Electronic Supplementary Information

Cu-Catalysed Three-Component C–H Trifluoroalkylation of Glycine Derivatives: Access to Diverse CF₃-Containing Amino Acids

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I. General Information

General procedures. All reactions were performed in oven-dried or flame-dried round-bottom flasks and vials. Solvents were dried and freshly distilled before use. Reactions were monitored with thin layer chromatography (TLC) using silica gel 60 F-254 plates. TLC plates were normally visualized by UV irradiation (254 nm or 365 nm), stained with basic KMnO₄ or phosphomolybdic acid. Flash chromatography was performed using silica gel 60 (200–300 mesh).

Instrumentation. Proton nuclear magnetic resonance (¹H NMR) spectra, carbon nuclear magnetic resonance (¹³C{¹H} NMR) spectra and fluorine nuclear magnetic resonance (¹⁹F NMR) spectra were recorded on Bruker Ascend 400 MHz and 600 MHz. Chemical shifts for protons are reported in parts per million downfield from tetramethylsilane and are referenced to the NMR solvent residual peak (CHCl₃: δ 7.26). Chemical shifts for carbons are reported in parts per million downfield from tetramethylsilane and are referenced to the NMR solvent (CDCl₃: δ 77.0). Data are represented as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, br = broad), coupling constants in Hertz (Hz), and integration. When ¹⁹F NMR is used for quantitative purpose (yield and *dr* determination), a 30-degree pulse and extended delay time (d1 = 5 s) were employed and the receiver gain was manually set as 32. IR spectra were recorded on a Bruker FT-IR spectrometer. HRMS was measured on a TOF-Q mass spectrometer equipped with an ESI source.

Abbreviations:

TLC-thin layer chromatography; PE-Petroleum Ethers (60–90 °C); THF-tetrahydrofuran; DMSO-dimethyl sulfoxide; DMF-*N*,*N*-dimethylformamide; DMA-*N*,*N*-dimethylacetamide; DCE-1,2-dichloroethane; EDC-1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)carbodiimide; HOBt-Hydroxybenzotriazole; TEMPO-(2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidin-1-yl)oxyl; DMPO-5,5-Dimethyl-1-pyrroline N-oxide; CAN-ceric ammonium nitrate.

II. The Preparation and Characterization of New Substrates

a) Glycine derivatives

The glycine derivatives **1a-1l** used in this work are listed below. Among them, **1a-1f**, **1h**, and **1i** were prepared according to literature procedures,^[1-6] while **1g**, **1j**, **1k**, and **1l** are new compounds and characterized for the first time.



General procedure for the condensation of dipeptides: To a 100 mL round-bottom flask, *N*-PMP glycine **S1** (10 mmol, 1.81 g), EDC•HCl (14 mmol, 2.68 g) and HOBt (16 mmol, 2.16 g) were dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) under N₂ atmosphere, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 mins. Next, the reaction was cooled in an ice-water bath. At 0 °C, an amine or amino ester hydrochloride (10 mmol) was added into the flask, followed by the addition of EtN(*i*Pr)₂ (1.74 mL, 10 mmol for free amine; 20 mmol for amino ester hydrochloride) under N₂. After 30 mins, the reaction mixture was warmed up to room temperature and stirred overnight. After the reaction was

quenched with water (30 mL), the resulting mixture was separated and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (30 mL \times 3). The combined organic layers were dried over Na_2SO_4 , concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified through a silica gel flash column.



N-((2S,3R)-1-hydroxy-3-methylpentan-2-yl)-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)acetamide(1g): Following the general procedure, compound 1g was prepared from isoleucinol as a white foam (54% yield) after a flash column purification (CH₂Cl₂/MeOH = 20:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.07 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.81 – 6.68 (m, 2H), 6.62 – 6.49 (m, 2H), 4.28 – 3.91 (m, 2H), 3.83 – 3.61 (m, 4H), 3,71 (s, 3H), 3.55 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.64 – 1.47 (m, 1H), 1.41 – 1.28 (m, 1H), 1.04 – 0.91 (m, 1H), 0.82 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 3H), 0.79 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.0, 153.1, 141.0, 114.9, 114.6, 63.3, 55.9, 55.7, 49.7, 35.5, 25.3, 15.6, 11.2; IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3290, 2984, 1644, 1562, 1174, 1065, 825, 578; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₅H₂₅N₂O₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 281.1860, found 281.1862.



Methyl (4-methoxyphenyl)glycyl-L-tyrosinate (1j): Following the general procedure, compound 1j was prepared from methyl tyrosinate hydrochloride as a brownish oil (68% yield) after a flash column purification (PE/EtOAc = 2:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (brs, 1H), 6.84 – 6.68 (m, 4H), 6.66 – 6.54 (m, 2H), 6.51 – 6.37 (m, 2H), 4.99 – 4.84 (m, 1H), 4.36 – 3.85 (br, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.72 – 3.67 (m, 4H), 3.63 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 5.2 Hz, 1H), 2.92 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 7.1 Hz, 1H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.0, 171.4, 155.5, 153.1, 140.9, 130.2, 126.7, 115.6, 115.0, 114.5, 55.8, 52.8, 52.5, 49.3, 37.1; IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3348, 2981, 1751, 1688, 1514, 1400, 1221, 1014, 904, 821, 731; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₉H₂₃N₂O₅⁺ [M + H]⁺ 359.1601, found 359.1600.



Methyl (4-methoxyphenyl)glycyl-L-methioninate (1k): Following the general procedure, compound 1k was prepared from methyl methioninate hydrochloride as a colorless oil (47% yield) after a flash column purification (PE/EtOAc = 1:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.83 – 6.70 (m, 2H), 6.63 – 6.50 (m, 2H), 4.74 (td, *J* = 8.0, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 4.42 – 3.91 (br, 1H), 3.76 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 2.38 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.21 – 2.05 (m, 1H), 1.99 (s, 3H), 1.97 – 1.86 (m, 1H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.1, 171.0, 153.2, 141.1, 114.9, 114.5, 55.7, 52.5, 51.1, 49.6, 31.4, 29.9, 15.4; IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3371, 2961, 1741, 1652, 1544, 1137, 1104, 904, 832, 744; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₅H₂₃N₂O₄S⁺ [M + H]⁺ 327.1373, found 327.1376.



Methyl (4-methoxyphenyl)glycyl-L-tryptophanate (11): Following the general procedure, compound 11 was prepared from methyl tryptophanate hydrochloride as a beige foam (71% yield) after a flash column purification (PE/EtOAc = 2:1).¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.58 (s, 1H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.76 – 6.66 (m, 2H), 6.62 (s, 1H), 6.44 – 6.30 (m, 2H), 4.95 (dt, *J* = 8.4, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 3.91 – 3.77 (m, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.54 (s, 2H), 3.31 (dd, *J* = 14.9, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 3.23 (dd, *J* = 14.9, 5.3 Hz, 1H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 172.3, 171.2, 152.9, 141.2, 136.2, 127.4, 123.2, 122.1, 119.6, 118.4, 114.8, 114.3, 111.4, 109.3, 55.8, 52.4, 52.4, 49.3, 27.5; IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3351, 2977, 1721, 1666, 1510, 1321, 1252, 1011, 909, 871, 711; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₁H₂₄N_{3O4⁺} [M + H]⁺ 382.1761, found 382.1762.

b) Alkenes

The alkenes used in this work are listed below. Among them, **2g-2h**, **2n-2q**, **2s**, and **2u** were prepared according to literature procedures,^[7-14] while **2m** and **S2-S6** are new compounds and characterized for the first time. The rest of the alkenes listed below are all commercially available and distilled before use.



Ethyl but-3-enoylglycinate (2m): In a 100 mL round-bottom flask, but-3-enoic acid (10 mmol, 0.85 mL), EDC•HCl (14 mmol, 2.68 g) and HOBt (16 mmol, 2.16 g) were dissolved in CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL) under N₂ atmosphere, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 mins. Next, the reaction was cooled in an ice-water bath. At 0 °C, ethyl glycinate hydrochloride **S7** (10 mmol) was

added into the flask, followed by the addition of $EtN(iPr)_2$ (20 mmol, 3.48 mL) under N₂. After 30 min, the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. After the reaction was quenched with water (30 mL), the resulting mixture was separated and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (30 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified through a silica gel flash column (PE/EtOAc = 5:1) to give **2m** as a colorless oil (62% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.26 (brs, 1H), 5.92 (ddt, *J* = 16.0, 10.8, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.99 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 2H), 3.03 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C {¹H} NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 170.8, 169.9, 130.9, 120.0, 61.5, 41.4, 41.2, 14.1; IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3077, 1770, 1452, 1321, 1254, 1159, 876; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₈H₁₄NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 172.0968, found 172.0968.



5-(Dimethylamino)-N-methyl-N-(pent-4-en-1-yl)naphthalene-1-sulfonamide (S2): In a 50 mL round-bottom flask, *N*-methyl dansyl amide (1.32 g, 5 mmol) was dissolved in dry DMF (10 mL), and the flask was cooled in an ice water bath. NaH (327 mg, 7.5 mmol, 55% in mineral oil) was added to the mixture under N₂, and the mixture was let stirred for 30 mins. Then, 5-bromopent-1-ene (6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) was added to the above solution. The mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for 1.5 h. After the reaction was quenched with water (30 mL), the resulting mixture was extracted with Et₂O (30 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated *in vacuo*, and the residue was purified through a silica gel flash column (PE/EtOAc = 15:1) to afford compound **S2** as a light yellow oil (74% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.58 – 8.42 (m, 1H), 8.40 – 8.32 (m, 1H), 8.17 – 8.04 (m, 1H), 7.55 – 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.17 – 7.03 (m, 1H), 5.67 (ddt, *J* = 16.9, 10.3, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 4.99 – 4.80 (m, 2H), 3.18 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.80 (s, 6H), 2.79 (s, 3H), 2.02 - 1.90 (m, 2H), 1.69 – 1.49 (m, 2H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 151.7, 137.4, 134.4, 130.3, 130.2, 130.1, 129.6, 127.9, 123.1, 119.7, 115.2, 49.1, 45.4, 34.1, 30.5, 26.8; IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 2940, 2870, 1570, 1453, 1325, 1140, 909, 789, 730, 624; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₈H₂₅N₂O₂S⁺ [M + H]⁺ 333.1631, found 333.1634.



(8R,9S)-13-Methyl-3-(pent-4-en-1-yloxy)-6,7,8,9,11,12,13,14,15,16-decahydrospiro[cyclopenta[a] phenanthrene-17,2'-[1,3]dioxolane] (S3). To a solution of estrone 17-ethylene ketal (597 mg, 1.90 mmol) in MeCN (5 mL) were added K₂CO₃ (787 mg, 5.70 mmol) and 4-bromo-1-butene (385 µL, 3.80 mmol, 2 equiv) under N₂. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux overnight before it was cooled to room temperature and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was suspended in water (20 mL) and extracted with ethyl acetate (10 mL \times 3). The combined organic phase was then washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was then purified through a silica gel flash column (PE/EtOAc = 50:1) to give compound S3 as a colorless oil (74% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.29 – 7.19 (m, 1H), 6.81 – 6.71 (m, 1H), 6.71 – 6.63 (m, 1H), 5.91 (ddt, J = 16.9, 10.2, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.21 - 5.09 (m, 1H), 5.06 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 4.07 - 3.88 (m, 6H),2.98 – 2.82 (m, 2H), 2.43 – 2.34 (m, 1H), 2.34 – 2.20 (m, 3H), 2.16 – 2.02 (m, 1H), 2.01 – 1.78 (m, 6H), 1.76 – 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.64 – 1.56 (m, 1H), 1.56 – 1.32 (m, 4H), 0.95 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 157.0, 138.0, 137.9, 132.6, 126.3, 119.5, 115.2, 114.5, 112.1, 67.0, 65.3, 64.7, 49.4, 46.2, 43.7, 39.2, 34.3, 30.8, 30.3, 29.9, 28.6, 27.1, 26.3, 22.5, 14.4; IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 2975, 1680, 1511, 1234, 1181, 1160, 1034, 982, 816, 726, 654; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₅H₃₅O₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 383.2581, found 383.2584.



³⁻⁽But-3-en-1-yl)-1-((4R,5R)-4-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-5-(((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy) methyl-z)tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-5-methylpyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione (S4): In a 15 mL round-bottom flask, diO-TBS thymidine (940 mg, 2.0 mmol) was dissolved in dry DMF (4 mL), and the flask was cooled in an ice water bath. NaH (96 mg, 2.2 mmol, 55% in mineral oil) was added in portions into the mixture under N₂, and the mixture was let stirred for 30 min. Then, 4-bromo-1-butene (405 μ L, 4 mmol) was added at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was warmed to

room temperature and stirred overnight. After the reaction was quenched with water (15 mL), the resulting mixture was extracted with Et₂O (10 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated *in vacuo*, and the residue was purified through a silica gel flash column (PE/EtOAc = 50:1) to afford compound **S4** as a colorless oil (79% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.42 (s, 1H), 6.33 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (ddt, *J* = 17.2, 10.2, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 4.97 (d, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 4.37 (dt, *J* = 5.7, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.06 – 3.93 (m, 2H), 3.93 – 3.87 (m, 1H), 3.83 (dd, *J* = 11.5, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (dd, *J* = 11.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (q, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.23 (ddd, *J* = 13.0, 5.8, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 1.96 (ddd, *J* = 13.6, 8.0, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 1.89 (s, 3H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.86 (s, 9H), 0.08 (s, 6H), 0.05 (s, 3H), 0.04 (s, 3H); ¹³C {¹H} NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 163.3, 150.8, 134.9, 133.3, 116.8, 109.9, 87.7, 85.4, 72.3, 63.0, 41.4, 40.5, 32.0, 25.9, 25.7, 18.4, 18.0, 13.3, -4.7, -4.9, -5.4, -5.5; IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 2968, 1734, 1679, 1517, 1434, 1151, 1023, 908, 841, 763; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₆H₄₉N₂O₅Si₂⁺ [M + H]⁺ 525.3175, found 525.3179.



(*3aR*, *5R*, *5aS*, *8aS*, *8bB*)-*2*, *2*, *7*, *7*-*Tetramethyl-5-(((2-methylallyl)oxy)methyl)tetrahydro-5H-bis([1,3] dioxolo)[4,5-b:4',5'-d]pyran* (S5). In a 15 mL round-bottom flask, D-galactopyranose diacetalide (560 mg, 2.0 mmol) was dissolved in dry DMF (4 mL), and the flask was cooled in an ice water bath. NaH (96 mg, 2.2 mmol, 55% in mineral oil) was added in portions into the mixture under N₂, and the mixture was let stirred for 30 min. Then, 3-bromo-2-methylpropene (202 μ L, 4 mmol) was added at 0 °C, and the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. After the reaction was quenched with water (15 mL), the resulting mixture was extracted with Et₂O (10 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO4, concentrated *in vacuo*, and the residue was purified through a silica gel flash column (PE/EtOAc = 20:1) to afford compound **S5** as a colorless oil (84% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 5.48 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.91 (s, 1H), 4.83 (s, 1H), 4.55 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 3.96 - 3.90 (m, 1H), 3.92 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (d, *J* = 12.7 Hz, 1H), 3.58 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.50 (dd, *J* = 10.0, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.68 (s, 3H), 1.49 (s, 3H), 1.39 (s, 3H), 1.29 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 3H); 1^{3} C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 142.1, 112.1, 109.1, 108.4, 96.3, 75.1, 71.1, 70.61, 70.59, 1^{3} C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 142.1, 112.1, 109.1, 108.4, 96.3, 75.1, 71.1, 70.61, 70.59, 1^{3} C{¹H}</sup>

68.5, 66.8, 26.0, 25.9, 24.9, 24.4, 19.3; IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 2983, 1675, 1523, 1245, 1108, 953, 706, 645; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₆H₂₇O₆⁺ [M + H]⁺ 315.1802, found 315.1800.



N-(2-(2,6-Dioxopiperidin-3-yl)-1,3-dioxoisoindolin-4-yl)undec-10-enamide (S6): In a 100 mL round-bottom flask, undercenoic acid (10 mmol, 1.84 g), EDC•HCl (14 mmol, 2.68 g) and HOBt (16 mmol, 2.16 g) were dissolved in THF (30 mL) under N₂ atmosphere, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 mins. Next, the reaction was cooled in an ice-water bath. At 0 °C, pomalidomide (2.73 g, 10 mmol) was added into the flask, followed by the addition of EtN(iPr)₂ (10 mmol, 1.74 mL) under N₂. After 30 min, the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred overnight. After the reaction was quenched with water (30 mL), the resulting mixture was separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with EtOAc (30 mL \times 3). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated *in vacuo*, and purified through a silica gel flash column (PE/Acetone = 3:1) to afford compound S6 as a white foam (61% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.40 (s, 1H), 8.81 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 8.78 (s, 1H), 7.69 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 5.86 - 5.70 (m, 1H), 5.04 - 4.82 (m, 3H), 2.97 - 2.82 (m, 1H), 2.82 - 2.67 (m, 2H), 2.44 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.20 – 2.08 (m, 1H), 2.01 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 1.72 (p, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.43 – 1.20 (m, 10H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.5, 171.3, 169.2, 168.2, 166.8, 139.2, 137.9, 136.4, 131.1, 125.3, 118.4, 115.2, 114.2, 49.2, 38.0, 33.8, 31.4, 29.3, 29.2, 29.1, 29.0, 28.9, 25.2, 22.7; IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3362, 1776, 1712, 1617, 1523, 1452, 1395, 1264, 1110, 1031, 928, 874, 643; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{24}H_{30}N_3O_5^+$ [M + H]⁺ 440.2180, found 440.2188.

III. The Discovery of Catalysts and Ligands

a) General procedure for a ligand-free reaction:

To a flame-dried reaction tube charged with a stir bar were added an ethyl glycinate 1 (0.2 mmol), Togni II reagent 3 (75.8 mg, 0.24 mmol), and a copper salt (0.004 mmol). The tube was sealed with a septum, evacuated, and backfilled with N₂ three times. Freshly distilled 1,2-dichloroethane (1.0 mL) and alkene 2a (45 μ L, 0.3 mmol) were then added, and the reaction was let stirred at room temperature (23 to 26 °C). After indicated time, the reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ aqueous solution (1 mL) and Na₂S₂O₃ aqueous solution (1 mL). The organic phase was separated and the aqueous one was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL ×3). The combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo*, filtered through a short silica gel pad, and washed with PE/EtOAc (4:1, 15 mL). After the solvent was removed *in vacuo*, the residue was dissolved in CDCl₃ (with *a*,*a*,*a*,*c*-trifluorotoluene as an internal standard) and submitted for quantitative ¹⁹F NMR analysis.

b) General procedure for a ligand-promoted reaction:

In a N₂ atmosphere glovebox, a copper salt (0.004 mmol), and a ligand (0.0048 mmol) were weighted into a 1-dram vial, which was then charged with a stir bar and sealed under N₂ with a septum. After the vial was taken out from the glovebox, freshly distilled 1,2-dichloroethane (1.0 mL) was added to afford a clear catalyst solution. To a flame-dried reaction tube charged with a stir bar were added an ethyl glycinate **1** (0.2 mmol) and Togni II reagent **3** (75.8 mg, 0.24 mmol). The tube was sealed with a septum, evacuated, and backfilled with N₂ three times. The above catalyst solution (1.0 mL) was transferred into the reaction tube together with alkene **2a** (45 µL, 0.3 mmol), and the reaction was kept stirring at room temperature (23 to 26 °C). After the indicated time, the reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ aqueous solution (1 mL) and Na₂S₂O₃ aqueous solution (1 mL). The organic phase was separated and the aqueous one was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL ×3). The combined organic layers were concentrated *in vacuo*, filtered through a short silica gel pad, and washed with PE/EtOAc (4:1, 15 mL). After the solvent was removed *in vacuo*, the residue was dissolved in CDCl₃ (with α , α , α -trifluorotoluene as an internal standard) and submitted for quantitative ¹⁹F NMR analysis.

Representative Cu salts and ligands were evaluated according to the above procedures and the obtained data are summarized in **Table S1**.

Table S1. Catalyst and ligand discovery^[a]



^[a] unless otherwise stated, the reaction was carried out under N₂ with **1a** (0.2 mmol), **2a** (0.3 mmol), and **3** (0.24 mmol) in the presence of a copper catalyst (0.004 mol) and a ligand (0.0048 or 0.0096 mmol) in anhydrous ClCH₂CH₂Cl (1 mL). [b] The yield of **4** and **5** were determined by quantitative ¹⁹F NMR. ^[c] N.D. = Not detected on ¹⁹F NMR. ^[d] 0.3 mmol of **3** was added. ^[e] isolated yield, dr = 1.2:1.

c) Characterization data of the related products:



Ethyl 5,5,5-trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3-phenethylpentanoate (4aa): Compound 4aa was isolated from the reaction described in *entry* 17 through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 50:1 to 30:1) as a colorless oil (76.9 mg, 94% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.2). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.27 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.04 (m, 3H), 6.74 – 6.63 (m, 2H), 6.59 - 6.50 (m, 2H), 4.18 - 3.91 (m, 3H), 3.89 - 3.68 (br, 1H), 3.65 (s, 3H, isomer 1), 3.64 (s, 3H, isomer 2), 2.76 – 2.37 (m, 3H), 2.29 – 1.97 (m, 2H), 1.95 – 1.82 (m, 1H, isomer 1), 1.73 – 1.52 (m, 1H + 1H, isomer 2), 1.15 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H, isomer 1), 1.06 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, isomer 2); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 173.0 (isomer 1), 172.9 (isomer 2), 153.4 (isomer 2), 153.2 (isomer 1), 141.2 (isomer 1 + 2), 141.0 (isomer 2), 140.7 (isomer 1), 128.6 (isomer 2), 128.5 (isomer 1), 128.5 (isomer 2), 128.3 (isomer 1), 127.2 (q, J = 276.9, isomer 1 + 2), 126.2 (isomer 2), 126.1 (isomer 1), 116.2 (isomer 2), 115.8 (isomer 1), 115.0 (isomer 1), 114.9 (isomer 2), 61.5 (isomer 1), 61.4 (isomer 2), 60.6 (isomer 2), 60.3 (isomer 1), 55.7 (isomer 1), 55.7 (isomer 2), 35.8 (isomer 1), 34.9 (isomer 2), 34.3 (q, J = 27.7, isomer 2), 34.2 (q, J = 27.9, isomer 1), 33.0 (isomer 2), 32.9 (isomer 1), 32.7 (isomer 1), 32.7 (isomer 2), 32.9 (isomer1), 31.6 (isomer 2), 14.2 (isomer 1), 14.2 (isomer 2); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -63.6 (t, J = 11.3 Hz, 3F, isomer 1 + 2); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3371, 2938, 1725, 1510, 1453, 1389, 1245, 1134, 1030, 909, 821, 732, 696; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₂H₂₇F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 410.1938, found 410.1940.



(*E*)-(5,5,5-trifluoropent-2-en-1-yl)benzene (5a): The elimination product 5a is a known compound and the ¹H NMR & ¹⁹F NMR data are in agreement with the literature.^[15] ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.42 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.33 – 7.22 (m, 3H), 5.94 (dt, *J* = 14.3, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 5.60 – 5.47 (m, 1H), 3.48 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.88 (qd, *J* = 10.7, 7.1 Hz, 2H); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -66.55 (t, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 3F).



Ethyl 5,5,5-trifluoro-3-phenethyl-2-(p-tolylamino)pentanoate (4ba): Compound 4ba (11% yield based on ¹⁹F NMR) was isolated from the reaction described in *entry 3* through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 50:1 to 30:1) as colorless oil (6.3 mg, 8% isolated yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.3), ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.36 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.24 – 7.10 (m, 3H), 7.06 - 6.93 (m, 2H), 6.63 - 6.52 (m, 2H), 4.29 - 3.90 (m, 4H), 2.87 - 2.46 (m, 3H), 2.39 -2.08 (m, 5H), 2.05 – 1.91 (m, 1H, major), 1.83 – 1.62 (m, 1H, major + 2H, minor), 1.26 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H, major), 1.18 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, minor); ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{NMR}$ (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 172.8 (isomer 1), 172.7 (isomer 2), 144.8 (isomer 1), 144.3 (isomer 2), 141.2 (isomer 1), 140.9 (isomer 2), 129.92 (isomer 1), 129.90 (isomer 2), 128.6 (isomer 2), 128.5 (isomer 1), 128.4 (isomer 2), 128.3 (isomer 1), 127.0 (q, J = 255.2 Hz, isomer 1+2), 126.2 (isomer 2), 126.1 (isomer 1), 114.5 (isomer 2), 114.2 (isomer 1), 61.5 (isomer 1), 61.4 (isomer 2), 59.5 (isomer 2), 59.3 (isomer 1), 35.7 (isomer 1), 34.9 (isomer 2), 34.3 (q, J = 27.7 Hz, isomer 2), 34.2 (d, J = 28.1 Hz, isomer 1), 33.0 (isomer 2), 32.9 (isomer 1), 32.7 (isomer 1), 31.7 (isomer 2), 20.4 (isomer 1+2), 14.22 (isomer 1), 14.2 (isomer 2); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.70 (t, J = 11.7 Hz, isomer 1), -63.71 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, isomer 2); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3382, 2932, 1735, 1618, 1516, 1259, 1186, 1130, 1020, 809, 698; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{22}H_{27}F_3NO_2^+$ [M + H]⁺ 394.1988, found 394.1987.



Ethyl 5,5,5-*trifluoro-2-((4-fluorophenyl)amino)-3-phenethylpentanoate* (4ca): Compound 4ca (8% yield based on ¹⁹F NMR) was isolated from the reaction described in <u>entry 4</u> through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 50:1 to 30:1) as a colorless oil (4.7 mg, 6% isolated yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.5). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.37 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.23 – 7.11 (m, 3H), 6.94 – 6.82 (m, 2H), 6.64 – 6.51 (m, 2H), 4.28 – 4.03 (m, 3H), 2.84 – 2.46 (m, 3H), 2.39 – 2.08 (m, 2H), 1.81 – 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, isomer 1), 1.17 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H, isomer 2); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.5, 158.0, 143.4, 140.8, 128.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 126.3, 126.2, 61.6, 61.5, 60.0, 59.8, 35.5, 34.7, 34.4, 34.1, 32.95, 32.86, 32.5, 31.6, 14.2, 14.1;

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.70 (t, J = 11.6 Hz, isomer 1 + 2), -125.51 - -125.81 (m, isomer 1), -125.81 - -126.12 (m, isomer 2); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3376, 2926, 1733, 1514, 1457, 1389, 1249, 1138, 1022, 825, 702; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₁H₂₄F₄NO₂⁺ [M + H]⁺ 398.1738, found 398.1736.

IV. Substrate Scope and Product Characterization

a) General procedure for the 3-component ligation with different alkenes



In a N₂ atmosphere glovebox, Cu(CH₃CN)₄PF₆ (1.5 mg, 0.004 mmol), and ligand L7 (1.3 mg, 0.0048 mmol) were weighted into a 1-dram vial, which was then charged with a stir bar and sealed under N₂ with a septum. After the vial was taken out from the glovebox, freshly distilled 1,2-dichloroethane (1.0 mL) was added to afford a clear catalyst solution. To a flame-dried reaction tube charged with a stir bar were added *N*-PMP ethyl glycinate **1a** (41 mg, 0.2 mmol) and Togni II reagent **3** (94.8 mg, 0.3 mmol). The tube was sealed with a septum, evacuated, and backfilled with N₂ three times. The above catalyst solution (1.0 mL) was transferred into the reaction tube together with an alkene **2** (0.3 mmol, unless otherwise stated), and the reaction was kept stirring at room temperature (23 to 26 °C) for 6 h. After the reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ aqueous solution (1 mL) and Na₂S₂O₃ aqueous solution (1 mL), the organic phase was separated and the aqueous one was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated *in vacuo*, and then purified through a silica gel flash column.



Ethyl 2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)nonanoate (4ab): Following the general procedure A, compound 4ab was prepared through a reaction between 1a, 1-octene 2b and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 70:1 to 40:1) as a colorless oil (74.0 mg, 95% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.2). ¹H NMR (400 MHz,

Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.84 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 6.70 – 6.57 (m, 2H), 4.27 – 4.10 (m, 2H + 1H, minor), 4.05 – 4.00 (m, 1H, major), 4.00 – 3.77 (br, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H, major + 3H, minor), 2.61 – 2.40 (m, 1H), 2.33 – 1.96 (m, 2H), 1.46 – 1.17 (m, 13H), 0.95 – 0.75 (m, 3H); ¹³C {¹H} NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.15 (major), 173.13 (minor), 153.3 (minor), 153.1 (major), 141.3 (minor), 140.8 (major), 127.2 (q, J = 276.4, major + minor), 116.1 (minor), 115.7 (major), 114.9 (major), 114.9 (minor), 61.33 (major), 61.27 (minor), 60.6 (minor), 60.2 (major), 55.69 (major), 55.66 (minor), 36.0 (major), 35.6 (minor), 34.2 (q, J = 27.6, minor), 34.1 (q, J = 28.2, major), 31.64 (major), 22.6 (major + minor), 14.24 (minor), 14.21 (major), 14.0 (major + minor); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.82 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 3F, major), -63.89 (t, J = 11.5 Hz, 3F, minor); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3370, 2930, 1733, 1512, 1464, 1245, 1186, 1128, 1030, 821, 662; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₀H₃₁F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 390.2251, found 390.2249.



Ethyl 2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)tridecanoate (4ac): Following the general procedure A, compound 4ac was prepared through a reaction between 1a, 1-dodecene 2c and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 70:1 to 40:1) as a colorless oil (85.5 mg, 96% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.87 – 6.72 (m, 2H), 6.70 – 6.56 (m, 2H), 4.28 – 4.09 (m, 2H + 1H, isomer 1), 4.06 – 3.97 (m, 1H, isomer 2), 3.96 – 3.86 (m, 1H, isomer 1), 3.85 – 3.77 (m, 1H, isomer 2), 3.76 – 3.69 (m, 3H), 2.63 – 2.39 (m, 1H), 2.35 – 1.95 (m, 2H), 1.46 – 1.16 (m, 21H), 0.96 – 0.79 (m, 3H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.2 (isomer 2), 173.1 (isomer 1), 153.3 (isomer 2), 153.1 (isomer 1), 141.3 (isomer 2), 140.8 (isomer 1), 127.2 (q, *J* = 278.0 Hz, isomer 1), 61.2 (isomer 2), 60.6 (isomer 1), 60.2 (isomer 2), 55.7 (isomer 1), 55.6 (isomer 2), 36.0 (q, *J* = 2.2 Hz, isomer 1), 35.6 (q, *J* = 2.3 Hz, isomer 2), 34.2 (q, *J* = 27.6 Hz, isomer 1), 34.1 (q, *J* = 27.7 Hz, isomer 2), 31.9 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 14.2 (isomer 1), 14.2 (isomer 1), 20.4 (isomer 1), 20.58, 29.56, 29.44, 29.43, 29.41, 29.32, 26.8 (isomer 1), 26.4 (isomer 2), 22.7 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 14.2 (isomer 1), 14.2 (isomer 1), -63.90 (t, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 3F, 19 KMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.82 (t, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 3F, isomer 1), -63.90 (t, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 3F, 10 Kmz, 20 Kmz, 2

isomer 2); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3368, 2930, 2851, 1737, 1510, 1463, 1233, 1130, 1040, 817; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₄H₃₉F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 446.2877, found 446.2875.



Ethyl 3-(tert-butyl)-5,5,5-trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)pentanoate (4ad): Following the general procedure A, compound 4ad was prepared through a reaction between 1a, 3,3-dimethyl-1-butene 2d (3 equiv) and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 50 to 30:1) as a colorless oil (39.0 mg, 54% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 2.0). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 6.85 – 6.72 (m, 2H), 6.70 – 6.59 (m, 2H), 4.29 - 4.20 (m, 1H), 4.20 - 4.05 (m, 2H), 3.90 - 3.60 (m, 4H), 2.80 - 2.60 (m, 1H, minor), 2.54 -2.36 (m, 1H, major), 2.31 - 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.25 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H, minor), 1.23 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H, major), 1.05 (s, 9H, major), 1.02 (s, 9H, minor); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 173.8 (major), 173.8 (minor), 153.1 (major + minor), 141.1 (minor), 140.9 (major), 127.6 (q, J = 276.5 Hz, minor), 127.3 (q, J = 276.3 Hz, major), 115.9 (major), 115.8 (minor), 114.9 (major), 114.8 (minor), 61.3 (major), 61.2 (minor), 59.5 (minor), 58.1 (major), 55.6 (minor + major), 44.8 (minor), 44.2 (major), 34.4 (major), 34.3 (minor), 31.4 (q, J = 27.9 Hz, minor), 30.0 (q, J = 28.6 Hz, major), 28.3 (minor), 28.1 (major), 14.0 (major + minor); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -63.82 (t, J = 11.7 Hz, 3F, minor), -64.18 (t, J = 11.6 Hz, 3F, major); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3390, 3950, 1721, 1524, 1244, 1080, 907, 815, 732, 688; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₈H₂₇F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 362.1938, found 362.1937.



Ethyl 3-benzyl-5,5,5-trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)pentanoate (4ae): Following the general procedure A, compound 4ae was prepared through a reaction between 1a, allylbenzene 2e and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 50:1 to 30:1) as a colorless oil (73.5 mg, 93% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.38 – 7.10 (m, 5H), 6.76 – 6.64 (m, 2H), 6.55 – 6.42 (m, 2H), 4.26 –

4.06 (m, 2H + 1H, isomer 1), 4.05 – 3.99 (m, 1H, isomer 2), 3.99 - 3.80 (br, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H, isomer 1), 3.69 (s, 3H, isomer 2), 2.99 - 2.86 (m, 1H, isomer 1), 2.83 - 2.65 (m, 1H + 1H, isomer 2), 2.65 - 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.53 - 2.33 (m, 1H), 2.20 - 1.89 (m, 1H), 1.28 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, isomer 1), 1.21 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, isomer 2); ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{}NMR$ (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.0 (isomer 1), 172.8 (isomer 2), 153.2 (isomer 2), 153.1 (isomer 1), 140.9 (isomer 1), 140.7 (isomer 2), 138.5 (isomer 2), 138.3 (isomer 1), 129.4 (isomer 2), 129.3 (isomer 1), 128.7 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 127.1 (q, J = 276.9 Hz, isomer 1), 127.0 (q, J = 276.9 Hz, isomer 2), 126.9 (isomer 2), 126.7 (isomer 1), 115.9 (isomer 2), 115.8 (isomer 1), 114.9 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 61.5 (isomer 2), 61.4 (isomer 1), 59.3 (isomer 2), 59.1 (isomer 1), 55.6 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 37.8 (q, J = 2.3 Hz, isomer 1), 37.5 (q, J = 2.2 Hz, isomer 2), 37.1 (isomer 2), 35.9 (isomer 1), 33.7 (q, J = 28.3 Hz, isomer 1), 33.5 (q, J = 28.1 Hz, isomer 2), 14.3 (isomer 2), 14.2 (isomer 1); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.42 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3366, 2938, 1735, 1512, 1247, 1128, 1078, 809, 734; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₁H₂₅F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 396.1781, found 396.1780.



3-((benzyloxy)methyl)-5,5,5-trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)pentanoate Ethyl (**4af**): Following the general procedure A, compound 4af was prepared through a reaction between 1a, allyl benzyl ether 2f and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 30:1 to 20:1) as a colorless oil (68.9 mg, 81% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.6). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.45 – 7.28 (m, 5H), 6.82 – 6.68 (m, 2H + 2H, major), 6.65 - 6.56 (m, 2H, minor), 4.58 - 4.43 (m, 2H), 4.24 (d, J = 4.3 Hz, 1H, major), 4.19 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H, minor), 4.16 – 4.06 (m, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H, major), 3.74 (s, 3H, minor), 3.67 – 3.61 (m, 1H), 3.61 – 3.54 (m, 1H), 2.71 – 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.53 – 2.17 (m, 2H), 1.25 – 1.14 (m, 3H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz. Chloroform-d) & 172.6 (minor), 172.4 (major), 153.7 (major), 153.1 (minor), 140.9 (minor), 139.8 (major), 137.70 (major), 137.68 (minor), 128.48 (minor), 128.43 (major), 127.89 (major, 2C), 127.85 (minor), 127.78 (minor), 127.2 (q, J = 278.1 Hz, minor), 127.0 (q, J = 277.0 Hz, major), 116.5 (major), 115.7 (minor), 114.8 (major + minor), 73.5 (minor), 73.3 (major), 69.3 (minor), 68.9 (major), 61.6 (major), 61.3 (minor), 60.1 (minor), 59.4 (major), 55.7 (major + minor), 36.5 (major), 35.8 (minor), 32.7 (q, J = 28.5 Hz, minor), 31.8 (q, J = 28.7 Hz, major), 14.2 (minor), 14.1 (major); ¹⁹F NMR (376

MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -64.06 (t, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 3F, minor), -64.16 (t, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 3F, major); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3374, 2934, 1729, 1512, 1239, 905, 823, 730, 694, 650; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₂H₂₇F₃NO₄⁺ [M + H]⁺ 426.1887, found 426.1889.



Ethyl 3-(2-((*tert-butyldimethylsilyl*)*oxy*)*ethyl*)-5,5,5-*trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl*)*amino*) *pentanoate* (4ag): Following the general procedure A, compound 4ag was prepared through a reaction between 1a, alkene 2g and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 80:1 to 50:1).

Isomer 1 (less polar, colorless oil, 44.0 mg, 47% yield): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.86 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 6.67 – 6.59 (m, 2H), 4.27 – 4.12 (m, 3H), 4.10 – 3.84 (br, 1H), 3.79 - 3.65 (m, 5H), 2.54 – 2.35 (m, 2H), 2.33 - 2.14 (m, 1H), 1.96 - 1.80 (m, 1H), 1.65 - 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.063 (s, 3H), 0.059 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.1, 153.0, 140.9, 127.2 (q, J = 276.9 Hz), 115.6, 114.9, 61.3, 60.7, 60.1, 55.7, 34.4 (q, J = 27.9 Hz), 33.3, 33.2 (q, J = 2.5 Hz), 25.8, 18.2, 14.2, -5.50, -5.53; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.78 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 3F); IR ν_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3380, 2928, 1733, 1508, 1251, 831, 769, 728, 656; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₂H₃₇F₃NO₄Si⁺ [M + H]⁺ 464.2438, found 464.2438.

Isomer 2 (more polar, colorless oil, 44.2 mg, 48%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.76 – 6.66 (m, 2H), 6.63 – 6.54 (m, 2H), 4.20 – 4.01 (m, 3H), 3.93 – 3.79 (br, 1H), 3.73 – 3.56 (m, 2H), 3.67 (s, 3H), 2.60 – 2.35 (m, 2H), 2.20 – 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.76 – 1.55 (m, 1H), 1.55 – 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.18 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.84 (s, 9H), 0.03 – -0.03 (m, 6H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.0, 153.2, 141.3, 127.2 (q, *J* = 277.1 Hz), 115.9, 114.9, 61.3, 60.4, 60.3, 55.7, 34.2 (q, *J* = 27.8 Hz), 32.6 (q, *J* = 2.4 Hz), 32.5, 25.8, 18.2, 14.2, -5.49, -5.52; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.6 (t, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3354, 2950, 1737, 1662, 1520, 1226, 1110, 1014, 815; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₂H₃₇F₃NO₄Si⁺ [M + H]⁺ 464.2438, found 464.2438.



6-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl) Ethyl hexanoate (4ah): Following the general procedure A, compound 4ah was prepared through a reaction between 1a, alkene 2h and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 80:1 to 60:1) as a colorless oil (92.7 mg, 97% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 6.78 – 6.68 (m, 2H), 6.65 – 6.51 (m, 2H), 4.21 - 4.05 (m, 2H + 1H, minor), 3.97 (d, J = 4.8 Hz, 1H, major), 3.91 - 3.73 (br, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.61 – 3.52 (m, 2H), 2.59 – 2.37 (m, 1H), 2.31 – 2.20 (m, 1H, minor), 2.20 – 1.95 (m, 1H + 1H, major), 1.70 - 1.44 (m, 3H), 1.44 - 1.32 (m, 1H), 1.21 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H, major), 1.20 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, minor), 0.90 - 0.80 (m, 9H), 0.03 - -0.02 (m, 6H); ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{NMR}$ (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 173.0 (major), 172.9 (minor), 153.3 (minor), 153.1 (major), 141.2 (minor), 140.8 (major), 127.2 (q, J = 276.7 Hz, major), 127.2 (q, J = 276.9 Hz, minor), 116.1 (minor), 115.7 (major), 114.9 (major), 114.8 (minor), 62.7 (major), 62.6 (minor), 61.4 (major), 61.3 (minor), 60.6 (minor), 60.3 (major), 55.7 (major), 55.6 (minor), 35.8 (q, J = 2.3 Hz, major), 35.6 (q, J = 2.4 Hz, minor), 34.3 (q, J = 27.7Hz, minor), 34.1 (q, J = 28.0 Hz, major), 30.2 (minor), 29.7 (major), 27.1 (major), 26.2 (minor), 25.9 (major + minor), 18.3 (major + minor), 14.2 (minor), 14.1 (major), -5.4 (minor), -5.3 (major); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -63.80 (t, J = 11.3 Hz, 3F, major), -63.85 (t, J = 11.3 Hz, 3F, minor); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3370, 2936, 1733, 1516, 1249, 1098, 833, 775, 730, 658; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{23}H_{39}F_{3}NO_4Si^+$ [M + H]⁺ 478.2595, found 478.2592.



Ethyl 6-hydroxy-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)hexanoate (4ai): Following the general procedure A, compound 4ai was prepared through a reaction between 1a, pent-4-en-1-ol 2i and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 10:1 to 7:1).

Isomer 1 (less polar, brownish oil, 34.0 mg, 47% yield): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.85 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 6.68 – 6.56 (m, 2H), 4.27 – 4.10 (m, 2H), 4.02 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.63 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 2H), 2.51 (ddt, *J* = 18.8, 11.4, 5.5 Hz, 1H), 2.26 – 2.03 (m, 2H), 1.80 – 1.53 (m, 3H), 1.49 – 1.34 (m, 1H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.0, 153.2, 140.7, 127.1 (q, *J* = 276.8 Hz), 115.7, 114.9, 62.4, 61.5, 60.3, 55.7, 35.7 (q, *J* = 2.4 Hz), 34.2 (q, J = 2

27.9 Hz), 29.5, 26.9, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.84 (t, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3362, 2938, 1727, 1508, 1235, 1132, 1028, 823, 736; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C_{17H25F3NO4}⁺ [M + H]⁺ 364.1730, found 364.1726.

Isomer 2 (more polar, brownish oil, 34.2 mg, 47% yield): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.83 - 6.72 (m, 2H), 6.69 - 6.59 (m, 2H), 4.26 - 4.05 (m, 3H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 3.69 - 3.57 (m, 2H), 2.64 - 2.44 (m, 1H), 2.36 - 2.25 (m, 1H), 2.16 - 1.97 (m, 1H), 1.75 - 1.38 (m, 4H), 1.24 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H); $^{13}C{^{1}H}NMR$ (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.1, 153.3, 141.1, 127.1 (q, J = 276.9 Hz), 116.1, 114.9, 62.3, 61.4, 60.6, 55.7, 35.5 (q, J = 2.6 Hz), 34.4 (q, J = 27.7 Hz), 29.8, 26.1, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.89 (t, J = 11.3 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3372, 2940, 1731, 1512, 1243, 1038, 819, 728; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₇H₂₅F₃NO₄⁺ [M + H]⁺ 364.1730, found 364.1729.



Ethyl 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)piperidine-2-carboxylate (6): To a solution of **4ai** (72.7 mg, 0.2 mmol, isomer 1) and PPh₃ (70.0 mg, 0.24 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) was added CBr₄ (79.6 mg, 0.24 mmol) under N₂ atmosphere. The reaction was kept stirring for 2 h at room temperature before it was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ solution and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL ×3). The combined organic phase was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was then purified through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 80:1 to 50:1) to give **6** as a colorless oil (60.7 mg, 88% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.95 – 6.86 (m, 2H), 6.85 – 6.77 (m, 2H), 4.34 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 4.02 (qd, *J* = 7.1, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.39 (td, *J* = 11.5, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.20 (dt, *J* = 12.0, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.49 – 2.27 (m, 2H), 2.15 – 1.97 (m, 1H), 1.93 – 1.59 (m, 4H), 1.09 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.8, 153.8, 144.5, 126.9 (q, *J* = 277.0 Hz), 118.9, 114.3, 63.7, 60.2, 55.5, 44.7, 36.9 (q, *J* = 28.0 Hz), 33.1 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz), 25.7, 24.9, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -6.380 (t, *J* = 11.1 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 2942, 1721, 1502, 1237, 1132, 1032, 815, 732; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₇H₂₃F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 346.1625, found 346.1628.



Ethyl 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrrolidine-2-carboxylate (4aj): Following the general procedure A, compound 4aj was prepared through a reaction between 1a, 4-bromobut-1-ene 2j, Togni II reagent 3 and isobutylene oxide (3.0 equiv, as an acid absorbent), and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 70:1 to 50:1).

Major isomer (less polar, yellow oil, 23.8 mg, 36% yield): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.91 – 6.77 (m, 2H), 6.55 – 6.44 (m, 2H), 4.25 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.23 – 4.11 (m, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.61 – 3.52 (m, 1H), 3.46 – 3.35 (m, 1H), 2.84 – 2.67 (m, 1H), 2.56 – 2.39 (m, 1H), 2.39 – 2.26 (m, 1H), 2.18 – 1.93 (m, 2H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.7, 151.6, 140.8, 126.5 (q, *J* = 277.0 Hz), 115.1, 112.5, 64.2, 61.0, 55.8, 47.8, 36.2 (q, *J* = 2.8 Hz), 34.5 (q, *J* = 29.0 Hz), 29.6, 14.3; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -64.69 (t, *J* = 10.8 Hz,3F); IR v_{max} (neat)/cm⁻¹: 2938, 1737, 1518, 1365, 1245, 1040, 809, 779; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₆H₂₁F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 332.1468, found 332.1469.

Minor isomer (more polar, yellow oil, 14.9 mg, 22% yield): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.86 – 6.78 (m, 2H), 6.53 – 6.44 (m, 2H), 4.18 (qd, J = 7.1, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 3.98 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.62 – 3.53 (m, 1H), 3.50 - 3.43 (m, 1H), 2.75 – 2.64 (m, 1H), 2.56 – 2.33 (m, 2H), 2.31 – 2.11 (m, 1H), 1.80 - 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.22 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.3, 151.7, 140.9, 126.4 (d, J = 277.0 Hz), 112.9, 66.4, 61.2, 55.8, 47.7, 38.2 (q, J = 2.5 Hz), 37.7 (q, J = 28.2 Hz), 30.1, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -64.46 (t, J = 10.8 Hz); IR v_{max} (neat)/cm⁻¹: 2988, 1729, 1518, 1369, 1237, 1152, 1132, 1032, 813; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₆H₂₁F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 332.1468, found 332.1470.



Ethyl 1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5-oxo-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)pyrrolidine-2-carboxylate (4ak): Following the general procedure A, compound 4ak was prepared through a reaction between 1a, but-3-enoic acid 2k and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 40:1 to 20:1). **Minor isomer** (less polar, white solid, 17.6 mg, 25% yield, m.p.: 78 - 81 °C): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.36 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 6.93 – 6.83 (m, 2H), 4.60 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 4.31 – 4.12 (m, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.13 – 2.95 (m, 1H), 2.75 (dd, *J* = 16.6, 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (dd, *J* = 16.6, 11.9 Hz, 1H), 2.47 (dqd, *J* = 14.7, 10.7, 4.4 Hz, 1H), 2.07 (dp, *J* = 14.7, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.9, 170.0, 157.8, 130.5, 126.0 (q, *J* = 276.9 Hz), 124.3, 114.4, 65.8, 62.0, 55.5, 36.4, 34.7 (q, *J* = 29.4 Hz), 30.1 (q, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -64.82 (t, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 2954, 1739, 1694, 1516, 1393, 1253, 1200, 1106, 1012, 843, 636; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₆H₁₉F₃NO₄⁺ [M + H]⁺ 346.1261, found 346.1260.

Major isomer (more polar, white solid, 28.1 mg, 41% yield, m.p.: $85 - 88 \,^{\circ}$ C): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.33 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.96 – 6.82 (m, 2H), 4.40 (d, $J = 4.5 \,\text{Hz}$, 1H), 4.26 – 4.07 (m, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.96 (dd, J = 17.1, 8.8 Hz, 1H), 2.82 – 2.69 (m, 1H), 2.65 – 2.47 (m, 1H), 2.40 (dd, J = 17.1, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.40 – 2.26 (m, 1H), 1.17 (t, $J = 7.1 \,\text{Hz}$, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.2, 170.3, 157.9, 130.2, 125.9 (q, $J = 277.1 \,\text{Hz}$), 124.6, 114.4, 66.9, 62.0, 55.4, 38.1 (q, $J = 28.3 \,\text{Hz}$), 36.8, 31.0 (q, $J = 2.8 \,\text{Hz}$), 14.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -64.34 (t, $J = 10.4 \,\text{Hz}$, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 2960, 1747, 1690, 1518, 1395, 1239, 1186, 1108, 998, 825, 648; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₆H₁₉F₃NO₄⁺ [M + H]⁺ 346.1261, found 346.1261.



12-Ethoxy-11-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-12-oxo-10-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)dodecanoic acid (4al): Following the general procedure A, compound 4al was prepared through a reaction between 1a, undecenoic acid 2l and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 5:1 to 3:1) as a colorless oil (87.7 mg, 95% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr =1.1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.22 – 7.35 (br, 1H), 6.91 – 6.73 (m, 2H), 6.69 – 6.58 (m, 2H), 4.28 – 4.09 (m, 2H + 1H, isomer 1), 4.02 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H, isomer 2), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.67 – 2.42 (m, 1H), 2.39 – 2.25 (m, 2H), 2.22 – 1.97 (m, 2H), 1.69 – 1.55 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.16 (m, 15H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 180.0 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 173.3 (isomer 1), 173.2 (isomer 2), 153.3 (isomer 1), 153.1 (isomer 2), 141.3 (isomer 1), 140.8 (isomer 2), 127.3 (q, J = 276.8Hz, isomer 1), 127.2 (q, J = 276.7 Hz, isomer 2), 116.1 (isomer 1), 115.7 (isomer 2), 114.9 (isomer 1), 114.8 (isomer 2), 61.4 (isomer 1), 61.3 (isomer 2), 60.5 (isomer 1), 60.2 (isomer 2), 55.6 (isomer 1), 55.5 (isomer 2), 35.9 (q, J = 2.2 Hz, isomer 1), 35.6 (q, J = 2.2 Hz, isomer 2), 34.2 (q, J = 27.9 Hz, isomer 1), 34.1 (q, J = 27.8 Hz, isomer 2), 34.0 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 30.6 (isomer 1), 29.6 (isomer 2), 29.4 (isomer 1), 29.3 (isomer 2), 29.2 (isomer 1), 29.14 (isomer 2), 29.12 (isomer 1), 29.0 (isomer 2), 26.8 (isomer 1), 26.4 (isomer 2), 24.6 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 14.2 (isomer 1), 14.1 (isomer 2); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -63.80 (t, J = 11.4 Hz, 3F, isomer 1), -63.88 (t, J = 11.7 Hz, 3F, isomer 2); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3360, 2928, 2855, 1729, 1705, 1512, 1239, 1134, 1032, 825, 732; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₃H₃₅F₃NO₅⁺ [M + H]⁺ 462.2462, found 462.2466.



Ethyl 3-(2-((2-ethoxy-2-oxoethyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)-5,5,5-trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino) pentanoate (4am): Following the general procedure A, compound 4am was prepared through a reaction between 1a, ethyl but-3-enoyl glycinate 2m and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 10:1 to 5:1) as a yellow oil (62.5 mg, 64% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.2). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 6.84 – 6.55 (m, 4H), 6.37 - 6.10 (m, 1H), 4.44 - 3.86 (m, 8H), 3.77 - 3.66 (m, 3H), 2.92 - 2.69 (m, 1H), 2.69 - 2.12 (m, 4H), 1.34 – 1.16 (m, 6H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 173.1 (minor), 172.7 (major), 170.8 (major + minor), 169.8 (major), 169.7 (minor), 153.2 (minor), 153.1 (major), 140.9 (minor), 140.7 (major), 127.0 (q, J = 277.2 Hz, minor), 126.8 (q, J = 277.1 Hz, major), 115.9 (minor), 115.8 (major), 114.9 (major + minor), 61.7 (minor), 61.6 (2 major + 1 minor), 60.1 (major), 60.0 (minor), 55.7 (major + minor), 41.4 (major), 41.2 (minor), 36.3 (minor), 36.1 (major), 34.1 (q, J = 28.2 Hz, major), 33.6 (q, J = 28.2 Hz, minor), 33.2 (minor), 32.7 (major), 14.18 (major), 14.15 (minor), 14.10 (major + minor); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -63.46 (t, J = 11.1 Hz, 3F, major), -63.56 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 3F, minor); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3340, 2986, 1731, 1660, 1512, 1373, 1231, 1196, 1132, 1018, 907, 819, 730; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{20}H_{28}F_3N_2O_6^+$ [M + H]⁺ 449.1894, found 449.1892.



Ethyl 2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-6-oxo-6-(phenylamino)-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)hexanoate
(4an): Following the general procedure A, compound 4an was prepared through a reaction between
1a, N-phenylpent-4-enamide 2n and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 15:1 to 7:1).

Minor isomer (less polar, white solid, 35.4 mg, 39% yield, m.p.: 77 – 79 °C): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.58 (brs, 1H), 7.47 – 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.31 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 7.14 – 7.00 (m, 1H), 6.79 – 6.70 (m, 2H), 6.65 – 6.53 (m, 2H), 4.26 – 4.09 (m, 2H), 4.01 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 2.63 – 2.30 (m, 3H), 2.30 – 2.19 (m, 1H), 2.19 – 1.96 (m, 2H), 1.83 – 1.67 (m, 1H), 1.22 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.7, 170.3, 153.2, 140.5, 137.8, 129.0, 127.0 (q, *J* = 276.7 Hz), 124.3, 120.0, 115.6, 115.0, 61.7, 60.6, 55.7, 35.4 (q, *J* = 2.3 Hz), 34.54, 34.49 (q, *J* = 28.1 Hz), 26.8, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.8 (t, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3313, 2934, 1729, 1664, 1600, 1510, 1447, 1241, 1126, 1028, 907, 821, 728; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₃H₂₈F₃N₂O₄⁺ [M + H]⁺ 453.1996, found 453.1997.

Major isomer (more polar, yellow solid, 42.4 mg, 47% yield, m.p.: 85 - 87 °C): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.54 (brs, 1H), 7.52 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.37 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.16 – 7.04 (m, 1H), 6.83 – 6.70 (m, 2H), 6.69 – 6.58 (m, 2H), 4.23 – 4.13 (m, 2H), 4.11 (d, *J* = 4.3 Hz, 1H), 4.10 – 3.86 (br, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.64 – 2.49 (m, 1H), 2.49 – 2.27 (m, 3H), 2.15 – 1.91 (m, 2H), 1.85 – 1.68 (m, 1H), 1.22 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.9, 170.1, 153.3, 141.0, 137.8, 129.0, 127.0 (q, *J* = 276.7 Hz), 124.4, 119.9, 116.0, 114.9, 61.6, 60.7, 55.7, 35.2 (q, *J* = 2.5 Hz), 34.6, 34.5 (q, *J* = 28.1 Hz), 25.8, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.75 (t, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3315, 1942, 1731, 1666, 1512, 1437, 1237, 1132, 1030, 911, 823, 736; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C_{23H28}F₃N₂O₄⁺ [M + H]⁺ 453.1996, found 453.1994.



Ethyl 6-(1,3-dioxoisoindolin-2-yl)-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)hexanoate (4ao): Following the general procedure A, compound 4ao was prepared through a reaction between

1a, alkene 2o and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 10:1 to 5:1) as brownish solid (90.6 mg, 92% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr =1.0). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.86 – 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.75 – 7.60 (m, 2H), 6.81 – 6.69 (m, 2H), 6.67 – 6.54 (m, 2H), 4.23 – 4.05 (m, 2H + 1H, isomer 1), 4.04 – 3.81 (m, 1H + 1H, isomer 2), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.70 – 3.63 (m, 2H), 2.59 – 2.41 (m, 1H), 2.35 – 2.16 (m, 1H), 2.15 – 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.89 -1.63 (m, 2H + 1H, isomer 1), 1.58 - 1.37 (m, 1H + 1H, isomer 2), 1.25 - 1.14 (m, 3H); $^{13}C{^{1}H}NMR$ (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 172.9 (isomer 1), 172.8 (isomer 2), 168.3 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 153.2 (isomer 1), 153.1 (isomer 2), 141.0 (isomer 1), 140.7 (isomer 2), 134.0 (isomer 1), 133.9 (isomer 2), 132.0 (isomer 1), 131.9 (isomer 2), 127.1 (q, J = 276.9 Hz, isomer 1), 127.0 (q, J = 277.0 Hz, isomer 2), 123.2 (isomer 1), 123.1 (isomer 2), 116.0 (isomer 1), 115.7 (isomer 2), 114.9 (isomer 1), 114.8 (isomer 2), 61.4 (isomer 1), 61.3 (isomer 2), 60.3 (isomer 1), 60.2 (isomer 2), 55.6 (isomer 1), 55.5 (isomer 2), 37.6 (isomer 1), 37.5 (isomer 2), 35.7 (isomer 1), 35.4 (isomer 2), 34.2 (q, J = 27.9 Hz, isomer 1), 34.0 (q, J = 27.7 Hz, isomer 2), 28.0 (isomer 1), 27.1 (isomer 2), 25.9 (isomer 1), 25.6 (isomer 2), 14.1 (isomer 1 + isomer 2); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -63.83 (t, J = 11.3 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3332, 2916, 1779, 1701, 1514, 1235, 1158, 1108, 1028, 907, 821, 718; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{25}H_{28}F_3N_2O_5^+$ [M + H]⁺ 493.1945, found 493.1946.



Ethyl 6-(9H-carbazol-9-yl)-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)hexanoate (4ap): Following the general procedure A, compound **4ap** was prepared through a reaction between **1a**, alkene **2p** and Togni II reagent **3**, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 20:1 to 15:1) as a colorless oil (58.4 mg, 57% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.0). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.22 – 8.07 (m, 2H), 7.59 – 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.47 – 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.86 – 6.77 (m, 2H, isomer 1), 6.77 – 6.70 (m, 2H, isomer 2), 6.66 – 6.60 (m, 2H, isomer 1), 6.59 – 6.52 (m, 2H, isomer 2), 4.41 – 4.24 (m, 2H), 4.17 – 4.01 (m, 2H + 1H, isomer 1), 3.94 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H, isomer 2), 3.94 – 3.77 (br, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 2.66 – 2.41 (m, 1H), 2.40 – 2.29 (m, 1H, isomer 1), 2.29 – 2.19 (m, 1H, isomer 2), 2.16 – 1.92 (m, 3H), 1.85 – 1.71 (m, 1H, isomer 1), 1.64 – 1.46 (m, 1H + 1H, isomer 2), 1.17 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H, isomer 1), 1.12 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H, isomer 2); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.9 (isomer 1), 172.8 (isomer 2), 153.4 (isomer 1), 153.3 (isomer 2), 140.9 (isomer 1), 140.7 (isomer 2), 140.4 (isomer 1), 140.3 (isomer 2), 127.1 (q, J = 276.9 Hz, isomer 1), 127.0 (q, J = 277.0 Hz, isomer 2), 125.8 (isomer 1), 125.7 (isomer 2), 123.0 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 120.5 (isomer 1),120.4 (isomer 2), 119.1 (isomer 1), 119.0 (isomer 2), 116.1 (isomer 1), 116.0 (isomer 2), 114.9 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 108.6 (isomer 1), 108.5 (isomer 2), 61.5 (isomer 1), 61.4 (isomer 2), 60.6 (isomer 1), 60.3 (isomer 2), 55.7 (isomer 1), 55.7 (isomer 2), 42.8 (isomer 1), 42.8 (isomer 2), 36.0 (isomer 1), 35.7 (isomer 2), 34.3 (q, J = 28.0 Hz, isomer 1), 34.1 (q, J = 28.0 Hz, isomer 2), 28.6 (isomer 1), 27.6 (isomer 2), 26.2 (isomer 1), 26.0 (isomer 2), 14.12 (isomer 1), 14.11 (isomer 2); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -63.65 (t, J = 11.3 Hz, 3F, isomer 2); IR ν_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 2949, 1724, 1594, 1510, 1483, 1324, 1239, 1120, 1003, 834, 748, 721, 654; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₉H₃₂F₃N₂O₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 513.2360, found 513.2360.



Ethyl 5,5,5-trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3-(2-(2-methyl-1,3-dioxolan-2-yl)ethyl) pentanoate (4aq): Following the general procedure A, compound 4aq was prepared through a reaction between 1a, alkene 2q and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 20:1 to 15:1) as a yellow oil (65.6 mg, 77% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.0). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 6.85 – 6.72 (m, 2H), 6.68 – 6.57 (m, 2H, 4.30 - 4.08 (m, 2H + 1H, isomer 1), 4.03 - 3.83 (m, 5H + 1H, isomer 2), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.64 - 2.39(m, 1H), 2.35 - 2.25 (m, 1H, isomer 1), 2.25 - 2.16 (m, 1H, isomer 2), 2.16 - 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.80 - 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.95 - 1.95 (1.65 (m, 2H + 1H, isomer 1), 1.60 - 1.39 (m, 1H + 1H, isomer 2), 1.31 (s, 3H), 1.25 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H);¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.0 (isomer 1), 172.9 (isomer 2), 153.3 (isomer 1), 153.1 (isomer 2), 141.2 (isomer 1), 140.8 (isomer 2), 127.2 (q, J = 277.2 Hz, isomer 1), 127.1 (q, J =277.1 Hz, isomer 2), 116.0 (isomer 1), 115.8 (isomer 2), 114.88 (isomer 1), 114.87 (isomer 2), 109.6 (isomer 1), 109.5 (isomer 2), 64.7 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 61.4 (isomer 1), 61.3 (isomer 2), 60.5 (isomer 1), 60.4 (isomer 2), 55.7 (isomer 1), 55.6 (isomer 2), 36.3 (isomer 1), 35.9 (isomer 2), 35.8 (isomer 2), 35.7 (isomer 1), 34.3 (q, J = 27.9 Hz, isomer 1), 34.1 (q, J = 28.0 Hz, isomer 2), 25.1 (isomer 1), 24.1 (isomer 2), 23.9 (isomer 1), 23.8 (isomer 2), 14.2 (isomer 1), 14.1 (isomer 2); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.84 (t, *J* = 11.3 Hz, 3F, isomer 1), -63.88 (t, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 3F,

isomer 2); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3364, 2982, 1729, 1514, 1379, 1235, 1120, 1032, 819, 732; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₀H₂₉F₃NO₅⁺ [M + H]⁺ 420.1992, found 420.1994.



Ethyl 5,5,5-trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3-((trimethylsilyl)methyl)pentanoate (4ar): Following the general procedure A, compound 4ar was prepared through a reaction between 1a, allyl trimethyl silane 2r and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 70:1 to 50:1) as a yellow oil (74.4 mg, 95% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.2). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 6.85 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 6.78 – 6.66 (m, 1H, isomer 1), 6.63 -6.55 (m, 1H, isomer 2), 4.30 - 4.10 (m, 2H + 1H, isomer 2), 4.10 - 4.04 (m, 1H, isomer 1), 4.04 - 4.043.95 (m, 1H, isomer 2), 3.88 – 3.78 (m, 1H, isomer 1), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.74 – 2.45 (m, 1H + 1H, isomer 1), 2.44 - 2.33 (m, 1H, isomer 2), 2.19 - 2.04 (m, 1H, isomer 2), 2.04 - 1.85 (m, 1H, isomer 1), 1.28(t, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H, isomer 2), 1.25 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H, isomer 1), 0.93 (dd, J = 15.0, 5.2 Hz, 1H, isomer 1)1), 0.63 - 0.44 (m, 1H + 1H, isomer 2), 0.06 (s, 9H, isomer 1), 0.03 (s, 9H, isomer 2); ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{NMR}$ (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 174.6 (isomer 1), 173.8 (isomer 2), 154.6 (isomer 1), 154.2 (isomer 2), 142.7 (isomer 1), 141.8 (isomer 2), 128.4 (q, J = 277.2 Hz, isomer 1), 128.2 (q, J = 276.7 Hz, isomer 2), 117.6 (isomer 1), 116.6 (isomer 2), 116.2 (isomer 2), 116.1 (isomer 1), 62.7 (isomer 1), 62.63 (isomer 2), 62.60 (isomer 1), 62.5 (isomer 2), 56.95 (isomer 2), 56.92 (isomer 1), 37.8 (q, J = 33.7 Hz, isomer 1), 37.5 (q, J = 33.5 Hz, isomer 2), 33.2 (isomer 2), 33.0 (isomer 1), 19.5 (isomer 2), 18.0 (isomer 1), 15.5 (isomer 1 + 2), 0.2 (isomer 2), 0.0 (isomer 1); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -63.38 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 3F, isomer 2), -63.83 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 3F, isomer 1); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3370, 2954, 1735, 1516, 1249, 1126, 909, 837, 736, 648; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C18H29F3NO3Si⁺ [M + H]⁺ 392.1863, found 392.1863.



Ethyl2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-6-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)hexanoate (4as): Following the general procedure A, compound 4as was

prepared through a reaction between 1a, alkene 2s and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 20 to 15:1) as a yellow oil (74.8 mg, 79% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 6.83 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 6.69 - 6.57 (m, 2H), 4.27 - 4.08 (m, 2H + 1H, isomer 1), 4.02 (d, J = 4.6 Hz, 1H, isomer 2), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.61 – 2.35 (m, 1H), 2.35 – 2.23 (m, 1H, isomer 1), 2.23 – 1.99 (m, 1H + 1H, isomer 2), 1.71 – 1.58 (m, 1H, isomer 1), 1.58 - 1.31 (m, 3H + 1H, isomer 2), 1.29 - 1.16 (m, 15H), 0.85 - 0.69 (m, 2H);¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.1 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 153.2 (isomer 1), 153.0 (isomer 2), 141.4 (isomer 1), 140.8 (isomer 2), 127.2 (q, J = 276.9 Hz, isomer 1), 127.1 (q, J = 276.9 Hz) Hz, isomer 2), 116.2 (isomer 1), 115.7 (isomer 2), 114.9 (isomer 1), 114.8 (isomer 2), 83.1 (isomer 1), 83.0 (isomer 2), 61.3 (isomer 1), 61.2 (isomer 2), 60.5 (isomer 1), 60.0 (isomer 2), 55.7 (isomer 1), 55.7 (isomer 2), 35.9 (q, J = 1.9 Hz, isomer 1), 35.5 (q, J = 2.1 Hz, isomer 2), 34.2 (q, J = 27.8 Hz, isomer 1), 34.1 (q, J = 27.5 Hz, isomer 2), 33.3 (isomer 1), 32.3 (isomer 2), 24.84 (isomer 1), 24.80 (isomer 1 + 2C, isomer 2), 21.4 (isomer 1), 21.0 (isomer 2), 14.2 (isomer 1), 14.2 (isomer 2), 11.1 (br, isomer 1 + isomer 2); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -63.8 (t, J = 11.4 Hz, isomer 1), -63.8 (t, J = 11.3 Hz, isomer 2); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 2978, 2935, 1732, 1151, 1370, 1318, 1236, 1161, 1034, 820, 753; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{23}H_{36}BF_3NO_5^+$ [M + H]⁺ 474.2633, found 474.2631.



Ethyl 5,5,5-*trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3,3-dimethylpentanoate* (4at): Following the general procedure A, compound 4at was prepared through a reaction between 1a, 2-methylpropene 2t (3 equiv, 2 M solution in CH₂Cl₂) and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 50:1 to 30:1) as a yellowish oil (62.0 mg, 93% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.84 – 6.73 (m, 2H), 6.72 – 6.58 (m, 2H), 4.23 – 4.07 (m, 2H), 3.84 (s, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.49 – 2.23 (m, 2H), 1.23 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.21 (s, 3H), 1.18 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.8, 153.4, 141.1, 127.1 (q, *J* = 278.4 Hz), 116.4, 114.8, 66.2, 61.0, 55.6, 41.3 (q, *J* = 26.5 Hz), 35.7, 24.3, 22.8, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -58.96 (t, *J* = 12.0 Hz; IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3366, 2938, 1735, 1512, 1247, 1128, 1078, 809, 734; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₆H₂₃F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 334.1625, found 334.1623.



Ethyl 3-(((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl)-5,5,5-trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3*methylpentanoate* (4au): Following the general procedure A, compound 4au was prepared through a reaction between 1a, alkene 2u and Togni II reagent, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 80:1 to 50:1) as a colorless oil (88.0 mg, 95% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 2.0). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 6.75 – 6.62 (m, 2H), 6.61 – 6.54 (m, 2H, major), 6.53 - 6.46 (m, 2H, minor), 4.72 (brd, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, minor), 4.06 (q, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 4.02 (s, 1H), 3.96 (brd, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H, major) 3.73 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H, minor), 3.64 (s, 3H, major), 3.63 (s, 3H, minor), 3.58 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H, major), 3.47 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 1H, major), 3.37 (d, J =10.2 Hz, 1H, minor), 2.60 – 2.19 (m, 2H), 1.14 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H, major), 1.11 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, minor), 1.03 (s, 3H, major), 0.99 (s, 3H, minor), 0.88 (s, 9H, minor), 0.86 (s, 9H, major), 0.04 - -0.04 (m, 6H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 172.9 (major), 172.8 (minor), 153.2 (major), 152.8 (minor), 141.5 (major), 141.4 (minor), 127.2 (d, J = 278.1 Hz, major), 127.2 (d, J = 278.1 Hz, minor), 116.1 (major), 115.3 (minor), 114.8 (minor), 114.7 (major), 67.2 (minor), 66.1 (major), 64.7 (minor), 62.9 (major), 61.0 (major), 60.9 (minor), 55.6 (major + minor), 40.9 (major), 39.2 (minor), 37.1 (q, J = 26.9 Hz, minor), 35.7 (q, J = 27.2 Hz, major), 25.8 (major + minor), 18.3 (major + minor), 18.3 (major + minor))18.2 (minor), 17.4 (major), 14.3 (minor), 14.2 (major), -5.7 (major + minor), -5.8 (major), -5.9 (minor); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -58.45 (t, J = 12.1 Hz, 3F, major), -58.82 (t, J = 12.0 Hz, 3F, minor); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3374, 2932, 1729, 1516, 1237, 1098, 835, 777, 672; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₂H₃₇F₃NO₄Si⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 464.2438, found 464.2440.



Tert-butyl 3-(2-ethoxy-1-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)azetidine-1-carboxylate (4av): Following the general procedure A, compound 4av was prepared through a reaction between 1a, alkene 2v and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 30:1 to 15:1) as a colorless oil (65.1 mg, 73% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.84 – 6.73 (m, 2H), 6.73 – 6.64 (m, 2H), 4.27 – 4.11 (m, 4H), 4.07 (d, *J* = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 4.00 - 3.90 (br, 1H), 3.87 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.79 (dq, J = 14.5, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 2.62 - 2.44 (m, 1H), 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.24 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H$ }NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.6, 156.1, 153.7, 140.5, 126.2 (q, J = 278.6 Hz), 116.5, 114.9, 80.0, 61.8, 61.2, 55.6, 55.3 (br), 38.3 (q, J = 27.3 Hz), 37.1, 28.3, 14.1; ${}^{19}F$ NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -60.41 (t, J = 11.0 Hz, 3F); IR ν_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3251, 2948, 1648, 1554, 1508, 1359, 1263, 1233, 1108, 1062, 819, 694; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₁H₃₀F₃N₂O₅⁺ [M + H]⁺ 447.2101, found 447.2104.



Tert-butyl 4-(2-ethoxy-1-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-2-oxoethyl)-4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)piperidine -1-carboxylate (4aw): Following the general procedure A, compound 4aw was prepared through a reaction between 1a, alkene 2w and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 30:1 to 15:1) as a white solid (85.4 mg, 90% yield, m.p.: 72 – 75 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.81 – 6.72 (m, 2H), 6.70 – 6.61 (m, 2H), 4.24 (s, 1H), 4.21 – 4.06 (m, 2H), 3.96 – 3.64 (m, 3H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.28 – 3.01 (m, 2H), 2.66 (dq, *J* = 15.4, 11.9 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (dq, *J* = 15.4, 11.6 Hz, 1H), 1.84 (ddd, *J* = 14.5, 10.5, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 1.78 – 1.54 (m, 3H), 1.38 (s, 9H), 1.14 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.6, 154.8, 153.6, 140.9, 127.0 (q, *J* = 278.8 Hz), 116.7, 114.8, 79.8, 62.9, 61.3, 55.6, 39.5 (br), 38.9 (br), 37.7, 34.6 (q, *J* = 26.5 Hz), 30.2, 29.8, 28.4, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -58.01 (t, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3368, 2986, 1723, 1676, 1514, 1425, 1365, 1245, 1162, 1132, 1094, 811, 676; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₃H₃₄F₃N₂Os⁺ [M + H]⁺ 475.2414, found 475.2412.



Ethyl 2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-2-(trifluoromethyl)cyclohexyl)acetate (4ax): Following the general procedure A, compound 4ax was prepared through a reaction between 1a, cyclohexene 2x (3.0 equiv) and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 50:1 to 30:1).

Isomer 1 (less polar, colorless oil, 31.9 mg, 44% yield): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.88 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 6.67 – 6.53 (m, 2H), 4.34 (s, 1H), 4.31 – 4.10 (m, 3H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.54 (hd, J = 9.2, 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.12 – 1.90 (m, 3H), 1.80 – 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.52 – 1.37 (m, 1H), 1.35 – 1.20 (m, 2H), 1.29 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H) 1.10 – 0.90 (m, 1H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.4, 152.7, 140.8, 128.2 (q, J = 281.2 Hz), 115.1, 115.0, 61.3, 58.8, 55.7, 41.5 (q, J = 24.9 Hz), 39.2, 26.3, 24.7 (q, J = 3.4 Hz), 24.2, 24.1, 14.3; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -66.88 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3396, 2936, 1733, 1512, 1255, 1162, 1132, 1104, 1080, 1034, 813, 688; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₈H₂₅F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 360.1781, found 360.1780.

Isomer 2 (more polar, white solid, 29.9 mg, 42% yield, m.p.: 69 - 73 °C): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.83 - 6.72 (m, 2H), 6.72 - 6.62 (m, 2H), 4.37 (s, 1H), 4.24 - 4.06 (m, 2H), 3.82 - 3.63 (m, 4H), 2.54 - 2.35 (m, 1H), 2.23 - 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.10 - 2.01 (m, 2H), 1.91 - 1.71 (m, 2H), 1.63 - 1.52 (m, 1H), 1.45 - 1.25 (m, 4H), 1.23 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.5, 153.3, 141.4, 127.8 (q, *J* = 281.2 Hz), 116.5, 114.7, 61.1, 59.4 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz), 55.6, 41.8 (q, *J* = 24.6 Hz), 39.1, 25.7, 25.4 (q, *J* = 3.6 Hz), 25.1, 24.5, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -68.09 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3372, 2946, 1741, 1514, 1247, 1158, 1136, 1080, 1038, 815, 734; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₈H₂₅F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 360.1781, found 360.1781.



Ethyl 2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3-(trifluoromethyl)bicyclo[2.2.1]heptan-2-yl)acetate (4ay): Following the general procedure A, compound 4ay was prepared through a reaction between 1a, norbornene 2y (3.0 equiv) and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 50:1 to 30:1).

Isomer 1 (less polar, colorless oil, 33.5 mg, 45%): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.87 – 6.68 (m, 2H), 6.65 – 6.51 (m, 2H), 4.24 – 4.10 (m, 2H), 4.05 – 3.87 (br, 1H), 3.80 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.57 – 2.44 (m, 1H), 2.28 – 2.17 (m, 2H), 2.08 – 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.91 – 1.81 (m, 1H), 1.77 – 1.64 (m, 2H), 1.58 – 1.48 (m, 1H), 1.35 – 1.25 (m, 2H), 1.22 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.8, 152.8, 140.7, 127.4 (q, J = 278.3 Hz), 114.9, 114.8, 61.0, 59.7, 55.7, 50.4 (q, J = 26.2 Hz), 45.3, 38.9, 38.7 (q, J = 2.2 Hz), 37.7, 28.9, 23.2, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -67.96 (d, J = 9.7 Hz); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3370, 2964, 1731, 1514, 1237, 1140,

1106, 1028, 907, 819, 726; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{19}H_{25}F_3NO_3^+$ [M + H]⁺ 372.1781, found 372.1781.

Isomer 2 (more polar, colorless oil, 34.6 mg, 47% yield): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.86 – 6.69 (m, 2H), 6.67 – 6.47 (m, 2H), 4.20 – 3.99 (m, 2H), 3.80 – 3.68 (m, 2H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.64 – 2.55 (m, 1H), 2.51 (d, *J* = 4.5 Hz, 1H), 2.26 – 2.16 (m, 1H), 2.16 – 2.00 (m, 1H), 1.74 – 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.59 – 1.39 (m, 2H), 1.36 – 1.26 (m, 2H), 1.19 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.8, 153.1, 140.8, 127.3 (q, *J* = 278.7 Hz), 115.5, 114.9, 61.1, 60.0, 55.7, 49.0 (q, *J* = 26.6 Hz), 44.7, 38.8, 38.5 (q, *J* = 2.2 Hz), 36.9, 29.1, 22.3, 14.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -69.19 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3368, 2970, 1733, 1510, 1237, 1148, 1108, 1032, 907, 823, 724; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₉H₂₅F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 372.1781, found 372.1783.



Ethyl 2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-1-methyl-2-(trifluoromethyl)cyclohexyl)acetate (4az):
Following the general procedure A, compound 4az was prepared through a reaction between 1a,
1-methylcyclohexene 2z (3.0 equiv) and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 50:1 to 30:1).

Isomer 1 (less polar, colorless oil, 24.5 mg, 33% yield): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.84 – 6.72 (m, 2H), 6.72 – 6.59 (m, 2H), 4.36 (s, 1H), 4.28 – 4.17 (m, 1H), 4.17 – 4.05 (m, 1H), 4.04 – 3.82 (br, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.70 – 2.40 (m, 1H), 1.92 – 1.56 (m, 5H), 1.52 – 1.33 (m, 3H), 1.24 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.21 (s, 3H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.8, 153.1, 141.8, 128.4 (q, J = 282.5 Hz), 116.2, 114.8, 64.5, 61.0, 55.7, 44.4 (q, J = 23.3 Hz), 39.2, 32.5, 23.8, 22.6 (q, J = 3.6 Hz), 21.0, 18.2, 14.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -61.49 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3382, 2934, 1721, 1516, 1230, 1156, 1076, 1034, 819, 738; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₉H₂₇F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 374.1938, found 374.1936.

Isomer 2 (more polar, white solid, 27.0 mg, 36% yield, m.p.: 88 - 91 °C): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.82 - 6.73 (m, 2H), 6.73 - 6.62 (m, 2H), 4.31 (s, 1H), 4.21 - 4.00 (m, 2H), 3.99 - 3.78 (br, 1H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.97 - 2.77 (m, 1H), 1.96 - 1.85 (m, 1H), 1.85 - 1.74 (m, 1H), 1.69 - 1.55 (m, 2H), 1.53 - 1.35 (m, 3H), 1.31 - 1.24 (m, 1H), 1.22 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.18 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.1, 153.5, 141.0, 128.3 (q, *J* = 282.5 Hz), 117.0, 114.7, 64.9, 60.8,

55.6, 43.3 (q, J = 23.2 Hz), 38.2, 33.0, 24.7, 22.1 (q, J = 3.5 Hz), 21.0, 18.4, 14.3; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.91 (d, J = 9.5 Hz, 3F); IR ν_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3358, 2928, 1719, 1508, 1231, 1202, 1160, 1130, 1074, 1034, 821, 748, 690; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₉H₂₇F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 374.1938, found 374.1937.



2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)octahydropentalen-1-yl)acetate Ethyl (7): Following the general procedure A, compound 7 was prepared through a reaction between 1a, 1,5-cyclooctadiene and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 50:1 to 30:1) as a colorless oil (63.9 mg, 83% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr =1.0). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 6.85 – 6.68 (m, 2H), 6.68 – 6.52 (m, 2H), 4.23 – 4.05 (m, 2H), 3.93 – 3.76 (m, 2H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.73 – 2.41 (m, 2H), 2.35 – 2.16 (m, 1H), 2.12 – 1.71 (m, 6H), 1.66 - 1.52 (m, 1H), 1.44 - 1.30 (m, 2H), 1.23 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{NMR}$ (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) & 174.2 (isomer 1), 174.1 (isomer 2), 152.8 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 141.3 (isomer 1), 141.2 (isomer 2), 128.3 (q, J = 277.9 Hz, isomer 1), 128.2 (q, J = 277.6 Hz, isomer 2), 115.3 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 114.9 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 61.4 (isomer 1), 61.2 (isomer 2), 61.0 (isomer 1), 60.9 (isomer 2), 55.7 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 50.6 (q, J = 26.3 Hz, isomer 1), 50.5 (isomer 1), 50.4 (q, J =26.3 Hz, isomer 2), 50.3 (isomer 2), 47.4 (isomer 1), 46.4 (isomer 2), 44.7 (isomer 1), 44.5 (isomer 2), 33.1 (isomer 1), 32.5 (isomer 2), 32.3 (isomer 1), 31.8 (isomer 2), 31.4 (isomer 1), 31.3 (isomer 2), 28.5 (q, J = 2.5 Hz, isomer 1), 28.1 (q, J = 2.4 Hz, isomer 2), 14.3 (isomer 1 + isomer 2); ¹⁹F NMR $(376 \text{ MHz}, \text{Chloroform-}d) \delta$ -70.52 (m, 3F, isomer 1 + isomer 2); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3368, 2956, 1729, 1512, 1466, 1391, 1261, 1241, 1152, 1098, 899, 817, 728; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{20}H_{27}F_3NO_3^+$ [M + H]⁺ 386.1938, found 386.1936.



Ethyl2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3-methyl-3-(4-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)cyclohex-3-en-1-yl)butanoate (8): Following the general procedure A, compound 8 was prepared through a reaction

between 1a, β-pinene and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 50:1 to 30:1) as a colorless oil (81.9 mg, 99% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.3). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 6.84 – 6.70 (m, 2H), 6.68 – 6.53 (m, 2H), 5.69 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 1H, isomer 2), 5.64 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H, isomer 1), 4.21 - 4.05 (m, 2H), 4.02 - 3.94 (m, 1H), 3.92 - 3.79 (br, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 2.70 (g, J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 2.24 - 2.02 (m, 3H), 2.02 - 1.75 (m, 3H), 1.73 - 1.62 (m, 1H, isomer 2), 1.38 - 1.24 (m, 1H + 1H, isomer 1), 1.21 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 1.06 (s, 3H, isomer 1), 1.01 (s, 3H, isomer 2), 0.93 (s, 3H, isomer 1), 0.92 (s, 3H, isomer 2); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 173.8 (isomer 2), 173.8 (isomer 1), 152.9 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 141.7 (isomer 2), 141.5 (isomer 1), 129.0 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 127.6 (d, J = 2.3 Hz, isomer 1 + isomer 2), 126.2 (q, J = 269.4 Hz, isomer 1), 126.1 (q, J = 270.0 Hz, isomer 2), 115.7 (isomer 2), 115.6 (isomer 1), 114.9 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 63.7 (isomer 2), 63.6 (isomer 1), 60.6 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 55.7 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 41.60 (q, J = 28.7 Hz, isomer 1), 41.55 (q, J = 28.8 Hz, isomer 2), 39.8 (isomer 1), 39.1 (isomer 2), 38.9 (isomer 2), 38.8 (isomer 1), 30.1 (isomer 2), 30.0 (isomer 1), 26.7 (isomer 1), 26.5 (isomer 2), 24.1 (isomer 2), 23.8 (isomer 1), 20.3 (isomer 1), 20.2 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 20.0 (isomer 2), 14.3 (isomer 1), 14.2 (isomer 2); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -64.76 (t, J = 11.1 Hz, 3F, isomer 1), -64.81 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 3F, isomer 2); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3378, 2938, 1725, 1516, 1235, 1122, 1030, 907, 821, 728, 638; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{22}H_{31}F_{3}NO_{3}^{+}$ [M + H]⁺ 414.2251, found 414.2252.

b) General procedure for the three-component ligation of different glycine derivatives



In a N₂ atmosphere glovebox, Cu(CH₃CN)₄PF₆ (1.5 mg, 0.004 mmol), and ligand L7 (1.3 mg, 0.0048 mmol) were weighted into a 1-dram vial, which was then charged with a stir bar and sealed under N₂ with a septum. After the vial was taken out from the glovebox, freshly distilled 1,2-dichloroethane (1.0 mL) was added to afford a clear catalyst solution. To a flame-dried reaction tube charged with a stir bar were added an ethyl glycinate **1** (0.2 mmol) and Togni II reagent **3** (94.8 mg, 0.3 mmol). The tube was sealed with a septum, evacuated, and backfilled with N₂ three times. The above catalyst solution (1.0 mL) was transferred into the reaction tube together with alkene **2t**

(0.3 mL, 2.0 M solution in CH₂Cl₂, 0.6 mmol), and the reaction was kept stirring at room temperature (23 to 26 °C) for 6 h. After the reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ aqueous solution (1 mL) and Na₂S₂O₃ aqueous solution (1 mL), the organic phase was separated and the aqueous one was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (1 mL \times 3). The combined organic layers were dried over Na₂SO₄, concentrated *in vacuo*, and then purified through a silica gel flash column.



5,5,5-*Trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3,3-dimethyl-1-phenylpentan-1-one* (4dt): Following the general procedure B, compound 4dt was prepared through a reaction between 1d, 2-methylproene 2t and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 20:1 to 15:1) as a white solid (60.7 mg, 83% yield, m.p.: $61 - 64 \,^{\circ}$ C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.88 - 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.57 - 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.42 - 7.33 (m, 2H), 6.72 - 6.56 (m, 4H), 4.86 (s, 1H), 4.52 - 3.95 (br, 1H), 3.63 (s, 3H), 2.61 (dq, *J* = 15.1, 12.0 Hz, 1H), 2.27 (dq, *J* = 15.1, 12.0 Hz, 1H), 1.10 (s, 3H), 1.08 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 203.1, 153.4, 141.5, 138.1, 133.6, 128.9, 128.2, 126.4 (q, *J* = 278.4 Hz), 116.9, 114.9, 64.8, 55.6, 41.2 (q, *J* = 26.1 Hz), 36.7, 25.4, 23.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -58.73 (t, *J* = 12.0 Hz); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3346, 2962, 1680, 1512, 1367, 1224, 1088, 819, 748, 690; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for



 $C_{20}H_{23}F_{3}NO_{2}^{+}$ [M + H]⁺ 366.1675, found 366.1677.

5,5,5-Trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3,3-dimethylpentanenitrile (4et): Following the general procedure B, compound 4et was prepared through a reaction between 1e, 2-methylpropene 2t and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 15:1 to 10:1) as a colorless oil (53.8 mg, 94% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.92 – 6.80 (m, 2H), 6.80 – 6.70 (m, 2H), 4.04 (s, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.53 – 3.26 (brs, 1H), 2.55 – 2.24 (m, 2H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.29 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 154.8, 138.6, 126.5 (q, *J* = 278.4 Hz), 118.3, 117.7, 115.0, 57.8, 55.6, 40.7 (q, *J* = 27.3 Hz), 35.9, 24.2, 23.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -59.42 (t, *J* = 11.7 Hz, 3F); IR ν_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3343, 2976, 2246, 1511, 1470, 1372,
1260, 1232, 1108, 819, 733, 691; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{14}H_{18}F_3N_2O^+$ [M + H]⁺ 287.1366, found 287.1366.



5,5,5-Trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3,3-dimethyl-N-phenylpentanamide (4ft): Following the general procedure B, compound 4ft was prepared through a reaction between 1f, 2-methylpropene 2t and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 20:1 to 15:1) as a white solid (71.5 mg, 94% yield, m.p.: 76 – 78 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.53 (s, 1H), 7.52 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.16 – 7.06 (m, 1H), 6.85 – 6.73 (m, 2H), 6.72 – 6.58 (m, 2H), 3.98 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.60 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 2.50 (q, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 2H), 1.31 (s, 3H), 1.28 (s, 3H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 170.0, 153.8, 140.7, 137.0, 129.0, 126.9 (q, *J* = 278.6 Hz), 124.8, 120.3, 116.0, 115.0, 68.9, 55.7, 41.7 (q, *J* = 26.6 Hz), 36.1, 24.4, 24.2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -58.60 (t, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3265, 2926, 1654, 1508, 1230, 1100, 1036, 809, 744, 690; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₀H₂₄F₃N₂O₂⁺ [M + H]⁺ 381.1784, found 381.1784.



5,5,5-Trifluoro-N-((2S,3R)-1-hydroxy-3-methylpentan-2-yl)-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3,3-di methylpentanamide (4gt): Following the general procedure B, compound 4gt was prepared through a reaction between 1g, 2-methylpropene 2t and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 2:1 to 1:1) as a white solid (71.2 mg, 88% yield, mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.5). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.83 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 6.70 – 6.58 (m, 2H + 1H, minor), 6.57 – 6.48 (m, 1H, major), 3.79 - 3.68 (m, 4H), 3.64 – 3.52 (m, 2H), 3.49 (s, 1H), 2.75 – 2.20 (br, 1H), 2.43 (q, *J* = 11.9 Hz, 2H), 1.58 – 1.43 (m, 1H), 1.34 – 1.25 (m, 1H), 1.25 (s, 3H), 1.22 (s, 3H), 1.03 – 0.89 (m, 1H), 0.85 - 0.72 (m, 6H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.2 (minor), 172.0 (major), 153.7 (major), 153.6 (minor), 140.8 (major), 140.7 (minor), 127.0 (q, *J* = 279.2 Hz, major + minor), 116.3 (major), 116.0 (minor), 114.9 (major + minor), 68.7 (major), 68.4 (minor), 63.8 (minor), 63.4 (major), 55.9 (minor), 55.8 (major), 55.7 (minor), 55.6 (major), 41.6 (q, J = 26.4 Hz, major + minor), 35.4 (major + minor), 35.3 (minor), 35.2 (major), 25.4 (major), 25.3 (minor), 24.3 (2 major + minor), 24.1 (minor), 15.5 (minor), 15.4 (major), 11.0 (major + minor); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -58.63 – -58.78 (m, 3F, major + minor); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3275, 2968, 1640, 1508, 1367, 1263, 1235, 1106, 1060, 829, 676; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₀H₃₂F₃N₂O₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 405.2360, found 405.2357.



Ethyl (5,5,5-trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3,3-dimethylpentanoyl)glycinate (4ht): Following the general procedure B, compound 4ht was prepared through a reaction between 1h, 2-methylpropene 2t and Togni II reagent, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 5:1 to 2:1) as a white solid (65.5 mg, 84% yield, m.p.: 72 - 74 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.87 (t, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 6.75 - 6.64 (m, 2H), 6.60 - 6.48 (m, 2H), 4.09 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.95 (dd, *J* = 18.1, 5.7 Hz, 1H), 3.90 - 3.82 (br, 1H), 3.85 (dd, *J* = 18.1, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.47 (s, 1H), 2.47 - 2.26 (m, 2H), 1.23 - 1.06 (m, 9H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.8, 169.5, 153.4, 141.0, 127.0 (q, *J* = 278.6 Hz), 115.8, 114.9, 67.9, 61.5, 55.7, 41.3 (q, *J* = 26.6 Hz), 41.2, 35.8, 24.2, 24.1, 14.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -58.67 (t, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3400, 3356, 2984, 1747, 1660, 1512, 1379, 1204, 1110, 1020, 817; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₈H₂6F₃N₂O₄⁺ [M + H]⁺ 391.1839, found 391.1837.



Methyl (5,5,5-*trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3,3-dimethylpentanoyl)-L-phenylalaninate* (4it): Following the general procedure B, compound 4it was prepared through a reaction between 1i, 2-methylpropene 2t and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 5:1 to 3:1).

Minor isomer (less polar, white soild, 28.9 mg, 31% yield, m.p.: 90 – 93 °C): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.23 – 7.07 (m, 3H), 6.92 – 6.82 (m, 2H), 6.82 – 6.75 (m, 2H), 6.69 – 6.60 (m, 2H),

6.51 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 4.99 – 4.80 (m, 1H), 3.91 – 3.79 (br, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.40 (s, 1H), 3.10 (dd, J = 14.0, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 2.98 (dd, J = 14.0, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (q, J = 11.9 Hz, 2H), 1.13 (s, 3H), 1.08 (s, 3H); $^{13}C{^{1}H}NMR$ (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.5, 171.3, 153.7, 141.2, 135.5, 129.1, 128.6, 127.1, 127.0 (q, J = 278.6 Hz), 116.9, 114.9, 68.9, 55.7, 53.0, 52.4, 41.1 (q, J = 26.6 Hz), 37.6, 35.7, 24.2, 23.8; ^{19}F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -58.68 (t, J = 11.9 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3378, 2956, 1733, 1652, 1510, 1104, 1036, 917, 811, 726, 698; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₄H₃₀F₃N₂O₄⁺ [M + H]⁺ 467.2152, found 467.2150.

Major isomer (more polar, brownish soild, 43.8 mg, 47% yield, m.p.: 122 - 124 °C): ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.19 – 7.05 (m, 3H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.88 – 6.69 (m, 4H), 6.60 – 6.43 (m, 2H), 4.99 – 4.80 (m, 1H), 3.84 – 3.78 (br, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.69 (s, 3H), 3.45 (s, 1H), 3.04 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (dd, *J* = 13.9, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 2.48 – 2.23 (m, 2H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 1.14 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.7, 171.0, 153.4, 140.6, 135.4, 129.0, 128.6, 127.0, 126.9 (q, *J* = 278.7 Hz), 115.3, 114.9, 67.8, 55.7, 52.5, 52.3, 41.4 (q, *J* = 26.4, 25.6 Hz), 37.8, 35.6, 24.4, 24.0; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -58.73 (t, *J* = 11.8 Hz); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3352, 2924, 1751, 1660, 1516, 1249, 1110, 1066, 809, 692; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₄H₃₀F₃N₂O₄⁺ [M + H]⁺ 467.2152, found 467.2151.



Methyl (5,5,5-trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3,3-dimethylpentanoyl)-L-tyrosinate (4jt): Following the general procedure B, compound 4jt was prepared through a reaction between 1j, 2-methylpropene 2t and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (CH₂Cl₂:MeOH = 50:1 to 30:1) as a white foam (84.9 mg, 88% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.11 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H, isomer 1), 6.84 – 6.73 (m, 2H), 6.73 – 6.45 (m, 7H + 1H, isomer 2), 4.95 – 4.78 (m, 1H), 3.95 – 3.80 (br, 1H), 3.80 – 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.70 (s, 3H, isomer 1), 3.68 (s, 3H, isomer 2), 3.48 (s, 1H, isomer 1), 3.44 (s, 1H, isomer 2), 3.11 – 2.82 (m, 2H), 2.45 – 2.24 (m, 2H), 1.20 (s, 3H, siomer 1), 1.17 (s, 3H, isomer 1), 1.15 (s, 3H, isomer 2), 1.11 (s, 3H, isomer 2); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 172.0 (isomer 2), 171.7 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 171.5 (isomer 1), 155.3 (isomer 2), 155.2 (isomer 1), 153.6 (isomer 2), 153.3 (isomer 1), 141.2 (isomer 2), 140.6 (isomer 1), 130.2 (isomer 2), 130.1 (isomer 1), 127.0 (q, J = 278.7 Hz, isomer 2), 126.9 (q, J = 278.5 Hz, isomer 1), 126.8 (isomer 2), 126.7 (isomer 1), 116.9 (isomer 1), 115.7 (isomer 2), 115.6 (isomer 1), 115.2 (isomer 2), 115.1 (isomer 2), 115.0 (isomer 1), 68.7 (isomer 2), 67.7 (isomer 1), 55.8 (isomer 1), 55.7 (isomer 2), 53.3 (isomer 2), 52.8 (isomer 1), 52.4 (isomer 2), 52.3 (isomer 1), 41.4 (q, J = 26.4 Hz, isomer 1), 41.1 (q, J = 26.0 Hz, isomer 2), 36.9 (isomer 2), 36.8 (isomer 1), 35.7 (isomer 1), 35.6 (isomer 2), 24.3 (isomer 2), 24.2 (isomer 1), 24.1 (isomer 2), 23.7 (isomer 1); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -58.66 (t, J = 11.8 Hz, 3F, isomer 1), -58.71 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 3F, isomer 2); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3350, 2978, 1731, 1686, 1512, 1393, 1235, 1016, 909, 819, 724; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₂₄H₃₀F₃N₂O₅⁺ [M + H]⁺ 483.2101, found 483.2099.



S-methyl-N-(5,5,5-trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3,3-dimethylpentanoyl)-L-Methyl cysteinate (4kt): Following the general procedure B, compound 4kt was prepared through a reaction between 1k, 2-methylpropene 2t and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column (CH₂Cl₂:MeOH = 50:1 to 30:1) as a white foam (79.4 mg, 88% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.5). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.19 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H, major), 6.86 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, minor), 6.79 - 6.70 (m, 2H), 6.69 - 6.62 (m, 2H, minor), 6.61 - 6.51 (m, 2H), 6.69 - 6.62 (m, 2H, minor), 6.61 - 6.51 (m, 2H), 6.69 - 6.62 (m, 2H), 6.69 - 6.69 (m, 2H), 6.major), 4.75 - 4.58 (m, 1H), 3.96 - 3.81 (m, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.69 (s, 3H, major), 3.67 (s, 3H, minor), 3.56 - 3.47 (m, 1H), 2.51 - 2.33 (m, 2H), 2.28 - 2.16 (m, 2H), 2.12 - 2.00 (m, 1H), 1.94 (s, 3H, minor), 1.90 (s, 3H, major), 1.90 - 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.28 - 1.17 (m, 6H); ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{NMR}$ (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) & 172.0 (major), 171.9 (minor), 171.6 (minor), 171.2 (major), 153.7 (minor), 153.5 (major), 141.1 (minor), 140.5 (major), 127.1 (q, J=278.8 Hz, minor), 126.9 (q, J=278.6 Hz, major), 116.8 (minor), 115.4 (major), 114.9 (major), 114.8 (minor), 68.5 (minor), 67.8 (major), 55.7 (major), 55.6 (minor), 52.5 (major + minor), 51.5 (minor), 51.2 (major), 41.4 (q, J = 26.5 Hz, major), 41.3 (q, J = 26.4 Hz, minor), 35.7 (minor), 35.5 (major), 31.2 (minor), 30.9 (major), 29.8 (minor), 29.7 (major), 24.3 (major + minor), 24.2 (major), 23.8 (minor), 15.3 (minor), 15.2 (major); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -58.56 – -58.84 (m, 3F, major + minor); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3360, 2952, 1739, 1656, 1508, 1237, 1104, 907, 823, 730; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{20}H_{30}F_3N_2O_4S^+$ [M + H]⁺ 451.1873, found 451.1876.



Methyl (5,5,5-trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3,3-dimethylpentanoyl)-L-tryptophanate (4lt): Following the general procedure B, compound 4lt was prepared through a reaction between 1l, 2-methylpropene 2t and Togni II reagent 3, and it was isolated through a silica gel flash column $(CH_2Cl_2:MeOH = 50:1 \text{ to } 30:1)$ as a white powder (84.9 mg, 84% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.4). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.06 (s, 1H, minor), 7.96 (s, 1H, major), 7.45 – 7.36 (m, 1H), 7.34 – 7.24 (m, 1H + 1H, minor), 7.22 – 7.12 (m, 1H), 7.10 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, major), 7.07 – 6.99 (m, 1H), 6.83 – 6.69 (m, 2H), 6.67 – 6.59 (m, 2H, minor), 6.56 – 6.45 (m, 2H, major + 1H, minor), 6.41 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H, major), 4.97 – 4.80 (m, 1H), 3.93 – 3.71 (m, 4H), 3.66 (s, 3H, minor), 3.65 (s, 3H, major), 3.49 - 3.37 (m, 1H), 3.33 - 3.20 (m, 1H + 1H minor), 3.14 (dd, J = 14.9, 5.1 Hz, 1H, major), 2.50 – 2.23 (m, 2H), 1.18 (s, 3H, major), 1.14 (s, 3H, major), 1.12 (s, 3H, minor), 1.08 (s, 3H, minor); ¹³C {1H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 172.1 (major), 171.9 (minor), 171.4 (minor), 171.1 (major), 153.5 (minor), 153.3 (major), 141.5 (minor), 140.7 (major), 136.1 (major), 136.0 (minor), 127.3 (minor), 127.1 (major), 127.1 (q, J = 278.5 Hz, minor), 126.9 (q, J = 278.8 Hz, major), 123.0 (major), 122.9 (minor), 122.22 (minor), 122.18 (major), 119.67 (minor), 119.63 (major), 118.39 (major), 118.26 (minor), 117.0 (minor), 115.2 (major), 114.9 (major + minor), 111.3 (minor), 111.2 (major), 109.5 (minor), 109.4 (major), 68.6 (minor), 67.8 (major), 55.8 (minor), 55.7 (major), 52.8 (minor), 52.4 (minor), 52.3 (major), 52.2 (major), 41.4 (q, J = 26.5 Hz, major), 41.0 (q, J = 26.6 Hz, minor) 35.8 (minor), 35.5 (major), 27.4 (major), 27.3 (minor), 24.4 (major), 24.1 (minor), 24.0 (major), 23.7 (minor); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -58.65 (t, J = 12.4 Hz, 3F, minor), -58.69 (t, J = 12.0 Hz, 3F, major); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3404, 3366, 2955, 1739, 1647, 1514, 1502, 1441, 1263, 1244, 1202, 1181, 1101, 1076, 1037, 822, 743, 678, 586; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{26}H_{31}F_{3}N_{3}O_{4}^{+}$ [M + H]⁺ 506.2261, found 506.2260.

c) A few unsuccessful N-protected glycinates



A few ethyl glycinates with other common protecting groups (S8-S11) were also evaluated under the optimized conditions, however, failed to give the desired trifluoromethyl alkylation products.

V. Studies on Synthetic Applications

a) Product derivatizations

i) Gram-scale synthesis



To a 50 mL round-bottomed flask charged with a stir bar were added **1a** (1.046 g, 5 mmol), **3** (1.90 g, 6 mmol), Cu(CH₃CN)₄PF₆ (18.6 mg, 0.05 mmol), and **L7** (16.3 mg, 0.06 mmol). After the flask was evacuated and refilled with N₂ three times, freshly distilled ClCH₂CH₂Cl (21 mL) was added, followed by the addition of 2-methylpropene **2t** (3.75 mL, 7.5 mmol, 2 M in CH₂Cl₂) under N₂. The reaction mixture was let stirred at room temperature for 12 h and then quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ aqueous solution (10 mL) and Na₂S₂O₃ aqueous solution (10 mL). After the resulting mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL × 3), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*, the residue was purified through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc from 50:1 to 30:1) to afford **4at** as a yellowish oil (1.42 g, 85%).

ii) LiAlH₄ reduction of the ester group



5,5,5-Trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3,3-dimethylpentan-1-ol (9): To a suspension of LiAlH₄ (7.6 mg, 0.2 mmol, in 1mL of anhydrous THF) cooled in an ice-bath was slowly added a solution of **4at** (66.7 mg, 0.2 mmol dissolved in 1 ml THF). The reaction was kept stirring for 30 min at the same temperature before it was quenched with saturated aqueous NaHCO₃ (2 mL). The mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL ×3) three times, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Amino alcohol **9** was purified through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 5:1 to 3:1) as a colorless oil (53.6 mg, 92% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.82 – 6.72 (m, 2H), 6.72 – 6.61 (m, 2H), 3.83 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.58 (dd, *J* = 11.0, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (s, 1H), 3.31 (dd, *J* = 6.9, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 2.21 (q, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 2H), 2.03 (brs, 1H), 1.14 (s, 3H), 1.11 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 152.6, 142.6, 127.1 (q, *J* = 278.7 Hz), 115.3, 115.1, 63.9, 61.5, 55.8, 41.9 (q, *J* = 26.0 Hz), 36.4, 24.4, 23.9; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -58.67 (t, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3386, 2940, 1509, 1467, 1365, 1259, 1231, 1178, 1105, 1030, 817; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₄H₂₁F₃NO₂⁺ [M + H]⁺ 292.1519, found 292.1518.

iii) Removal of PMP group



Ethyl 2-amino-5,5,5-trifluoro-3,3-dimethylpentanoate hydrochloride (10): To a solution of CAN (ceric ammonium nitrate, 6 mmol, dissolved in 10.5 mL of H₂O) cooled in an ice bath was slowly added a solution of **4at** (1.5 mmol dissolved in 4.5 mL CH₃CN) in 0.5 h. The reaction was kept stirring for 2 h at the same temperature before it was quenched with saturated aqueous Na₂CO₃. The mixture was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL × 3), washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. The crude product was dissolved in Et₂O (5 mL), and HCl (5 mL, 1 M aq.) was then slowly added into the above solution under vigorous stirring. After the organic phase was separated, the aqueous layer was washed with Et₂O (5 mL × 3). Lastly, water was removed *in vacuo* and the residue was further dried to afford the amino ester hydrochloride **10** as a beige powder (336 mg, 86% yield, m.p. = 71 – 74 °C). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, D₂O) δ 4.25 – 4.13 (m, 2H), 4.00 (s, 1H), 2.45 – 2.25 (m, 2H), 1.17 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.12 (s, 3H), 1.03 (s, 3H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (151 MHz,

D₂O) δ 168.4, 126.3 (q, J = 277.9 Hz), 63.8, 60.1, 40.4 (q, J = 27.0 Hz), 34.0, 23.2, 22.8, 13.2; ¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, D₂O) δ -59.22 (t, J = 11.6 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3400, 3356, 2934, 1723, 1518, 1235, 1072, 1024, 819, 690; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₉H₁₇F₃NO₂⁺ [M + H]⁺ 228.1206, found 228.1208.

iv) Tripeptide synthesis



(6R)-2,2,6-trimethyl-4,7,10-trioxo-12-(4,4,4-trifluoro-2-methylbutan-2-yl)-3-oxa-5,8,11-Ethyl triazatridecan-13-oate (11): In a 5 mL reaction tube, Boc-L-Ala-Gly-OH (59.1 mg, 0.24 mmol), EDC•HCl (43.5 mg, 0.28 mmol) and HOBt (43.2 mg, 0.32 mmol) were dissolved in dry CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL) under N₂. After the tube was cooled in an ice-water bath, EtN(*i*Pr)₂ (87 µL, 0.5 mmol) was slowly added in 5 minutes. The reaction mixture was allowed to stir for 30 minutes before 10 (52.7 mg, 0.2 mmol) was added. The reaction was warmed to room temperature and stirred for additional 16 hours. Then, the mixture was quenched with water (4 mL), and extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL \times 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (2 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated in vacuo. Tripeptide 11 was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 5:1 to 3:1) as a white powder (70.1 mg, 77% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.0). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.38 (d, J = 9.4 Hz, 1H, isomer 1), 7.34 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H, isomer 2), 7.25 - 7.17 (br, 1H), 5.59 - 5.14 (br, 1H), 4.56 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H, isomer 1), 4.55 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H, isomer 2), 4.30 – 4.11 (m, 3H), 4.07 – 3.98 (m, 2H) 2.28 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.42 (s, 9H, isomer 1), 1.42 (s, 9H, isomer 2), 1.37 (s, 3H, isomer 1), 1.35 (s, 3H, isomer 2), 1.29 – 1.25 (m, 3H), 1.12 (s, 6H, isomer 1), 1.11 (s, 6H, isomer 2); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (151 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 173.7 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 170.4 (isomer 1), 170.3 (isomer 1), 169.0 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 155.5 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 126.8 (q, J = 279.1 Hz, isomer 1 + isomer 2), 80.2 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 61.5 (isomer 1), 61.4 (isomer), 59.8 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 50.2 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 43.5 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 40.8 (q, J = 27.1, 26.2 Hz, isomer 1 + isomer 2), 36.1 (isomer 1), 36.0 (isomer 2), 28.3(isomer 1 + isomer 2), 23.8 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 23.3 (isomer 1), 23.2 (isomer 2), 18.5 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 14.1 (isomer 1 + isomer 2; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -58.93 (t, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 3F, isomer 1 + isomer 2); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3380, 3313, 2982, 1713, 1634, 1367, 1337, 1269, 1212, 1166, 1110, 903, 726; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₉H₃₃F₃N₃O₆⁺ [M + H]⁺ 456.2316, found 456.2313.

v) Preparation of N-Boc amino acid



Ethyl 2-((tert-butoxycarbonyl)amino)-5,5,5-trifluoro-3,3-dimethylpentanoate (12): To a solution of **10** (52.7 mg, 0.2 mmol, dissolved in 2 mL CH₂Cl₂) cooled in an ice-water bath was slowly added NEt₃ (61 µL, 0.44 mmol) and Boc₂O (48 mg, 0.22 mmol). The reaction was kept stirring for 2 h at room temperature before it was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ aqueous solution (2 mL) and 4-DMAP (2.4 mg, 0.02 mmol). The mixture was stirred for an additional 30 min at room temperature before it was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (2 mL × 3), washed with brine (2 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. **12** was obtained in almost quantitative yield as a white solid (m.p.: 38 – 41 °C), which could be used for the next step without further purification. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) 5.16 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 1H), 4.38 – 3.96 (m, 3H), 2.18 (q, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 2H), 1.42 (s, 9H), 1.28 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 1.08 (s, 6H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.0, 155.4, 126.8 (q, *J* = 278.4 Hz), 80.2, 61.4, 61.2, 40.9 (q, *J* = 26.9 Hz), 36.1, 28.2, 23.7, 22.9, 14.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -58.99 (t, *J* = 11.8 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3277, 2984, 1737, 1698, 1367, 1228, 1166, 1106, 869, 781, 600; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₄H₂₄F₃NNaO₄⁺ [M + Na]⁺ 350.1550, found 350.1555.

2-((tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino)-5,5,5-trifluoro-3,3-dimethylpentanoic acid (13): To a solution of compound 12 (dissolved in 1 mL MeOH) cooled in an ice-water bath was slowly added a solution of NaOH (1 mL, 50 wt% in water). The reaction was stirred for 2 h at room temperature before it was acidified with 1N HCl aqueous solution (to pH = 2). The mixture was extracted with EtOAc (2 mL × 3), washed with brine (2 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, and concentrated *in vacuo*. Compound 13 was obtained as a white solid (54.5 mg, 91% yield, m.p.: 107 – 110 °C) that is pure enough to be characterized. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 14.48 – 11.28 (br, 1H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.57 – 2.43 (m, 1H), 2.37 – 2.26 (m, 1H), 1.40 (s, 9H), 1.07 (s, 6H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 172.7, 156.2, 127.8 (q, *J* = 278.7 Hz), 78.8, 61.8, 40.2 (overlapped with

DMSO residue peak), 34.8, 28.6, 24.5, 24.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ -53.12 (t, *J* = 12.5 Hz, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3498, 3283, 1745, 1698, 1393, 1164, 1138, 1106, 939, 779; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₂H₂₁F₃NO₄⁺ [M + H]⁺ 300.1417, found 300.1417.

b) Synthesis of (rac)-5,5,5-trifluoro-isoleucine

i) Small-scale preparation of propene gas





Figure S1. A small-scale preperation of propene gas

A glass Pasteur pipette was sealed at the thinner end using a blast burner. 0.5 mL of *i*-PrOH absorbed on mineral wool was added into the pipette, followed by the addition of Al₂O₃ (0.5 g) as the catalyst. The open end of the pipette was connected to a delivery tube. On the other side, a syringe and a dry tube were connected to a three-way, and the apparatus was fixed as shown in **Figure S1**. After the air was purged by a syringe from the drying tube and thoroughly exchanged with N₂, the glass pipette was heated by a spirit burner to generate propene gas. The gas collected in the inverted syringe was pulled into and stored in other syringes from the end of the drying tube. The collected propene was bubbled into CDCl₃ for ¹H NMR analysis, and it was pure enough to be used for the Cu-catalysed reaction (**Figure S2**).



Figure S2. The ¹H NMR spectrum of propene

ii) The propene participated reaction



Ethyl 5,5,5-*trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3-methylpentanoate* (14): compound 14 was prepared according to the general procedure A, but under a propene atmosphere (injected by a syringe). After a silica gel flash column purification (PE: EtOAc = 5:1 to 3:1), 14 was isolated as a colorless oil (44.1 mg, 69% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.0). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 6.87 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 6.71 – 6.55 (m, 2H), 4.32 – 4.09 (m, 2H), 4.04 – 3.84 (br, 1H), 4.00 (d, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H, isomer 1), 3.82 (d, J = 6.3 Hz, 1H, isomer 2), 3.74 (s, 3H), 2.68 – 2.53 (m, 1H, isomer 1), 2.53 – 2.39 (m, 1H), 2.35 – 2.22 (m, 1H, isomer 2), 2.17 – 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.26 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.13 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H, isomer 1), 1.08 (d, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H, isomer 2); ¹³C {1H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.9 (isomer 1), 172.8 (isomer 2), 153.3 (isomer 1), 153.1 (isomer 2), 141.1 (isomer 1), 140.6 (isomer 2), 127.1 (q, J = 276.8 Hz, isomer 1), 127.0 (q, J = 277.1 Hz, isomer 2), 116.2 (isomer 1), 115.6 (isomer 2), 55.67 (isomer 1), 55.65 (isomer 2), 37.2 (q, J = 27.9 Hz, isomer 1), 36.9 (d, J = 27.8 Hz, isomer 2), 55.67 (isomer 1), 30.7 (q, J = 2.4 Hz, isomer 2), 16.6 (isomer 1), 15.2 (isomer 2), 14.2 (isomer 1 + isomer 2); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.58 (t, J = 10.3 Hz, 3F, isomer 1), -63.64 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 3F, isomer 2); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3364,

1741, 1514, 1180, 1110, 1089, 809, 734; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{15}H_{21}F_{3}NO_{3}^{+}$ [M + H]⁺ 320.1468, found 320.1467.

iii) Deprotection of the PMP group



Ethyl 2-amino-5,5,5-trifluoro-3-methylpentanoate hydrochloride (15): Following the procedure described above (the preparation of 10), the hydrochloride salt of amino ester (15) was obtained as a white foam (85% yield, dr = 1.3:1). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, D₂O) δ 4.17 – 4.08 (m, 2H), 4.05 (d, J = 2.8 Hz, 1H, isomer 1), 4.02 (d, J = 3.7 Hz, 1H, isomer 2), 2.60 – 2.21 (m, 2H), 2.21 – 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.10 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H, isomer 1), 1.09 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H, isomer 2), 0.91 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C {1H}NMR (100 MHz, D₂O) δ 168.9 (isomer 1), 168.5 (isomer 2), 126.6 (q, J = 276.5 Hz, isomer 1), 126.5 (q, J = 276.5 Hz, isomer 2), 56.8 (isomer 1), 56.5 (isomer 2), 36.2 (q, J = 28.1 Hz, isomer 1), 35.4 (q, J = 28.2 Hz, isomer 2); 29.0 (isomer 1), 28.7 (isomer 2), 14.5 (isomer 1), 14.0 (isomer 2), 13.3 (isomer 1), 13.2 (isomer 2); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, D₂O) δ -63.94 (t, J = 11.1 Hz, 3F, isomer 1), -64.13 (t, J = 11.0 Hz, 3F, isomer 2); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 2976, 1741, 1504, 1428, 1386, 1243, 1135, 1050, 903, 854, 810; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₈H₁₅F₃NO₂⁺ [M + H]⁺ 214.1049, found 214.1052.

c) The ligantion of complex functional molecules to glycinates



Ethyl 6-((5-(dimethylamino)-N-methylnaphthalene)-1-sulfonamido)-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino) -3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)hexanoate (16): Following the general procedure A, compound 16 was prepared through a reaction between 1a, an alkene-tagged dansyl amide S2 and Togni II reagent 3, 16 was purified through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 10:1 to 5:1) as a brownish oil (90.1 mg, 74% yield, a mixture of two diastereomers, dr = 1.2). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.65 - 8.45 (m, 1H), 8.42 - 8.29 (m, 1H), 8.22 - 8.10 (m, 1H), 7.63 - 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.23 - 7.10 (m, 1H), 6.85 - 6.71 (m, 2H), 6.69 - 6.51 (m, 2H), 4.25 - 4.10 (m, 2H), 4.07 (d, J = 4.2 Hz, 1H, isomer 1), 3.98(d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H, isomer 2), 3.76 - 3.66 (m, 3H), 3.28 - 3.10 (m, 2H), 2.92 - 2.84 (m, 6H), 2.82 (s, 3.28 - 3.10 (m, 2H), 3.28 - 3.10 (m, 3H), 3.28 - 3.10 (m, 3H),3H, isomer 1), 2.81 (s, 3H, isomer 2), 2.58 – 2.38 (m, 1H), 2.30 – 2.12 (m, 1H), 2.09 – 1.87 (m, 1H), 1.73 - 1.51 (m, 2H + 1H, isomer 1), 1.45 - 1.17 (m, 5H + 1H, isomer 2); ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{}NMR$ (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) & 172.85 (isomer 1), 172.80 (isomer 2), 153.3 (isomer 1), 153.1 (isomer 2), 151.79 (isomer 1), 151.76 (isomer 2), 141.1 (isomer 1), 140.7 (isomer 2), 134.2 (isomer 1), 134.1 (isomer 2), 130.44 (isomer 2), 130.38 (isomer 1), 130.2 (isomer 1), 130.1 (isomer 2), 129.9 (isomer 1), 129.8 (isomer 2), 128.0 (isomer 2), 127.11 (q, J = 277.5 Hz, isomer 2), 127.06 (q, J = 276.9 Hz, isomer 1), 123.2 (isomer 1), 119.60 (isomer 2),119.59 (isomer 1), 116.1 (isomer 1), 115.6, 115.23 (isomer 1), 115.21 (isomer 2), 114.9 (isomer 1), 114.8 (isomer 2), 61.5 (isomer 2), 61.4 (isomer 1), 60.4 (isomer 1), 60.2 (isomer 2), 55.62 (isomer 2), 55.61 (isomer 1), 49.5 (isomer 1), 49.4 (isomer 2), 45.4 (2C, isomer 1 + isomer 2), 35.6 (isomer 1), 35.4 (isomer 2), 34.5 (isomer 1), 34.2 (isomer 2), 34.12 (isomer 2), 34.06 (isomer 1), 27.8 (isomer 2), 26.9 (isomer 1), 25.0 (isomer 1), 24.7 (isomer 2), 14.2 (2C, isomer 1 + isomer 2); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -63.65 - -63.91 (m, 3F, isomer 1 + isomer 2); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3366, 2934, 1731, 1512, 1455, 1309, 1243, 1138, 907, 795, 724, 620, 564; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{28}H_{41}F_3NO_9^+$ [M + H]⁺ 610.2557, found 610.2557.



Ethyl 2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-6-(((8R,9S,13S)-13-methyl-6,7,8,9,11,12,13,14,15,16decahydrospiro[cyclopenta[a]phenanthrene-17,2'-[1,3]dioxolan]-3-yl)oxy)-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)hexanoate (17): Following the general procedure A, compound 17 was synthesized through a reaction between 1a, an alkene-tagged estrone 17-ethylene ketal S3 and Togni II reagent 3. 17 was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 15:1 to 10:1) as a white powder (110.8 mg, 84% yield, a mixture of diastereomers). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.25 – 7.16 (m, 1H), 6.84 – 6.74 (m, 2H), 6.73 – 6.58 (m, 4H), 4.29 – 4.03 (m, 3H), 4.02 – 3.81 (m, 7H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 2.98 – 2.73 (m, 2H), 2.69 – 2.45 (m, 1H), 2.44 – 2.09 (m, 4H), 2.09 – 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.97 – 1.74 (m, 6H), 1.71 – 1.32 (m, 8H), 1.28 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H, isomer 1), 1.24 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 3H, isomer 2), 0.91 (s, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 173.03, 172.97, 156.72 (isomer 1), 156.67 (isomer 2), 153.3 (isomer 1), 153.2 (isomer 2), 141.2 (isomer 1), 140.8 (isomer 2), 138.04 (isomer 1), 138.02 (isomer 2), 132.9 (isomer 1), 132.8 (isomer 2), 127.2 (q, J = 276.5 Hz), 126.37 (isomer 1), 126.35 (isomer 2), 119.4 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 116.2 (isomer 1), 115.8 (isomer 2), 114.91 (isomer 1), 114.88 (isomer 2), 114.4 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 111.99 (isomer 1), 111.97 (isomer 2), 67.3 (isomer 1), 67.2 (isomer 2), 65.3 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 64.6 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 61.5 (isomer 1), 61.4 (isomer 2), 60.6 (isomer 1), 60.3 (isomer 2), 55.66 (isomer 1), 55.64 (isomer 2), 49.4 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 46.2 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 39.1 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 35.8 (isomer 1), 35.5 (isomer 2), 34.31 (q, J = 27.8 Hz, isomer 1), 34.27 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 34.19 (q, J = 27.4 Hz, isomer 2), 26.8 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 26.2 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 22.4 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 26.8 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 14.2 (isomer 1 + isomer 2), 19°F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.7 - -63.8 (m, 3F, mixture of isomers); IR ν_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 2936, 1732, 1607, 1511, 1235, 1180, 1156, 1033, 907, 819, 728, 647; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₃₇H₄₉F₃NO₆⁺ [M + H]⁺ 660.3506, found 660.3503.



Ethyl 6-(3-((4R,5R)-4-((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)-5-(((tert-butyldimethylsilyl)oxy)methyl) tetrahydrofuran-2-yl)-5-methyl-2,6-dioxo-3,6-dihydropyrimidin-1(2H)-yl)-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)a mino) -3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)hexanoate (18): Following the general procedure A, compound 18 was prepared through a reaction between 1a, an alkene-tagged thymidine S4, and Togni II reagent. 18 was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 5:1 to 3:1) as a white powder (122.4 mg, 76% yield, a mixture of diastereomers). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.53 – 7.38 (m, 1H), 6.81 – 6.70 (m, 2H), 6.70 – 6.61 (m, 2H), 6.39 – 6.29 (m, 1H), 4.44 – 4.35 (m, 1H), 4.25 – 4.09 (m, 3H), 4.07 – 3.90 (m, 4H), 3.90 – 3.82 (m, 1H), 3.79 – 3.70 (m, 1H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 2.70 – 2.44 (m, 1H), 2.41 – 2.15 (m, 3H), 2.06 – 1.71 (m, 5H), 1.72 – 1.51 (m, 1H), 1.24 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.92 (s, 9H), 0.89 (s, 9H), 0.11 (s, 6H), 0.08 (s, 3H), 0.07 (s, 3H); ¹³C {¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 172.9, 172.6, 172.5, 163.3 – 163.2 (m), 153.2, 153.0, 150.8 – 150.6 (m), 141.3, 140.6, 140.5, 133.7 – 133.5 (m), 127.0 (q, *J* = 276.8 Hz), 116.2, 115.8, 114.9, 114.8, 110.0 – 109.7 (m), 87.8, 85.5, 72.2, 63.0, 61.5, 60.8, 60.3, 60.1, 55.6, 41.4, 39.3 - 38.3 (m), 35.1 - 33.3 (m), 28.9, 28.7, 28.1, 28.0, 25.9, 25.7, 18.4, 18.0, 14.2, 14.2, 13.2, -4.6, -4.8, -5.4, -5.5; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ -63.78 - -64.02 (m, 3F); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3350, 2956, 1733, 1699, 1672, 1644, 1512, 1457, 1257, 1120, 1022, 905, 831, 734; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₃₈H₆₃F₃N₃O₈Si₂⁺ [M + H]⁺ 802.4100, found 802.4113.



Ethyl 5,5,5-trifluoro-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)amino)-3-methyl-3-(((2,2,7,7-tetramethyltetrahydro-5H-bis([1,3]dioxolo)[4,5-b:4',5'-d]pyran-5-yl)methoxy)methyl)pentanoate (19): Following the general procedure A, compound 19 was prepared through a reaction between 1a, an alkene-tagged galactose S5 and Togni II reagent 3. Product 19 was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 5:1 to 3:1) as a colorless oil (97.0 mg, 82% yield, a mixture of diastereomers). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 6.80 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 6.71 – 6.61 (m, 2H), 5.63 – 5.44 (m, 1H), 4.94 – 4.74 (br, 1H, 0.24H), 4.69 – 4.51 (m, 1H), 4.38 – 3.85 (m, 6.78H), 3.79 – 3.70 (m, 3H), 3.70 – 3.29 (m, 4H), 2.74 – 2.35 (m, 2H), 1.59 – 1.49 (m, 3H), 1.48 – 1.39 (m, 3H), 1.37 – 1.28 (m, 6H), 1.27 – 1.20 (m, 3H), 1.19 - 1.06 (m, 3H); ${}^{13}C{}^{1}H{NMR}$ (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.9, 172.8, 172.7, 153.2, 153.1, 152.8, 152.7, 141.6 – 141.3 (m), 127.1 (q, J = 278.2 Hz), 116.2, 116.0, 115.7, 115.5, 114.9 – 114.6 (m), 109.4 – 109.1 (m), 108.7 – 108.5 (m), 96.4, 96.3, 75.4, 74.9, 74.4, 74.1, 71.5 – 70.9 (m), 70.8 – 70.4 (m), 70.1 – 69.8 (m), 66.9, 66.7, 66.5, 66.5, 64.8, 64.5, 63.3, 63.2, 61.1, 60.9, 55.9 – 55.2 (m), 40.2, 39.0, 38.8, 37.9 – 35.8 (m), 26.0, 26.0, 25.0, 25.0, 24.6, 24.4, 24.3, 18.7, 18.2, 18.1, 14.4 – 14.1 (m); ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -58.53 (t, J = 12.0 Hz, 3F, isomer 1), -58.58 (t, J = 12.0 Hz, 3F, isomer 2), -58.94 (t, J = 12.1 Hz, isomer 3), -59.03 (t, J = 12.0 Hz, isomer 4); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3386, 2992, 1735, 1512, 1367, 1261, 1212, 1106, 1068, 993, 909, 728, 640; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for $C_{28}H_{41}F_{3}NO_{9}^{+}$ [M + H]⁺ 592.2728, found 592.2730.



(12-((2-(2,6-dioxopiperidin-3-yl)-1,3-dioxoisoindolin-4-yl)amino)-2-((4-methoxyphenyl) Ethyl amino)-12-oxo-3-(2,2,2-trifluoroethyl)dodecanoyl)glycinate (20): Following the general procedure A, compound 20 was prepared through a reaction between 1f, an alkene-tagged pomalidomide S6, and Togni II reagent 3. Product 20 was isolated through a silica gel flash column (PE: EtOAc = 5:1to 3:1) as a beige powder (101.9 mg, 71% yield, a mixture of diastereomers). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.48 – 9.30 (m, 1H), 8.98 – 8.85 (m, 1H), 8.84 – 8.73 (m, 1H), 7.67 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.44 – 7.29 (m, 1H), 6.83 – 6.68 (m, 2H), 6.67 – 6.48 (m, 2H), 5.07 – 4.82 (m, 1H), 4.15 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 4.12 – 3.76 (m, 4H), 3.70 (s, 3H), 2.92 – 2.49 (m, 4H), 2.49 – 2.04 (m, 6H), 1.77 - 1.63 (m, 2H), 1.55 - 1.43 (m, 1H), 1.36 - 1.17 (m, 13H); ${}^{13}C{1H}NMR$ (100 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 172.5, 171.3, 169.7, 169.2, 168.3, 166.8, 153.3 (br), 140.6 (br), 137.8, 136.4, 131.1, 127.1 (q, 277.6 Hz), 125.3, 118.4, 115.3, 114.9 (br), 61.5, 61.5, 55.6, 49.3, 41.1, 41.1, 37.9, 36.3 – 35.7 (m, br), 34.9 – 33.7 (m, br), 31.3, 30.3, 30.0, 29.3, 29.2, 29.1, 27.0, 26.8, 25.2, 25.1, 22.6, 14.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -63.40 (t, J = 11.2 Hz, 3F, major), -63.76 (t, J = 11.0 Hz, 3F, minor); IR v_{max} (neat) cm⁻¹: 3360, 2926, 1777, 1710, 1619, 1511, 1478, 1396, 1349, 1231, 1195, 1118, 1036, 912, 821, 740, 700, 605; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₃₈H₄₇F₃N₅O₉⁺ [M + H]⁺ 774.3320, found 774.3321.

VI. Mechanistic studies

a) The participation of an exogenous glyoxo imine



The reaction between **1a** and **2a** was set up according to general procedure **A**, and a *p*-tolylimine ester **S12** (11.5 mg, 0.06 mmol) was added. The reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ aqueous solution and Na₂S₂O₃ aqueous solution after 6 h, worked-up following the general

procedure, and the crude product was submitted for ¹H NMR analysis. Besides the anticipated ligation product 4aa (51%), a cross-over coupling product 4ba was also obtained in 20% yield (Figure S3).



Figure S3. Stacked ¹H NMR to confirm the formation of 4ba

b) The participation of an exogenous aniline



The reaction between **1a** and **2a** was set up according to general procedure A, and a 4-fluoroaniline (5.7 μ L, 0.06 mmol) was added. The reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ aqueous solution and Na₂S₂O₃ aqueous solution after 6 h, worked-up following the general procedure, and the crude product was submitted for ¹H and ¹⁹F NMR analysis (**Figure S4** and **S5**). Besides the anticipated coupling product **4aa** (84%), fluorine-labelled product **4ca** was also obtained in 14% yield.



Figure S4. Stacked ¹⁹F NMR to confirm the generation of 4ca



Figure S5. ¹H NMR analysis to determine the products distribution

c) The trifluoromethylation of glycinate in the absence of an alkene



The control reaction in the absence of an alkene was set up according to general procedure A (0.2 mmol scale), but no alkene was added. The reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO₃ aqueous solution and Na₂S₂O₃ aqueous solution after 6 h, worked-up following the general procedure, and the crude product was determined to be a mixture of **21** and **22** (47% for **21**, and 10% for **22** based

on ¹H NMR and ¹⁹F NMR analysis). Compound **22** is known and its characterization data agree with the literature.^[16]



Ethyl (4-methoxy-2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)glycinate (21): The new compound 21 was further purified as a colorless solid. m.p. 42 – 45 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.10 – 7.03 (m, 1H), 7.02 – 6.94 (m, 1H), 6.60 – 6.51 (m, 1H), 4.71 (brs, 1H), 4.25 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.91 (s, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 1.29 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ¹³C{¹H}NMR (100 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 170.5, 151.2, 138.7, 124.6 (q, *J* = 272.6 Hz), 119.1, 115.0 (q, *J* = 30.2 Hz), 113.5, 112.4 (q, *J* = 5.8 Hz), 61.5, 55.9, 46.0, 14.1; ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -62.38 (s, 3F); IR *v_{max}* (neat) cm⁻¹: 3387, 1719, 1530, 1188, 1060, 875, 841, 726, 689; HRMS (ESI, m/z): calcd for C₁₂H₁₅F₃NO₃⁺ [M + H]⁺ 278.0999, found 278.0997.

d) The redox potential measurement of substrate and catalyst

The reduction/oxidation potentials of each compound were determined by cyclic voltammograms on a potentiostat. Conditions: glassy carbon as the working electrode, Pt plate as the counter electrode, Ag/AgNO₃ (0.1 M in MeCN) as the reference electrode, Bu₄NBF₄ in dichloroethane (0.1 M) was used as the supporting electrolyte, scan rate = 50 mV·s⁻¹

First, the redox potentials of the substrates were measured in dichloroethane (0.025 M) with the supporting electrolyte. Irreversible oxidation of **1a**, **1b** and **1c** were recorded with half-wave potentials at 0.44 V, 0.54 V and 0.65V vs Ag/AgNO₃ (1.01 V vs SCE), respectively (**Figure S6**).

Next, representative Cu(CH₃CN)₄PF₆-L7 complex was also evaluated with cyclic voltammetry. Cu(CH₃CN)₄PF₆ (1.5 mg, 0.02 mmol) and L7 (1.3 mg, 0.024 mmol) were weighed into a 2-dram-vial and then dissolved by the electrolyte solution (4 mL). The clear solutions were then submitted for voltammograms scan. This complex undergoes a reversible oxidation and the half-wave potential was recoded at -0.13V vs Ag/AgNO₃ (0.23 V vs SCE) (see data in **Figure S6**).



Figure S6. The redox potentials of substrates and Cu catalyst

VII. References

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VIII. Copies of NMR spectra for New Compounds







S60



961 9973 9955 9955 9916 9916 9916 1912 196 988 905 1173 196 988 988 988 988 988 988 988 988 988 9	044 026	272 254 236



(CDCl₃, 400 MHz)



- 61.53

- 41.40 - 41.19

- 14.11

		92
		30.

— 119.96

°CO₂Et N H

- 170.76 - 169.92

2m, ¹³C{¹H} NMR (CDCl₃, 100 MHz)

	1		
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S137








































S155





























249 245 238 238 238 226 214 210 029 029	443 436 424 397 358 358 358 358 339 332 332	212 200 188 149 059
44444444		

•HCI NH₂ EtO₂C H₃C CH₃ **10**, ¹H NMR (D₂O, 400 MHz)





0	-5	-10	-15	-20	-25	-30	-35	-40	-45	-50	-55	-60	-65	-70	-75	-80	-85	-90	-95	-100















S177














173.03 156.72 156.72 156.72 156.72 156.72 156.72 156.72 156.72 156.72 156.72 156.72 156.67 155.20 153.20 153.20 153.20 153.20 153.20 153.20 153.20 153.20 133.05 133.05 111.97 11







-10 -20















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