## Regio- and stereoselectively oxidative conversion of alkynes to sulfenylated $\alpha$ , $\beta$ -unsaturated carbonyls

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## **1** General Information

All reactions involving air or moisture sensitive reagents were carried out in flame dried glass ware under argon atmosphere using standard Schlenk techniques. Solvents were either freshly distilled or obtained in extra-dry grade from commercial sources, and store over molecular sieve (3 Å). Diethyl ether (Et<sub>2</sub>O) was distilled over sodium/benzophenone and stored over activated molecular sieve (3 Å). Dichloromethane (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) was refluxed over CaH<sub>2</sub> and used as freshly distilled. Otherwise noted, commercially available chemicals were purchased from Energy Chemical. Column chromatography was performed with silica gel (300-400 mesh). Merck silica gel 60 F254 plates were used for thin layer chromatography (TLC). Visualisation was accomplished under UV light (254/366 nm) and by staining with KMnO<sub>4</sub> staining dip. The NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance 400 spectrometer at 400 MHz (<sup>1</sup>H), 101 MHz (<sup>13</sup>C), 376 MHz (<sup>19</sup>F) and 162 MHz (<sup>31</sup>P) in CDCl<sub>3</sub> with tetramethylsilane as the internal standard. Chemical shifts ( $\delta$ ) were reported in parts per million (ppm). Splitting patterns were designated as s, singlet; d, doublet; t; dd, doublet of doublets; m, multiplet. High-resolution mass spectra were obtained with an AB Triple 5600 mass spectrometer by ESI on a TOF mass analyzer. The singlecrystal diffraction analysis was collected on Bruker APEX Duo II equipment CCD area detector at 296 K.

## **2 General Procedures**

## 2-1: Preparation of dimethyl(methylthio)sulfonium trifluoromethanesulfonate (DMTSM)

MeSSMe + MeOTf 
$$\xrightarrow{\text{DCM (100 mL)}}$$
  $\xrightarrow{\text{OTI}}$   $\xrightarrow{\text{S}}$  S

At 0 °C (ice bath), to a solution of methyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (0.12 mol, 13.58 mL, 1.2 equiv)

in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (100 mL), Me<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub> (0.1 mol, 8.85 mL, 1.0 equiv) was added dropwise in 30 min. The mixture was stirred for 1 h at that temperature, following by 18 h at room temperature.<sup>1</sup> Upon completion, the white solid was collected by filtration and washed with fresh distilled Et<sub>2</sub>O under nitrogen atmosphere, affording dimethyl(methylthio)sulfonium trifluoromethanesulfonate as a white solid (23.13 g, 90% yield).

# 2-2: The alkynes shown below were synthesized according to the

## published procedure<sup>2-11</sup>



## 2-3: General procedure for preparation of sulfenylated $\alpha$ , $\beta$ unsaturated aldehydes

Under a nitrogen atmosphere, a 25 mL Schlenk-type tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar was charged with DMTSM (0.45 mmol, 115.0 mg, 1.5 equiv), the corresponding alkynes (0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv), dichloromethane (2 mL) and dimethyl sulfoxide (2 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was

then warmed to ambient temperature (23  $^{\circ}$ C) and stirred for 12 h, before being quenched with brine. The mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL X 3), and the combined organic layer were washed with water and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtrated and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was then purified by column chromatography.

## **3** Synthesis and characterization

#### Pent-4-yn-1-yl diphenylphosphinate (1j)



To a stirred solution of diphenylphosphinyl chloride (708 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in 20 mL of Et<sub>2</sub>O, Et<sub>3</sub>N (333 mg, 3.3 mmol, 1.1 equiv) and pent-4-yn-1-ol (252 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) were added at 0 °C under nitrogen atmosphere. The solution was stirred at room temperature for 6 h, before the removal of the solvent under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1j** (724 mg, 85% yield) as a white solid,  $R_f = 0.2$  (10% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.82–7.77 (m, 4H), 7.51–7.40 (m, 6H), 4.11 (q, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.36–2.32 (m, 2H), 1.95–1.88 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  132.1 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 131.5 (d, *J* = 10.1 Hz), 131.2 (d, *J* = 137.0 Hz), 128.4 (d, *J* = 13.1 Hz), 82.8, 69.1, 63.2 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz), 29.3 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz), 14.8. <sup>31</sup>P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  31.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>2</sub>P 285.1039; Found 285.1031.

#### Pent-4-yn-1-yl 1,3-dioxoisoindoline-2-carboxylate (1p)



Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 100 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with 6-heptynoic acid (378 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *N,N'*-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), 2-hydroxyisoindoline-1,3-dione (442 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1p** (569 mg, 72% yield) as a white solid,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.89–7.86 (m, 2H), 7.81–7.74 (m, 2H), 2.72–2.69 (m, 2H), 2.29–2.25 (m, 2H), 1.98 (t, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 1.96–1.88 (m, 2H), 1.72–1.65 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  169.3, 161.9, 134.7, 128.8, 123.9, 83.5, 68.9, 30.4, 27.3, 23.6, 18.0. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>14</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> 272.0917; Found 272.0919.

#### Pent-4-yn-1-yl cyclohexanecarboxylate (1q)

Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 100 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with cyclohexanecarboxylic acid (384 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *N*,*N*'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), pent-4-yn-1-ol (302 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1q** (477 mg, 82% yield) as a colourless oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  4.11 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.28–2.21 (m, 3H), 1.93 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 1.86–1.77 (m, 4H), 1.72–1.68 (m, 2H), 1.43–1.34 (m, 2H), 1.28–1.14 (m, 4H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  175.8, 82.9, 68.8, 62.4, 55.6, 43.0, 34.8, 28.9, 27.5, 25.6, 25.3, 15.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O<sub>2</sub> 195.1380; Found 195.1376.

#### Pent-4-yn-1-yl [1,1'-biphenyl]-4-carboxylate (1v)



Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 100 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with [1,1'biphenyl]-4-carboxylic acid (594 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *N*,*N*'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), pent-4-yn-1-ol (302 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1v** (633 mg, 80% yield) as a colourless oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (3% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.15 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.70–7.64 (m, 4H), 7.50 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.62–2.42 (m, 2H), 2.09–2.02 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  166.2, 145.5, 139.8, 130.0, 128.8, 128.0, 127.1, 126.9, 82.9, 69.1, 63.3, 27.6, 15.3. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>2</sub> 265.1223; Found 265.1223.

#### Pent-4-yn-1-yl 2-acetoxybenzoate (1y)



Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 100 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with 2acetoxybenzoic acid (540 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *N*,*N*'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), pent-4-yn-1-ol (302 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1y** (649 mg, 88% yield) as a colourless oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.00 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.55–7.51 (m, 1H), 7.31–7.26 (m, 1H), 7.08 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 4.36 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.35–2.31 (m, 5H), 2.00–1.92 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  169.5, 164.1, 150.5, 133.7, 131.5, 125.8, 123.7, 123.0, 82.7, 69.2, 63.4, 27.4, 20.9, 15.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>14</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Na 269.0784; Found 269.0783.

#### Pent-4-yn-1-yl 2-bromobenzoate (1z)



Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 100 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with 2bromobenzoic acid (597 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *N,N'*-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), pent-4-yn-1-ol (302 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1z** (588 mg, 74% yield) as a colourless oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.78 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.38–7.30 (m, 2H), 4.44 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.42–2.38 (m, 2H), 2.03– 1.97 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  166.1, 134.3, 132.5, 132.2, 131.3, 127.1, 121.5, 82.9, 69.2, 64.1, 27.4, 15.4. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>12</sub>BrO<sub>2</sub> 267.0015; Found 267.0016.

#### Pent-4-yn-1-yl 2,4,6-trichlorobenzoate (1aa)



Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 100 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with 2,4,6trichlorobenzoic acid (669 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *N*,*N*'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), pent-4-yn-1-ol (302 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1aa** (693 mg, 80% yield) as a white solid,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.09 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.52–7.49 (m, 1H), 4.43 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.39–2.35 (m, 2H), 2.02–1.96 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  164.6, 137.5, 132.8, 131.4, 130.5, 129.9, 128.6, 82.8, 69.2, 64.1, 27.5, 15.3. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>11</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> 257.0131; Found 257.0126.

#### Pent-4-yn-1-yl furan-2-carboxylate (1ac)



Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 100 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with furan-2carboxylic acid (336 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *N*,*N*'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), pent-4-yn-1-ol (302 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1ac** (453 mg, 85% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.55 (d, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (dd, *J* = 3.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.34–2.30 (m, 2H), 1.97–1.90 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  158.5, 146.2, 144.5, 117.8, 111.7, 82.8, 69.1, 63.3, 27.5, 15.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>11</sub>O<sub>3</sub> 179.0703; Found 179.0698.

#### Pent-4-yn-1-yl pyrazine-2-carboxylate (1ad)

Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 100 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with pyrazine-2-carboxylic acid (372 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *N,N'*-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), pent-4-yn-1-ol (302 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1ad** (456 mg, 80% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.26 (s, 1H), 8.73–8.69 (m, 2H), 4.51 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.36–2.32 (m, 2H), 2.04–1.09 (m, 2H), 1.95 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  163.7, 147.6, 146.1, 144.3, 143.2, 82.5, 69.3, 64.7, 27.3, 15.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>11</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> 191.0815; Found 191.0812.

#### pent-4-yn-1-yl 2-(2-fluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)propanoate (1aj)



Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 100 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with 2-(2-fluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)propanoic acid (732 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *N*,*N*'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), pent-4-yn-1-ol (302 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1aj** (558 mg, 60% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.57–7.55 (m, 2H), 7.47–7.36 (m, 4H), 7.19–7.14 (m, 2H), 4.23 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.78 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.25–2.21 (m, 2H), 1.98 (t, *J* = 2.7 Hz, 1H), 1.89–1.82 (m, 2H), 1.56 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  173.8, 159.6 (d, *J* = 248.4 Hz), 141.7 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz), 135.4 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz), 130.7 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz), 128.9, 128.8, 128.3, 127.6, 123.4 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz), 115.1 (d, *J* = 23.7 Hz), 82.8, 69.0, 63.4, 44.9, 27.3, 18.2, 15.0. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -117.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>20</sub>FO<sub>2</sub> 311.1442; Found 311.1442.

#### Pent-4-yn-1-yl (tert-butoxycarbonyl)glycinate (1al)

Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 50 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with (*tert*-butoxycarbonyl)glycine (525 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *N*,*N'*-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), pent-4-yn-1-ol (302 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1al** (404 mg, 56% yield) as a white solid,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.00 (br, 1H), 4.26 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 2.31–2.27 (d, *J* = 16.6 Hz, 2H), 1.97 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 1.191–1.84 (m 2H), 1.45 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  170.3, 155.6, 82.7, 80.0, 69.1, 63.7, 42.3, 28.2, 27.3, 15.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> 242.1387; Found 242.1389.

#### Pent-4-yn-1-yl 2-(11-oxo-6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]oxepin-2-yl)acetate (1am)



Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 50 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with 2-(11-oxo-6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]oxepin-2-yl)acetic acid (804 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *N,N'*-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), pent-4-yn-1-ol (302 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1am** (601 mg, 60% yield) as a white solid,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.13 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.60–7.56 (m, 1H), 7.51–7.43 (m, 2H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (s, 2H), 4.23 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.67 (s, 2H), 2.28 (d, *J* = 16.6 Hz, 2H), 1.98 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 1.88 (d, *J* = 26.6 Hz, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.8, 171.3, 160.4, 140.4, 136.3, 135.5, 132.7, 132.4, 129.4, 129.2, 127.8, 127.7, 125.1, 121.0, 82.9, 73.6, 69.0, 63.4, 40.1, 27.4, 15.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O<sub>4</sub> 335.1278; Found 335.1278.

#### (8R,9S,13S,14S)-13-Methyl-17-oxo-7,8,9,11,12,13,14,15,16,17-decahydro-6H-

#### cyclopenta[a]phenanthren-3-yl hept-6-ynoate (1an)



Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 100 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with 6-heptynoic acid (378 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *N*,*N*'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol,

1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), (8R,9S,13S,14S)-3-hydroxy-13-methyl-6,7,8,9,11,12,13,14,15,16-decahydro-17H-cyclopenta[a]phenanthren-17-one (972 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1an** (816 mg, 72% yield) as a white solid,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.28 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.85–6.80 (m, 2H), 2.91–2.89 (m, 2H), 2.60–2.38 (m, 4H), 2.28–2.24 (m, 3H), 2.16–1.83 (m, 7H), 1.69–1.39 (m, 8H), 0.90 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  220.8, 172.1, 148.5, 137.9, 137.3, 126.3, 121.5, 118.7, 68.7, 50.3, 47.9, 44.1, 37.9, 35.8, 33.8, 31.5, 29.3, 27.7, 26.3, 25.7, 23.9, 21.5, 18.1, 13.8. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>31</sub>O<sub>3</sub> 379.2268; Found 379.2269.

#### (R)-2,5,7,8-Tetramethyl-2-((4R,8R)-4,8,12-trimethyltridecyl)chroman-6-yl hept-





Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 100 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with 6-heptynoic acid (378 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *N,N'*-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), (R)-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2-((4R,8R)-4,8,12-trimethyltridecyl)chroman-6-ol (1.50 g, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1ao** (968 mg, 60% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  2.65–2.57 (m, 4H), 2.29–2.25 (m, 2H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.01 (s, 3H), 1.97 (s, 3H), 1.94–1.64 (m, 8H), 1.57–1.47 (m, 3H), 1.40–1.23 (m, 12H), 1.18–1.04 (m, 8H), 0.87–0.83 (m, 12H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  171.9, 149.3, 140.4, 126.6, 124.8, 123.0, 117.3, 100.0, 83.8, 75.0, 68.7, 55.7, 39.3, 37.4 (2C), 37.3, 34.9, 33.6, 32.8, 32.7, 28.0, 25.4, 24.8, 24.7, 24.4, 24.2, 22.7, 22.6, 21.0, 20.6, 19.7, 19.6, 18.2, 13.0, 12.1, 11.8. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>36</sub>H<sub>59</sub>O<sub>3</sub> 539.4459; Found 539.4462.

#### Pent-4-yn-1-yl 3-methyl-4-oxo-2-phenyl-4H-chromene-8-carboxylate (1as)



Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 100 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with 3-methyl-4-oxo-2-phenyl-4H-chromene-8-carboxylic acid (840 mg, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), N,N'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), pent-4-yn-1-ol (302 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified

by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1as** (747 mg, 72% yield) as a white solid,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.43 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.25 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.76–7.73 (m, 2H), 7.55–7.48 (m, 3H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.22–2.18 (m, 5H), 1.96–1.90 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  178.1, 164.3, 161.0, 154.3, 136.1, 132.9, 130.7, 130.4, 129.1, 128.4, 123.9, 123.1, 120.4, 117.6, 82.8, 69.1, 63.9, 27.4, 15.1, 11.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>4</sub>Na 369.1097; Found 369.1083.

#### (2R,3S,4R,5S,6S)-3,4,5-Tris(benzyloxy)-6-((benzyloxy)methyl)tetrahydro-2Hpyran-2-yl hept-6-ynoate (1ax)



Under nitrogen atmosphere, a 100 mL flamed dried round bottom flask was charged with (2S,3S,4R,5S,6S)-3,4,5-tris(benzyloxy)-6-((benzyloxy)methyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-ol (1.62 g, 3.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv), *N*,*N*'-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (743 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv), DMAP (73 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), pent-4-yn-1-ol (302 mg, 3.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and DCM (30 mL, 0.1 M). The reaction mixture was then stirred at 23 °C for 18 hours and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the product **1ax** (1.17 g, 60% yield) as a white solid,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.37–7.28 (m, 18H), 7.18–7.16 (m, 2H), 6.43 (d, *J* = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H), 4.89–4.84 (m, 2H), 4.74–4.62 (m, 3H), 4.54–4.50 (m, 2H), 3.98–3.88 (m, 2H), 3.79–3.66 (m, 4H), 2.46–2,42 (m, 2H), 2,21–2.17 (m, 2H), 1.95–1.96 (m, 1H), 1.83–1.75 (m, 2H), 1.63–1.55 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  171.8, 138.6, 138.0, 137.7, 137.6, 128.4, 128.4, 128.1, 128.0, 127.9, 127.9, 127.8, 127.8, 127.7, 127.6, 89.9, 83.8, 81.6, 78.9, 76.8, 75.6, 75.3, 73.5, 73.1, 72.9, 68.7, 68.0, 33.7, 27.5, 23.9, 18.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>41</sub>H<sub>44</sub>O<sub>7</sub>Na 671.2979; Found 671.2979.

#### (Z)-2-(Methylthio)hept-2-enal (2a)

SMe

Following the general procedure, hept-1-yne **1a** (28.8 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2a** (31.2 mg, 66% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.40 (s, 1H), 6.92 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (dd, J = 14.8, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 1.53–1.45 (m, 2H), 1.42–1.34 (m, 2H), 0.92 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.9, 159.8, 139.3, 30.3, 22.4, 15.8, 13.8. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>15</sub>OS 159.0838; Found 159.0843.

# (E)-1-(2,4-Dinitrophenyl)-2-((Z)-2-(methylthio)hept-2-en-1-ylidene)hydrazine (S-2a)



To a solution of (2,4-dinitrophenyl)hydrazine (3 mmol) and **2a** (3 mmol) in ethanol (10 mL) was added a few drops of AcOH. The mixture was stirred and heated (oil bath) to reflux for 6 h. The precipitated hydrazone was filtered, washed with ethanol and dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The pure hydrazone was obtained after recrystallization from ethanol. The product **S-2a** was obtained as a red solid (0.96 g, 95%),  $R_f = 0.25$  (10% EA in PE). Single crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by recrystallization from a solution of the title compound in dichloromethane and n-hexane (CCDC Number 2220571). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  11.19 (s, 1H), 9.12 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 8.33 (dd, *J* = 9.6, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H), 6.45 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (q, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.50–1.35 (m, 4H), 0.94 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  149.9, 149.6, 144.9, 138.1, 132.2, 130.1, 129.2, 123.5, 116.6, 30.9, 30.2, 22.4, 16.9, 13.5. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S 339.1122; Found 339.1121.

#### **ORTEP drawing of S-2a** (50% thermal ellipsoids):



Crystallographic Description: The single-crystal diffraction analysis was collected on Bruker APEX Duo II equipment CCD area detector at 296 K. The X-ray generator was operated at 50 kV and 35 mA using Mo K $\alpha$  ( $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å) radiation. Data integration was performed using SAINT. Routine Lorentz and polarization corrections were applied. Multiscan absorption corrections were performed using SADABS. Those structures were solved with the ShelXT1 structure solution program using Intrinsic Phasing and refined with the ShelXL-20182 refinement package using Least Squares minimization on Olex-23 software. All the solvent molecules which are highly disordered and not able to be modeled were treated by the SQUEEZE routine in PLATON. The topological analyses were performed with TOPOS4.

#### (Z)-2-(Methylthio)oct-2-enal (2b)



Following the general procedure, oct-1-yne **1b** (33.0 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2b** (35.0 mg, 68% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ 

9.40 (s, 1H), 6.92 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (q J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.54–1.47 (m, 2H), 1.34–1.30 (m, 4H), 0.89 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.9, 159.8, 139.3, 31.4, 30.6, 27.9, 22.3, 15.8, 13.9. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>17</sub>OS 173.0995; Found 173.0991.

#### 2-Cyclohexylidene-2-(methylthio)acetaldehyde (2c)



Following the general procedure, ethynylcyclohexane **1c** (32.4 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2c** (23.4 mg, 46% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  10.08 (s, 1H), 2.84–2.78 (m, 4H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 1.73–1.65 (m, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  187.4, 170.6, 130.7, 35.6, 31.2, 28.8, 28.5, 26.3, 17.5. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>15</sub>OS 171.0838; Found 171.0835.

#### (Z)-3-Cyclohexyl-2-(methylthio)acrylaldehyde (2d)



Following the general procedure, prop-2-yn-1-ylcyclohexane **1d** (36.6 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2d** (42.0 mg, Z:E = 10 :1, 76% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.38 (s, 1H), 6.74 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H), 2.98–2.88 (m, 1H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 1.79–1.71 (m, 4H), 1.42–1.16 (m, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  199.6, 148.9, 137.9, 40.9, 24.0, 18.2, 17.2, 13.8, 13.0. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>17</sub>OS 185.0995; Found 185.0988.

#### (Z)-2-(Methylthio)-5-phenylpent-2-enal (2e)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-ylbenzene **1e** (43.2mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2e** (38.3 mg, 62% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.39 (s, 1H), 7.33–7.29 (m, 2H), 7.24–7.21 (m, 3H), 6.93 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.96–2.91 (m, 2H), 2.87–2.83 (m, 2H), 2.24 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.8, 157.9, 140.2, 140.0, 128.5, 128.3, 126.3, 34.2, 32.0, 15.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>15</sub>OS 207.0838; Found 207.0839.

#### (Z)-4-(1,3-Dioxoisoindolin-2-yl)-2-(methylthio)but-2-enal (2f)



Following the general procedure, 2-(but-3-yn-1-yl)isoindoline-1,3-dione **1f** (35.7 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2f** (50.1 mg, Z:E = 7:1, 64% yield) as a white solid,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA

in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.46 (s, 1H), 7.84–7.81 (m, 2H), 7.78–7.74 (m, 2H), 7.16 (t, J = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  189.4, 163.4, 148.0, 141.3, 134.7, 128.5, 123.7, 75.0, 15.4. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + K]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>11</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>SK 300.0091; Found 300.0099.

#### (Z)-6-Chloro-2-(methylthio)hex-2-enal (2g)



Following the general procedure, 6-chlorohex-1-yne **1g** (33.9 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2g** (32.6 mg, Z:E > 20:1, 61% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.42 (s, 1H), 6.89 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.75 (dd, J = 14.9, 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.03–1.96 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.6, 156.5, 140.5, 44.0, 31.0, 28.0, 15.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>11</sub>ClOSNa 201.0111; Found 201.0107.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (2h)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate **1h** (71.4 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2h** (52.2 mg, Z:E > 20:1, 58% yield) as a white solid,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.35 (s, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (q, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.91–1.84 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.5, 156.0, 144.9, 140.4, 132.7, 129.9, 127.8, 69.3, 27.5, 26.6, 21.6, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S<sub>2</sub>Na 337.0539; Found 337.0549.

#### (Z)-2-(Methylthio)-6-((triisopropylsilyl)oxy)hex-2-enal (2i)

OTIPS SMe

Following the general procedure, triisopropyl(pent-4-yn-1-yloxy)silane **1i** (72.0 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2i** (43.6 mg, 46% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.41 (s, 1H), 7.00 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 2.69 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.79–1.72 (m, 2H), 1.15–1.05 (m, 21H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.9, 159.7, 139.3, 62.7, 31.6, 27.6, 18.0, 15.8, 11.9, 11.9. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>32</sub>O<sub>2</sub>SSiNa 339.1784; Found 339.1796.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl diphenylphosphinate (2j)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl diphenylphosphinate **1j** (85.2 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2j** (49.8 mg, 48% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (10% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR

(400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.38 (s, 1H), 7.81–7.75 (m, 4H), 7.54–7.49 (m, 2H), 7.46–7.41 (m, 4H), 6.94 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (q, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.98 (q, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.44, 153.23, 132.35 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 131.49 (d, *J* = 10.3 Hz), 141.46, 130.10, 128.56 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz), 62.62 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz), 31.77 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz), 15.57. <sup>31</sup>P NMR (162 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  32.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>3</sub>PS 347.0865; Found 347.0851.

#### (Z)-4-((4-Methylbenzyl)oxy)-2-(methylthio)but-2-enal (2k)



Following the general procedure, 1-((but-3-yn-1-yloxy)methyl)-4-methylbenzene **1k** (52.2 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2k** (51.0 mg, 72% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.43 (s, 1H), 7.26 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.17–7.12 (m, 3H), 7.00 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (s, 2H), 4.51 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  189.9, 153.9, 138.8, 138.2, 137.2, 128.7, 128.6, 128.4, 125.0, 73.3, 67.8, 21.3, 15.5. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>16</sub>O<sub>2</sub>SNa 259.0763; Found 259.0761.

#### (Z)-4-(Benzyloxy)-2-(methylthio)but-2-enal (2l)



Following the general procedure, ((but-3-yn-1-yloxy)methyl)benzene **11** (48.0 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **21** (44.0 mg, 66% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.43 (s, 1H), 7.37–7.30 (m, 5H), 6.99 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (s, 2H), 4.51 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  189.8, 153.8, 138.8, 137.3, 128.5, 128.0, 127.9, 73.3, 67.8, 15.5. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>15</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S 223.0787; Found 223.0795.

#### (Z)-3-(Benzyloxy)-2-(methylthio)acrylaldehyde (2m)

SMe BnO

Following the general procedure, ((prop-2-yn-1-yloxy)methyl)benzene **1m** (43.8 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2m** (34.3 mg, 55% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.23 (s, 1H), 7.44 (s, 1H), 7.42–7.35 (m, 5H), 5.23 (s, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  188.5, 169.3, 134.7, 129.1, 128.9, 127.8, 118.2, 77.2, 15.9. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S 209.0631; Found 209.0638.

#### (Z)-N-benzyl-4-methyl-N-(2-(methylthio)-3-oxoprop-1-en-1yl)benzenesulfonamide (2n)

Ts SMe

Following the general procedure, N-benzyl-4-methyl-N-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **1n** (89.7 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2n** (32.5 mg, 30% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (10% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.31 (s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.66–7.64 (m, 2H), 7.317.20 (m, 5H), 7.14–7.12 (m, 2H), 5.46 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.67 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.4, 149.6, 145.5, 135.6, 134.6, 130.2, 128.4, 127.4, 127.3, 126.5, 115.8, 49.8, 21.6, 17.2. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub> 362.0879; Found 362.0880.

#### (Z)-6-(Methylthio)-7-oxo-N-phenylhept-5-enamide (20)



Following the general procedure, N-phenylhept-6-ynamide **10** (60.3 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **20** (40.2 mg, 51% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.39 (s, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (dd, J = 11.6, 4.1 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.66 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 1.99–1.92 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.9, 170.6, 158.2, 139.9, 137.8, 128.8, 124.2, 119.9, 36.5, 29.9, 23.9, 15.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S 264.1053; Found 264.1560.

#### (Z)-7-(1,3-Dioxoisoindolin-2-yl)-2-(methylthio)-7-oxohept-2-enal (2p)



Following the general procedure, 1,3-dioxoisoindolin-2-yl hept-6-ynoate **1p** (81.3 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2p** (65.1 mg, 68% yield) as a white solid,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.42 (s, 1H), 7.87–7.84 (m, 2H), 7.79–7.76 (m, 2H), 6.90 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.76–2.70 (m, 4H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.04–1.96 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.6, 168.9, 161.7, 156.2, 156.2, 140.6, 134.8, 128.7, 123.9, 30.3, 29.4, 23.1, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S 334.0744; Found 334.0744.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl cyclohexanecarboxylate (2q)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl cyclohexanecarboxylate **1q** (58.2 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2q** (42.2 mg, 55% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.44 (s, 1H), 6.89 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.23 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.91 (q, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.31–2.25 (m, 1H), 1.89–1.85 (m, 2H), 1.74–1.71 (m, 2H), 1.64–1.62 (m, 1H), 1.45–1.36 (m, 2H), 1.32–1.18 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.5, 175.9, 153.6, 141.3, 61.7, 43.0, 30.2, 28.9, 25.6, 25.3, 15.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>21</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S 257.1206; Found 257.1207.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl-adamantane-1-carboxylate (2r)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl-adamantane-1-carboxylate **1r** (73.8 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2r** (51.7 mg, 56% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.43 (s, 1H), 6.88 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.91 (dd, *J* = 13.4, 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.98 (s, 3H), 1.84–1.85 (m, 6H), 1.72–1.64 (m, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.5, 177.4, 153.7, 141.3, 61.6, 40.6, 38.7, 36.3, 30.2, 27.8, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>25</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S 309.1519; Found 309.1518.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl 9H-xanthene-9-carboxylate (2s)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 9H-xanthene-9-carboxylate **1s** (87.6 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2s** (64.8 mg, 61% yield) as a white solid,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.21 (s, 1H), 7.34–7.29 (m, 4H), 7.16–7.14 (m, 2H), 7.11–7.07 (m, 2H), 6.50 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.01 (s, 1H), 4.22 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 2.81 (q, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.4, 171.4, 153.2, 151.2, 141.1, 129.2, 128.8, 123.3, 118.1, 116.9, 62.9, 45.5, 29.7, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S 355.0999; Found 355.0993.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl benzoate (2t)



Following the general procedure, hex-5-yn-1-yl benzoate **1t** (60.6 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2t** (46.7 mg, 59% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.40 (s, 1H), 8.04–8.00 (m, 2H), 7.57–7.53 (m, 1H), 7.45–7.41 (m, 2H), 6.94 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.76 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 2.04–1.97 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.6, 166.4, 157.2, 140.1, 133.0, 129.9, 129.4, 128.3, 63.9, 27.4, 27.3, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S 265.0893; Found 265.0902.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl 3-methoxybenzoate (2u)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 4-methoxybenzoate 1u (65.4 mg, 0.3 mmol) was

used to give the product **2u** (58.0 mg, Z:E > 20:1, 69% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.44 (s, 1H), 7.96–7.94 (m, 2H), 6.98 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 6.91–6.87 (m, 2H), 4.44 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.03 (dd, J = 13.4, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.5, 166.0, 163.4, 153.5, 141.4, 131.5, 122.0, 113.6, 62.2, 55.3, 30.2, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S 281.0842; Found 281.0840.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl [1,1'-biphenyl]-3-carboxylate (2v)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl [1,1'-biphenyl]-4-carboxylate **1v** (79.2 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2v** (54.8 mg, Z:E > 20:1, 56% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.47 (s, 1H), 8.11–8.07 (m, 2H), 7.67–7.61 (m, 4H), 7.48–7.44 (m, 2H), 7.41–7.37 (m, 1H), 7.01 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.09 (q, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.4, 166.2, 153.2, 145.8, 141.5, 139.7, 130.0, 128.9, 128.4, 128.1, 127.2, 127.0, 62.6, 30.2, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S 327.1049; Found 327.1051.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl 3-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate (2w)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 4-(trifluoromethyl)benzoate **1w** (76.8 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2w** (49.6 mg, 52% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.46 (s, 1H), 8.14–8.12 (m, 2H), 7.89–7.71 (m, 2H), 6.97 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.08 (q, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.3, 165.2, 152.5, 141.8, 134.6 (q, J = 32.7 Hz), 132.9, 130.0, 125.4 (q, J = 3.7 Hz), 123.5 (q, J = 272.8 Hz), 63.1, 30.1, 15.6. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -63.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>14</sub>F<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S 319.0610; Found 319.0610.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl 3-fluorobenzoate (2x)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 4-fluorobenzoate **1x** (61.8 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2x** (52.3 mg, 65% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.48 (s, 1H), 8.08–8.03 (m, 2H), 7.16–7.10 (s, 2H), 6.99 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.08 (q, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.4, 165.8 (d, J = 254.4 Hz), 165.4, 152.9, 141.7, 132.1 (d, J = 9.4 Hz), 126.0 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 115.6 (d, J = 22.0 Hz), 62.7, 30.2, 15.6. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -105.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + K]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>13</sub>FO<sub>3</sub>SK 307.0201; Found 307.0202.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl 2-acetoxybenzoate (2y)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 2-acetoxybenzoate **1y** (73.8mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2y** (61.9 mg, 67% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.44 (s, 1H), 7.98 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.58–7.54 (m, 1H), 7.32–7.28 (m, 1H), 7.09 (dd, J = 8.1, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.02 (dd, J = 13.3, 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.4, 169.5, 164.1, 152.9, 150.7, 141.5, 134.1, 131.5, 126.0, 123.7, 122.7, 62.6, 30.0, 21.0, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>5</sub>S 309.0791; Found 309.0785.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl 2-bromobenzoate (2z)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 2-bromobenzoate **1z** (79.5 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2z** (53.9 mg, 55% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.45 (s, 1H), 7.76 (dd, J = 7.4, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (dd, J = 7.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.38–7.30 (m, 2H), 7.00 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 3.06 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.4, 165.9, 153.2, 141.5, 134.3, 132.7, 131.7, 131.3, 127.2, 121.6, 63.2, 30.0, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>14</sub>BrO<sub>3</sub>S 328.9842; Found 328.9841.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl 2,4,6-trichlorobenzoate (2aa)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 2,4,6-trichlorobenzoate **1aa** (86.7 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2aa** (56.9 mg, 54% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.48 (s, 1H), 8.10 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.08 (q, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.3, 164.5, 152.3, 141.8, 137.8, 132.9, 131.4, 130.5, 129.5, 128.6, 63.2, 30.0, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>13</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S 318.9957; Found 318.9946.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl thiophene-2-carboxylate (2ab)

Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl thiophene-2-carboxylate **1ab** (58.2 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2ab** (53.8 mg, Z:E > 20:1, 70% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.45 (s, 1H), 7.79 (dd, J = 3.7, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (dd, J = 5.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd, J = 4.9, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.04 (q, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.4, 161.9, 153.1, 141.6, 133.7, 133.1, 132.7, 127.8, 62.7, 30.2, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S<sub>2</sub>Na 279.0120; Found 279.0121.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl furan-2-carboxylate (2ac)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl furan-2-carboxylate **1ac** (53.4 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2ac** (40.3 mg, 56% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.44 (s, 1H), 7.57–7.56 (m, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (dd, J = 3.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.03 (q, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.30 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.4, 158.4, 152.9, 146.5, 144.1, 141.6, 118.3, 111.9, 62.4, 30.1, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S 241.0529; Found 241.0529.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl pyrazine-2-carboxylate (2ad)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl pyrazine-2-carboxylate **1ad** (57.0 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2ad** (45.4 mg, 60% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (10% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.42 (s, 1H), 9.27 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.75 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 8.71– 8.69 (m, 1H), 6.96 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.60 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.09 (q, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.3, 163.7, 152.0, 147.8, 146.2, 144.4, 142.9, 141.8, 63.7, 29.9, 15.5. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S 253.0641; Found 253.0637.

#### (Z)-5-(Methylthio)oct-5-en-4-one (2ae)



Following the general procedure, oct-4-yne **1ae** (33.0 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2ae** (42.8 mg, 83% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.86 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.52–2.44 (m, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.69–1.60 (m,

2H), 1.08 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  199.6, 148.9, 137.9, 40.9, 24.0, 18.2, 17.2, 13.8, 13.0. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>17</sub>OS 173.0995; Found 173.0990.

#### 2-(Methylthio)-1-phenylprop-2-en-1-one (2af)



Following the general procedure, prop-1-yn-1-ylbenzene **1af** (34.8 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2af** (29.9 mg, 56% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.80 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.57 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.83 (s, 1H), 5.63 (s, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  194.3, 146.7, 136.5, 132.7, 129.6, 128.3, 118.6, 14.5. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>11</sub>OS 179.0525; Found 179.0524.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxo-5-phenylpent-3-en-1-yl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (2ag)



Following the general procedure, 5-phenylpent-4-yn-1-yl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate **1ag** (94.2 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2ag** (49.6 mg, 44% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.93–7.91 (m, 2H), 7.73–7.71 (m, 2H), 7.33–7.31 (m, 2H), 6.94–6.92 (m, 2H), 5.69 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.98 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.33 (q, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  192.8, 164.4, 144.8, 138.2, 132.8, 132.2, 129.8, 128.1, 127.8, 123.8, 114.0, 69.1, 55.6, 29.7, 21.6, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>5</sub>S<sub>2</sub>Na 429.0801; Found 429.0799.

#### (Z)-3-(Benzyloxy)-2-(methylthio)-1-phenylprop-2-en-1-one (2ah)



Following the general procedure, (3-(benzyloxy)prop-1-yn-1-yl)benzene **1ah** (66.6 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2ah** (42.6 mg, Z:E = 10:1, 50% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.57–7.55 (m, 2H), 7.52–7.48 (m, 1H), 7.40–7.32 (m, 8H), 5.12 (s, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  193.1, 163.5, 138.9, 135.2, 131.5, 128.9, 128.8 (2C), 128.1, 127.7, 116.3, 76.5, 16.3. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>17</sub>O<sub>2</sub>S 285.0944; Found 285.0943.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl (R)-2-(4-isobutylphenyl)propanoate (2ai)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl (R)-2-(4-isobutylphenyl)propanoate **1ai** (81.6 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2ai** (57.1 mg, 57% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.28 (s, 1H), 7.19–7.17 (m, 2H), 7.09–7.07 (m, 2H), 6.68 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.29–4.18 (m, 2H), 3.69 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.89–2.83 (m, 2H), 2.43 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.88–1.78 (m, 1H), 1.48 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.4, 174.5, 153.5, 141.2, 140.7, 137.4, 129.3, 127.1, 62.2, 45.0, 44.9, 30.1, 30.0, 22.3, 18.2, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>27</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S 335.1675; Found 335.1665.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl yl)propanoate (2aj)

2-(2-fluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 2-(2-fluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)propanoate **1aj** (93.0 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2aj** (50.2 mg, 45% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.36 (s, 1H), 7.54–7.52 (m, 2H), 7.46–7.34 (m, 4H), 7.15–7.09 (m, 2H), 6.77 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.28 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.94–2.88 (m, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 1.53 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H).<sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.3, 173.8, 159.6 (d, J = 248.5 Hz), 152.9, 141.5, 141.4 (d, J = 7.7 Hz), 135.2, 130.8 (d, J = 3.9 Hz), 128.9 (d, J = 2.9 Hz), 128.4, 127.91 (d, J = 13.5 Hz), 127.7, 123.5 (d, J = 3.4 Hz), 115.2 (d, J = 23.7 Hz), 62.5, 44.9, 30.0, 18.2, 15.6. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  -117.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>22</sub>FO<sub>3</sub>S 373.1268; Found 373.1273.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl yl)propanoate (2ak)

(S)-2-(7-methoxynaphthalen-2-



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl (S)-2-(7-methoxynaphthalen-2-yl)propanoate **1ak** (88.8 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2ak** (67.7 mg, 63% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (4% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.15 (s, 1H), 7.69– 7.65 (m, 3H), 7.37 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.16–7.10 (m, 2H), 6.62 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.29–4.19 (m, 2H), 3.91 (s, 3H), 3.85 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 2.87–2.81 (m, 2H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.58 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.3, 174.4, 157.6, 153.3, 141.2, 135.3, 133.6, 129.1, 128.8, 127.1, 126.0, 125.9, 119.1, 105.5, 62.3, 55.3, 45.3, 30.0, 18.1, 15.5. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>23</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S 359.1312; Found 359.1306

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl (tert-butoxycarbonyl)glycinate (2al)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl (tert-butoxycarbonyl)glycinate **1al** (72.3 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2al** (50.0 mg, 55% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.44 (s, 1H), 6.88 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 5.02 (br, 1H), 4.32 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 2.93 (q, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.43 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.4, 170.3, 155.6, 152.5, 141.7, 80.1, 62.9, 42.3, 29.9, 28.2, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S 318.1370; Found 318.1369.

### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl dihydrodibenzo[b,e]oxepin-2-yl)acetate (2am)

2-(11-oxo-6,11-



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 2-(11-oxo-6,11-dihydrodibenzo[b,e]oxepin-2-yl)acetate **1am** (100.2 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2a**m(54.6 mg, 46% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $d^6$ -DMSO)  $\delta$  9.41 (s, 1H), 7.98 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.68–7.64 (m, 1H), 7.57–7.51 (m, 2H), 7.47 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 5.28 (s, 2H), 4.25 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 3.73 (s, 2H), 2.85 (dd, J = 13.1, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz,  $d^6$ -DMSO)  $\delta$  191.2, 190.1, 171.1, 159.9, 155.1, 140.1, 139.9, 136.9, 135.9, 133.1, 131.8, 129.2, 128.8, 128.3, 128.0, 124.5, 120.7, 72.7, 62.3, 40.1, 29.9, 15.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>21</sub>O<sub>5</sub>S 397.1104; Found 397.1104.

#### (8R,9S,13S,14S)-13-Methyl-17-oxo-7,8,9,11,12,13,14,15,16,17-decahydro-6Hcyclopenta[a]phenanthren-3-yl (Z)-6-(methylthio)-7-oxohept-5-enoate (2an)



Following the general procedure, (8R,9S,13S,14S)-13-methyl-17-oxo-7,8,9,11,12,13,14,15,16,17-decahydro-6H-cyclopenta[a]phenanthren-3-yl hept-6-ynoate **1an** (113.4 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2an** (42.2 mg, 32% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.43 (s, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.85–6.79 (m, 2H), 2.90–2.88 (m, 2H), 2.72 (q, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.53–2.46 (m, 1H), 2.42–2.36 (m, 1H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.16–1.92 (m, 7H), 1.65–1.43 (m, 6H), 0.89 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  220.7, 190.6, 171.7, 157.1, 148.3, 140.3, 138.0, 137.4, 126.4, 121.4, 118.6, 50.3, 47.8,

44.0, 37.9, 35.8, 33.5, 31.4, 29.7, 29.3, 26.2, 25.6, 23.4, 21.5, 15.7, 13.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z:  $[M + H]^+$  Calcd for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>33</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S 441.2094; Found 441.2091.

#### (R)-2,5,7,8-Tetramethyl-2-((4R,8R)-4,8,12-trimethyltridecyl)chroman-6-yl (Z)-6-(methylthio)-7-oxohept-5-enoate (2ao)



Following the general procedure, (R)-2,5,7,8-tetramethyl-2-((4R,8R)-4,8,12-trimethyltridecyl)chroman-6-yl hept-6-ynoate **1ao** (161.4 mg, Z:E > 20:1, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2ao** (81.0 mg, 45% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.45 (s, 1H), 6.94 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.78–2.66 (m, 4H), 2.59 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 2.09 (s, 3H), 2.02 (s, 3H), 1.97 (s, 3H), 1.82–1.76 (m, 2H), 1.56–1.49 (m, 4H), 1.43–1.24 (m, 12H), 1.21–1.03 (m, 7H), 0.88–0.84 (m, 15H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.6, 171.5, 157.2, 149.4, 140.3, 126.5, 124.7, 123.0, 117.3, 75.0, 39.3, 37.4 (2C), 37.2, 33.4, 32.7, 32.6, 30.0, 27.9, 24.7, 24.4, 23.6, 22.7, 22.6, 20.9, 20.5, 19.7, 19.6, 15.7, 13.0, 12.1, 11.8. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>37</sub>H<sub>61</sub>O4S 601.4285; Found 601.4293.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl methylpropanoate (2ap)





Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 2-(4-(4-chlorobenzoyl)phenoxy)-2methylpropanoate **1ap** (115.2 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2ap** (70.0 mg, Z:E = 15:1, 53% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.20 (s, 1H), 7.73–7.67 (m, 4H), 7.45–7.42 (m, 2H), 6.83–6.80 (m, 2H), 6.61 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.87 (dd, J = 13.3, 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 1.66 (s, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  194.0, 190.1, 173.6, 159.4, 152.1, 141.5, 138.3, 136.2, 132.0, 131.1, 130.3, 128.5, 116.9, 79.2, 63.3, 29.7, 25.3, 15.5. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>23</sub>ClO<sub>5</sub>SNa 469.0847; Found 469.0855.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl 4-(N,N-dipropylsulfamoyl)benzoate (2aq)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 4-(N,N-dipropylsulfamoyl)benzoate 1aq (105.3

mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2aq** (59.4 mg, 48% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz,  $d^6$ -DMSO)  $\delta$  9.47 (s, 1H), 8.13 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.94 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (t, J = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 3.06–2.99 (m, 6H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.50–1.40 (m, 4H), 0.79 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz,  $d^6$ -DMSO)  $\delta$  191.5, 164.7, 155.0, 143.7, 140.4, 133.0, 130.3, 127.3, 63.5, 49.6, 30.0, 21.6, 15.2, 11.0. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S<sub>2</sub> 414.1403; Found 414.1402.

#### 4-Methyl-2-oxo-2H-chromen-7-yl (Z)-6-(methylthio)-7-oxohept-5-enoate (2ar)



Following the general procedure, 4-methyl-2-oxo-2H-chromen-7-yl hept-6-ynoate **1ar** (85.2 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2ar** (60.2 mg, 58% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.44 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.15–7.10 (m, 1H), 7.06 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.76–2.65 (m, 5H), 2.42 (d, J = 1.1 Hz, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.03–1.96 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.6, 170.7, 160.4, 156.7, 154.1, 152.8, 151.9, 140.5, 125.4, 117.9, 117.8, 114.5, 110.3, 33.4, 29.6, 23.2, 18.7, 15.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>19</sub>O<sub>5</sub>S 347.0948; Found 347.0947.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl 3-methyl-4-oxo-2-phenyl-4H-chromene-8carboxylate (2as)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 3-methyl-4-oxo-2-phenyl-4H-chromene-8-carboxylate **1at** (103.8 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2as** (45.3 mg, 37% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20 % EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.20 (s, 1H), 8.47 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.26 (dd, J = 7.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.77–7.74 (m, 2H), 7.55–7.50 (m, 3H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.01 (q, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.27 (s, 3H), 2.22 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.3, 178.1, 164.2, 160.9, 154.4, 152.6, 141.4, 136.3, 132.9, 131.1, 130.6, 129.2, 128.5, 124.0, 123.3, 120.0, 117.7, 63.1, 30.0, 15.6, 11.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>5</sub>SNa 431.0924; Found 431.0924.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl 2-(4-(2,2-dichlorocyclopropyl)phenoxy)-2-methylpropanoate (2at)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 2-(4-(2,2-dichlorocyclopropyl)phenoxy)-2methylpropanoate **1at** (106.2 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2at** (36.2 mg, 29% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.18 (s, 1H), 7.11–7.09 (m, 2H), 6.79–6.76 (m, 2H), 6.57 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.89–2.79 (m, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.94 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.76 (dd, J = 8.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 1.61 (s, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.3, 174.1, 154.9, 152.8, 141.3, 129.7, 128.0, 117.9, 78.9, 63.1, 60.8, 34.7, 29.8, 25.8, 25.4, 25.4, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>22</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>SNa 439.0508; Found 439.0510.

#### (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl methylthiazole-5-carboxylate (2au)





Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 2-(3-cyano-4-isobutoxyphenyl)-4-methylthiazole-5-carboxylate **1au** (114.6 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2au** (61.2 mg, Z:E = 10:1, 48% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.46 (s, 1H), 8.14–8.13 (m, 1H), 8.06–8.03 (m, 1H), 7.00–6.93 (m, 2H), 4.46 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 3.04 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 2.73 (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.24 – 2.13 (m, 1H), 1.07 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.3, 167.4, 162.4, 161.7, 161.6, 152.6, 141.7, 132.5, 132.0, 125.7, 121.0, 115.3, 112.5, 102.8, 75.6, 62.8, 30.1, 28.0, 19.0, 17.5, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub>S<sub>2</sub> 445.1250; Found 445.1251.

# (Z)-4-(Methylthio)-5-oxopent-3-en-1-yl 3-(4,5-diphenyloxazol-2-yl)propanoate (2av)



Following the general procedure, pent-4-yn-1-yl 3-(4,5-diphenyloxazol-2-yl)propanoate **1av** (107.7 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2av** (66.9 mg, Z:E > 20:1, 53% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (10% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.34 (s, 1H), 7.62–7.60 (m, 2H), 7.57–7.54 (m, 2H), 7.37–7.30 (m, 6H), 6.87 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.17 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.94–2.89 (m, 4H), 2.29 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.3, 171.8, 161.5, 153.1, 145.3, 141.4, 135.0, 132.2, 128.8, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.0, 127.7, 126.3, 62.4, 30.9, 30.0, 23.3, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>S 422.1421; Found 422.1421.

### (3aR,5R,6S,6aR)-5-((R)-2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)-2,2dimethyltetrahydrofuro[2,3-d][1,3]dioxol-6-yl (Z)-6-(methylthio)-7-oxohept-5enoate (2aw)



Following the general procedure, (3aR,5R,6S,6aR)-5-((R)-2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-yl)-2,2-dimethyltetrahydrofuro[2,3-d][1,3]dioxol-6-yl hept-6-ynoate**1aw**(110.4 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product**2aw** $(74.8 mg, 58% yield) as a yellow oil, R<sub>f</sub> = 0.2 (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) <math>\delta$  9.40 (s, 1H), 6.86 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (d, *J* = 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.18–4.14 (m, 2H), 4.07–3.97 (m, 2H), 2.65–2.59 (m, 2H), 2.42–2.42 (m, 2H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.89–1.80 (m, 2H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.37 (s, 3H), 1.27 (s, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.5, 171.4, 156.8, 140.2, 112.2, 109.3, 104.9, 83.2, 79.7, 76.1, 72.3, 67.2, 33.4, 29.7, 26.8, 26.6, 26.1, 25.2, 23.3, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>31</sub>O<sub>8</sub>S 431.1734; Found 431.1725.

#### (2R,3S,4R,5S,6S)-3,4,5-Tris(benzyloxy)-6-((benzyloxy)methyl)tetrahydro-2Hpyran-2-yl (Z)-6-(methylthio)-7-oxohept-5-enoate (2ax)



Following the general procedure, (2R,3S,4R,5S,6S)-3,4,5-tris(benzyloxy)-6-((benzyloxy)methyl)tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl hept-6-ynoate **1ax** (194.4 mg, 0.3 mmol) was used to give the product **2ax** (59.6 mg, 28% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.40 (s, 1H), 7.35–7.26 (m, 18H), 7.16–7.13 (m, 2H), 6.81 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 4.98–4.95 (m, 1H), 4.86–4.82 (m, 2H), 4.72–4.60 (m, 3H), 4.52–4.48 (m, 2H), 3.96–3.86 (m, 2H), 3.77–3.64 (m, 4H), 2.66–2.60 (m, 2H), 2.48–2.44 (m, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 1.91–1.83 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.7, 171.3, 157.2, 140.2, 138.5, 137.9, 137.7, 137.5, 128.4 (3C), 128.1, 128.0, 127.9 (2C), 127.8 (2C), 127.7, 127.6, 90.1, 81.6, 78.8, 76.8, 75.6, 75.3, 73.5, 73.2, 72.9, 68.0, 33.6, 29.7, 23.4, 15.7. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>42</sub>H<sub>47</sub>O<sub>8</sub>S 711.2986; Found 711.2915.

#### ((3aS,5aR,8aR,8bS)-2,2,7,7-Tetramethyltetrahydro-3aH-bis([1,3]dioxolo)[4,5b:4',5'-d]pyran-3a-yl)methyl (Z)-6-(methylthio)-7-oxohept-5-enoate (2ay)



Following the general procedure, ((3aS,5aR,8aR,8bS)-2,2,7,7-tetramethyltetrahydro-3aH-bis([1,3]dioxolo)[4,5-b:4',5'-d]pyran-3a-yl)methyl hept-6-ynoate **1ay** (110.4 mg, 0.3 mmol) was

used to give the product **2ay** (83.8 mg, Z:E > 20:1, 65% yield) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  9.37 (s, 1H), 6.85 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 4.56 (dd, J = 7.9, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 4.24 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (dd, J = 13.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (d, J = 13.0 Hz, 1H), 2.60 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (s, 3H), 1.83 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.43 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.29 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  190.6, 172.0, 157.2, 140.1, 109.0, 108.6, 101.3, 70.6, 70.4, 69.9, 65.3, 61.1, 33.2, 29.7, 26.3, 25.8, 25.1, 23.9, 23.2, 15.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>30</sub>O<sub>8</sub>SNa 453.1554; Found 453.1550.

#### **Procedure for synthesis of 2a on 6 mmol scale:**

Under a nitrogen atmosphere, a 250 mL Schlenk-type tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar was charged with DMTSM (2.33 g, 9.0 mmol, 1.5 equiv), the corresponding hept-1-yne (576 mg, 6.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and dichloromethane (40.0 mL) and dimethyl sulfoxide (40.0 mL) at 0 °C (ice bath). The reaction mixture was then warmed to ambient temperature (23 °C) and stirred for 12 h, before being quenched with aqueous NaCl. The mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL X 3), and the combined organic layer were washed with water and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtrated and concentrated under reduced pressure. After purification by column chromatography on silica gel give the product **2a** (645.1 mg, 67%) as a yellow oil,  $R_f = 0.2$  (2% EA in PE).

#### Ethyl 4-butyl-5-(methylthio)-1-phenyl-1,4-dihydropyridine-3-carboxylate (3)<sup>12</sup>



Ethyl propiolate (0.6 mmol, 58.8 mg, 2.0 equiv), **2a** (47.4 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv), aniline (0.36 mmol, 33.5 mg, 1.2 equiv), Cu(OTf)<sub>2</sub> (0.015 mmol, 5.4 mg, 5 mol%) and in THF (0.1 M) added to a Schlenk tube under a nitrogen atmosphere. Then the mixture was stirred at 60 °C (oil bath) under argon atmosphere with TLC monitoring until the complete consumption of **2a**. The resulting reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and then quenched with aqueous saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, the organic layer was then extracted with EtOAc (5 mL X 3), washed with H<sub>2</sub>O and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuum to give the crude product. After purification by column chromatography on silica gel give the product **3** (51.6 mg, 52%) as a yellow oil, R<sub>f</sub> = 0.4 (9% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  7.63 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.40–7.36 (m, 2H), 7.19–7.15 (m, 3H), 6.46 (d, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.28–4.14 (m, 2H), 3.68 (t, *J* = 4.4 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.67–1.55 (m, 2H), 1.31–1.27 (m, 7H), 0.86 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  167.8, 143.5, 137.1, 129.6, 124.9, 124.5, 119.6, 118.0, 103.9, 59.8, 36.4, 34.2, 26.7, 22.9, 16.0, 14.4, 14.1. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S 332.1679; Found 332.1686

#### (E)-N-(2-(Methylthio)-1-oxohept-2-en-3-yl)-N-(phenylsulfonyl)benzenesulfonamide (4)<sup>13</sup>

To a solution of **2a** (47.4 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in EtOAc (0.1 M) was added N-fluorobis(benzenesulfonyl)imide (113.4 mg, 0.36 mmol, 1.2 equiv) in seal tube under a nitrogen atmosphere and heated at 80 °C with an oil bath for the 12 h. The resulting reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and then quenched with aqueous saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, the organic layer was then extracted with EtOAc (5 mL X 3), washed with H<sub>2</sub>O and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuum to give the crude product. After purification by column chromatography on silica gel give the product **4** (76.1 mg, 56%) as a yellow solid,  $R_f = 0.4$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.87 (s, 1H), 8.05–8.03 (m, 4H), 7.74–7.79 (,, 2H), 7.61–7.57 (m, 4H), 2.64–2.60 (m, 2H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 1.62–1.54 (m, 2H), 1.31–1.22 (m, 2H), 0.85 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  185.6, 151.7, 144.7, 137.9, 134.8, 129.3, 129.0, 38.2, 29.6, 23.0, 16.4, 13.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO<sub>5</sub>S<sub>3</sub> 453.0859; Found 453.0861.

#### (Z)-2-(Methylthio)hept-2-en-1-ol(Z)-2-(methylthio)hept-2-en-1-ol (S-5)<sup>14</sup>



A solution of **2a** (47.4 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in MeOH (0.1 M) was added NaBH<sub>4</sub> (22.2 mg, 0.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv) at 0 °C (ice bath), then the reaction mixture was then warmed to ambient temperature and stirred for 12 h. The resulting reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and then quenched with aqueous saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, the organic layer was then extracted with EtOAc (5 mL X 3), washed with H<sub>2</sub>O and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuum to give the crude product. After purification by column chromatography on silica gel give the product **S-5** (45.6 mg, 95%) as a yellow solid,  $R_f = 0.4$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.84 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 2.28–2.23 (m, 5H), 1.85 (s, 1H), 1.37–1.32 (m, 4H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  134.5, 133.5, 65.6, 31.2, 28.8, 22.3, 14.8, 13.9. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + H]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>17</sub>OS 161.0995; Found 161.0995.

#### (E)-2-Methylhept-2-en-1-ol (5)<sup>15</sup>



To a solution of **S-6** (48.0 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in THF (0.1 M) was successively added  $Pd_2(dba)_3$  (2.75 mg, 0.03 mmol, 0.1 equiv) and  $CH_3MgBr$  (1.0 mL, 3.0 M in 2-methyl-THF, 3.0 mmol, 10.0 equiv) in seal tube under a nitrogen atmosphere and heated at 80 °C (oil bath) for the 12 h. The resulting reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature and then quenched with aqueous saturated NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, the organic layer was then extracted with EtOAc (5 mL X 3), washed with H<sub>2</sub>O and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtered and concentrated in vacuum to give the crude product. After purification by column chromatography on silica gel give the product **5** (27.6 mg, 72%) as a colourless liquid,  $R_f = 0.4$  (20% EA in PE). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  5.39 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (s, 2H), 2.02–2.00 (m, 2H), 1.73 (br, 1H), 1.64 (s, 3H), 1.33–1.30 (m, 4H), 0.88 (t, J

= 6.8 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  134.5, 126.5, 68.9, 31.6, 27.2, 22.3, 13.9, 13.6. HRMS (ESI) m/z: [M + Na]<sup>+</sup> Calcd for C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ONa 151.1093 Found 151.1095.

## **Control Experiments**

Method for preparation of <sup>18</sup>O labeled DMSO<sup>16</sup>

 $(CH_3)_2S + Br_2 \longrightarrow (CH_3)_2S - Br Br - \frac{H_2^{18}O}{TEA} + H_3C^{S}CH_3$ 

Step I: Bromine (5.6 mL, 110 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was added dropwise over 40 min to a vigorously stirred, ice-cooled solution of dimethyl sulfide (9.8 mL, 110 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in carbon tetrachloride (90 mL). The resulting yellowish precipitate were removed by filtration and washed with cold chloroform. The residue was dried under reduced pressure at room temperature to give (bromodimethyl)sulfonium bromide (17.4 g, 72%) as a yellow solid.

Step II : (bromodimethyl)sulfonium bromide (2.5 g, 11.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was added portionwise over 15 min to a vigorously stirred solution of triethylamine (3.15 mL, 22.5 mmol, 2.0 equiv) and <sup>18</sup>O-labeled water (97 atom% <sup>18</sup>O) (0.10 mL, 5.5 mmol) in tetrahydrofuran (7.0 mL). The temperature of the reaction was maintained below 50 °C by occasional cooling with ice. The precipitate of triethylamine hydrobromide was removed by centrifugation and washed twice with ether. The combined yellow supernatant and washings were dried on high vacuum pressure pump at room temperature (15 mm) to remove the solvent and purification by column chromatography on silica gel give the <sup>18</sup>O-labeled DMSO as a yellow liquid,  $R_f = 0.4$  (20% EA in PE).



HRMS (ESI<sup>+</sup>): exact mass calculated for  $[M + H^+]$  (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>7</sub>OS) requires m/z 79.0212, found m/z 79.0212. Exact mass calculated for [M + H] (C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>7</sub><sup>18</sup>OS) requires m/z 81.0225, found m/z 81.0254. The <sup>18</sup>O content was determined by HRMS at 77%.

#### Procedure for preparation of <sup>18</sup>O-2af

Under a nitrogen atmosphere, a 25 mL Schlenk-type tube equipped with a magnetic stir bar was charged with DMTSM (0.45 mmol, 115.0 mg, 1.5 equiv), the corresponding alkynes (0.3 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and dichloromethane (2 mL) and <sup>18</sup>O-dimethyl sulfoxide (2 mL) at 0 °C (ice bath). The reaction mixture was then warmed to ambient temperature (23 °C) and stirred for 12 h, before being quenched with aqueous NaCl. The mixture was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (5 mL X 3), and the combined S29

organic layer were washed with water and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtrated and concentrated under reduced pressure. After purification by column chromatography on silica gel give the product <sup>18</sup>O-**2af** (24.5 mg, 46%) as a yellow liquid,  $R_f = 0.4$  (20% EA in PE).



HRMS (ESI<sup>+</sup>): exact mass calculated for  $[M + H^+]$  (C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>11</sub>OS) requires m/z 179.0525, found m/z 179.0524. Exact mass calculated for  $[M + H^+]$  (C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>11</sub><sup>18</sup>OS) requires m/z 181.0568, found m/z 181.0567. The <sup>18</sup>O-2af was determined by HRMS at  $\frac{241441}{112540+241441} = 68\%$ 

#### Method for preparation of *d*<sup>3</sup>-prop-1-yn-1-ylbenzene<sup>17</sup>

To a flame-dried round-bottom flask under nitrogen was added phenylacetylene (0.5 mL, 4.6 mmol, 1 equiv) followed by THF (30 mL, 0.15 M). The flask was placed in an ice/water bath. n-Butyllithium (4 mL, 2.5 M in hexanes, 10 mmol, 2 equiv) was added slowly and the reaction was allowed to stir for 1 hour.  $d^3$ -iodomethane (3 mL, 9.6 mmol, 2.1 equiv) was added at -20 °C and the reaction was allowed to stir at room temperature for 1 hour. The reaction was quenched with a saturated solution of NH<sub>4</sub>Cl and extracted with DCM (5 mL X 3). The organic layers were combined and dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, and the solvent removed under pressure. After purification by column chromatography on silica gel give the product  $d^3$ -1af (492 mg, 90%) as a yellow liquid,  $R_f = 0.7$  (1% EA in PE).



A reaction flask (25 mL) was charged with DMTSM (115 mg, 0.45 mmol, 1.5 equiv), **1af** (17.4 mg, 0.15 mmol),  $d^3$ -**1af** (17.8 mg, 0.15 mmol), then the DCM (2 mL) and DMSO (2 mL) was added at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was then warmed to ambient temperature (23 °C) and stirred for 6 h, before being quenched with aqueous NaCl. The mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL X 3), and the combined organic layer were washed with water and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtrated and concentrated under reduced pressure. After purification by column chromatography on silica gel give the product **2af** +  $d^3$ -**2af** (22.4 mg, 45%) as a colourless oil, R<sub>f</sub> = 0.4 (2% EA in PE). KIE value (k<sub>H</sub>/k<sub>D</sub> = 1.13) was determined on the basis of <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis.





A reaction flask (25 mL) was charged with DMTSM (115 mg, 0.45 mmol, 1.5 equiv), **1af** (17.4 mg, 0.15 mmol), then the DCM (2 mL) and DMSO (2 mL) was added at 0 °C (ice bath). The reaction mixture was then warmed to ambient temperature and stirred for 2 h, before being quenched with aqueous NaCl. The mixture was extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 mL X 3), and the combined organic layer were washed with water and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtrated and concentrated under reduced pressure, then added anisole (0.3 mmol) into the crude reaction solution for quantitative analysis.



A reaction flask (25 mL) was charged with DMTSM (115 mg, 0.45 mmol, 1.5 equiv), **1af** (17.4 mg, 0.15 mmol), then the DCM (2 mL) and  $d^6$ -DMSO (2 mL) was added at 0 °C. The reaction mixture was then warmed to ambient temperature and stirred for 2 h, before being quenched with aqueous NaCl. The mixture was extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL X 3), and the combined organic layer were washed with water and brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, filtrated and concentrated under reduced pressure, then added anisole (0.3 mmol) into the crude reaction solution for quantitative analysis. KIE value (k<sub>H</sub>/k<sub>D</sub> = 3.0) was determined on the basis of <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis.





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## **5 NMR Spectra**



#### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1j in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

<sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 1j in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum of 1j in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 162 MHz


## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1p in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







# <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1q in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1v in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1y in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

# <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 1y in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1z in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

<sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 1z in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1aa in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

<sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 1aa in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1ac in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1ad in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







# <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1aj in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







# <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectrum of 1aj in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 376 MHz



## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1al in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1am in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







#### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1an in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







# <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1ao in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







#### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1as in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

#### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 1as in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1ax in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

#### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 1ax in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





# <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2a in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of s-2a in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2b in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2b in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2c in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2d in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2d in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2e in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2f in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2f in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2g in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2g in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2h in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

#### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2h in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2i in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2i in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





# <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2j in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

# <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2j in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





# <sup>31</sup>P NMR spectrum of 2j in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 162 MHz



## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2k in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

#### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2k in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2l in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2l in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2m in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2m in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2n in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2n in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 20 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

#### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 20 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2p in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

# <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2p in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





# <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2q in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2q in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2r in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2r in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz




### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2s in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2s in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2t in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2t in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of u in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2u in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





#### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2v in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







#### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2w in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

<sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2w in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





# <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectrum of 2w in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 376 MHz



### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2x in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

<sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2x in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





# <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectrum of 2x in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 376 MHz



### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2y in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2y in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2z in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2z in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2aa in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2ab in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2ab in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2ac in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2ac in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2ad in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2ae in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2af in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2af in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2ag in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2ag in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2ah in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2ai in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

#### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2ai in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2aj in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2aj in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





# <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectrum of 2aj in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 376 MHz



### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2ak in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2al in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2al in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2am in *d*<sup>6</sup>-DMSO, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2am in *d*<sup>6</sup>-DMSO, 101 MHz





#### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2an in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2ao in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2ap in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2aq in *d*<sup>6</sup>-DMSO, 400 MHz







### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2ar in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

#### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2ar in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2as in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

<sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2as in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2at in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

#### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2at in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





#### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2au in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

#### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2au in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2av in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2aw in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







#### <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 2ax in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

#### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2ax in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz







#### <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 2ay in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz




## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 3 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

# <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 3 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 4 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz







## <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of s-5 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz

## <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of s-5 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 101 MHz





# <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 5 in CDCl<sub>3</sub>, 400 MHz



