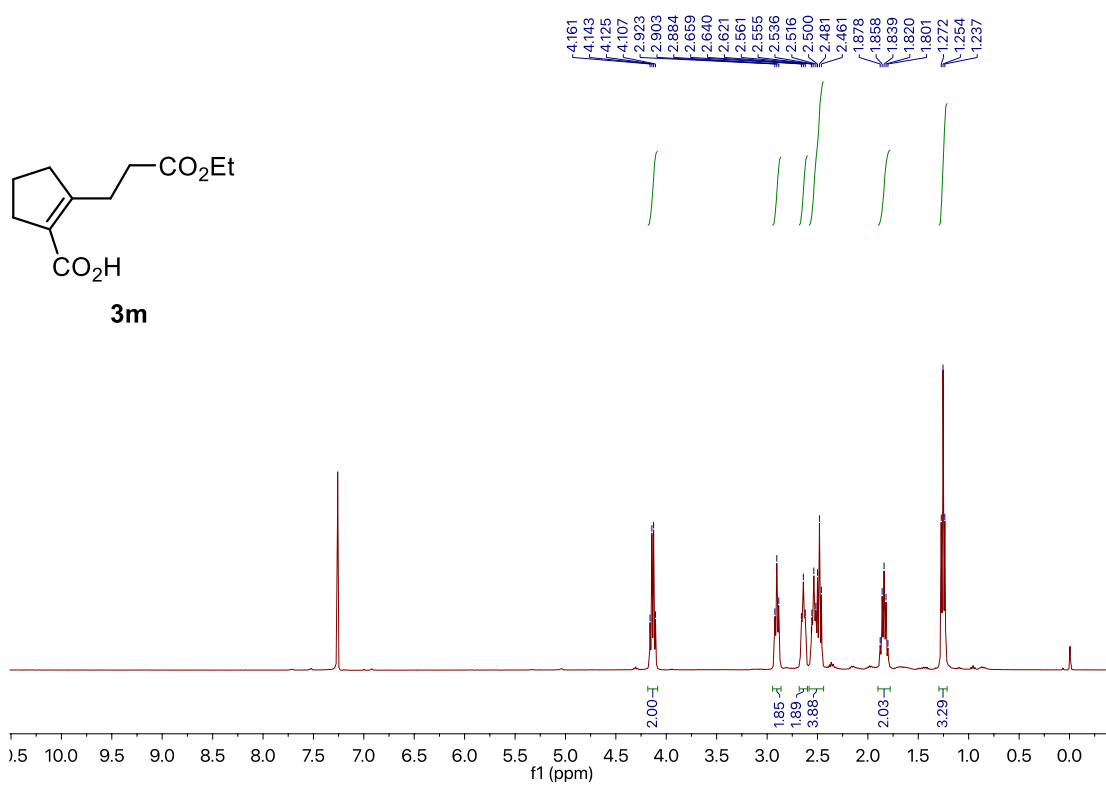


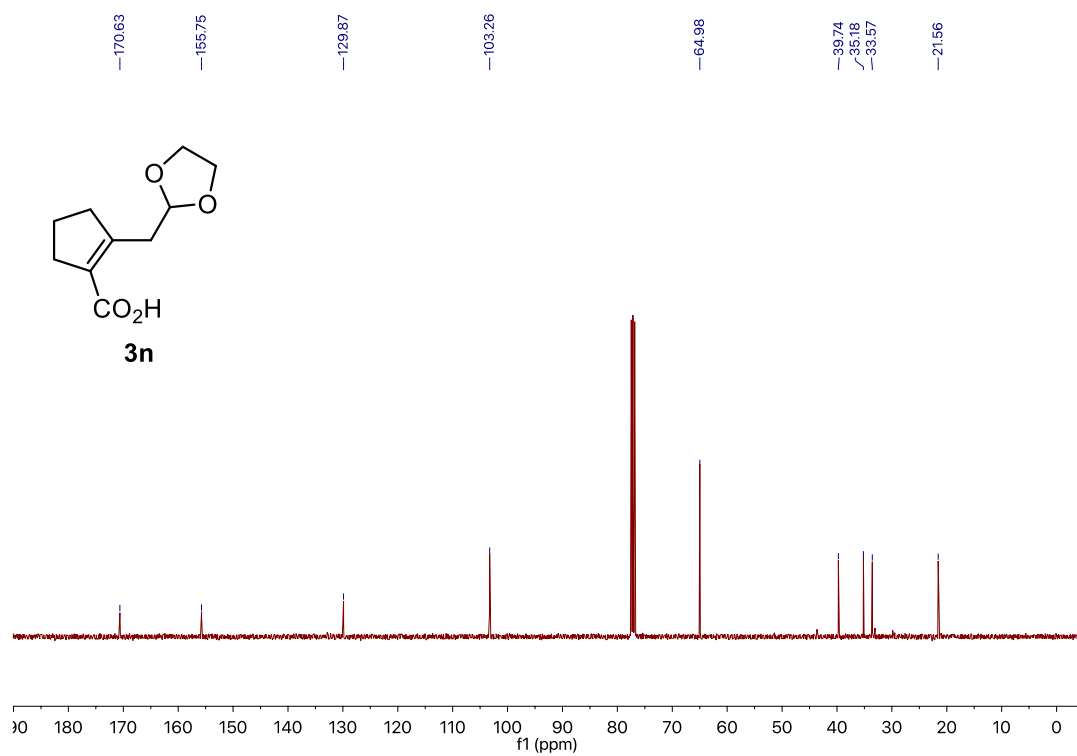
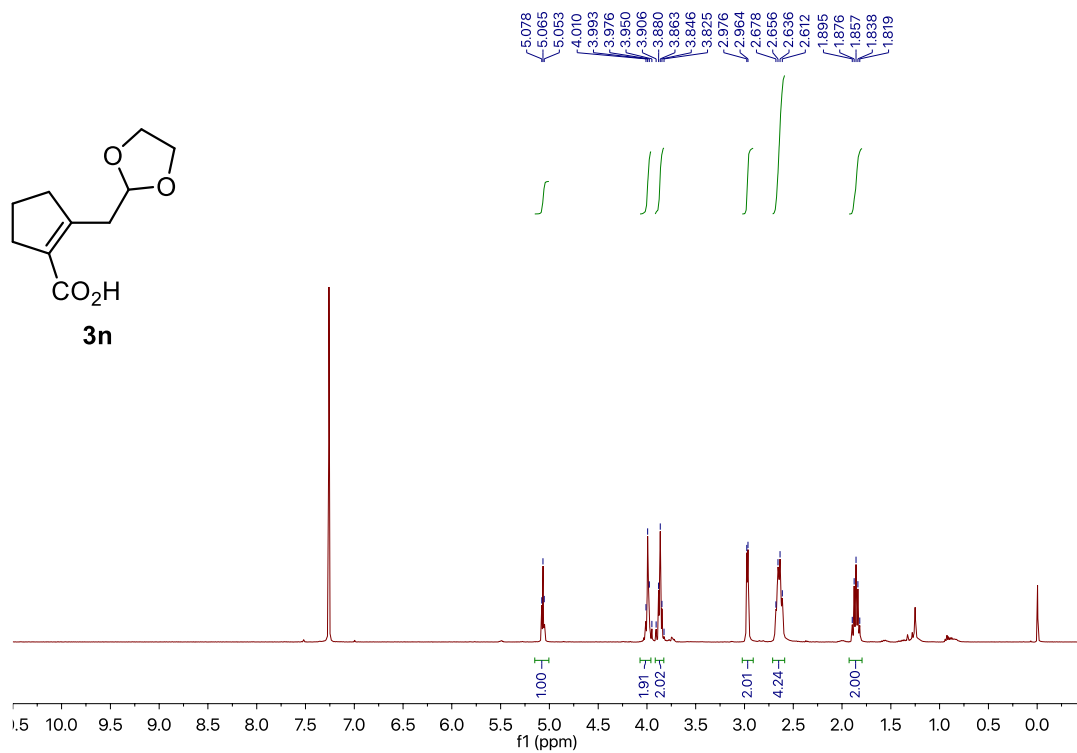


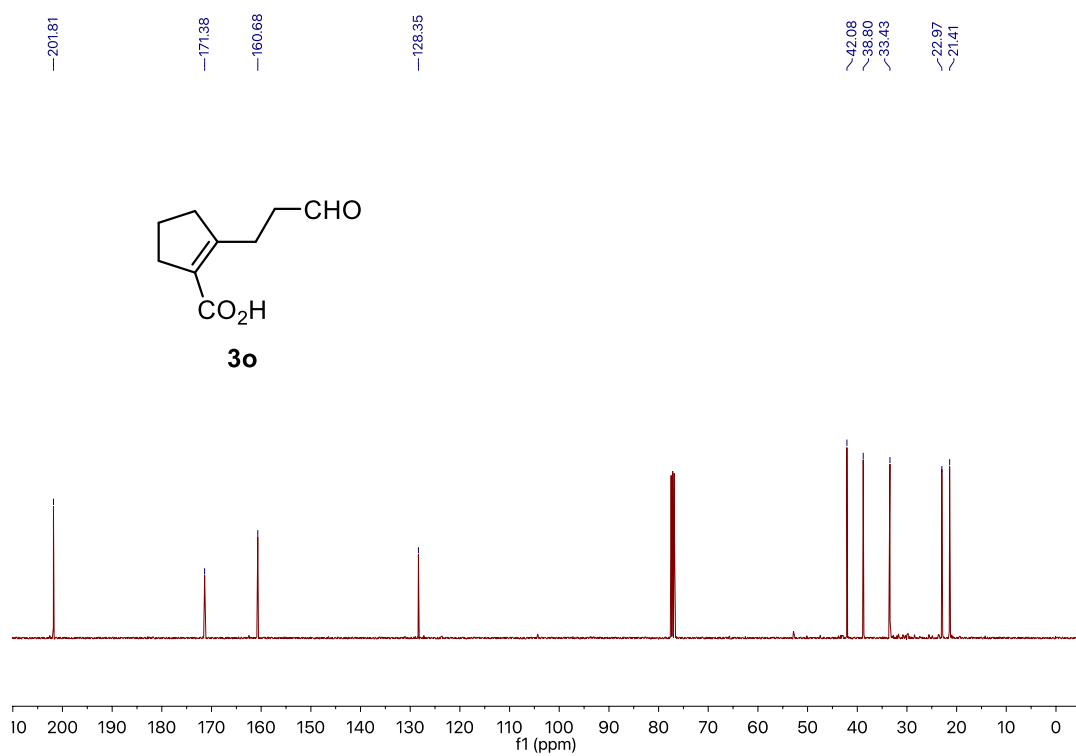
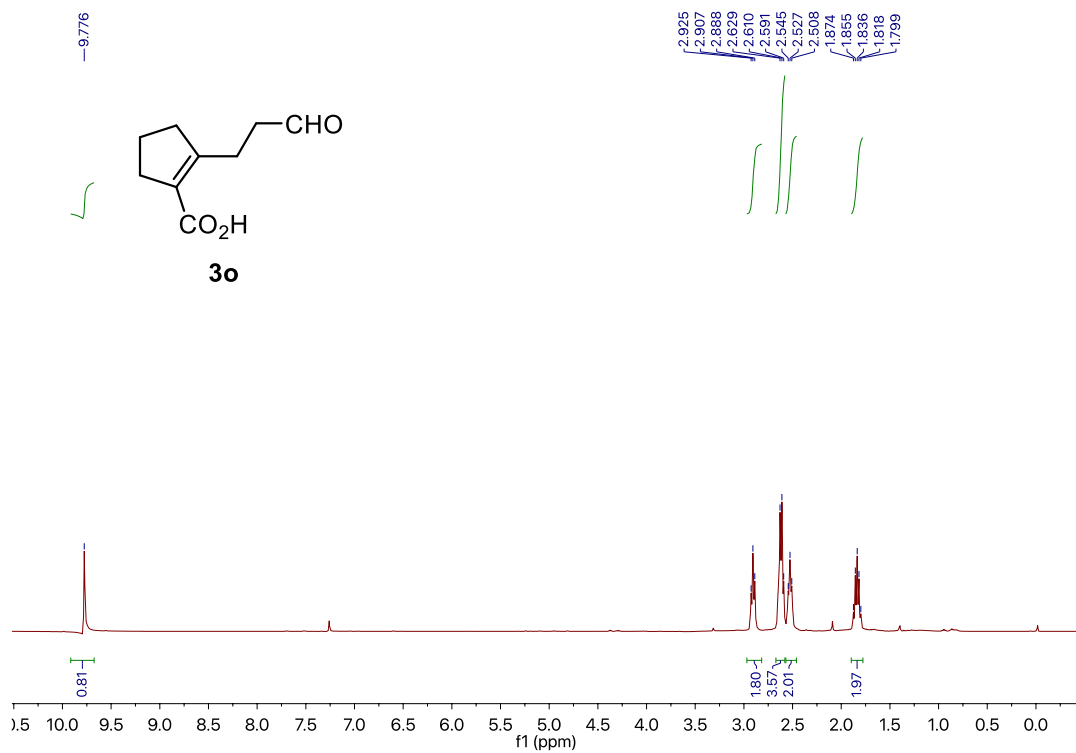


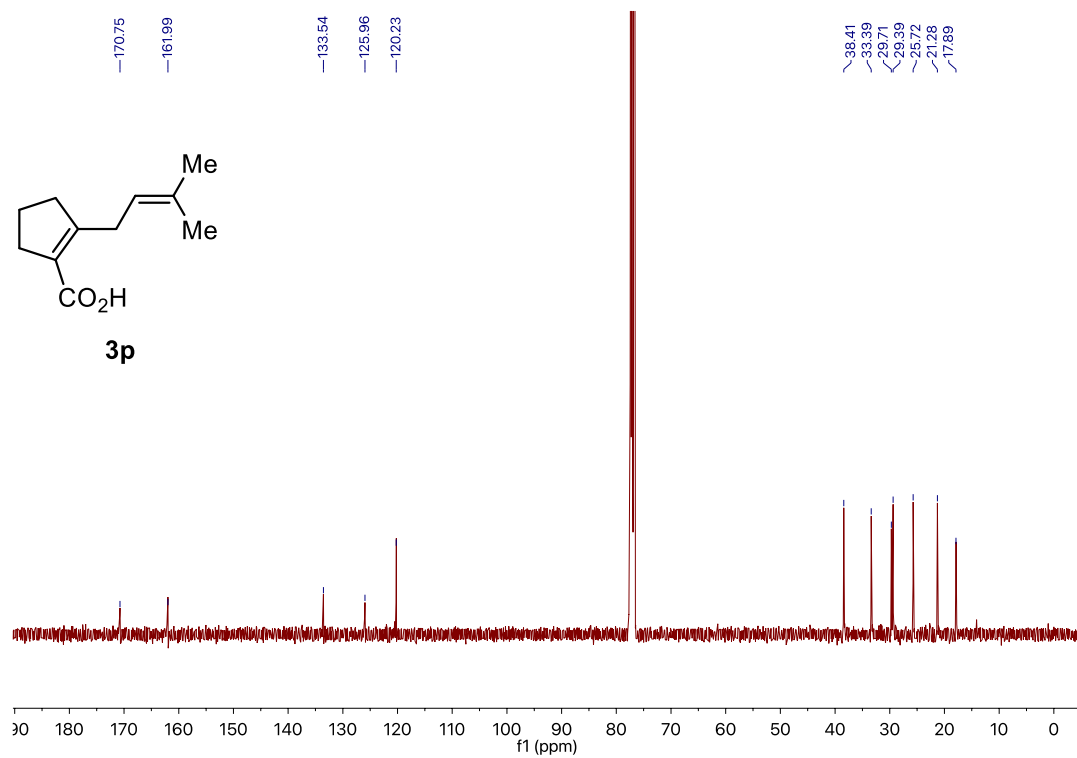
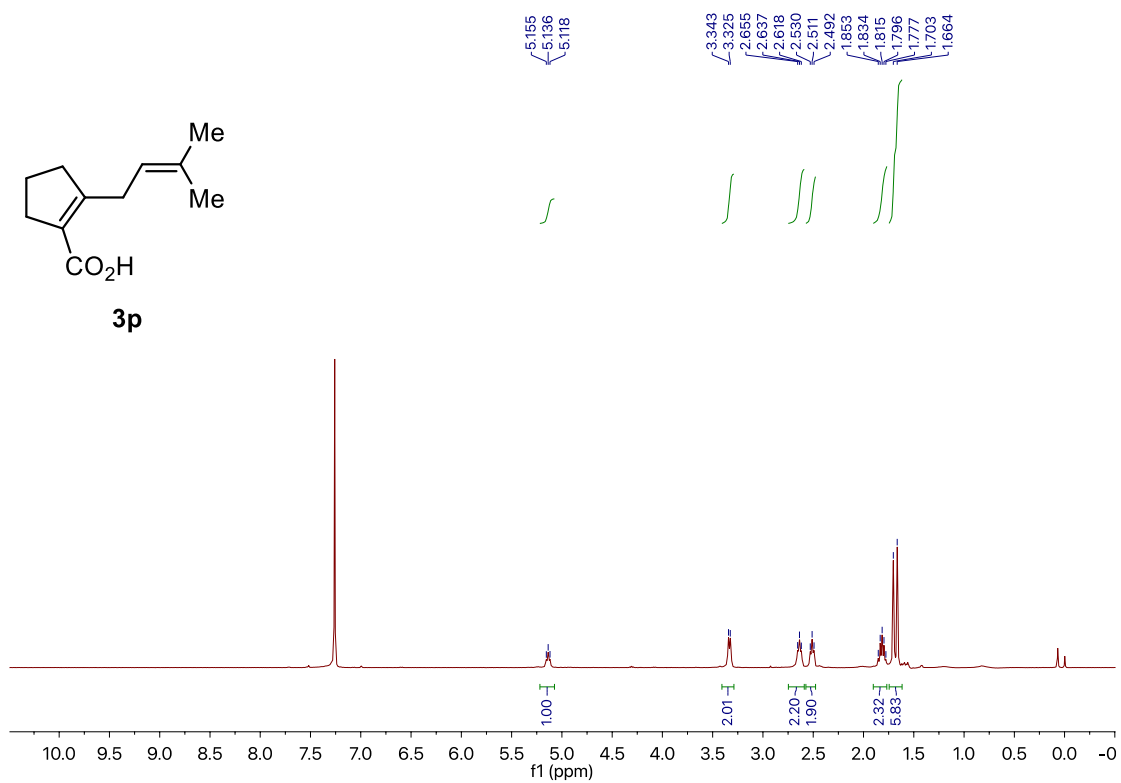


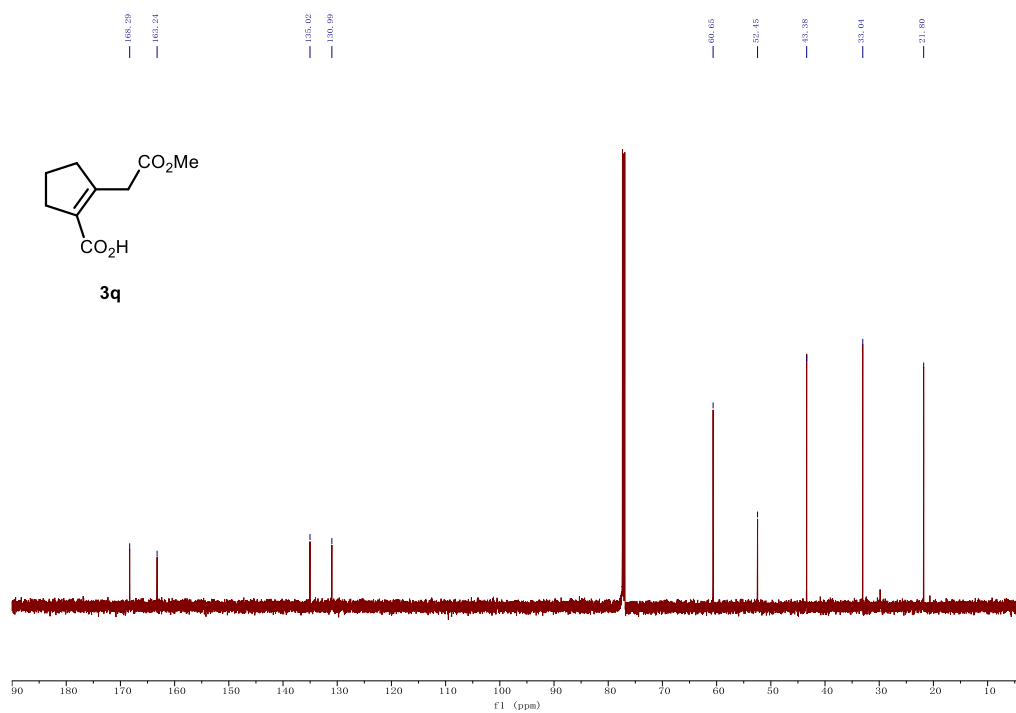
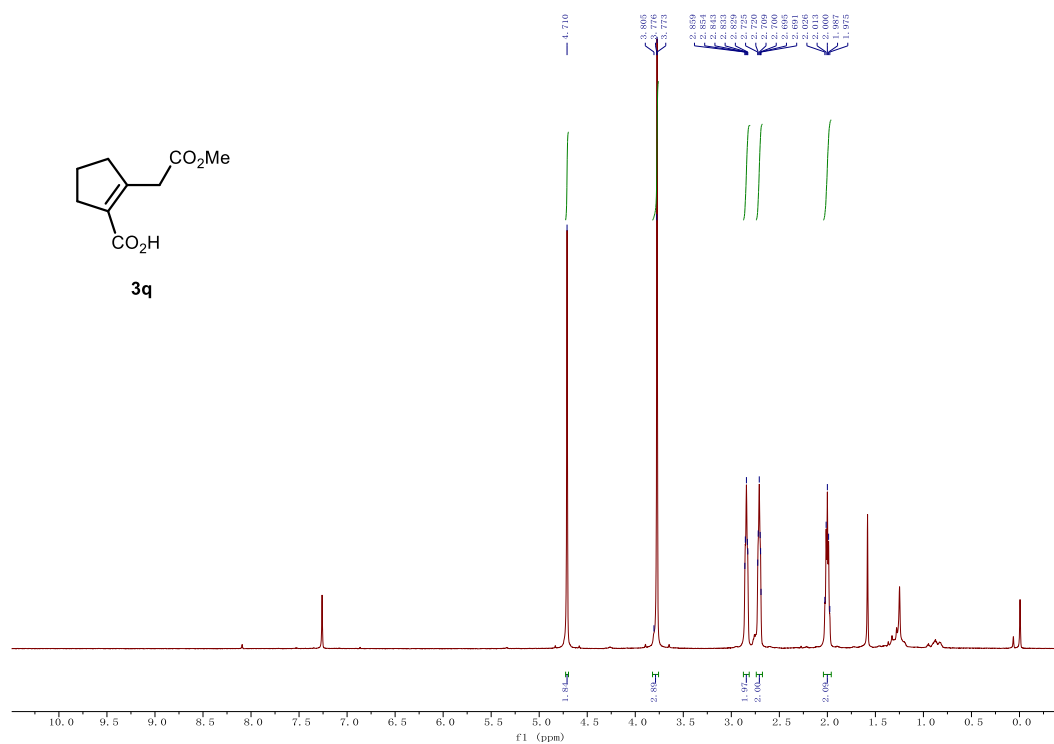


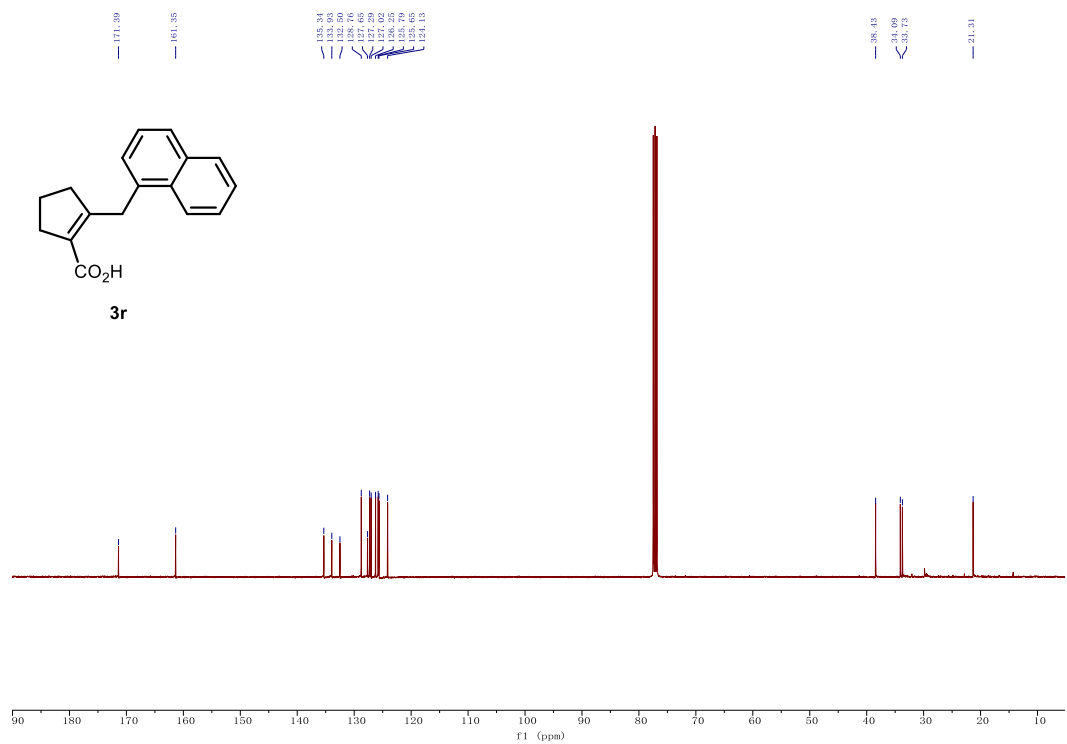
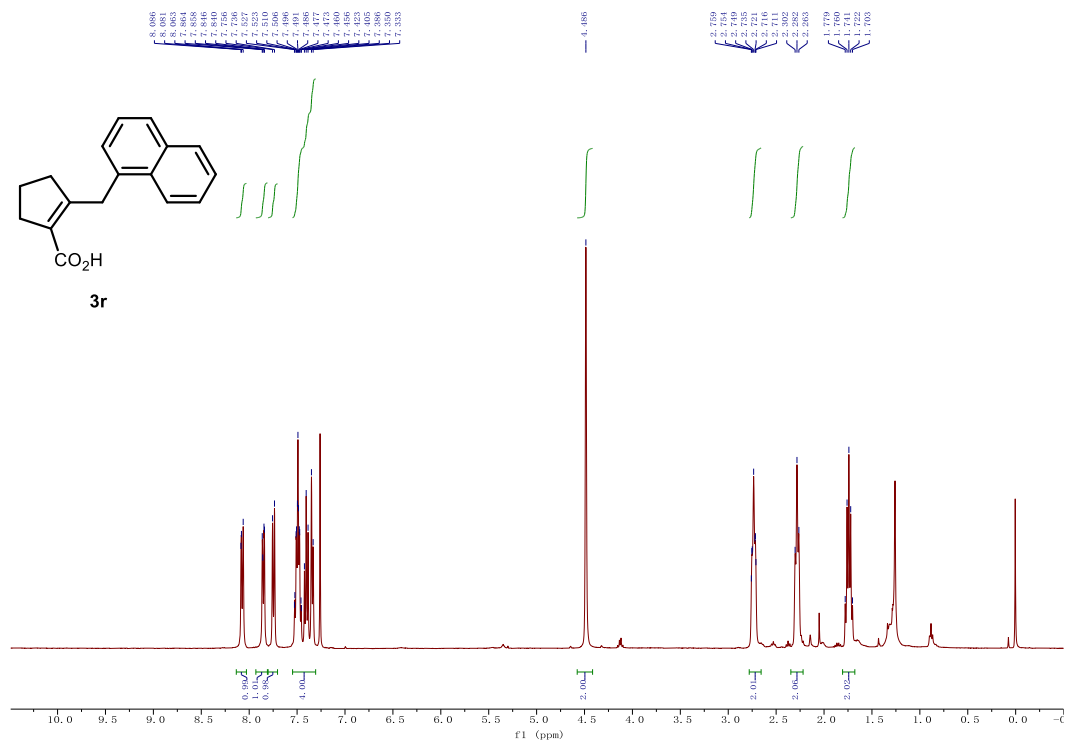


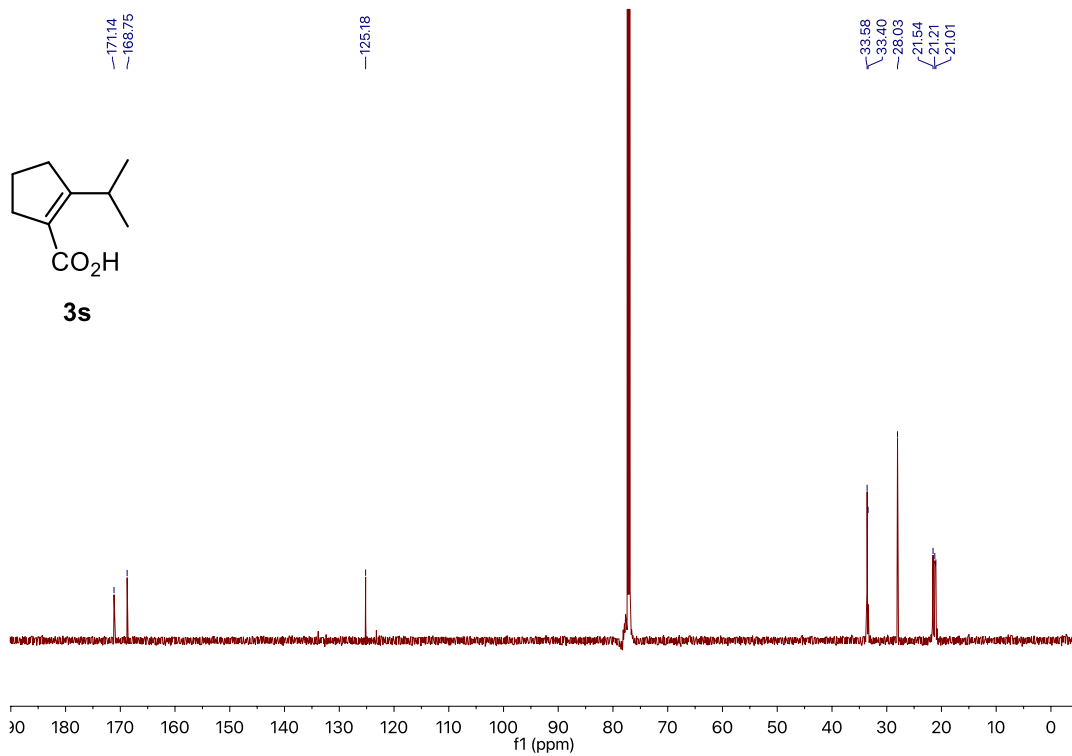
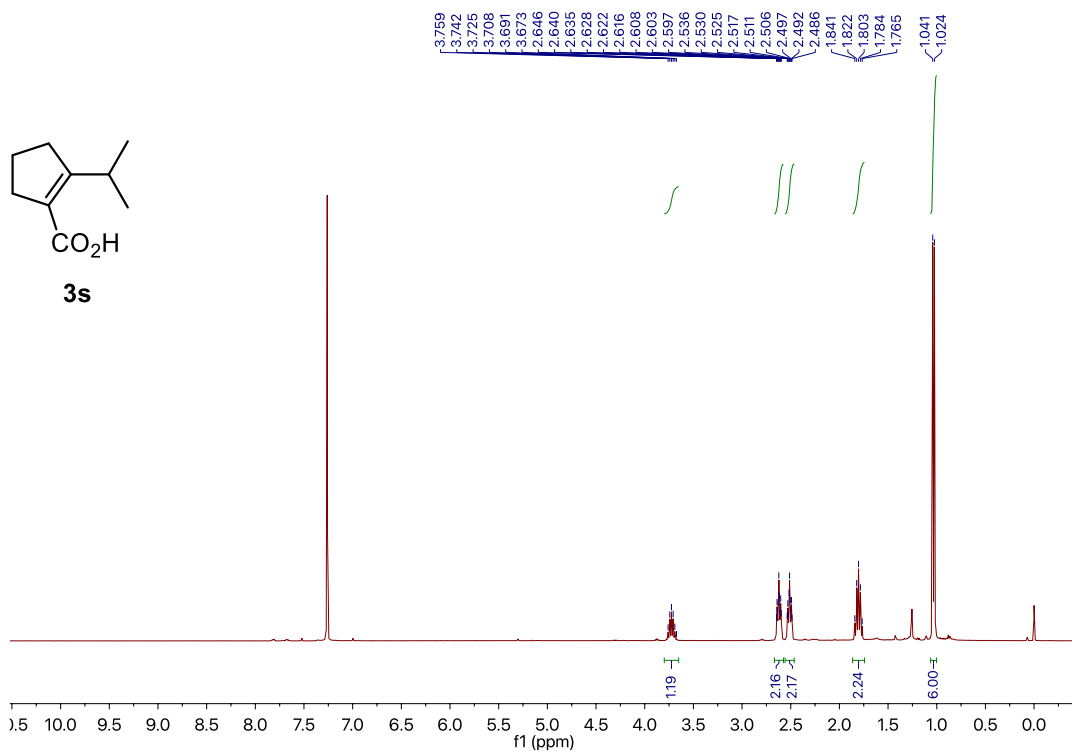


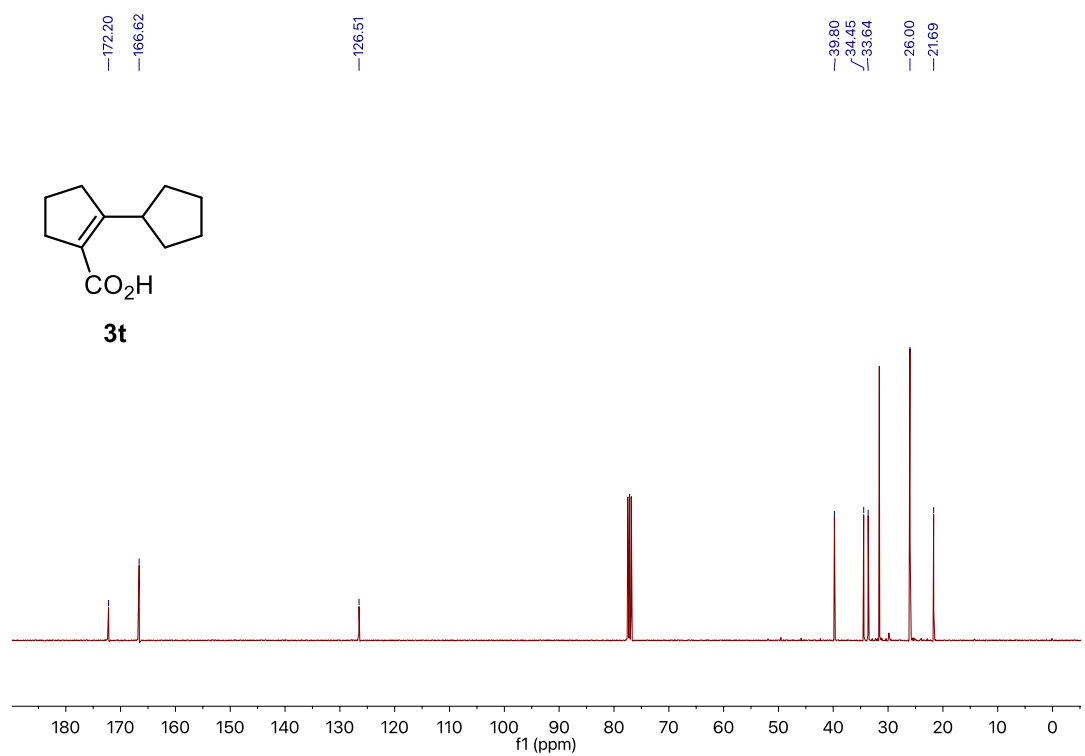
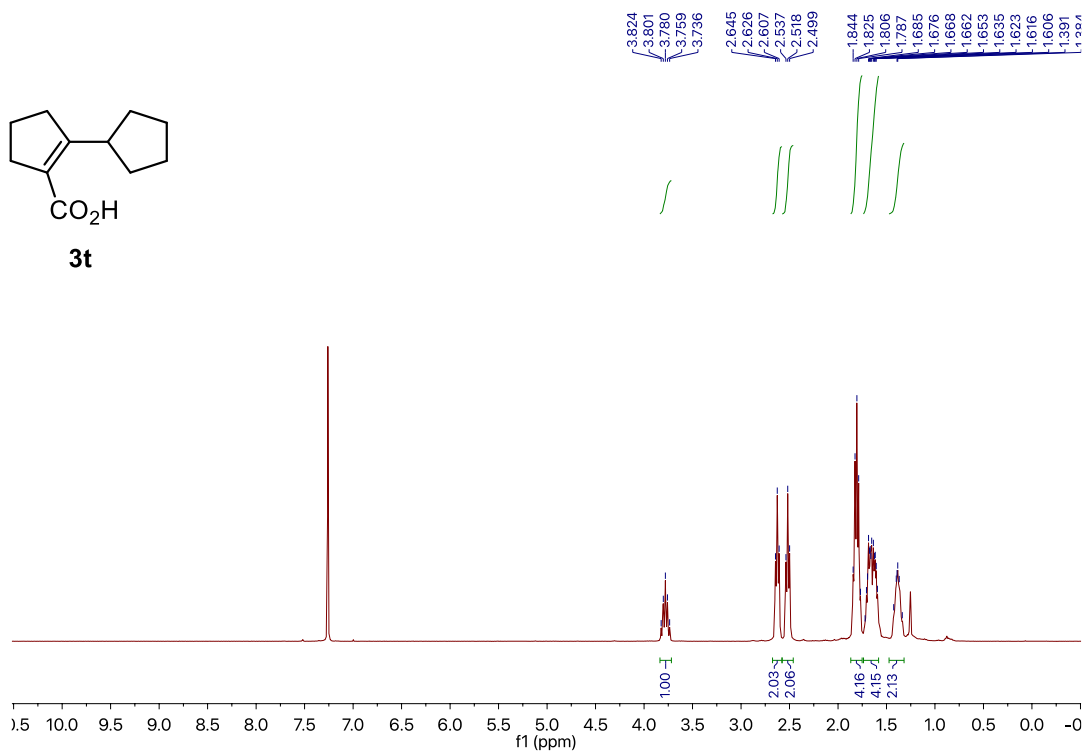


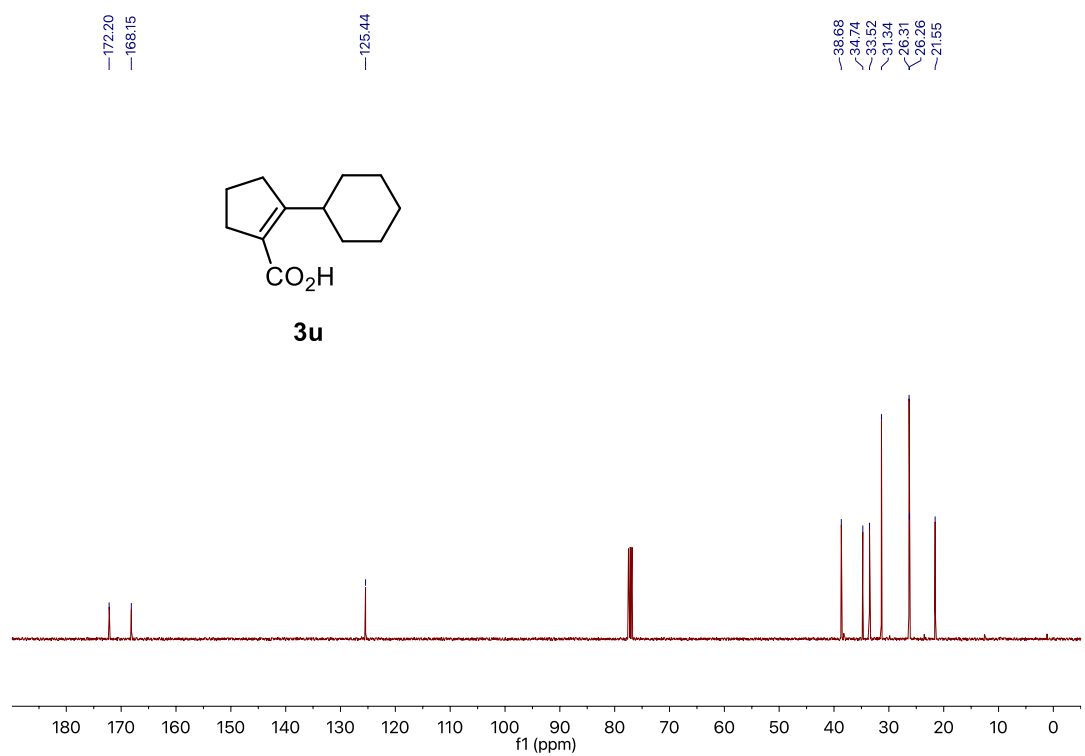
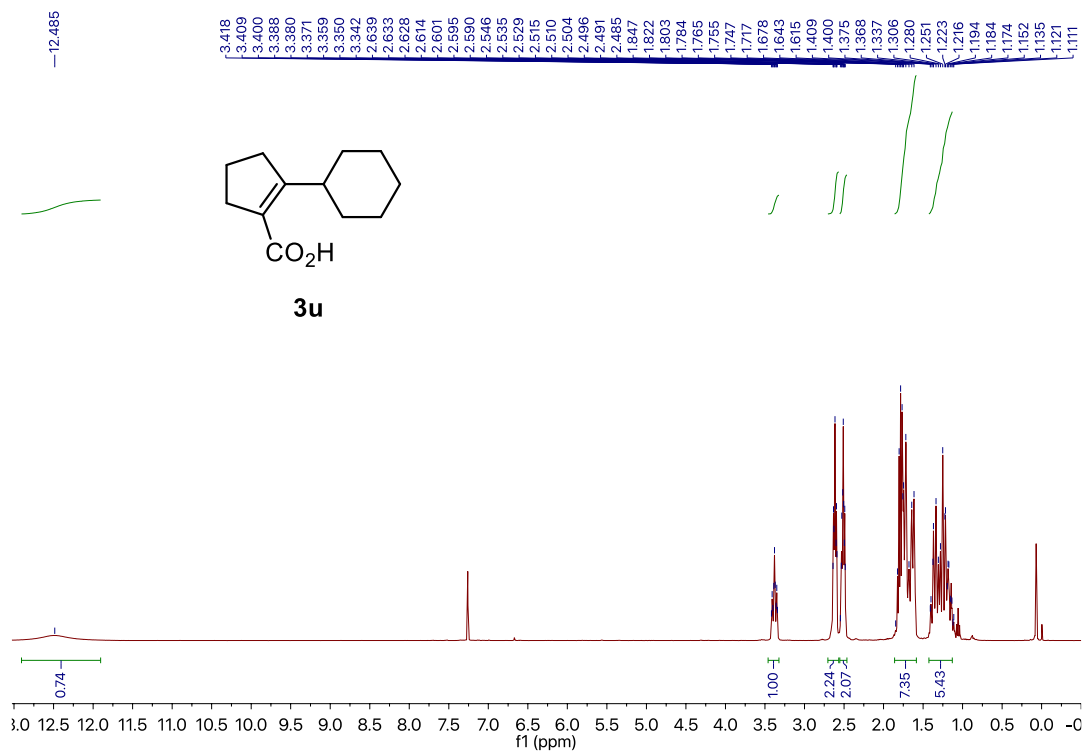


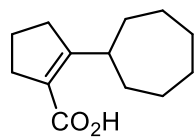




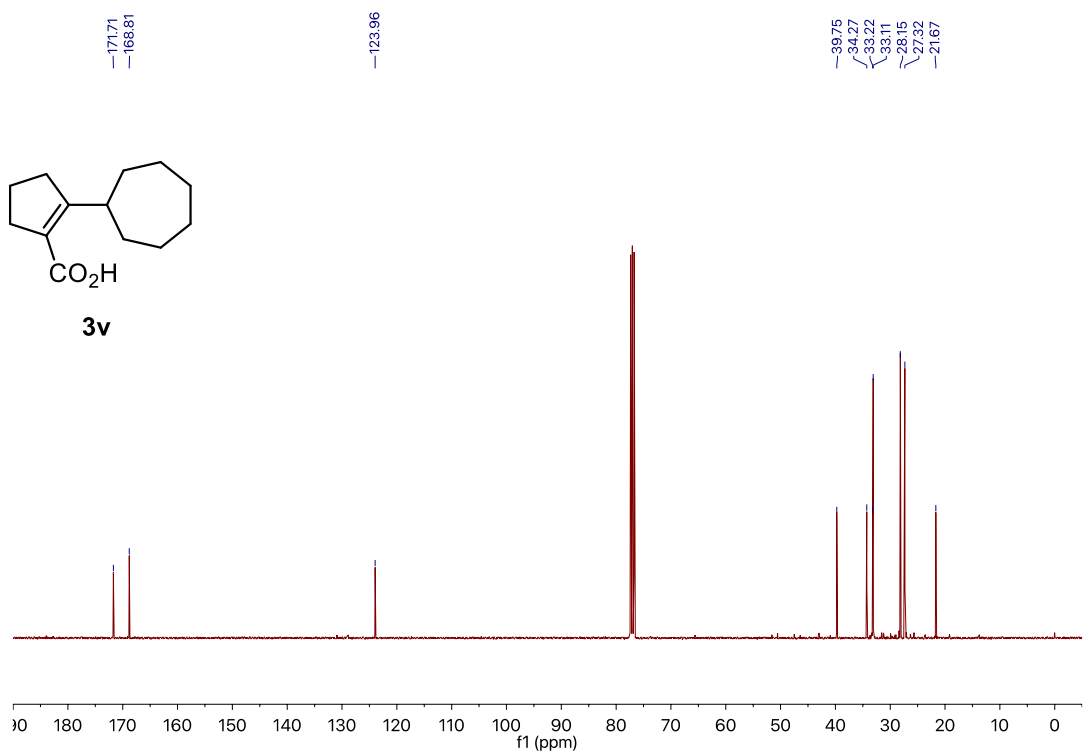
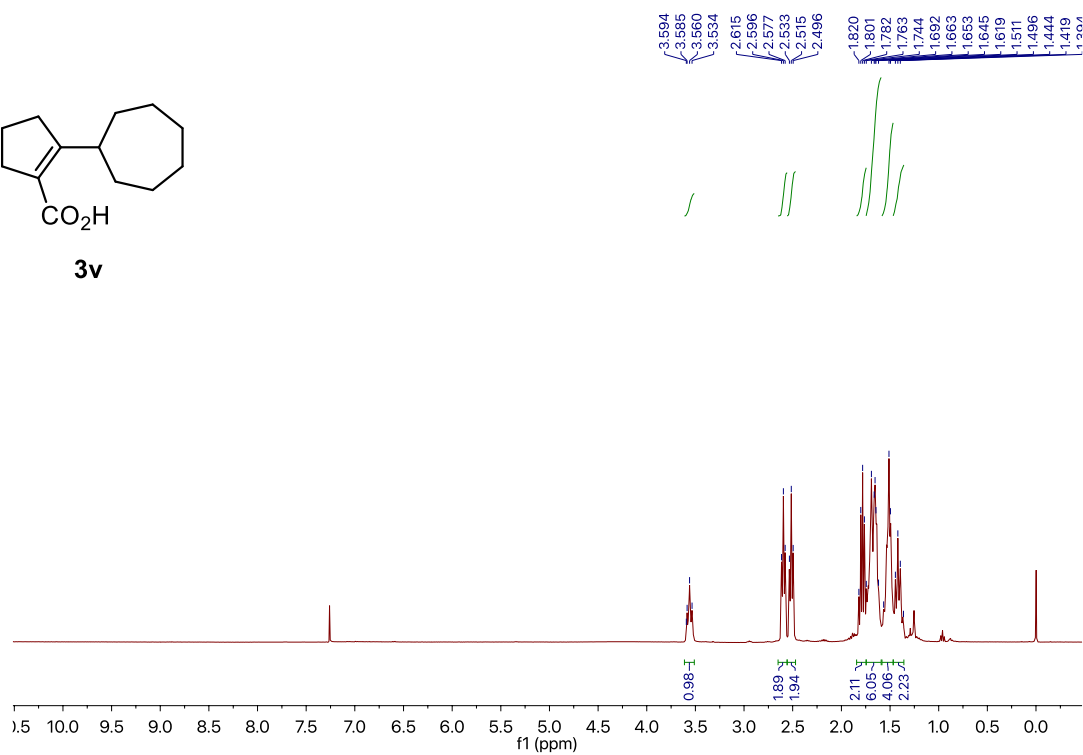


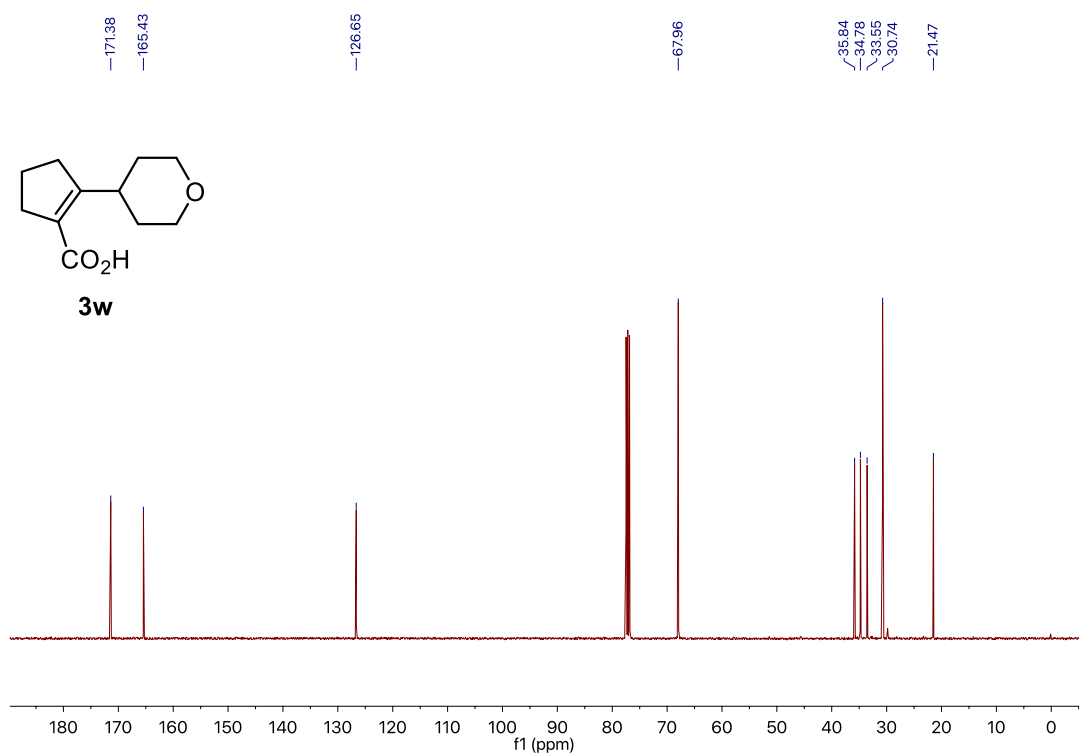
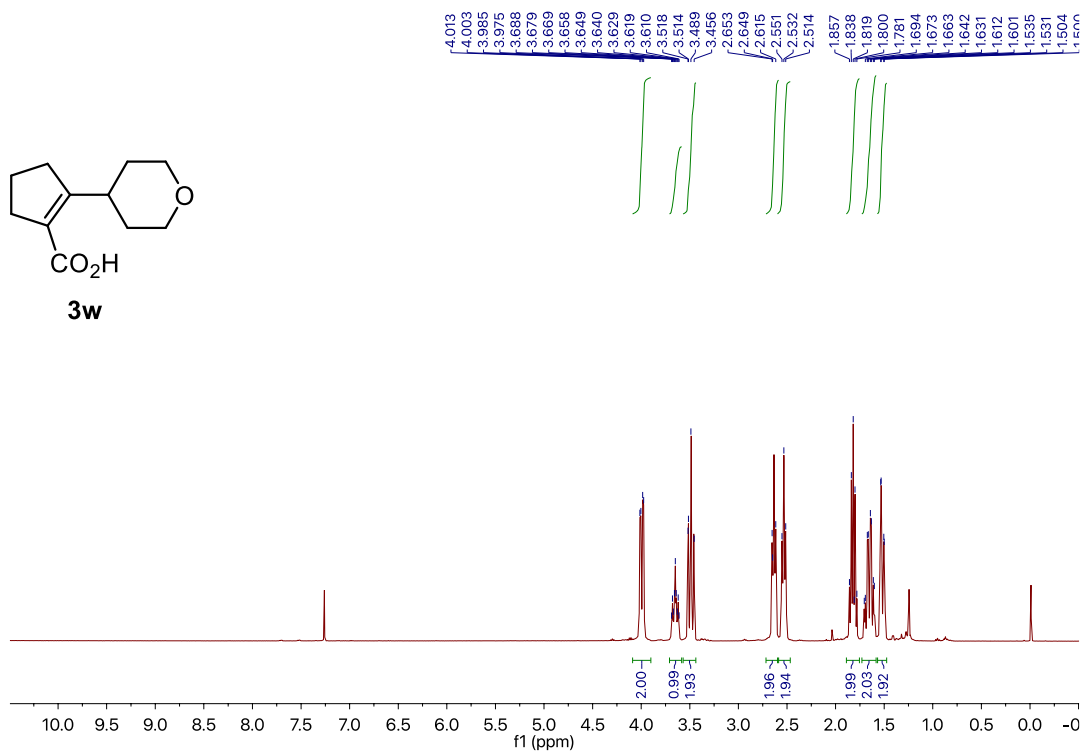
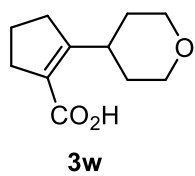


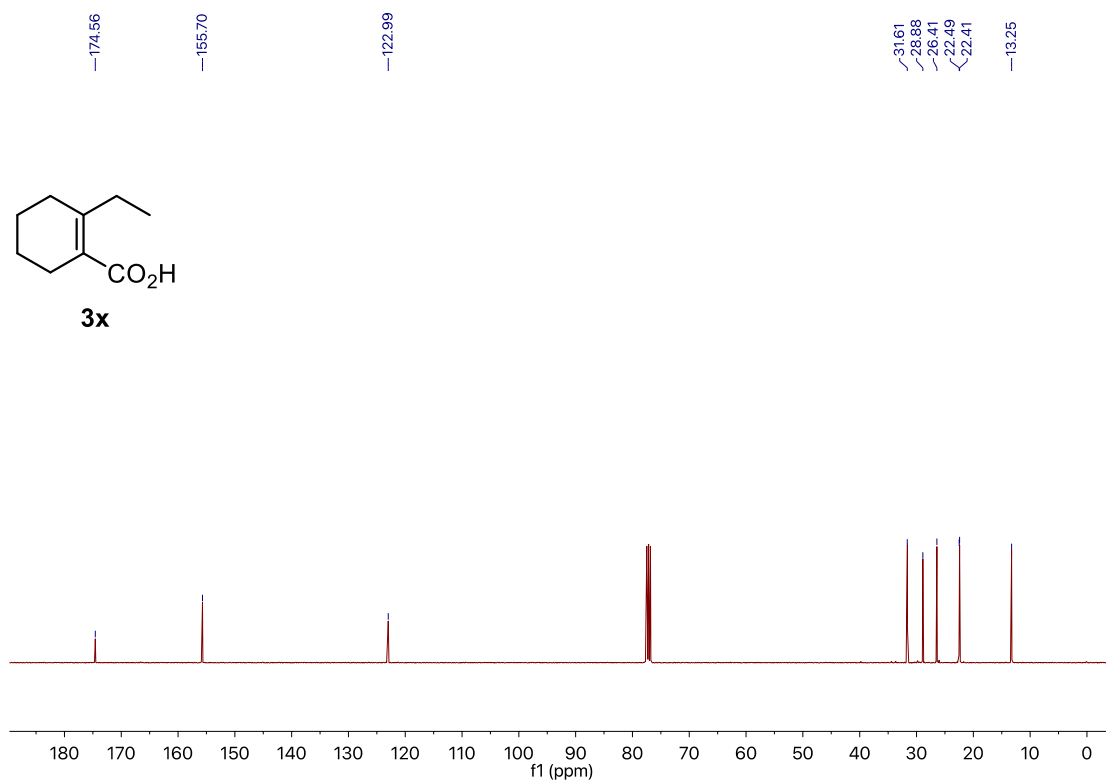
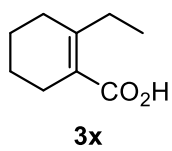
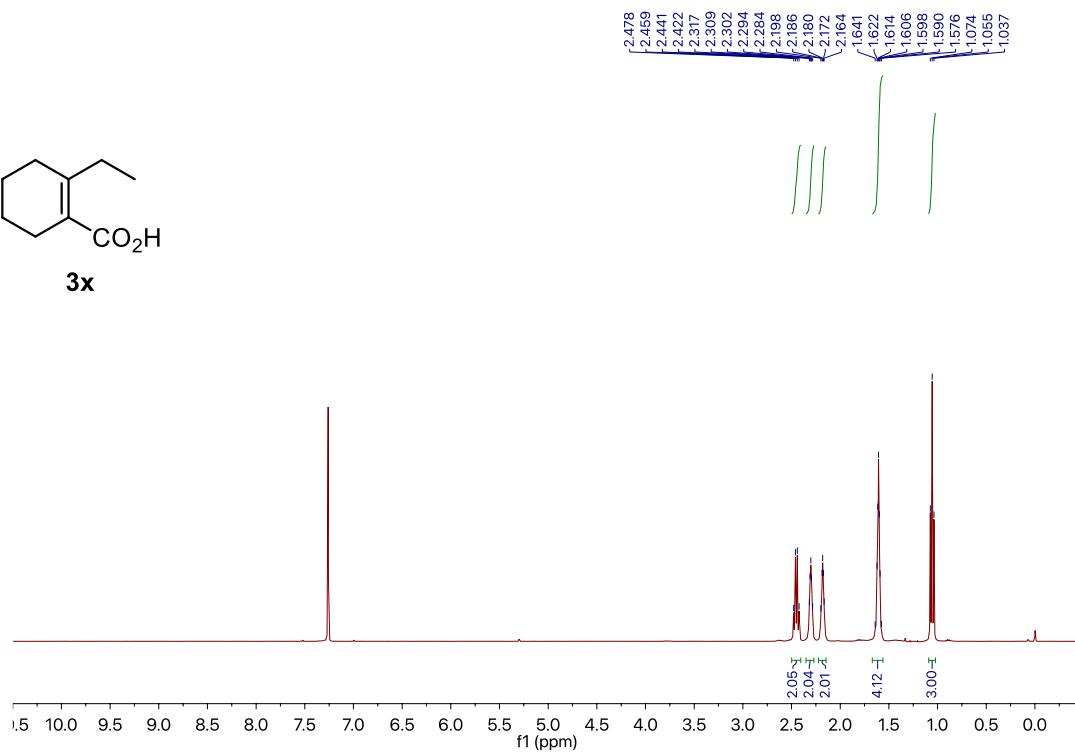
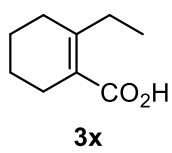


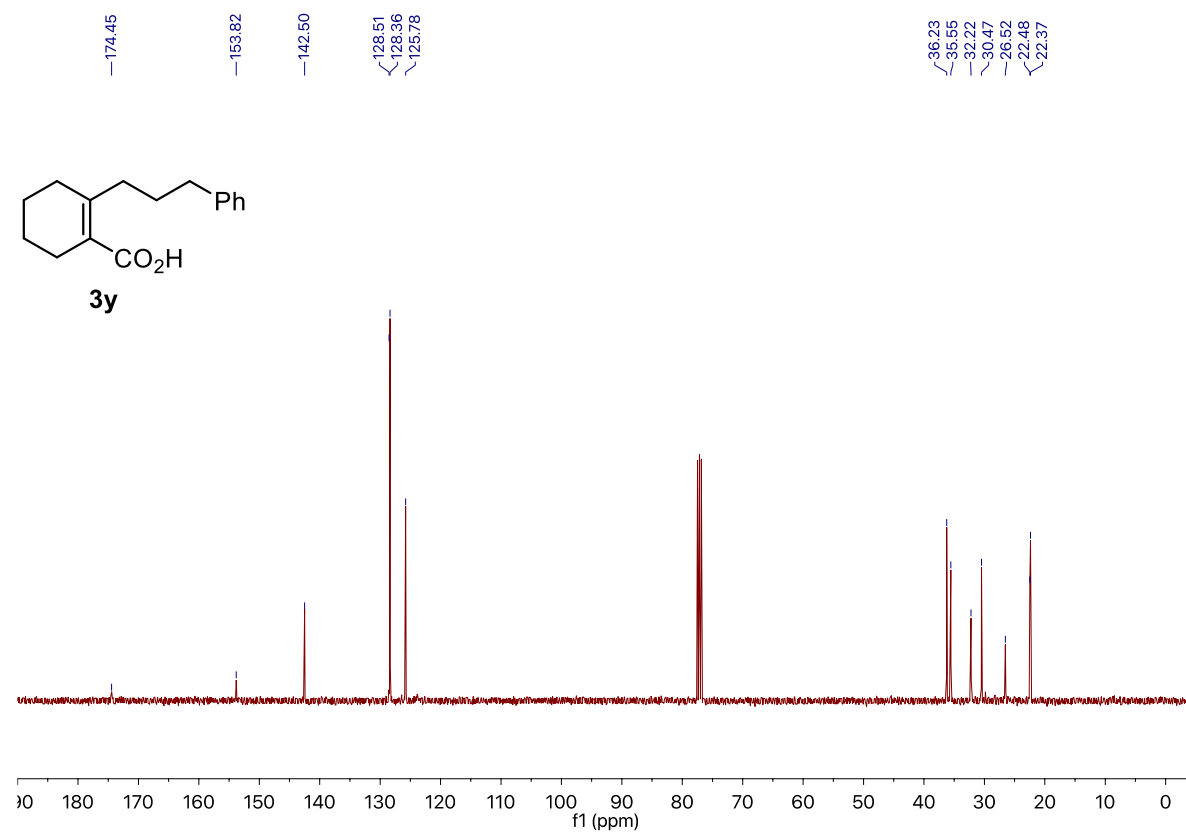
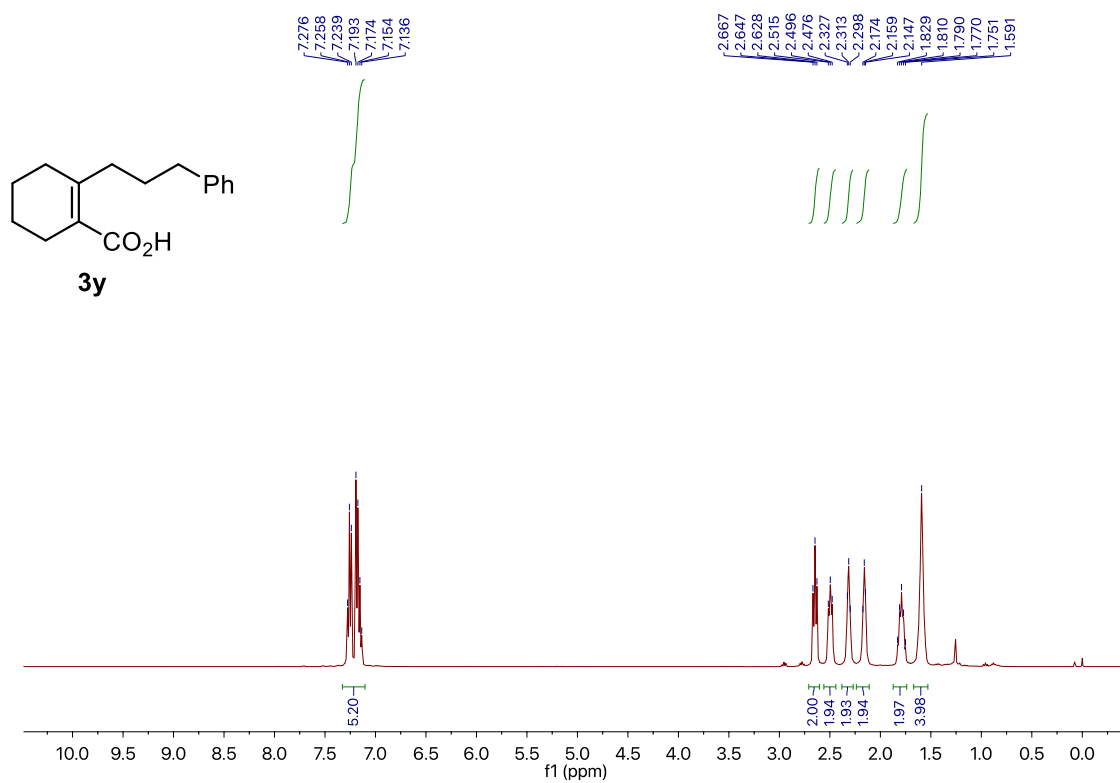


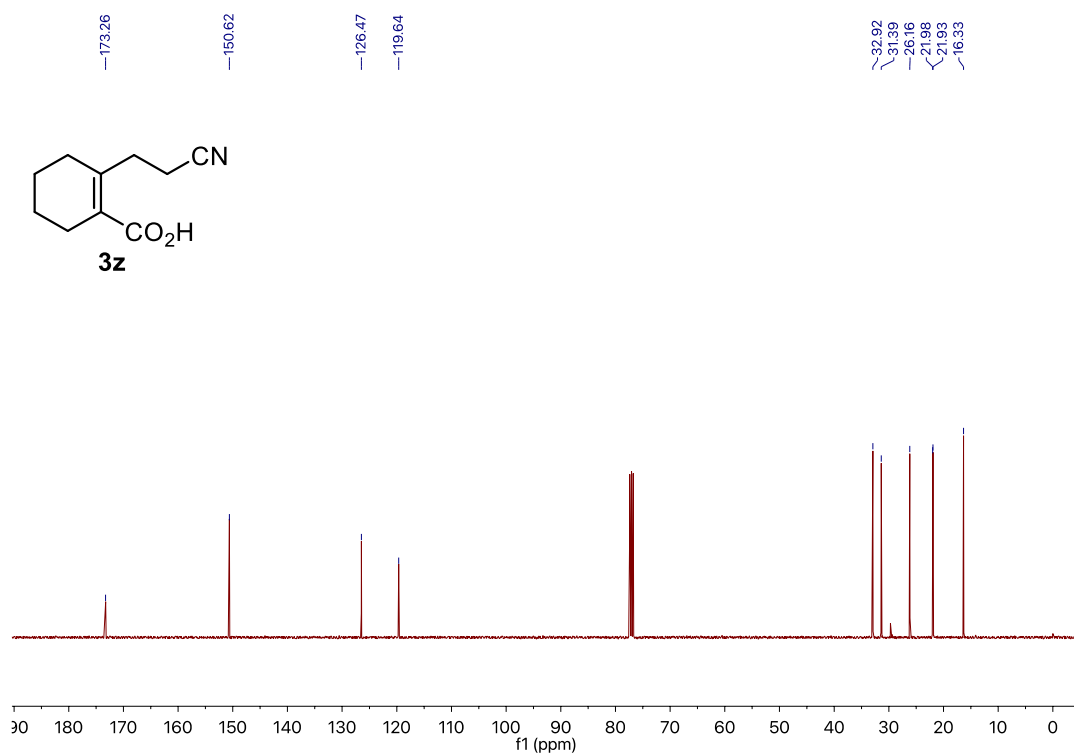
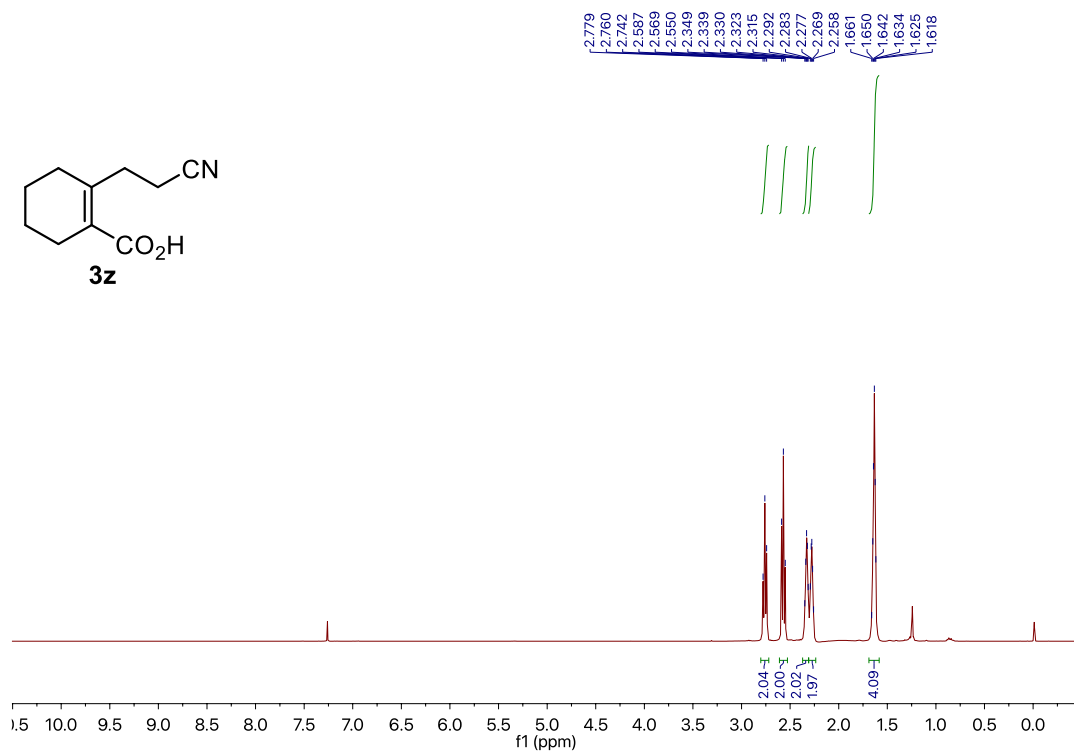
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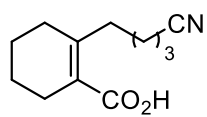




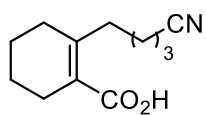
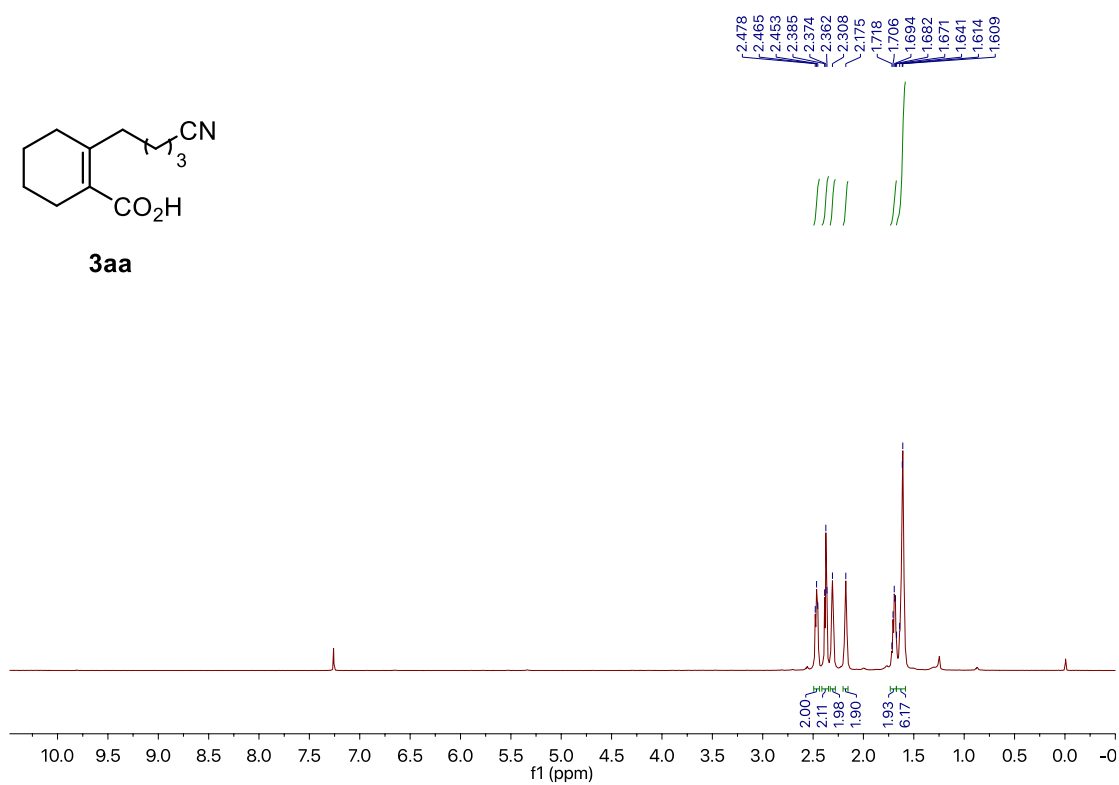




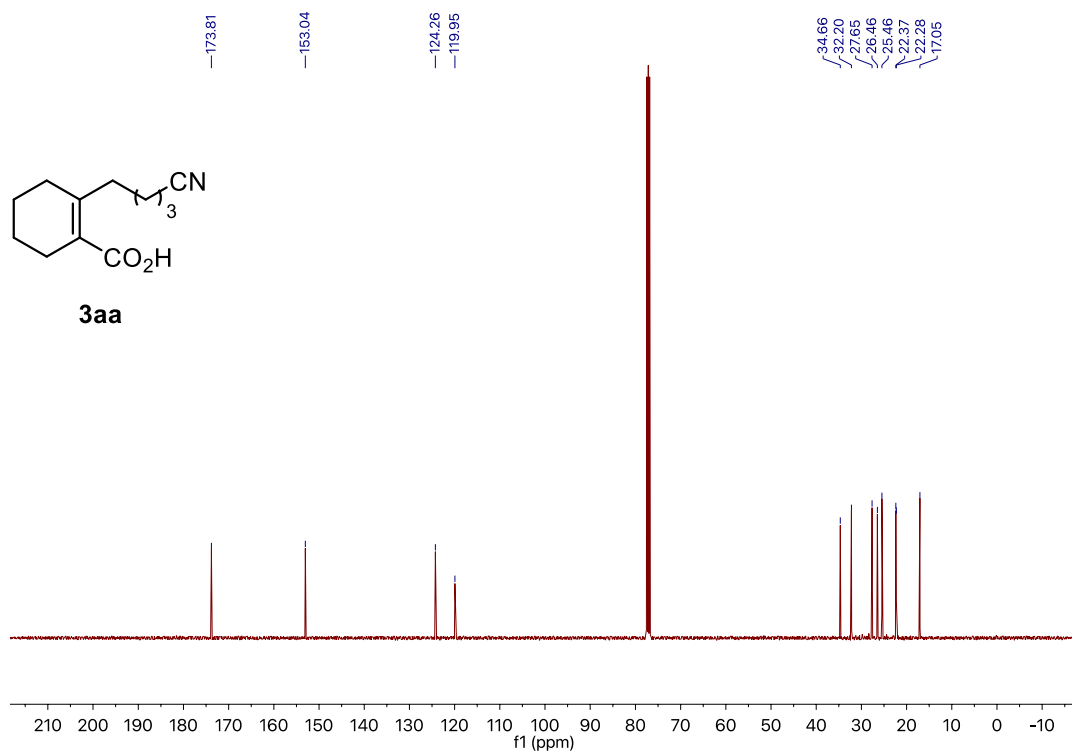


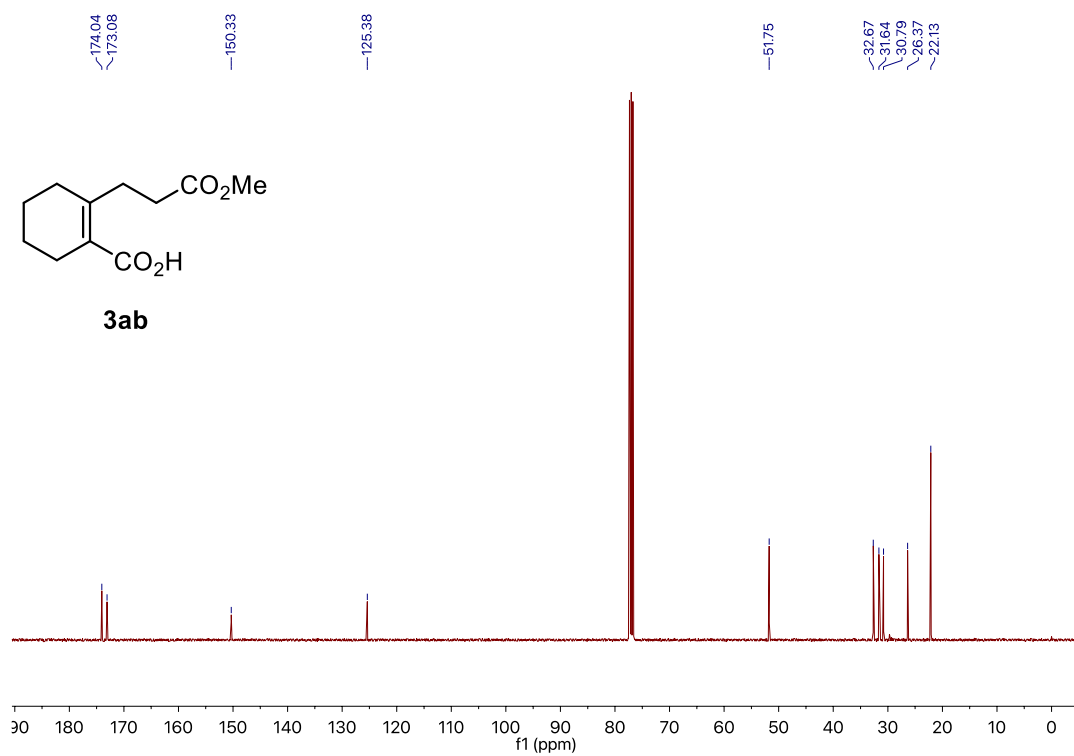
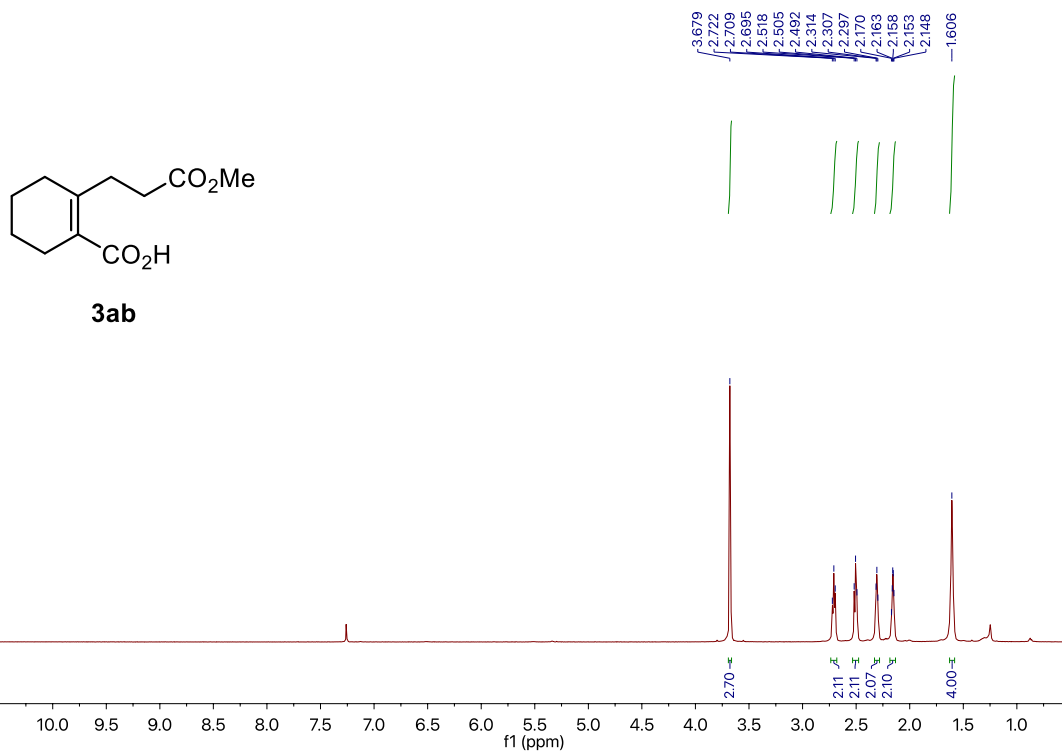


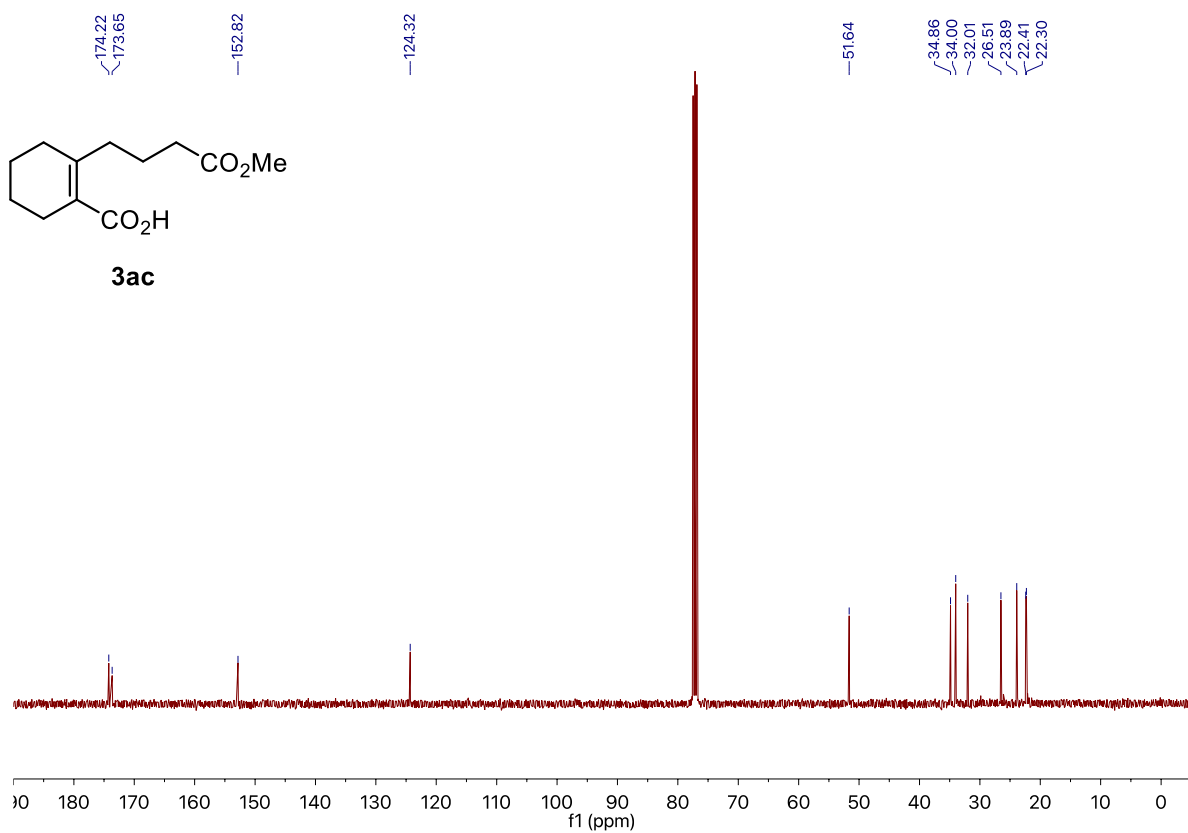
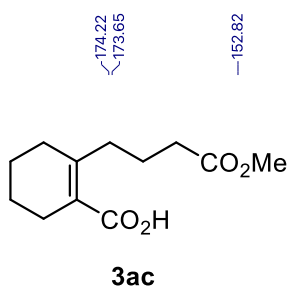
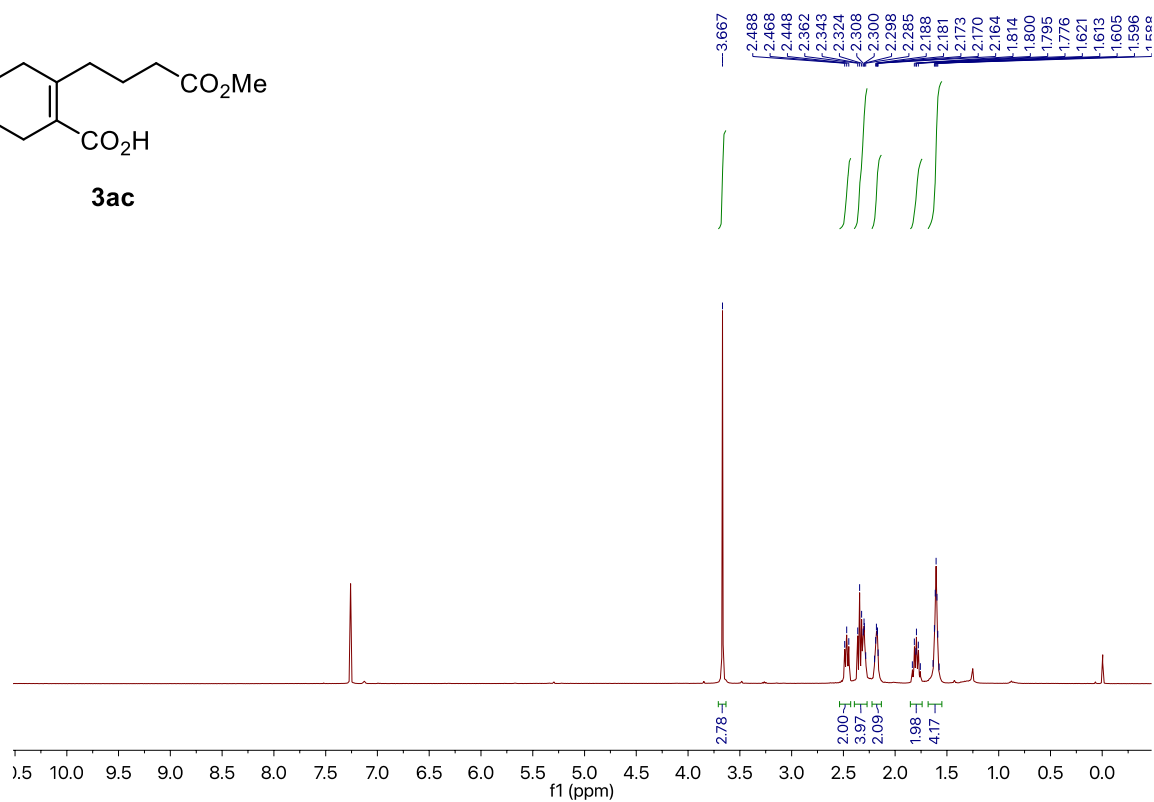
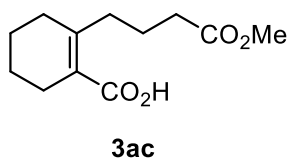
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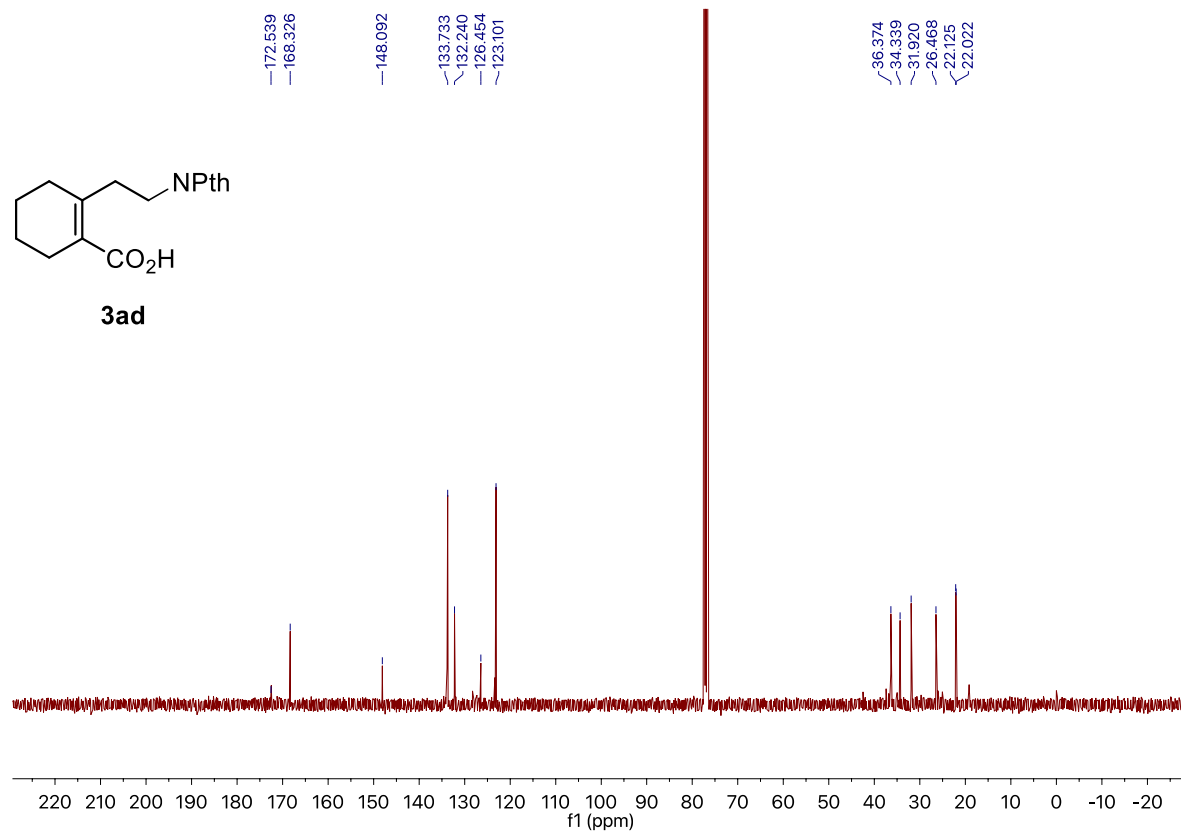
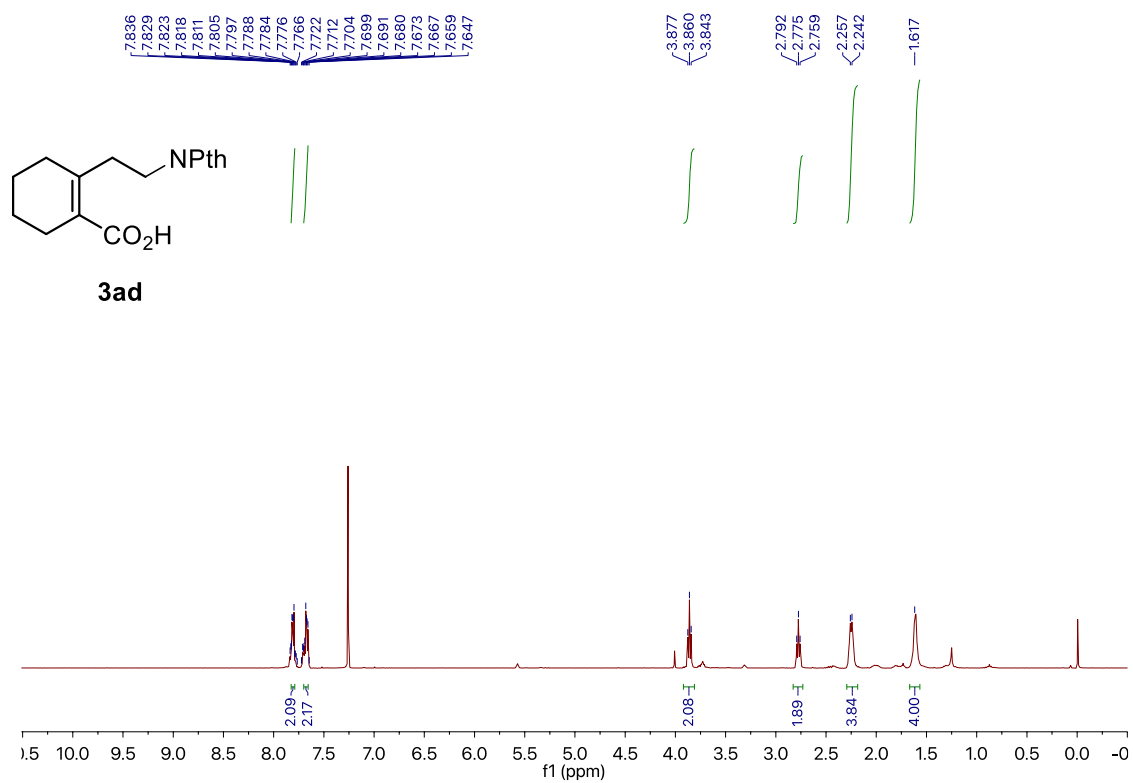


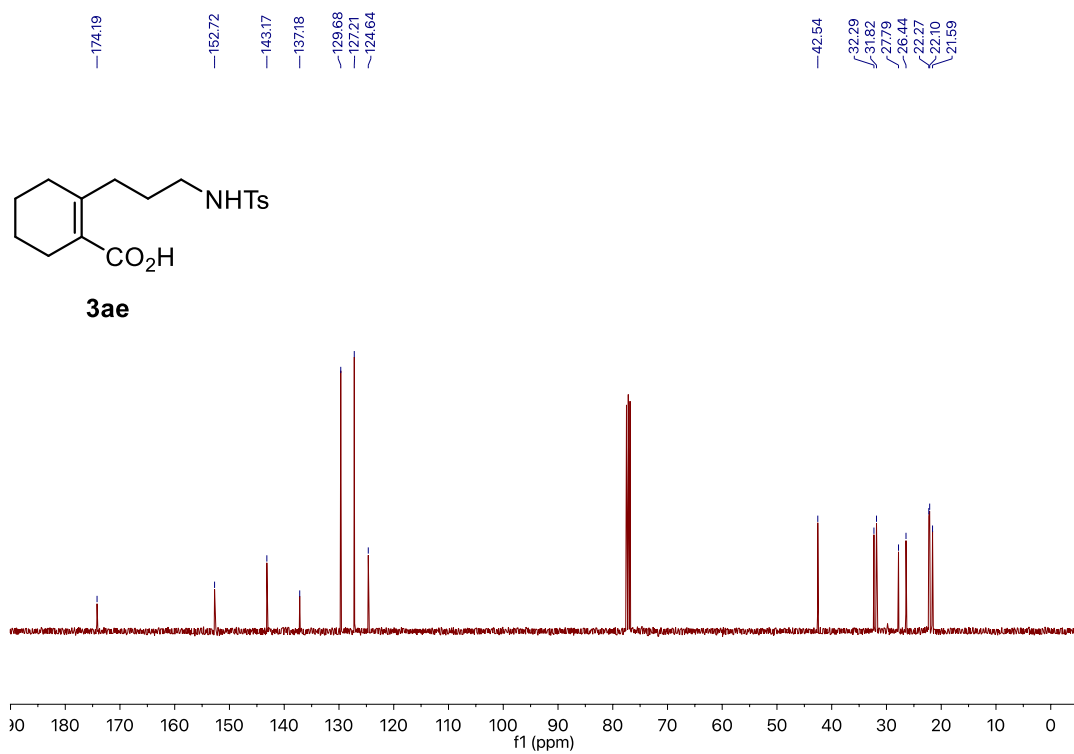
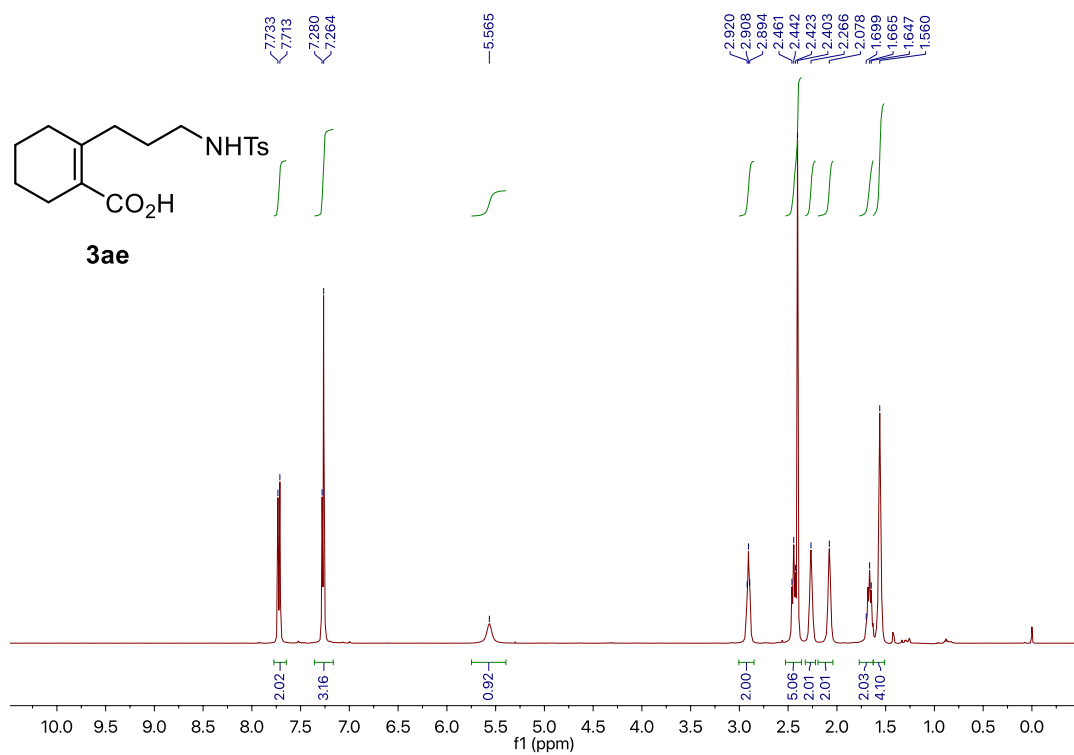
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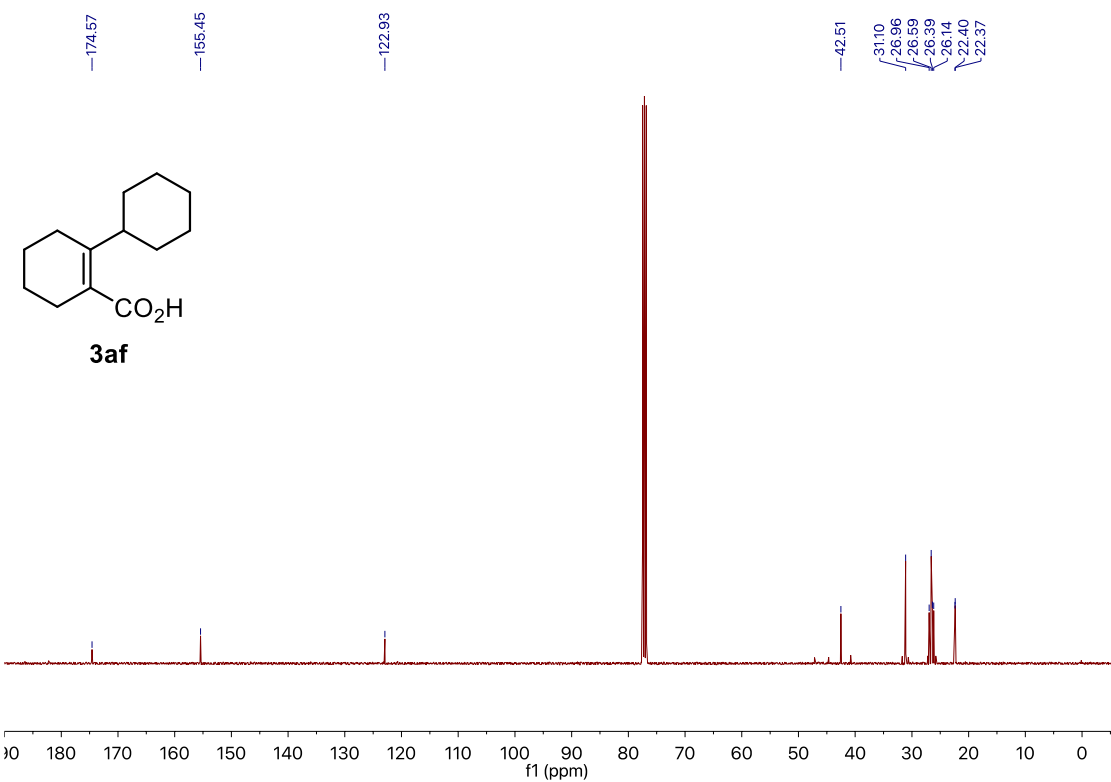
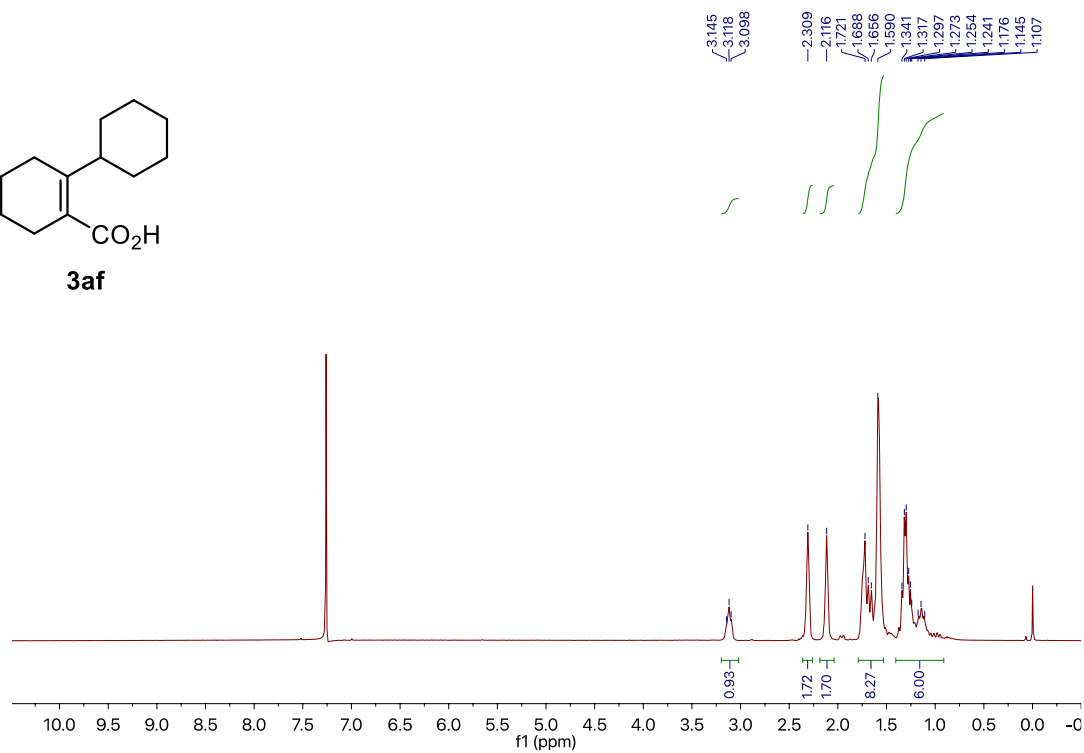
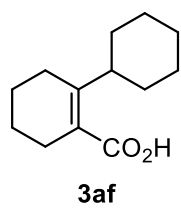


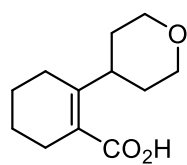




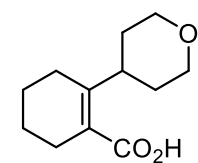
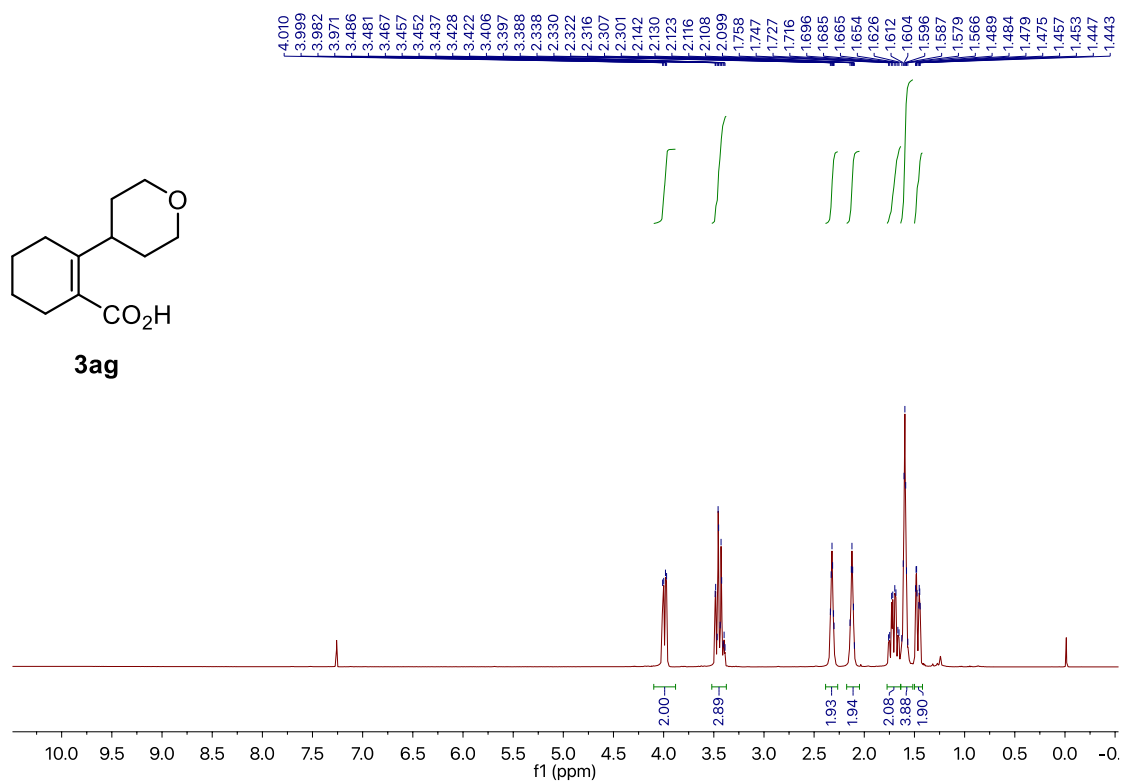








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