

Supporting Information

Catalytic asymmetric [4 + 1] cycloaddition to synthesize chiral pyrazoline-spirooxindoles

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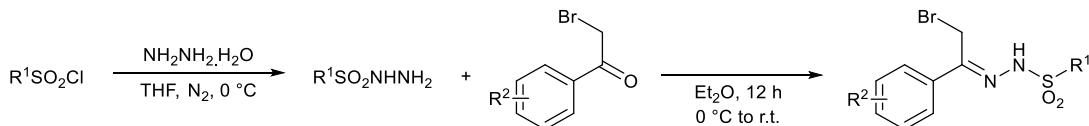
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1. General remarks

¹H NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker ASCENDTM 400M (400 MHz) and ASCENDTM 600M (600 MHz). Chemical shifts were reported in ppm from tetramethylsilane with the solvent resonance as the internal standard (CDCl_3 , $\delta = 7.26$, acetone- d_6 , $\delta = 2.05$, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$, $\delta = 2.50$). Spectra were reported as follows: chemical shift (δ ppm), multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, dd = doublet of doublets, dt = doublet of triplets), coupling constants (Hz), integration and assignment. **¹³C{¹H} NMR** spectra were collected on ASCENDTM 400M (101 MHz) and ASCENDTM 600M (153 MHz) with complete proton decoupling. Chemical shifts are reported in ppm from the tetramethylsilane with the solvent resonance as internal standard (CDCl_3 , $\delta = 77.0$, acetone- d_6 , $\delta = 29.8$, 206.1, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$, $\delta = 39.5$). **¹⁹F{¹H} NMR** spectra were collected on ASCENDTM 400M (376 MHz) with complete proton decoupling. HRMS was recorded on a commercial apparatus (ESI Source). Enantiomeric excesses (ee) were determined by HPLC analysis using the corresponding commercial chiral column as stated in the experimental procedures at 23 °C. Optical rotations were measured on Rudolph Research Analytic Automatic Polarimeter and reported as follows: $[\alpha]_D^T$ (c g/100 mL, in solvent). Infrared spectra (IR) were recorded on Bruker Tensor II spectrometer with Plantium ATR accessory and the peaks were reported as absorption maxima (v, cm⁻¹). Circular dichroism spectra (CD) were recorded on Applied Photophysics Chirascan. X-ray crystallographic data were collected by a Bruker D8 Venture Photon II. Unless otherwise indicated, reagents obtained from commercial sources were used without further purification. Solvents were dried and distilled prior to use according to the standard methods. The size of typical stirring bar for the catalytic asymmetric reaction was 10 mm × 5 mm (Length × Diameter), for gram scale synthesis was 50 mm × 16 mm (Length × Diameter). The size of typical reaction tube was 130 mm × 17 mm (Length × Diameter). The 100 mL round-bottom flask for gram scale synthesis was purchased from Synthware Glass and the number was F309100. The chiral *N,N'*-dioxide ligands were synthesized by the same procedure in the literature.¹

2. Synthesis of substrates and L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh

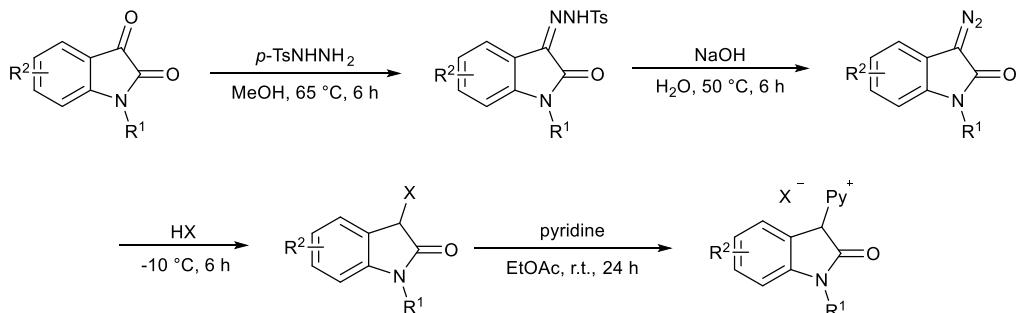
2.1 General procedure for the synthesis of α -bromo hydrazone derivatives



To a solution of sulfonyl chloride derivative (10.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) at 0 °C in THF was slowly added hydrazine hydrate (12.0 mmol, 1.2 equiv) and stirred for 4 h. The mixture was filtered to provide hydrazone derivative.

To a solution of hydrazone derivative (10.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in cold (ice-water bath) Et_2O was added substituted α -bromo acetophenone (11.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv). The mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 12 h, filtered, rinsed with cold (ice-water bath) Et_2O (3 × 10 mL) to give the crude product. Then, it was recrystallized using CH_2Cl_2 as positive solvent while PE as negative one. After that it was filtered to give α -bromo hydrazone as white powder.

2.2 General procedure for the synthesis of oxindole 3-pyridinium salt²



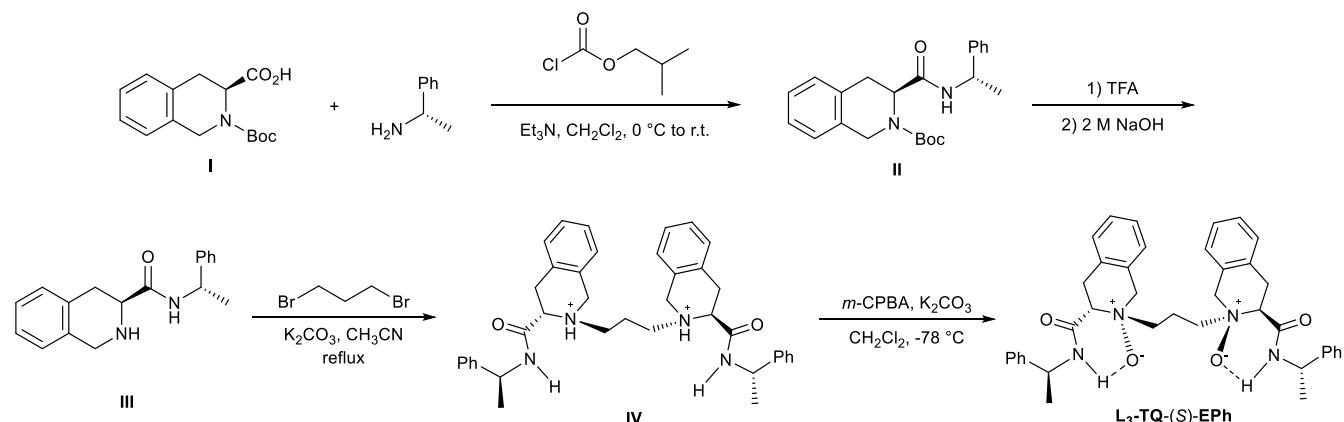
The corresponding isatin (20.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was suspended in CH_3OH (80 mL) at 65 °C. *p*-Toluenesulfonylhydrazine (22.0 mmol, 1.1 equiv) was added in one portion and the reaction mixture was refluxed until massive precipitates generated. The reaction mixture was concentrated to half of its volume and cooled to 0 – 5 °C. The precipitated mixture of (*Z*)/(*E*)-isomers of isatin *p*-tosylhydrazone was filtered off and washed with cold CH_3OH .

The corresponding isatin *p*-tosylhydrazone (17.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was suspended in water (10 mL per each 1 mmol of *p*-tosylhydrazone) and 10% aqueous NaOH (4.5 mmol per each 1 mmol of tosylhydrazone, 4.5 equiv) was added in one portion. The suspension was stirred at 50 °C until dissolution of all solid material accompanied by a change of the solution color to orange for approximately 12 hours (monitored by TLC; SiO_2 plates, PE/ EtOAc = 2:1, v/v). Then, the reaction mixture was cooled and extracted with EtOAc (3 × 75 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (50 mL), dried with anhydrous Na_2SO_4 and evaporated.

The corresponding well-grinded diazooxindole (15.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was added in small portions to a stirred cold (-10 °C) aqueous HX (40.0 equiv) solution until the nitrogen emission ceased. Then, the reaction mixture was stirred for next 12 hours at room temperature to complete the reaction. The final suspension was filtered and washed with water until pH of the filtrate got neutral and the solid residue was dried to provide 3-halo-indolin-2-one.

A solution of 3-halo-indolin-2-one (10 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and pyridine (13 mmol, 1.3 equiv) in anhydrous EtOAc (20 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 24 h. The reaction mixture was directly filtered to collect the solid **B**. Then, it was recrystallized using MeOH as positive solvent while EtOAc as negative one. After that it was filtered to give oxindole 3-pyridinium salt **B**.

2.3 General procedure for the synthesis of L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh



To a solution of (S)-Boc-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3-carboxylic acid (2.77 g, 10.0 mmol) in DCM (20 mL) was added Et₃N (1.67 mL, 12.0 mmol), isobutyl carbonochloride (1.52 mL, 12.0 mmol). It was allowed to stir at 0 °C for 25 minutes, and then (S)-1-phenylethan-1-amine (1.54 mL, 12.0 mmol) was added. The reaction was allowed to warm up to room temperature and monitored by TLC ($R_f = 0.3$, SiO₂ plates, PE/EtOAc = 1:1, v/v). After 48 h, the mixture was washed with 1 M KHSO₄ solution, saturated NaHCO₃ solution, brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄. After filtration, the mixture was concentrated, and the residue was used in the next step without other purification.

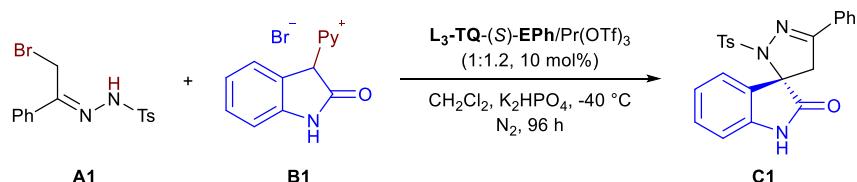
The residue in CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL) was added TFA (10 mL) at 0 °C. The reaction was allowed to warm up to room temperature and stirred for 1 h. The reaction was diluted with CH₂Cl₂ (20 mL). The pH value of the mixture was brought into the range of 10-12 by the addition of 2 M NaOH solution at 0 °C. The aqueous phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 20 mL). The combined organic phase was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel and eluted with EtOAc to afford the product **III** (2.47 g, 8.82 mmol) as a white solid.

To a solution of compound **III** (2.47 g, 8.82 mmol) in CH₃CN (4 mL) was added K₂CO₃ (3.64 g, 26.4 mmol) and 1,3-dibromopropane (450 μL, 4.41 mmol). It was kept refluxing for 10 h. Then, K₂CO₃ was removed by filtration and washed by CH₂Cl₂. The filtrate was concentrated and was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel (Eluent: PE/EtOAc = 1:1 – 1:2, v/v) to give the product **IV** (1.72 g, 2.87 mmol) as a white solid.

To a solution of compound **IV** (0.60 g, 1.0 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (10 mL) was slowly added mixed solid of *m*-CPBA (0.345 g, 2.0 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (0.276 g, 2.0 mmol) at -78 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 0.5 h. Then the reaction was quenched with H₂O (20 mL). The aqueous phase was extracted with CH₂Cl₂ (3 × 20 mL). The combined organic phase was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ and evaporated in vacuo. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica gel (Eluent: EtOAc/MeOH = 10:1 – 8:1, v/v) to afford L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh (0.27 g, 0.43 mmol, 24% yield over four steps) as a white solid. (Note: The solvent was evaporated in vacuo at 20 °C and the L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh was stored at -20 °C.)

3. Typical procedure for the catalytic asymmetric reaction

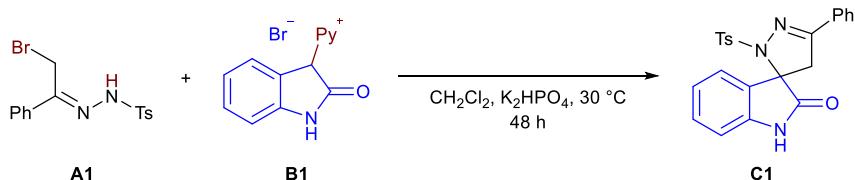
3.1 General procedure for the synthesis of chiral products



A dry reaction tube was charged with Pr(OTf)₃ (12 mol%, 7.1 mg), L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh (10 mol%, 6.3 mg), then, THF (1.0 mL) was added. The mixture was stirred at 30 °C for 2 h. The resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. Then to this very tube was added α-bromo hydrazone **A1** (0.10 mmol), oxindole 3-pyridinium salt **B1** (0.11 mmol) and K₂HPO₄ (0.45 mmol, 4.5 equiv) with CH₂Cl₂

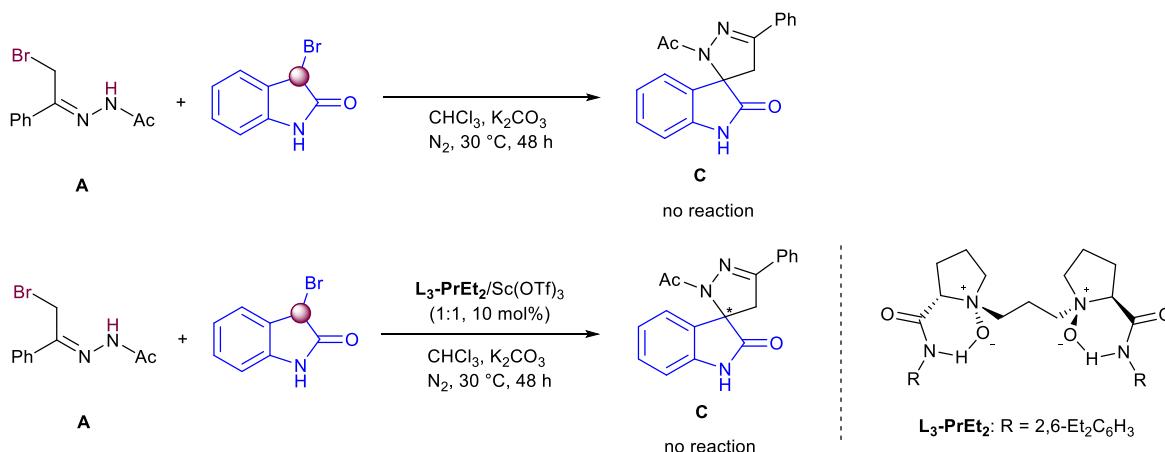
(1 mL). It was allowed to stir at -40 °C for 96 h under nitrogen. The reaction process was monitored by TLC (R_f = 0.3, SiO₂ plates, PE/EtOAc = 3:2, v/v). The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (Eluent: PE/EtOAc = 2:1, v/v) to afford the chiral products **C1** as light yellow solid.

3.2 General procedure for the synthesis of racemic products



A dry reaction tube was charged with α -bromo hydrazone **A1** (0.10 mmol), oxindole 3-pyridinium salt **B1** (0.10 mmol) and K_2HPO_4 (0.30 mmol, 3.0 equiv). Then, CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 mL) was added and the mixture was allowed to stir at 30 °C for 48 h. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (Eluent: PE/EtOAc = 2:1, v/v) to afford the racemic product **C1**.

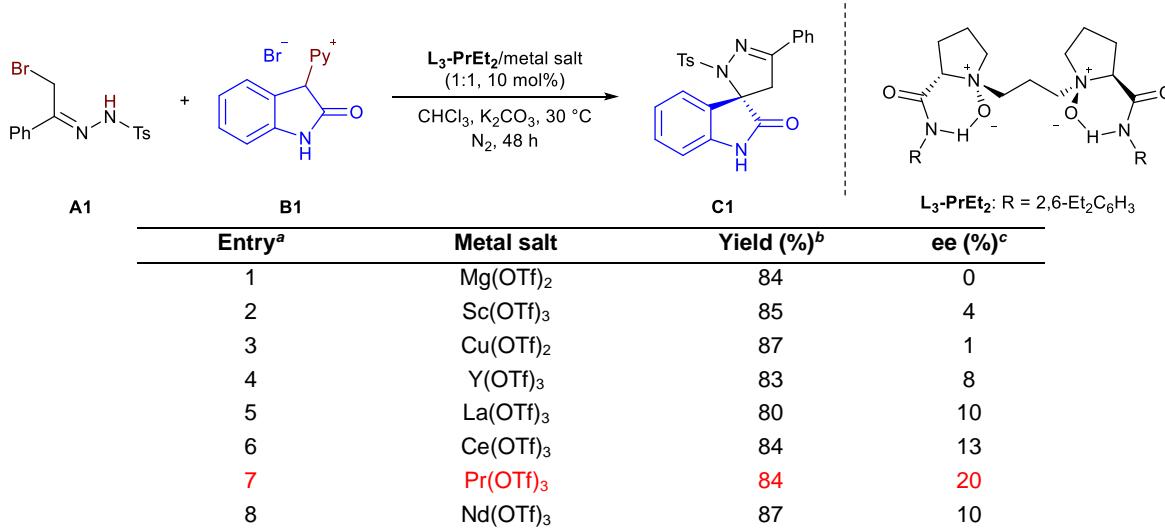
4. Examination of C₁ synthons



A dry reaction tube was charged with α -bromo hydrazone **A** (0.10 mmol), 3-bromooxindole (0.10 mmol) and K_2CO_3 (0.30 mmol, 3.0 equiv). Then, $CHCl_3$ (1.0 mL) was added and the mixture was allowed to stir under N_2 at 30 °C for 48 h. The reaction process was monitored by TLC ($R_f = 0.3$, SiO_2 plates, PE/EtOAc = 3:2, v/v).

5. Optimization of reaction conditions

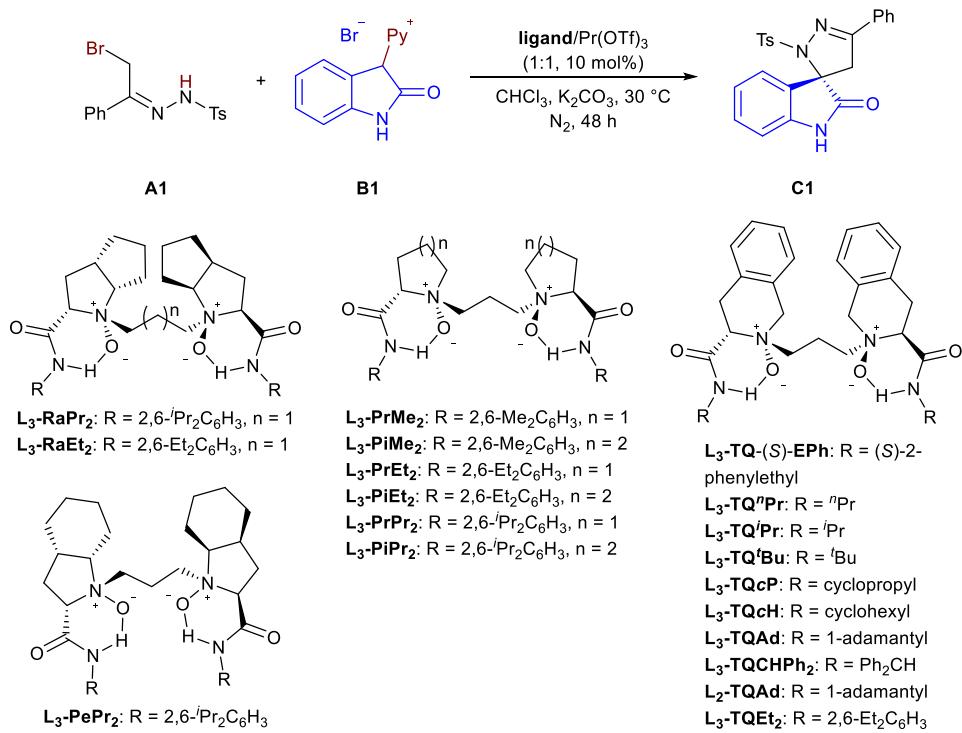
5.1 Screening of the metal salt



9	Pm(OTf) ₃	99	13
10	Eu(OTf) ₃	86	16
11	Gd(OTf) ₃	83	4
12	Tb(OTf) ₃	82	12
13	Dy(OTf) ₃	74	20
14	Ho(OTf) ₃	73	16
15	Er(OTf) ₃	66	10
16	Tm(OTf) ₃	87	10
17	Yb(OTf) ₃	92	8
18	Lu(OTf) ₃	80	6

^a Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with **L₃-PrEt₂**/metal salt (1:1, 10 mol%), **A1** (0.10 mmol), **B1** (0.10 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (0.30 mmol, 3.0 equiv) in CHCl₃ (1.0 mL) at 30 °C under nitrogen for 48 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.

5.2 Screening of the *N,N'*-dioxide ligands



Entry ^a	Ligand	Yield (%) ^b	ee (%) ^c
1	L₃-PrMe₂	78	12
2	L₃-PrEt₂	83	20
3	L₃-PrPr₂	80	6
4	L₃-PiMe₂	75	10
5	L₃-PiEt₂	70	6
6	L₃-PiPr₂	68	6
7	L₃-RaEt₂	88	7
8	L₃-RaPr₂	89	4
9	L₃-PePr₂	62	4
10	L₃-TQ-(S)-EPH	83	44
11	L₃-TQE₂	86	21
12	L₃-TQⁿPr	84	20
13	L₃-TQⁱPr	83	20
14	L₃-TQ^tBu	92	22
15	L₃-TQcP	77	22
16	L₃-TQcH	72	28
17	L₃-TQAd	80	44

18	L₃-TQCHPh₂	87	5
19	L₂-TQAd	68	8

^a Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with **ligand**/Pr(OTf)₃ (1:1, 10 mol%), **A1** (0.10 mmol), **B1** (0.10 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (0.30 mmol, 3.0 equiv) in CHCl₃ (1.0 mL) at 30 °C under nitrogen for 48 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.

5.3 Screening of the solvent

A1	B1	C1	L ₃ -TQ-(S)-EPh: R = (S)-2-phenylethyl
Entry ^a	Solvent	Yield (%) ^b	ee (%) ^c
1	CH ₂ Cl ₂	90	54
2	THF	90	38
3	Et ₂ O	26	40
4	toluene	44	race
5	MeOH	87	race
6	HCO ₂ Et	91	6
7	1,2-DCE	88	52
8	1,1,2-TCE	90	50
9	1,1,2,2-TCE	85	52
10	chlorobenzene	80	40

^a Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with **L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh/Pr(OTf)₃** (1:1, 10 mol%), **A1** (0.10 mmol), **B1** (0.10 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (0.30 mmol, 3.0 equiv) in solvent (1.0 mL) at 30 °C under nitrogen for 48 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.

5.4 Screening of the base

A1	B1	C1	
Entry ^a	Base	Yield (%) ^b	ee (%) ^c
1	Li ₂ CO ₃	85	60
2	Na ₂ CO ₃	91	46
3	Cs ₂ CO ₃	79	48
4	BaCO ₃	70	10
5	NaHCO ₃	75	30
6	KHCO ₃	73	4
7	K ₂ HPO ₄	93	60
8	K ₃ PO ₄	79	48
9	Na ₃ PO ₄	83	10
10	Na ₂ HPO ₄	89	48
11	NaOH	61	26
12	KOH	68	18
13	Et ₃ N	84	race
14	EtONa	51	race
15	HCOONa	48	race
16	DMAP	no reaction	-

17	/PrNH ₂	35	race
18	DABCO	30	race
19	KO <i>i</i> Bu	no reaction	-
20	NaNH ₂	85	race

^a Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh/Pr(OTf)₃ (1:1, 10 mol%), A1 (0.10 mmol), B1 (0.10 mmol) and base (0.30 mmol, 3.0 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) at 30 °C under nitrogen for 48 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.

5.5 Screening of the additive

Entry ^a	Additive	Loading (mg)	Yield (%) ^b	ee (%) ^c	
				C1	ee (%) ^c
1	3Å MS	20	82	2	
2	4Å MS	20	80	8	
3	5Å MS	20	85	27	
4	LiCl	4.2	82	5	
5	LiBF ₄	9.4	70	race	
6	LiNTf ₂	2.9	71	61	
7	NaBArF ₄	9	84	60	

^a Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh/Pr(OTf)₃ (1:1, 10 mol%), A1 (0.10 mmol), B1 (0.10 mmol) and K₂HPO₄ (0.30 mmol, 3.0 equiv) with additive in CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) at 30 °C under nitrogen for 48 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.

5.6 Screening of the reaction temperature

Entry ^a	T (°C)	Yield (%) ^b	ee (%) ^c	
			C1	ee (%) ^c
1	20	92	68	
2	10	90	74	
3	0	91	76	
4	-10	95	76	
5	-20	95	76	
6	-30	74	82	
7	-35	69	82	
8	-40	52	88	
9	-45	49	83	
10	-50	49	80	
11	-55	42	73	
12 ^d	-40	69	88	
13 ^{d,e}	-40	72	88	
14 ^{d,e,f}	-40	74	90	

^a Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh/Pr(OTf)₃ (1:1, 10 mol%), A1 (0.10 mmol), B1 (0.10 mmol) and K₂HPO₄ (0.30 mmol, 3.0 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) at T °C under nitrogen for 48 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase. ^d Reaction time was 96 h. ^e 0.11 mmol B1 was used. ^f The ratio of L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh/Pr(OTf)₃ was 1:1.2 (10 mol%).

5.7 Screening of the base ratio

Entry ^a	X (equiv)	Yield (%) ^b	ee (%) ^c
1	2.0	37	86
2	2.5	46	90
3	3.5	84	89
4	4.0	89	90
5	4.5	90	90
6	5.0	90	90

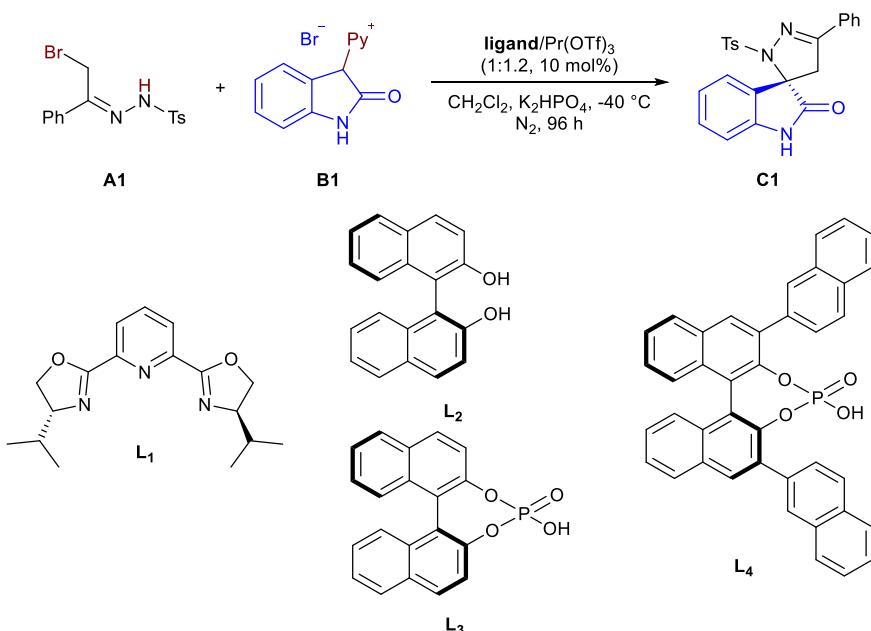
^a Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with $\text{L}_3\text{-TQ-(S)-EPh/Pr(OTf)}_3$ (1:1.2, 10 mol%), **A1** (0.10 mmol), **B1** (0.11 mmol) and K_2HPO_4 (X equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 mL) at -40 °C under nitrogen for 96 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.

5.8 Screening of the catalyst loading

Entry ^a	X (mol%)	Yield (%) ^b	ee (%) ^c
1	1	59	71
2	2	73	78
3	5	92	87
4	10	90	90
5	20	93	90

^a Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with $\text{L}_3\text{-TQ-(S)-EPh/Pr(OTf)}_3$ (1:1.2, X mol%), **A1** (0.10 mmol), **B1** (0.11 mmol) and K_2HPO_4 (0.45 mmol, 4.5 equiv) in CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 mL) at -40 °C under nitrogen for 96 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.

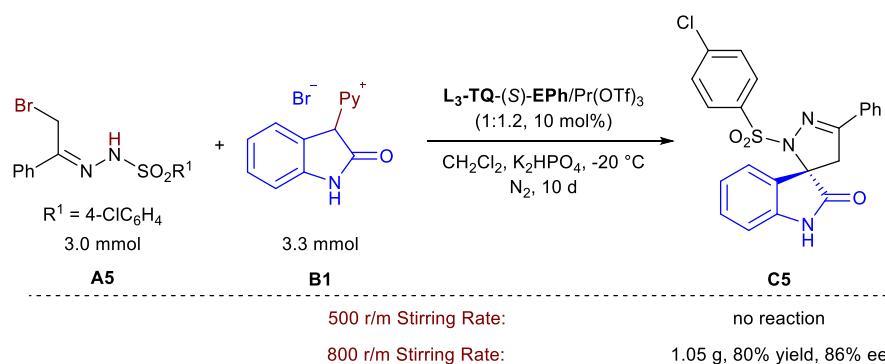
5.9 Screening of other ligands



Entry ^a	Ligand	Yield (%) ^b	ee (%) ^c
1	L ₁	31	-17
2	L ₂	28	18
3	L ₃	19	2
4	L ₄	20	-35

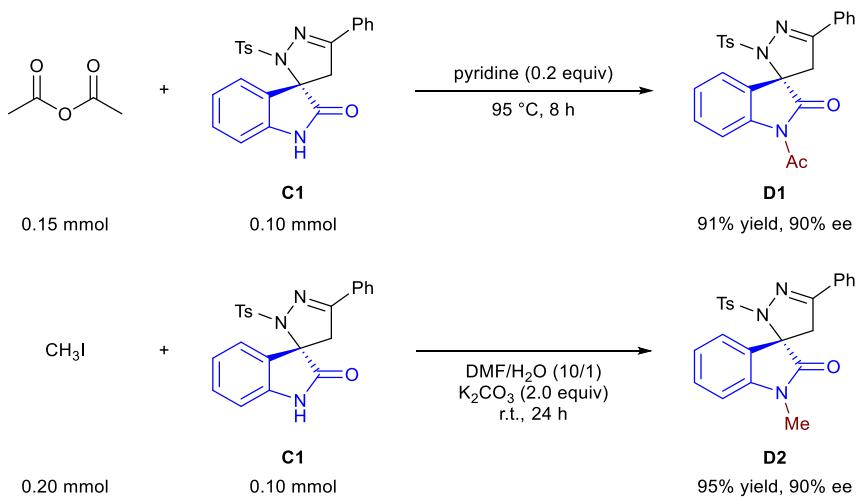
^a Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with **ligand**/Pr(OTf)₃ (1:1.2, 10 mol%), **A1** (0.10 mmol), **B1** (0.11 mmol) and K₂HPO₄ (0.45 mmol, 4.5 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) at -40 °C under nitrogen for 96 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.

6. Typical procedure for the gram scale synthesis of product **C5**



A dry reaction 100 mL round-bottom flask was charged with Pr(OTf)₃ (12 mol%, 0.213 g), **L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh** (10 mol%, 0.189 g), THF (30 mL) and the mixture was stirred at 30 °C for 6 h. The resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. Substrate **A5** (3.0 mmol, 1.164 g), **B1** (3.3 mmol, 0.96 g) and K₂HPO₄ (13.5 mmol, 2.352 g) were added to the flask. The reaction mixture continued vigorously stirring (Note: 800 r/m, 500 r/m resulted in no reaction) at -20 °C for 240 h under nitrogen. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (Eluent: PE/EtOAc = 2:1, v/v) to afford the product **C5** (80% yield, 86% ee).

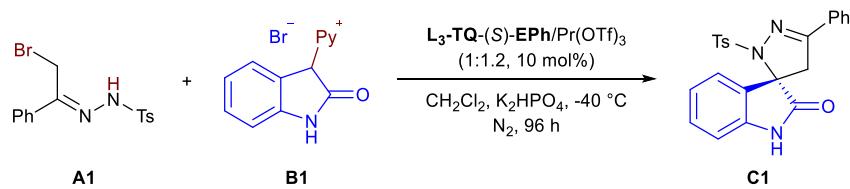
7. Transformation of C1



(a) A dry reaction tube was charged with **C1** (0.10 mmol), acetic anhydride (0.15 mmol), pyridine (0.2 equiv) without other solvent. The mixture was stirred at 95 °C for 8 h. It was washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution, brine and was extracted with EtOAc (3 × 15 mL), and the organic phase was combined, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (Eluent: PE/EtOAc = 3:1, v/v) to afford the chiral product **D1** as light yellow oil.

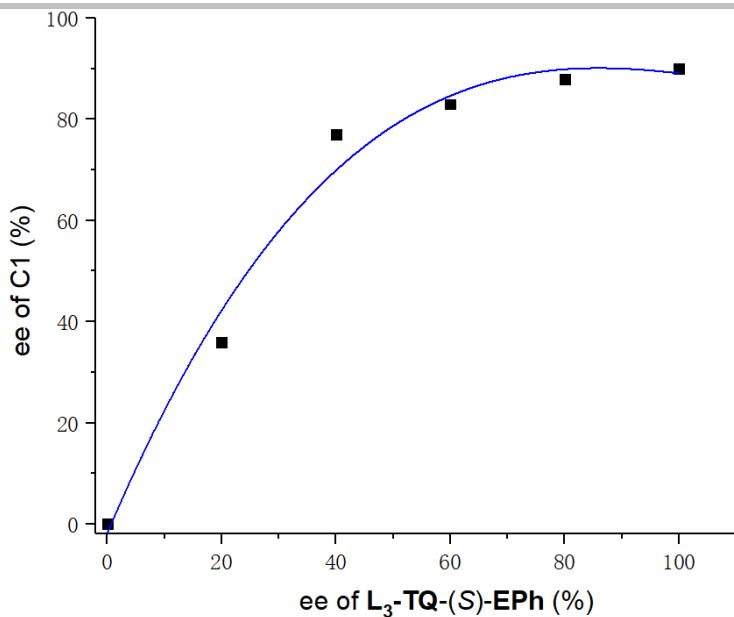
(b) A dry reaction tube was charged with **C1** (0.10 mmol), CH₃I (0.20 mmol), K₂CO₃ (2.0 equiv) in DMF/water (0.5 mL, v:v = 10:1) and it was stirred at room temperature for 24 h, then it was poured into icy water (20 mL), washed with brine and extracted with EtOAc (3 × 15 mL), and the organic phase was combined, dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (Eluent: PE/EtOAc = 2:1, v/v) to afford the chiral product **D2** as yellow oil.

8. The nonlinear effect between the ee value of the ligand L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh and the product C1



Entry ^a	ee of L ₃ -TQ-(S)-EPh (%)	ee (%) ^b
1	0	0
2	20	36
3	40	77
4	60	83
5	80	88
6	100	90

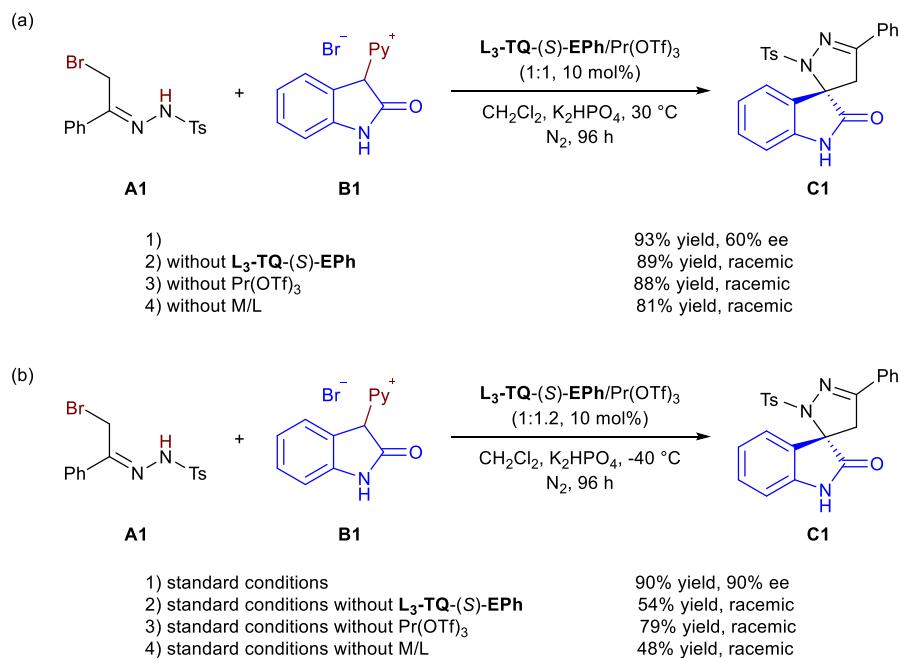
^a Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with (R/S) L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh/Pr(OTf)₃ (1:1.2, 10 mol%), **A1** (0.10 mmol), **B1** (0.11 mmol) and K₂HPO₄ (0.45 mmol, 4.5 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) at -40 °C under nitrogen for 96 h. ^b Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.



A range of dry reaction tubes were charged with $\text{Pr}(\text{OTf})_3$ (12 mol%, 7.1 mg), (*R/S*) $\text{L}_3\text{-TQ-(S)-EPh}$ (10 mol%, 6.3 mg), then, THF (1.0 mL) was added. The mixtures were stirred at 30 °C for 2 h. The resulting mixtures were concentrated under reduced pressure. Then to these tubes were added α -bromo hydrazone **A1** (0.10 mmol), oxindole 3-pyridinium salt **B1** (0.11 mmol) and K_2HPO_4 (0.45 mmol, 4.5 equiv) with CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL). They were allowed to stir at -40 °C for 96 h under nitrogen. The reaction processes were monitored by TLC ($R_f = 0.3$, SiO_2 plates, PE/EtOAc = 3:2, v/v). The residues were purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (Eluent: PE/EtOAc = 2:1, v/v) to afford the products **C1** as light yellow solids.

9. Control experiments

9.1 Testing the background reaction

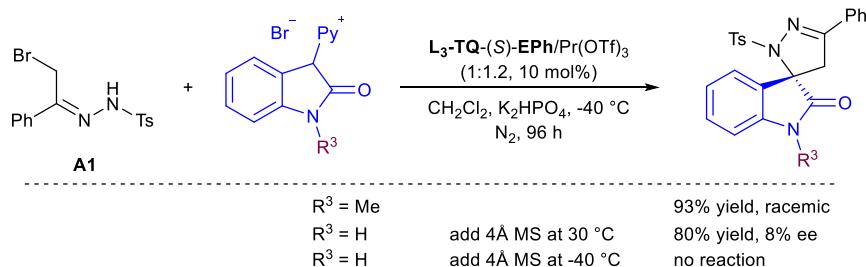


(a) Dry reaction tubes were charged with/without $\text{Pr}(\text{OTf})_3$ (10 mol%, 5.9 mg), $\text{L}_3\text{-TQ-(S)-EPh}$ (10 mol%, 6.3 mg), then, THF (1.0 mL) was added. The mixture was stirred at 30 °C under nitrogen for 2 h. The resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. Then to this very tube was added α -bromo hydrazone **A1** (0.10 mmol), oxindole 3-pyridinium salt **B1** (0.10 mmol) and K_2HPO_4 (0.30

mmol, 3.0 equiv). It was allowed to stir in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL) at 30 °C for 48 h under nitrogen. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (Eluent: PE/EtOAc = 2:1, v/v) to afford the product **C1** as light yellow solid.

(b) Dry reaction tubes were charged with/without $\text{Pr}(\text{OTf})_3$ (12 mol%, 7.1 mg), **L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh** (10 mol%, 6.3 mg), then, THF (1.0 mL) was added. The mixture was stirred at 30 °C under nitrogen for 2 h. The resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. Then to this very tube was added α -bromo hydrazone **A1** (0.10 mmol), oxindole 3-pyridinium salt **B1** (0.11 mmol) and K_2HPO_4 (0.45 mmol, 4.5 equiv). It was allowed to stir in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL) at -40 °C for 96 h under nitrogen. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (Eluent: PE/EtOAc = 2:1, v/v) to afford the product **C1** as light yellow solid.

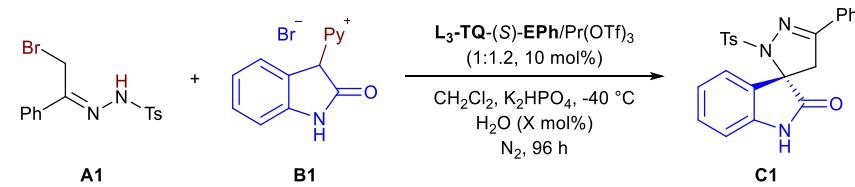
9.2 Proving the key role of water



(a) Dry reaction tube was charged with $\text{Pr}(\text{OTf})_3$ (12 mol%, 7.1 mg), **L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh** (10 mol%, 6.3 mg), then, THF (1.0 mL) was added. The mixture was stirred at 30 °C for 2 h. The resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. Then to this very tube was added α -bromo hydrazone **A1** (0.10 mmol), oxindole 3-pyridinium salt **B2** (0.11 mmol) and K_2HPO_4 (0.45 mmol, 4.5 equiv). It was allowed to stir in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL) at -40 °C under nitrogen for 96 h. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (Eluent: PE/EtOAc = 3:1, v/v) to afford the racemic product **D2** as light yellow oil.

(b) Dry reaction tube was charged with $\text{Pr}(\text{OTf})_3$ (12 mol%, 7.1 mg), **L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh** (10 mol%, 6.3 mg), then, THF (1.0 mL) was added. The mixture was stirred at 30 °C for 2 h. The resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure. Then to this very tube was added α -bromo hydrazone **A1** (0.10 mmol), oxindole 3-pyridinium salt **B1** (0.11 mmol), K_2HPO_4 (0.45 mmol, 4.5 equiv) and 4 Å MS (20 mg). It was allowed to stir in CH_2Cl_2 (1 mL) at -40 °C under nitrogen for 96 h. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (Eluent: PE/EtOAc = 2:1, v/v) to afford the product **C1** as light yellow solid.

9.3 Evaluating the amount of water needed or tolerated



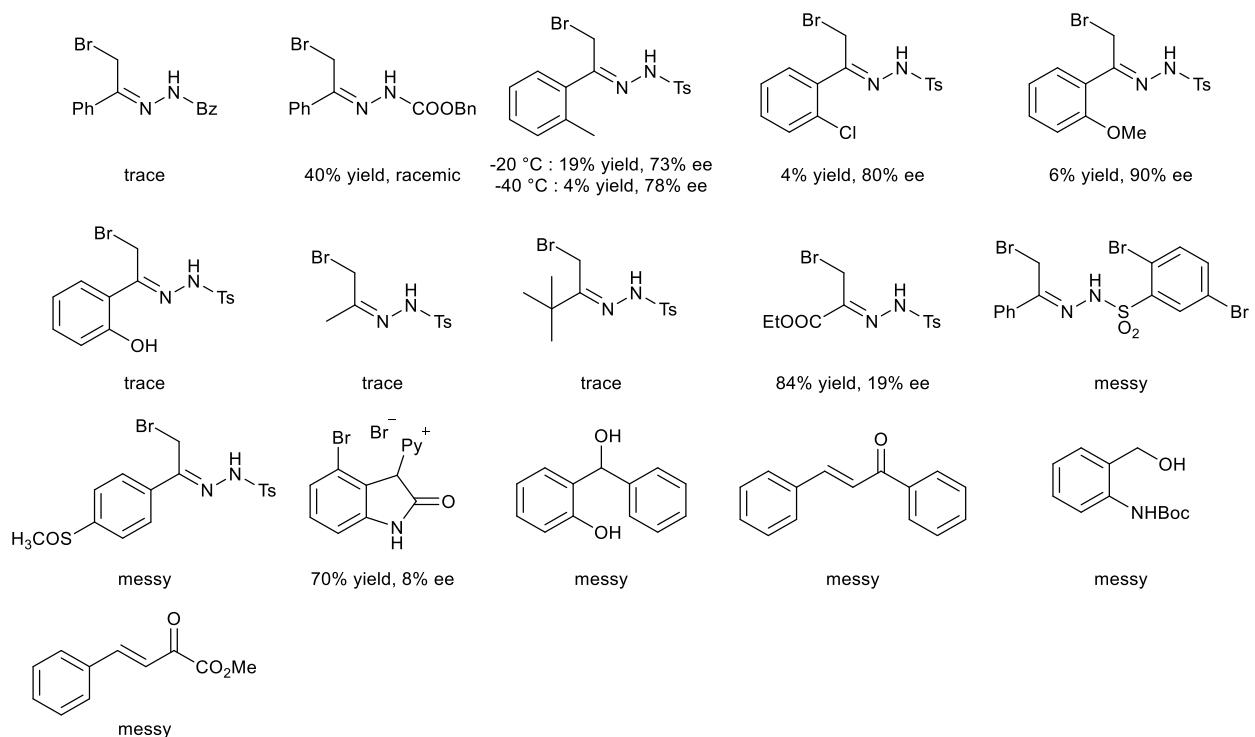
Entry ^a	X (mol%)	Yield (%) ^b	ee (%) ^c
1	5	91	90
2	10	90	90
3	50	89	87
4	100	85	85
5	150	85	84
6	200	88	84

^a Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with **L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh/Pr(OTf)₃** (1:1.2, 10 mol%), **A1** (0.10 mmol), **B1** (0.11 mmol), K_2HPO_4 (0.45 mmol, 4.5 equiv) and H_2O (X mol%) in CH_2Cl_2 (1.0 mL) at -40 °C under nitrogen for 96 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c

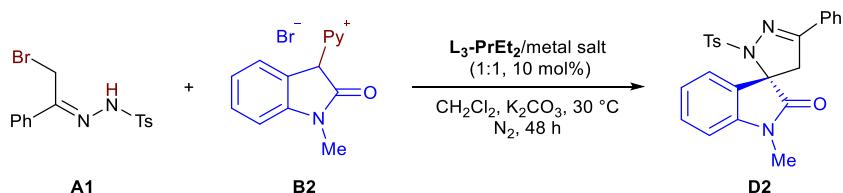
Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.

10. Unsuccessful substrates and screening attempt

10.1 Poor results



10.2 Screening of the metal salt

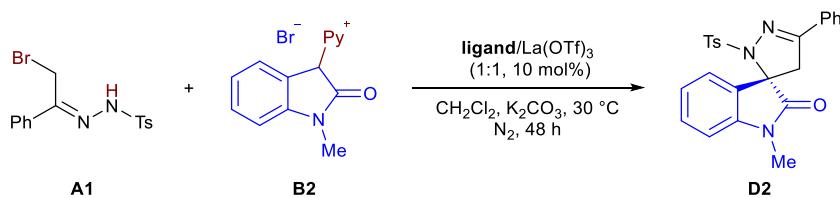


Entry ^a	Metal salt	Yield (%) ^b	ee (%) ^c
1	Sc(OTf) ₃	97	0
2	Mg(OTf) ₂	96	0
3	Cu(OTf) ₂	65	0
4	Ni(OTf) ₂	97	0
5	Yb(OTf) ₃	90	0
6	La(OTf) ₃	90	0
7	Ga(OTf) ₃	92	0
8	Lu(OTf) ₃	93	0
9	Zn(OTf) ₃	60	0
10	Fe(OTf) ₂	70	0
11	Tb(OTf) ₃	89	0
12	Dy(OTf) ₃	92	0
13	Ho(OTf) ₃	93	0
14	Er(OTf) ₃	90	0
15	Tm(OTf) ₃	92	0
16	Y(OTf) ₃	88	0

^a Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with **L₃-PrEt₂**/metal salt (1:1, 10 mol%), **A1** (0.10 mmol), **B2** (0.10 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (0.30 mmol, 3.0 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) at 30 °C under nitrogen for 48 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.

10.3 Screening of ligands

the *N,N*-dioxide



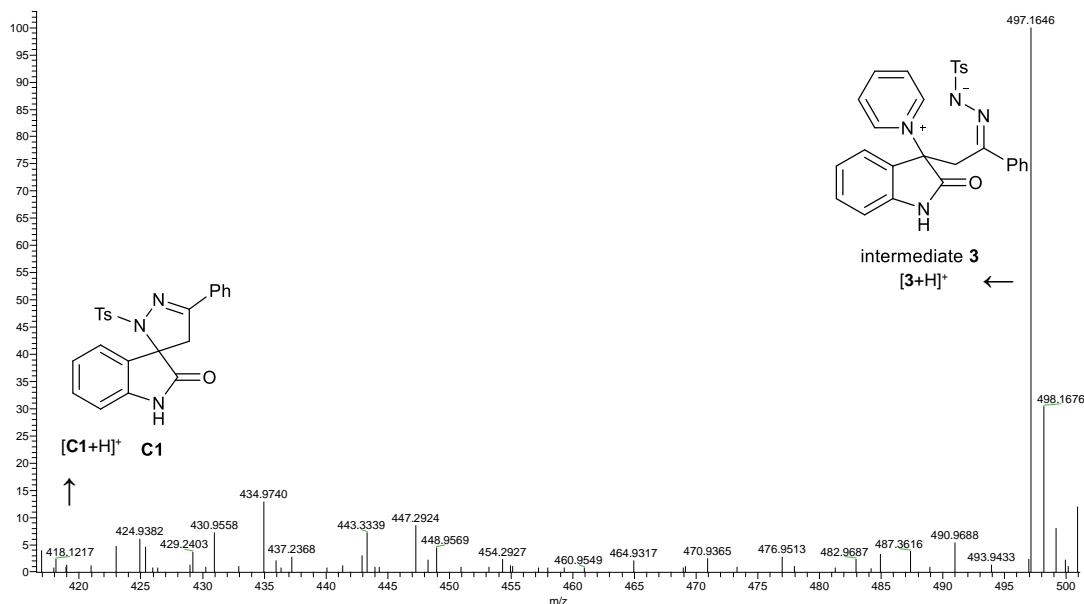
Entry ^a	Ligand	Yield (%) ^b	ee (%) ^c
1	L₃-PiPr₂	87	0
2	L₃-PrPr₂	66	0
3	L₃-RaPr₂	84	0
4	L₃-TQPr₂	87	0
5	L₃-PePr₂	79	0
6	L₃-TQ-(S)-EPH	82	0

^a Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out with ligand/La(OTf)₃ (1:1, 10 mol%), **A1** (0.10 mmol), **B2** (0.10 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (0.30 mmol, 3.0 equiv) in CH₂Cl₂ (1.0 mL) at 30 °C under nitrogen for 48 h. ^b Isolated yield. ^c Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.

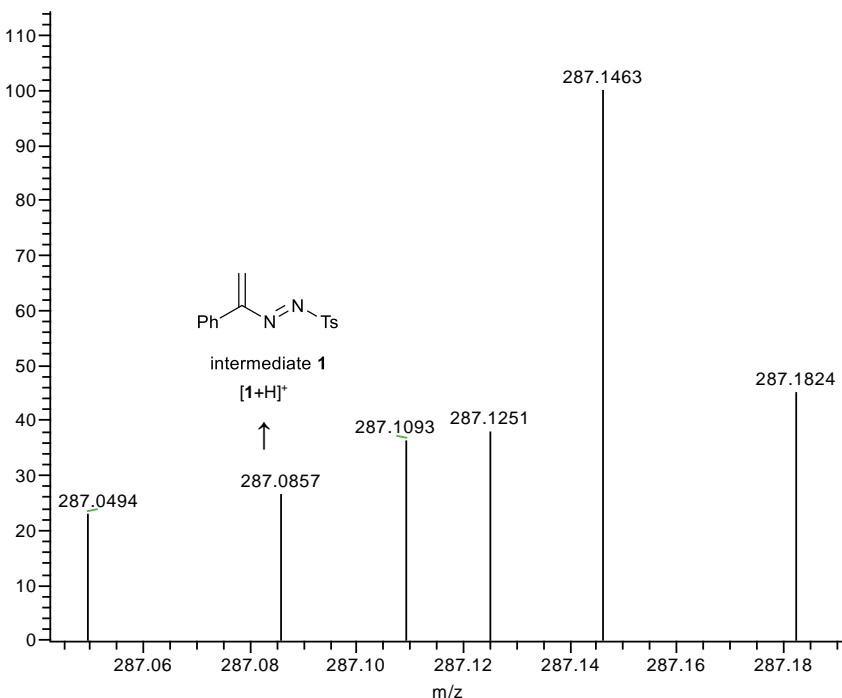
11. Mass spectra of key intermediates 1, 2, 3 and product C1

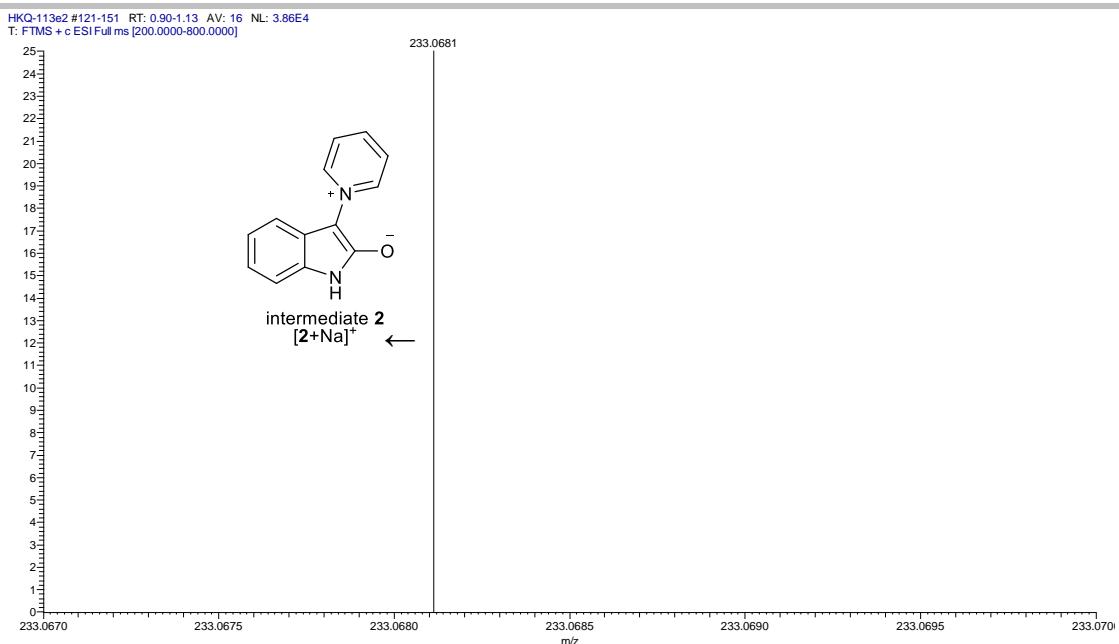
11.1 HRMS spectrum for the mixture of A1, B1 and K₂HPO₄

HKQ-113e2 #461 RT: 3.46 AV: 1 NL: 4.55E6
T: FTMS + c ESI Full ms [200.0000-800.0000]

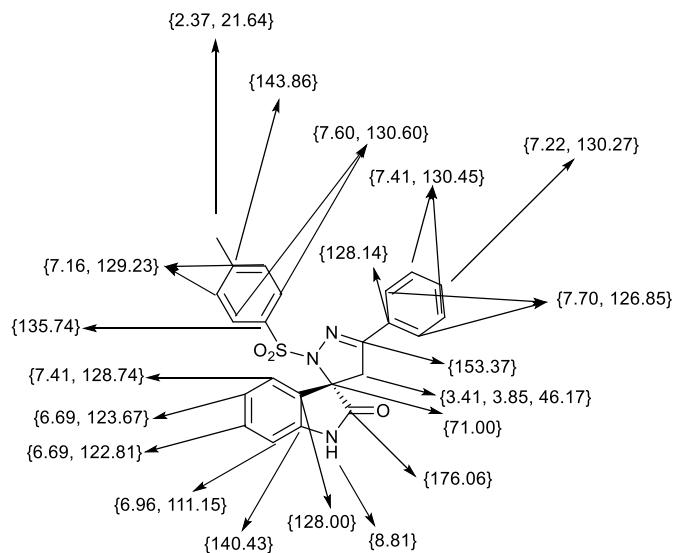


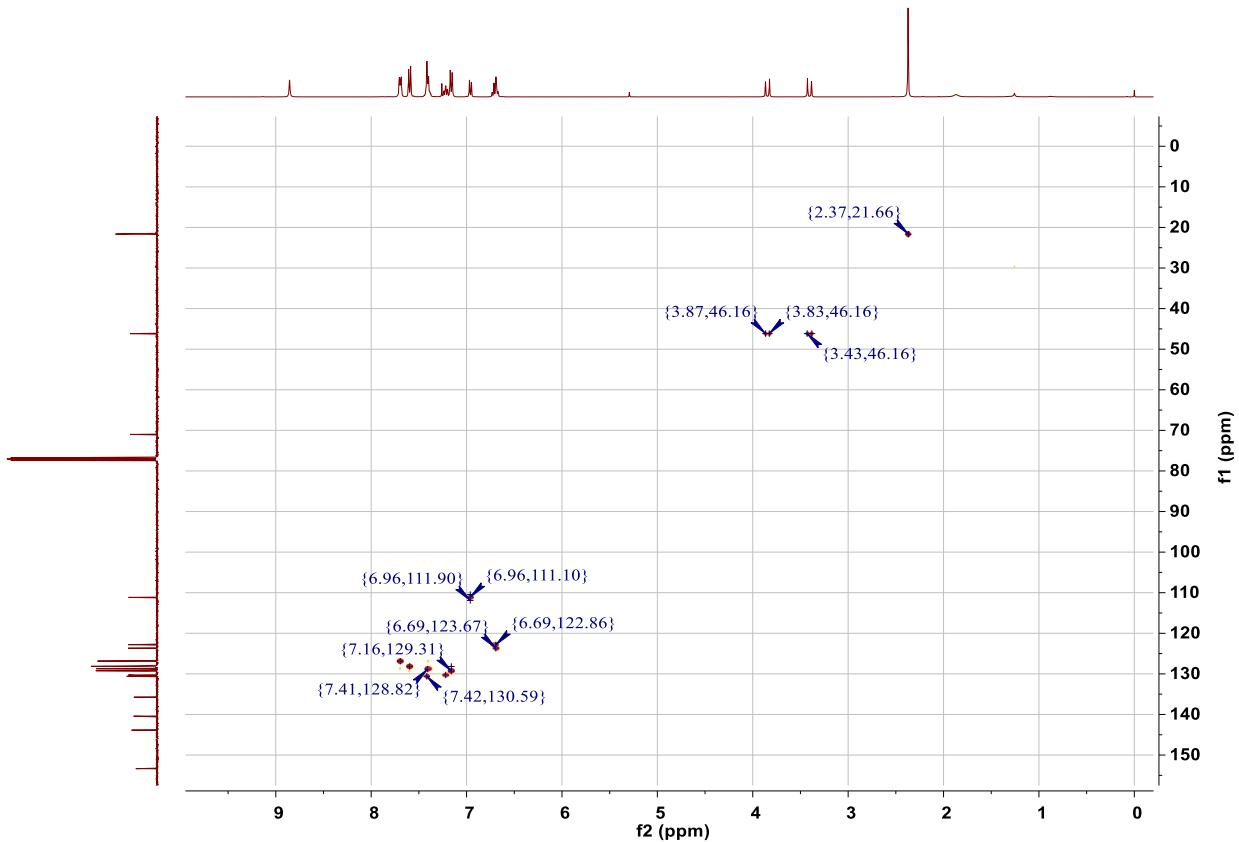
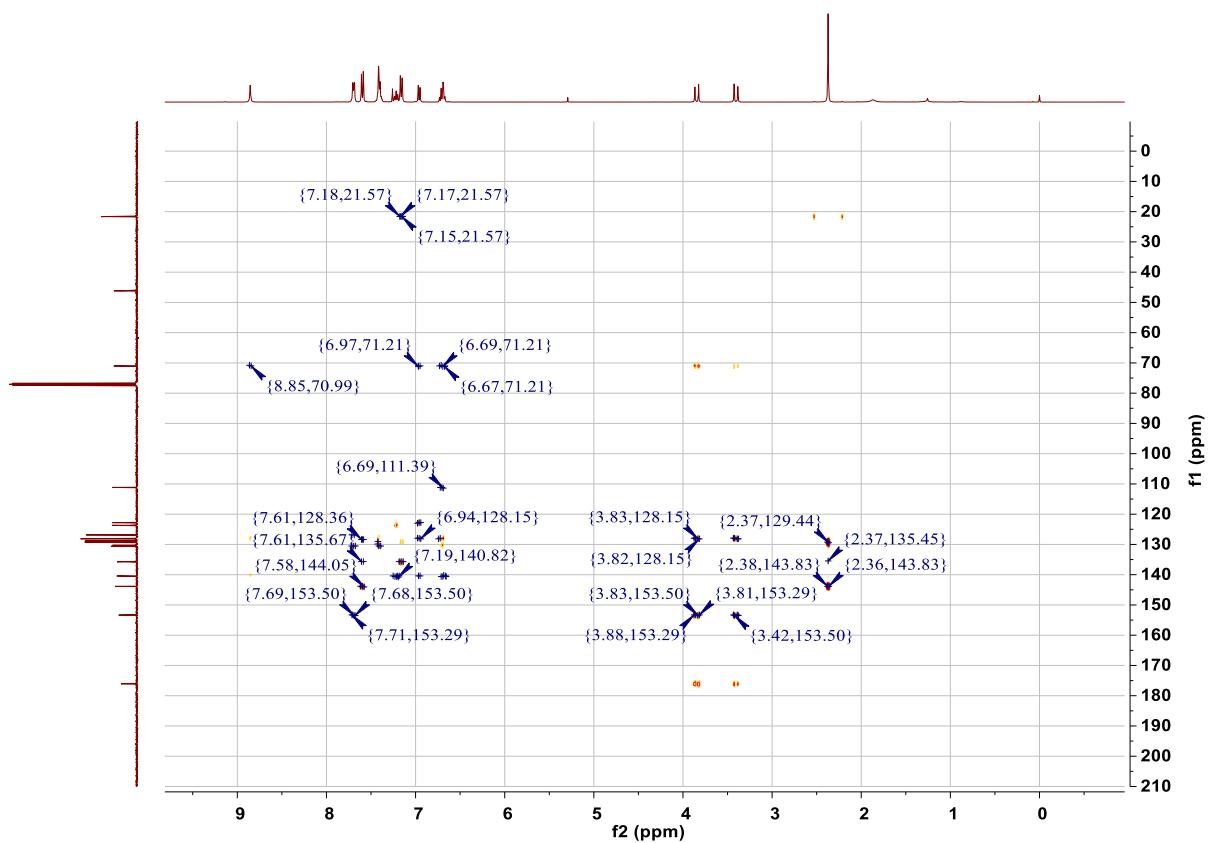
HKQ-113e2 #701 RT: 5.28 AV: 1 NL: 1.01E5
T: FTMS + c ESI Full ms [200.0000-800.0000]



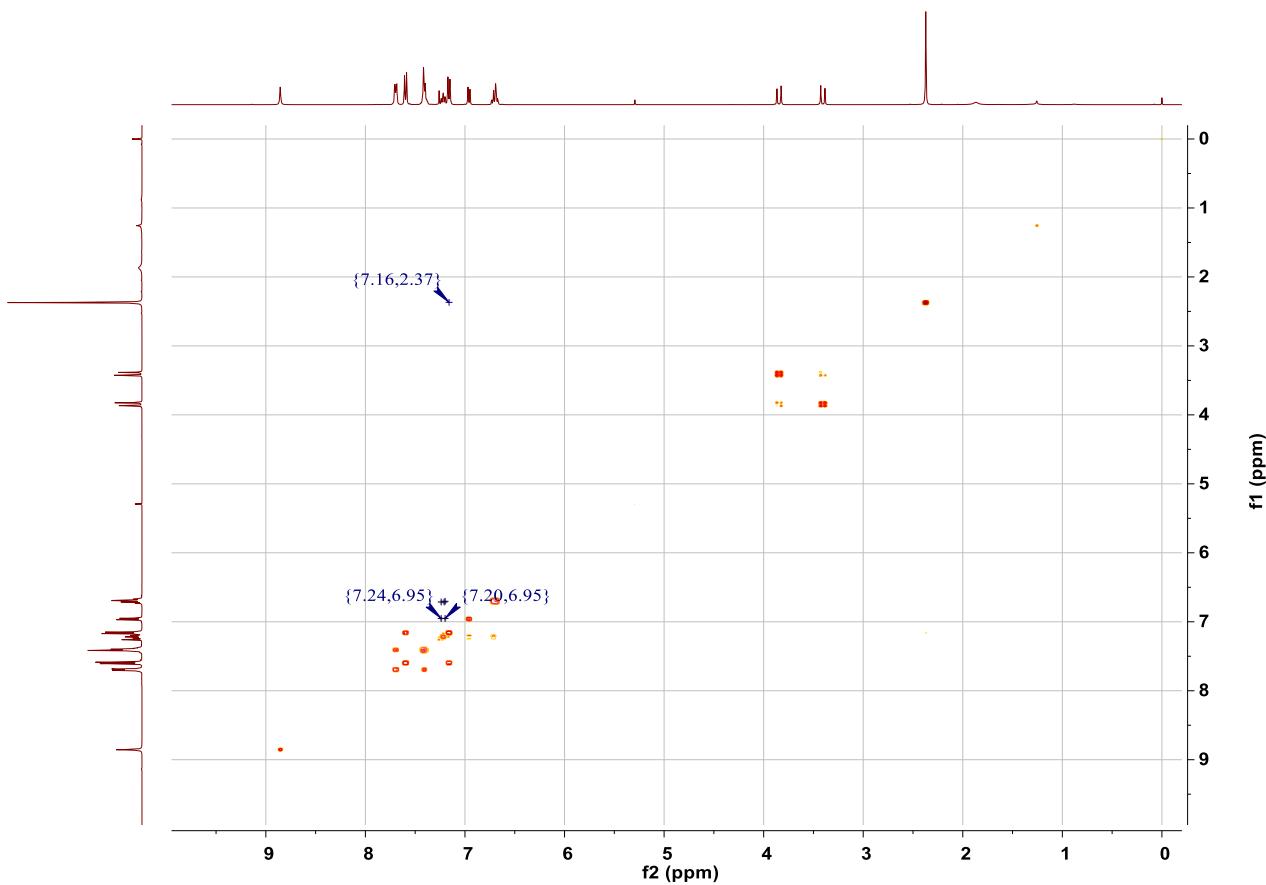


12. Copies of 2D NMR

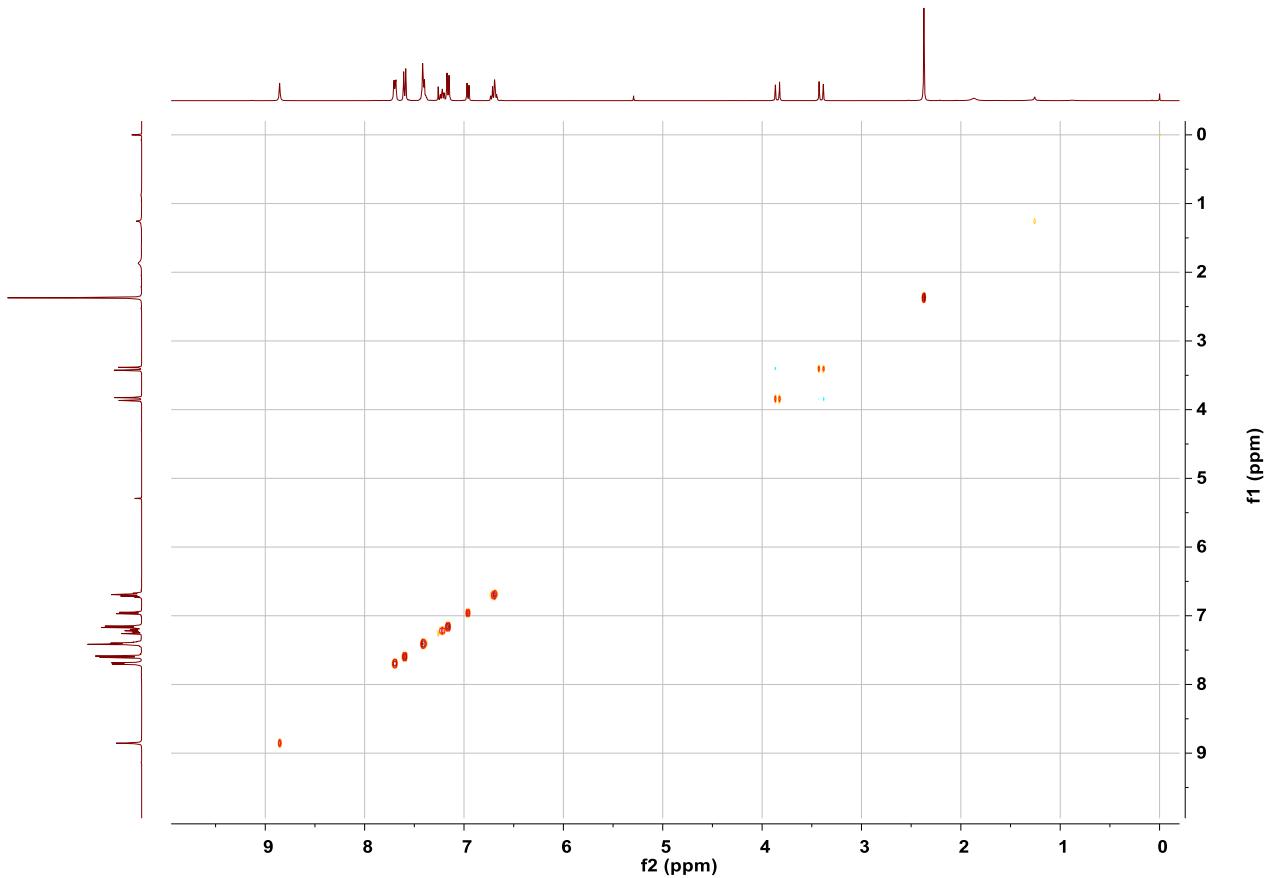


HSQC:**HMBC:**

COSY:



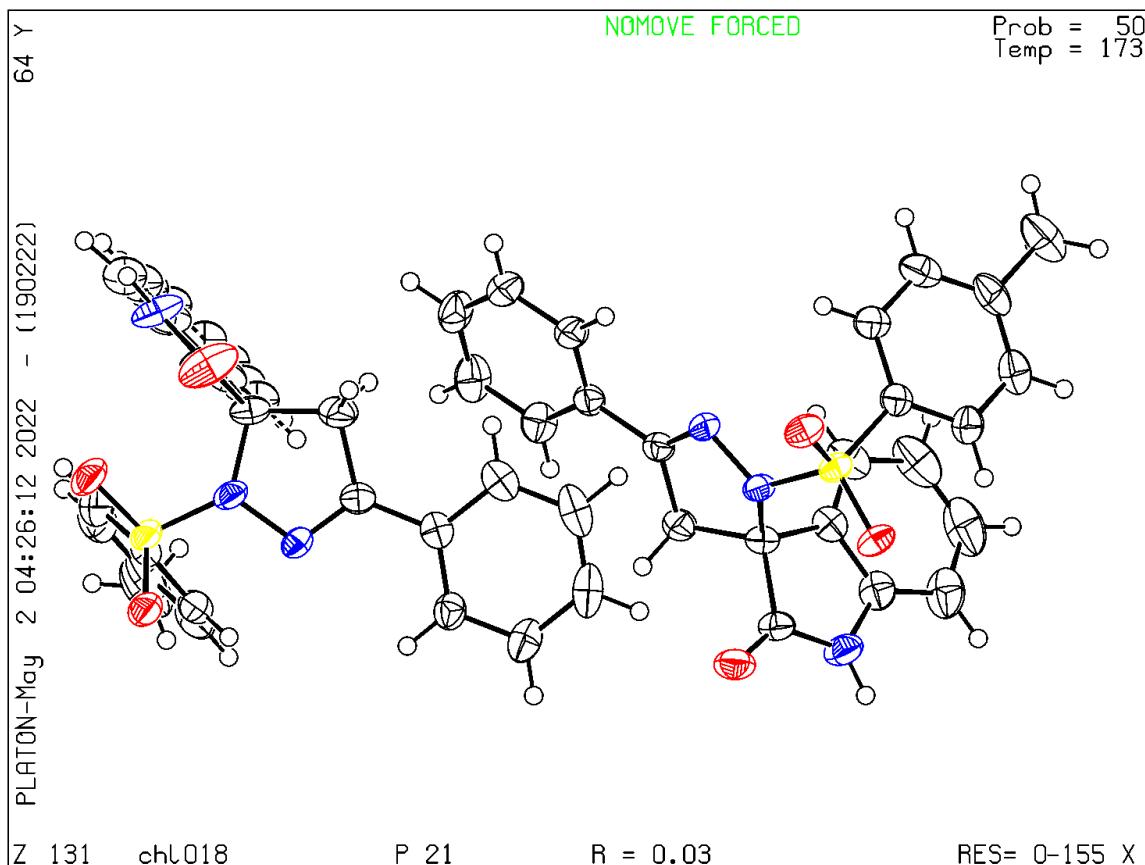
NOESY:



13. X-ray crystallography data

13.1 Determination of the absolute configuration of C1 by X-ray crystallography

The colourless crystal in block-shape, with approximate dimensions of $0.271 \times 0.307 \times 0.339 \text{ mm}^3$, was selected and mounted for the single-crystal X-ray diffraction. The data set was collected by Bruker D8 Venture Photon II diffractometer at $173(2)\text{K}$ equipped with micro-focus Cu radiation source ($K_\alpha = 1.54178\text{\AA}$). Applied with face-indexed numerical absorption correction, the structure solution was solved and refinement was processed by SHELXTL (version 6.14) and OLEX 2.3 program package.^{3a-c} The structure was analyzed by ADDSYM routine implemented in PLATON suite and no higher symmetry was suggested.^{3d}



The crystal of product **C1** was obtained in the solvents of dichloromethane and petroleum ether. CCDC: 2170044.

Crystallographic Data for C₄₆H₃₈N₆O₆S₂

Formula	C ₄₆ H ₃₈ N ₆ O ₆ S ₂
Formula mass (amu)	834.94
Space group	P 21
a (Å)	8.3086 (3)
b (Å)	14.1838 (5)
c (Å)	17.5511 (6)
α (deg)	90
β (deg)	91.885 (1)
γ (deg)	90
V (Å ³)	2067.23 (13)
Z	2

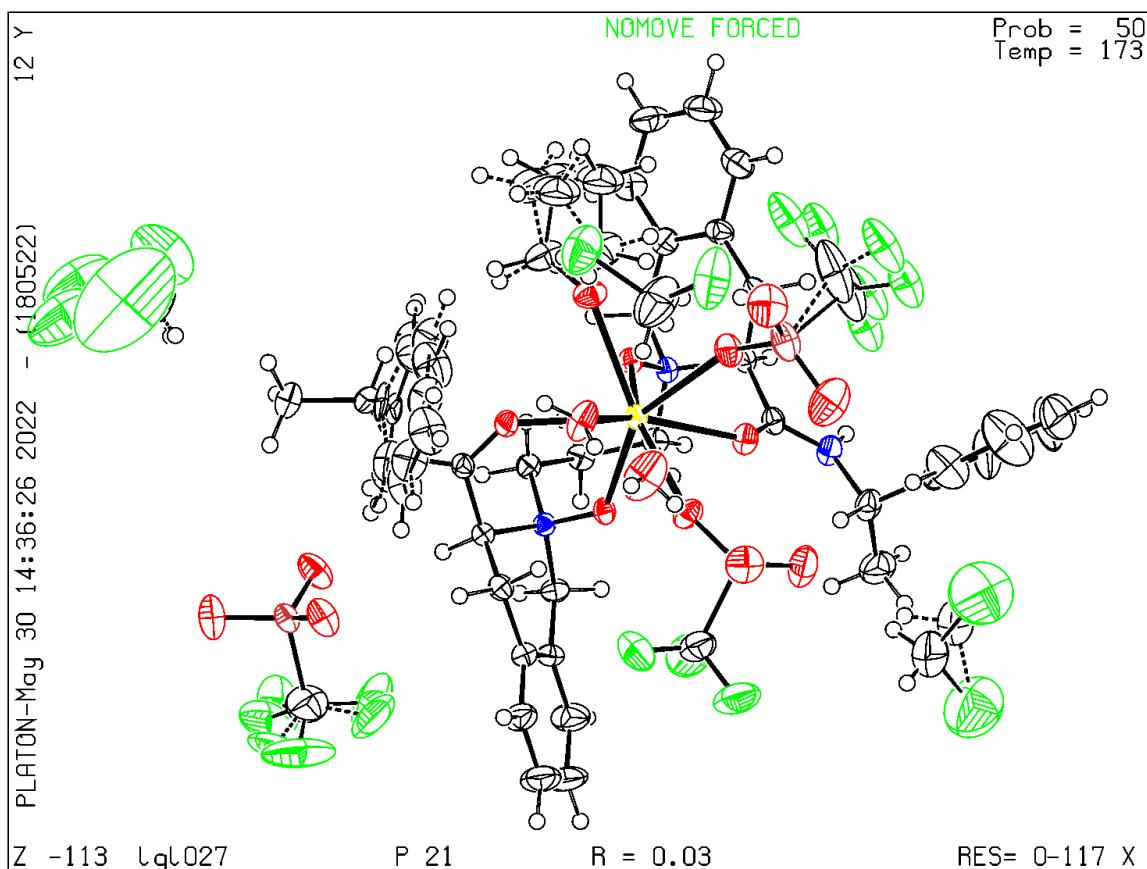
λ (Å)	1.54178
T (K)	173 K
ρ_{calcd} (g cm ⁻³)	1.341
μ (mm ⁻¹)	1.641
Transmission factors	0.607, 0.743
θ_{max} (deg)	68.384
No. of unique data, including $F_o^2 < 0$	7503
No. of unique data, with $F_o^2 > 2\sigma(F_o^2)$	7436
No. of variables	546
$R(F)$ for $F_o^2 > 2\sigma(F_o^2)$ ^a	0.0265
$R_w(F_o^2)$ ^b	0.0692
Goodness of fit	1.051

^a $R(F) = \sum ||F_o| - |F_c|| / \sum |F_o|$.

^b $R_w(F_o^2) = [\sum [w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2] / \sum wF_o^4]^{1/2}$; $w^{-1} = [\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (Ap)^2 + Bp]$, where $p = [\max(F_o^2, 0) + 2F_c^2] / 3$.

13.2 Determination of the absolute configuration of L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh/Pr(OTf)₃ by X-ray crystallography

The green crystal in block-shape, with approximate dimensions of 0.174 × 0.312 × 0.920 mm³, was selected and mounted for the single-crystal X-ray diffraction. The data set was collected by Bruker D8 Venture Photon II diffractometer at 173(2)K equipped with micro-focus Mo radiation source ($K_\alpha = 0.71073\text{\AA}$). Applied with face-indexed numerical absorption correction, the structure solution was solved and refinement was processed by SHELXTL (version 6.14) and OLEX 2.3 program package.^{3a-c} The structure was analyzed by ADDSYM routine implemented in PLATON suite and no higher symmetry was suggested.^{3d}



The crystal of **L₃-TQ-(S)-EPh/Pr(OTf)₃** was obtained in the solvents of tetrahydrofuran and petroleum ether. CCDC: 2181783.
Crystallographic Data for C49 H62 Cl6 F9 N4 O16 Pr S3

Formula	C49 H62 Cl6 F9 N4 O16 Pr S3
Formula mass (amu)	1583.81
Space group	P 21
<i>a</i> (Å)	12.3349 (9)
<i>b</i> (Å)	21.2246 (14)
<i>c</i> (Å)	12.9920 (8)
α (deg)	90
β (deg)	96.692 (2)
γ (deg)	90
<i>V</i> (Å ³)	3378.2 (4)
<i>Z</i>	2
λ (Å)	0.71073
<i>T</i> (K)	173 K
ρ_{calcd} (g cm ⁻³)	1.557
μ (mm ⁻¹)	1.138
Transmission factors	0.708, 1.000
θ_{max} (deg)	27.519
No. of unique data, including $F_{\text{o}}^2 < 0$	15417
No. of unique data, with $F_{\text{o}}^2 > 2\sigma(F_{\text{o}}^2)$	14334
No. of variables	933
$R(F)$ for $F_{\text{o}}^2 > 2\sigma(F_{\text{o}}^2)$ ^a	0.0312
$R_{\text{w}}(F_{\text{o}}^2)$ ^b	0.0751
Goodness of fit	1.051

^a $R(F) = \sum ||F_{\text{o}}| - |F_{\text{c}}|| / \sum |F_{\text{o}}|$.

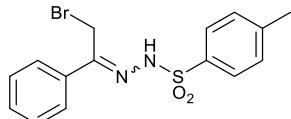
^b $R_{\text{w}}(F_{\text{o}}^2) = [\sum w(F_{\text{o}}^2 - F_{\text{c}}^2)^2] / \sum wF_{\text{o}}^4]^{1/2}$; $w^{-1} = [\sigma^2(F_{\text{o}}^2) + (Ap)^2 + Bp]$, where $p = [\max(F_{\text{o}}^2, 0) + 2F_{\text{c}}^2] / 3$.

14. References

- [1] (a) Y. H. Wen, X. Huang, J. L. Huang, Y. Xiong, B. Qin and X. M. Feng, Asymmetric Cyanosilylation of Aldehydes Catalyzed by Novel Organocatalysts, *Synlett.*, 2005, **16**, 2445–2448; (b) X. H. Liu, L. L. Lin and X. M. Feng, Chiral *N,N*-Dioxides: New Ligands and Organocatalysts for Catalytic Asymmetric Reactions, *Acc. Chem. Res.*, 2011, **44**, 574–587; (c) X. H. Liu, L. L. Lin and X. M. Feng, Chiral *N,N*-Dioxide Ligands: Synthesis, Coordination Chemistry and Asymmetric Catalysis, *Org. Chem. Front.*, 2014, **1**, 298–302; (d) Y. S. Chen, Y. Liu, Z. J. Li, S. X. Dong, X. H. Liu and X. M. Feng, Bimetallic Rhodium(II)/Indium(III) Relay Catalysis for Tandem Insertion/Asymmetric Claisen Rearrangement, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, 2018, **57**, 16554–16558.
- [2] B. X. Quan, J. R. Zhuo, J. Q. Zhao, M. L. Zhang, M. Q. Zhou, X. M. Zhang and W. C. Yuan, [4 + 1] Annulation Reaction of Cyclic Pyridinium Ylides with *in situ* Generated Azoalkenes for the Construction of Spirocyclic Skeletons, *Org. Biomol. Chem.*, 2020, **18**, 1886–1891.
- [3] (a) G. M. Sheldrick, *Acta Cryst.*, 2008, **A64**, 112–122; (b) G. M. Sheldrick, *Acta Cryst.*, 2015, **A71**, 3–8; (c) G. M. Sheldrick, *Acta Cryst.*, 2015, **C71**, 3–8; (d) O. V. Dolomanov, L. J. Bourhis, R. J. Gildea, J. A. K. Howard and H. Puschmann, *J. Appl. Cryst.*, 2009, **42**, 339–341; (e) A. L. Spek, *J. Appl. Cryst.*, 2003, **36**, 7–13.

15. Characterization for the reaction substrates

N'-(2-bromo-1-phenylethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



A1

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.97 – 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.69 – 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.54 – 7.29 (m, 5H), 7.24 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 4.20 (s, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H).

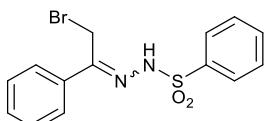
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 151.5, 135.1, 130.7, 130.3, 130.0, 129.8, 128.8, 128.1, 127.9, 127.5, 126.1, 34.1, 21.7, 19.1.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₁₈KN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+K⁺) = 357.0670, found 357.0668. (The bromo group would be replaced by -OMe in MeOH)

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3179, 1597, 1494, 1446, 1387, 1343, 1215, 1168, 1092, 1049, 908, 873, 816, 778, 740, 701, 668, 617, 579, 548, 525.

M. p. 143 – 144 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-phenylethylidene)benzenesulfonohydrazide



A2

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.12 – 7.87 (m, 3H), 7.73 – 7.46 (m, 6H), 7.45 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 4.19 (s, 2H).

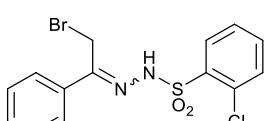
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 151.8, 150.1, 138.1, 138.0, 134.4, 133.6, 133.5, 130.7, 130.4, 130.0, 129.8, 129.1, 128.8, 128.1, 127.9, 127.5, 126.2, 33.9, 19.1.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₁₆KN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+K⁺) = 343.0513, found 343.0515.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3214, 1447, 1392, 1347, 1165, 1087, 1001, 873, 775, 752, 722, 687, 622, 577, 529.

M. p. 143 – 146 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-phenylethylidene)-2-chlorobenzenesulfonohydrazide



A3

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.72 – 7.99 (m, 2H), 7.78 – 7.31 (m, 8H), 4.25 (s, 2H).

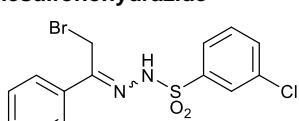
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 152.8, 151.8, 135.7, 135.6, 134.6, 134.1, 132.8, 132.7, 131.7, 131.6, 131.5, 131.2, 130.8, 130.5, 129.9, 129.7, 128.7, 127.6, 127.5, 127.3, 126.2, 33.8, 19.0.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₁₆Cl^{34.9689}N₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+H⁺) = 339.0565, found 339.0567 and C₁₅H₁₆Cl^{36.9659}N₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+H⁺) = 341.0535, found 341.0533.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3235, 1575, 1452, 1391, 1351, 1320, 1165, 1131, 1108, 1042, 1001, 910, 877, 756, 702, 668, 622, 581.

M. p. 114 – 117 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-phenylethylidene)-3-chlorobenzenesulfonohydrazide



A4

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.05 – 7.99 (m, 1H), 7.94 – 7.86 (m, 1H), 7.85 – 7.55 (m, 3H), 7.54 – 7.36 (m, 4H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 1H), 4.21 (s, 2H).

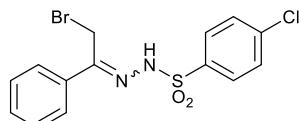
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 150.8, 139.7, 139.6, 135.3, 134.2, 133.7, 133.6, 130.8, 130.6, 130.4, 129.9, 128.8, 128.3, 127.9, 127.4, 126.2, 126.0, 33.7, 19.1.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₁₅NaCl^{34.9689}N₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 361.0384, found 361.0386 and C₁₅H₁₅NaCl^{36.9659}N₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 363.0355, found 363.0353.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3218, 1464, 1409, 1351, 1319, 1165, 1076, 1000, 874, 775, 752, 674, 623, 579, 490.

M. p. 108 – 110 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-phenylethylidene)-4-chlorobenzenesulfonohydrazide



A5

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.00 – 7.82 (m, 2H), 7.70 – 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.57 – 7.35 (m, 5H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 4.21 (s, 2H).

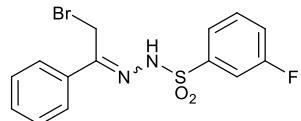
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 152.1, 136.5, 130.8, 129.9, 129.6, 129.5, 129.4, 128.8, 127.4, 126.1, 33.8.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₁₅KCl^{34.9689}N₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+K⁺) = 377.0123, found 377.0126 and C₁₅H₁₅KCl^{36.9659}N₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+K⁺) = 379.0094, found 379.0092.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3216, 1583, 1475, 1397, 1349, 1165, 1089, 1014, 875, 828, 775, 757, 699, 634, 579, 528, 482.

M. p. 138 – 142 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-phenylethylidene)-4-fluorobenzenesulfonohydrazide



A6

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.17 – 7.78 (m, 1H), 7.77 – 7.60 (m, 3H), 7.60 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.25 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 4.21 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 163.6, 161.1, 152.3, 150.7, 139.9, 134.2, 131.0, 130.9, 130.8, 130.6, 129.9, 128.8, 127.4, 126.2, 123.9, 123.8, 123.7, 121.0, 120.9, 120.8, 120.7, 115.7, 115.4, 115.2, 33.7, 19.1.

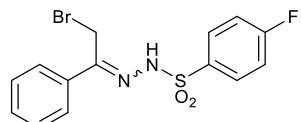
¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -109.5.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₁₅FNaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 345.0680, found 345.0683.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3216, 1593, 1476, 1435, 1391, 1350, 1272, 1226, 1165, 1084, 1068, 1002, 916, 870, 776, 753, 695, 677, 626, 579, 504.

M. p. 114 – 117 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-phenylethylidene)-4-fluorobenzenesulfonohydrazide



A7

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.16 – 7.59 (m, 4H), 7.54 – 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.46 – 7.34 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.15 (m, 3H), 4.20 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 167.0, 166.9, 164.4, 152.1, 150.4, 134.3, 134.0, 131.0, 130.9, 130.8, 130.7, 130.5, 129.9, 129.8, 128.8, 127.4, 126.1, 116.6, 116.3, 33.8, 19.1.

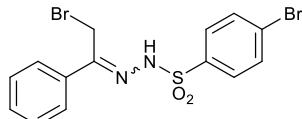
¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -103.6.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₁₅FKN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+K⁺) = 361.0419, found 361.0421.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3217, 1592, 1494, 1407, 1352, 1320, 1295, 1239, 1174, 1155, 1086, 991, 874, 837, 775, 754, 691, 673, 615, 547.

M. p. 119 – 124 °C

N'-4-bromo-(2-bromo-1-phenylethylidene)benzenesulfonohydrazide



A8

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.96 (s, 1H), 7.91 – 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.73 – 7.61 (m, 3H), 7.55 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.25 – 7.19 (m, 1H), 4.20 (s, 2H).

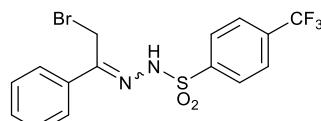
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 150.7, 132.5, 130.8, 130.6, 129.9, 129.6, 129.4, 128.8, 128.7, 127.4, 126.1, 33.8, 19.2.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₅H₁₅Br^{78.9183}NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 404.9879, found 404.9877 and C₁₅H₁₅Br^{80.9163}NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 406.9859, found 406.9860.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3217, 1574, 1470, 1392, 1350, 1319, 1165, 1085, 1069, 1008, 873, 822, 775, 740, 696, 627, 593, 531, 419.

M. p. 157 – 158 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-phenylethylidene)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonohydrazide



A9

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.14 (t, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 8.07 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.69 – 7.61 (m, 1H), 7.55 – 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.47 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.25 – 7.19 (m, 1H), 4.21 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 152.5, 151.0, 141.6, 141.5, 135.3, 135.0, 134.2, 130.9, 130.6, 129.9, 129.8, 128.9, 128.7, 128.5, 127.4, 126.3, 126.2, 124.5, 121.8, 33.7, 19.1.

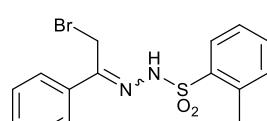
¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -63.1.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₁₅F₃KN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+K⁺) = 411.0387, found 411.0390.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3220, 1406, 1353, 1322, 1171, 1132, 1109, 1089, 1062, 1018, 991, 876, 842, 775, 754, 713, 628, 599, 526, 428.

M. p. 108 – 111 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-phenylethylidene)-2-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



A10

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.21 – 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.78 – 7.45 (m, 4H), 7.44 – 7.27 (m, 4H), 4.21 (s, 2H), 2.65 (s, 3H).

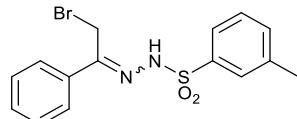
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 151.2, 149.2, 137.9, 137.7, 136.3, 134.4, 133.6, 132.6, 130.8, 130.7, 130.5, 130.3, 130.0, 129.9, 128.7, 127.5, 126.5, 126.4, 126.1, 34.0, 20.8, 20.6, 19.2.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₁₅N₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+H⁺) = 319.1111, found 319.1116.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3222, 1596, 1448, 1389, 1165, 1133, 1103, 1063, 1001, 944, 872, 807, 773, 752, 691, 620, 584, 541, 491.

M. p. 114 – 117 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-phenylethylidene)-3-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



A11

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

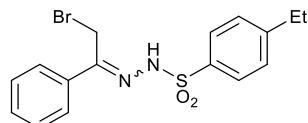
¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.90 – 7.77 (m, 2H), 7.74 – 7.61 (m, 2H), 7.53 – 7.33 (m, 5H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 149.9, 139.3, 137.8, 134.4, 130.3, 129.8, 129.0, 128.7, 128.4, 127.5, 126.2, 125.2, 21.3, 19.1. **HRMS (ESI⁺)** m/z calcd for C₁₆H₁₉N₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+H⁺) = 319.1111, found 319.1115.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3218, 1447, 1395, 1347, 1306, 1220, 1165, 1086, 1002, 877, 775, 753, 688, 624, 583, 487.

M. p. 113 – 115 °C

***N'*-(2-bromo-1-phenylethylidene)-4-ethylbenzenesulfonohydrazide**



A12

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.69 – 7.58 (m, 1H), 7.53 – 7.45 (m, 1H), 7.44 – 7.31 (m, 4H), 7.24 – 7.15 (m, 1H), 4.20 (s, 2H), 2.73 (dq, *J* = 15.2, 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.31 (s, 3H).

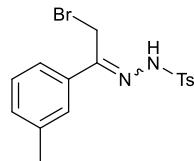
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 151.5, 150.6, 149.8, 135.3, 135.2, 134.4, 130.6, 130.3, 130.0, 129.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.2, 128.0, 127.5, 126.2, 34.1, 28.9, 28.9, 19.1, 15.1, 15.0.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₀NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 355.1087, found 355.1089.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3214, 2968, 1597, 1447, 1409, 1346, 1165, 1088, 1002, 873, 834, 775, 752, 693, 661, 616, 582, 559.

M. p. 108 – 110 °C

***N'*-(2-bromo-1-(*m*-tolyl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide**



A15

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.04 – 7.65 (m, 3H), 7.48 – 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.39 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.25 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 6.99 – 6.95 (m, 1H), 4.18 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

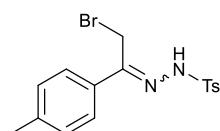
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 151.9, 150.0, 144.5, 144.4, 139.8, 138.5, 135.2, 135.1, 134.4, 131.4, 131.1, 129.9, 129.8, 129.7, 128.6, 128.1, 127.9, 127.8, 126.8, 124.4, 123.3, 53.5, 34.1, 21.7, 21.5, 19.3.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₁N₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+H⁺) = 333.1267, found 333.1275.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3215, 2362, 1598, 1401, 1345, 1165, 1086, 1023, 861, 814, 794, 667, 621, 584, 549.

M. p. 139 – 142 °C

***N'*-(2-bromo-1-(*p*-tolyl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide**



A16

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.96 – 7.61 (m, 3H), 7.56 – 7.27 (m, 4H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.26 – 4.11 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H).

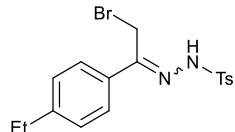
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 150.1, 144.5, 140.7, 135.1, 130.4, 129.7, 129.5, 128.1, 127.9, 127.4, 126.1, 21.7, 21.4, 19.1.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₀NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 355.1087, found 355.1092.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3208, 1596, 1470, 1407, 1342, 1319, 1305, 1165, 1082, 992, 869, 820, 731, 714, 689, 671, 584, 563.

M. p. 161 – 164 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-(4-ethylphenyl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



A17

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.96 – 7.65 (m, 3H), 7.62 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.24 – 7.06 (m, 2H), 4.18 (s, 2H), 2.68 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.25 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H).

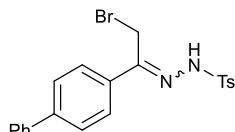
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 150.1, 147.0, 144.5, 135.1, 131.8, 129.7, 129.3, 128.3, 128.1, 127.9, 127.5, 126.2, 28.8, 28.7, 21.7, 19.2, 15.3, 15.2.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₃NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 347.1424, found 347.1428.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3217, 2967, 1596, 1465, 1405, 1343, 1314, 1165, 1083, 994, 868, 840, 814, 707, 666, 586, 551.

M. p. 155 – 157 °C

N'-(1-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-2-bromoethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



A18

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

Yellow solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.94 – 7.79 (m, 2H), 7.78 – 7.54 (m, 6H), 7.50 – 7.27 (m, 5H), 4.23 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H).

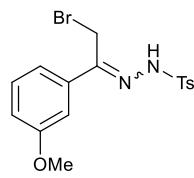
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 151.3, 149.5, 144.6, 144.5, 143.6, 143.1, 140.0, 139.7, 135.1, 135.0, 133.2, 129.8, 129.0, 128.9, 128.6, 128.4, 128.2, 128.1, 128.0, 127.9, 127.4, 127.2, 127.1, 126.6, 34.1, 21.7, 21.7, 19.0.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₂₂H₂₂NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 417.1243, found 417.1244.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3216, 1599, 1487, 1402, 1348, 1319, 1165, 1084, 997, 871, 846, 813, 769, 734, 698, 666, 614, 551.

M. p. 138 – 140 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-(3-methoxyphenyl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



A19

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.08 – 7.69 (m, 3H), 7.42 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.22 – 7.16 (m, 1H), 7.03 – 6.90 (m, 1H), 6.78 – 6.68 (m, 1H), 4.18 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H).

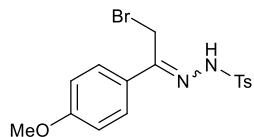
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 160.4, 159.8, 151.4, 149.6, 144.6, 144.4, 135.8, 135.2, 135.0, 131.2, 131.1, 129.8, 129.7, 128.1, 127.9, 119.3, 118.6, 116.1, 116.0, 113.1, 111.5, 55.4, 55.3, 33.9, 21.7, 21.7, 19.2.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₀NaN₂O₄S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 371.1036, found 371.1040.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3214, 1598, 1575, 1464, 1429, 1400, 1310, 1237, 1165, 1084, 1042, 1009, 858, 814, 787, 731, 706, 666, 616, 548.

M. p. 136 – 139 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



A20

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.93 – 7.86 (m, 2H), 7.84 – 7.76 (m, 1H), 7.70 – 7.56 (m, 2H), 7.36 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.22 – 6.87 (m, 2H), 4.18 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H).

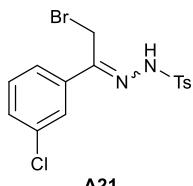
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 161.4, 150.2, 144.4, 135.1, 129.7, 129.1, 128.1, 127.9, 127.7, 126.8, 115.1, 114.1, 55.4, 21.7, 19.1.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₀NaN₂O₄S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 371.1036, found 371.1041.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3207, 1602, 1513, 1462, 1403, 1317, 1255, 1165, 1083, 1030, 993, 872, 837, 813, 716, 665, 587, 548.

M. p. 137 – 140 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-(3-chlorophenyl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



A21

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.10 (s, 1H), 7.94 – 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.66 – 7.58 (m, 1H), 7.55 – 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.41 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.23 – 7.08 (m, 1H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H).

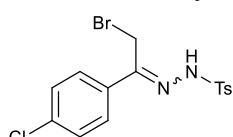
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 149.8, 148.1, 144.8, 144.6, 136.2, 135.9, 134.9, 131.7, 131.1, 130.9, 130.2, 130.0, 129.8, 128.1, 127.9, 127.6, 126.3, 125.8, 124.2, 33.7, 21.7, 18.7.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₁₇Cl^{34.9689}NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 375.0541, found 375.0545 and C₁₆H₁₇Cl^{36.9659}NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 377.0511, found 377.0511.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3213, 1596, 1564, 1465, 1403, 1345, 1307, 1165, 1118, 1085, 1014, 872, 808, 665, 618, 583, 548.

M. p. 129 – 133 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-(4-chlorophenyl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



A22

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.84 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.62 – 7.54 (m, 2H), 7.50 – 7.29 (m, 4H), 4.17 (s, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H).

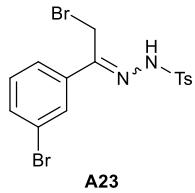
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 148.6, 144.7, 136.5, 134.9, 132.8, 130.1, 129.8, 129.0, 128.1, 127.9, 127.4, 33.8, 21.7, 18.7.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₁₇Cl^{34.9689}NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 375.0541, found 375.0544 and C₁₆H₁₇Cl^{36.9659}NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 377.0511, found 377.0511.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3202, 1596, 1493, 1474, 1399, 1341, 1313, 1165, 1083, 995, 943, 872, 834, 813, 771, 736, 701, 672, 551.

M. p. 149 – 152 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-(3-bromophenyl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.04 (s, 1H), 7.93 – 7.78 (m, 2H), 7.76 (t, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.64 – 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 4.13 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H).

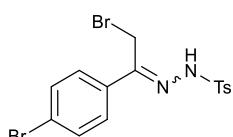
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 148.1, 144.8, 136.4, 134.8, 133.2, 130.2, 129.8, 129.2, 128.1, 124.7, 123.0, 21.7, 18.7.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₁₇Br^{78.9183}NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 419.0035, found 419.0040 and C₁₆H₁₇Br^{80.9163}NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 421.0015, found 421.0018.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3212, 1596, 1559, 1466, 1403, 1345, 1306, 1165, 1086, 1009, 871, 813, 786, 672, 617, 583, 548.

M. p. 130 – 133 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-(4-bromophenyl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



A24

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.93 – 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.67 – 7.58 (m, 1H), 7.51 (s, 3H), 7.40 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 4.16 (s, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H).

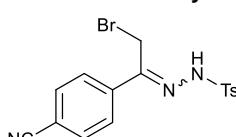
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 148.6, 144.7, 134.9, 133.3, 133.1, 132.0, 129.8, 129.2, 128.1, 127.9, 127.6, 124.8, 33.8, 21.7, 18.6.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₁₇Br^{78.9183}NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 419.0035, Found 419.0042 and C₁₆H₁₇Br^{80.9163}NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 421.0015, found 421.0020.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3214, 1594, 1469, 1396, 1345, 1313, 1165, 1084, 995, 871, 832, 814, 763, 688, 578, 549.

M. p. 160 – 162 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-(4-cyanophenyl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



A25

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.20 (s, 1H), 7.88 (m, 2H), 7.84 – 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.71 – 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.42 – 7.30 (m, 2H), 4.18 (s, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H).

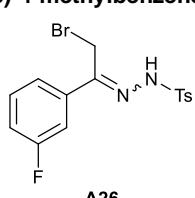
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 147.0, 144.9, 138.5, 134.8, 133.5, 132.5, 129.9, 128.1, 126.6, 118.2, 113.6, 21.7, 18.2.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₁₇NaN₃O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 366.0883, found 366.0887.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3207, 2231, 1595, 1405, 1350, 1318, 1165, 1086, 999, 869, 846, 814, 706, 663, 564.

M. p. 174 – 177 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.26 – 7.61 (m, 3H), 7.54 – 7.30 (m, 4H), 7.23 – 7.04 (m, 1H), 4.17 (s, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 164.2, 161.9, 161.7, 148.3, 144.7, 144.6, 136.7, 134.9, 131.8, 131.7, 130.3, 129.8, 128.1, 127.9, 123.3, 121.8, 121.7, 118.0, 117.8, 117.4, 117.2, 115.0, 114.8, 113.3, 113.0, 33.7, 21.7, 18.8.

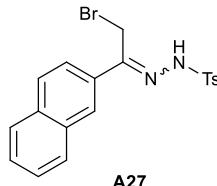
¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -109.1, -111.9.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₆H₁₇NaFN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 359.0836, found 359.0839.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3214, 1597, 1438, 1401, 1346, 1313, 1165, 1086, 1019, 886, 814, 791, 727, 707, 666, 618, 548.

M. p. 112 – 116 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-(naphthalen-2-yl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.96 – 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.91 – 7.79 (m, 4H), 7.57 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.30 (s, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H).

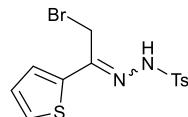
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 149.7, 144.6, 135.0, 134.1, 132.8, 131.7, 129.8, 128.7, 128.1, 127.7, 127.4, 126.7, 126.1, 123.2, 21.7, 19.0.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₂₀H₂₀NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 391.1087, found 391.1090.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3217, 1597, 1401, 1344, 1311, 1165, 1081, 1007, 942, 862, 815, 753, 664, 579, 547, 476.

M. p. 153 – 156 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-(thiophen-2-yl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

Light yellow solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.13 – 7.76 (m, 3H), 7.45 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.25 – 7.16 (m, 1H), 7.05 – 6.98 (m, 1H), 4.21 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 146.5, 144.6, 139.3, 134.8, 129.7, 129.6, 129.5, 128.3, 128.1, 128.0, 127.4, 127.1, 21.7, 18.9.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₄H₁₆NaN₂O₃S₂⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 347.0495, found 347.0497.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3211, 2361, 1597, 1400, 1341, 1309, 1165, 1088, 1050, 966, 870, 814, 709, 666, 548.

M. p. 155 – 157 °C

N'-(2-bromo-1-(o-tolyl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide



Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.78 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.42 – 7.25 (m, 6H), 6.97 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 2.07 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 152.0, 144.5, 135.8, 135.2, 131.3, 130.6, 129.8, 129.5, 127.8, 127.7, 126.9, 34.3, 21.7, 19.2.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₇H₂₀NaN₂O₃S⁺ ([M]-Br+OCH₃+Na⁺) = 355.1087, found 355.1082.

IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3199, 2964, 1598, 1491, 1384, 1345, 1300, 1261, 1165, 1090, 1042, 908, 878, 809, 772, 733, 709, 667, 593, 549, 463.

M. p. 162 – 163 °C

***N'*-(2-bromo-1-(2-chlorophenyl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide**



A31

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

White solid.

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.80 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.52 – 7.37 (m, 4H), 7.34 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.22 – 7.14 (m, 1H), 4.29 (d, $J = 10.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.19 (d, $J = 10.4$ Hz, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 148.8, 144.5, 135.0, 132.0, 131.6, 130.6, 130.5, 129.7, 129.0, 127.9, 127.9, 33.4, 21.7.

HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{Cl}^{34.9689}\text{NaN}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}^+ ([M]\text{-Br+OCH}_3\text{+Na}^+) = 375.0541$, found 375.0540 and $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{17}\text{Cl}^{36.9659}\text{NaN}_2\text{O}_3\text{S}^+ ([M]\text{-Br+OCH}_3\text{+Na}^+) = 377.0511$, found 377.0511.

IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3196, 1597, 1432, 1391, 1347, 1303, 1261, 1168, 1069, 1037, 909, 879, 812, 763, 738, 703, 667, 589, 548, 461.

M. p. 162 – 164 °C

***N'*-(2-bromo-1-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonohydrazide**



A32

Synthesized according to general method 2.1.

Light red solid.

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 7.80 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.49 – 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.34 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.10 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.97 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 4.25 (s, 2H), 3.68 (s, 3H), 2.46 (s, 3H).

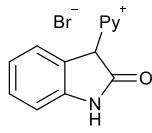
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 155.8, 150.0, 144.2, 135.5, 132.2, 129.6, 129.5, 127.8, 121.5, 118.6, 111.9, 55.7, 34.4, 21.7.

HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{20}\text{NaN}_2\text{O}_4\text{S}^+ ([M]\text{-Br+OCH}_3\text{+Na}^+) = 371.1036$, found 371.1040.

IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3210, 1598, 1491, 1460, 1435, 1385, 1344, 1304, 1246, 1165, 1092, 1047, 1021, 909, 879, 814, 757, 721, 668, 593, 549.

M. p. 134 – 136 °C

3-(pyridin-2-yl)indolin-2-one, bromide salt



B1

Synthesized according to general method 2.2.

Dark red solid.

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.25 (s, 1H), 9.01 (d, $J = 5.6$ Hz, 2H), 8.75 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 8.24 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.48 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.14 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.79 (s, 1H).

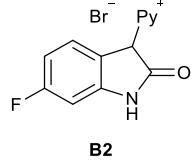
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 171.2, 147.8, 145.0, 143.9, 132.1, 129.2, 126.8, 123.4, 122.2, 111.6, 69.9.

HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{10}\text{NaN}_2\text{O}^+ ([M]\text{-Br+Na}^+) = 233.0685$, found 233.0686.

IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 2361, 2340, 1720, 1620, 1471, 757, 702, 671, 584, 550, 498, 481, 451, 422.

M. p. 216 – 218 °C

6-fluoro-3-(pyridin-2-yl)indolin-2-one, bromide salt



Synthesized according to general method 2.2.

Red solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.40 (s, 1H), 9.01 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 8.75 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 8.28 – 8.20 (m, 2H), 7.57 (dd, J = 8.0, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 7.04 – 6.95 (m, 1H), 6.93 (dd, J = 9.2, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 171.6, 163.3, 147.8, 146.0 (J = 12.6 Hz), 145.0, 129.2, 129.0 (J = 10.3 Hz), 126.9, 118.2 (J = 2.8 Hz), 109.8 (J = 22.8 Hz), 99.9 (J = 27.3 Hz), 69.4.

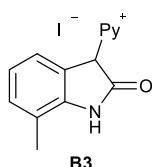
¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ -107.8.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₃H₉FN₂O⁺ ([M]-Br+Na⁺) = 252.0669, found 252.0657.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3028, 2361, 1742, 1625, 1499, 1462, 1330, 1290, 1240, 1198, 1142, 1094, 964, 846, 811, 772, 730, 678, 625, 598, 562, 514, 453.

M. p. >400 °C

7-methyl-3-(pyridin-2-yl)indolin-2-one, iodide salt



Synthesized according to general method 2.2.

Dark brown solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 11.16 (s, 1H), 9.00 (d, J = 5.6 Hz, 2H), 8.75 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.30 – 8.16 (m, 2H), 7.38 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 6.97 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (s, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H).

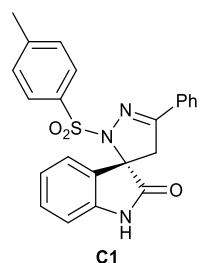
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 171.1, 147.7, 145.0, 141.3, 132.6, 132.4, 129.3, 127.2, 122.3, 111.4, 70.0, 21.1.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₁₄H₁₂NaN₂O⁺ ([M]-I+Na⁺) = 248.0920, found 248.0923.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 2360, 2339, 1711, 1626, 1484, 1207, 841, 752, 676, 584, 504.

M. p. >400 °C

16. Characterization and HPLC conditions for products



(S)-5'-phenyl-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow solid (37.5 mg) in 90% yield with 90% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel IA, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 34.25$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 16.95$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{17} = +44.6$ ($c = 0.24$, in CH_2Cl_2).

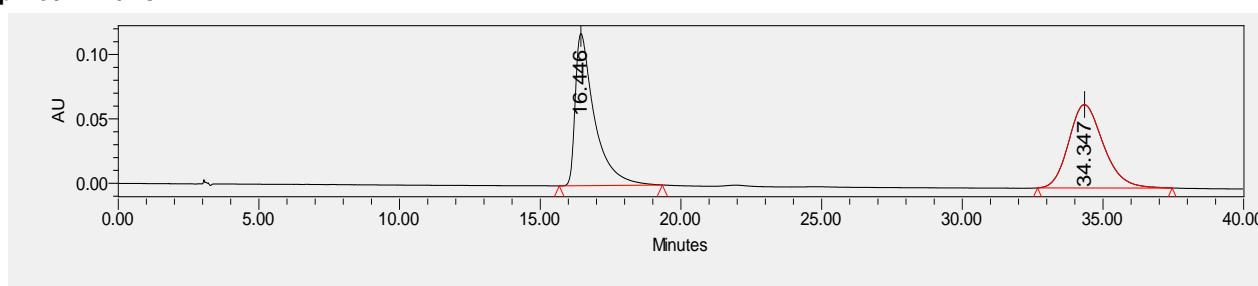
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.81 (s, 1H), 7.70 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.41 (s, 3H), 7.22 (td, $J = 7.6, 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.78 – 6.65 (m, 2H), 3.85 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.41 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 176.0, 153.3, 143.9, 140.4, 135.8, 130.6, 130.5, 130.3, 129.2, 128.7, 128.2, 128.0, 126.9, 123.7, 122.8, 111.2, 71.0, 46.2, 21.6.

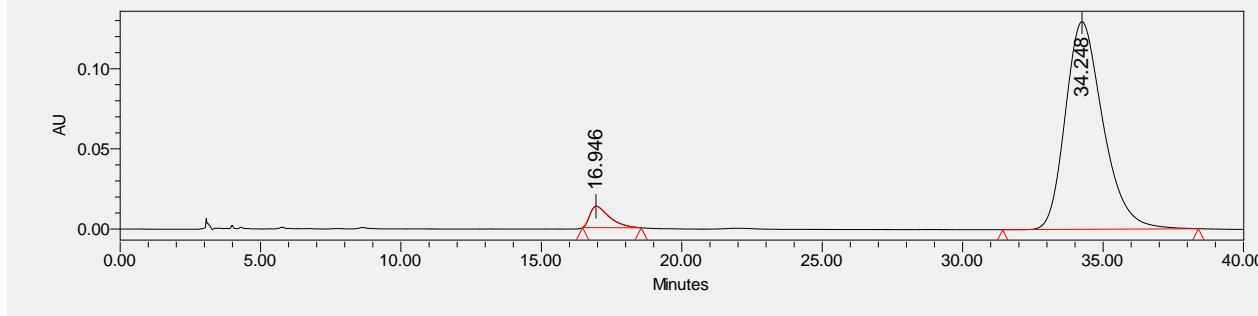
HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{S}^+ ([\text{M}]+\text{H}^+) = 418.1220$, found 418.1218.

IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3318, 1729, 1620, 1600, 1472, 1355, 1214, 1166, 1123, 1037, 1019, 758, 735, 705, 665, 592, 546.

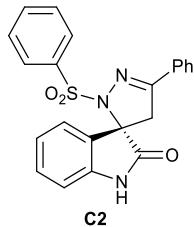
M. p. 236 – 240 °C



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	16.446	5595234	50.21
2	34.347	5548447	49.79



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	16.946	645680	5.08
2	34.248	12054166	94.92



(S)-5'-phenyl-2'-(phenylsulfonyl)-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow solid (33.9 mg) in 84% yield with 90% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel IB_N-5, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 9.84$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 13.13$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +30.6$ ($c = 1.39$, in CH_2Cl_2).

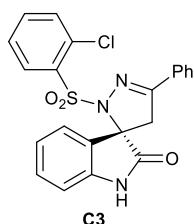
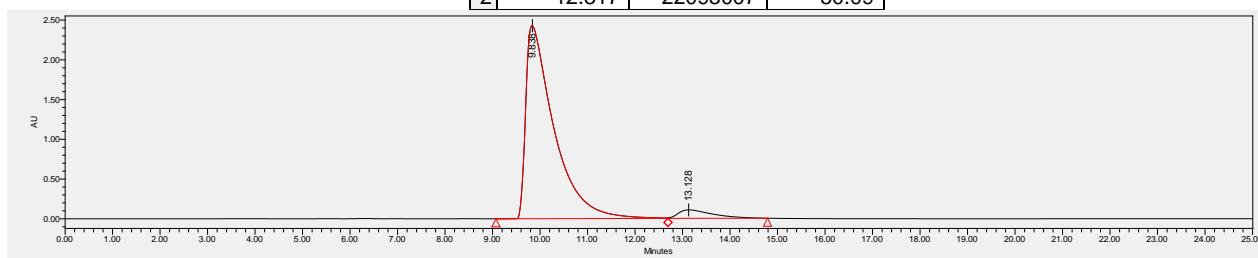
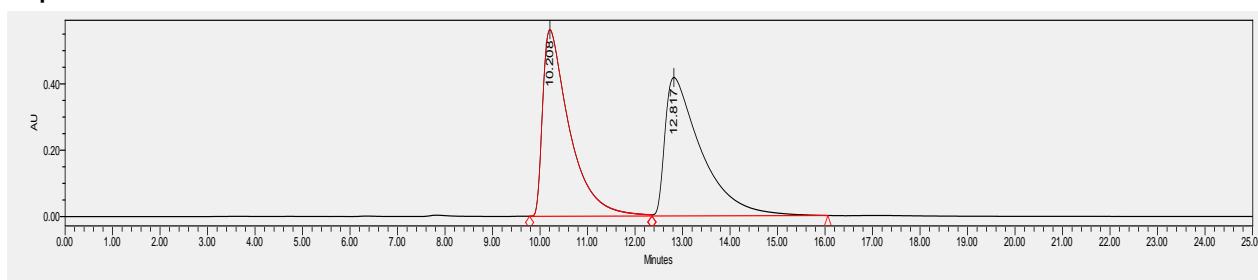
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 9.75 (s, 1H), 7.87 – 7.75 (m, 2H), 7.72 – 7.55 (m, 3H), 7.54 – 7.39 (m, 5H), 7.31 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.00 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.77 – 6.54 (m, 2H), 3.81 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.62 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 175.8, 154.4, 142.5, 140.2, 133.7, 131.5, 131.3, 130.8, 129.5, 129.4, 128.9, 128.6, 127.5, 124.6, 122.8, 111.0, 71.7, 46.7.

HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 426.0883$, found 426.0883.

IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3259, 1729, 1620, 1473, 1447, 1355, 1262, 1215, 1168, 1125, 1036, 1019, 755, 724, 687, 631, 598, 568, 543, 486.

M. p. 223 – 226 °C



(S)-2'-(2-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl-5'-phenyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow solid (36.4 mg) in 83% yield with 90% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel IB_N-5, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 11.94$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 18.32$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +52.3$ ($c = 1.09$, in CH_2Cl_2).

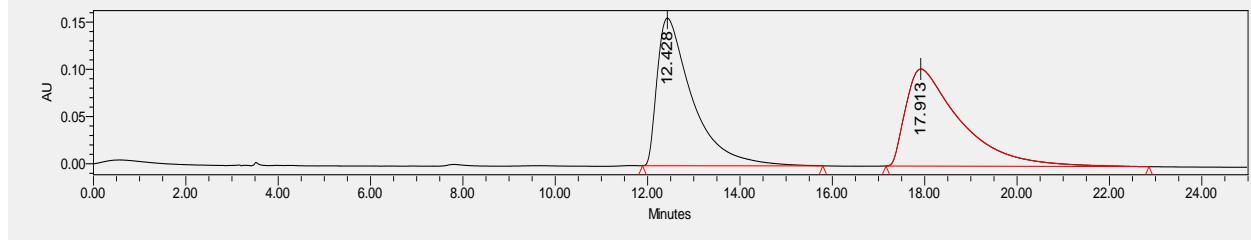
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Chloroform- d) δ 8.83 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, $J = 8.0, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.74 – 7.66 (m, 2H), 7.49 – 7.35 (m, 5H), 7.20 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.94 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 6.75 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.91 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.48 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 175.9, 153.2, 140.4, 136.8, 133.9, 133.2, 132.1, 132.1, 130.7, 130.5, 130.4, 128.8, 128.0, 127.0, 126.8, 123.7, 123.0, 111.2, 70.9, 46.4.

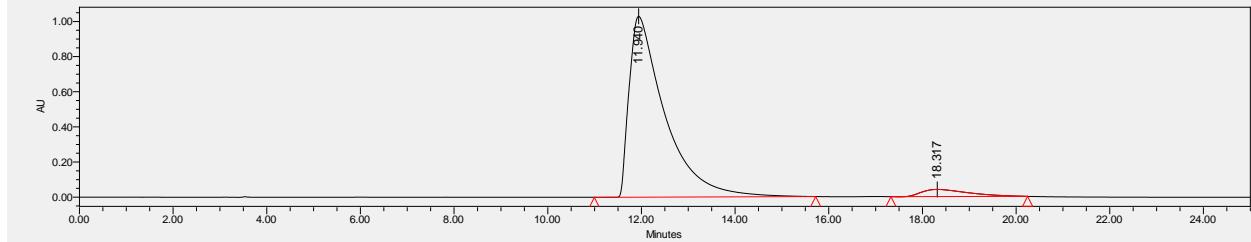
HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₂₂H₁₆Cl^{34.9689}N₃O₃NaS⁺ ([M]+Na⁺) = 460.0493, found 460.0497 and C₂₂H₁₆Cl^{36.9659}N₃O₃NaS⁺ ([M]+Na⁺) = 462.0464, found 462.0465.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3253, 1727, 1620, 1573, 1473, 1452, 1426, 1357, 1260, 1214, 1171, 1133, 1113, 1040, 755, 694, 665, 630, 600, 569, 541, 482.

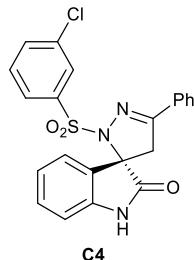
M. p. 207 – 210 °C



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	12.428	8254342	49.43
2	17.913	8446163	50.57



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	11.940	54377639	95.04
2	18.317	2835036	4.96



(S)-2-((3-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl)-5'-phenyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

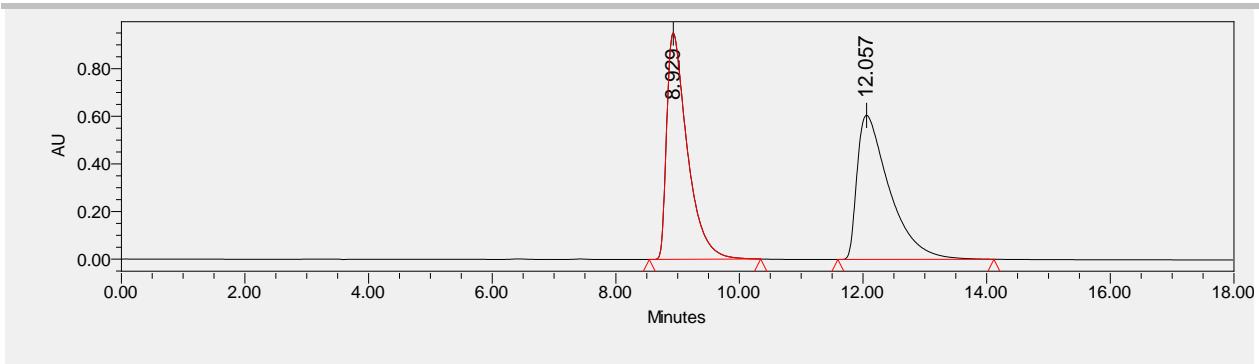
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (R_f = 0.3, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow oil (31.1 mg) in 71% yield with 95% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IB_{N-5}**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 300 nm). $t_{R(\text{major})}$ = 9.04 min, $t_{R(\text{minor})}$ = 12.61 min; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ = -7.2 (c = 0.42, in CH₂Cl₂).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.66 (s, 1H), 7.78 – 7.69 (m, 2H), 7.68 – 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.52 – 7.38 (m, 5H), 7.33 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.00 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (td, J = 7.6, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.43 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H).

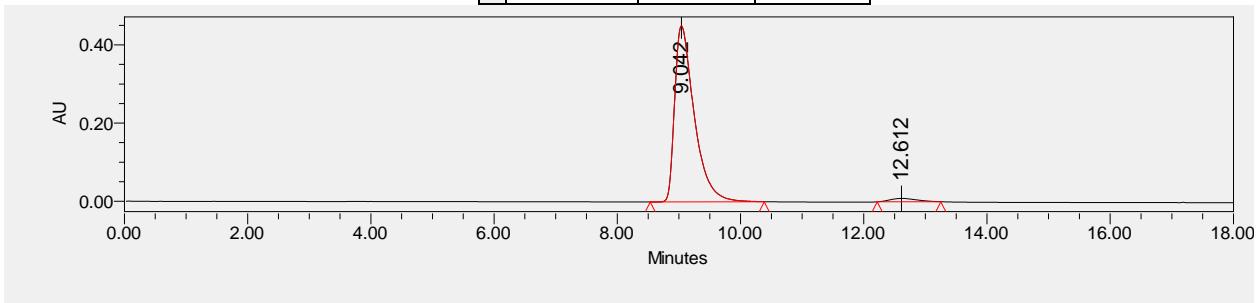
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 175.5, 155.3, 142.6, 141.6, 134.8, 133.8, 131.5, 131.4, 131.3, 131.1, 129.6, 128.4, 128.3, 127.7, 127.1, 124.8, 122.7, 111.1, 71.7, 46.6.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₂₂H₁₆Cl^{34.9689}N₃O₃NaS⁺ ([M]+Na⁺) = 460.0493, found 460.0496 and C₂₂H₁₆Cl^{36.9659}N₃O₃NaS⁺ ([M]+Na⁺) = 462.0464, found 462.0465.

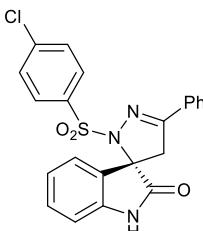
IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3253, 1727, 1620, 1575, 1472, 1416, 1358, 1215, 1174, 1128, 1020, 792, 758, 705, 676, 632, 605, 572.



	Retention Time	% Area	Height
1	8.929	50.00	951176
2	12.057	50.00	605888



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	9.042	9926065	97.46
2	12.612	258237	2.54



C5

(S)-2'-(4-chlorophenyl)sulfonyl)-5'-phenyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

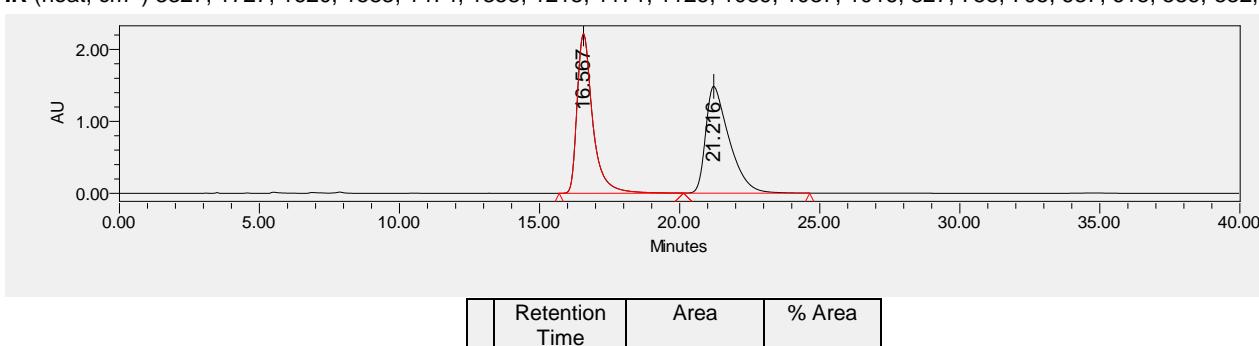
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the white oil (39.9 mg) in 91% yield with 90% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel IA, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 21.59$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 17.01$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{21} = +49.5$ ($c = 0.21$, in CH_2Cl_2).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Chloroform- δ) δ 9.34 (s, 1H), 7.59 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 7.52 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.32 (s, 3H), 7.23 – 7.10 (m, 3H), 6.90 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.62 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.53 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.74 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.29 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Chloroform- δ) δ 176.2, 154.2, 140.7, 139.5, 137.1, 130.9, 130.6, 130.2, 129.5, 128.9, 128.9, 127.7, 127.0, 123.5, 122.9, 111.6, 71.1, 46.1.

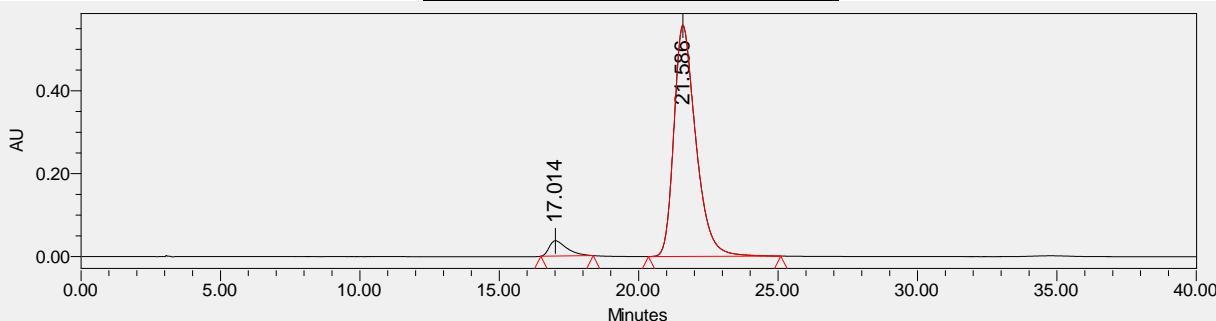
HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{16}\text{Cl}^{34.9689}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([\text{M}]+\text{Na}^+) = 460.0493$, found 460.0497 and $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{16}\text{Cl}^{36.9659}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([\text{M}]+\text{Na}^+) = 462.0464$, found 462.0460.

IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3327, 1727, 1620, 1583, 1474, 1358, 1215, 1171, 1126, 1089, 1037, 1016, 827, 758, 705, 637, 615, 586, 532, 483.

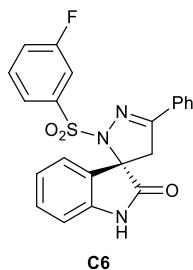


	Retention Time	Area	% Area
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1	16.566	83183871	49.88
2	21.219	83593386	50.12



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	17.014	1633195	5.10
2	21.586	30413414	94.90



C6

(S)-2'-(3-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl-5'-phenyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow oil (24.4 mg) in 58% yield with 90% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel IA, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{\text{R(major)}} = 18.37$ min, $t_{\text{R(minor)}} = 13.76$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +24.5$ ($c = 0.74$, in CH_2Cl_2).

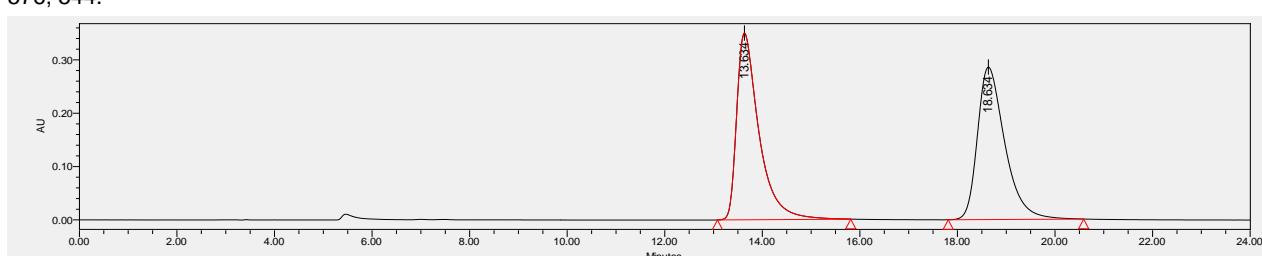
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 9.80 (s, 1H), 7.89 – 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.61 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.51 – 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.44 – 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.34 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 7.02 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.79 – 6.59 (m, 2H), 3.84 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.66 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 175.5, 162.6 ($J = 249.5$ Hz), 155.1, 142.5, 141.8 ($J = 7.1$ Hz), 131.6 ($J = 8.1$ Hz), 131.4, 131.3, 130.9, 129.5, 128.6, 127.6, 124.6, 124.6, 122.7, 120.8 ($J = 21.2$ Hz), 115.4 ($J = 25.3$ Hz), 111.1, 71.6, 46.6.

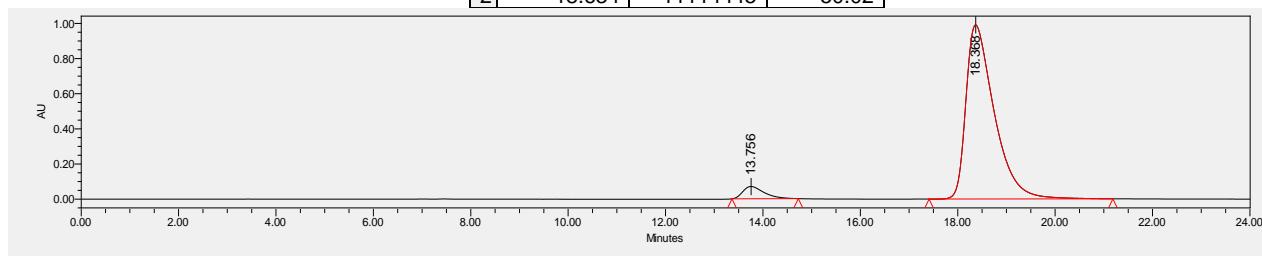
$^{19}\text{F NMR}$ (376 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ -112.2.

HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{16}\text{FN}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 444.0789$, found 444.0791.

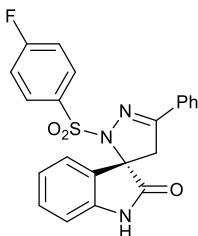
IR (neat, cm $^{-1}$) 3259, 1727, 1620, 1597, 1474, 1343, 1359, 1306, 1271, 1222, 1169, 1126, 1020, 873, 792, 759, 695, 677, 633, 611, 576, 544.



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	13.634	11106651	49.98
2	18.634	11114445	50.02



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	13.756	2123745	5.06
2	18.368	39860226	94.94



C7

(S)-2'-(4-fluorophenyl)sulfonyl-5'-phenyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow oil (40.4 mg) in 96% yield with 89% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IB_{N-5}**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 9.85$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 13.75$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{19} = +27.2$ ($c = 1.16$, in CH_2Cl_2).

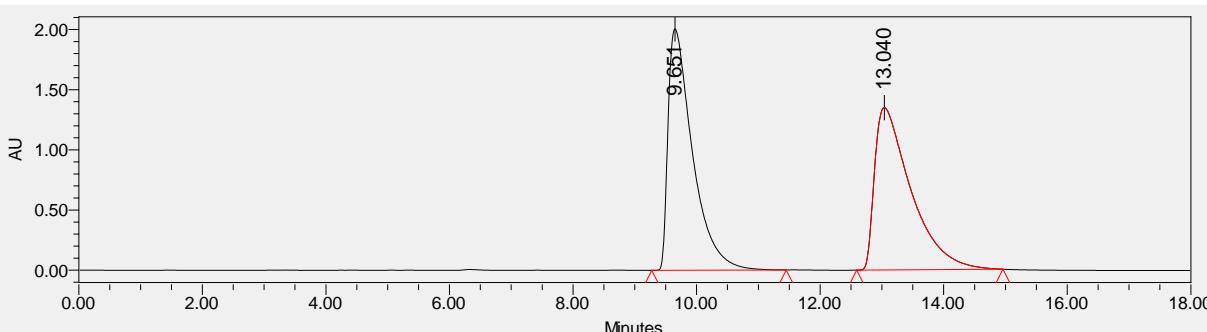
¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.84 (s, 1H), 7.76 – 7.66 (m, 4H), 7.47 – 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.25 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 7.07 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.97 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.80 – 6.60 (m, 2H), 3.86 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.44 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 175.9, 165.4 ($J = 256.5$ Hz), 153.9, 140.4, 134.7 ($J = 3.0$ Hz), 131.0, 130.8 ($J = 3.0$ Hz), 130.5, 130.2, 128.8, 127.8, 126.9, 123.6, 122.9, 115.9 ($J = 22.2$ Hz), 111.2, 71.0, 46.2.

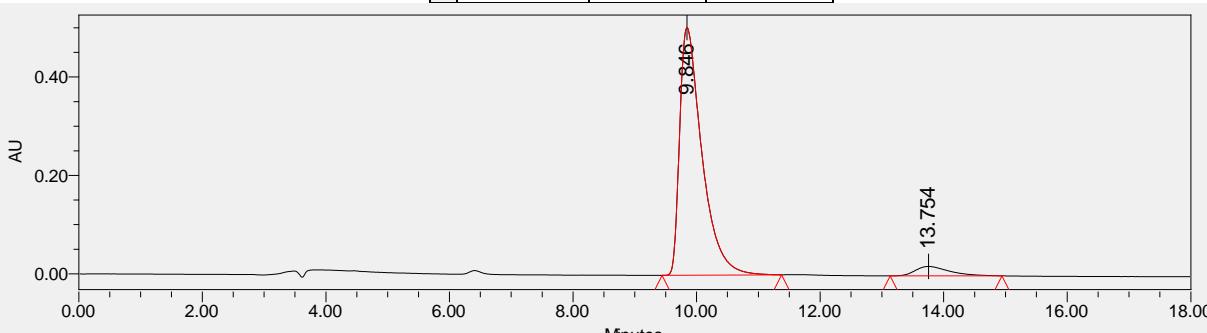
¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -104.5.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{16}\text{FN}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 444.0789$, found 444.0791.

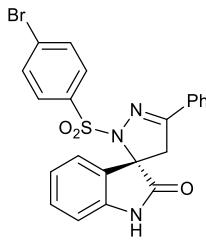
IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3265, 1729, 1620, 1591, 1492, 1473, 1358, 1236, 1215, 1173, 1156, 1125, 1037, 1019, 837, 759, 708, 693, 670, 628, 592, 545.



	Retention Time	% Area	Height
1	9.651	49.99	2005057
2	13.040	50.01	1349652



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	9.846	12588846	94.49
2	13.754	734567	5.51



C8

(S)-2'-((4-bromophenyl)sulfonyl)-5'-phenyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

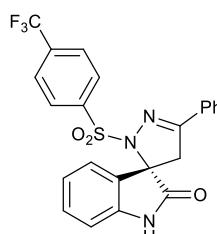
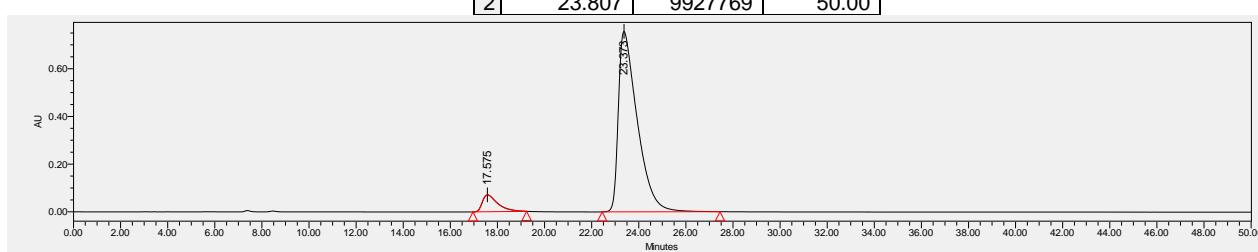
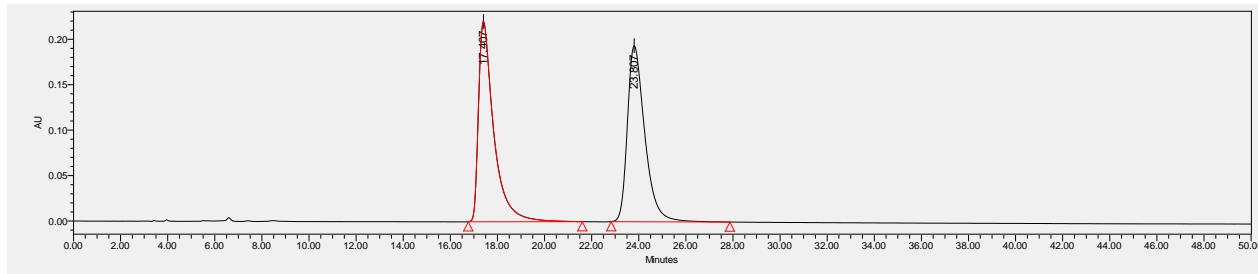
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow oil (47.7 mg) in 91% yield with 86% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IA**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 23.37$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 17.58$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +47.7$ ($c = 0.39$, in CH_2Cl_2).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Chloroform- δ) δ 8.58 (s, 1H), 7.75 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.58 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.48 – 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.30 – 7.25 (m, 1H), 6.95 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.83 – 6.64 (m, 2H), 3.86 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.45 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Chloroform- δ) δ 175.7, 153.9, 140.3, 137.6, 131.9, 130.9, 130.5, 130.2, 129.6, 128.8, 128.2, 128.0, 126.9, 123.7, 123.0, 111.1, 70.9, 46.2.

HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{16}\text{Br}^{78.9183}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 503.9988$, found 503.9992 and $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{16}\text{Br}^{80.9163}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 505.9967$, found 505.9970.

IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3216, 1727, 1620, 1573, 1472, 1390, 1358, 1215, 1171, 1126, 1068, 1037, 1012, 869, 823, 758, 741, 694, 633, 606, 583, 543.



C9

(S)-5'-phenyl-2'-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenylsulfonyl)-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow oil (37.2 mg) in 79% yield with 84% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IB-N-5**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 7.70$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 9.66$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +12.3$ ($c = 0.31$, in CH_2Cl_2).

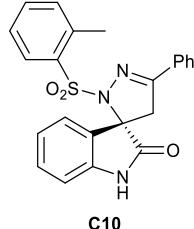
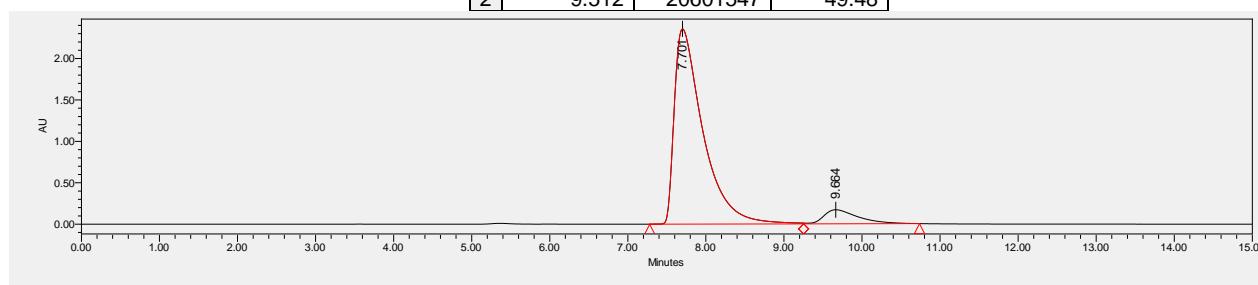
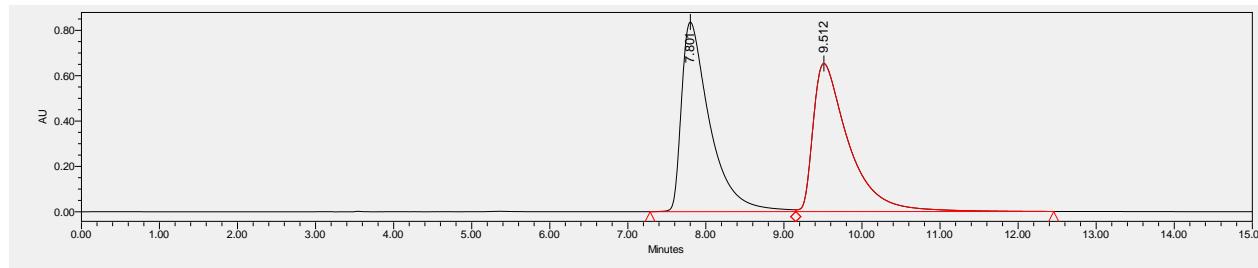
¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.89 (s, 1H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.76 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.63 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.51 – 7.38 (m, 3H), 7.31 – 7.20 (m, 1H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.76 – 6.63 (m, 2H), 3.88 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.46 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 175.8, 154.3, 142.1, 140.4, 134.5 (*J* = 32.8 Hz), 131.0, 130.6, 130.1, 128.9, 128.5, 127.8, 126.9, 125.8 (*J* = 3.6 Hz), 124.6, 123.5, 123.0, 121.9, 111.2, 71.0, 46.1.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -63.1.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₂₃H₁₆F₃N₃O₃NaS⁺ ([M]+Na⁺) = 494.0757, found 494.0760.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3260, 1737, 1620, 1474, 1405, 1359, 1323, 1215, 1173, 1132, 1109, 1062, 1037, 1017, 841, 759, 692, 635, 610, 429.



C10

(S)-5'-phenyl-2'-(o-tolylsulfonyl)-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

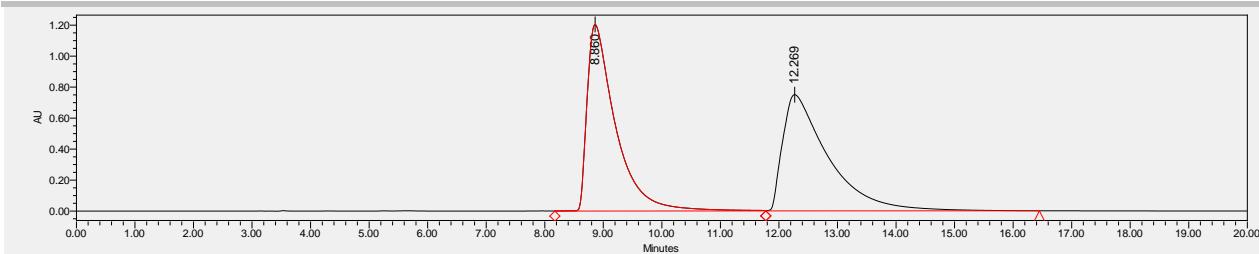
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (*R*_f = 0.3, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the white oil (37.5 mg) in 96% yield with 87% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IB_{N-5}**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 300 nm). *t*_{R(major)} = 13.06 min, *t*_{R(minor)} = 9.07 min; [α]_D²¹ = +16.1 (c = 0.74, in CH₂Cl₂).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.91 (s, 1H), 7.62 – 7.53 (m, 3H), 7.35 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.17 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 7.06 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, *J* = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.67 (s, 3H).

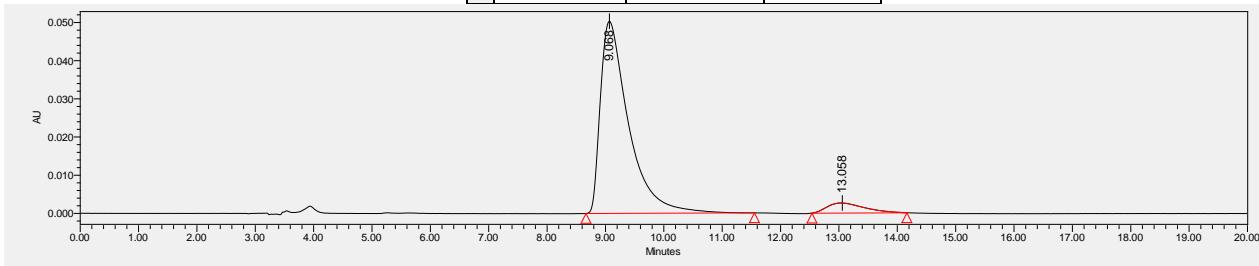
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 175.3, 152.0, 139.2, 138.1, 136.1, 132.1, 131.4, 129.5, 129.4, 129.3, 127.7, 127.1, 125.8, 125.0, 122.8, 121.9, 110.1, 70.1, 45.2, 20.1.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₂₃H₁₉N₃NaO₃S⁺ ([M]+Na⁺) = 440.1039, found 440.1044.

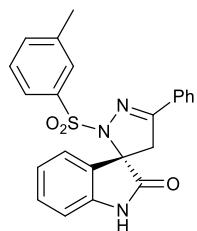
IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3259, 1734, 1620, 1474, 1404, 1359, 1323, 1215, 1172, 1131, 1062, 1037, 1017, 841, 758, 713, 635, 610, 577, 429.



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	8.860	40559899	50.05
2	12.269	40481878	49.95



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	9.068	1684650	93.53
2	13.058	116451	6.47



C11

(S)-5'-phenyl-2'-(*m*-tolylsulfonyl)-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow solid (37.5 mg) in 89% yield with 90% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel IA, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 21.01$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 12.81$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = +3.0$ ($c = 0.67$, in $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CO}$).

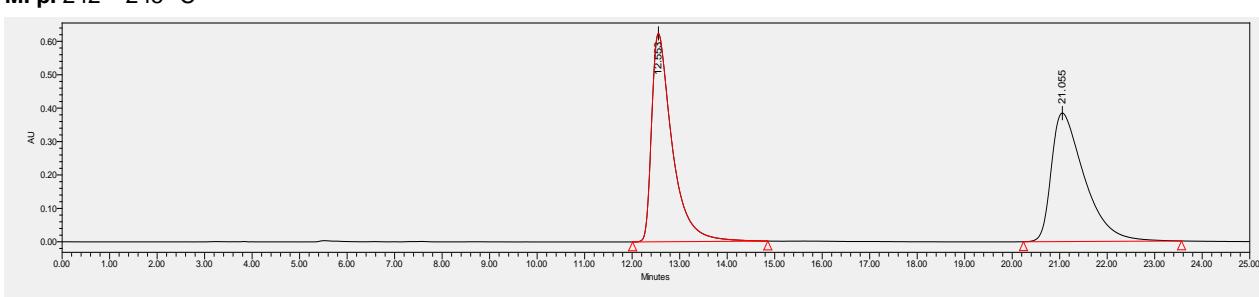
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Chloroform- δ) δ 8.82 (s, 1H), 7.78 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.57 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.47 – 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.34 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 7.25 – 7.20 (m, 1H), 7.00 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.64 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.54 (d, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.88 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.42 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.28 (s, 3H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Chloroform- δ) δ 176.1, 153.5, 140.5, 138.6, 138.4, 133.8, 130.7, 130.5, 130.3, 128.8, 128.5, 128.5, 127.4, 126.9, 125.3, 123.8, 122.5, 111.1, 71.0, 46.1, 21.3.

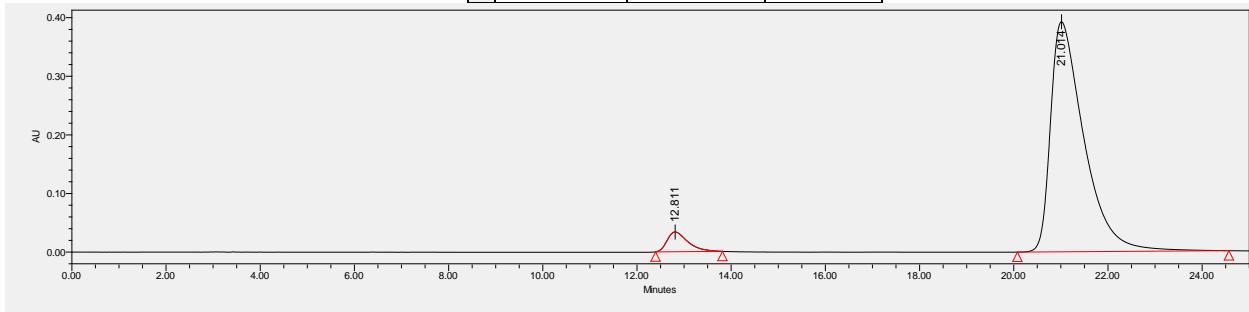
HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{20}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{S}^+ ([M]+\text{H}^+) = 418.1220$, found 418.1218.

IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3321, 1735, 1620, 1473, 1356, 1323, 1216, 1165, 1124, 1037, 865, 759, 689, 632, 605, 575, 478.

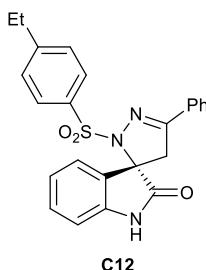
M. p. 242 – 245 °C



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	12.553	18666948	50.13
2	21.055	18569174	49.87



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	12.811	1028712	5.06
2	21.014	19294626	94.94



(S)-2'-(4-ethylphenyl)sulfonyl)-5'-phenyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

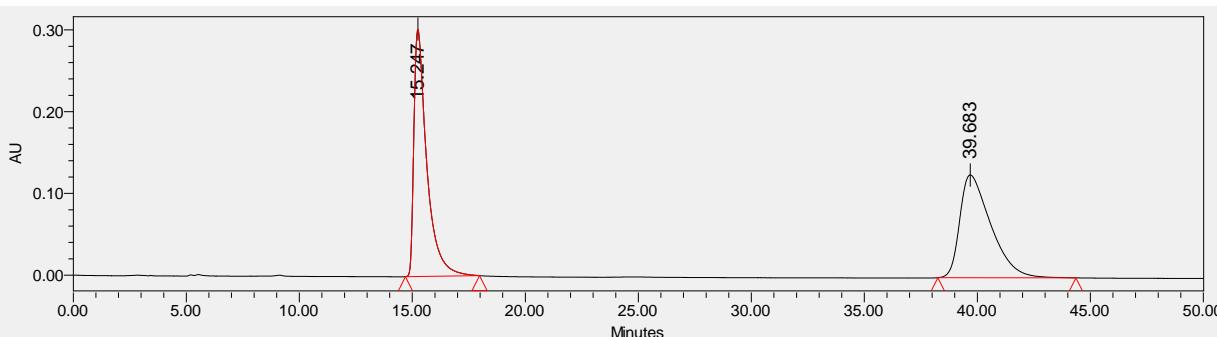
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow oil (33.3 mg) in 77% yield with 90% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel IA, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 38.15$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 15.50$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{21} = +54.2$ ($c = 1.08$, in CH_2Cl_2).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 9.76 (s, 1H), 7.84 – 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.60 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.51 – 7.40 (m, 3H), 7.32 – 7.20 (m, 3H), 6.99 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.73 – 6.65 (m, 1H), 6.65 – 6.59 (m, 1H), 3.79 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.59 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.69 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.21 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H).

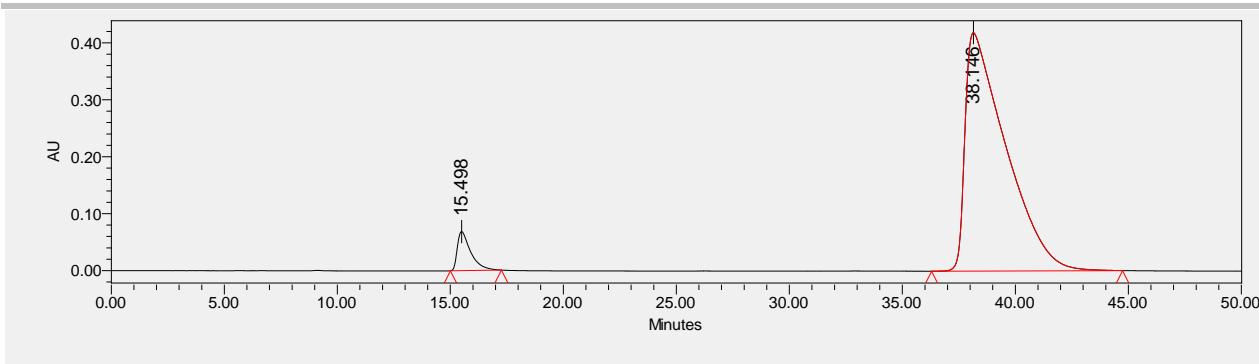
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 175.8, 154.2, 150.7, 142.3, 137.4, 131.5, 131.1, 130.6, 129.5, 128.9, 128.7, 128.6, 127.4, 124.5, 122.7, 110.9, 71.6, 46.6, 15.5.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 454.1196$, found 454.1196.

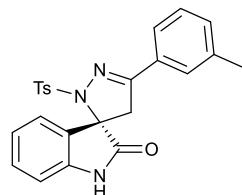
IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3259, 1737, 1620, 1597, 1474, 1434, 1359, 1222, 1169, 1126, 1037, 873, 841, 759, 695, 677, 633, 611, 576, 544, 518, 482.



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	15.247	11966589	49.98
2	39.683	11974892	50.02



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	15.498	2808266	5.09
2	38.146	52318559	94.91



C15

(S)-5'-(*m*-tolyl)-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

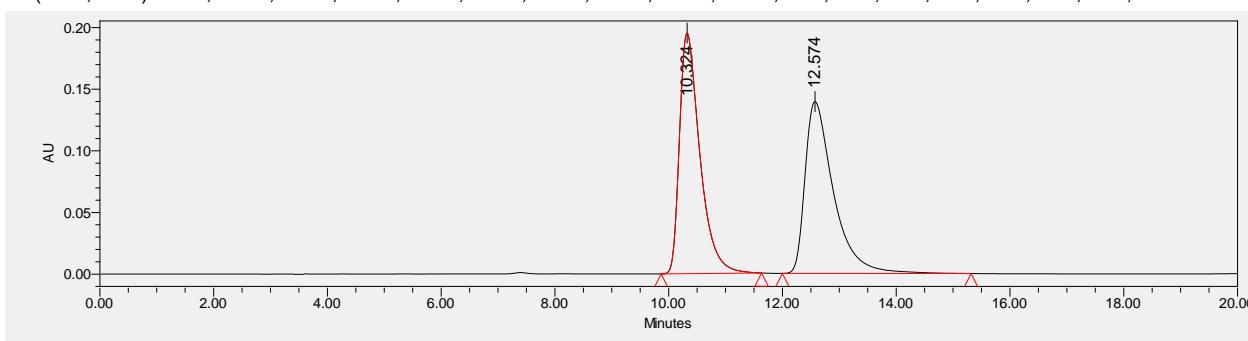
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the white oil (37.9 mg) in 88% yield with 91% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IB_{N-5}**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 10.21$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 12.73$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{18} = +45.3$ ($c = 1.07$, in CH_2Cl_2).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.80 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.29 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.25 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.16 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.96 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.74 – 6.62 (m, 2H), 3.83 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.40 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 6H).

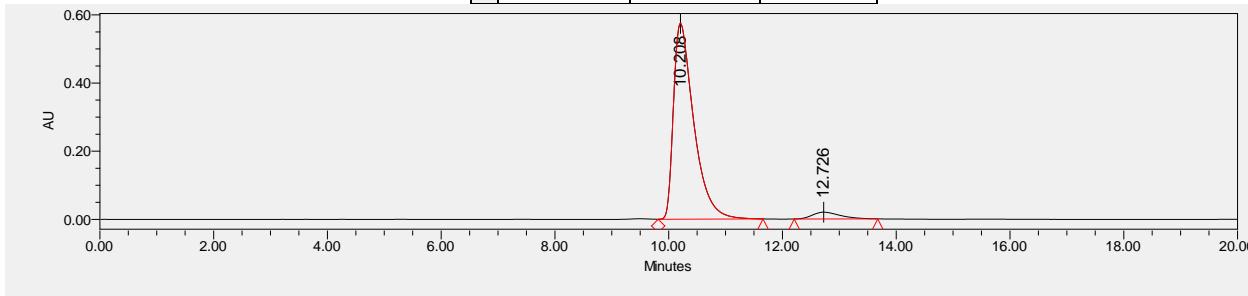
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 176.1, 153.6, 143.8, 140.4, 138.5, 135.8, 131.4, 130.4, 130.2, 129.2, 128.6, 128.1, 128.0, 127.4, 124.1, 123.7, 122.8, 111.1, 70.9, 46.2, 21.6, 21.4.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([\text{M}]+\text{Na}^+) = 454.1196$, found 454.1198.

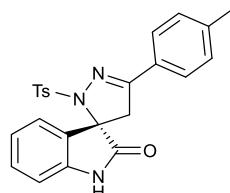
IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3260, 1730, 1620, 1600, 1473, 1357, 1215, 1166, 1123, 1036, 788, 758, 735, 696, 665, 631, 594, 548.



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	10.324	4848121	50.05
2	12.574	4838599	49.95



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	10.208	14230316	95.47
2	12.726	675149	4.53



C16

(S)-5-(*p*-tolyl)-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

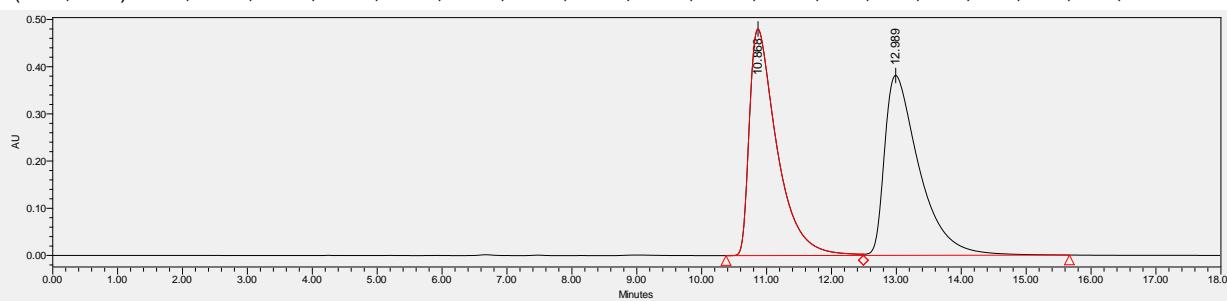
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the white oil (37.9 mg) in 88% yield with 92% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IB-N-5**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 10.75$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 13.31$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{20} = +45.1$ ($c = 1.13$, in CH_2Cl_2).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 9.74 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.32 – 7.20 (m, 5H), 6.99 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.75 – 6.68 (m, 1H), 6.63 (d, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.75 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.54 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H).

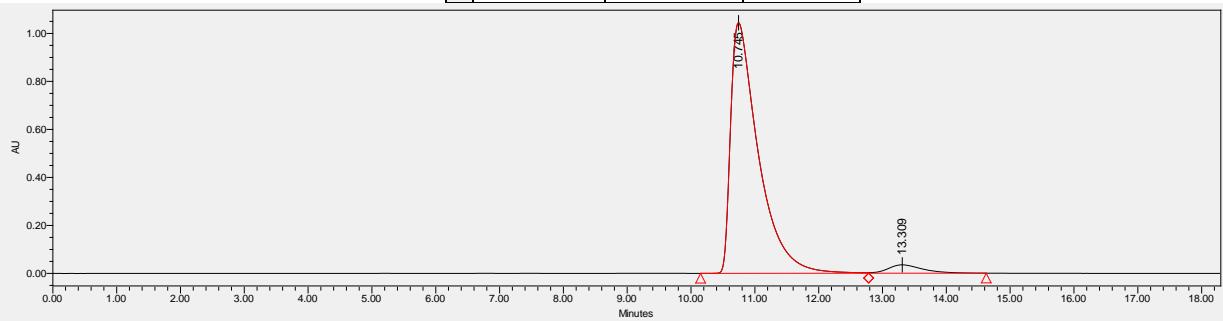
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 175.8, 154.2, 144.5, 142.3, 141.4, 137.2, 130.6, 130.1, 129.8, 129.0, 128.7, 128.6, 127.4, 124.5, 122.7, 110.9, 71.5, 46.7, 21.3, 21.3.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 454.1196$, found 454.1200.

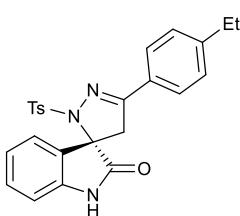
IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3258, 1726, 1619, 1600, 1472, 1453, 1353, 1214, 1165, 1107, 1037, 814, 757, 735, 702, 665, 544, 522.



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	10.868	14134163	50.00
2	12.989	14135019	50.00



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	10.745	31466928	96.01
2	13.309	1309156	3.99



C17

(S)-5'-(4-ethylphenyl)-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

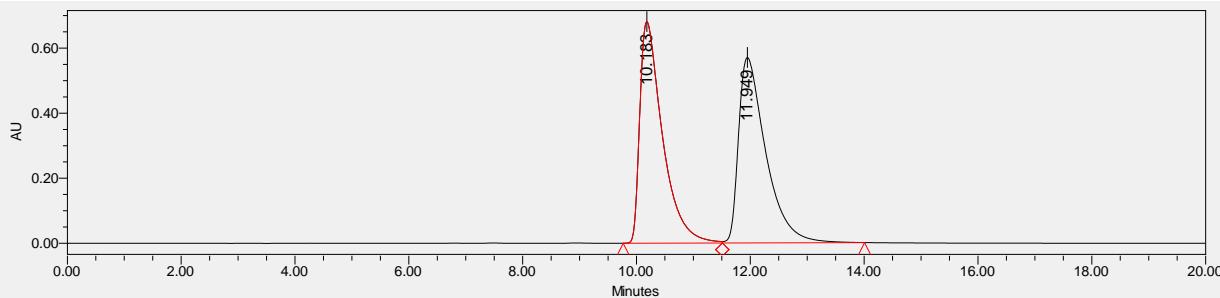
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow oil (44.2 mg) in 99% yield with 86% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IBN-5**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 10.09$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 12.18$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{19} = +29.6$ ($c = 1.38$, in CH_2Cl_2).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 9.04 (s, 1H), 7.60 (dd, $J = 16.4, 8.4$ Hz, 4H), 7.25 – 7.17 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.65 (dt, $J = 16.0, 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 3.83 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.38 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.67 (q, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.23 (t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 3H).

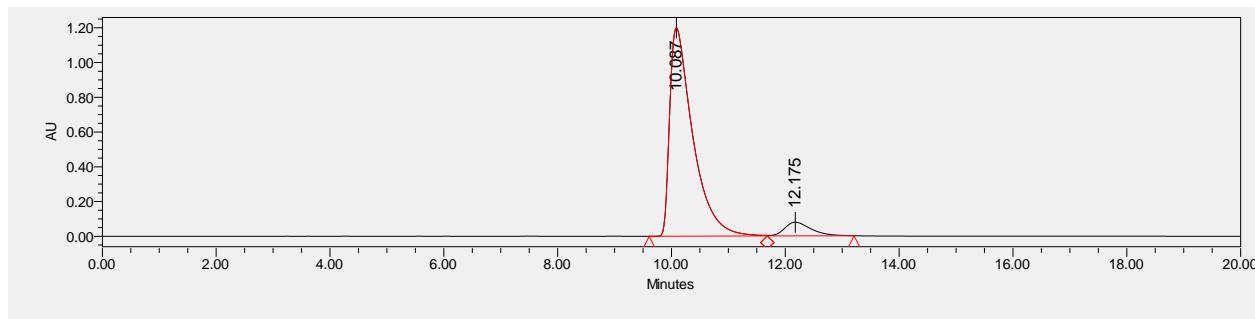
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 176.2, 153.6, 147.3, 143.8, 140.5, 135.8, 130.2, 129.2, 128.3, 128.1, 128.0, 127.9, 127.0, 123.6, 122.7, 111.3, 77.4, 77.3, 77.1, 76.8, 71.0, 46.2, 28.9, 21.6, 15.4.

HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 468.1352$, found 468.1357.

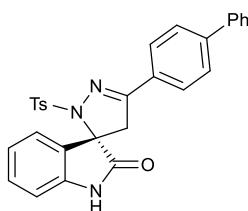
IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3320, 1727, 1619, 1599, 1472, 1419, 1354, 1214, 1165, 1118, 1035, 843, 814, 756, 735, 703, 665, 590, 545, 491.



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	10.183	18808282	49.93
2	11.949	18863892	50.07



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	10.087	33726505	93.00
2	12.175	2539115	7.00



C18

(S)-5'-(1,1'-biphenyl)-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

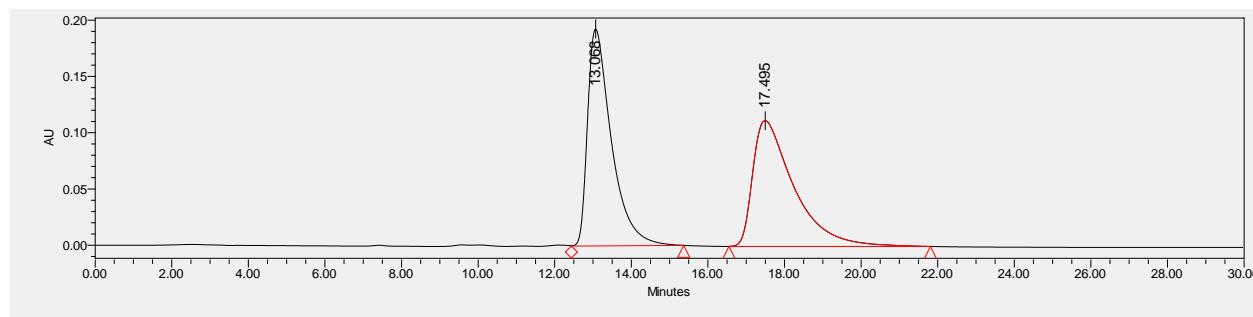
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the yellow oil (43.5 mg) in 88% yield with 88% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IBN-5**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 12.69$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 17.80$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{19} = -16.9$ ($c = 1.33$, in CH_3CN).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 9.79 (s, 1H), 7.90 – 7.81 (m, 2H), 7.78 – 7.64 (m, 4H), 7.61 – 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.52 – 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.42 – 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.31 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 7.01 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.77 – 6.63 (m, 2H), 3.81 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.59 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

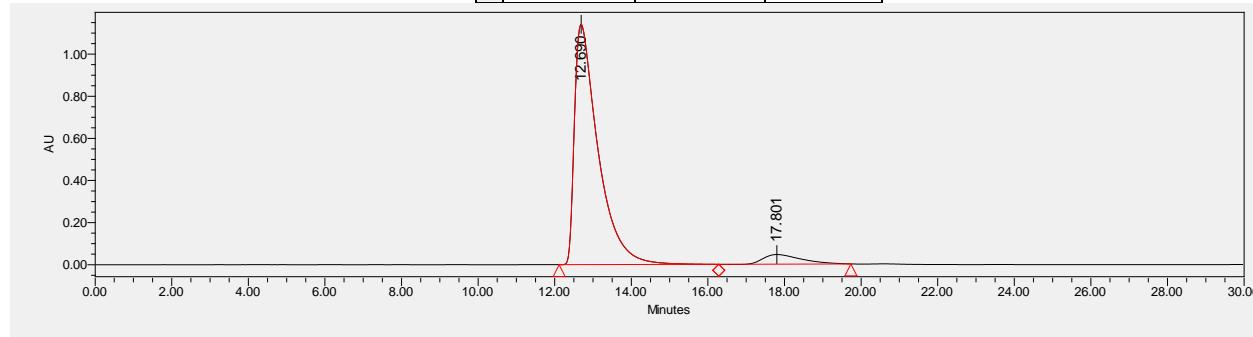
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 175.2, 153.2, 143.9, 142.8, 141.7, 139.9, 136.5, 130.0, 129.7, 129.2, 129.0, 128.3, 128.0, 127.4, 127.2, 126.9, 123.9, 122.1, 110.3, 71.0, 45.9, 20.7.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₂₉H₂₃N₃O₃NaS⁺ ([M]+Na⁺) = 516.1352, found 516.1359.

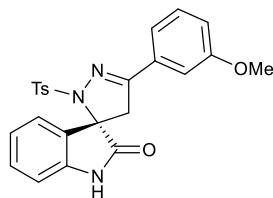
IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3217, 1728, 1619, 1599, 1472, 1407, 1354, 1214, 1165, 1108, 1037, 848, 814, 754, 731, 697, 664, 624, 592, 548, 489.



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	13.068	8346291	50.07
2	17.495	8324462	49.93



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	12.690	48764205	93.94
2	17.801	3147165	6.06



C19

(S)-5'-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

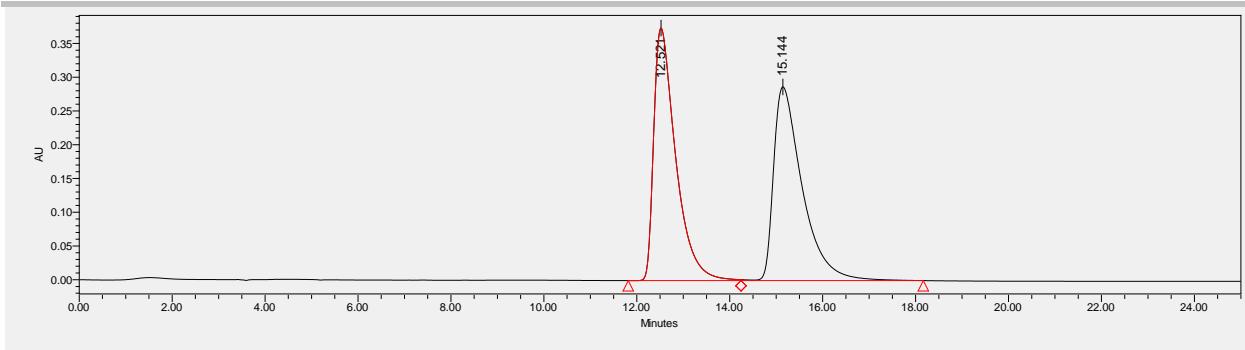
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (R_f = 0.3, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow oil (38.0 mg) in 85% yield with 91% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IB-N**-5, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, λ = 300 nm). $t_{R(\text{major})}$ = 12.47 min, $t_{R(\text{minor})}$ = 15.55 min; $[\alpha]_D^{18}$ = +32.7 (c = 1.47, in CH₂Cl₂).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.80 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.35 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.24 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.16 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.99 – 6.92 (m, 2H), 6.76 – 6.65 (m, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.83 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 3.39 (d, J = 16.8 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

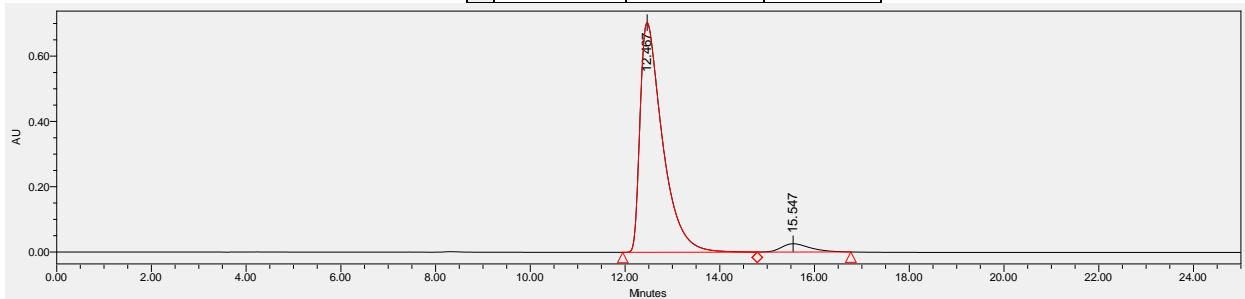
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 176.0, 159.7, 153.3, 143.9, 140.4, 135.8, 131.8, 130.3, 129.8, 129.2, 128.1, 128.0, 123.7, 122.8, 119.5, 116.6, 111.7, 111.1, 71.0, 55.5, 46.3, 21.6.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₂₄H₂₁N₃O₄NaS⁺ ([M]+Na⁺) = 470.1145, found 470.1149.

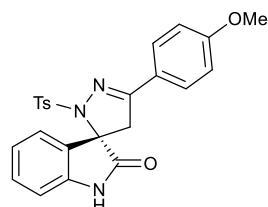
IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3215, 1726, 1619, 1600, 1575, 1471, 1344, 1218, 1164, 1122, 1034, 813, 759, 665, 592, 547.



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	12.521	12262394	50.01
2	15.144	12259584	49.99



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	12.467	23069488	95.52
2	15.547	1082994	4.48



C20

(S)-5'-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the yellow solid (42.5 mg) in 95% yield with 86% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IBN-5**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 16.00$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 21.58$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{18} = +29.8$ ($c = 1.54$, in CH_2Cl_2).

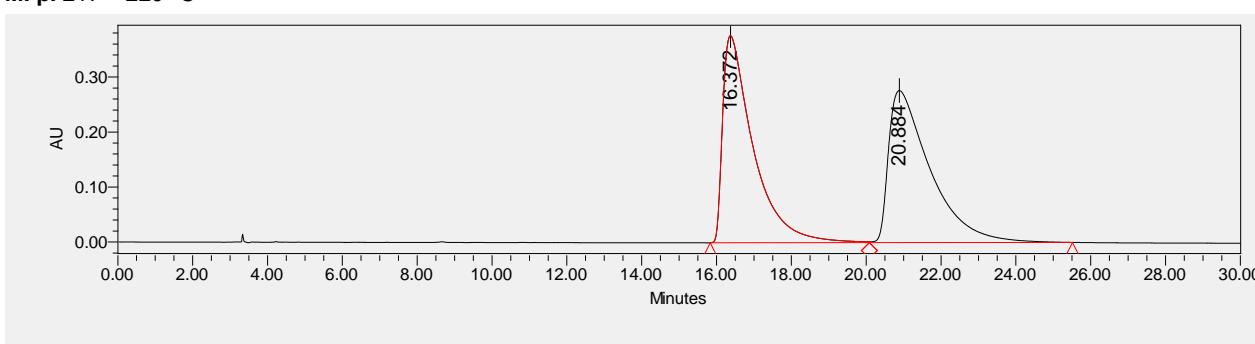
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 9.75 (s, 1H), 7.76 – 7.69 (m, 2H), 7.52 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 7.04 – 6.94 (m, 3H), 6.74 – 6.66 (m, 1H), 6.61 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.74 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.52 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 175.8, 162.3, 153.9, 144.4, 142.2, 137.2, 130.5, 129.7, 129.0, 128.9, 128.5, 124.4, 123.9, 122.6, 114.8, 110.8, 71.4, 55.6, 46.7, 21.2.

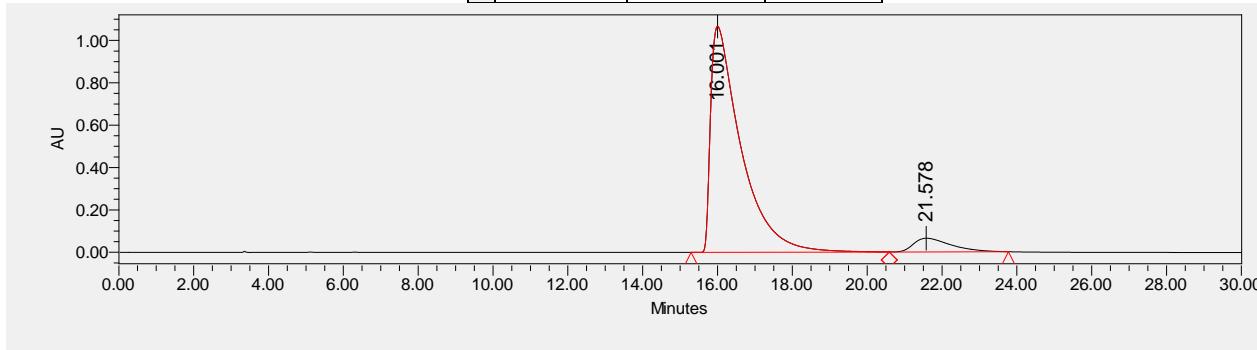
HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4\text{NaS}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 470.1145$, found 470.1148.

IR (neat, cm $^{-1}$) 3207, 1727, 1605, 1515, 1471, 1422, 1353, 1307, 1164, 1108, 1037, 1017, 840, 814, 757, 734, 701, 664, 590, 545.

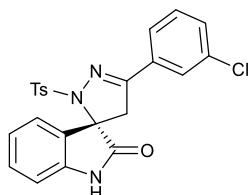
M. p. 217 – 220 °C



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	16.372	21282702	49.98
2	20.884	21296477	50.02



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	16.001	59809081	93.02
2	21.578	4488043	6.98



C21

(S)-5'-(3-chlorophenyl)-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

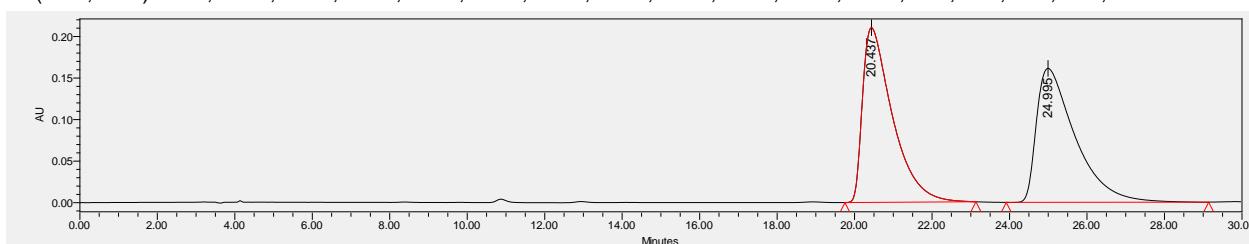
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow oil (36.6 mg) in 81% yield with 91% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IBn-5**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 20.00$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 25.22$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{19} = +24.8$ ($c = 1.34$, in CH_3CN).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.72 (s, 1H), 7.70 (t, $J = 2.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.53 (dt, $J = 7.6, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.39 (dt, $J = 8.4, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.33 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.18 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.80 – 6.68 (m, 2H), 3.82 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.38 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H).

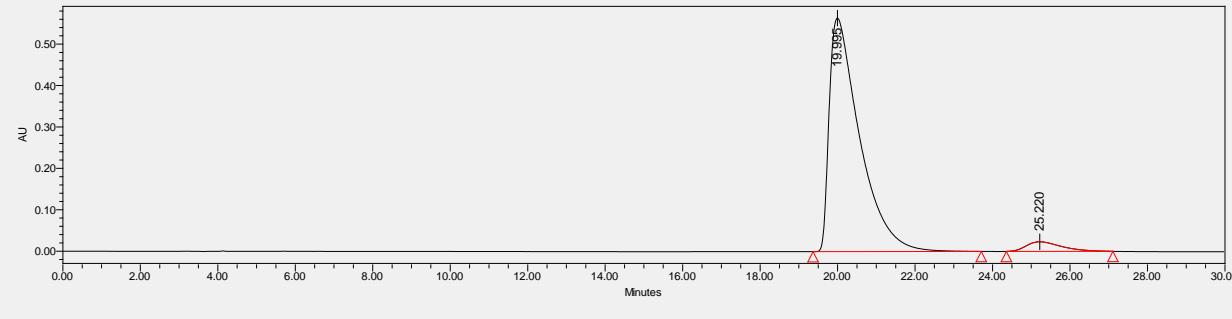
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 175.8, 151.9, 144.1, 140.4, 135.6, 134.9, 132.2, 130.5, 130.4, 130.1, 129.3, 128.1, 128.0, 126.7, 124.9, 123.7, 123.0, 111.2, 71.1, 46.0, 21.7.

HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{18}\text{Cl}^{34.9689}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([\text{M}]+\text{Na}^+) = 474.0650$, found 474.0652 and $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{18}\text{Cl}^{36.9659}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([\text{M}]+\text{Na}^+) = 476.0620$, found 476.0620.

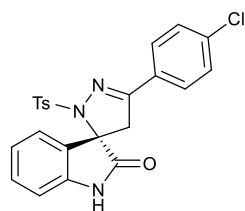
IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3260, 1620, 1598, 1563, 1491, 1473, 1340, 1215, 1166, 1126, 1086, 1037, 736, 688, 665, 593, 547.



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	20.437	11270873	50.17
2	24.995	11194218	49.83



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	19.995	30689342	95.47
2	25.220	1457836	4.53



C22

(S)-5'-(4-chlorophenyl)-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

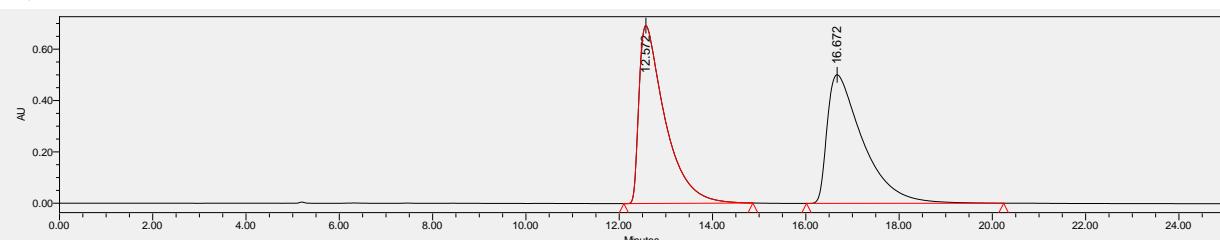
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the white oil (38.9 mg) in 86% yield with 91% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IB_{N-5}**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 12.16$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 17.11$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{18} = +34.0$ ($c = 1.34$, in CH_2Cl_2).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 9.76 (s, 1H), 7.83 – 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.58 – 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.51 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.32 – 7.20 (m, 3H), 6.99 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.81 – 6.60 (m, 2H), 3.79 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.60 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H).

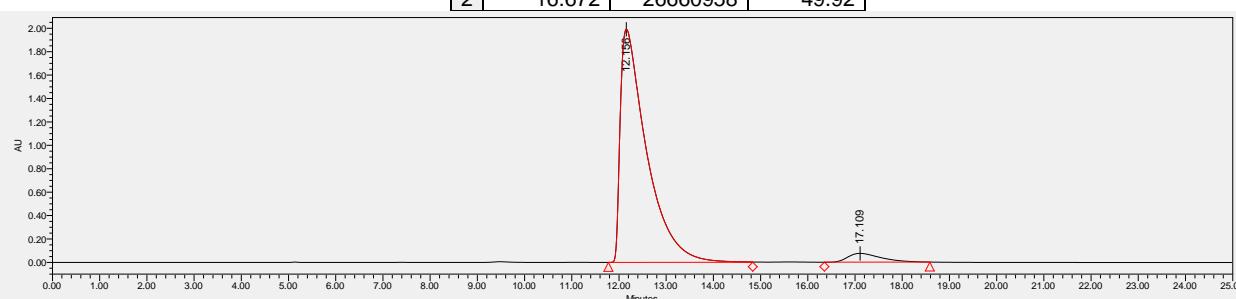
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 175.7, 153.1, 144.6, 142.3, 137.1, 136.4, 130.7, 130.3, 129.8, 129.6, 129.0, 128.9, 128.6, 124.6, 122.8, 110.9, 71.8, 46.5, 21.3.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{18}\text{Cl}^{34.9689}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 474.0650$, found 474.0653 and $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{18}\text{Cl}^{36.9659}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 476.0620$, found 476.0622.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3322, 1736, 1620, 1598, 1491, 1473, 1404, 1355, 1215, 1125, 1095, 1039, 1013, 815, 758, 705, 691, 666, 641, 594, 560, 540.

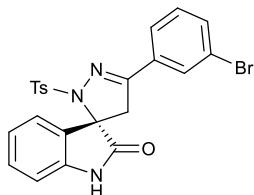


	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	12.572	26742572	50.08
2	16.672	26660958	49.92



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	12.156	77013798	95.52

2	17.109	3615520	4.48
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C23

(S)-5'-(3-bromophenyl)-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

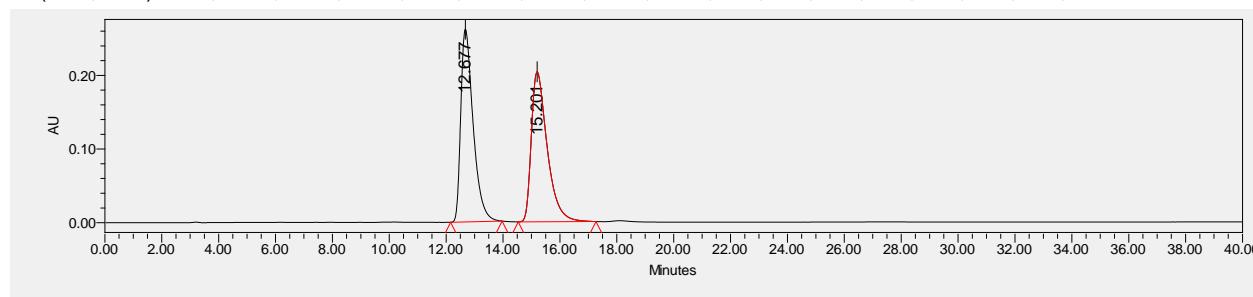
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the yellow oil (45.1 mg) in 91% yield with 84% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel IB_{N-5}, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 12.57$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 15.38$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{17} = +23.7$ ($c = 1.62$, in $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CO}$).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 9.77 (s, 1H), 7.93 (t, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.78 – 7.73 (m, 1H), 7.67 – 7.58 (m, 1H), 7.59 – 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.41 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 7.30 – 7.22 (m, 3H), 7.00 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.78 – 6.68 (m, 2H), 3.81 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.62 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H).

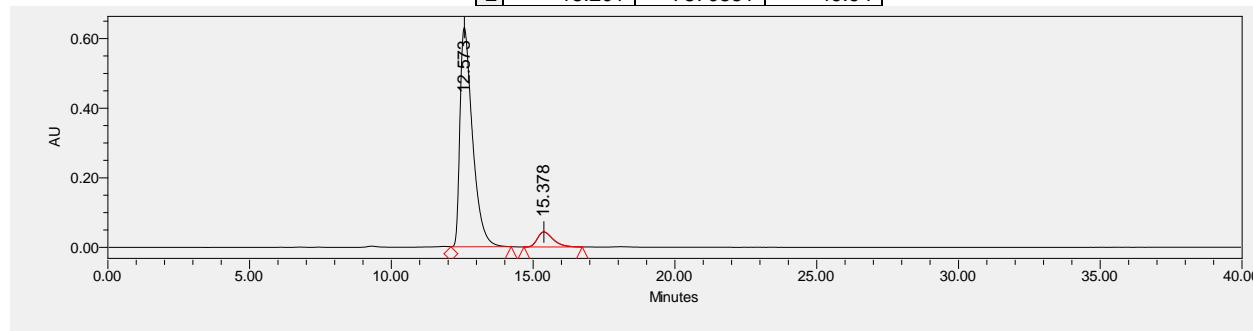
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Acetone- d_6) δ 175.6, 152.8, 144.7, 142.3, 137.0, 133.8, 133.7, 131.4, 130.7, 129.9, 129.9, 128.8, 128.6, 126.3, 124.6, 123.0, 122.8, 110.9, 71.8, 46.4, 21.3.

HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{18}\text{Br}^{78.9183}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([\text{M}]+\text{Na}^+) = 518.0144$, found 538.0148 and $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{18}\text{Br}^{80.9163}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([\text{M}]+\text{Na}^+) = 520.0124$, found 520.0129.

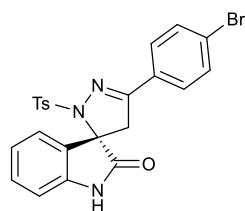
IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3258, 1619, 1598, 1473, 1358, 1337, 1215, 1166, 1126, 998, 759, 734, 703, 686, 665, 592, 547.



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	12.677	7889635	50.06
2	15.201	7870851	49.94



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	12.573	19345389	92.09
2	15.378	1661112	7.91



C24

(S)-5'-(4-bromophenyl)-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the yellow solid (47.1 mg) in 95% yield with 88% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IB_{N-5}**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 13.31$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 19.63$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{17} = +18.4$ (c = 0.97, in $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CO}$).

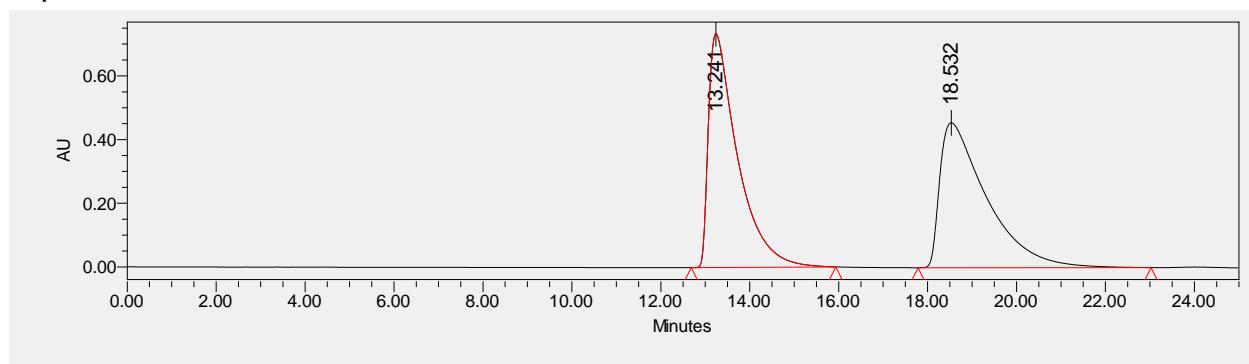
¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 9.74 (s, 1H), 7.77 – 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.69 – 7.59 (m, 2H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.31 – 7.22 (m, 3H), 6.99 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.78 – 6.64 (m, 2H), 3.80 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 175.7, 153.3, 144.7, 142.5, 137.2, 132.7, 130.8, 130.8, 129.9, 129.3, 129.0, 128.7, 124.9, 124.7, 122.8, 111.0, 71.9, 46.5, 21.4.

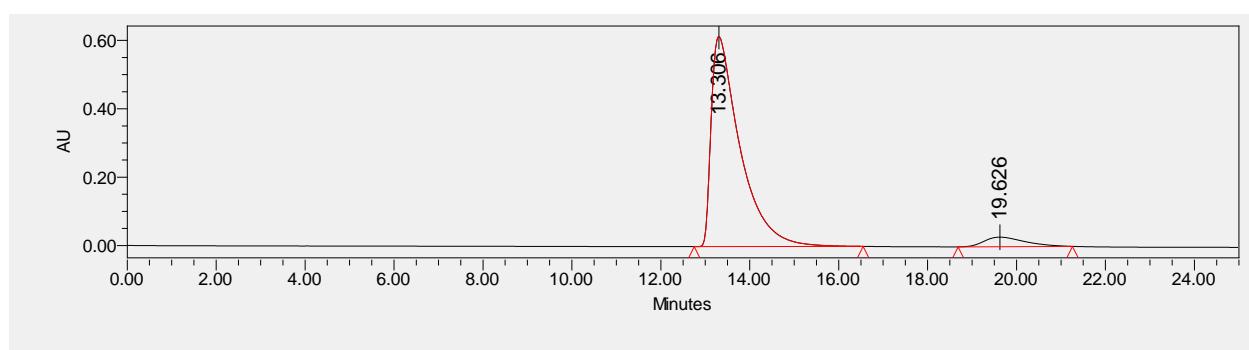
HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{18}\text{Br}^{78.9183}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([\text{M}]+\text{Na}^+) = 518.0144$, found 538.0148 and $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{18}\text{Br}^{80.9163}\text{N}_3\text{O}_3\text{NaS}^+ ([\text{M}]+\text{Na}^+) = 520.0124$, found 520.0124.

IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3333, 1620, 1593, 1473, 1401, 1349, 1214, 1164, 1127, 1103, 1042, 1008, 845, 815, 754, 687, 664, 641, 596, 551, 538.

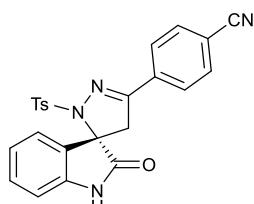
M. p. 265 – 267 °C



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	13.241	33296867	50.05
2	18.532	33233812	49.95



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	13.306	27580950	93.98
2	19.626	1767875	6.02



C25

(S)-4-(2-oxo-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-5'-yl)benzonitrile

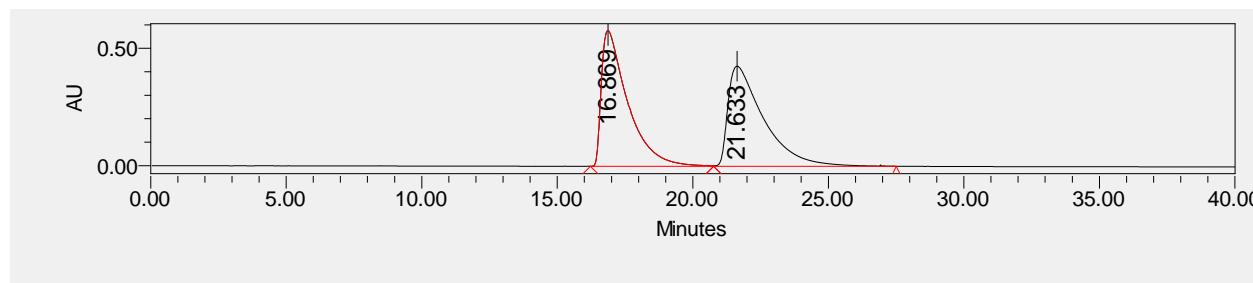
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.4$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow oil (41.5 mg) in 94% yield with 74% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IB_{N-5}**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 16.44$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 22.19$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{19} = -10.0$ (c = 1.48, in CH_3CN).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 9.79 (s, 1H), 7.99 – 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.89 – 7.78 (m, 2H), 7.59 – 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.33 – 7.22 (m, 3H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.80 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 3.85 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 3.67 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H).

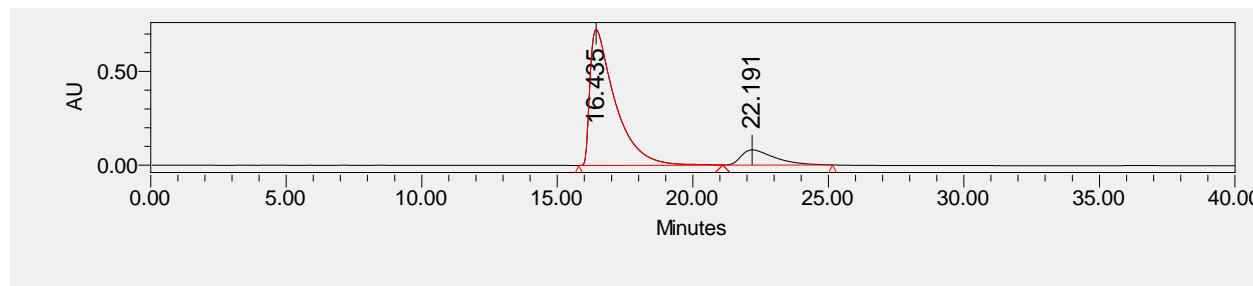
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 175.6, 152.6, 144.8, 142.3, 136.9, 135.5, 133.1, 130.8, 129.9, 128.7, 128.5, 128.0, 124.7, 122.8, 118.8, 113.9, 110.9, 72.0, 46.2, 21.3.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₂₄H₁₈N₄O₃NaS⁺ ([M]+Na⁺) = 465.0992, found 465.0992.

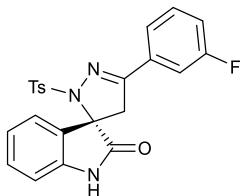
IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3317, 2117, 1729, 1620, 1596, 1472, 1412, 1354, 1215, 1165, 1124, 1104, 1040, 1020, 848, 735, 702, 664, 594, 572, 543.



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	16.869	38980175	50.07
2	21.633	38865300	49.93



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	16.435	46811088	87.06
2	22.191	6959893	12.94



C26

(S)-5'-(3-fluorophenyl)-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow solid (41.6 mg) in 83% yield with 78% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel IB_n-5, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 11.99$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 14.54$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{19} = +37.8$ ($c = 1.46$, in CH₂Cl₂).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 8.67 (s, 1H), 7.61 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, $J = 9.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.42 – 7.33 (m, 2H), 7.25 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.19 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.12 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.80 – 6.72 (m, 2H), 3.83 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.39 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H).

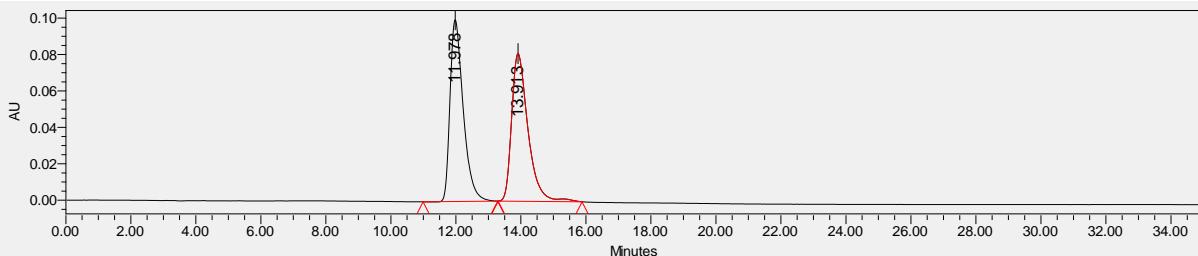
¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 175.8, 162.8 ($J = 247.5$ Hz), 152.1 ($J = 3.0$ Hz), 144.1, 140.4, 135.6, 132.6 ($J = 8.1$ Hz), 130.5, 130.4, 129.3, 128.2, 128.0, 123.7, 123.0, 122.6 ($J = 3.0$ Hz), 117.6 ($J = 22.2$ Hz), 113.5 ($J = 22.2$ Hz), 111.1, 71.1, 46.1, 21.7.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -112.0.

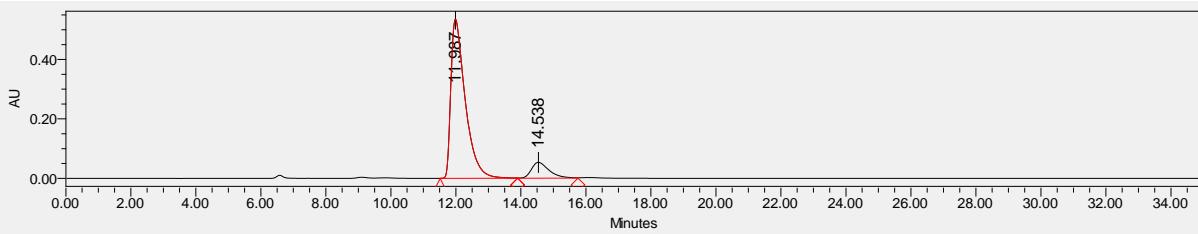
HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₂₃H₁₈FNaN₃O₃S⁺ ([M]+Na⁺) = 458.0945, found 458.0947.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3259, 1729, 1619, 1577, 1473, 1452, 1345, 1272, 1215, 1198, 1165, 1122, 1001, 789, 758, 736, 702, 666, 592, 548.

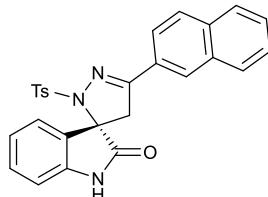
M. p. 213 – 215 °C



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	11.978	2823328	49.97
2	13.913	2827011	50.03



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	11.987	16397883	89.06
2	14.538	2014183	10.94



C27

(S)-5'-(naphthalen-2-yl)-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the yellow solid (43.9 mg) in 94% yield with 90% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IB_{N-5}**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 13.75$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 17.51$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{19} = +79.0$ ($c = 1.73$, in CH₃CN).

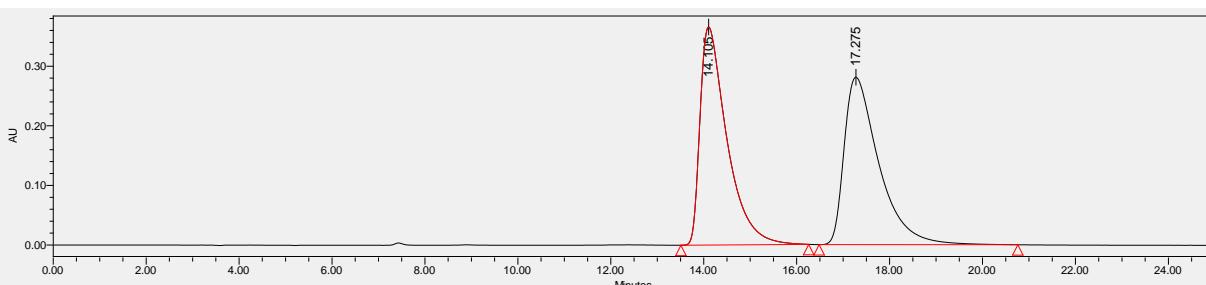
¹H NMR (400 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 9.81 (s, 1H), 8.11 (s, 1H), 8.04 (dd, $J = 8.8, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.96 – 7.89 (m, 3H), 7.60 – 7.50 (m, 4H), 7.30 – 7.23 (m, 3H), 7.02 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.74 – 6.66 (m, 2H), 3.89 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 3.69 (d, $J = 17.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Acetone-d₆) δ 175.8, 154.2, 144.5, 142.3, 137.1, 134.8, 133.7, 130.6, 129.8, 129.2, 129.1, 128.9, 128.5, 128.4, 128.2, 128.0, 127.5, 124.5, 123.8, 122.7, 110.9, 71.7, 46.5, 21.3.

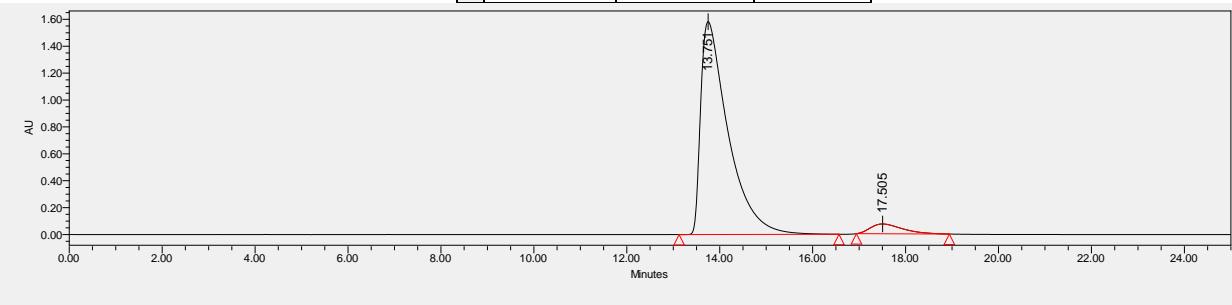
HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for C₂₇H₂₁N₃O₃NaS⁺ ([M]+Na⁺) = 490.1196, found 490.1199.

IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3260, 1727, 1620, 1600, 1472, 1419, 1355, 1214, 1165, 1120, 1103, 1037, 963, 893, 863, 815, 753, 702, 665, 625, 588, 544, 493.

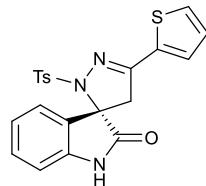
M. p. 204 – 206 °C



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	14.105	14672610	50.17
2	17.275	14575872	49.83



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	13.751	64686341	94.86
2	17.505	3502176	5.14



C28

(S)-5-(thiophen-2-yl)-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

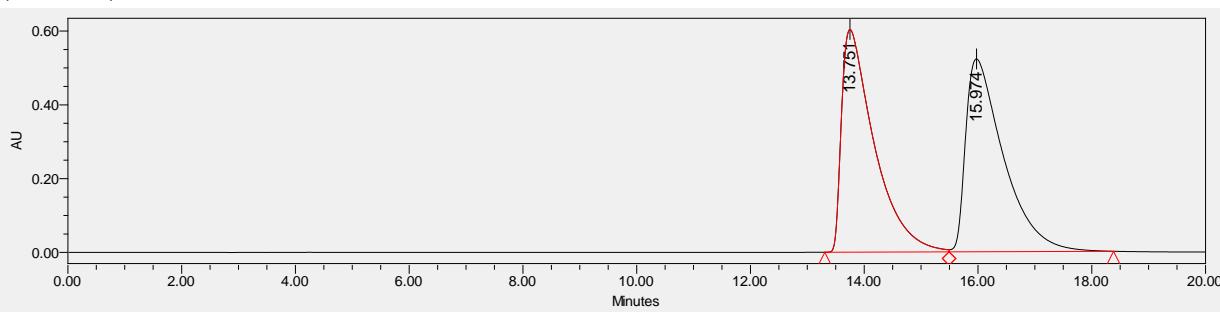
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.3$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow oil (33.8 mg) in 80% yield with 80% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IBN-5**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 14.02$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 16.63$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{19} = +16.2$ ($c = 1.02$, in CH_2Cl_2).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.84 (s, 1H), 7.56 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.44 (dd, $J = 5.2, 1.2$ Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.15 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.04 (dd, $J = 5.2, 3.6$ Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.73 – 6.62 (m, 2H), 3.85 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.38 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

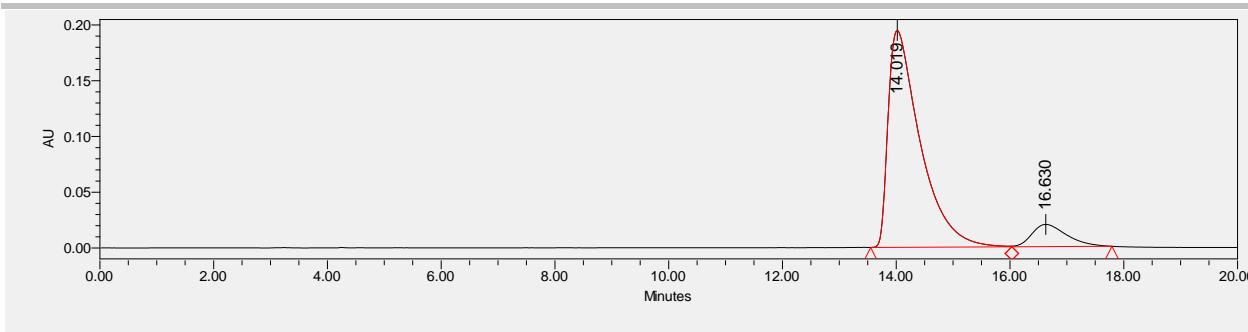
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 175.7, 149.0, 143.9, 140.5, 135.6, 133.8, 130.3, 129.3, 129.2, 129.2, 129.0, 128.2, 127.7, 127.6, 123.7, 122.8, 111.2, 71.0, 46.8, 21.6.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{17}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_3\text{S}_2^+$ ([M]+H⁺) = 446.0604, found 446.0611.

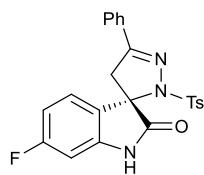
IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3266, 1727, 1620, 1598, 1437, 1400, 1214, 1166, 1123, 1103, 1034, 842, 815, 759, 705, 665, 593, 547, 529.



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	13.751	24095886	50.00
2	15.974	24094142	50.00



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	14.019	7597868	89.98
2	16.630	846016	10.02



C31

(S)-6-fluoro-5'-phenyl-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.5$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the orange oil (27.8 mg) in 64% yield with 86% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IB_{N-5}**, 2-propanol/hexane = 20/80, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 21.19$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 17.88$ min; $[\alpha]_{405}^{25} = -36.3$ ($c = 0.85$, in CH_2Cl_2).

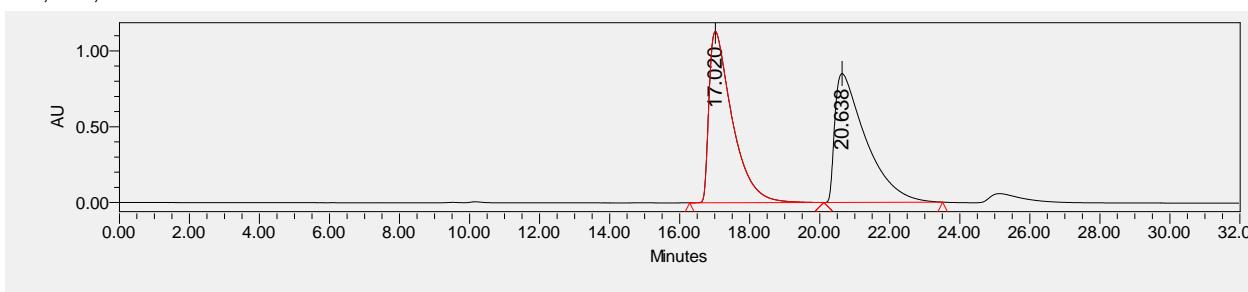
¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 9.12 (s, 1H), 7.74 – 7.66 (m, 2H), 7.63 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.47 – 7.36 (m, 3H), 7.20 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.71 (dd, $J = 8.4, 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 6.65 (dd, $J = 8.4, 5.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.40 (td, $J = 8.8, 2.4$ Hz, 1H), 3.82 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.37 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ 176.5, 163.9 ($J = 248.8$ Hz), 153.4, 144.2, 142.2 ($J = 12.4$ Hz), 135.6, 130.7, 130.3, 129.3, 129.3, 128.8, 128.1, 126.9, 125.0 ($J = 10.1$ Hz), 123.7 ($J = 2.8$ Hz), 109.2 ($J = 22.8$ Hz), 99.9 ($J = 27.4$ Hz), 70.6, 46.1, 21.6.

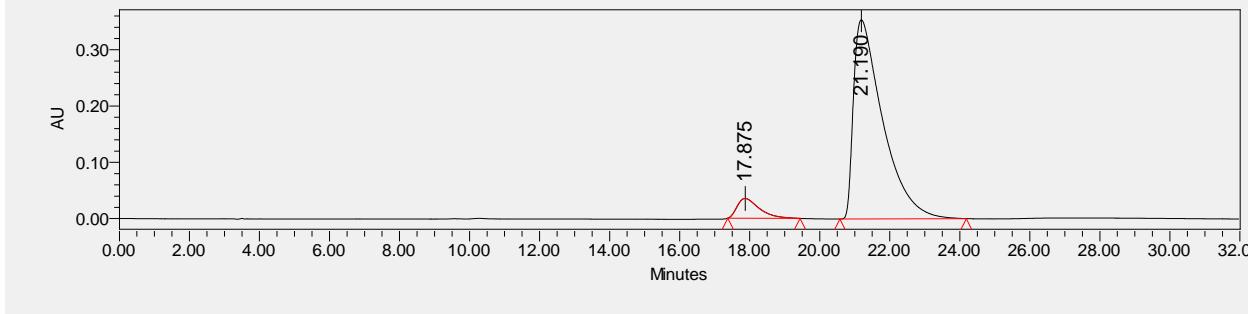
¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, Chloroform-d) δ -108.4.

HRMS (ESI⁺) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{18}\text{FN}_3\text{NaO}_3\text{S}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 458.0945$, found 458.0941.

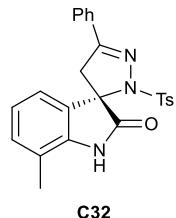
IR (neat, cm⁻¹) 3313, 1743, 1627, 1501, 1462, 1356, 1269, 1215, 1166, 1141, 1120, 1036, 968, 847, 811, 761, 734, 707, 690, 667, 600, 574, 544.



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	17.020	51824497	49.82
2	20.638	52207302	50.18



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	17.875	1557905	7.05
2	21.190	20550897	92.95



C32

(S)-7-methyl-5'-phenyl-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.4$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light pink solid (39.1 mg) in 84% yield with 70% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IB-N-5**, 2-propanol/hexane = 20/80, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 18.00$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 21.57$ min; $[\alpha]_{405}^{24} = +66.9$ ($c = 1.33$, in CH_2Cl_2).

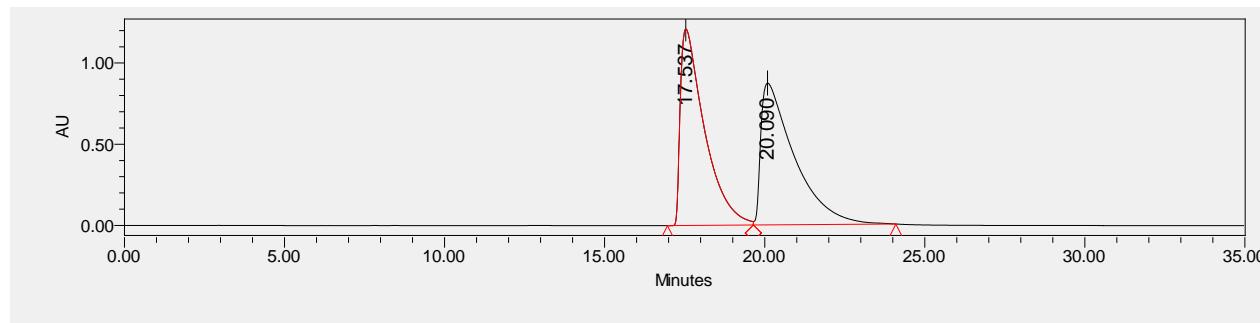
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Chloroform- δ) δ 9.12 (s, 1H), 7.79 – 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.50 (dd, $J = 8.4, 6.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.46 – 7.39 (m, 3H), 7.12 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 6.99 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.95 – 6.87 (m, 1H), 6.19 (s, 1H), 3.85 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.36 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.93 (s, 3H).

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Chloroform- δ) δ 176.2, 153.6, 143.6, 138.2, 135.8, 132.0, 130.7, 130.6, 130.5, 129.1, 129.1, 128.8, 128.1, 127.1, 126.9, 124.5, 111.1, 71.2, 46.1, 21.6, 20.6.

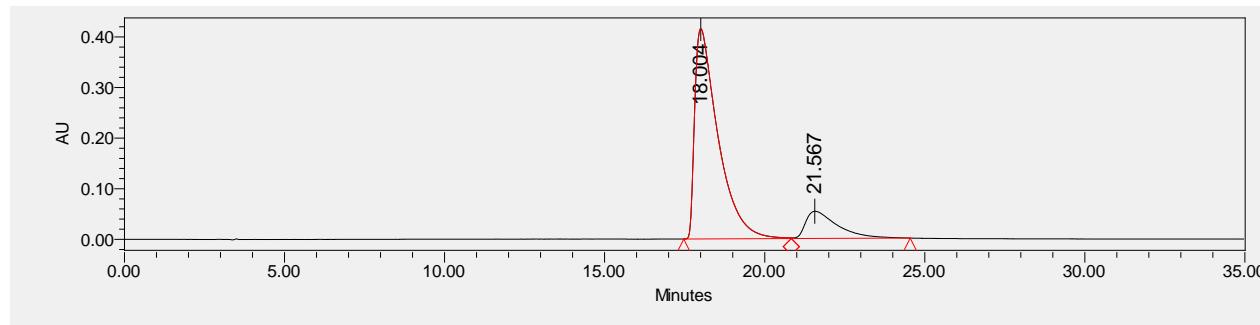
HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_3\text{S}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 454.1196$, found 454.1188.

IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 3326, 1730, 1626, 1598, 1494, 1448, 1356, 1263, 1217, 1167, 1114, 1036, 858, 815, 763, 734, 691, 664, 636, 599, 547, 488.

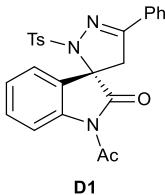
M. p. 246 – 249 °C



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	17.537	63343733	49.96
2	20.090	63438803	50.04



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	18.004	21065322	84.97
2	21.567	3726770	15.03



D1

(S)-1-acetyl-5'-phenyl-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

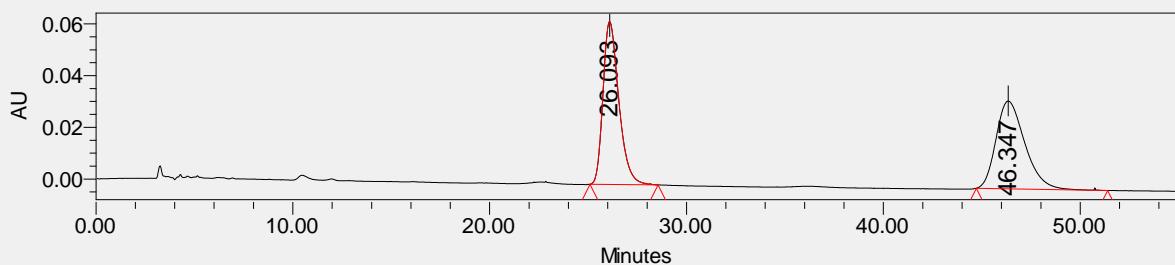
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.4$, PE/EtOAc = 3:2) to afford the light yellow oil (41.9 mg) in 91% yield with 90% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel ID 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 25.53$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 46.25$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{16} = +32.7$ ($c = 0.44$, in CH_2Cl_2).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Chloroform- δ) δ 8.28 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.75 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.47 – 7.31 (m, 6H), 7.12 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.81 (t, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.89 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.43 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 2.76 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

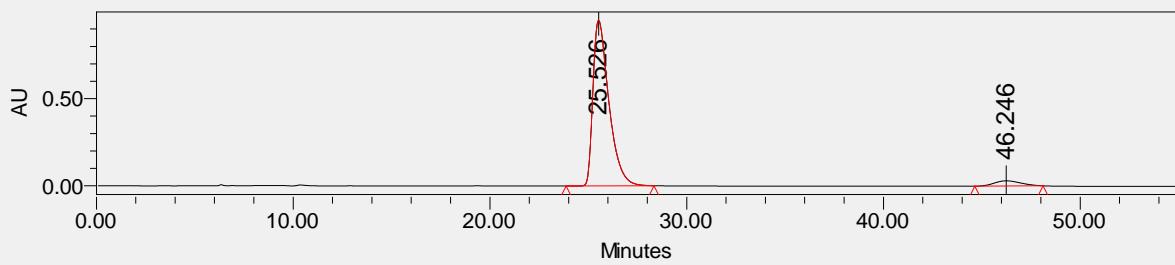
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Chloroform- δ) δ 174.0, 169.8, 151.8, 143.0, 138.5, 134.4, 129.8, 129.6, 129.1, 128.2, 127.8, 126.7, 125.8, 125.2, 124.3, 122.1, 116.0, 69.9, 46.0, 25.6, 20.6.

HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_4\text{S}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 482.1145$, found 482.1150.

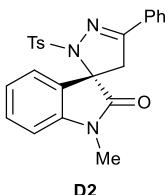
IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 2924, 2854, 2360, 1770, 1714, 1600, 1466, 1418, 1357, 1337, 1310, 1274, 1101, 1055, 1016, 915, 863, 801, 760, 736, 693, 671, 602, 587, 546, 494.



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	26.093	3518983	50.44
2	46.347	3456964	49.56



	Retention Time	Area	% Area
1	25.526	53415161	95.06
2	46.246	2775841	4.94



D2

(S)-1-methyl-5'-phenyl-2'-tosyl-2',4'-dihydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrazol]-2-one

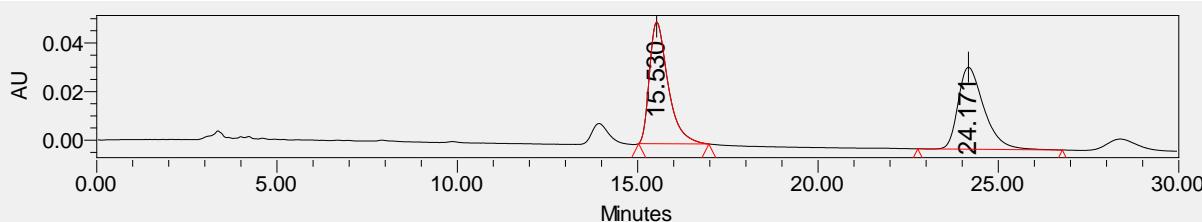
The crude material was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel ($R_f = 0.5$, PE/EtOAc = 2:1) to afford the yellow oil (41.0 mg) in 95% yield with 90% ee. The ee was determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralcel **IA**, 2-propanol/hexane = 30/70, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, $\lambda = 300$ nm). $t_{R(\text{major})} = 15.12$ min, $t_{R(\text{minor})} = 24.05$ min; $[\alpha]_D^{15} = +59.1$ (c = 0.25, in CH_2Cl_2).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.72 – 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.55 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.43 – 7.35 (m, 3H), 7.35 – 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.16 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 2H), 6.90 (d, $J = 8.0$ Hz, 1H), 6.81 – 6.67 (m, 2H), 3.81 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.38 (d, $J = 16.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.32 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H).

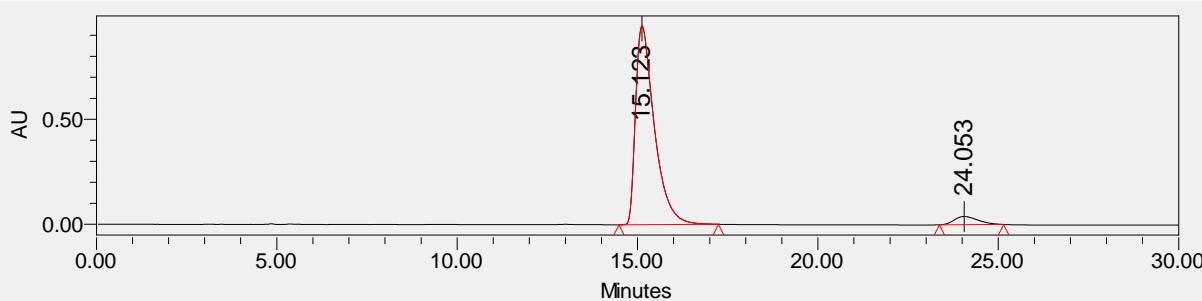
$^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 174.1, 153.2, 143.8, 143.2, 135.9, 130.6, 130.5, 130.3, 129.2, 128.7, 128.1, 127.7, 126.8, 123.5, 122.9, 108.8, 70.6, 45.9, 27.0, 21.6.

HRMS (ESI $^+$) m/z calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_3\text{NaO}_3\text{S}^+ ([M]+\text{Na}^+) = 454.1196$, found 454.1194.

IR (neat, cm^{-1}) 2927, 2360, 1727, 1672, 1612, 1493, 1471, 1449, 1421, 1351, 1306, 1260, 1160, 1117, 1090, 1058, 1011, 953, 867, 815, 755, 732, 697, 666, 546, 492.

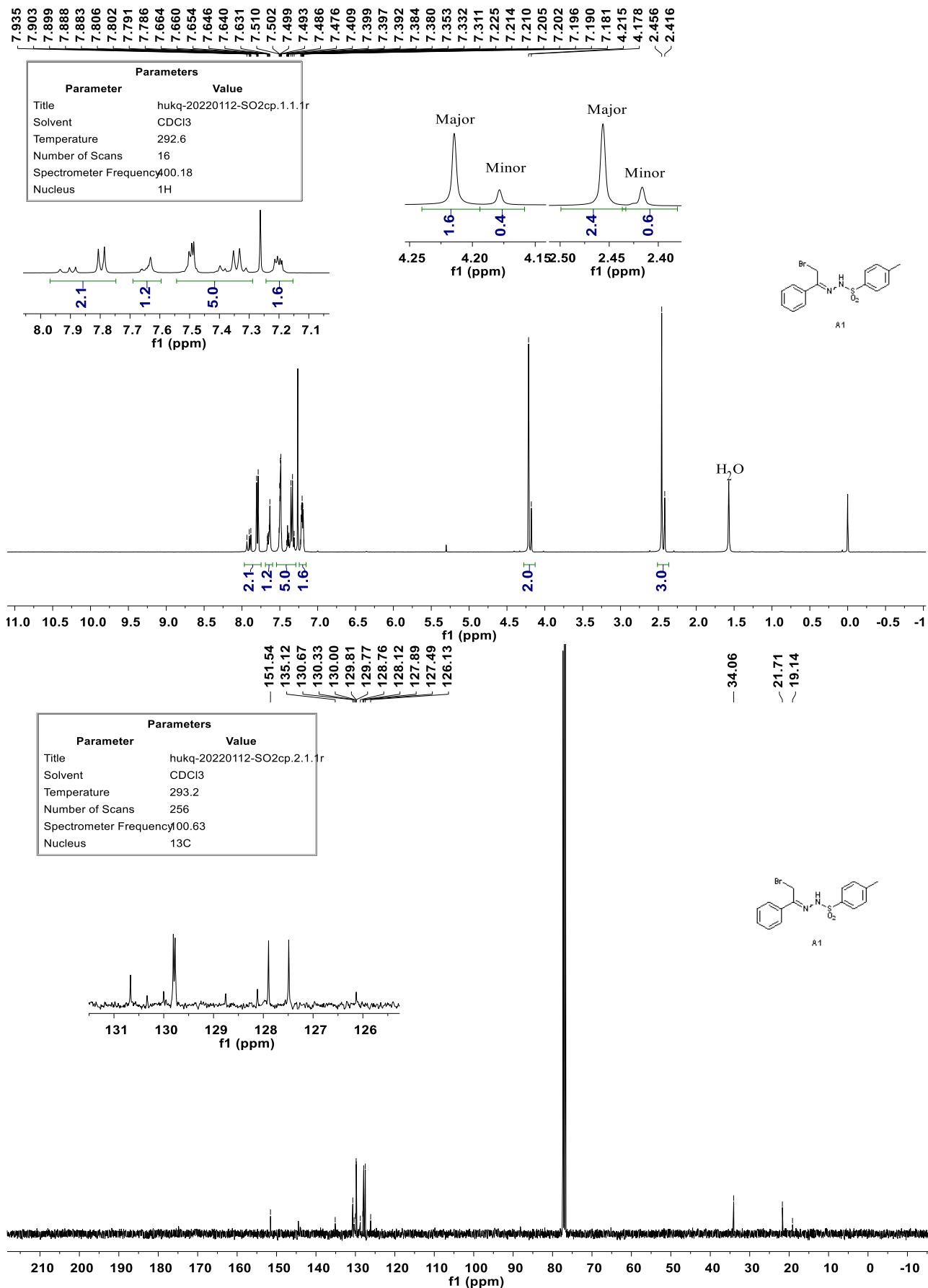


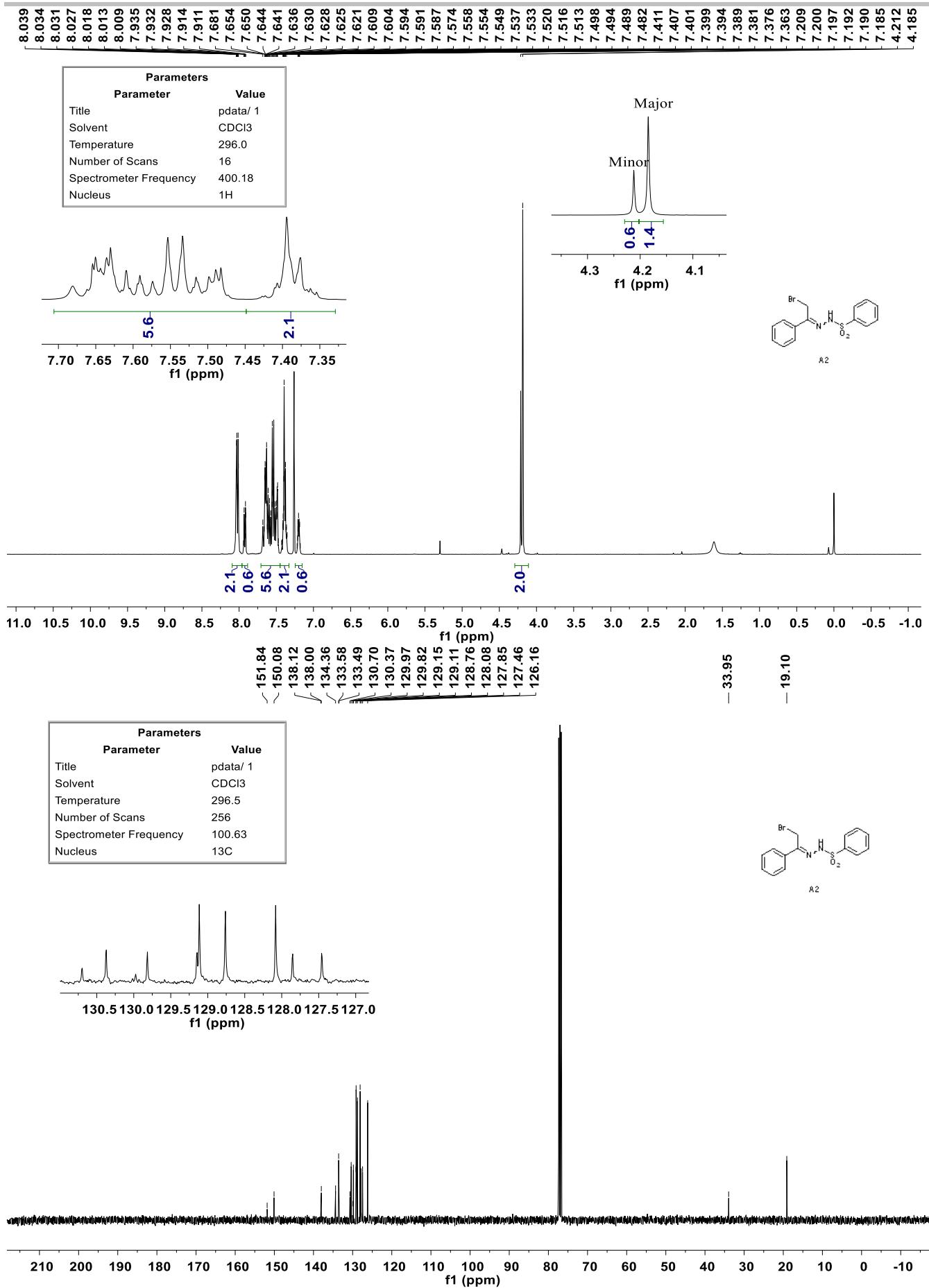
	Retention Time	% Area	Height
1	15.530	51.59	50028
2	24.171	48.41	33709

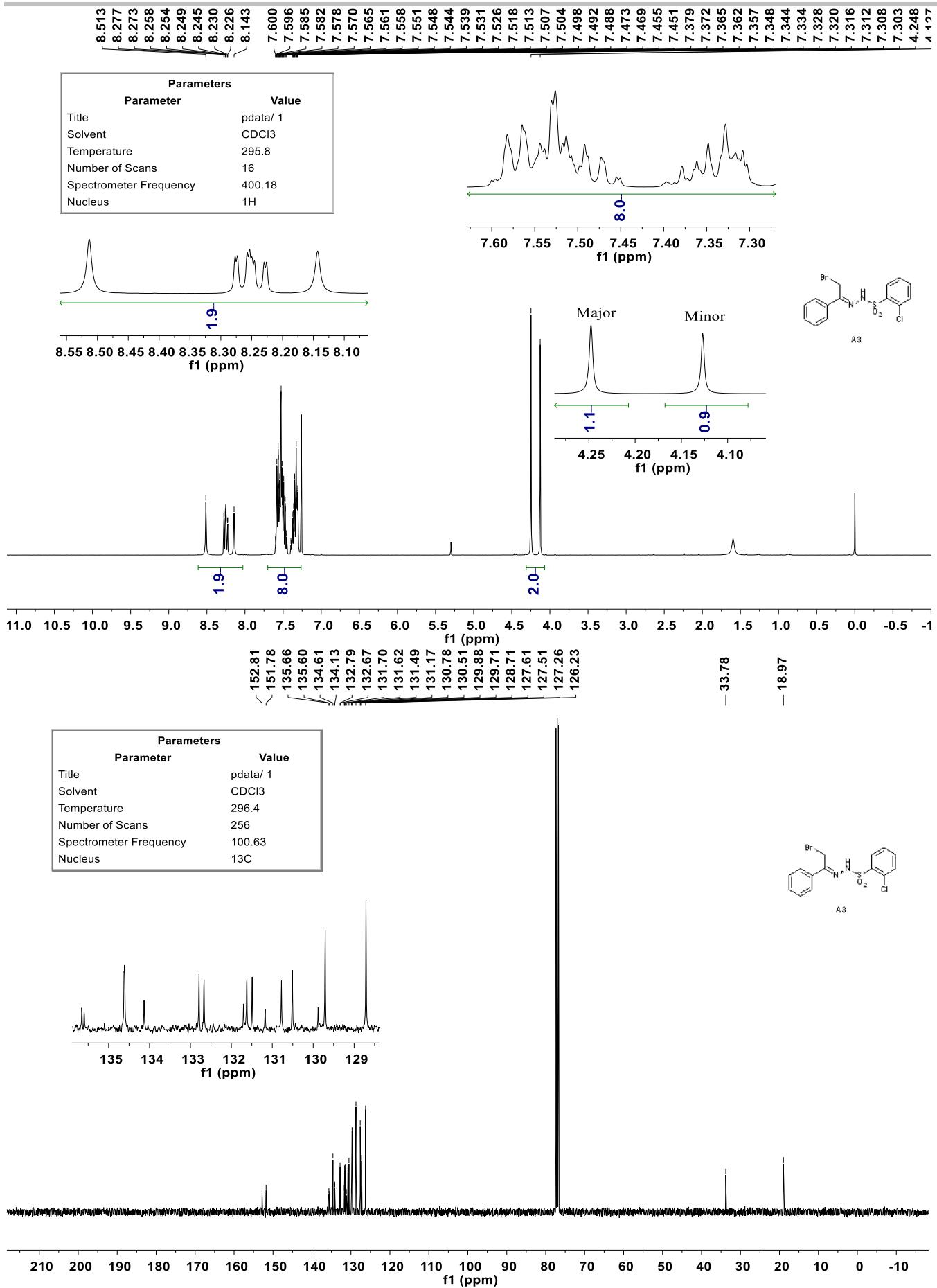


	Retention Time	% Area	Height
1	15.123	94.96	946145
2	24.053	5.04	39265

17. Copies of NMR spectra for the reaction substrates and products

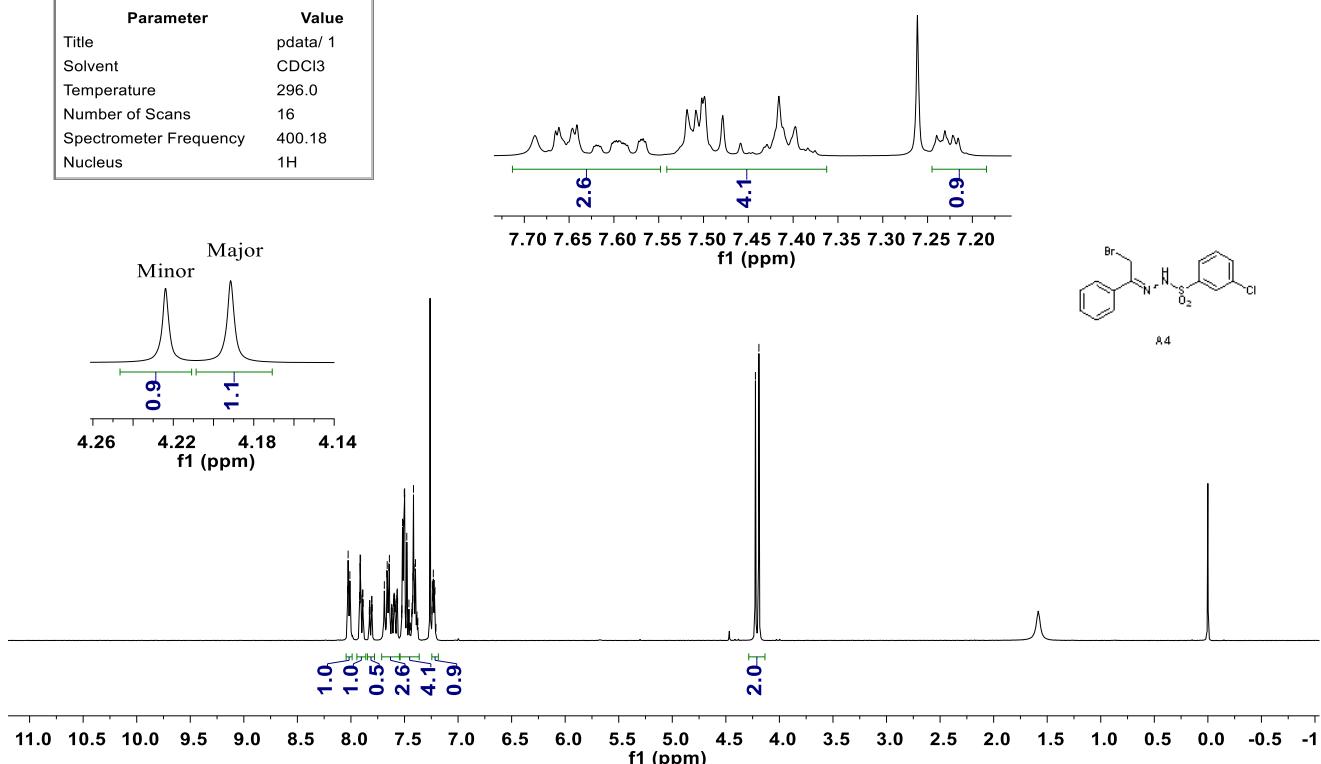




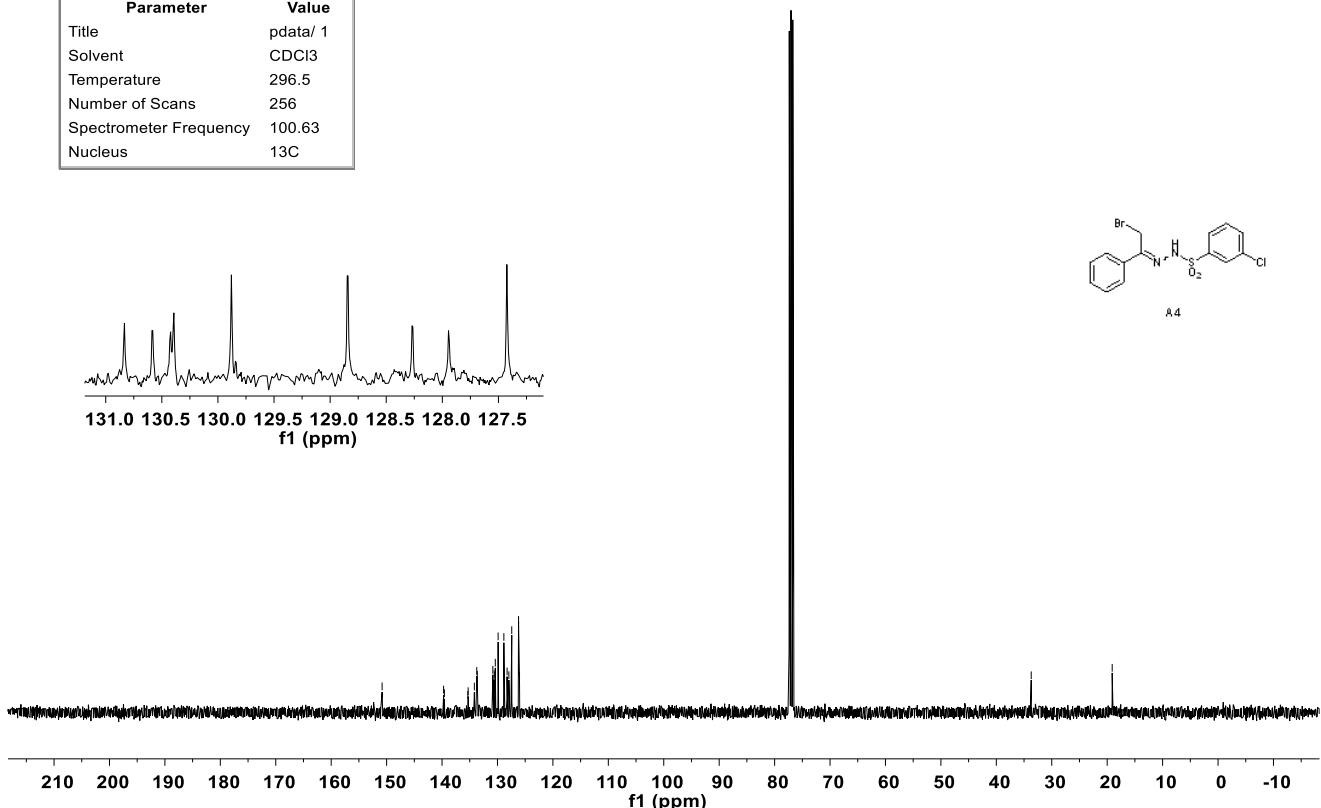


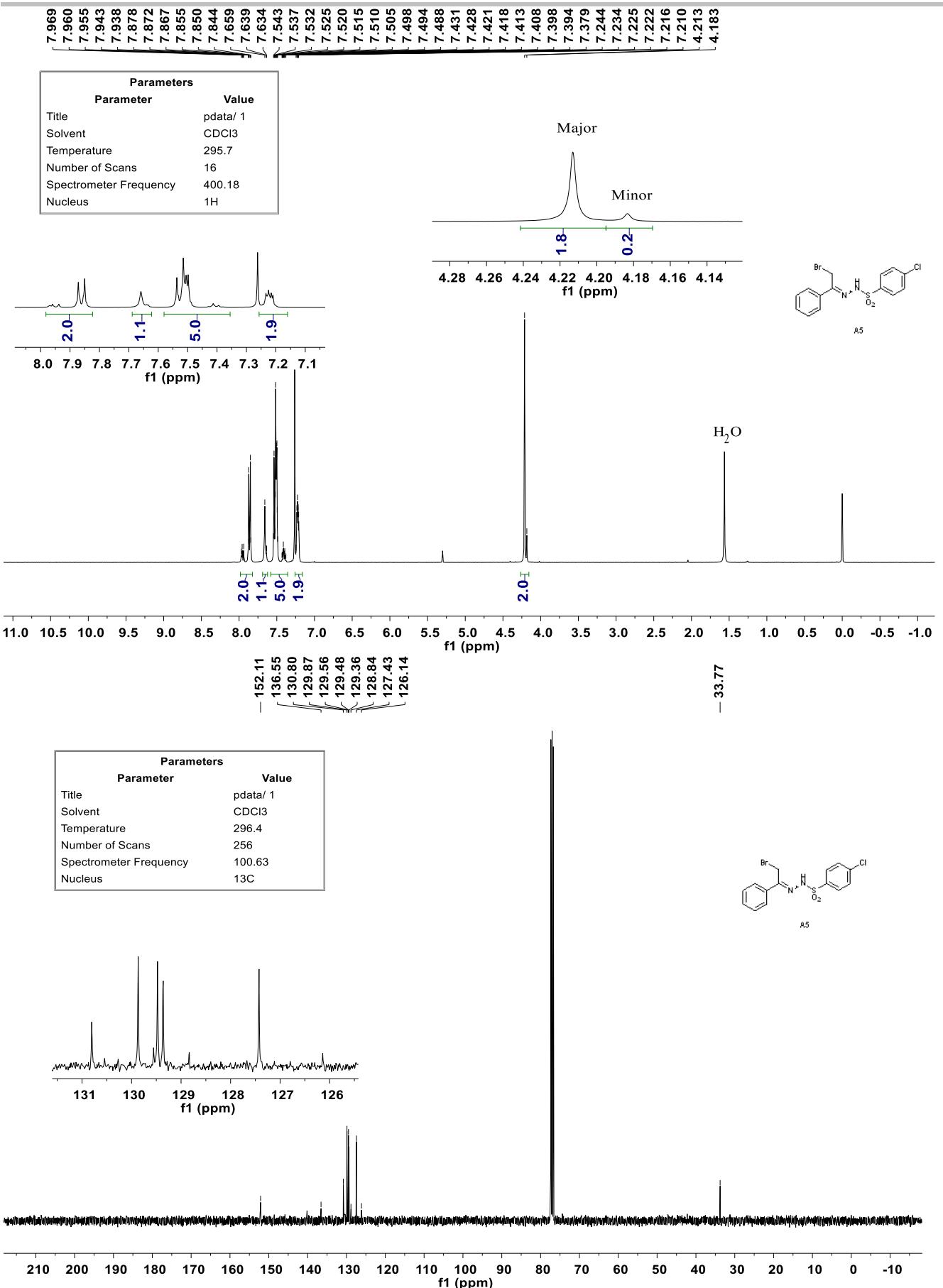


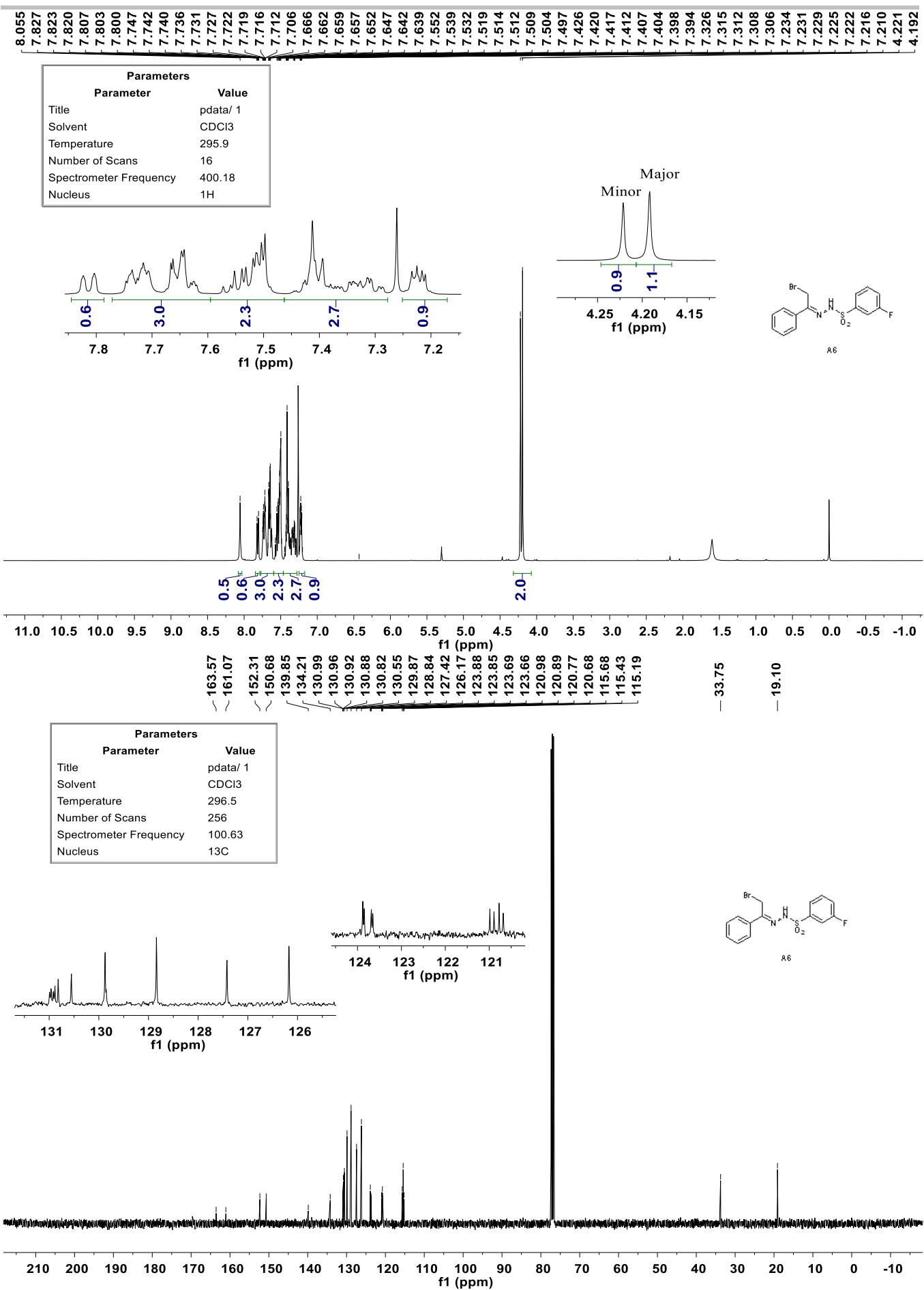
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Parameter	Value
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Solvent	CDCl ₃
Temperature	296.0
Number of Scans	16
Spectrometer Frequency	400.18
Nucleus	1H



Parameters	
Parameter	Value
Title	pdata/ 1
Solvent	CDCl ₃
Temperature	296.5
Number of Scans	256
Spectrometer Frequency	100.63
Nucleus	13C

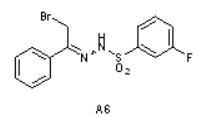




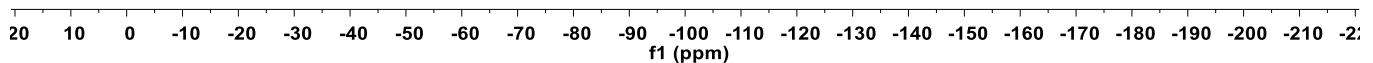


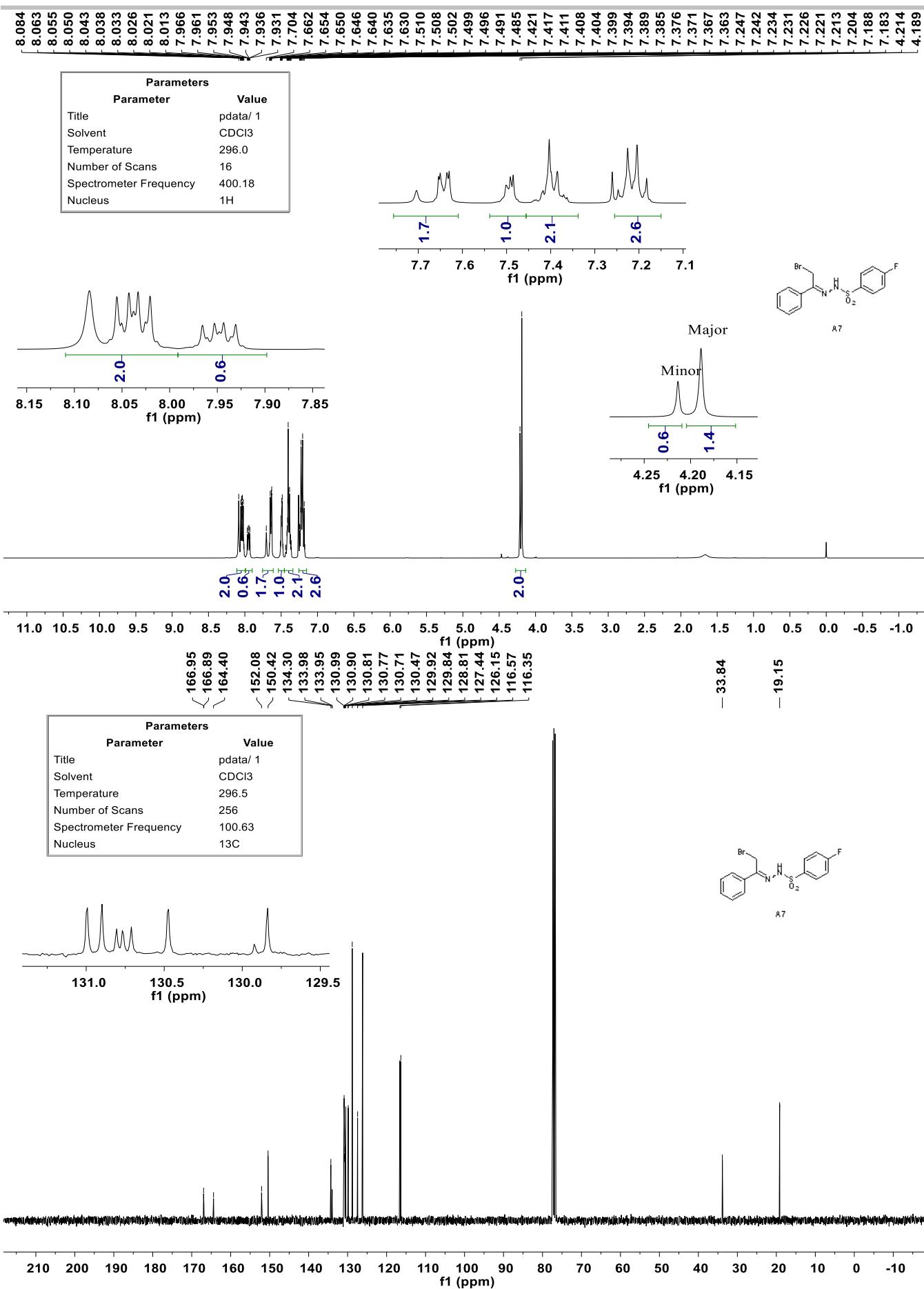
Parameters	
Parameter	Value
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Solvent	CDCl3
Temperature	296.2
Number of Scans	16
Spectrometer Frequency	376.55
Nucleus	19F

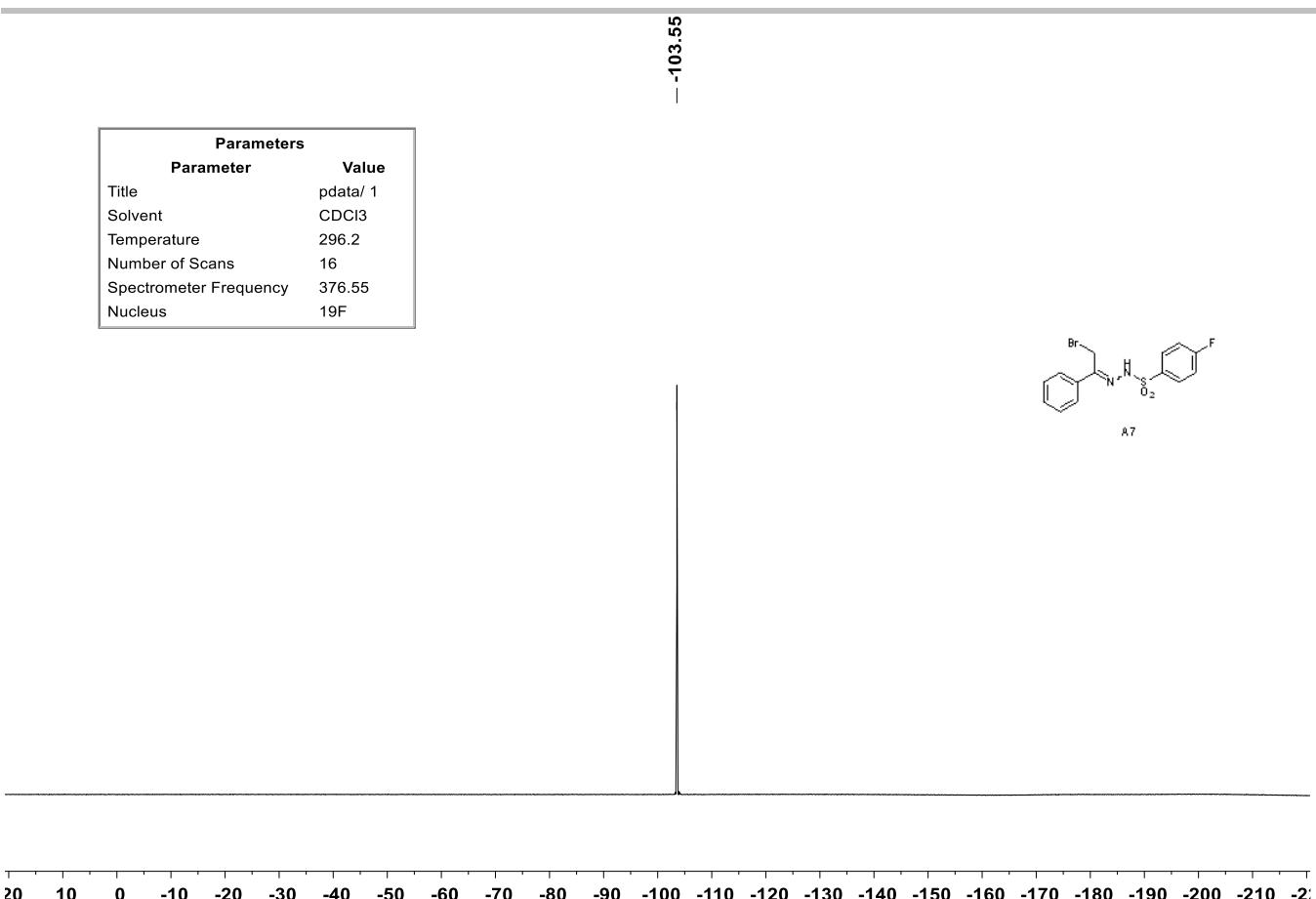
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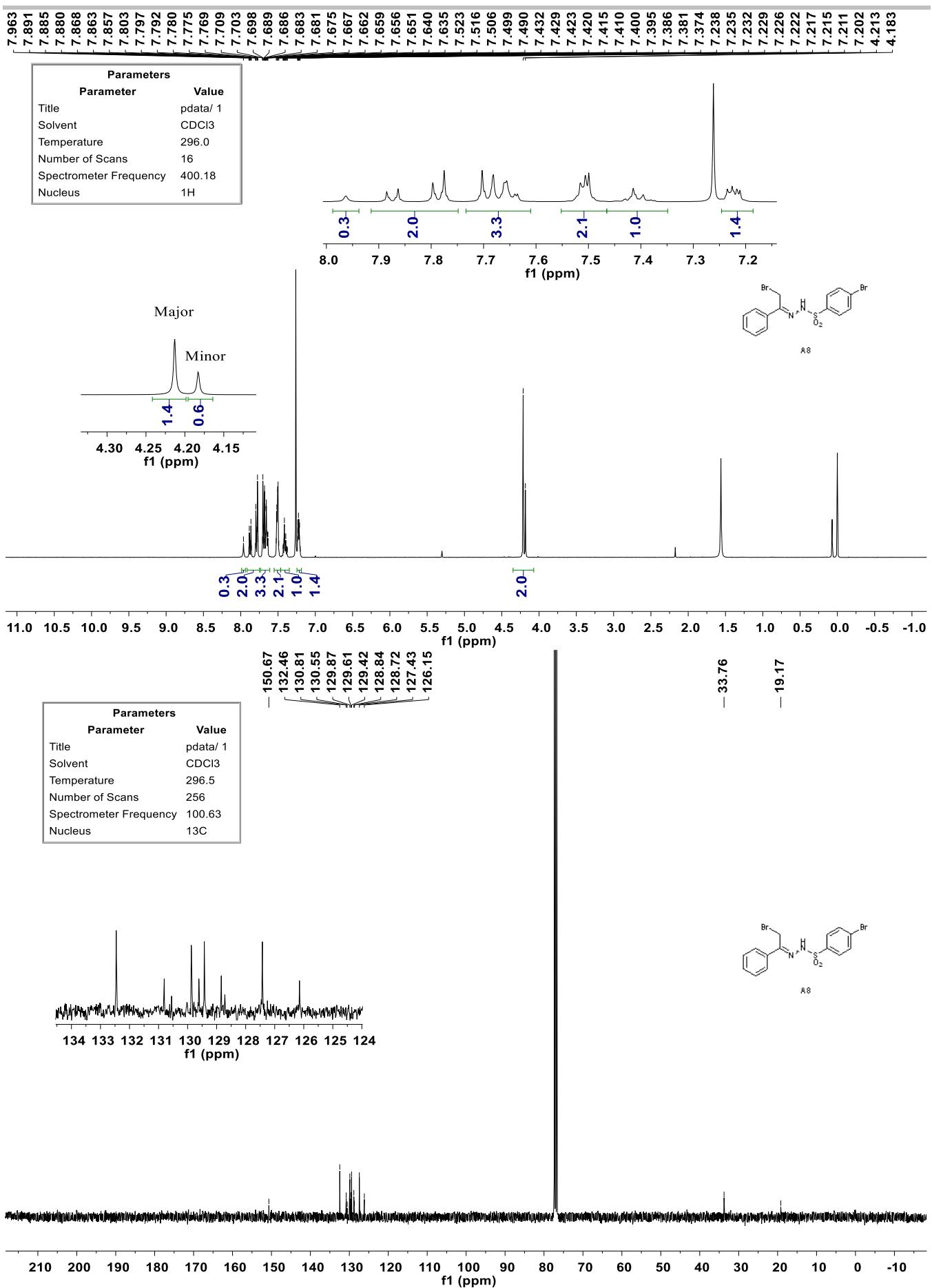


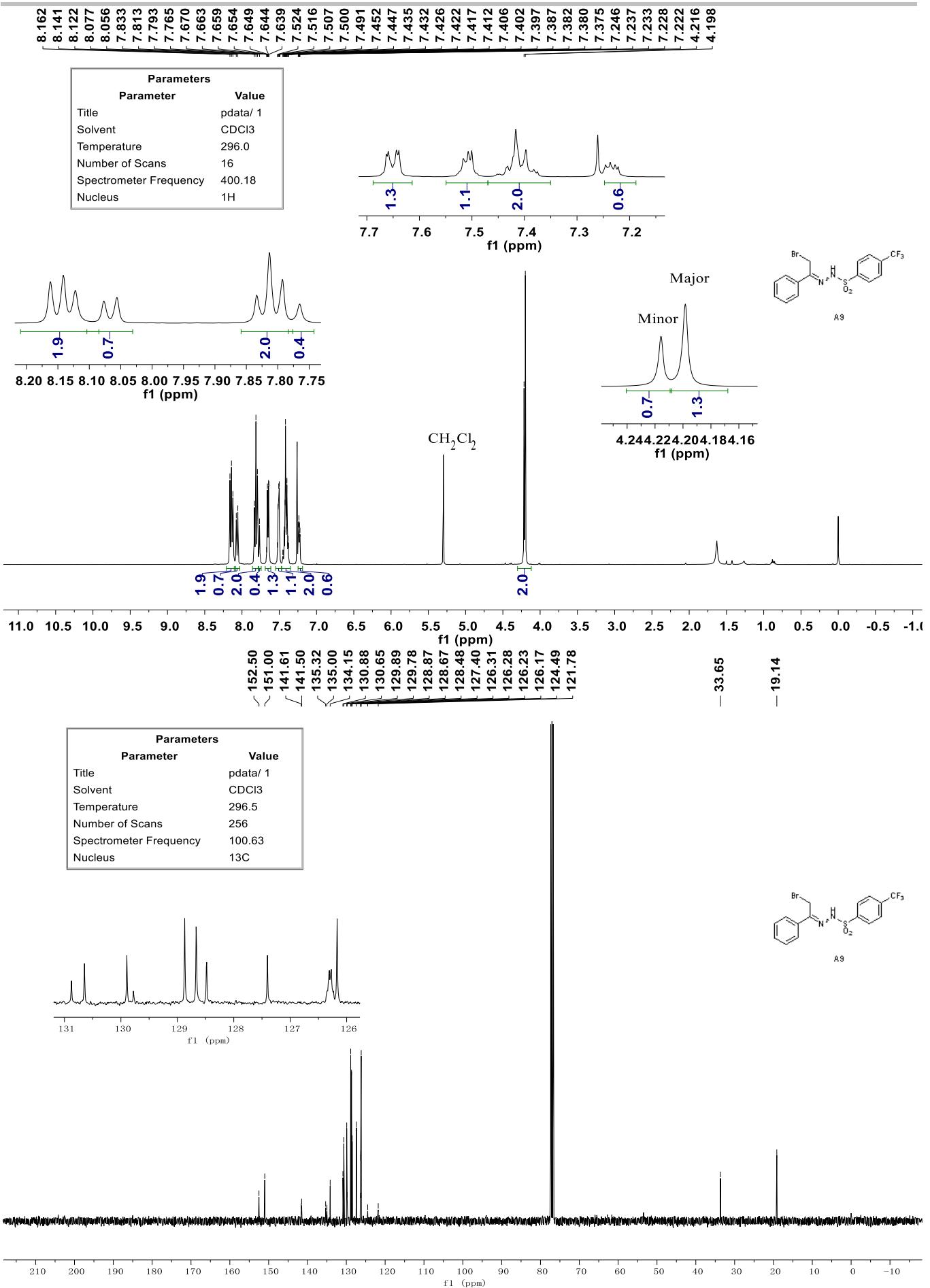
A6





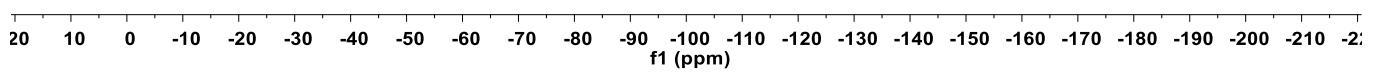
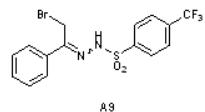


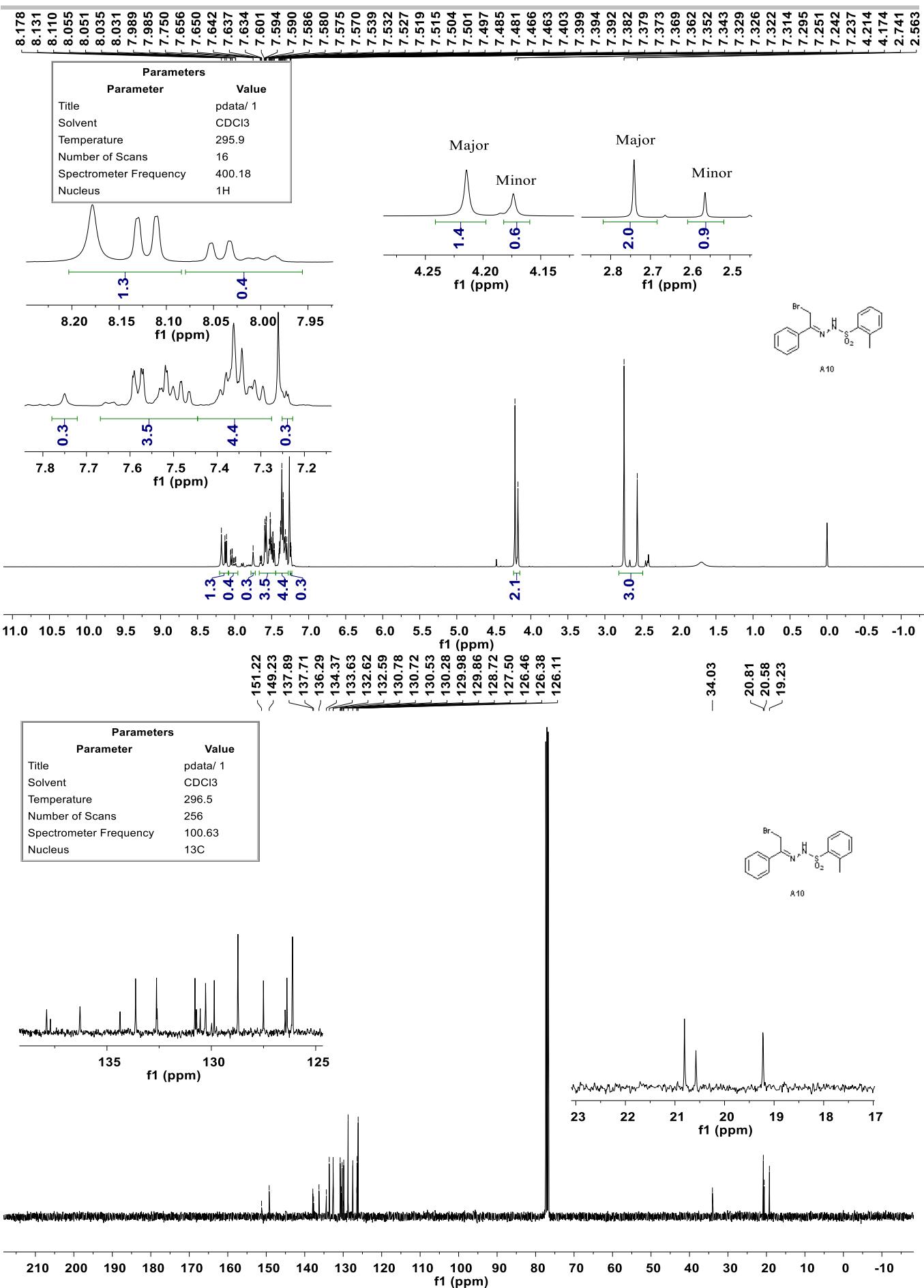


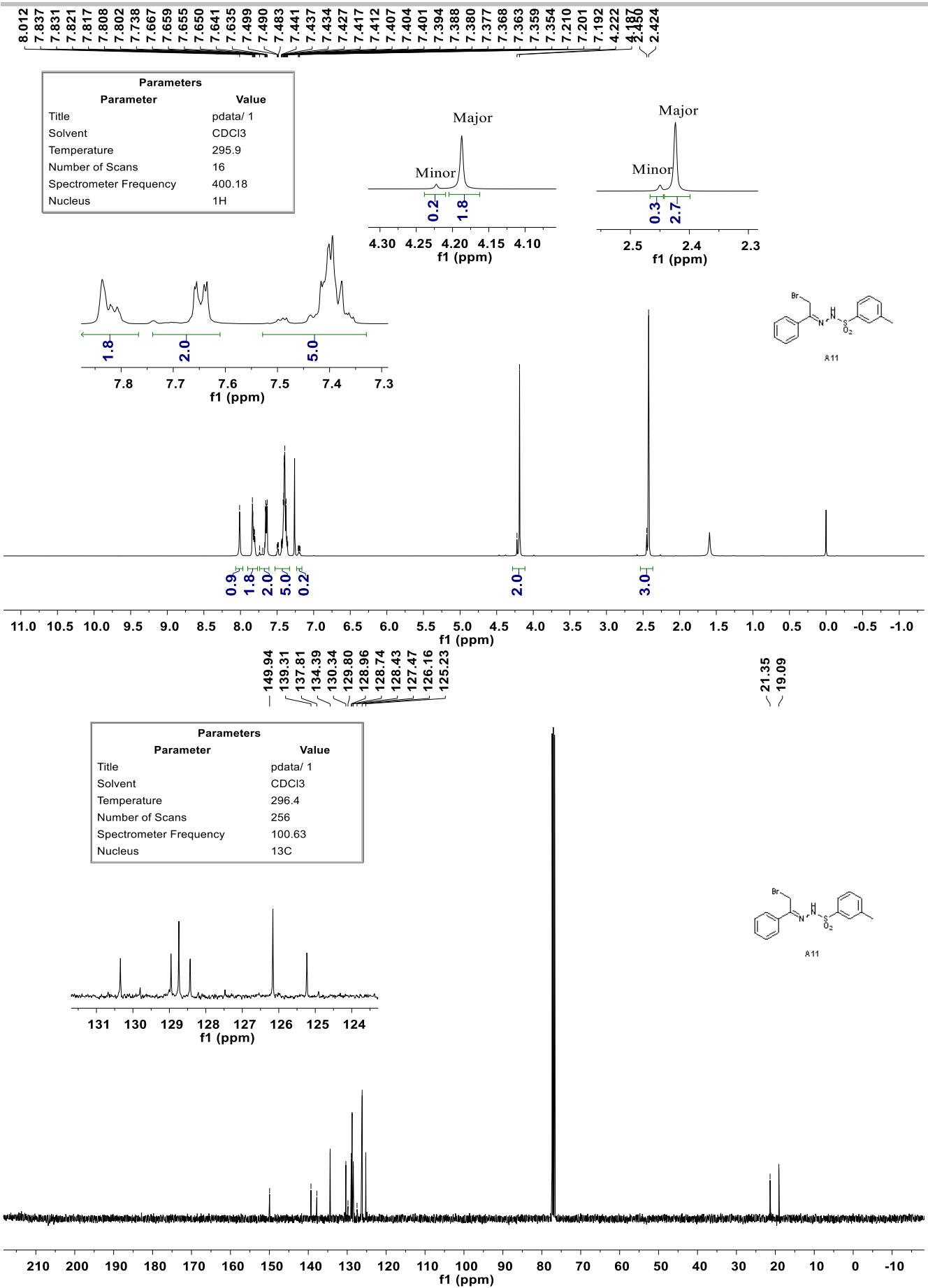


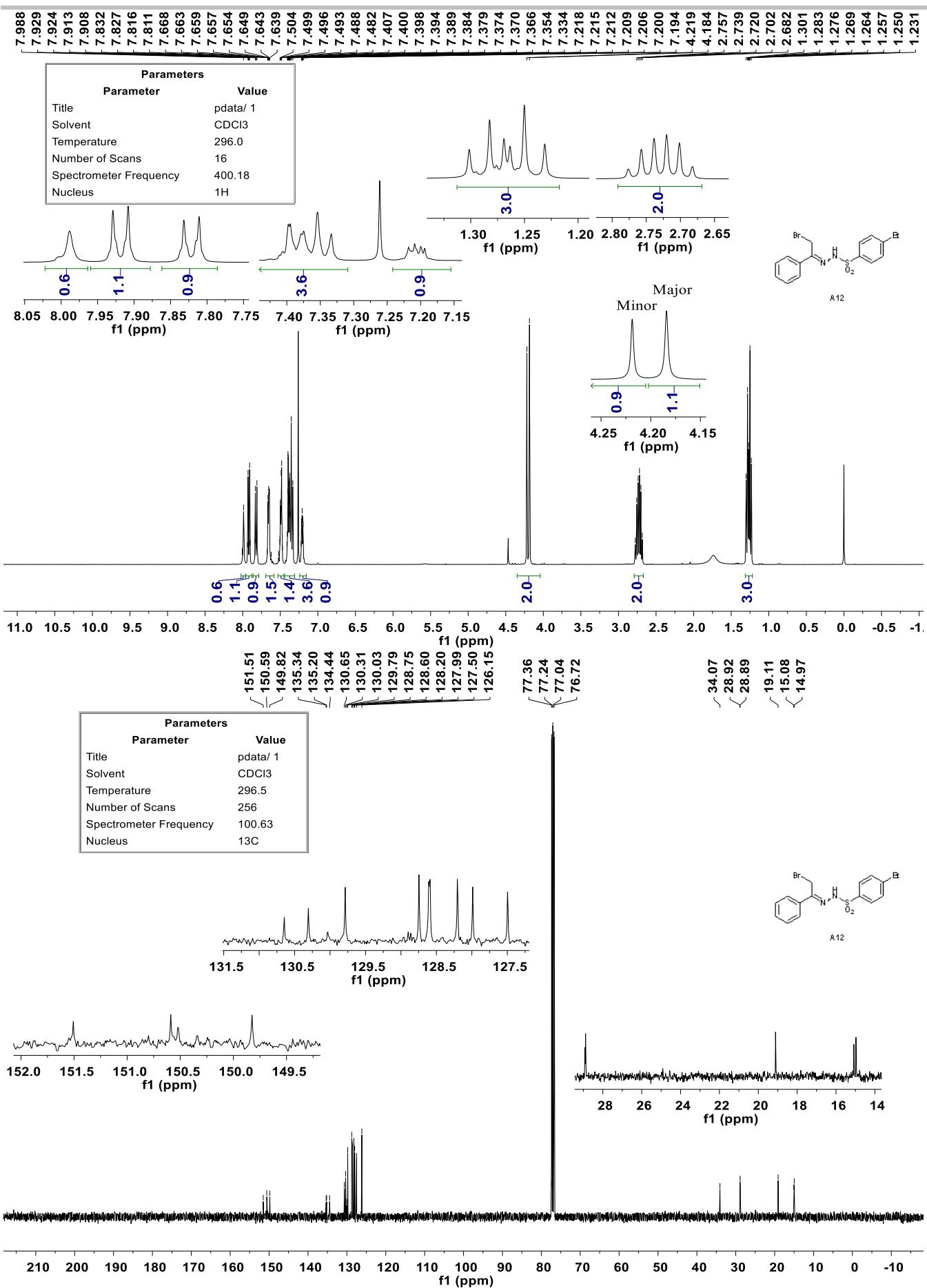
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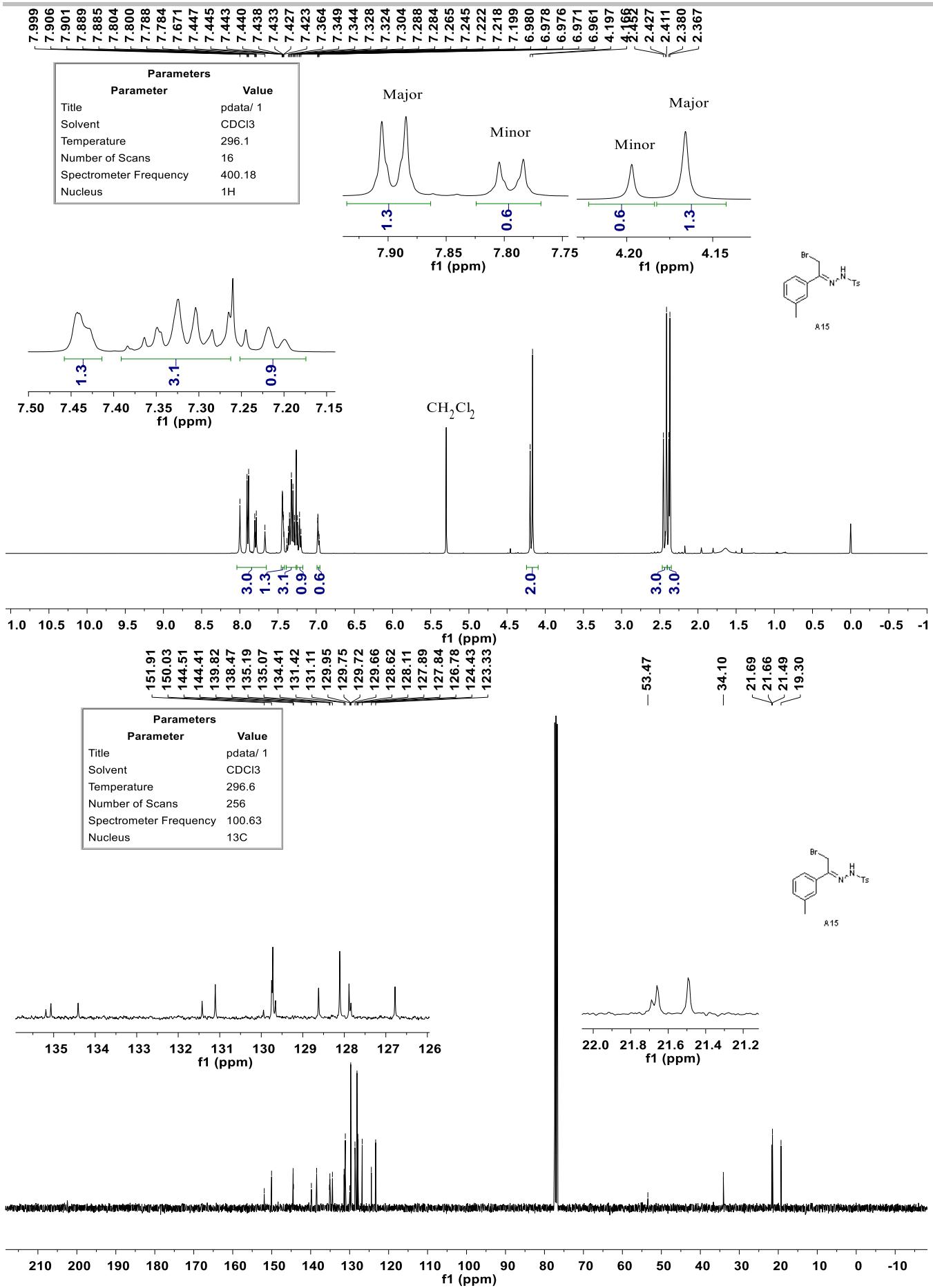
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Parameter	Value
Title	pdata/ 1
Solvent	CDCl ₃
Temperature	294.1
Number of Scans	16
Spectrometer Frequency	876.55
Nucleus	¹⁹ F

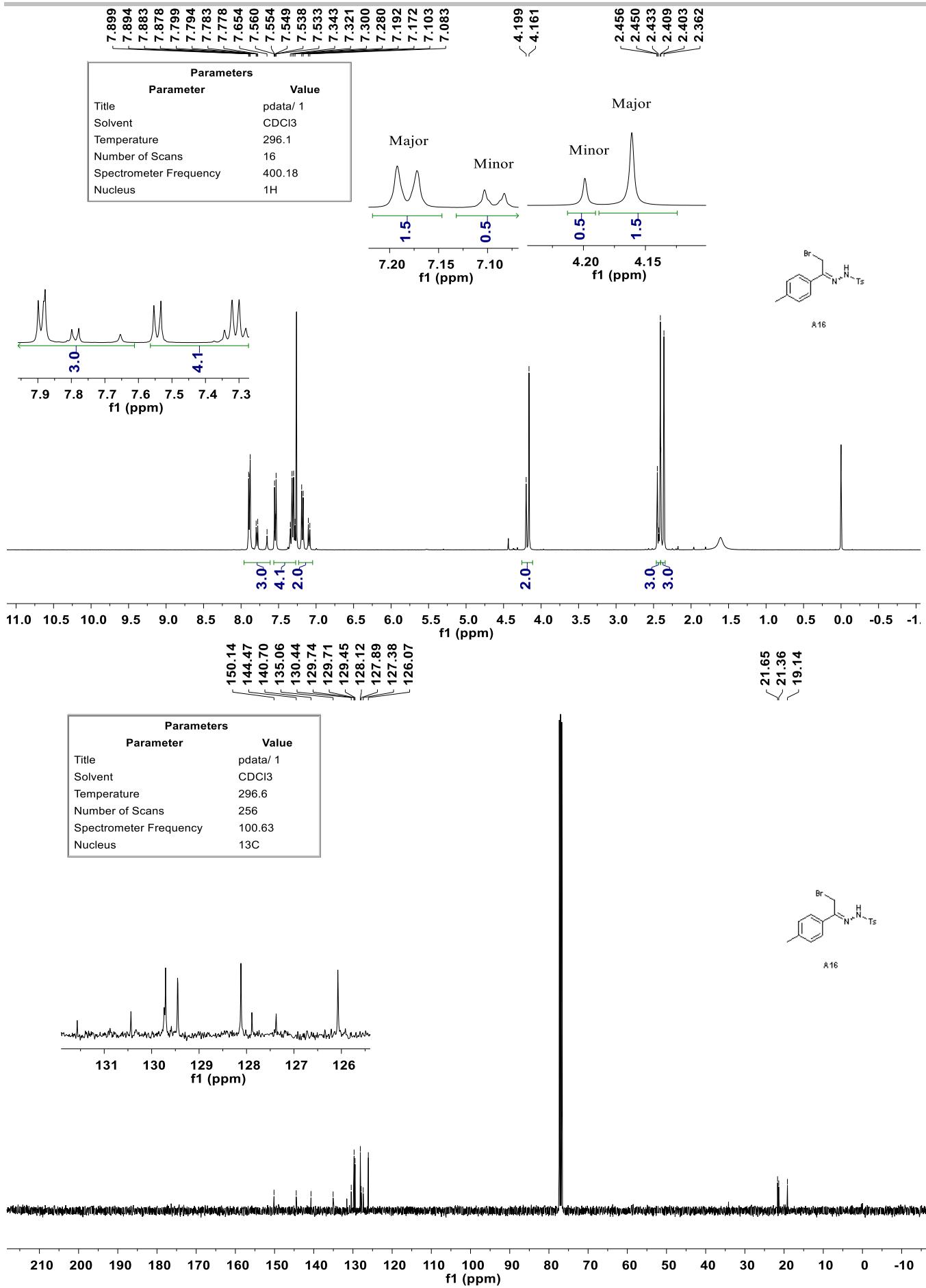


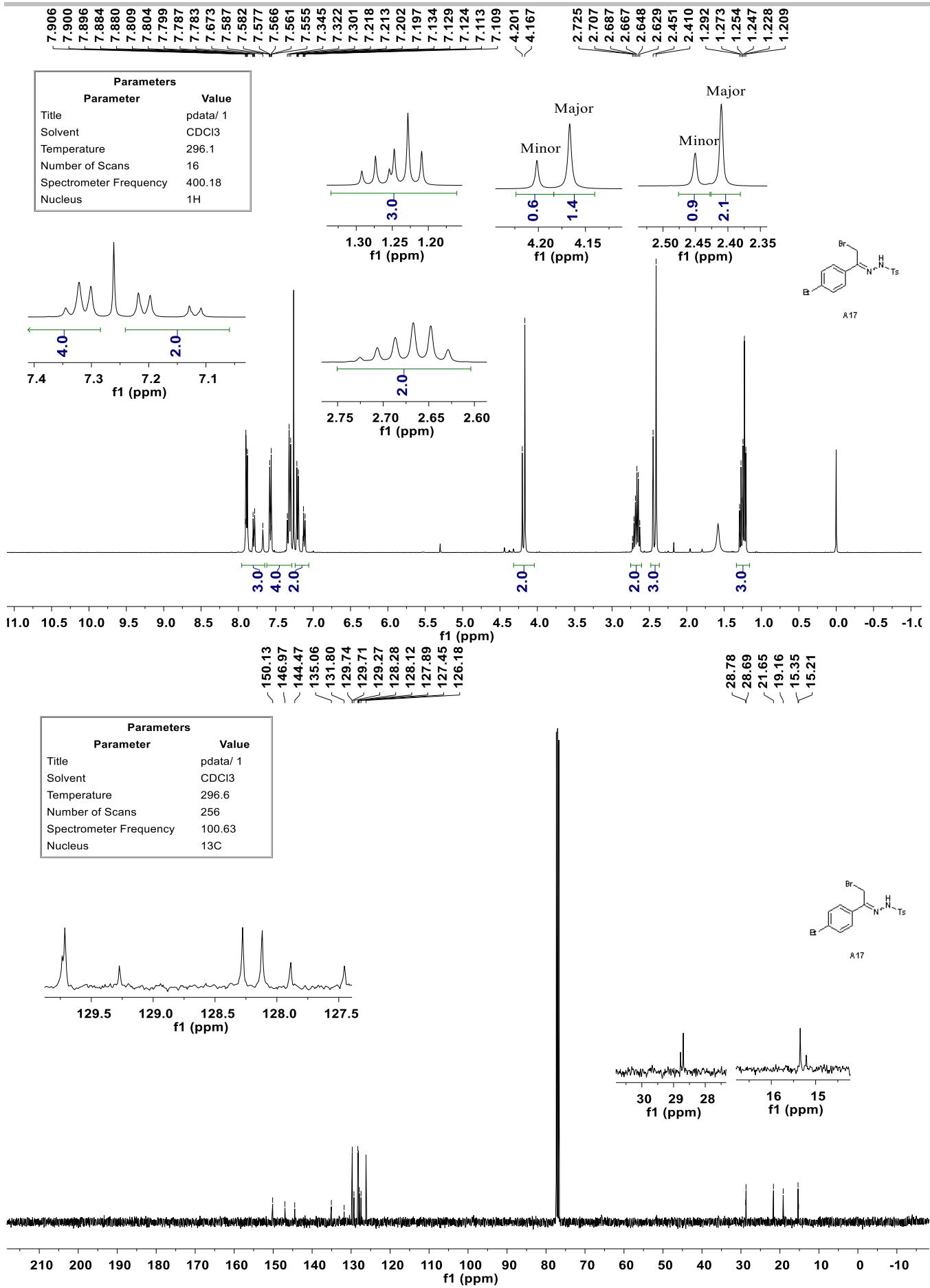


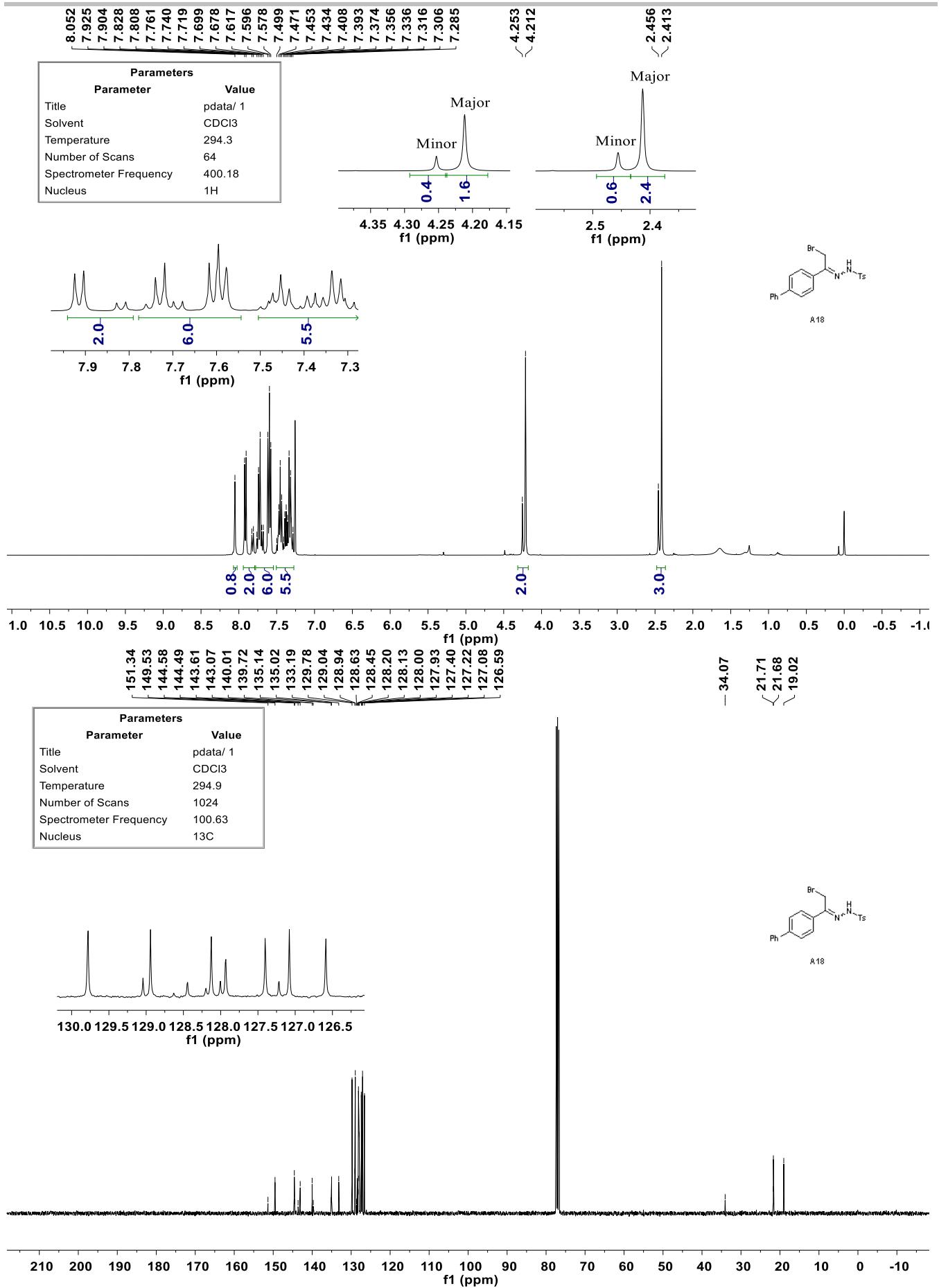






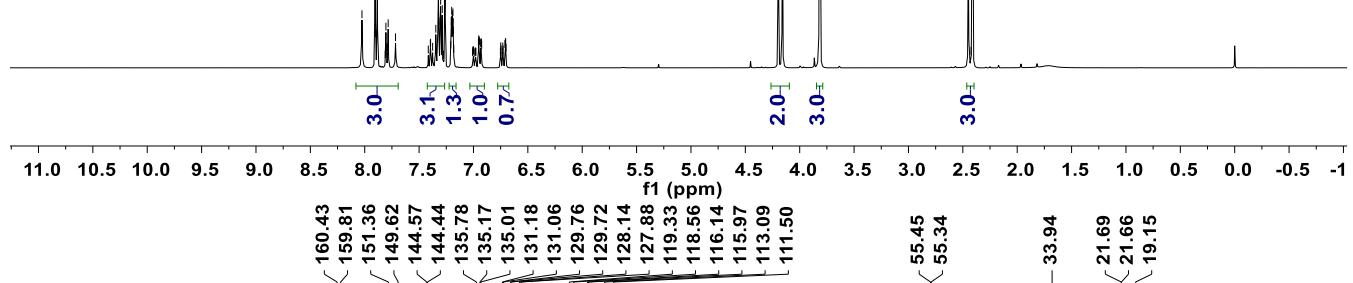
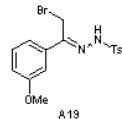
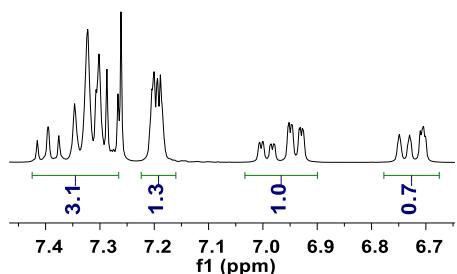
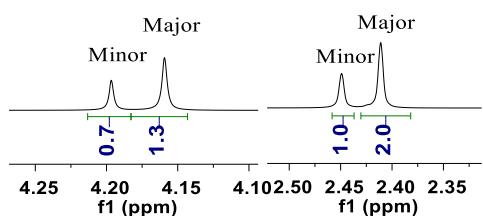




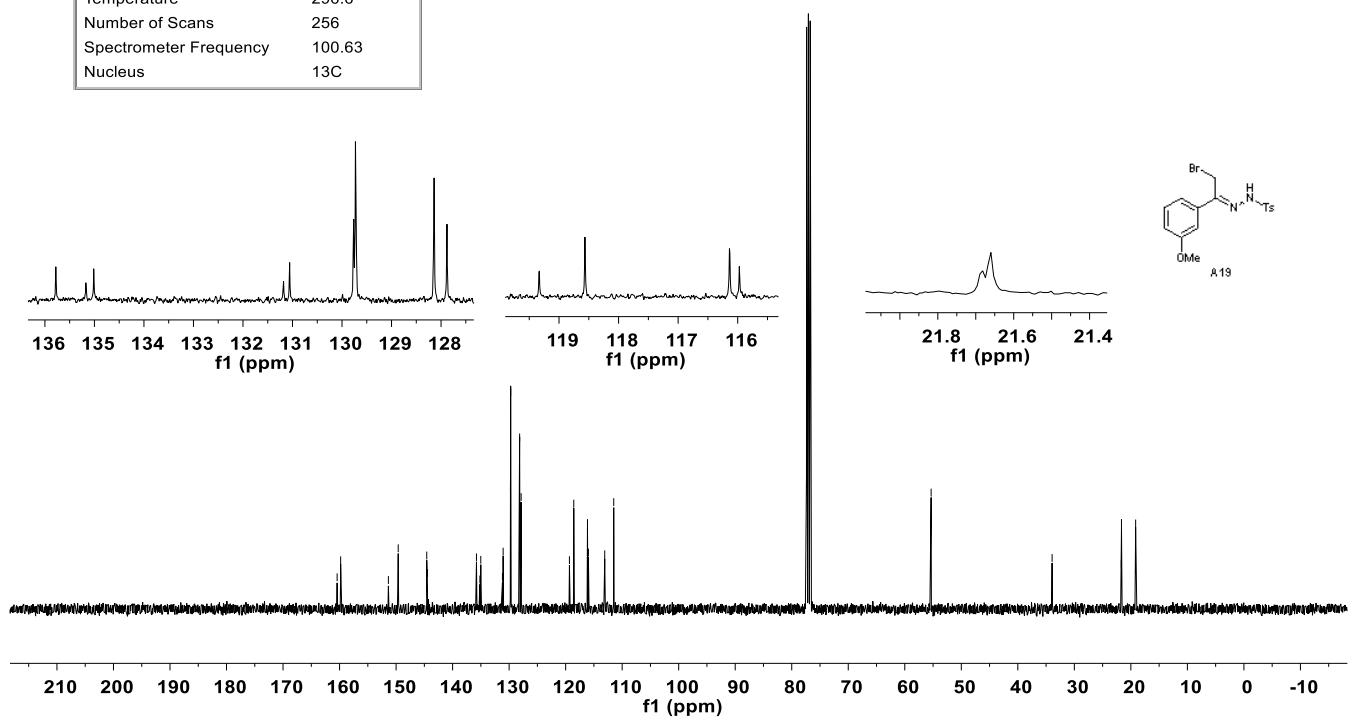


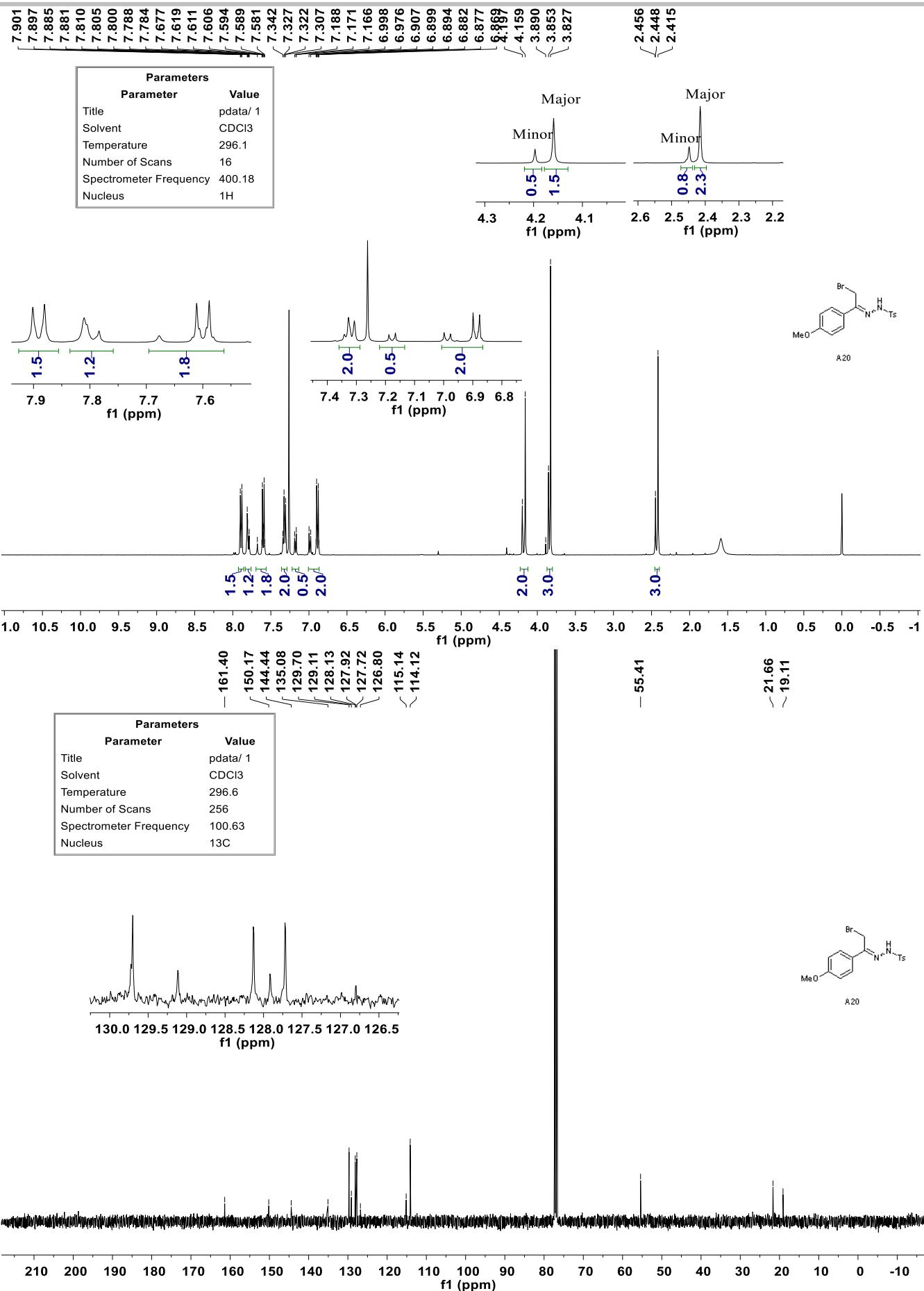


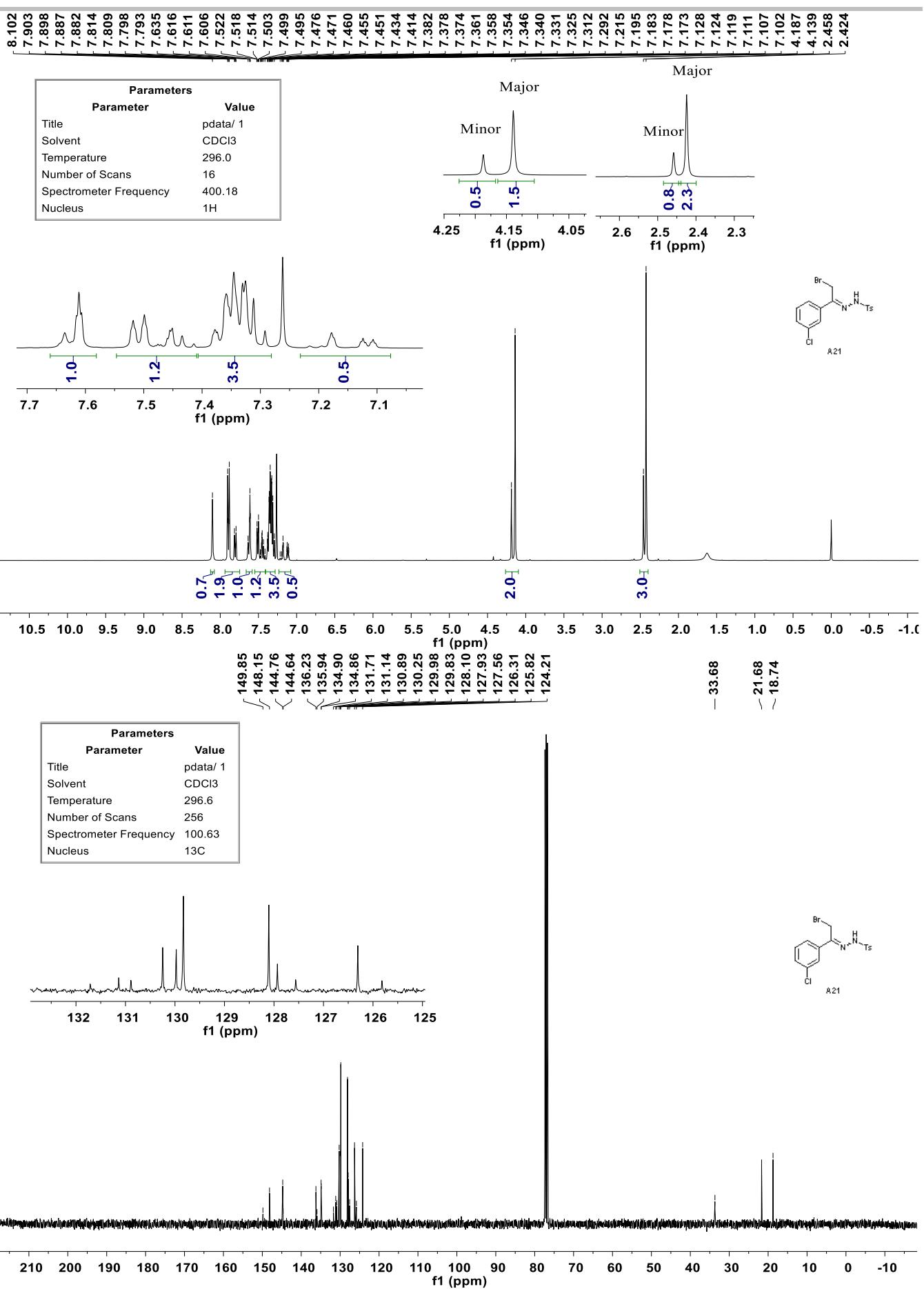
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Spectrometer Frequency	400.18
Nucleus	1H

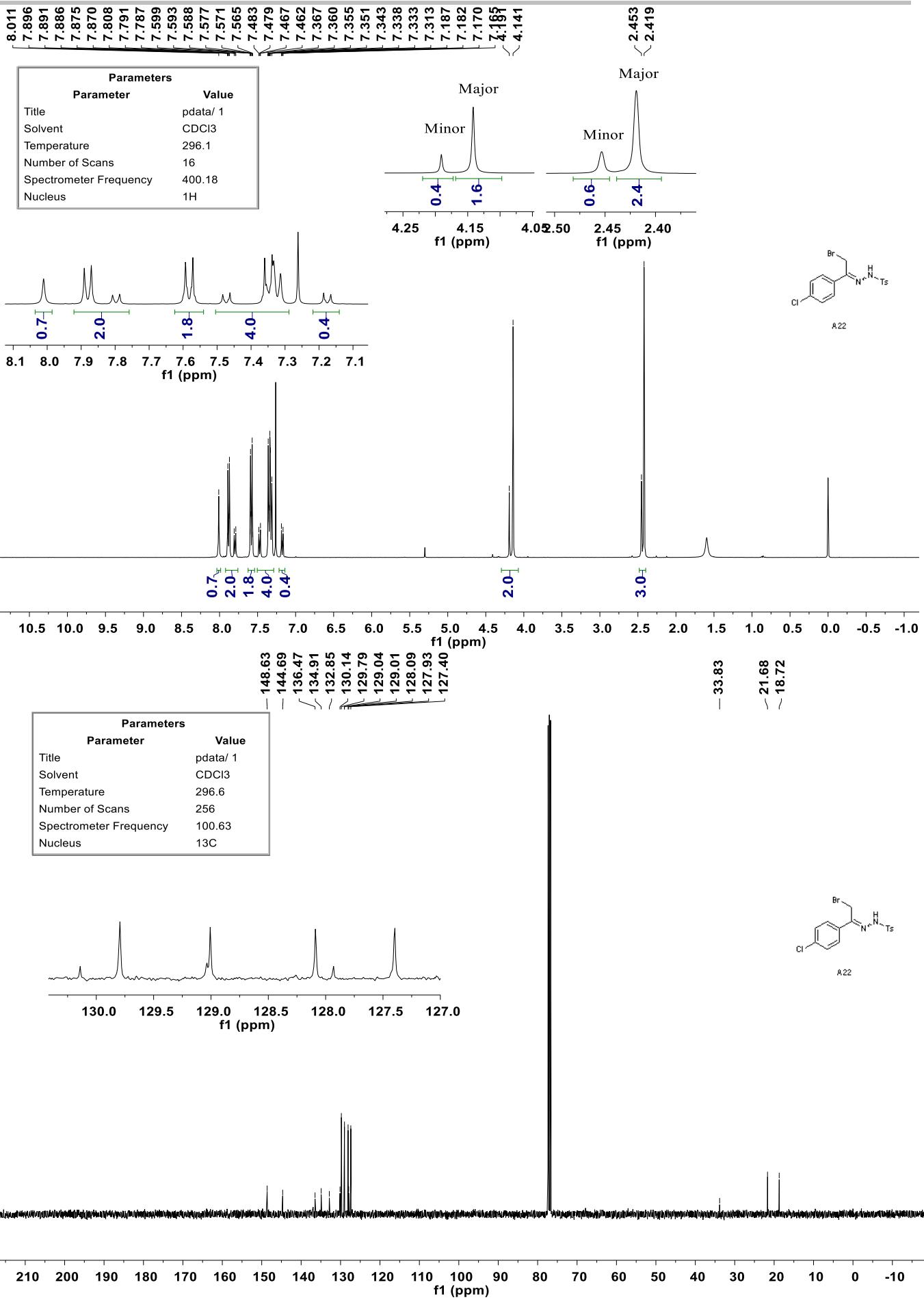


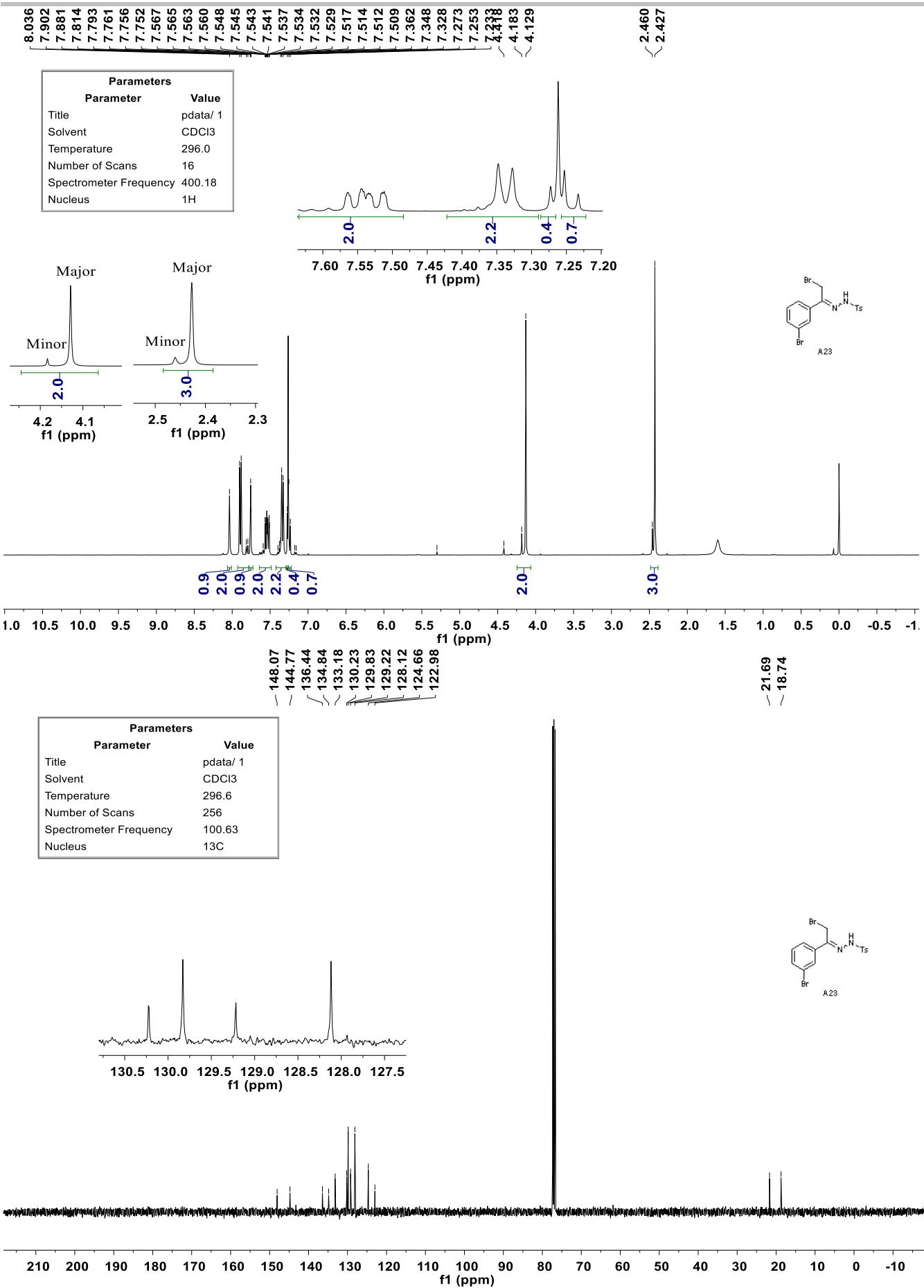
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Temperature	296.6
Number of Scans	256
Spectrometer Frequency	100.63
Nucleus	13C

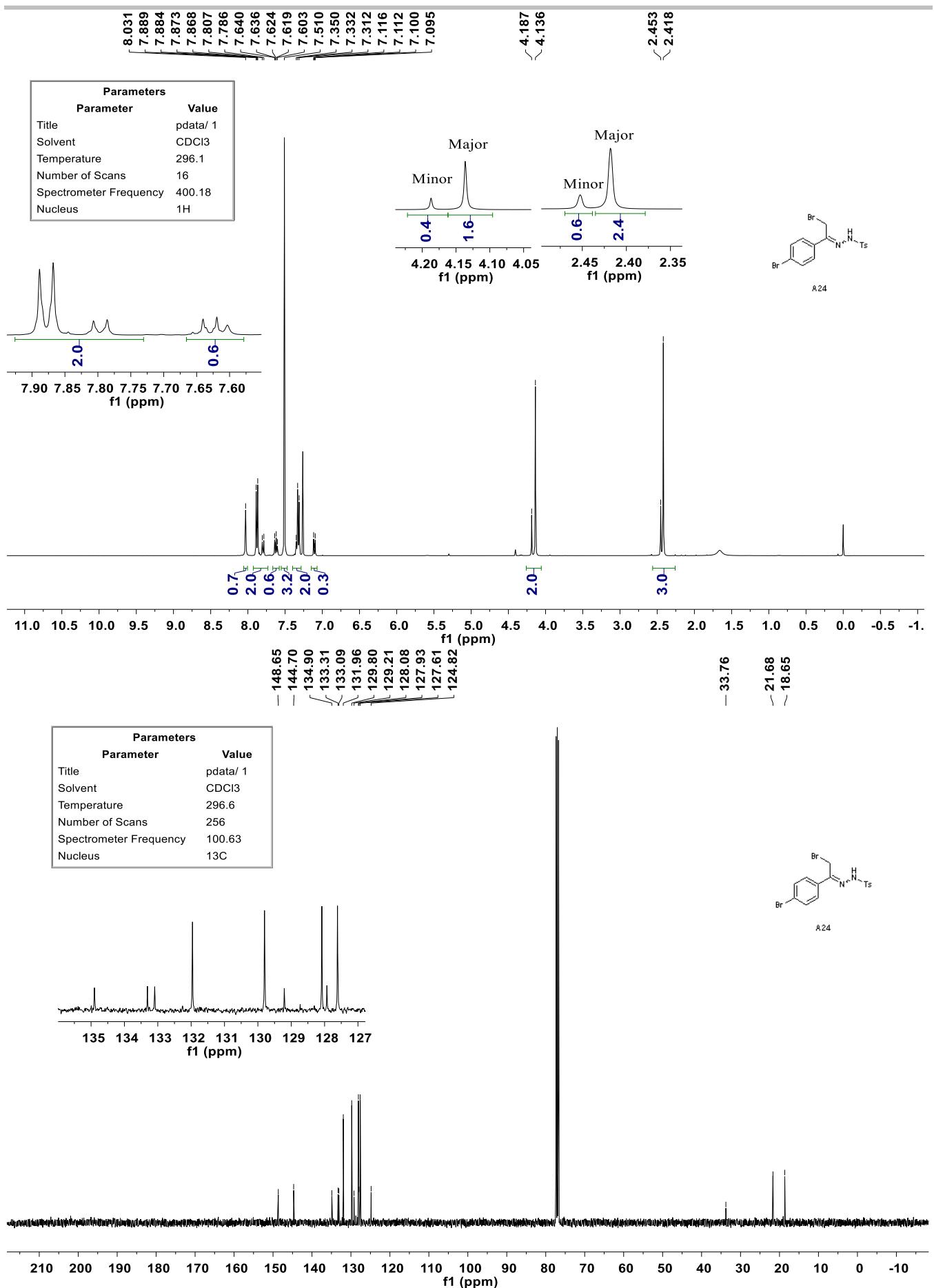


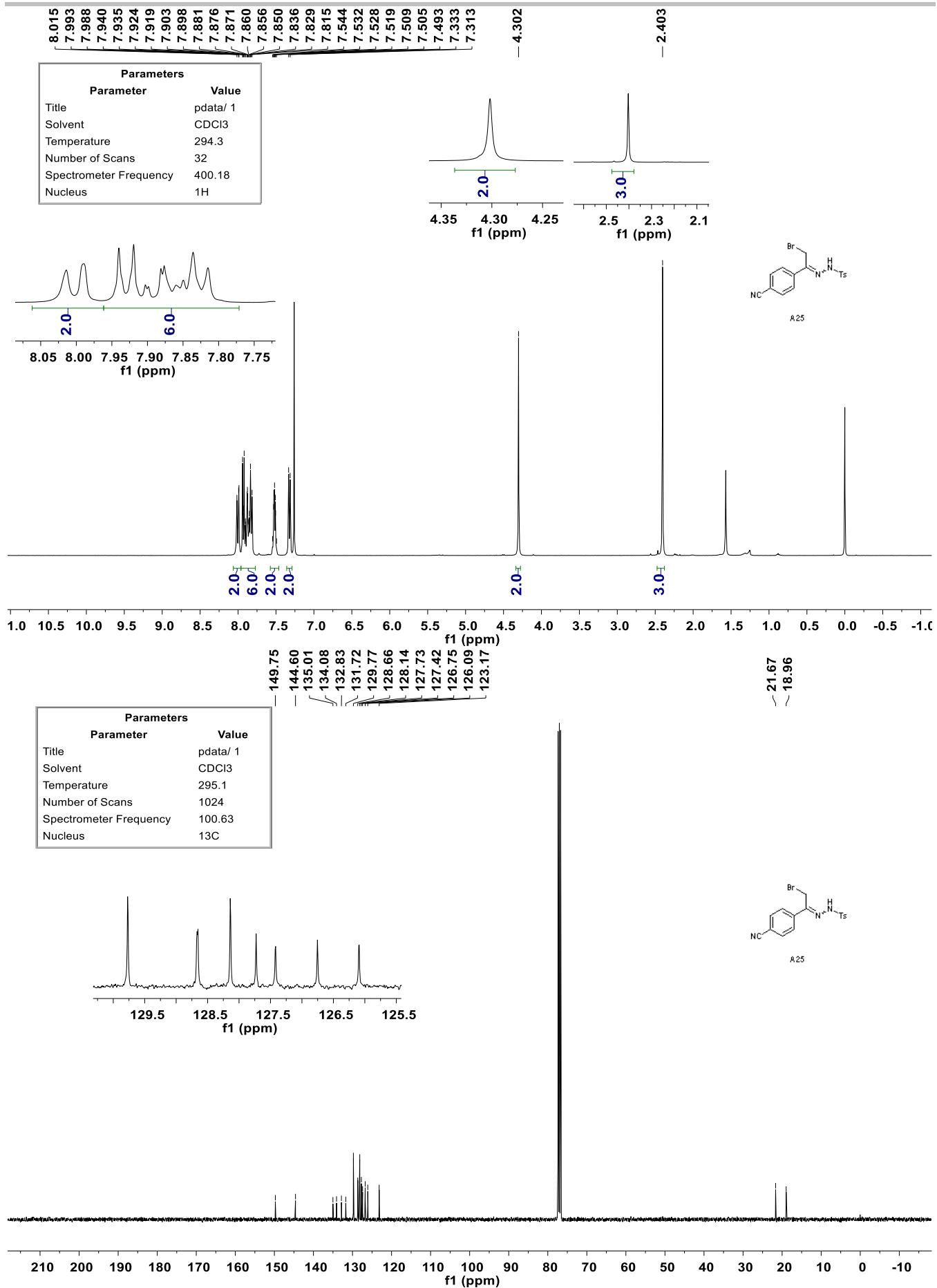


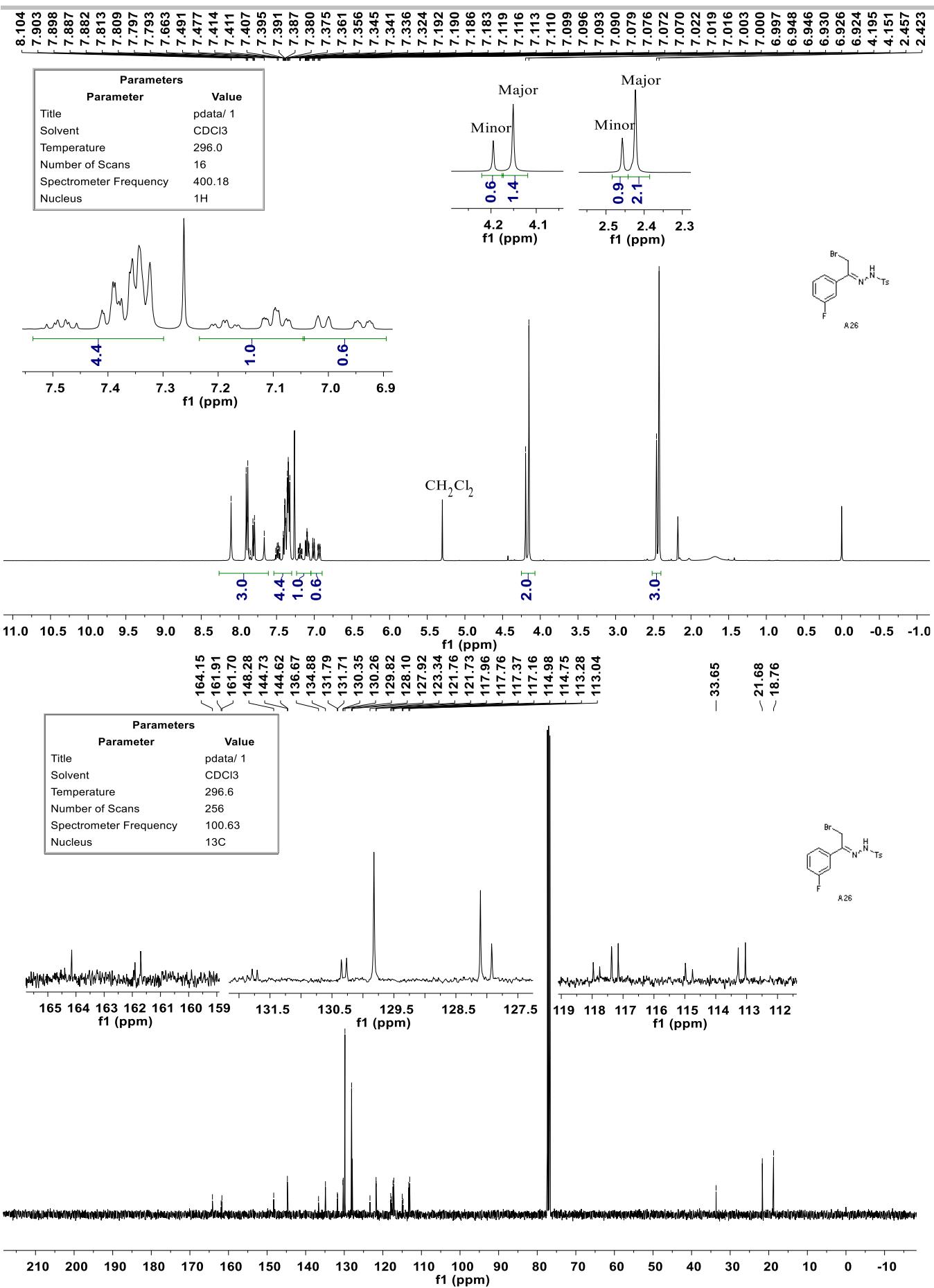






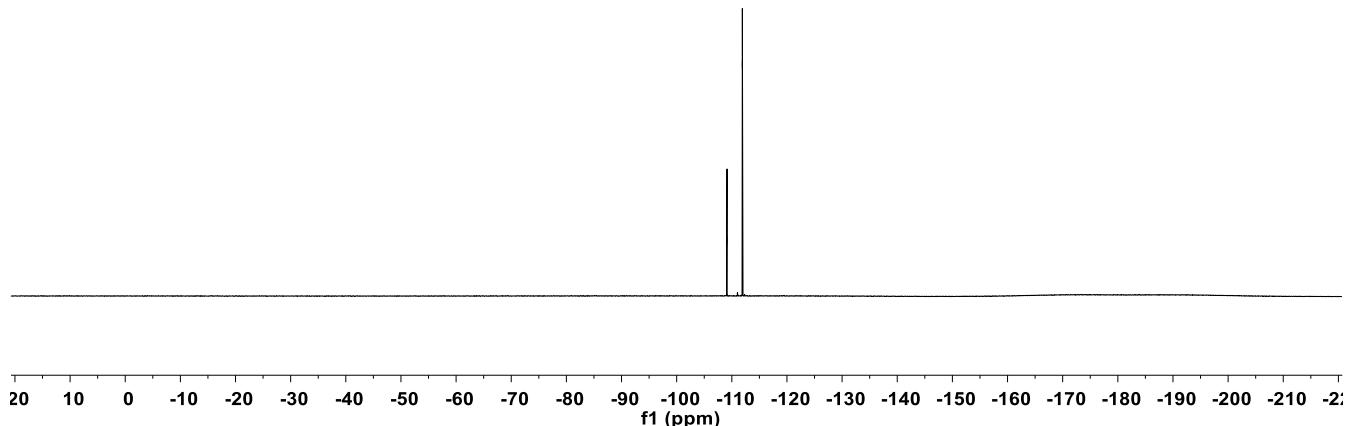
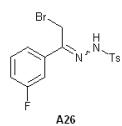


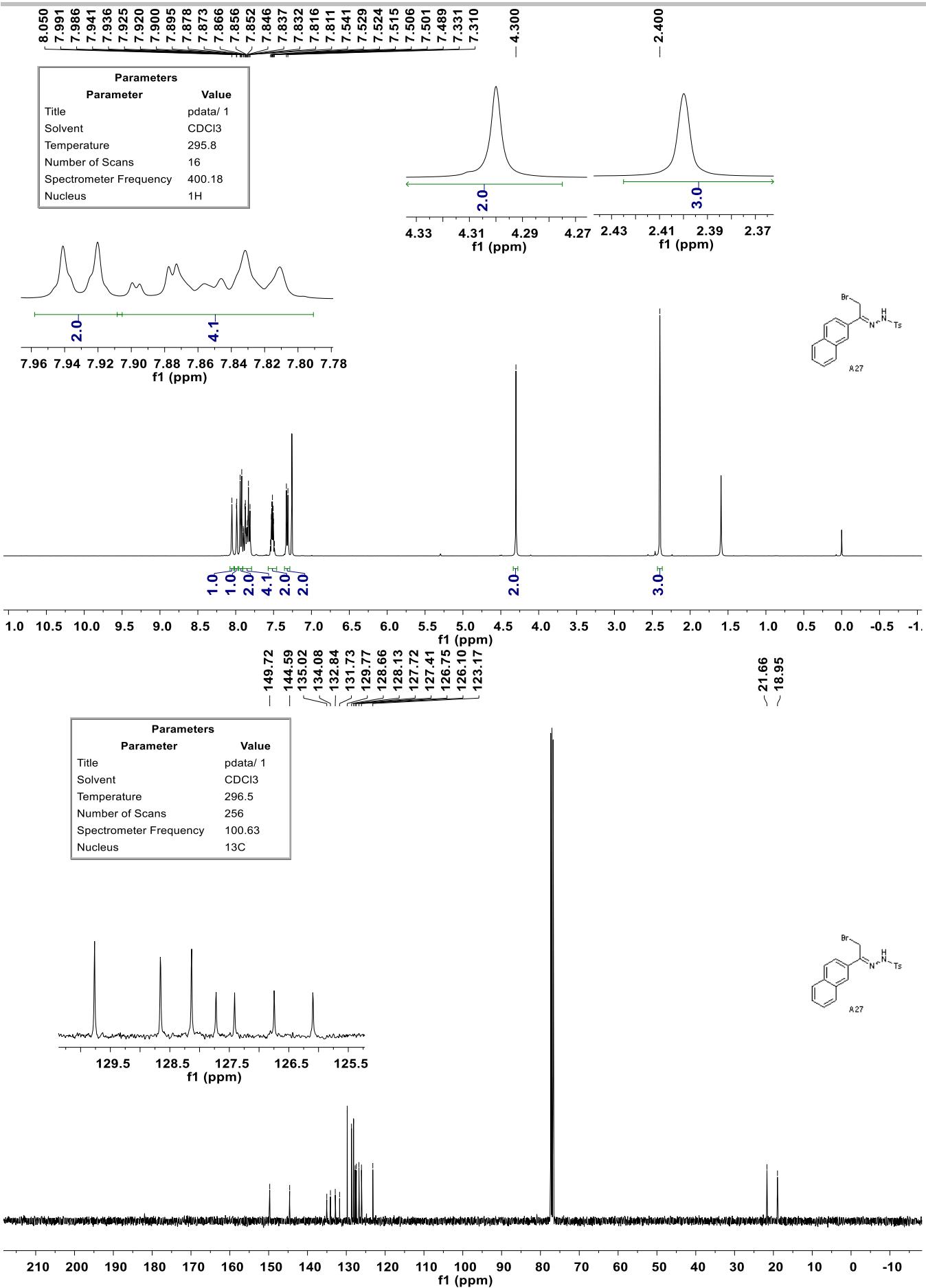


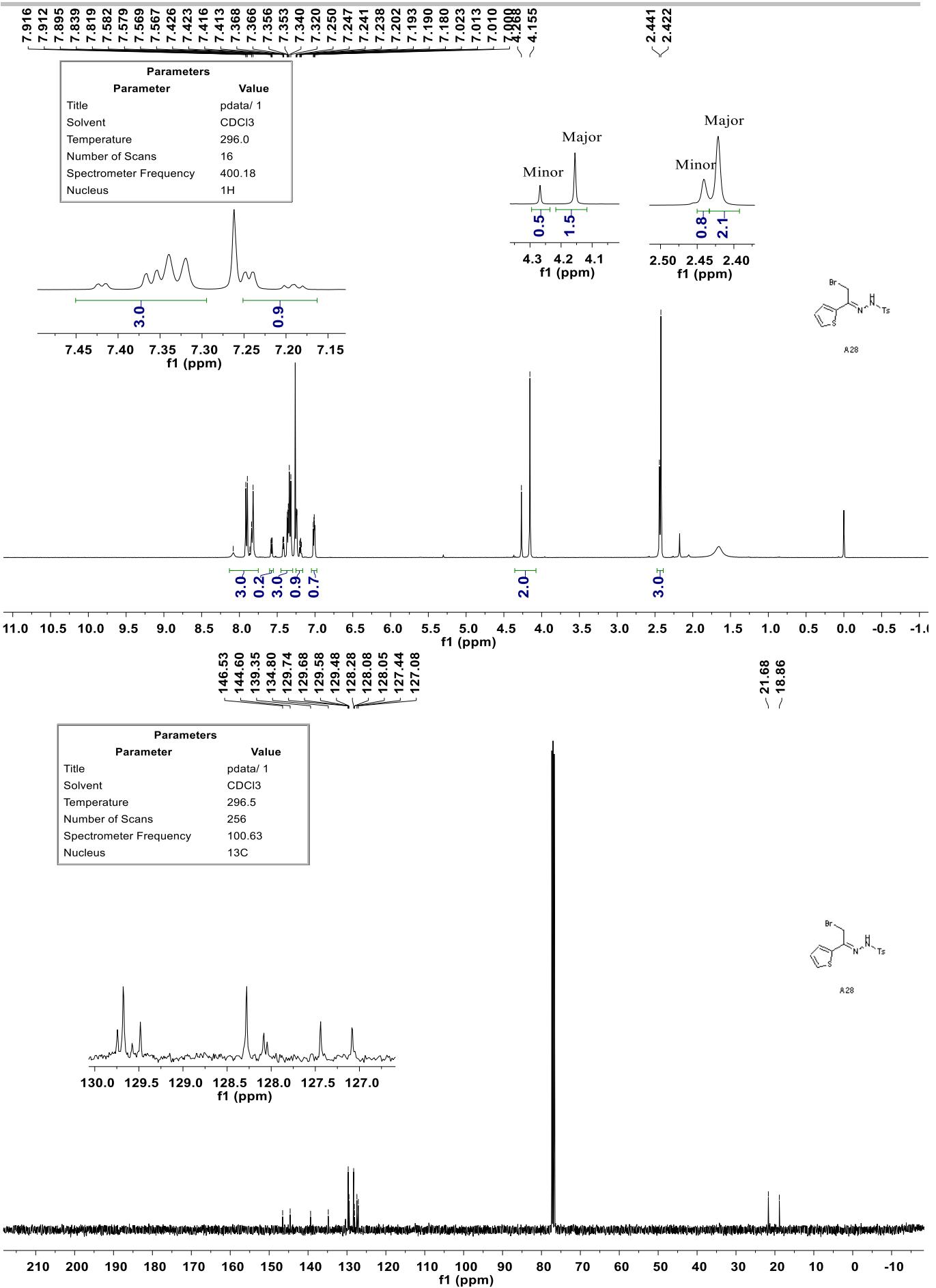


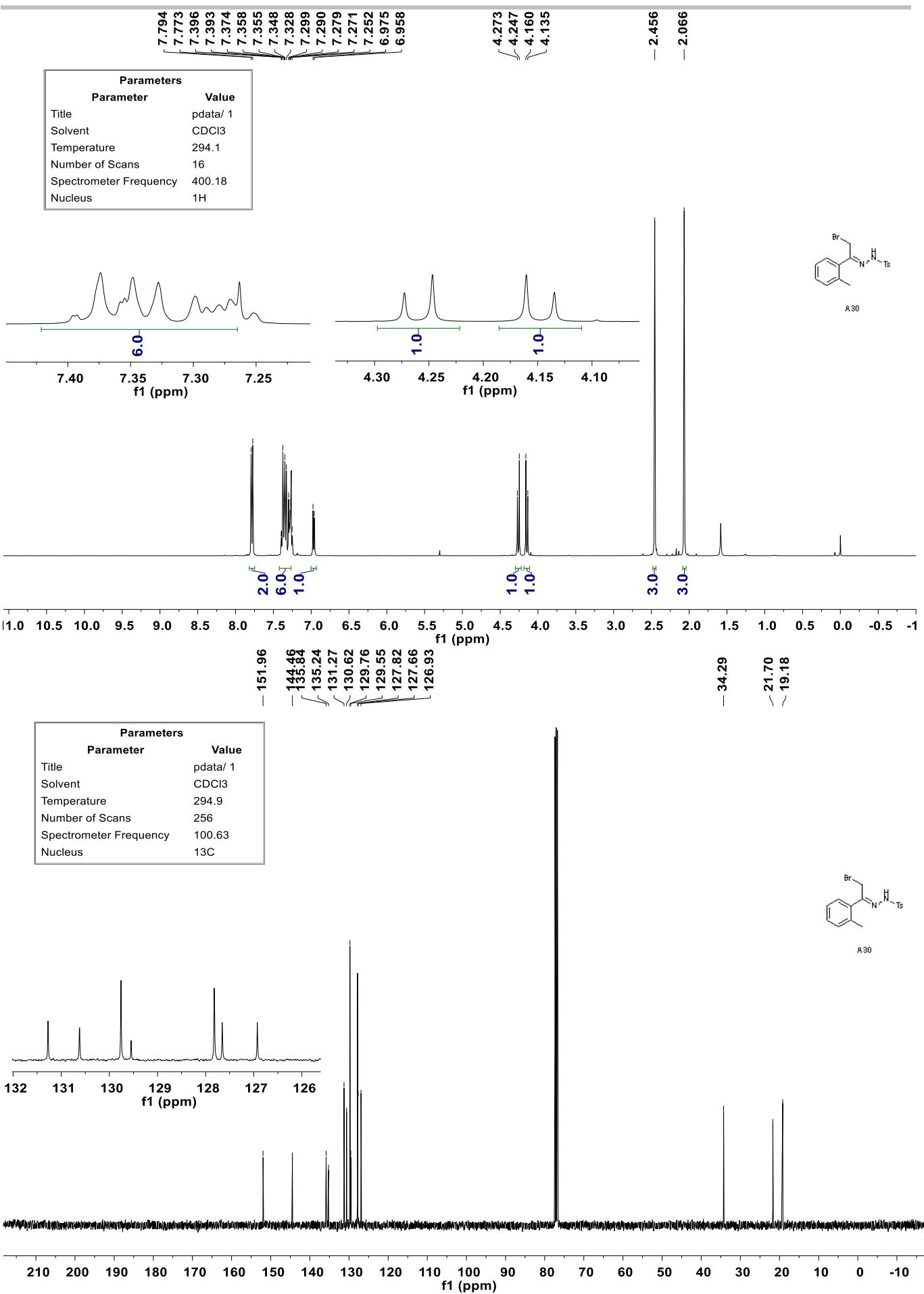
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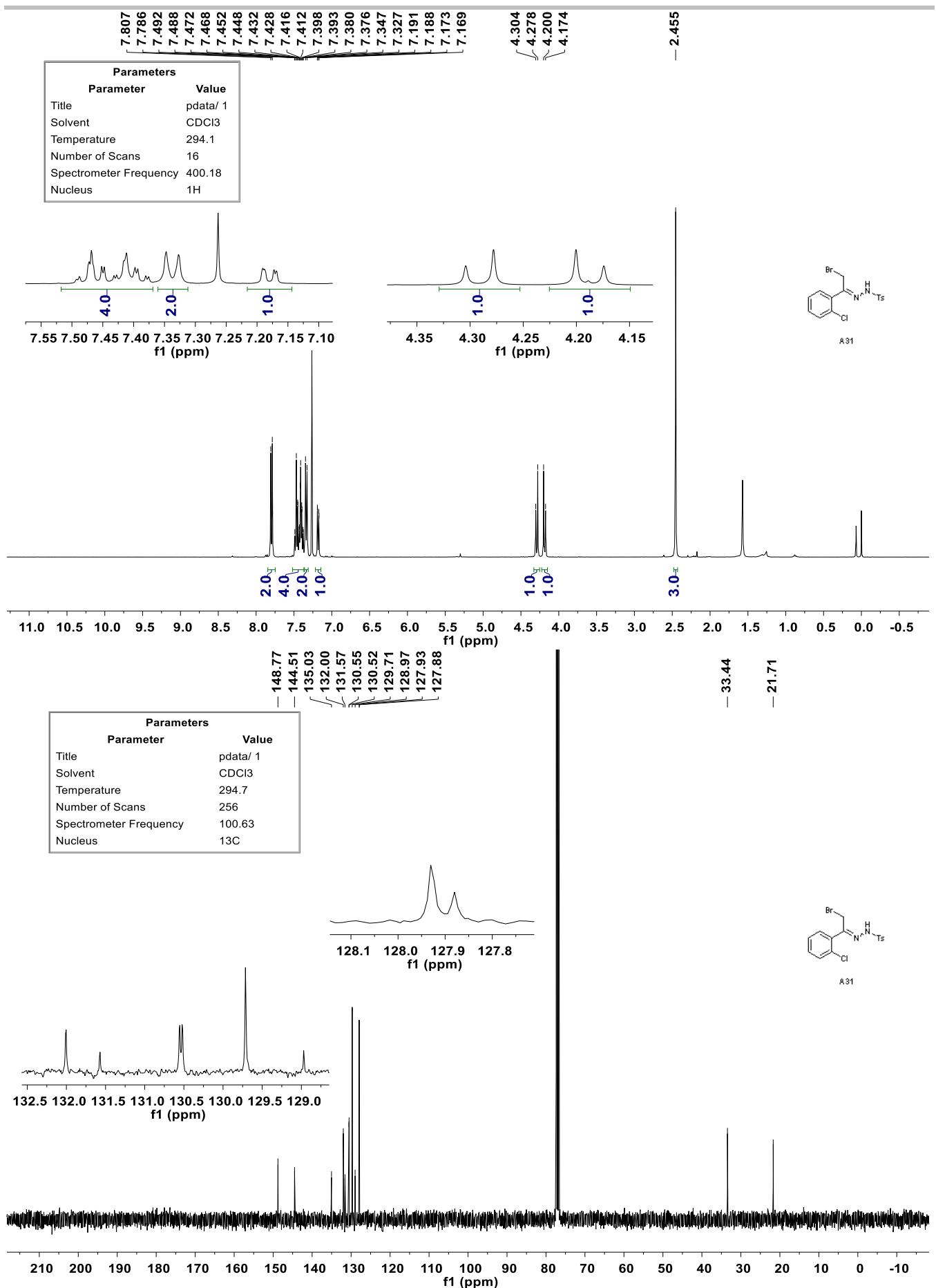
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Number of Scans	16
Spectrometer Frequency	376.55
Nucleus	19F

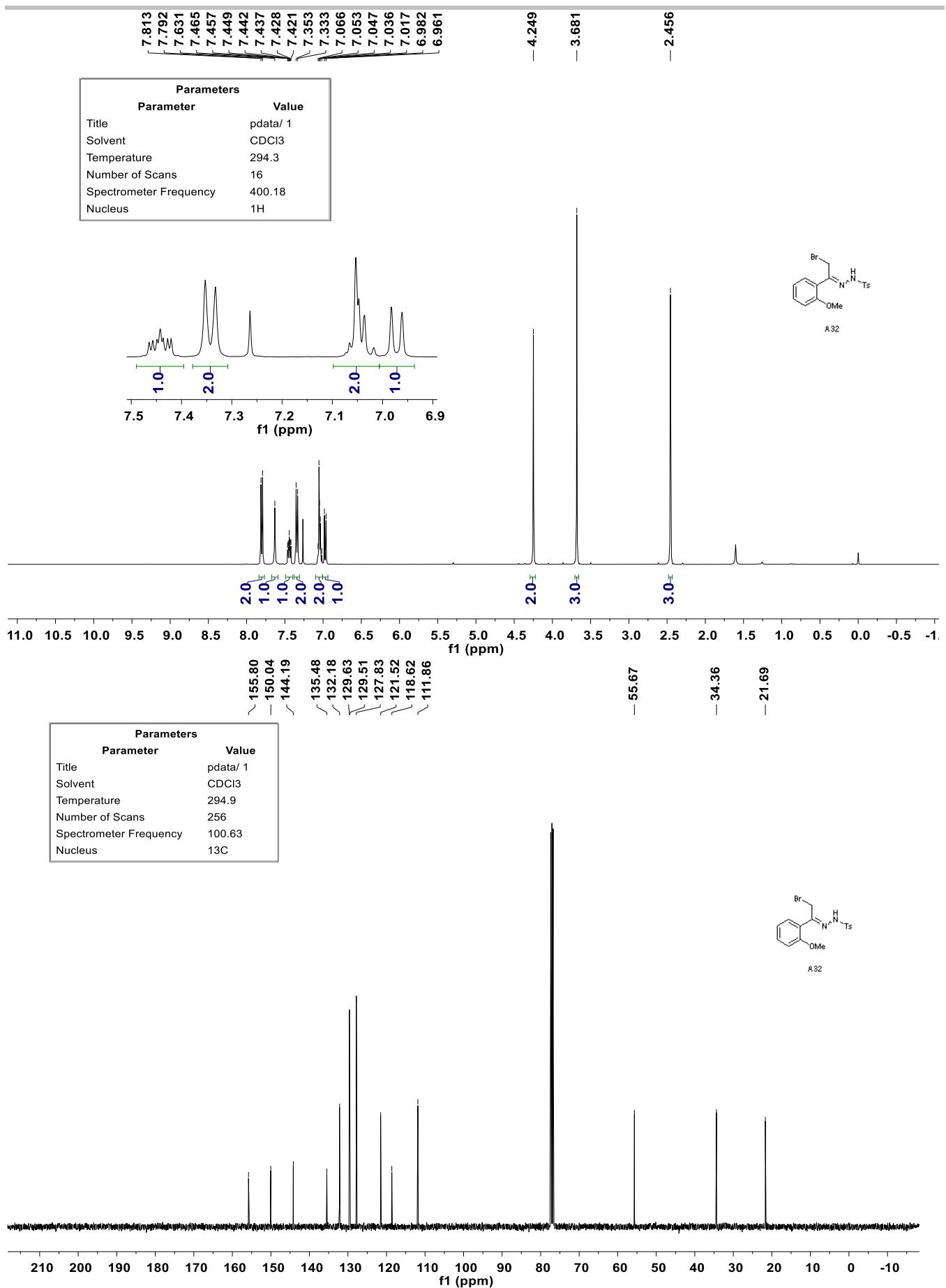


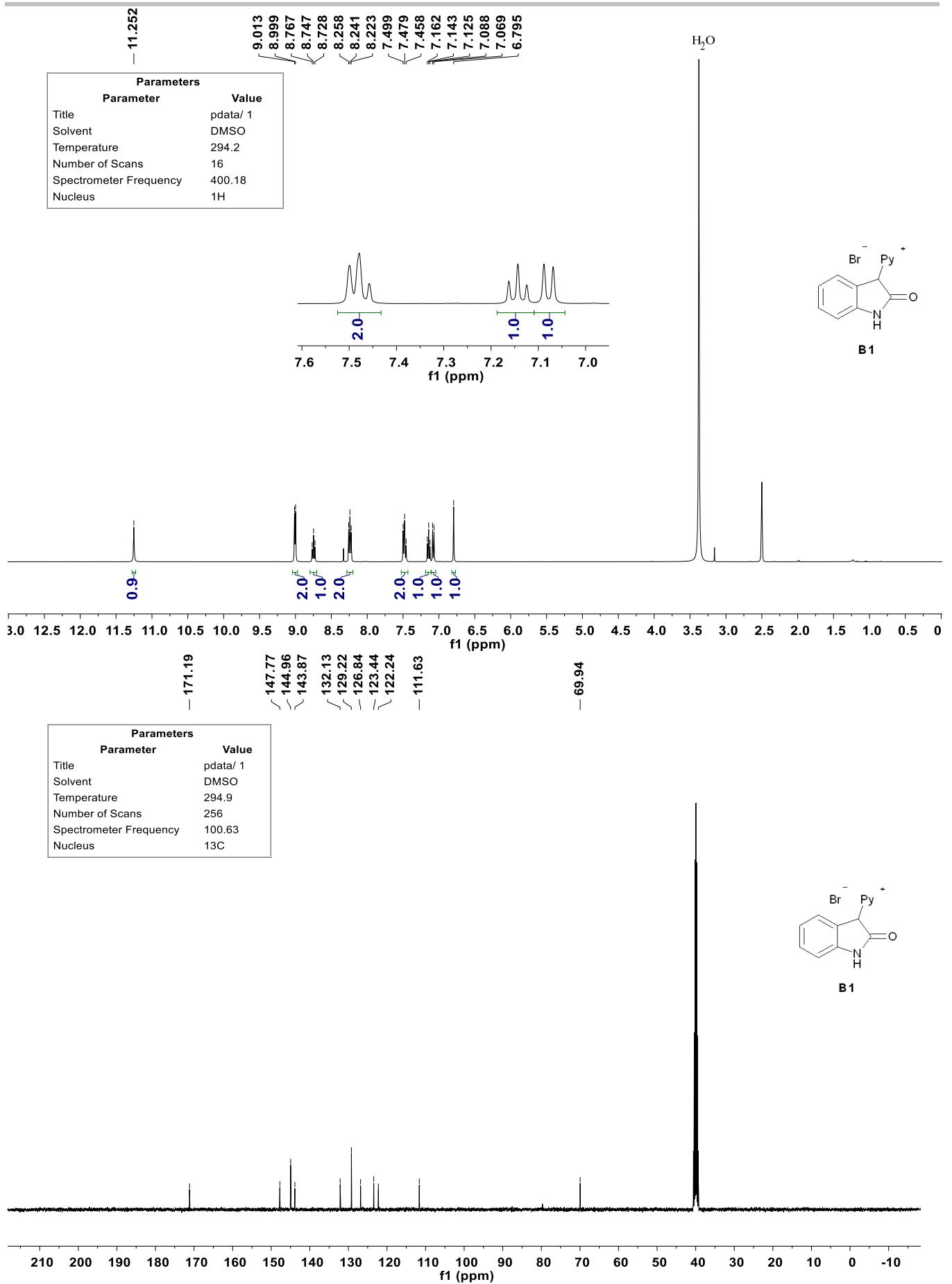




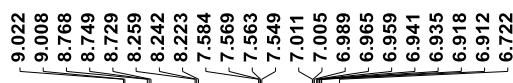




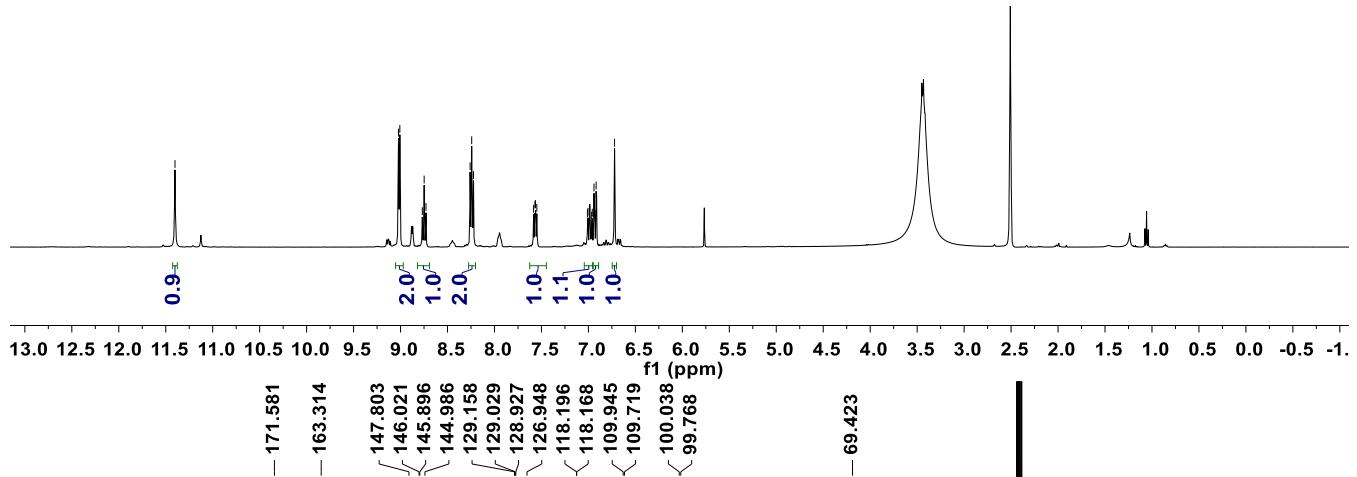
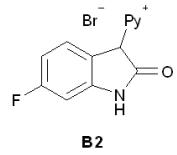




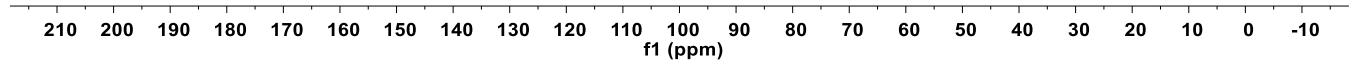
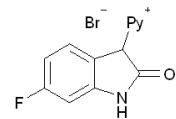
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Parameters	
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Temperature	294.2
Number of Scans	64
Spectrometer Frequency	400.18
Nucleus	¹ H

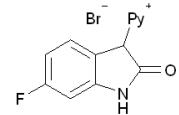


Parameters	
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Nucleus	¹³ C

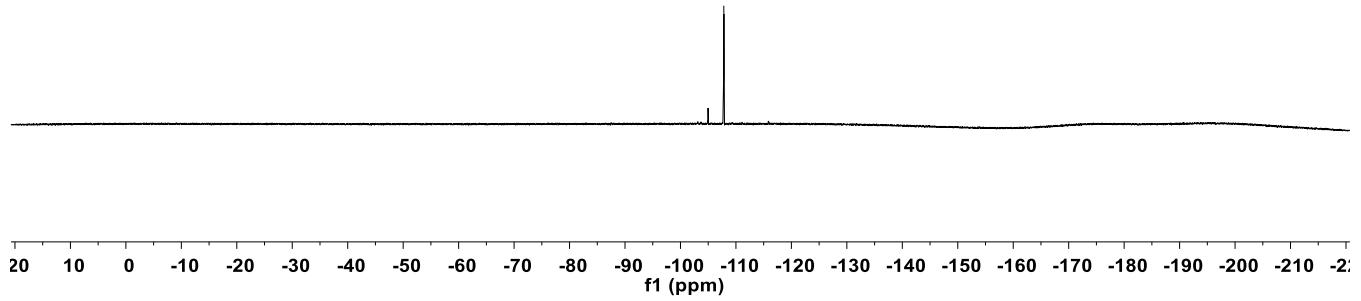


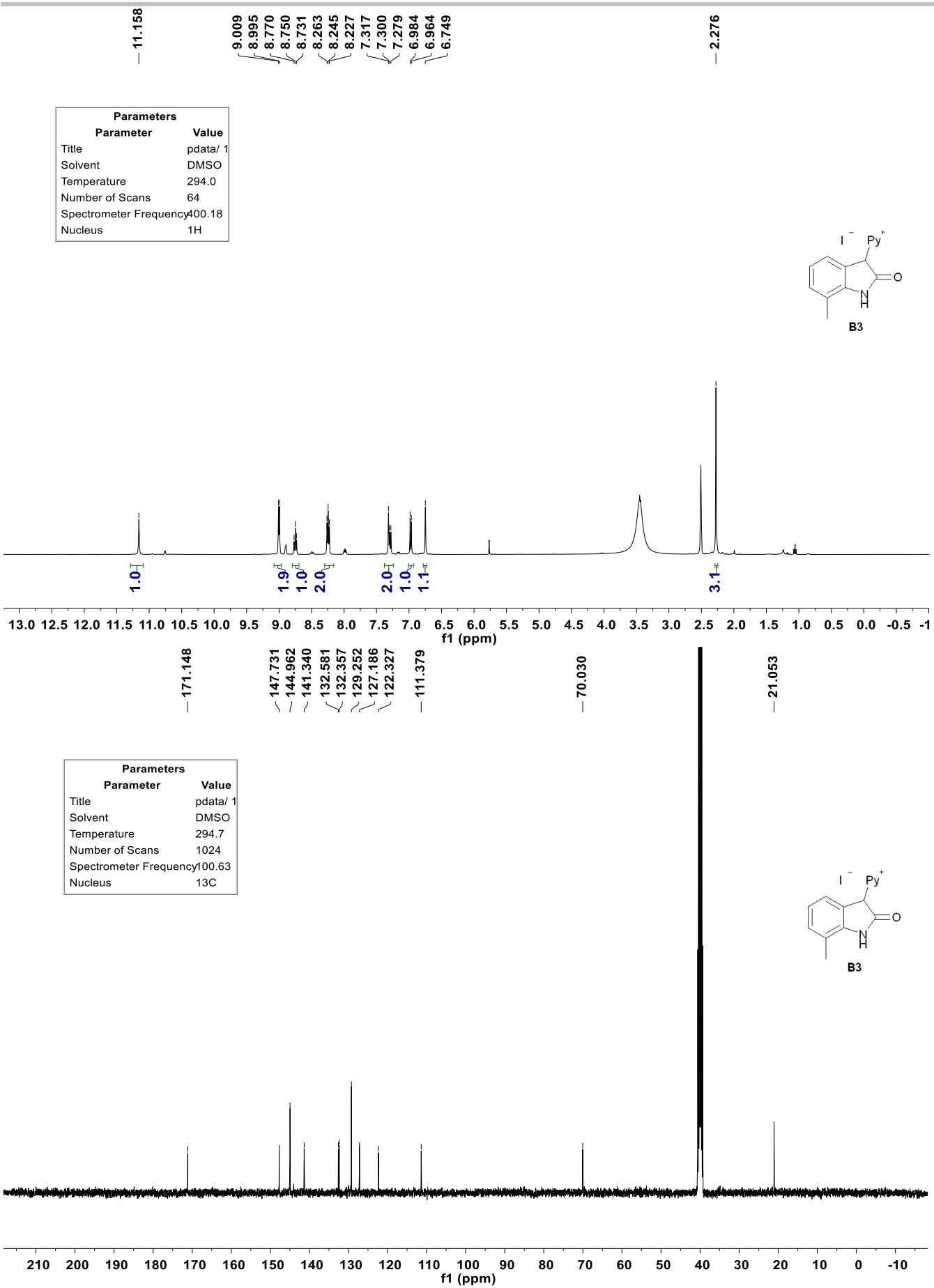
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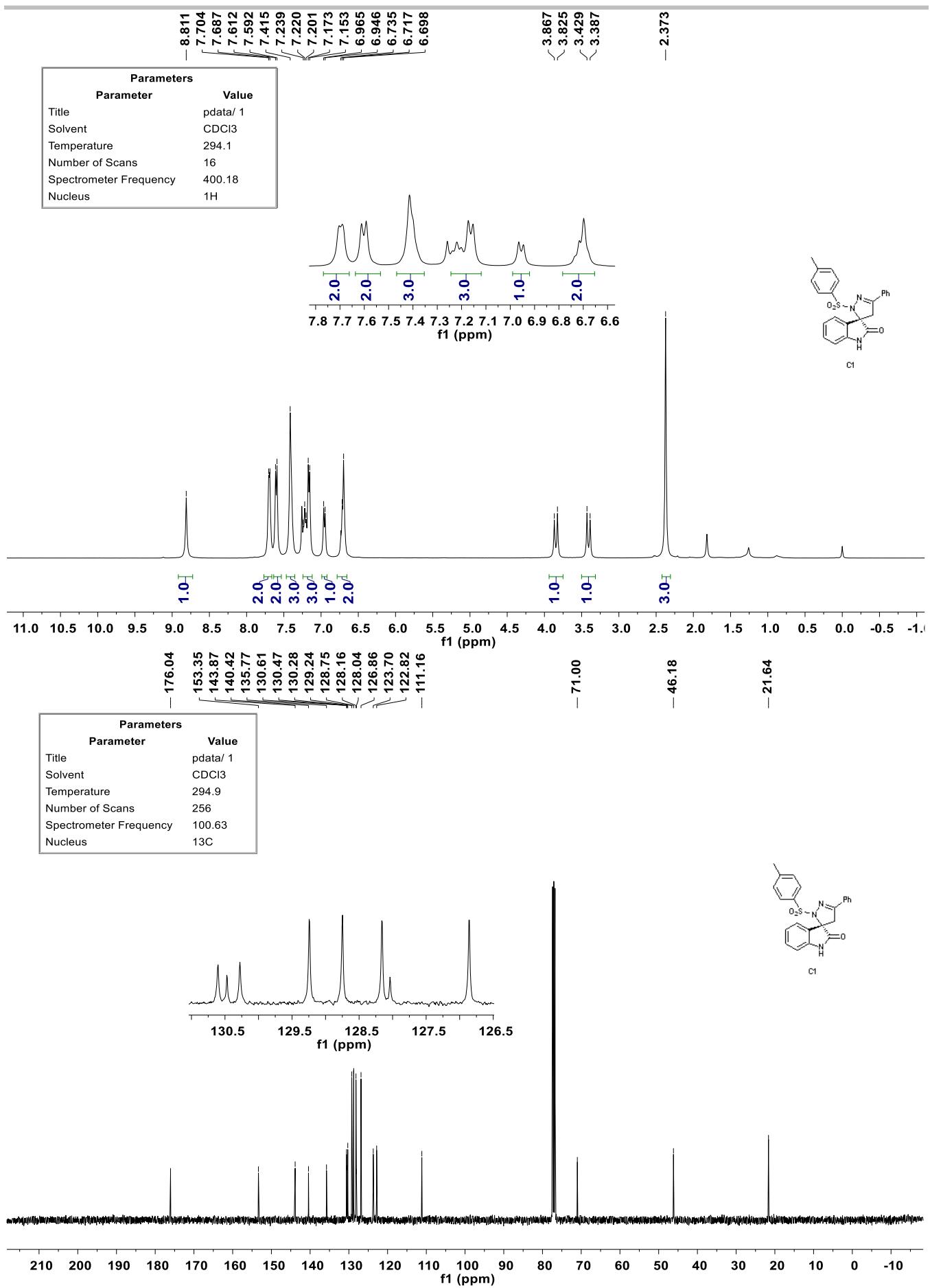
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Temperature	294.0
Number of Scans	16
Spectrometer Frequency	376.55
Nucleus	19F

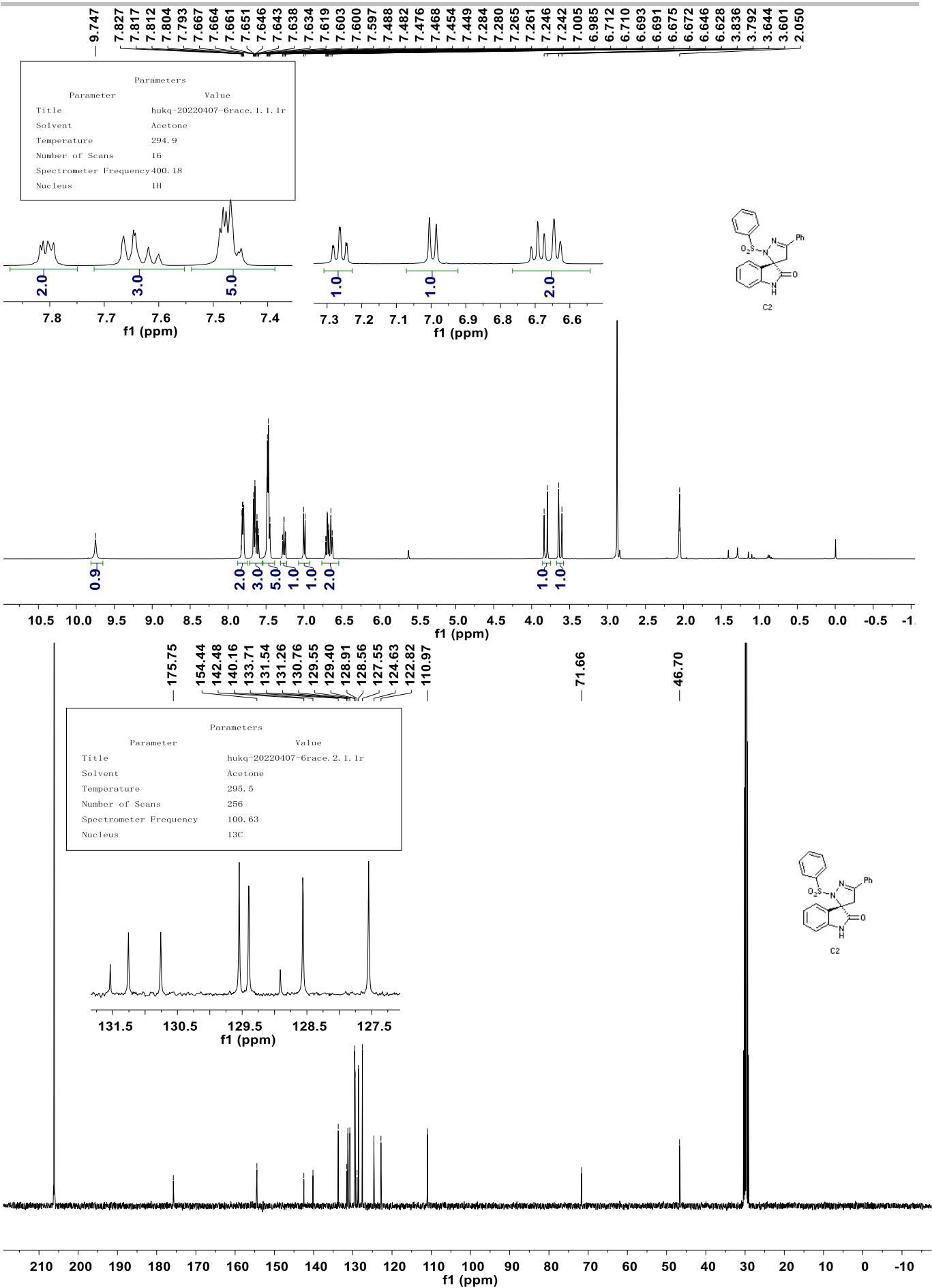


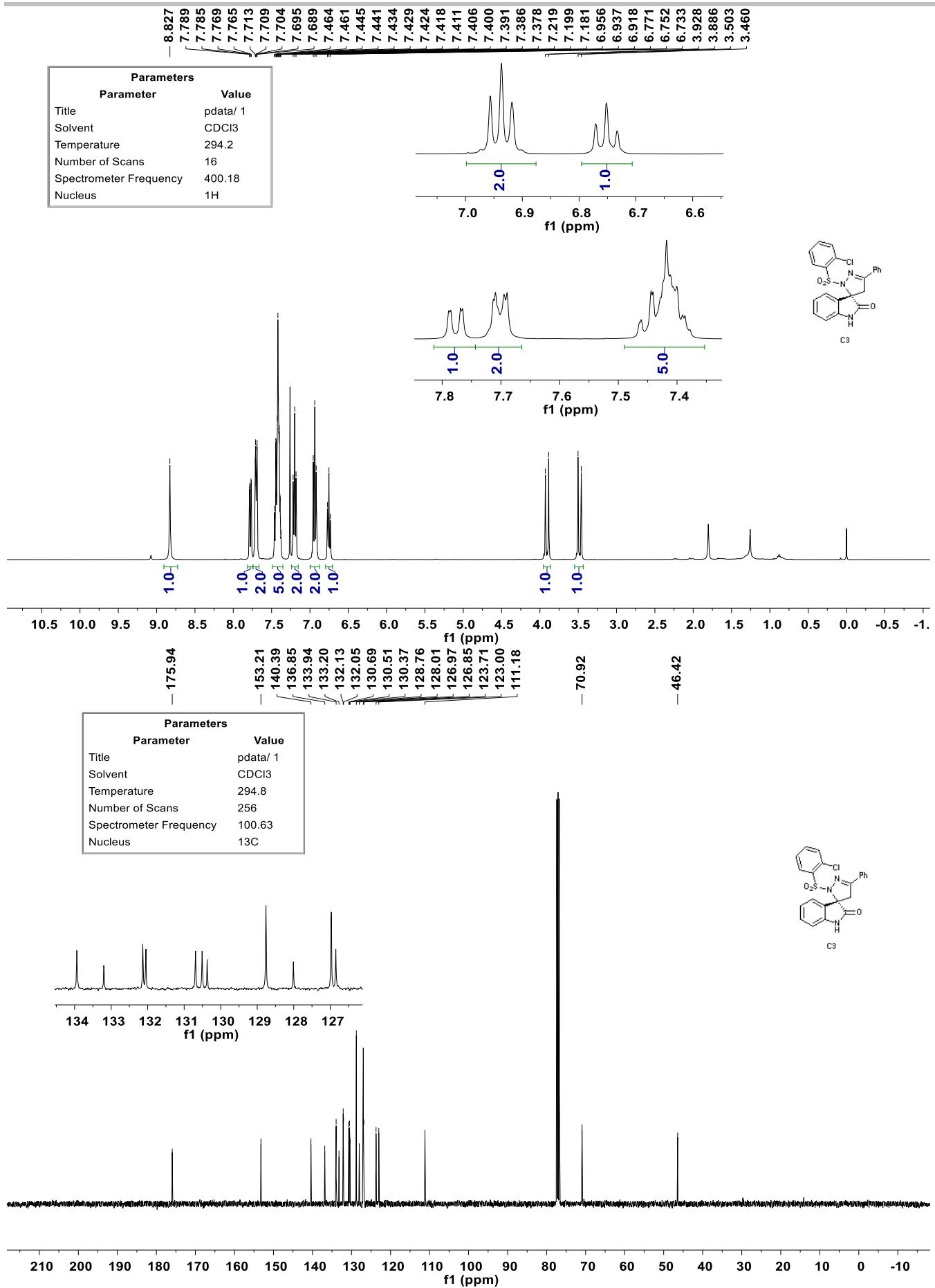
B2

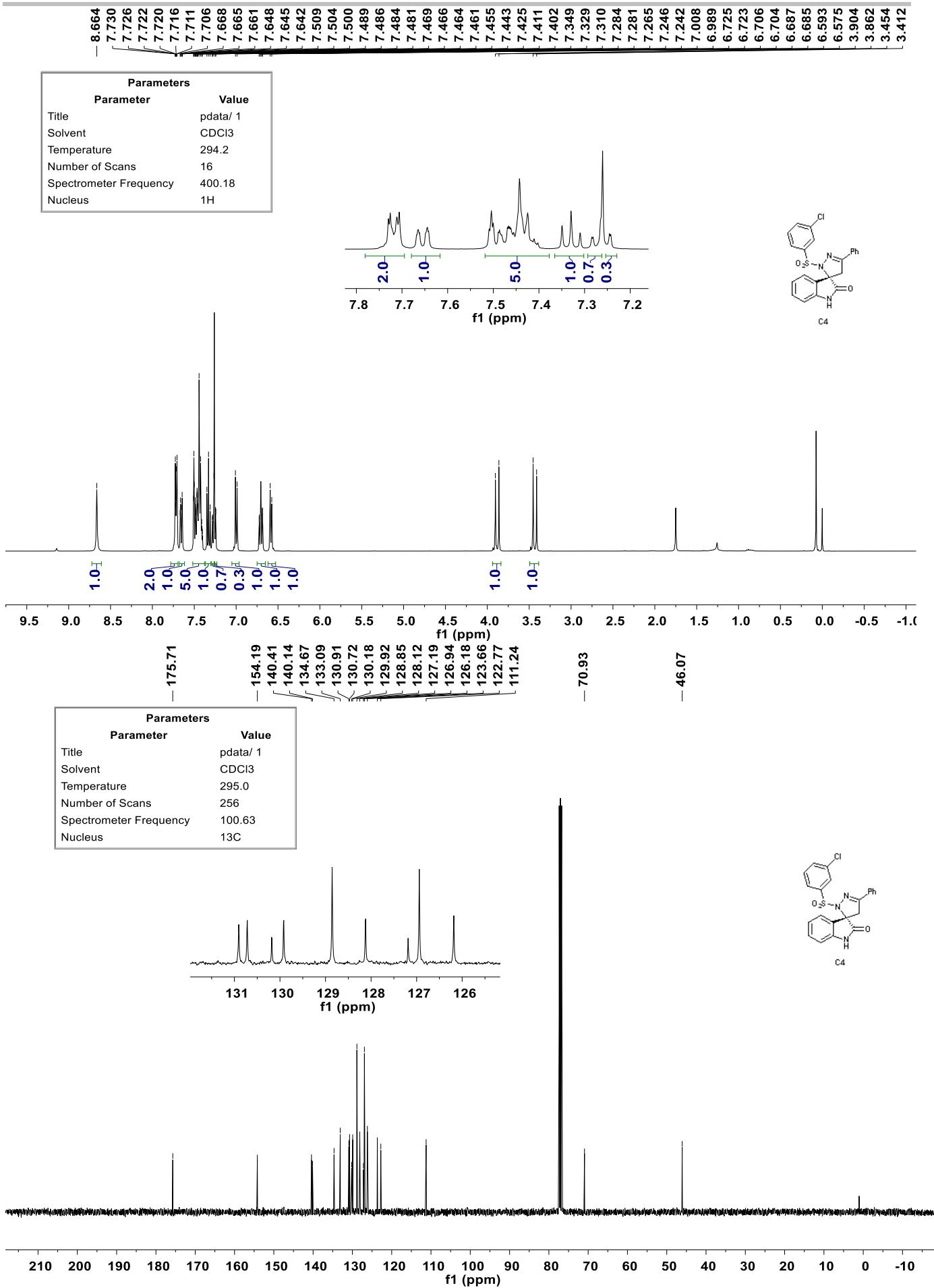


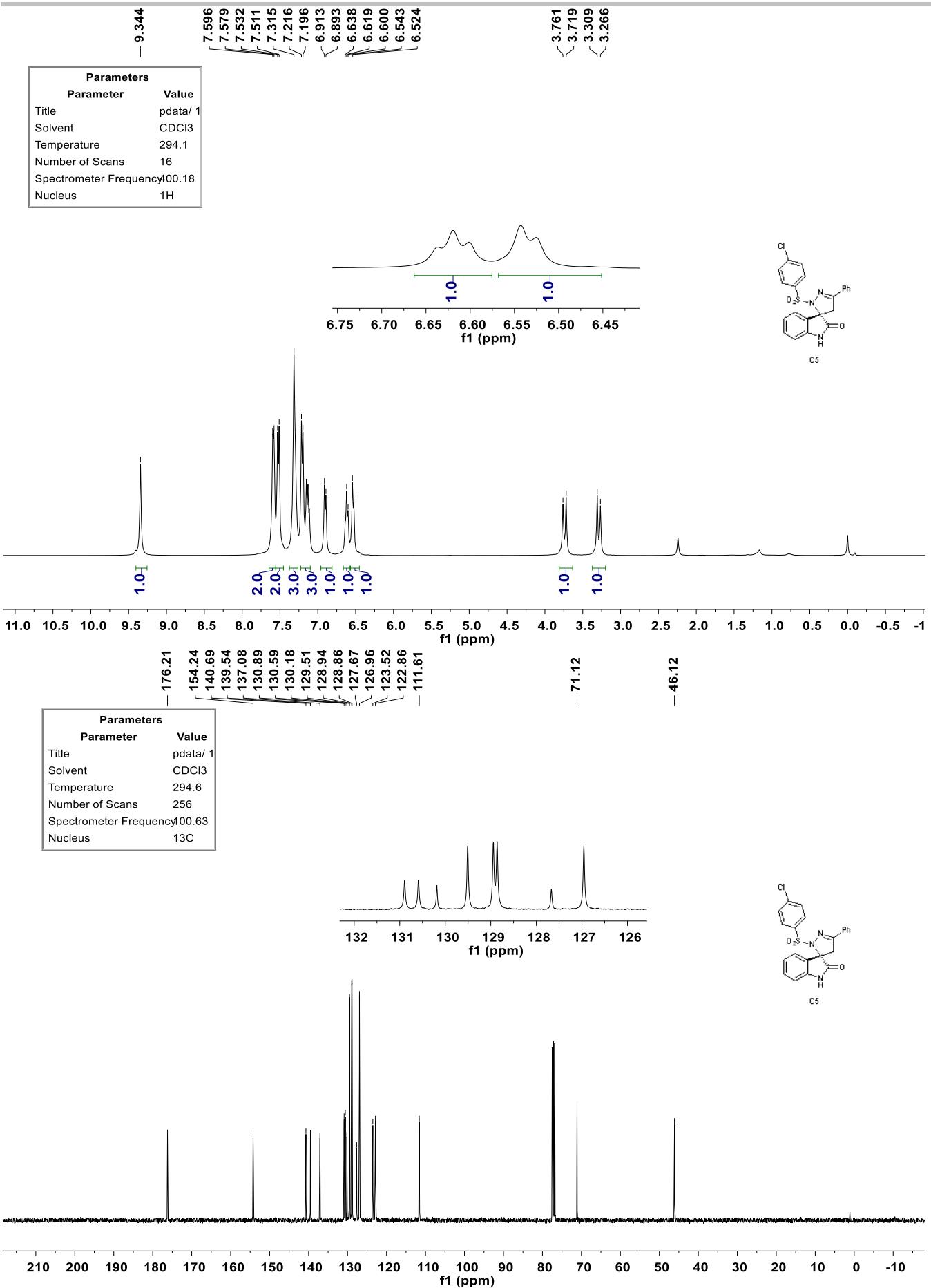


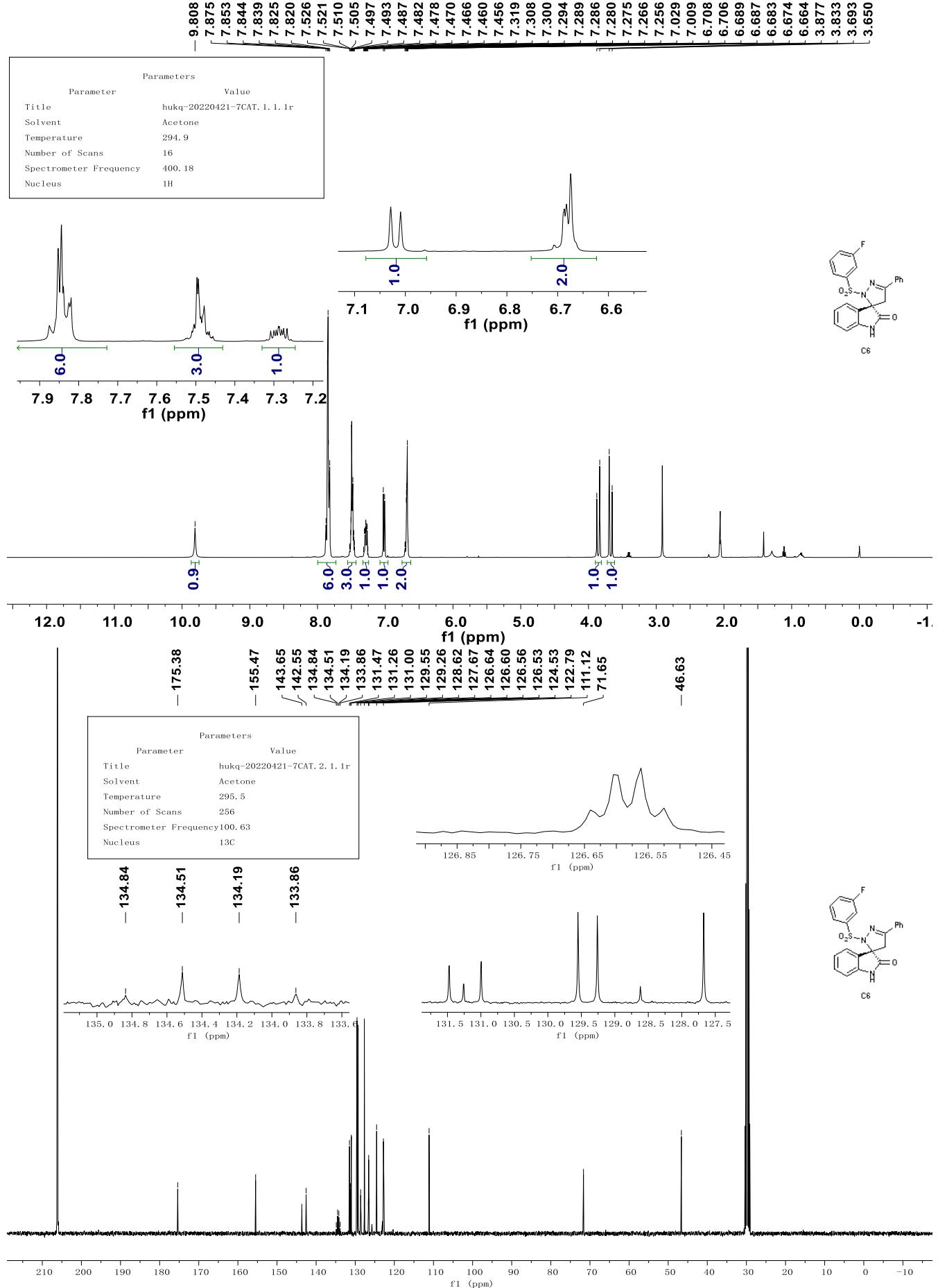






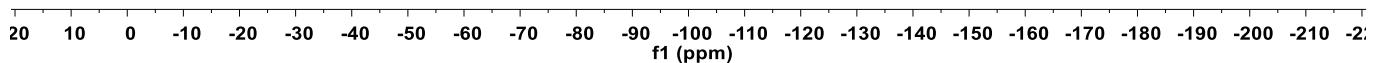
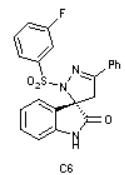


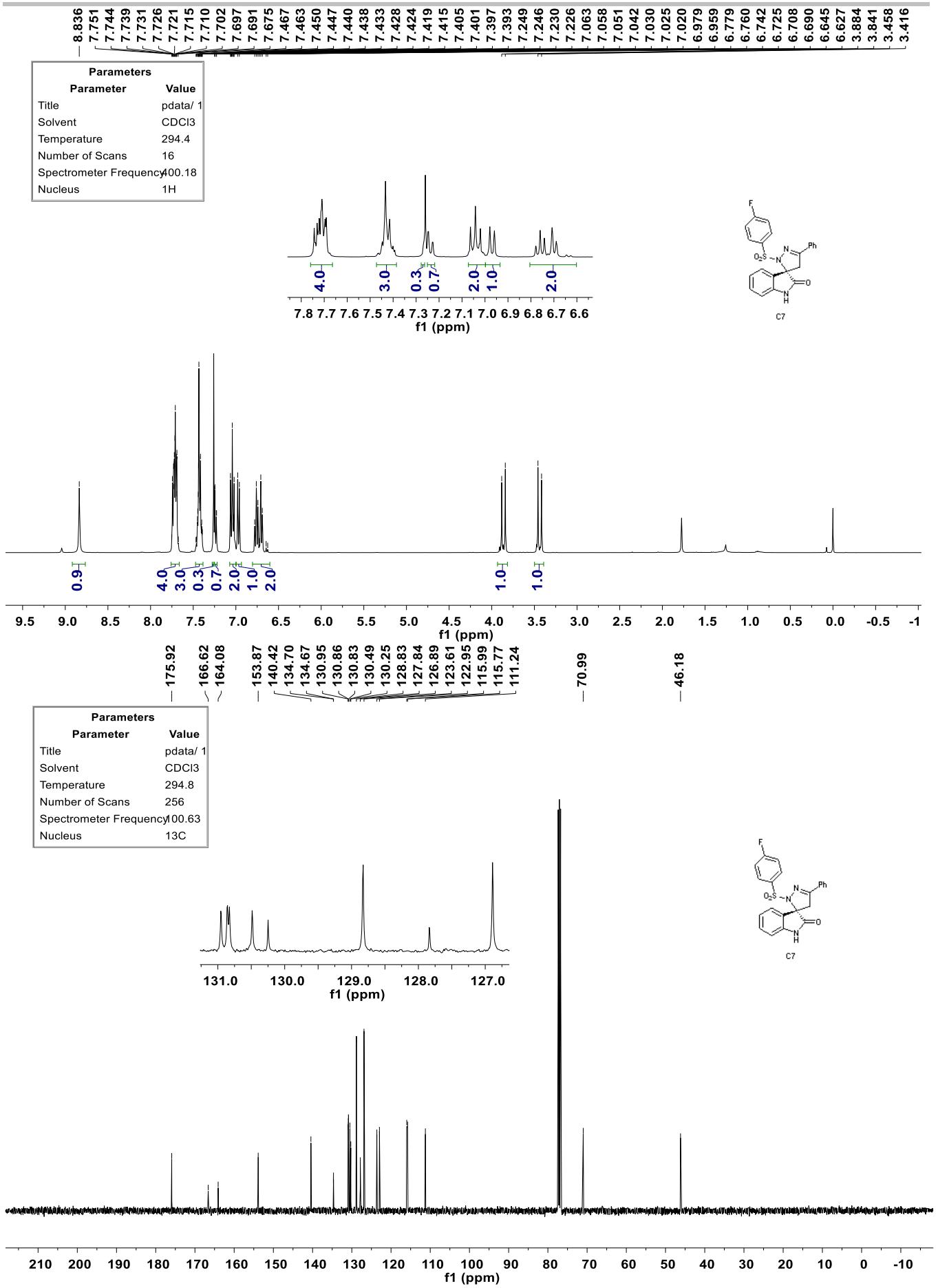




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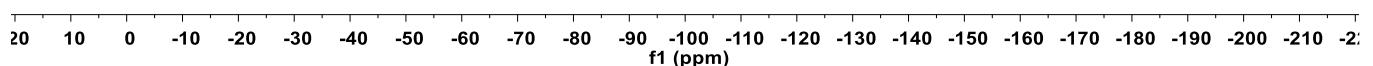
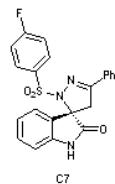
Parameters	
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Spectrometer Frequency	376.55
Nucleus	19F

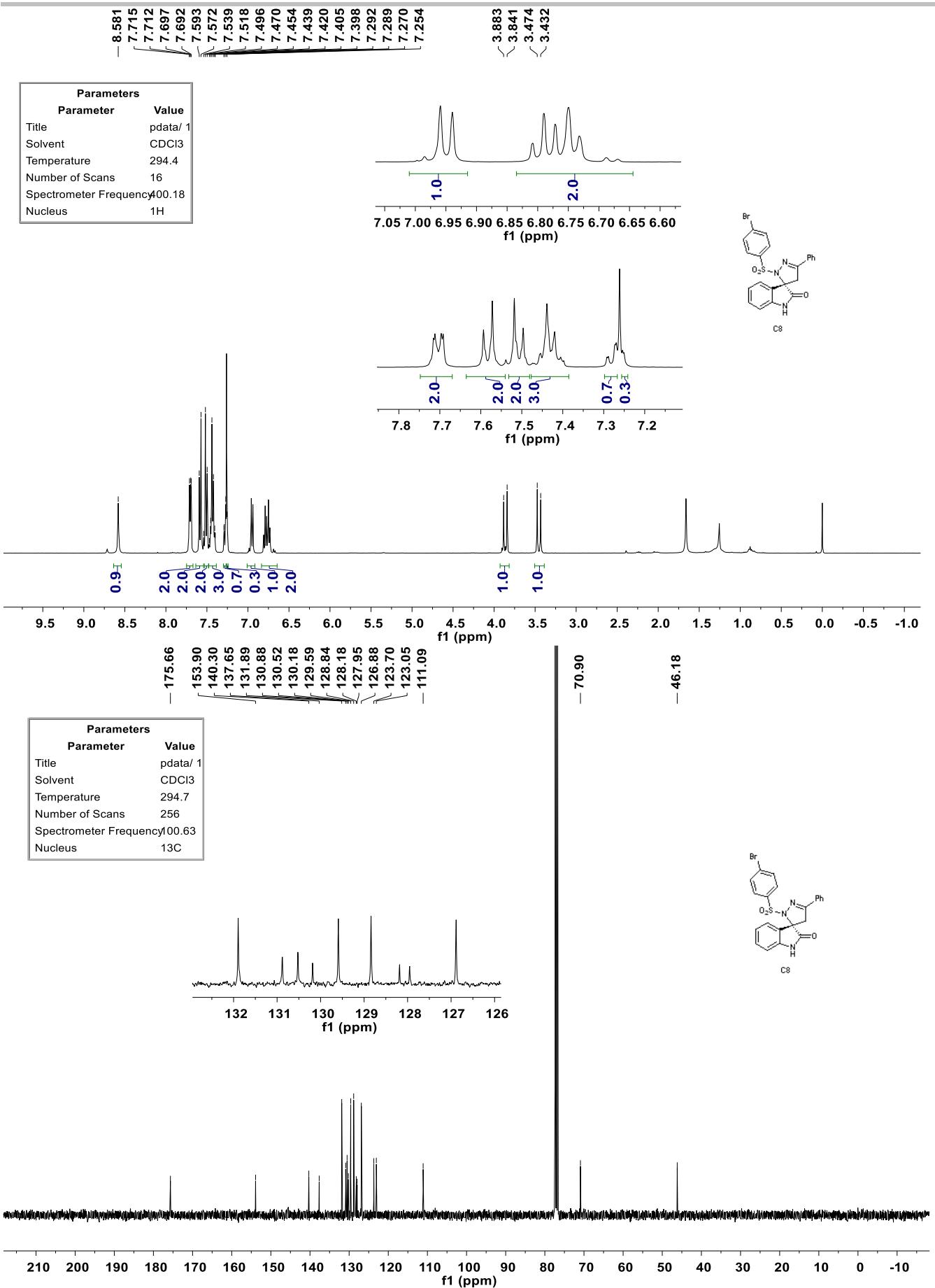


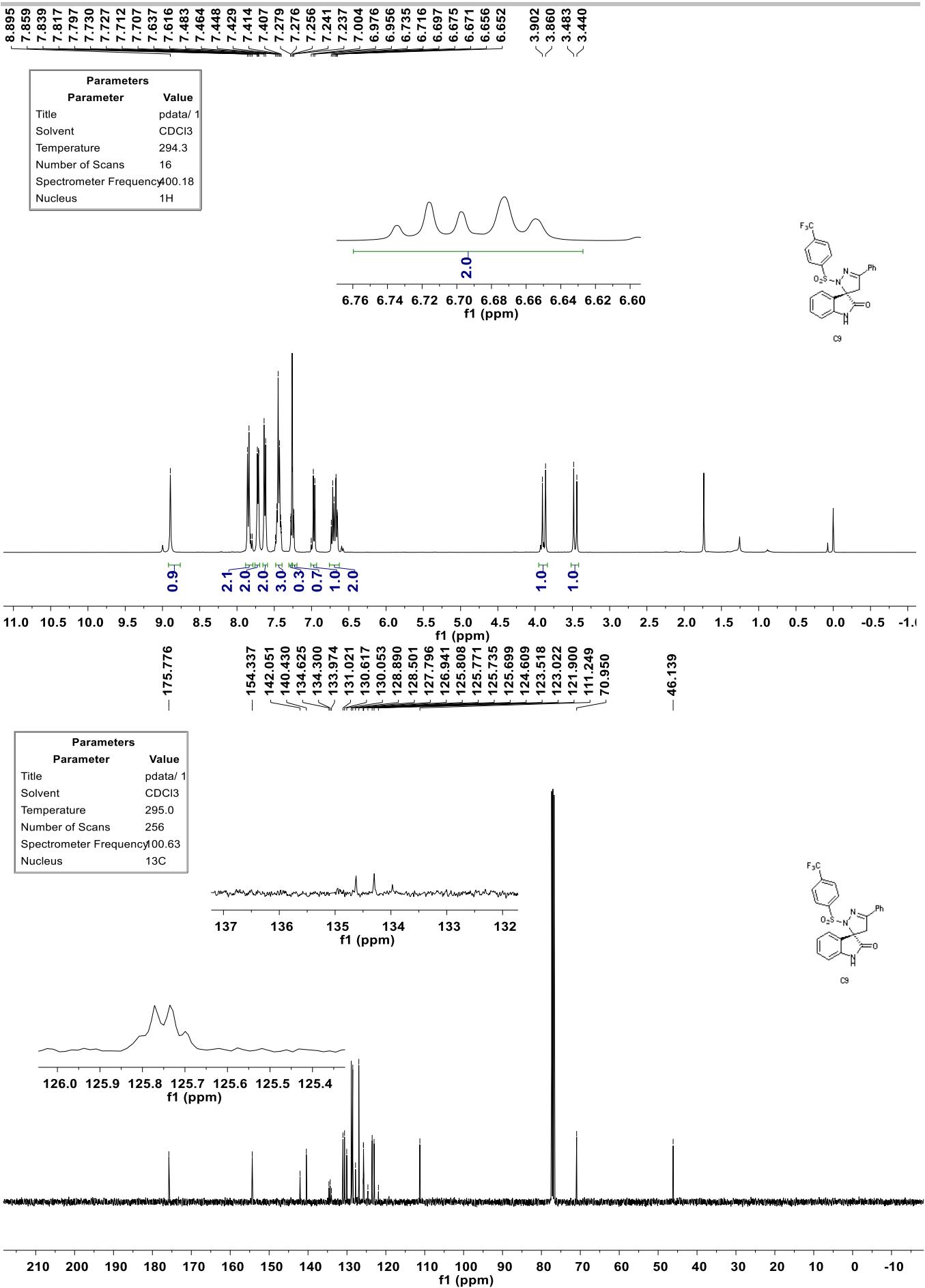


Parameters	
Parameter	Value
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Spectrometer Frequency	876.55
Nucleus	19F

-104.45

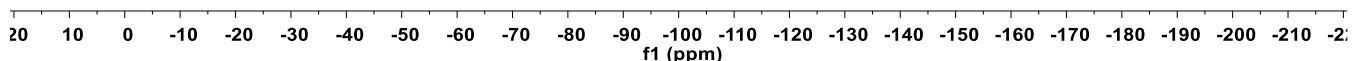
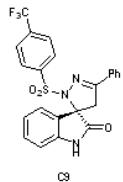


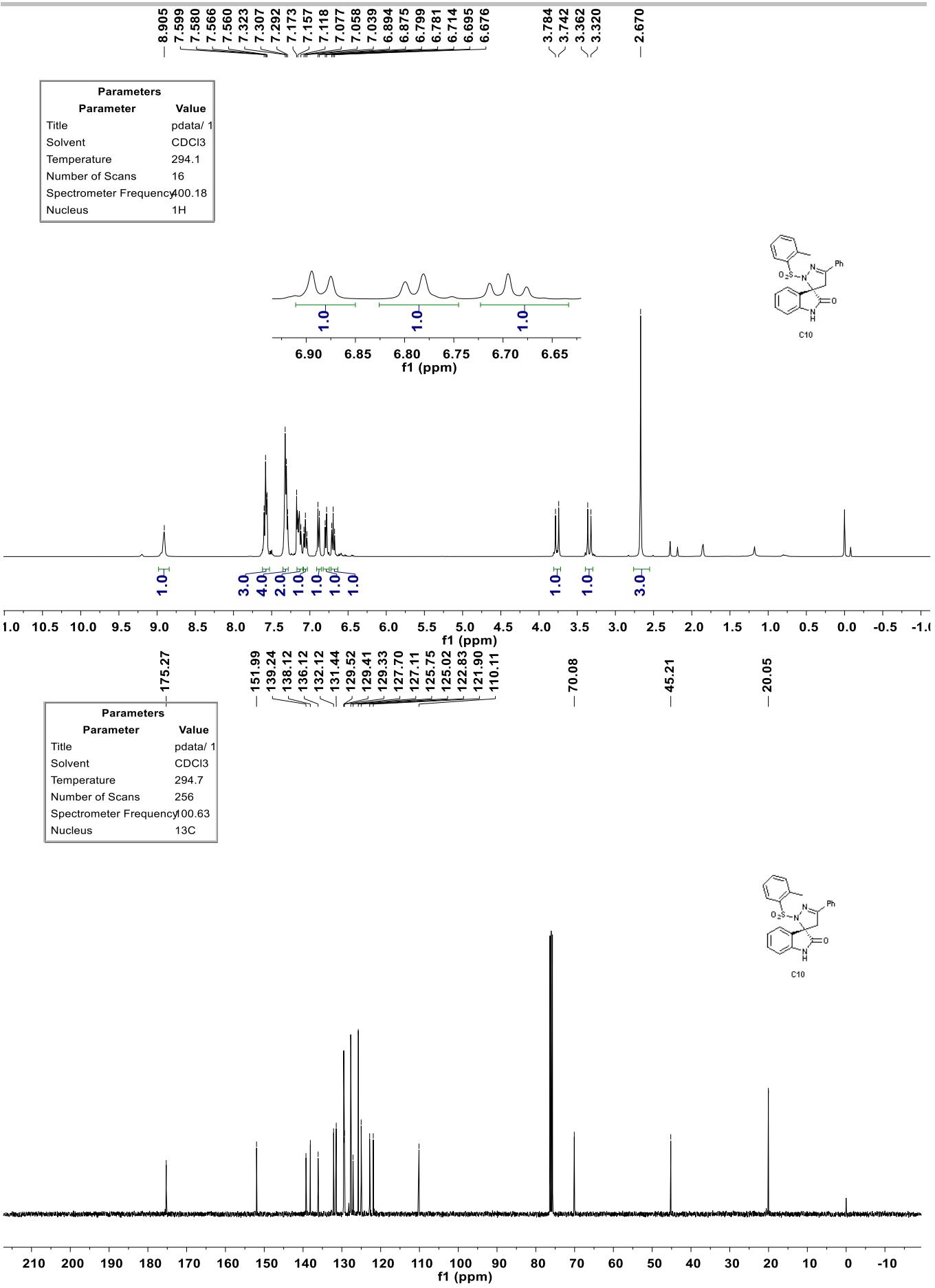


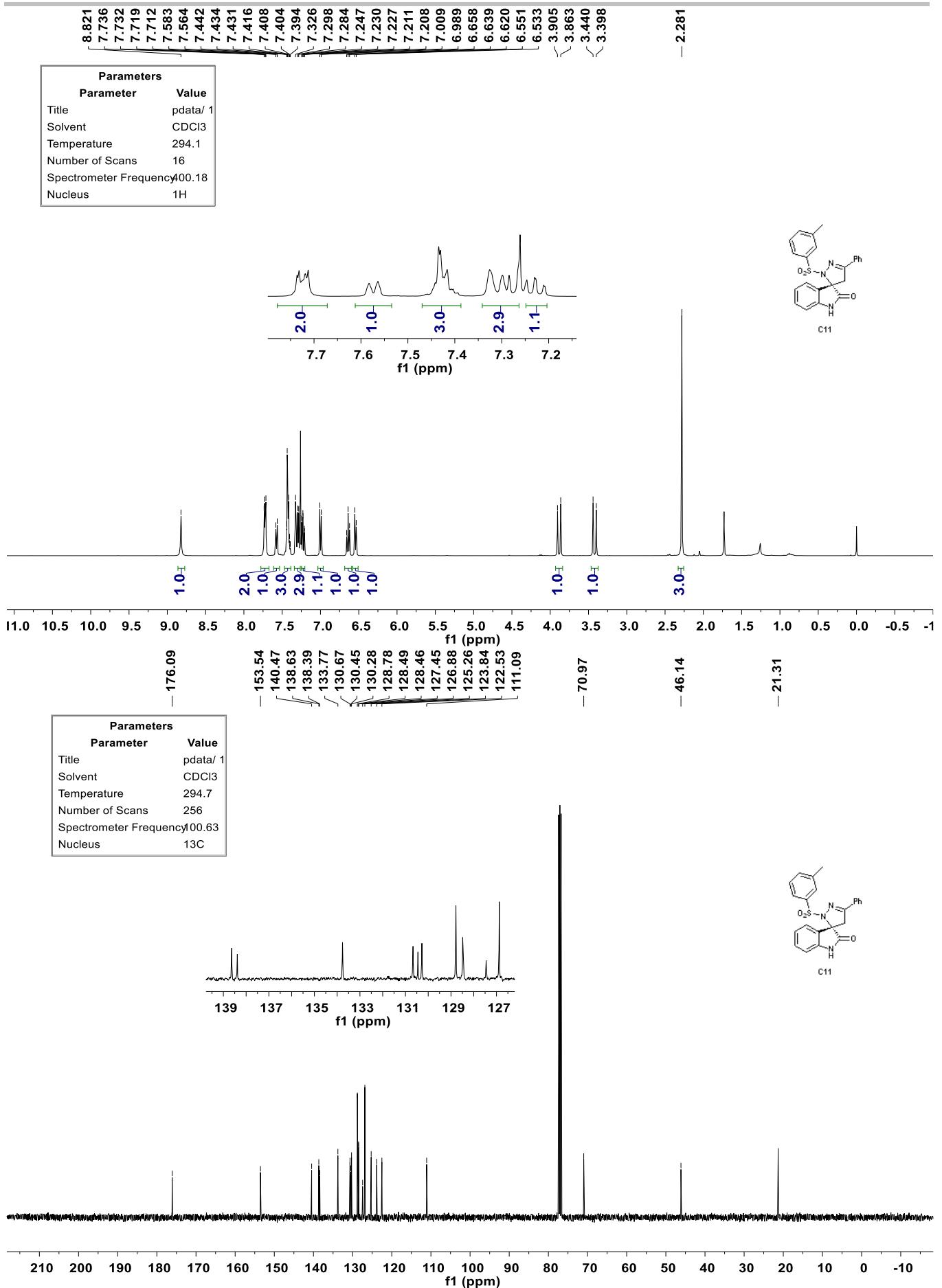


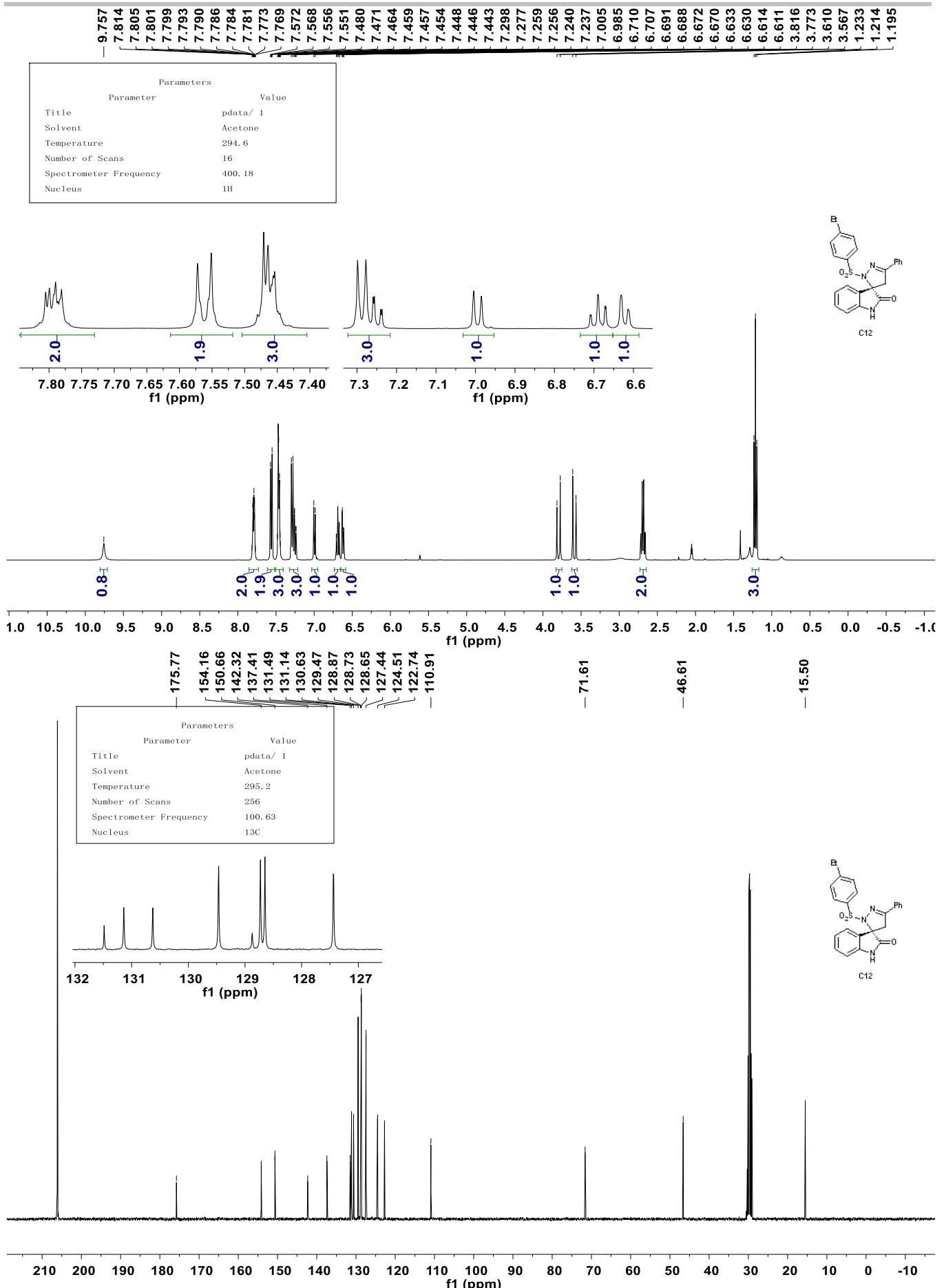
Parameters	
Parameter	Value
Title	pdata/ 1
Solvent	CDCl ₃
Temperature	294.1
Number of Scans	16
Spectrometer Frequency	876.55
Nucleus	¹⁹ F

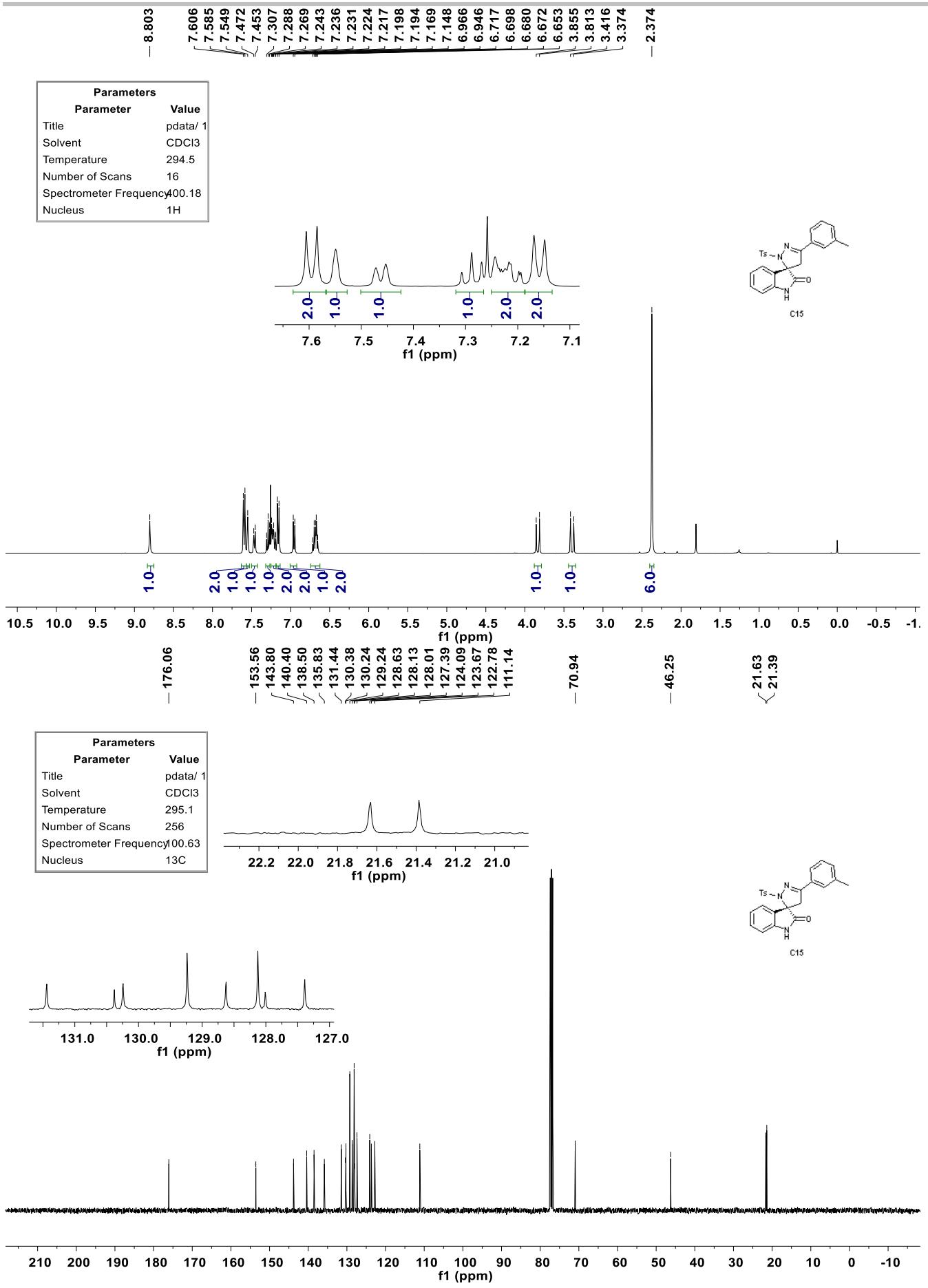
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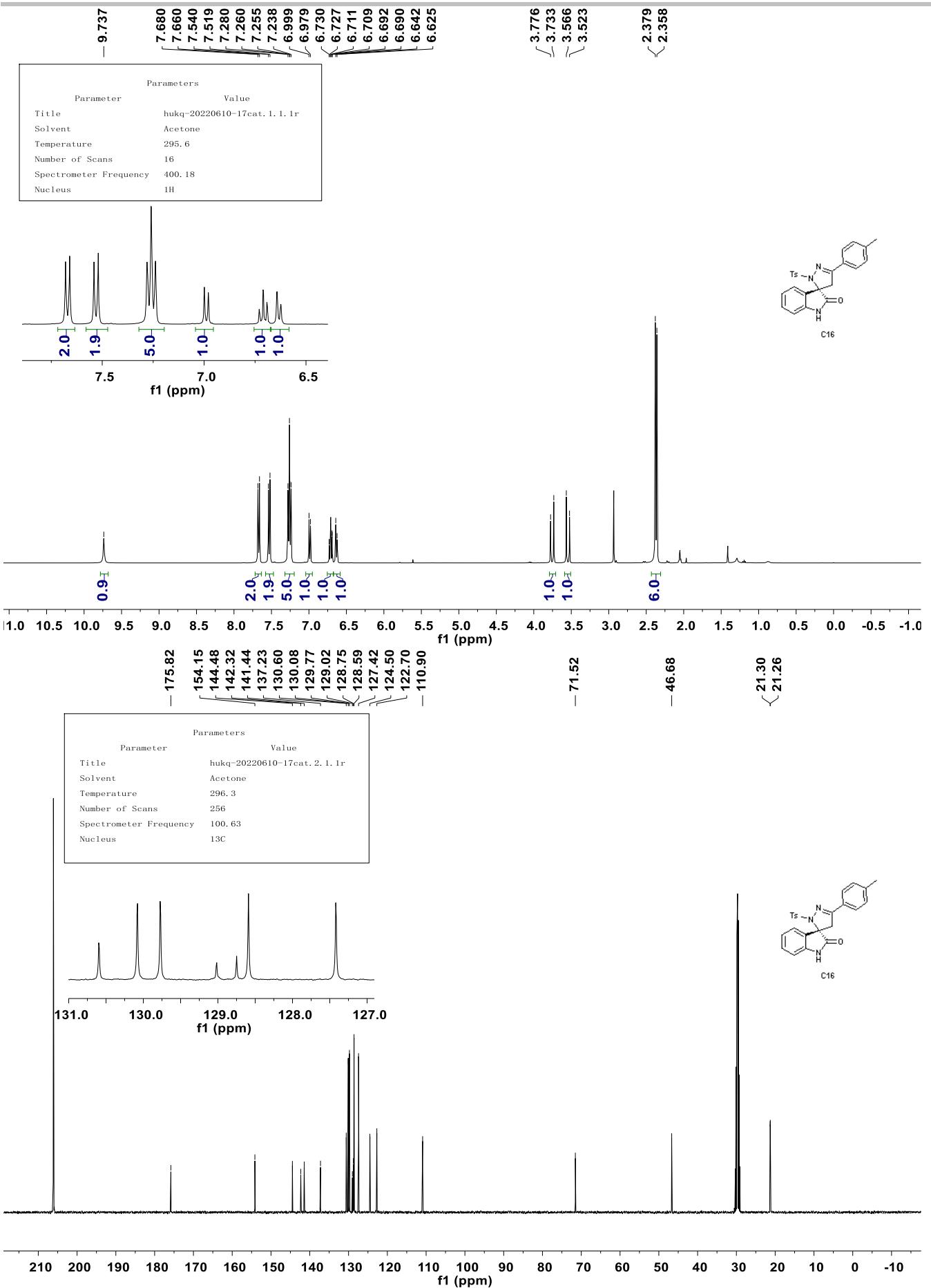


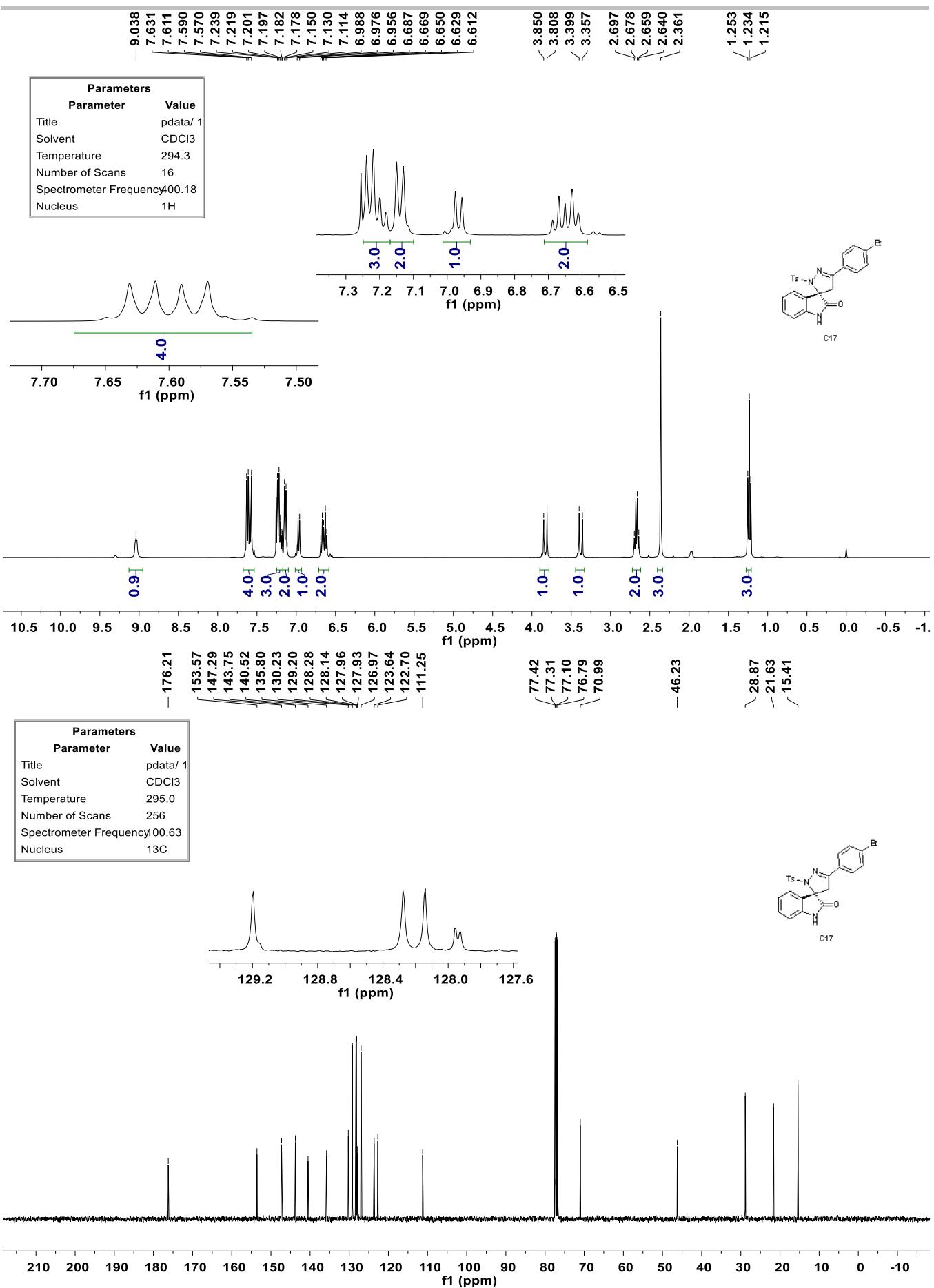


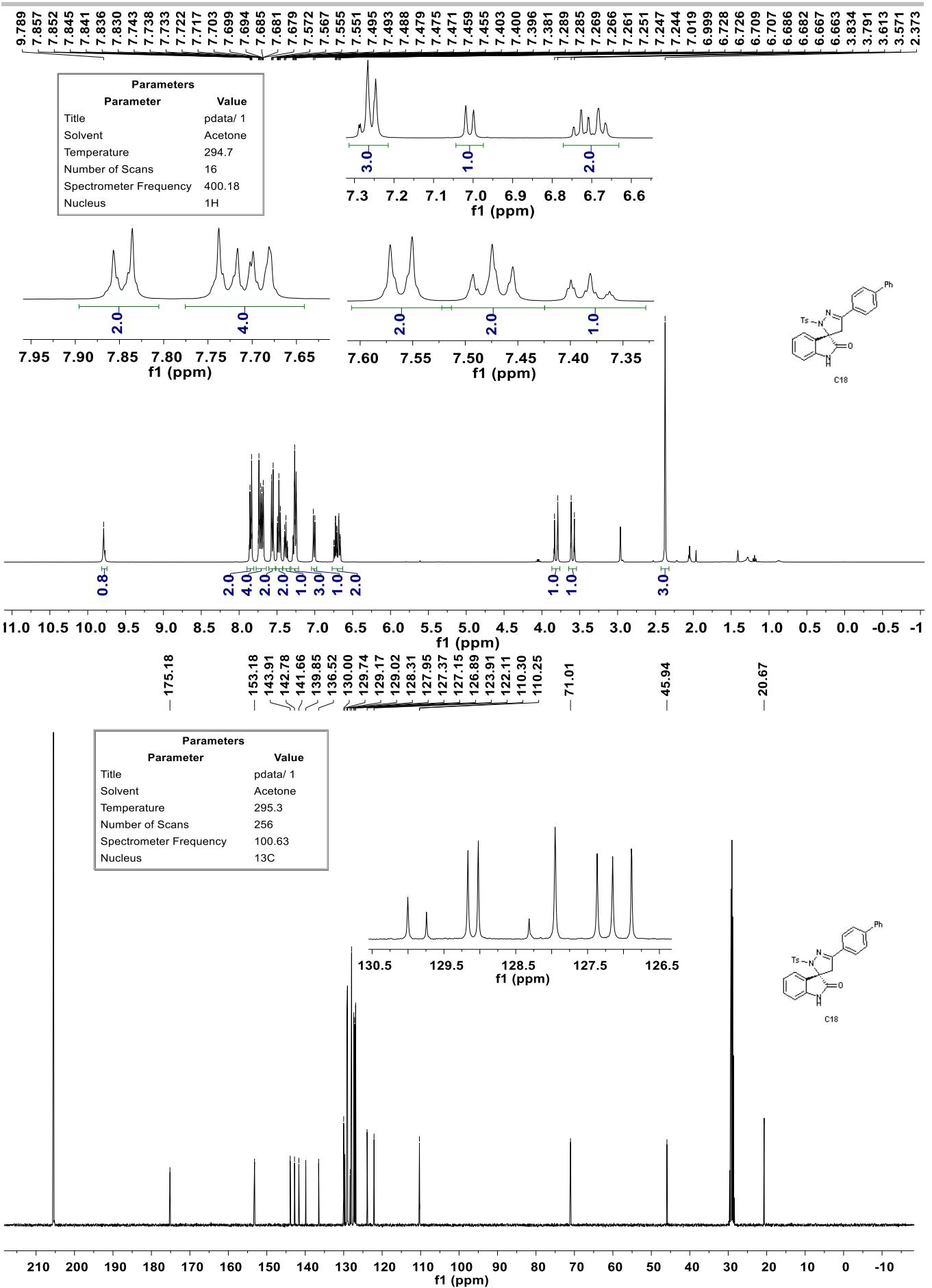


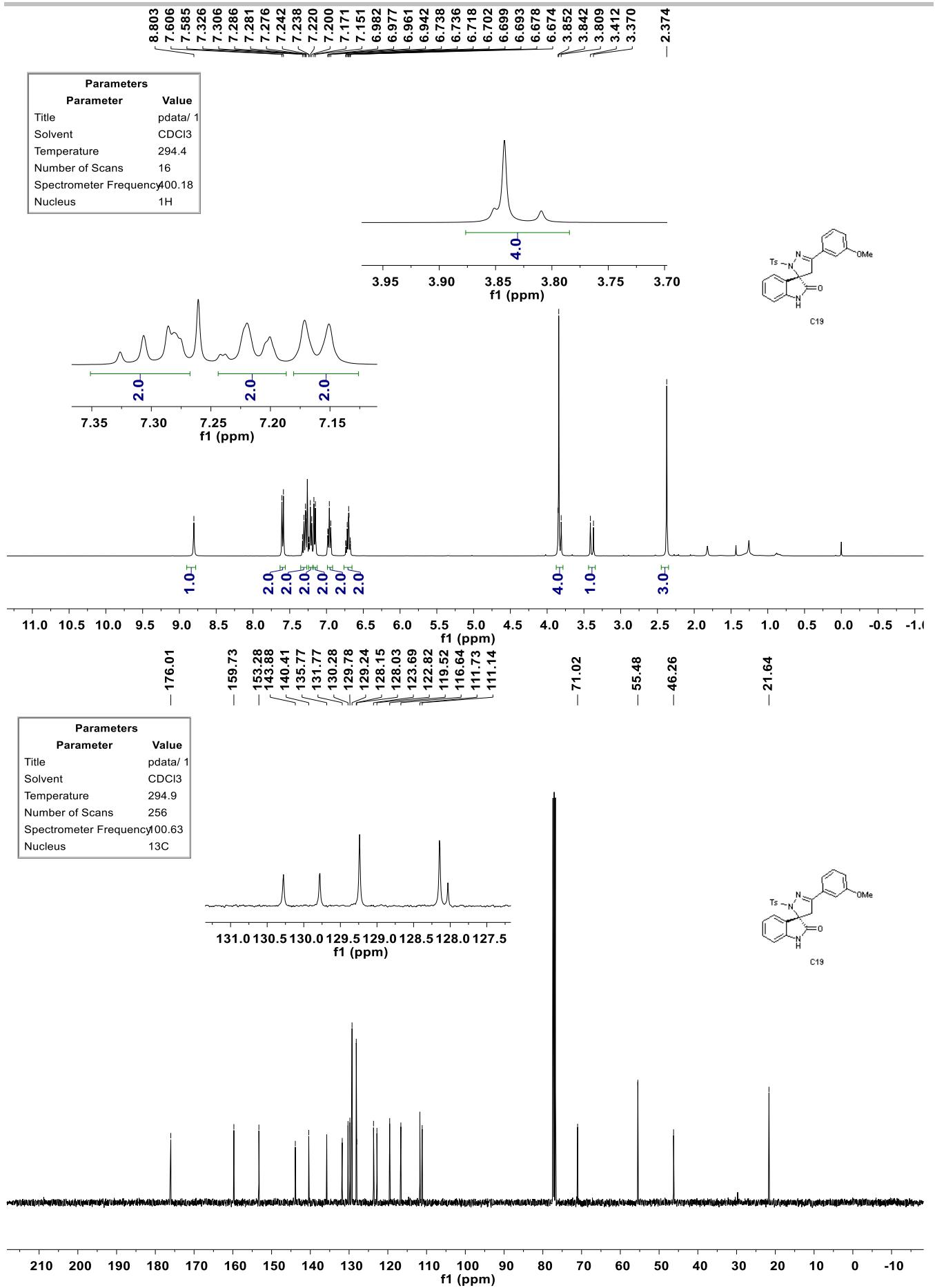


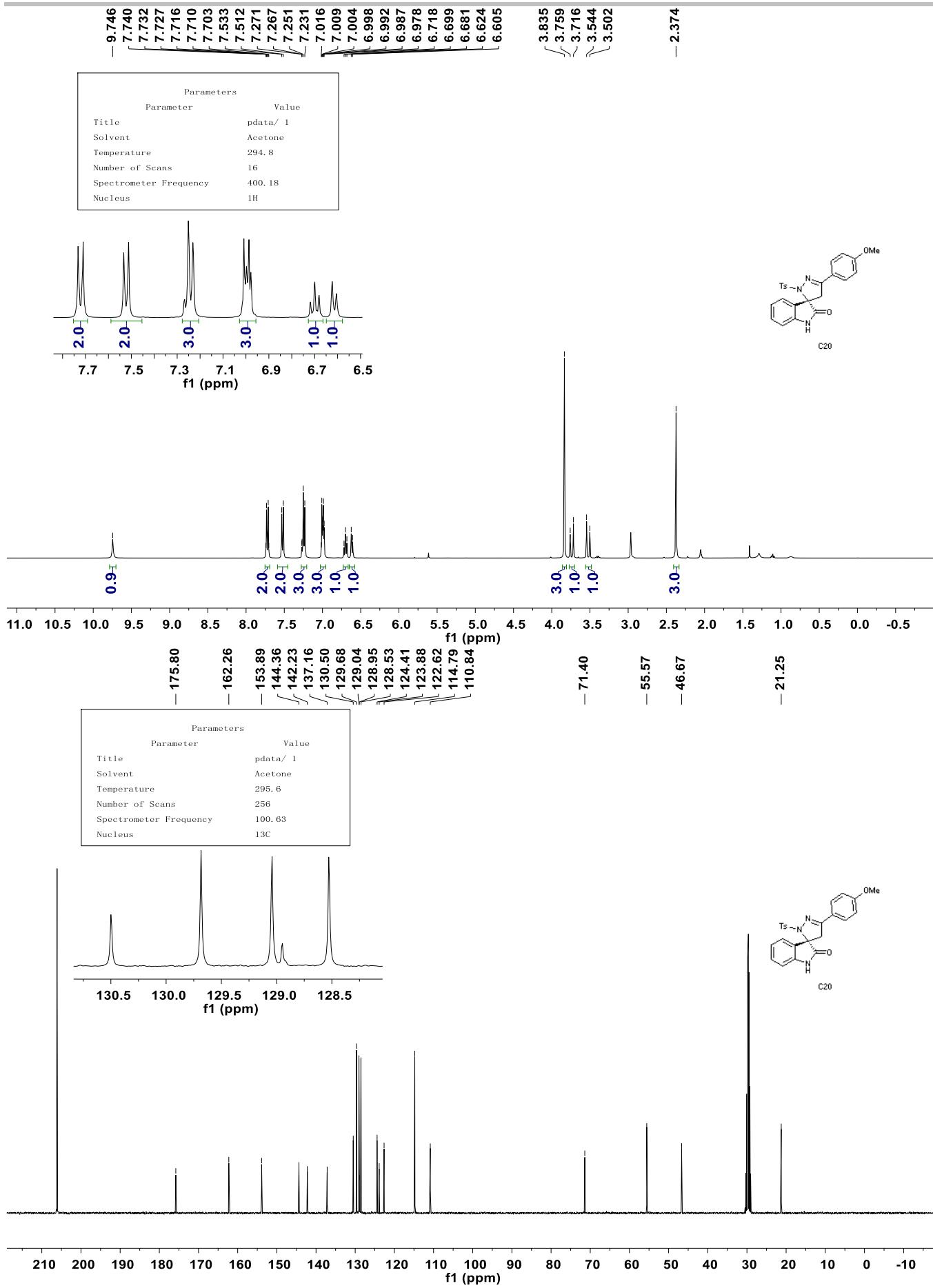






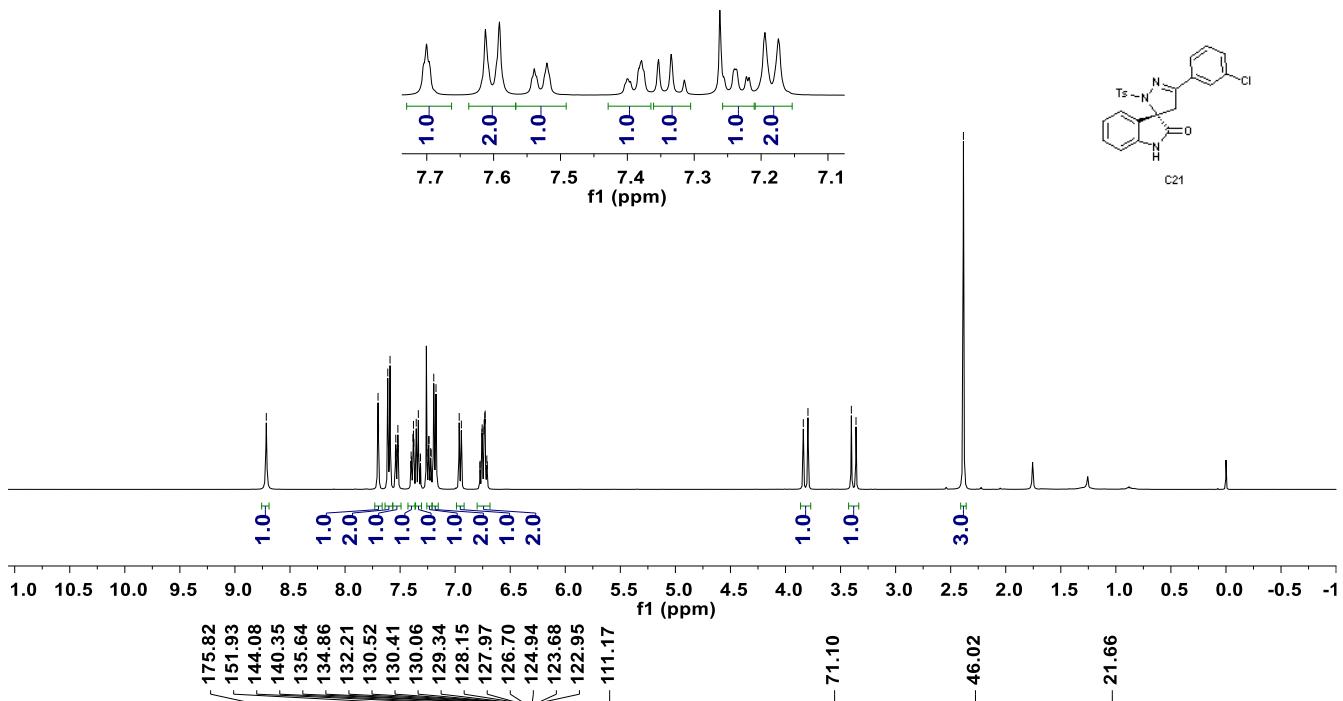
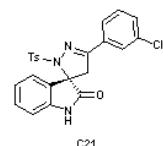




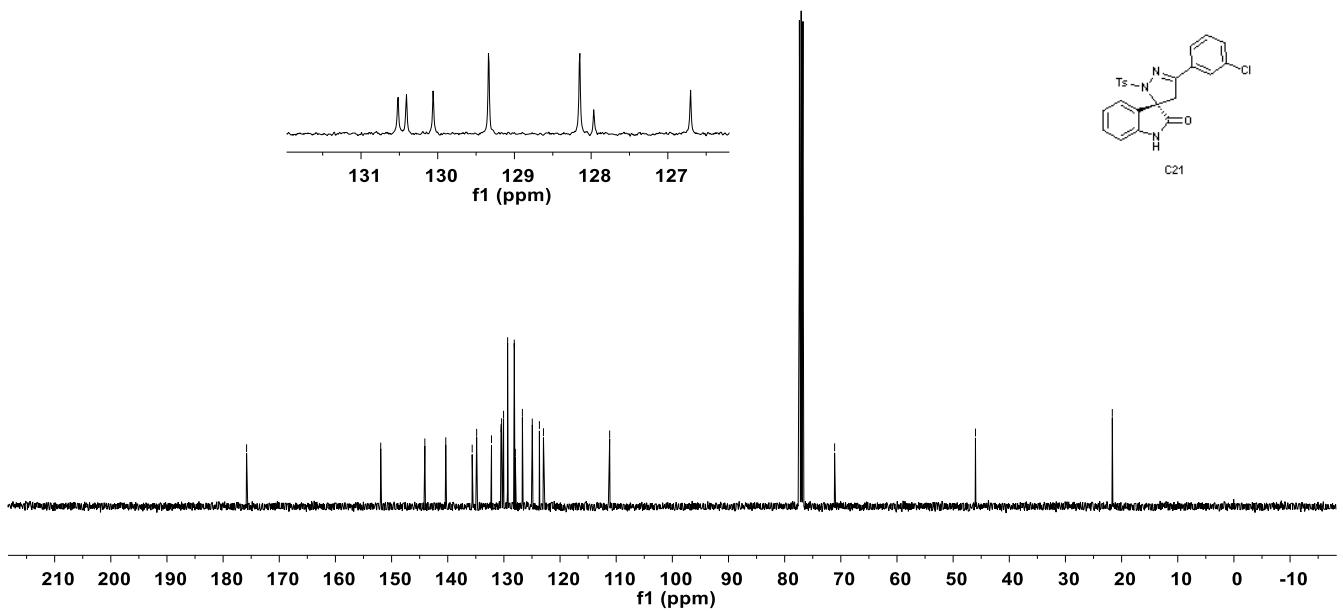
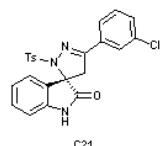


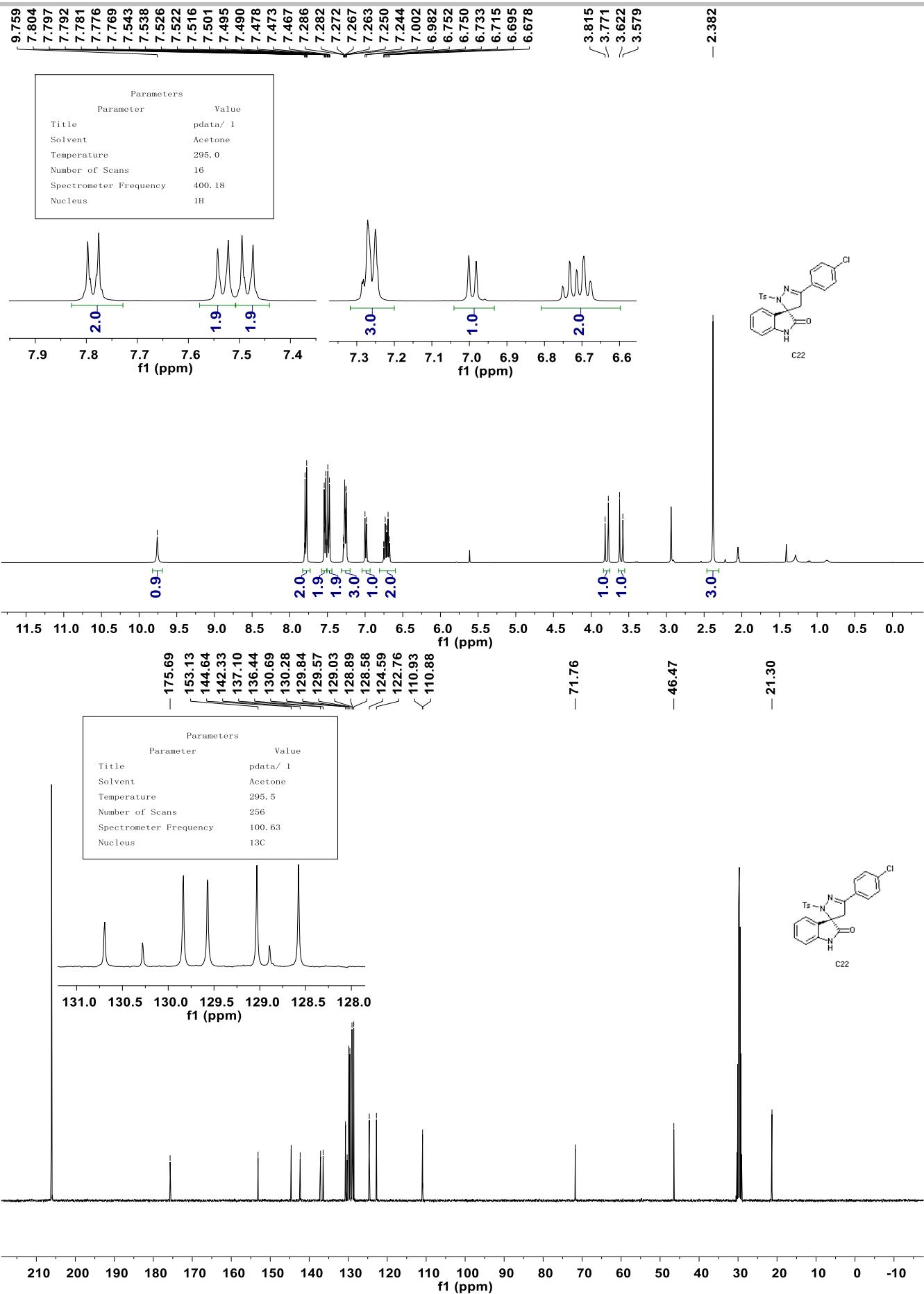


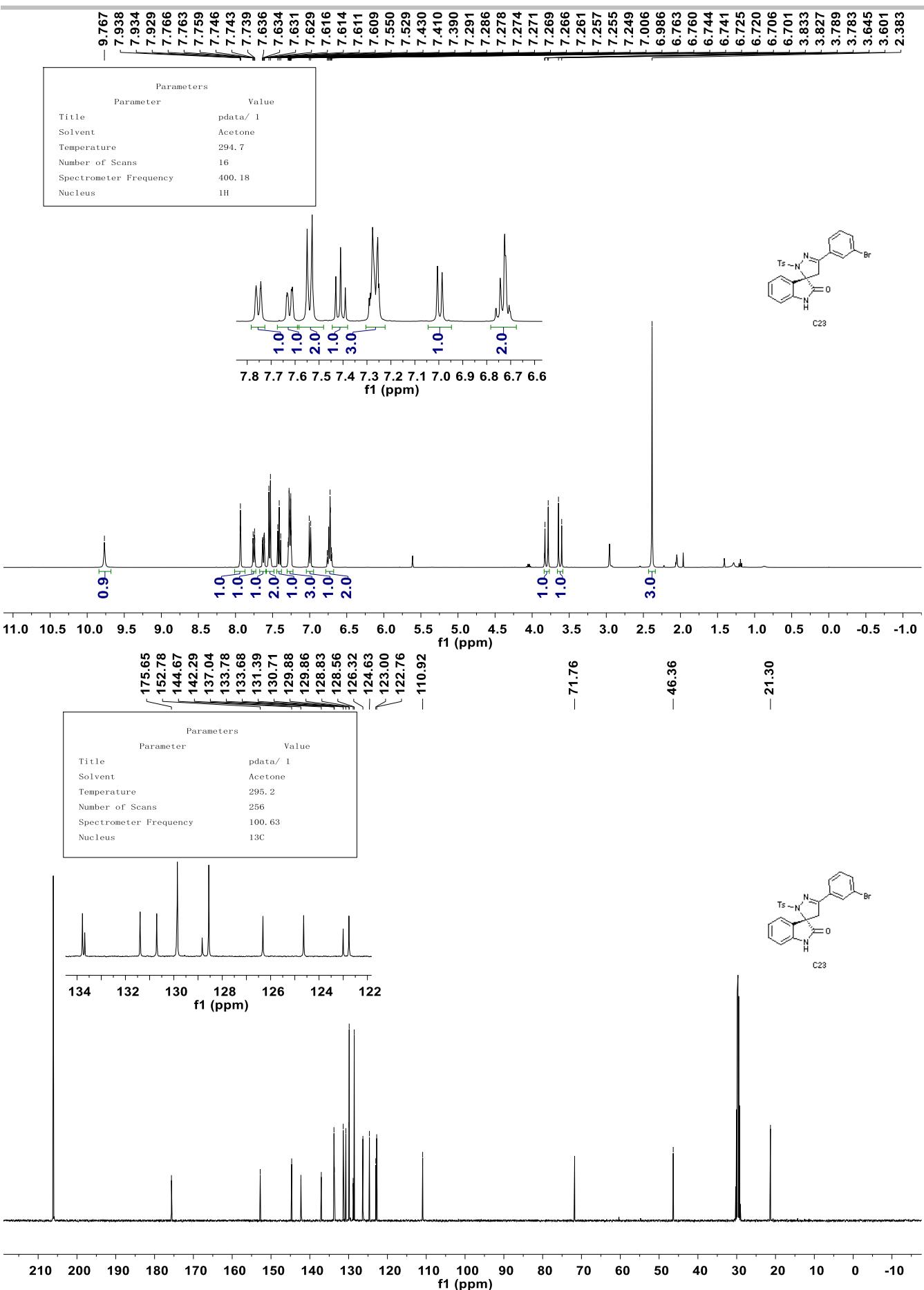
Parameters	
Parameter	Value
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Solvent	CDCl ₃
Temperature	294.1
Number of Scans	16
Spectrometer Frequency	400.18
Nucleus	1H

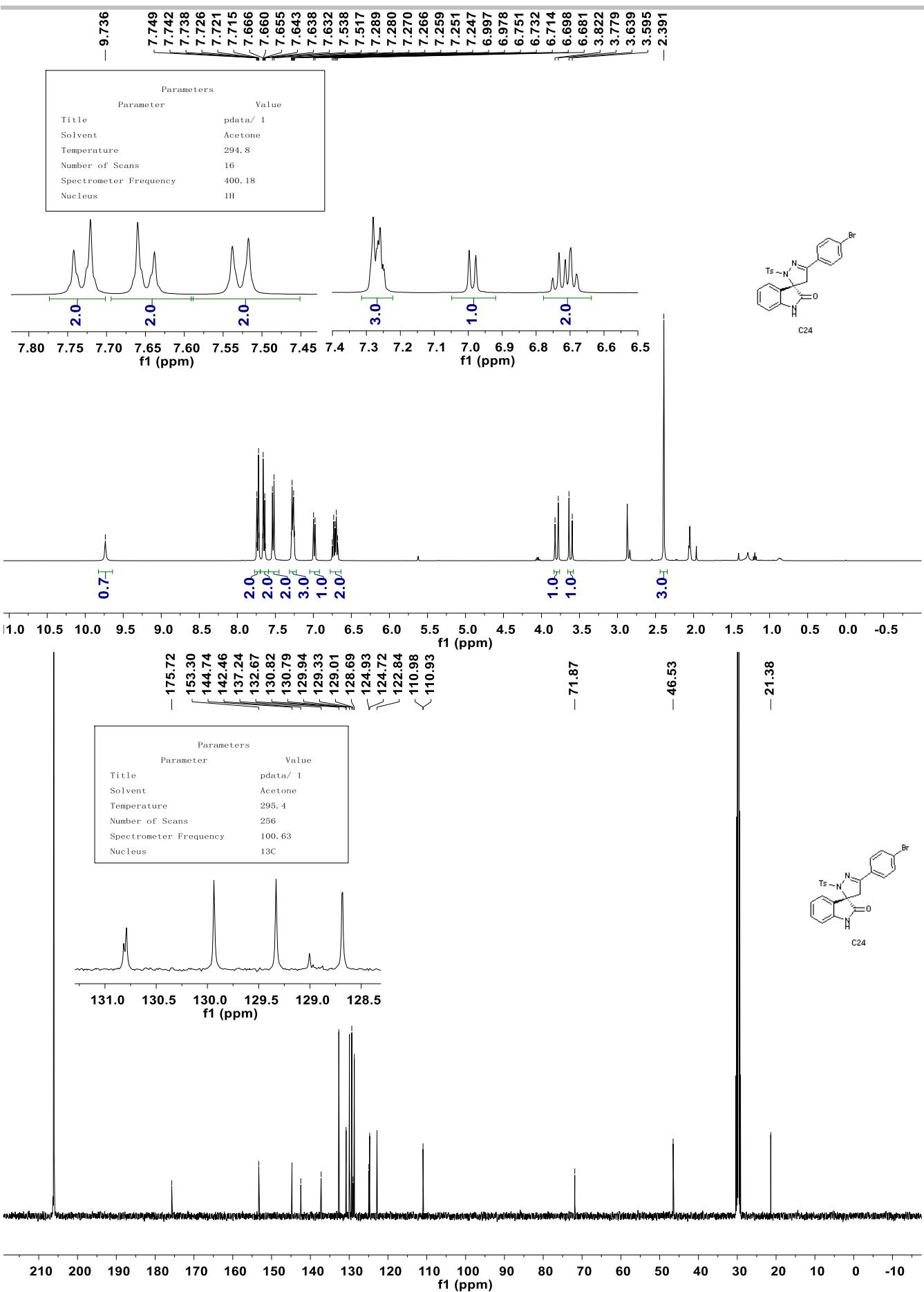


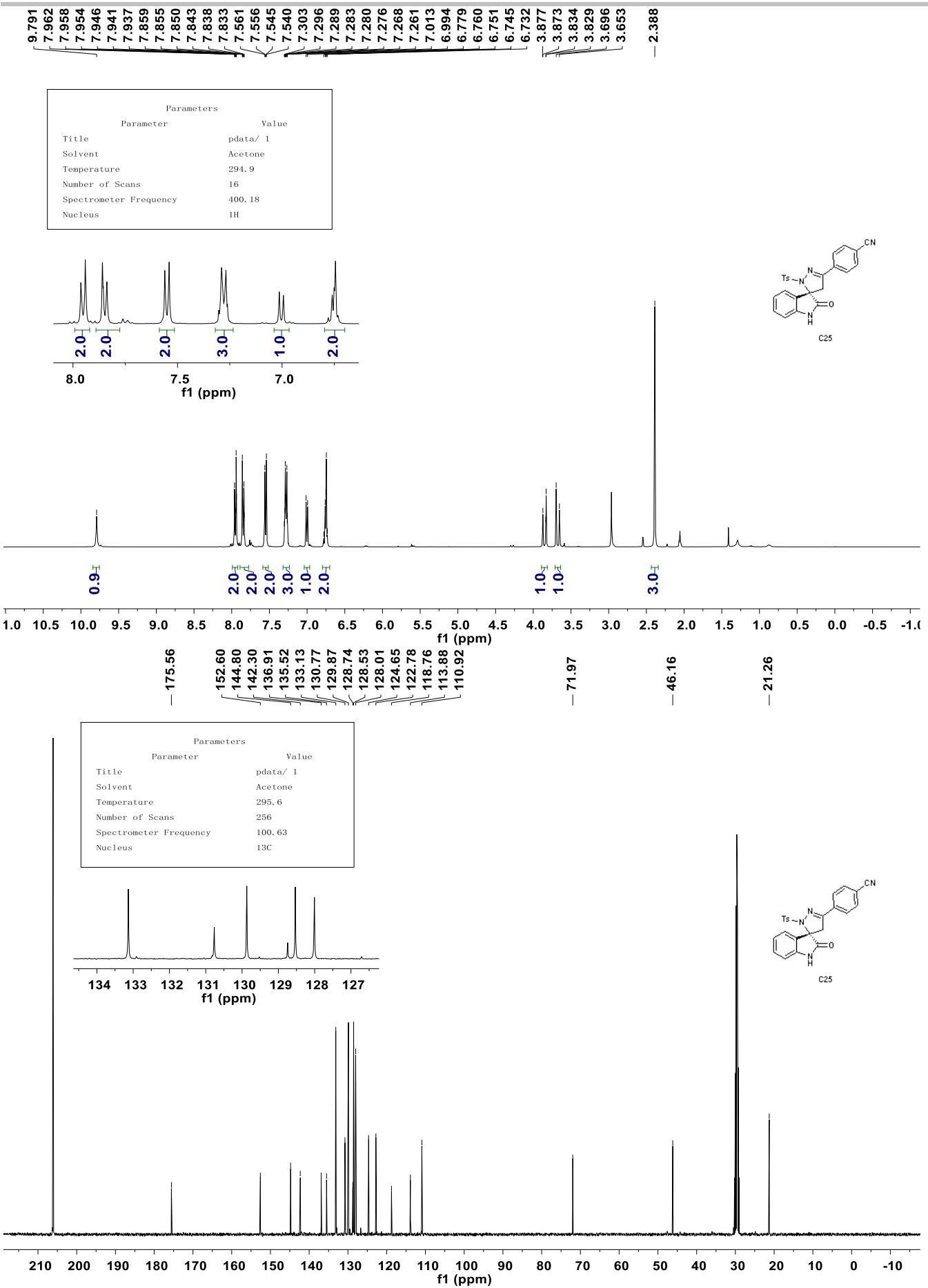
Parameters	
Parameter	Value
Title	pdata/ 1
Solvent	CDCl3
Temperature	294.8
Number of Scans	256
Spectrometer Frequency	0.63
Nucleus	13C

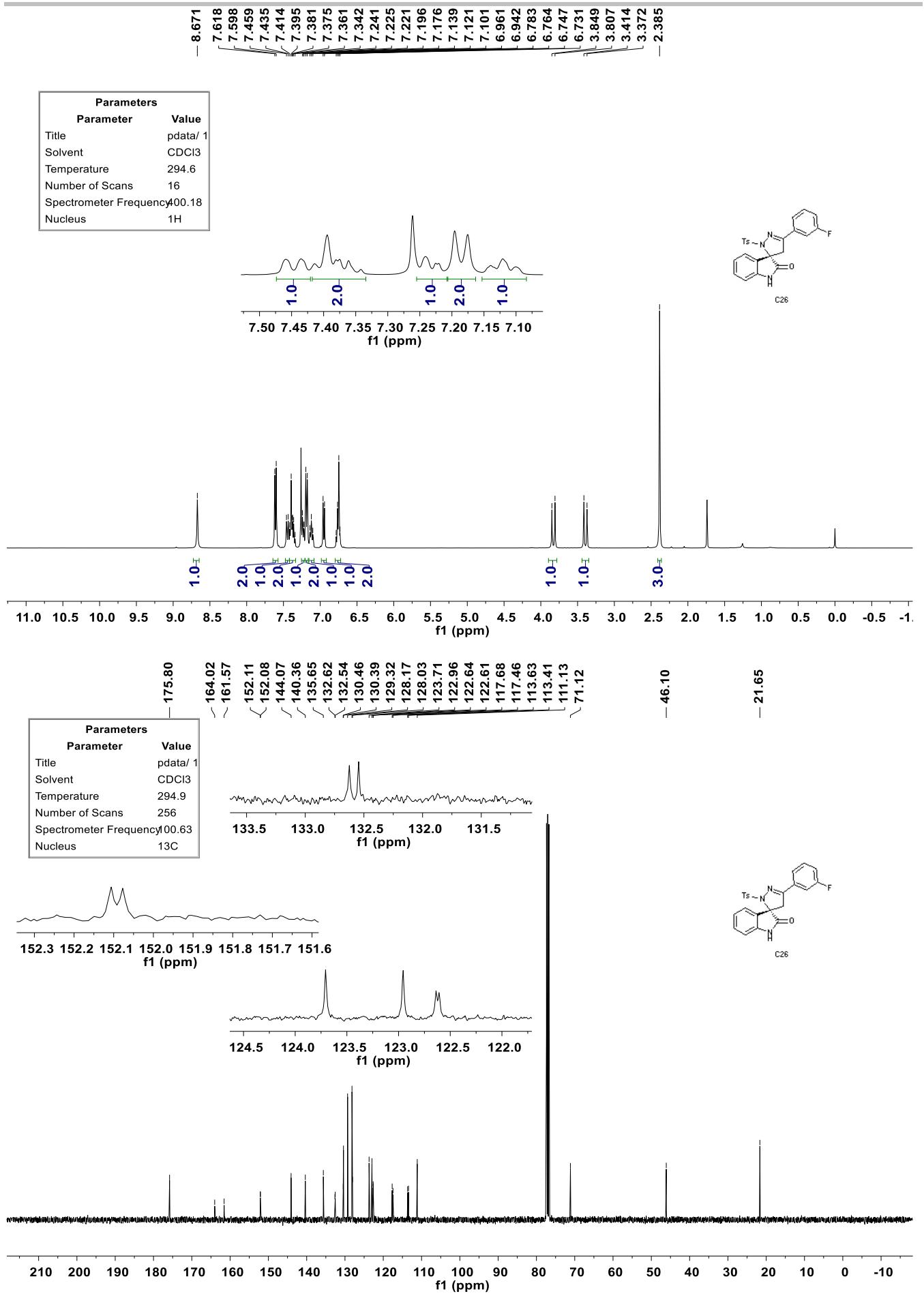






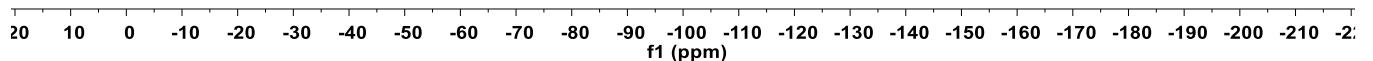
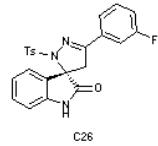


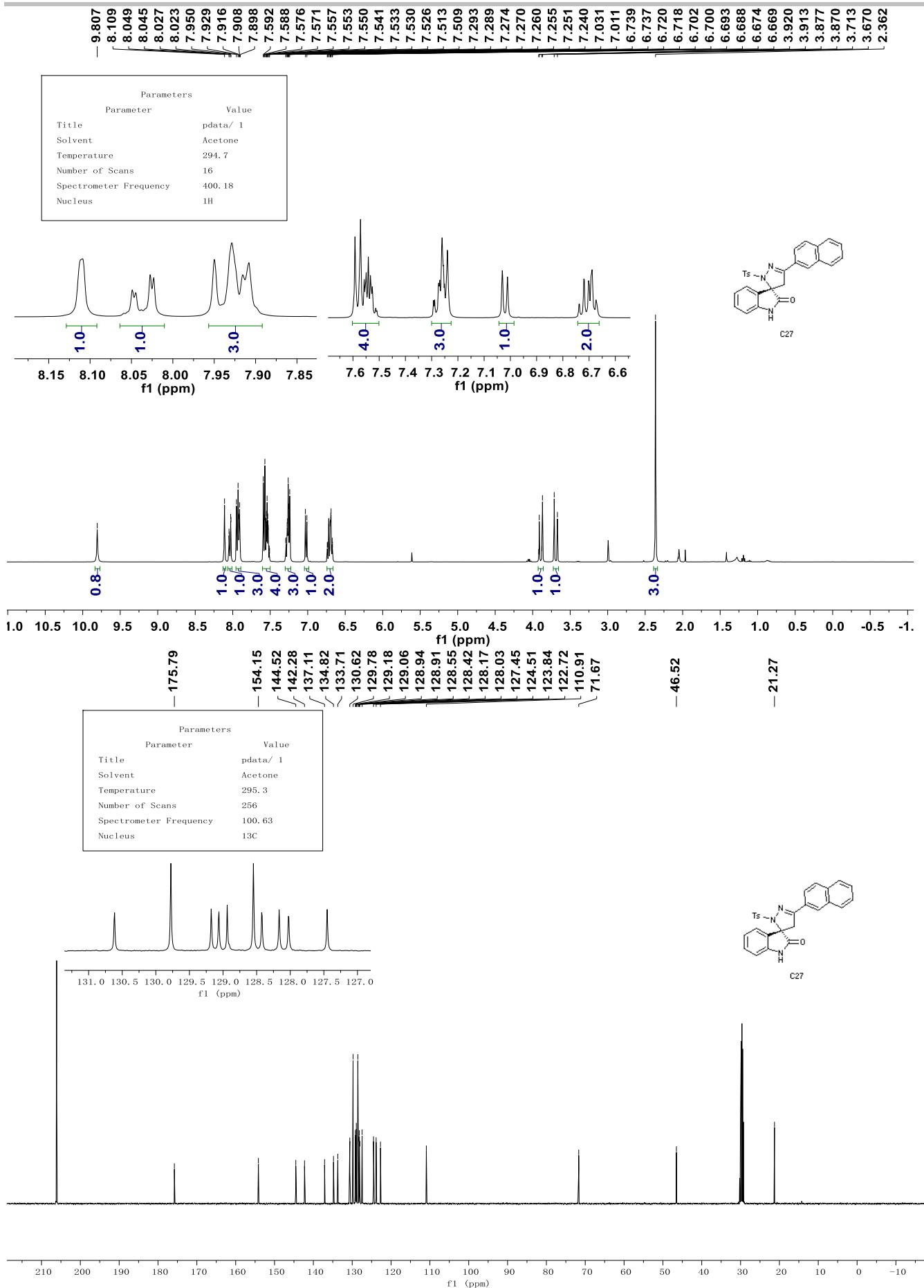


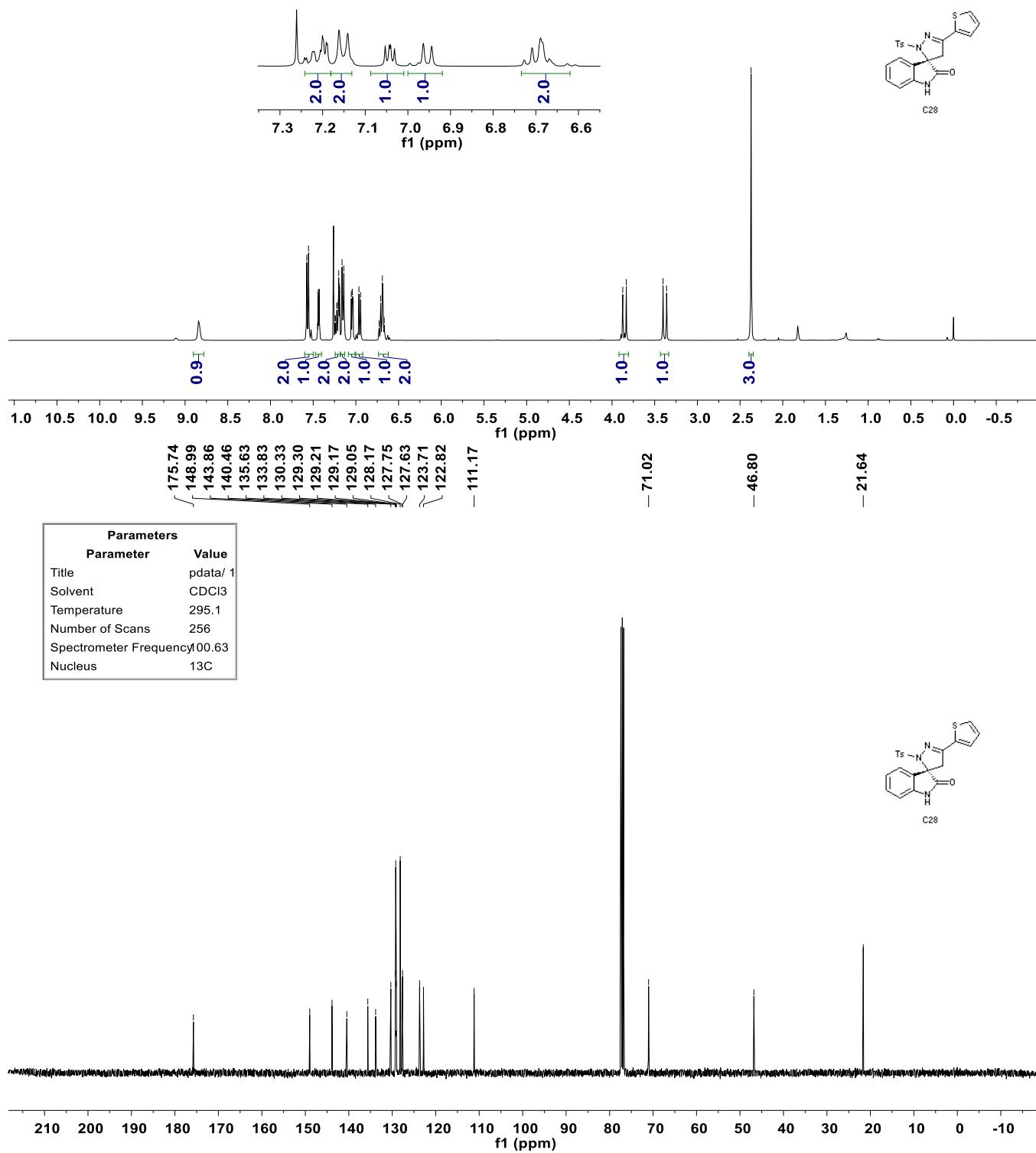
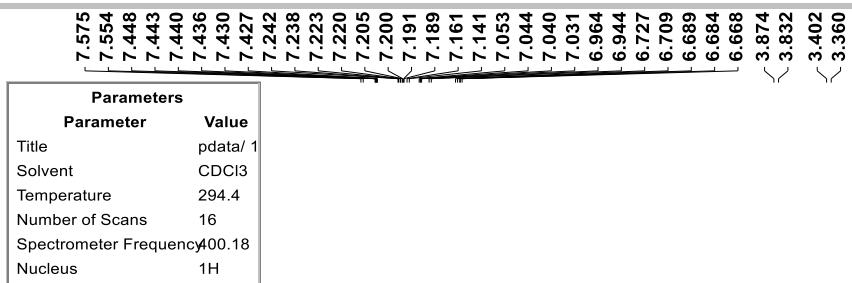


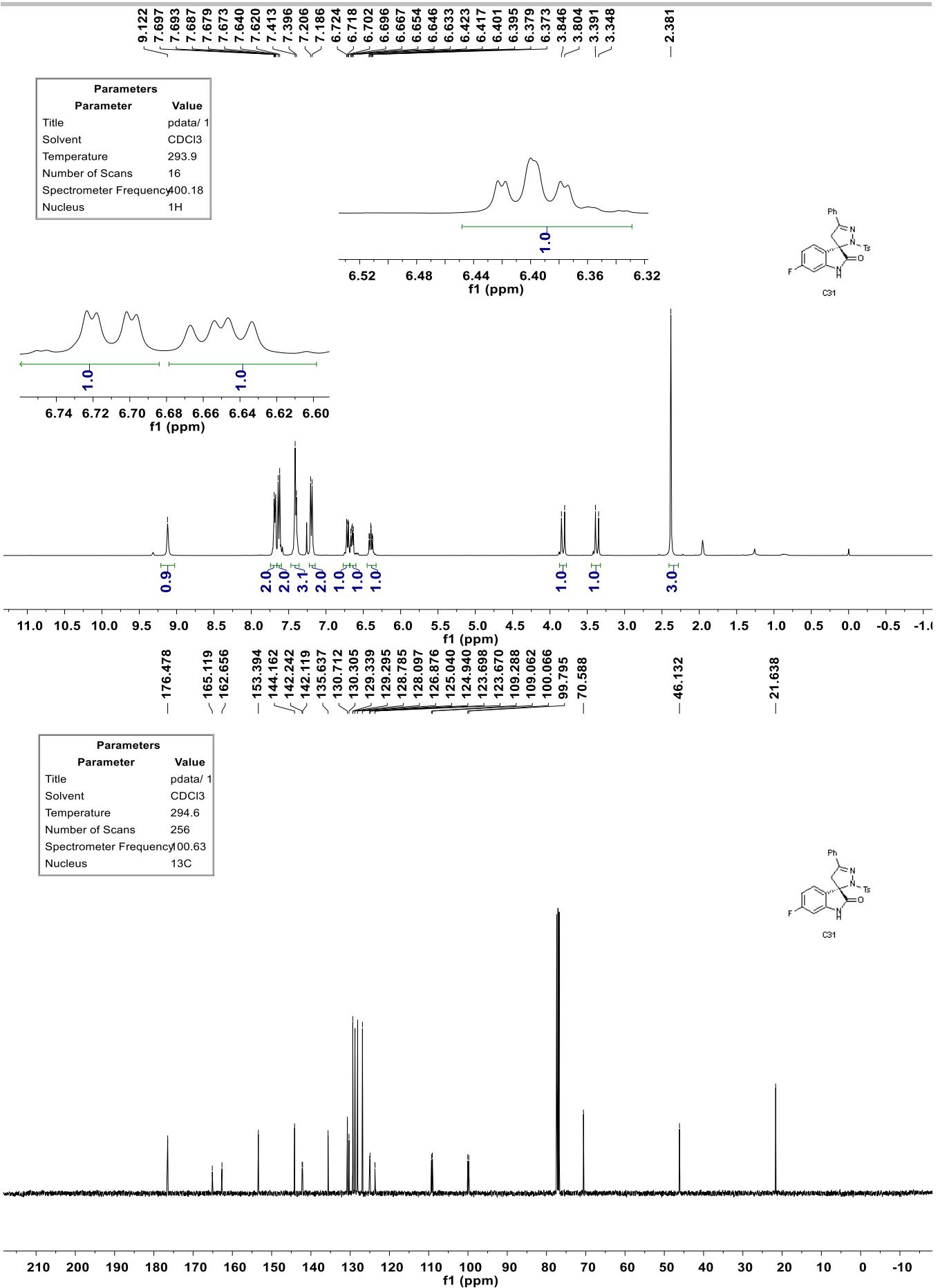
- -111.954

Parameters	
Parameter	Value
Title	pdata/ 1
Solvent	CDCl3
Temperature	294.7
Number of Scans	16
Spectrometer Frequency	876.55
Nucleus	19F



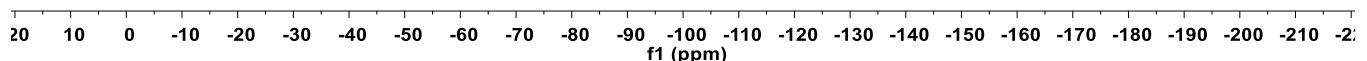
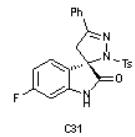


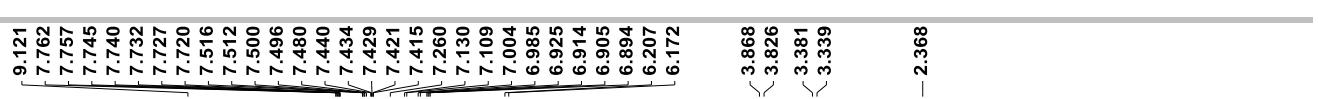




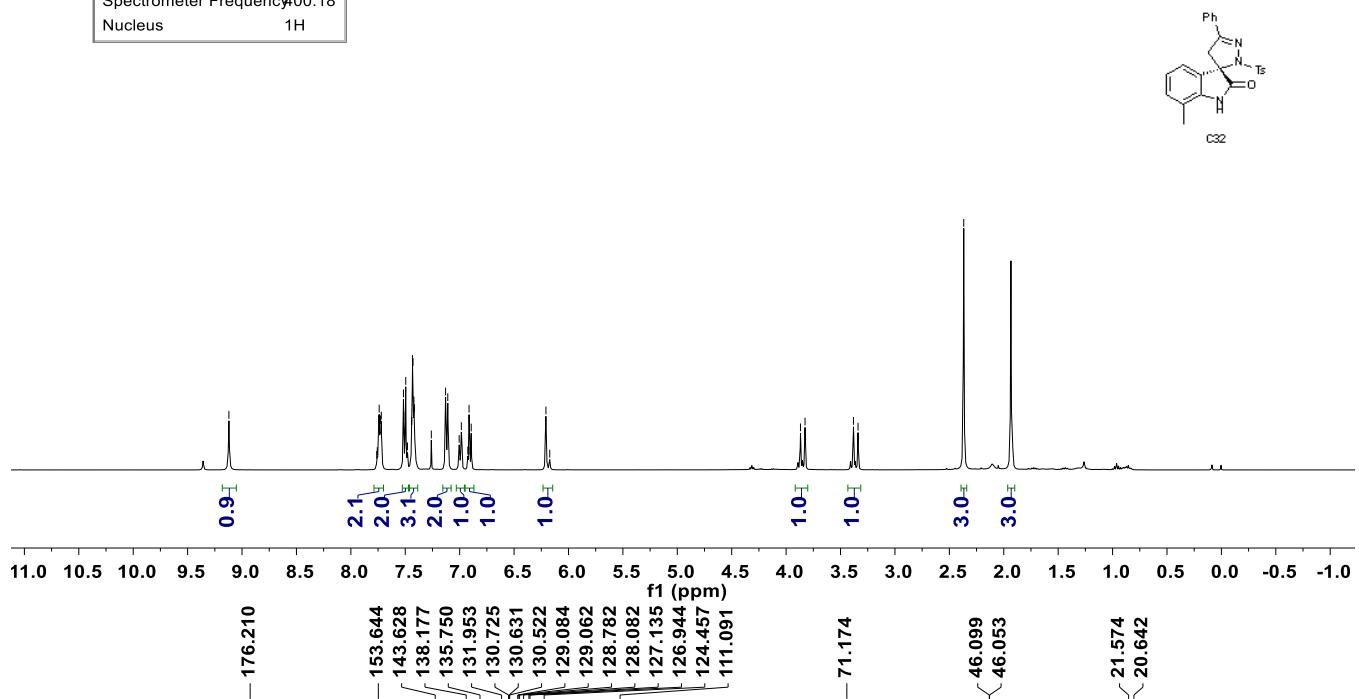
-108.374

Parameters	
Parameter	Value
Title	pdata/ 1
Solvent	CDCl ₃
Temperature	294.3
Number of Scans	16
Spectrometer Frequency	976.55
Nucleus	19F

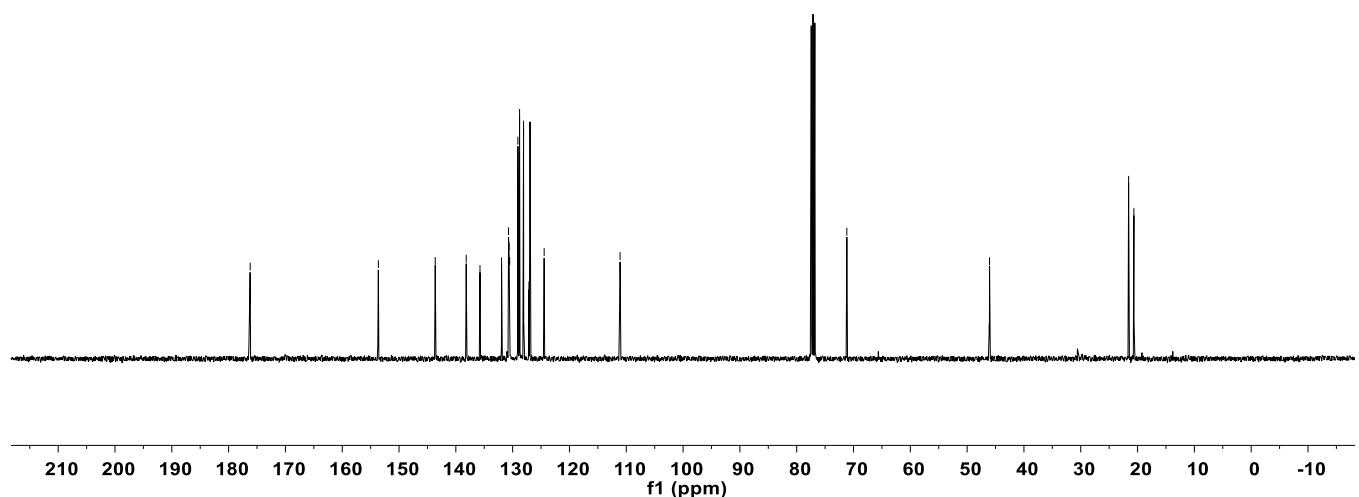


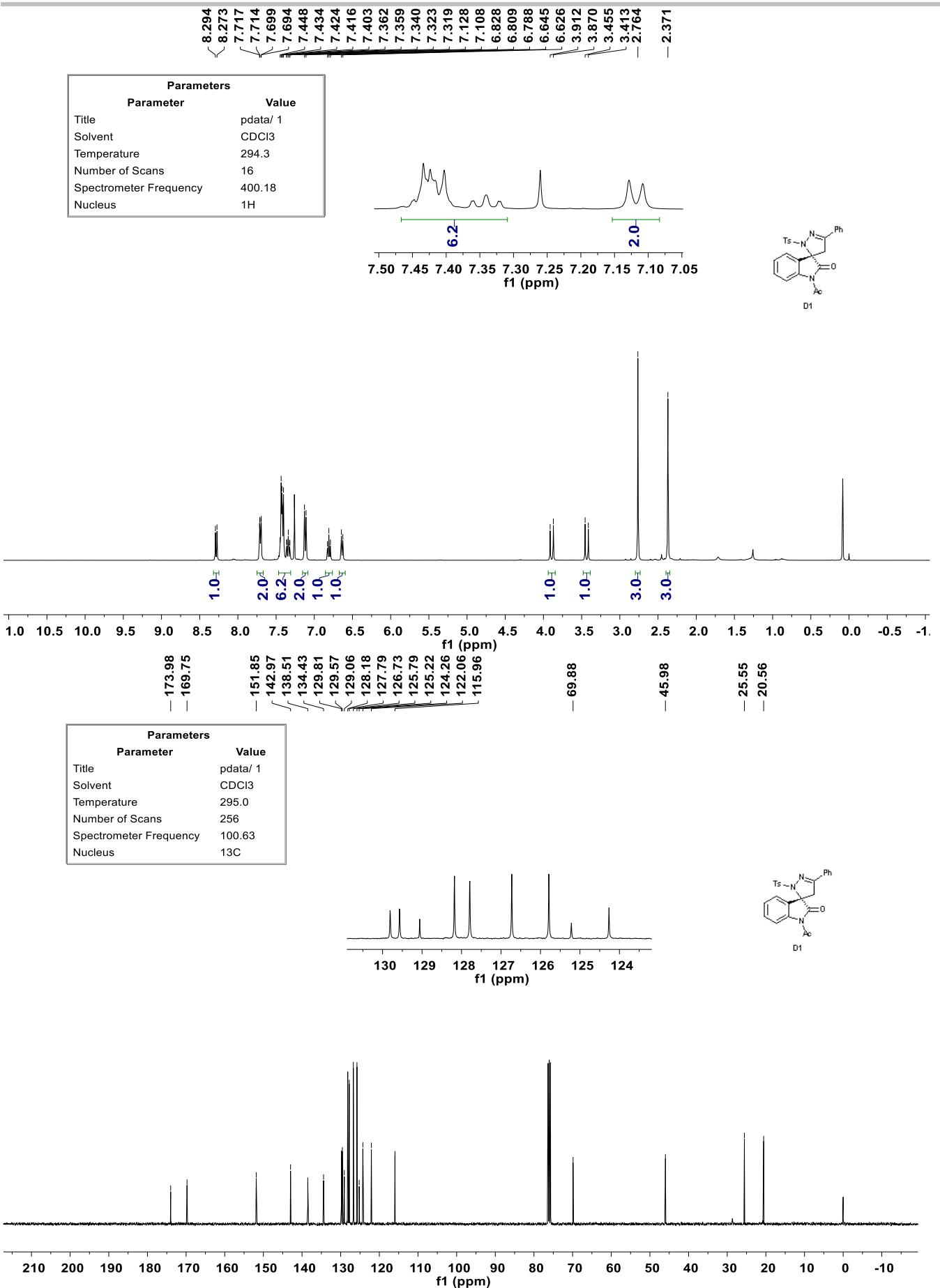


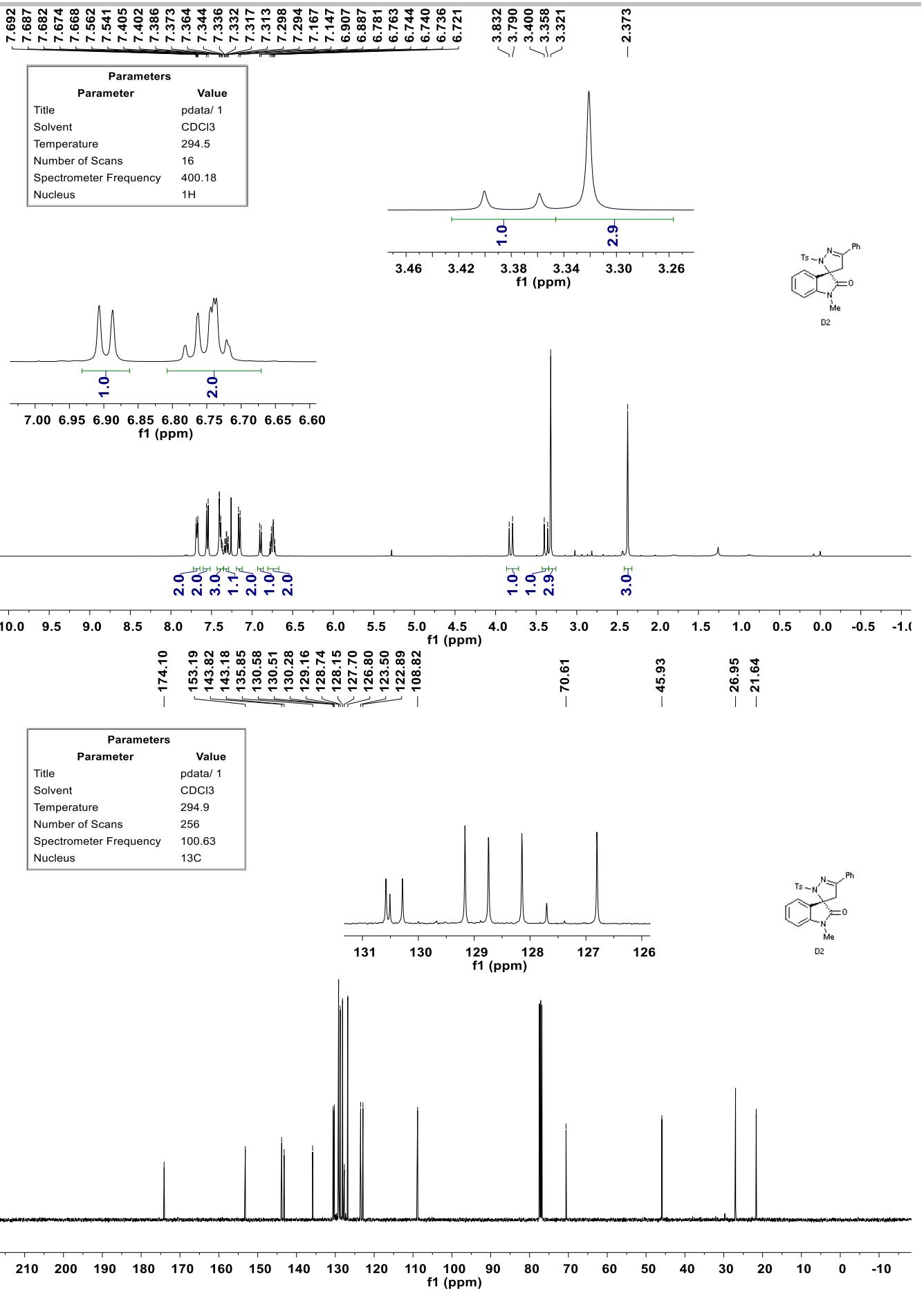
Parameters	
Parameter	Value
Title	pdata/1
Solvent	CDCl ₃
Temperature	294.1
Number of Scans	16
Spectrometer Frequency	400.18
Nucleus	1H



Parameters	
Parameter	Value
Title	pdata/1
Solvent	CDCl ₃
Temperature	294.5
Number of Scans	256
Spectrometer Frequency	100.63
Nucleus	13C







18. Copies of CD spectra in CH₃OH

