# Supporting Information for

# $B(C_6F_5)_3$ -Catalyzed Stepwise 1,5-Hydride Migration/Cyclization: Diastereoselective Construction of Carbocyclic $\beta$ -Amino Acid Derivatives.

Zhiting Wang,<sup>a</sup> Hongchi Liu, <sup>a</sup> Tianxiao Jiang, <sup>a</sup> and Hanmin Huang<sup>\*, a, b</sup>

 <sup>a</sup>Key Laboratory of Precision and Intelligent Chemistry, and Department of Chemistry, University of Science and Technology of China, Hefei, 230026, P. R. China.
<sup>b</sup>Key Laboratory of Green and Precise Synthetic Chemistry and Applications, Ministry of Education, Huaibei Normal University, Huaibei, 235000, P. R. China.
\*E-mail: hanmin@ustc.edu.cn

### **Table of Contents**

1. General Information	S2
2. Optimization of the Reaction Conditions	S3
3. General Procedure for the Catalytic Reaction	S5
4. Experimental Characterization Data	S6
5. X-ray Crystallographic Date	S46
6. Asymmetric Synthesis of <b>2s</b>	S48
7. Reference	S50
8. NMR Spectra of Materials and Products	S51

#### **1. General Information**

All non-aqueous reactions and manipulations were using standard Schlenk techniques. NMR spectra were recorded on BRUKER Avence III 400 MHz or 500 MHz NMR spectrometers. Chemical shifts were reported in parts per million (ppm) down field from TMS with the solvent resonance as the internal standard. NMR data are reported as follows: chemical shift, multiplicity, coupling constants (Hz) and integration. Coupling constants (J) were reported in Hz and referred to apparent peak multiplications. High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded on Bruker MicroTOF-QII mass instrument (ESI). Single crystal X-ray diffraction analyses were recorded on Bruker SMART APEX II. Unless otherwise stated, reagents were commercially available and used as purchased without further purification. Chemicals were obtained from Adamas-beta, J&K Scientfic or Energy Chemical. The reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography using TLC plates and visualized by short-wave ultraviolet light. Flash chromatography was performed with Qingdao Haiyang flash silica gel (200–300 mesh).

#### 2. Optimization of the Reaction Conditions

Ethyl (E)-7-(dibenzylamino) hept-2-enoate 1a (105 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1 equiv.), Lewis Acid, solvent (4 mL) were added to a 25 mL flame-dried Young-type tube in the glove box under nitrogen atomsphere. The mixture was stirred at designed temperature in an oil bath for 12 hours. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and residue was purified by flash column chromatography (eluted with petroleum ether / ethyl acetate =  $20/1 \sim 10/1$ ) on silica gel to give the desired product.

#### 2.1 Screening of Lewis Acid.<sup>a</sup>



entry	Lewis Acid (30 mol%)	<b>2a</b> yield (%)
1	AlCl <sub>3</sub>	33
2	$BF_3 \bullet Et_2O$	0
3	TiCl <sub>4</sub>	0
4	Sc(OTf) <sub>3</sub>	0
5	Yb(OTf) <sub>3</sub>	0
6	Zn(OTf) <sub>2</sub>	0
7	FeCl <sub>3</sub>	0
8	$AgSbF_6$	0
9	$B(C_6F_5)_3$	60

<sup>a</sup> Reaction conditions: 1a (105 mg, 0.3 mmol), Lewis Acid (0.09 mmol, 30 mol%), chlorobenzene (4.0 mL), 150 °C, 12 h; isolated yield.

#### 2.2 Effect of the Loading of B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3.<sup>a</sup></sub>



entry	B(C <sub>6</sub> F <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> (X mol%)	<b>2a</b> yield (%)
1	30	60
2	20	80
3	10	57

<sup>a</sup> Reaction conditions: 1a (105 mg, 0.3 mmol), B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub>, chlorobenzene (4.0 mL), 150 °C, 12 h; isolated yield.

#### 2.3 Screening of Solvent.<sup>a</sup>



entry	Solvent	<b>2a</b> yield (%)
	3	

1	Mesitylene	77
2	chlorobenzene	80
3	toluene	69
4	benzotrifluoride	62
5	CHCl <sub>3</sub>	trace
6	DCM	0
7	DCE	55

<sup>*a*</sup> Reaction conditions: **1a** (105 mg, 0.3 mmol),  $B(C_6F_5)_3$  (0.06mmol, 20 mol%), solvent (4.0 mL), 150 °C, 12 h; isolated yield.

## 2.4 Effect of Temperature.<sup>a</sup>

~ /~		CO <sub>2</sub> Et
CO <sub>2</sub> Et	B(C <sub>6</sub> F <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> (20 mol%)	
└NBn₂	chlorobenzene	/'/NBn <sub>2</sub>
1a	<b>temp.</b> , 12 h	2a -

entry	temp. (°C)	<b>2a</b> yield (%)
1	150	80
2	130	0
3	110	0

<sup>*a*</sup> Reaction conditions: **1a** (105 mg, 0.3 mmol),  $B(C_6F_5)_3$  (0.06mmol, 20 mol%), chlobenzene (4.0 mL), 12 h; isolated yield.

#### 3. General Procedure for the Catalytic Reaction



To an oven-dried 25 mL flame-dried Young-type tube equipped with a stir bar was added  $B(C_6F_5)_3$  (0.06 mmol, 20 mol%), acrylate **1** (0.30 mmol) and chlorobenzene (4.0 mL) in the glove box. Then the mixture was removed from glove box and heated to 150 °C in an oil bath and stirred for 12 hours. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, the solvent was evaporaed under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by flash column chromatography (eluted with petroleum ether / ethyl acetate =  $20/1 \sim 10/1$ ) on silica gel to give the desired product.

#### 4. Experimental Characterization Data

#### 4.1 Preparation and Spectral Data of Substrates

#### General Procedure A: Synthesis of Substrate 1a~1r and 1t~1u.



Step 1.

A flame-dried two-neck flask (250 mL) equipped with a reflux condenser and a stirring bar was charged with **a** (9.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), potassium carbonate (2.6 g, 19.1 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and sodium iodide (0.57 g, 3.8 mmol, 0.4 equiv.) in EtOH (50 mL, 0.2 M). Corresponding amine (9.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added dropwise to the mixture by syringe under nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature over 10 minutes. The reaction mixture was heated to 93 °C in an oil bath and stirred for 12 hours. Then the reaction flask was cooled to room temperature. Next 1 mL water was added to quench the reaction and the solution was concentrated in vacuo to remove EtOH. The aqueous layer was extracted with dichloromethane (20 mL × 3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> for 1 hour. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was obtained and used directly for the next step without further purification.

#### Step 2.

A flame-dried single-neck flask (250 mL) with stirring bar was charged with corresponding amine **b** (9.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in anhydrous dichloromethane (50 mL, 0.2 M). DIBAL-H (11.4 mL, 11.4 mmol, 1.0 M in hexane, 1.2 equiv.) was added to the mixture in portions under nitrogen atmosphere at -78 °C over 10 minutes. The heterogeneous reaction mixture was stirred at same temperature for 2 hours. The resulting mixture was quenched by 20 mL saturated potassium sodium tartrate solution slowly. After stirring for an additional 30 minutes, the resulting solution was extracted with dichloromethane (20 mL × 3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> for 1 hour. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was obtained and used directly for the next step without further purification.

#### Step 3.

A flame-dried single-neck flask (250 mL) with stirring bar was charged with corresponding phosphate **d** (14.5 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), DBU (2.1 mL, 14.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) and LiCl (0.61 g, 14.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) in anhydrous CH<sub>3</sub>CN (25 mL, 0.2 M) under nitrogen atomsphere in 0 °C ice bath and then stirred at same temperature for 1 hour. Corresponding aldehyde (9.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added to the mixture via syringe, and stirred at room temperature for another 12 hours. Then reaction mixture was quenched by 5 mL saturated sodium carbonate solution slowly. the resulting solution was extracted with dichloromethane (20 mL × 3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> for 1 hour. The resulting organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by chromatography.

#### General Procedure B: Synthesis of Substrate 1s and 1v



Step 1.

A flame-dried two-neck flask (250 mL) equipped with a reflux condenser and a stirring bar was charged with **a** (2.0 g, 9.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), potassium carbonate (2.6 g, 19.1 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and sodium iodide (0.57 g, 3.8 mmol, 0.4 equiv.) in EtOH (50 mL, 0.2 M). Corresponding amine (9.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added dropwise to the mixture by syringe under nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature over 10 minutes. The reaction mixture was heated to 93 °C in an oil bath and stirred for 12 hours. Then the reaction flask was cooled to room temperature. Next 1 mL water was added to quench the reaction and the solution was concentrated in vacuo to remove EtOH. The aqueous layer was extracted with dichloromethane (20 mL  $\times$  3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> for 1 hour. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was obtained and used directly for the next step without further purification.

#### Step 2.

A flame-dried single-neck flask (250 mL) with stirring bar was charged with corresponding amine **b** (9.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in anhydrous dichloromethane (50 mL, 0.2 M). DIBAL-H (11.4 mL, 11.4 mmol, 1.0 M in hexane, 1.2 equiv.) was added to the mixture in portions under nitrogen atmosphere at -78 °C over 10 minutes. The heterogeneous reaction mixture was stirred at same temperature for 2 hours. The resulting mixture was quenched by 20 mL saturated potassium sodium tartrate solution slowly. After stirring for an additional 30 minutes, the resulting solution was extracted with dichloromethane (20 mL × 3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> for 1 hour. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was obtained and used directly for the next step without further purification.

#### Step 3.

A flame-dried single-neck flask (100 mL) with stirring bar was charged with 1-(2-(triphenyl- $\lambda^5$ -phosphaneylidene)acetyl)pyrrolidin-2-one (2.3 g, 6.0 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) in anhydrous toluene (20 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere, then **c** (1.4 g, 5 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added to the mixture via syringe, and stirred at 110 °C for 12 hours. Then reaction mixture was quenched by 5 mL water slowly. The resulting solution was extracted with dichloromethane (20 mL × 3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The resulting organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by chromatography.

#### 4.2 Substrates Characterization

#### Ethyl (E)-7-(dibenzylamino)hept-2-enoate (1a)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 2.5 g, 75% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.43 – 7.26 (m, 8H), 7.27 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 6.91 (dt, *J* = 15.7, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (dt, *J* = 15.7, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.54 (s, 4H), 2.41 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H),

2.14 – 2.01 (m, 2H), 1.68 – 1.38 (m, 4H), 1.29 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.9, 149.4, 140.1, 128.9, 128.3, 126.9, 121.5, 60.3, 58.6, 53.0, 32.0, 26.7, 25.7, 14.4. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>30</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 352.2272, found: 352.2280.

#### Ethyl (E)-7-(benzyl(isopropyl)amino)hept-2-enoate (1b)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 2.1 g, 72% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.39 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.24 – 7.16 (m, 1H), 6.92 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 5.76 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.53 (s, 2H), 2.97 – 2.87 (m, 1H), 2.40 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.17 – 2.06 (m, 2H), 1.51 – 1.35 (m, 4H), 1.29 (t,

J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.01 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.9, 149.6, 141.7, 128.5, 128.2, 126.6, 121.4, 60.3, 54.1, 49.5, 49.0, 32.2, 28.1, 25.8, 18.0, 14.4. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>30</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 304.2277, found: 304.2274.

#### Ethyl (E)-7-(dibutylamino)hept-2-enoate (1c)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 2.0 g, 69% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 6.95 (dt, *J* = 15.7, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 5.81 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.17 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.55 – 2.28 (m, 6H), 2.25 – 2.17 (m, 2H), 1.48 – 1.42 (m, 4H),

1.43 – 1.34 (m, 4H), 1.33 – 1.23 (m, 7H), 0.90 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 167.0, 149.4, 121.5, 60.3, 54.04, 53.94, 32.3, 29.4, 26.8, 26.2, 21.0, 14.4, 14.3. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>34</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 284.2590, found: 284.2594.

#### Ethyl (E)-7-(diphenylamino)hept-2-enoate (1d)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 2.0 g, 65% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.30 – 7.19 (m, 4H), 7.06 – 6.84 (m, 7H), 5.79 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (q, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.21 (q, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.76 – 1.64 (m,

2H), 1.60 - 1.48 (m, 2H), 1.29 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.8, 148.8, 148.1, 129.4, 121.8, 121.3, 121.0, 60.3, 52.1, 32.1, 27.2, 25.7, 14.4. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>27</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 324.1964, found: 324.1973.

#### Ethyl (E)-7-(benzyl(phenyl)amino)hept-2-enoate (1e)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 2.4 g, 76% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.35 – 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.15 (m, 5H), 6.95 (dt, *J* = 15.9, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 6.73 – 6.64 (m, 3H), 5.82 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (s, 2H), 4.19 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.40 (t, 2H), 2.32 – 2.14 (m, 2H), 1.81 – 1.64 (m, 2H), 1.55 – 1.45 (m,

2H), 1.30 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 166.8, 148.8, 148.6, 139.1, 129.4, 128.7, 126.9,

126.7, 121.8, 116.3, 112.3, 60.3, 54.7, 51.0, 32.2, 26.9, 25.7, 14.4. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 338.2120, found: 338.2129.

#### Ethyl (*E*)-7-(methyl(phenyl)amino)hept-2-enoate (1f)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 1.9 g, 75% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.25 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 6.95 (dt, *J* = 15.5, 6.5 Hz, 1H), 6.75 – 6.63 (m, 3H), 5.82 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.32 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.92 (s, 3H), 2.27 – 2.20 (m, 2H), 1.67 – 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.55 – 1.45 (m, 2H), 1.28 –

2.19 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.8, 149.4, 148.9, 129.3, 121.7, 116.2, 112.3, 60.3, 52.6, 38.5, 32.2, 26.5, 25.8, 14.4. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 262.1807, found: 262.1808.

#### Ethyl (E)-7-(ethyl(phenyl)amino)hept-2-enoate (1g)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 2.1 g, 80% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.25 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 6.96 (dt, *J* = 15.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.70 – 6.60 (m, 3H), 5.89 – 5.76 (m, 1H), 4.18 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.35 (q, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.29 – 3.22 (m, 2H), 2.25 (qd, *J* = 7.1, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 1.68 – 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.56 – 1.46

(m, 2H), 1.29 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.14 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.8, 148.9, 148.0, 129.4, 121.7, 115.6, 112.0, 60.3, 50.2, 45.1, 32.2, 27.3, 25.8, 14.4, 12.4. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 276.1964, found: 276.1964.

#### Ethyl (E)-7-(methyl(o-tolyl)amino)hept-2-enoate (1h)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 1.9 g, 73% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.20 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 7.04 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.99 – 6.88 (m, 2H), 5.80 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.92 – 2.76 (m, 2H), 2.64 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.23 – 2.14 (m, 2H), 1.64 – 1.40 (m, 4H), 1.29 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.9, 152.4, 149.2, 133.4, 131.2, 126.5, 123.0,

121.5, 120.1, 60.3, 55.9, 42.1, 32.2, 27.2, 25.7, 18.4, 14.4. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for  $C_{17}H_{26}NO_2$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 276.1964, found: 276.1962.

#### Ethyl (E)-7-(methyl(m-tolyl)amino)hept-2-enoate (1i)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 1.9 g, 73% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.11 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (dt, J = 15.6, 7.0, Hz, 1H), 6.58 – 6.47 (m, 3H), 5.82 (dt, J = 15.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.30 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.91 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.24 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 1.63 – 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.56 – 1.39 (m, 2H), 1.28 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.8, 149.4, 149.0, 139.0, 129.2, 121.7, 117.1, 113.0, 109.5, 60.3, 52.7, 38.6, 32.2, 26.5, 25.8, 22.1, 14.4. HRMS

(ESI) calcd for  $C_{17}H_{26}NO_2$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 276.1964, found: 276.1969.

Ethyl (E)-7-(methyl(p-tolyl)amino)hept-2-enoate (1j)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 2.0 g, 78% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.09 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.95 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.71 – 6.54 (m, 2H), 5.81 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.32 – 3.24 (m, 2H), 2.88 (s, 3H), 2.39 – 2.10 (m, 5H), 1.64 – 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.53 – 1.43 (m, 2H), 1.29 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.8, 149.0, 147.5, 129.8, 125.5, 121.7, 112.8, 60.3, 53.0, 38.7, 32.2, 26.4, 25.8, 20.3, 14.4. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>

[M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 276.1964, found: 276.1954.

#### Ethyl (E)-7-((4-fluorophenyl)(methyl)amino)hept-2-enoate (1k)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 1.7 g, 63% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 6.99 – 6.89 (m, 3H), 6.74 – 6.44 (m, 2H), 5.81 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.26 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.87 (s, 3H), 2.27 – 2.20 (m, 2H), 1.63 – 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.53 – 1.43 (m, 2H), 1.29 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.8, 155.4 (d, *J* = 234.8 Hz), 148.8, 146.3 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz), 121.8, 115.6 (d, *J* = 21.9 Hz), 113.6 (d, *J* = 7.3 Hz), 60.4, 53.4, 39.0, 32.2, 26.3, 25.8, 14.4.

<sup>19</sup>**F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: -129.6. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>FNO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 280.1713, found: 280.1711.

#### Ethyl (E)-7-((4-chlorophenyl)(methyl)amino)hept-2-enoate (11)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 1.9 g, 67% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.19 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.94 (dt, J = 15.7, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.62 – 6.53 (m, 2H), 5.81 (dt, J = 15.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.32 – 3.25 (m, 2H), 2.89 (s, 3H), 2.28 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.63 – 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.53 – 1.43 (m, 2H), 1.29 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.8, 148.7, 148.0, 129.1, 121.9, 121.0, 113.4, 60.4, 52.7, 38.6, 32.2, 26.4, 25.7, 14.4. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for

C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>ClNO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 296.1417, found:296.1414.

#### Ethyl (E)-7-((4-bromophenyl)(methyl)amino)hept-2-enoate (1m)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 2.0 g, 61% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.32 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 6.93 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.60 – 6.47 (m, 2H), 5.81 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.36 – 3.19 (m, 2H), 2.89 (s, 3H), 2.28 – 2.17 (qd, *J* = 7.1, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 1.63 – 1.53 (m, 2H), 1.52 – 1.43 (m, 2H), 1.28 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.8, 148.7, 148.3, 131.9, 121.8, 113.8, 108.0, 60.4, 52.6, 38.6, 32.2, 26.3, 25.7, 14.4. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for

 $C_{16}H_{23}BrNO_2 [M+H]^+: 340.0912$ , found: 340.0921.

#### Ethyl (E)-7-((4-methoxyphenyl)(methyl)amino)hept-2-enoate (1n)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 2.7 g, 73% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 6.95 (dt, J = 15.4, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.87 – 6.78 (m, 2H), 6.75 – 6.63 (m, 2H), 5.81 (dt, J = 15.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.22 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.84 (s, 3H), 2.28 – 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.76 – 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.52 – 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.29 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.8, 151.7, 148.9, 144.5, 121.7, 114.9, 114.7, 60.3, 55.9, 53.8, 39.2, 32.2, 26.3, 25.8, 14.4. **HRMS** (ESI)

calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 292.1913, found: 292.1907.

#### Ethyl (E)-7-((4-methoxyphenyl)(methyl)amino)hept-2-enoate (10)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 2.5 g, 79% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.60 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.53 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.39 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.29 – 7.20 (m, 1H), 6.96 (dt, J = 15.7, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 6.84 – 6.62 (m, 2H), 5.83 (dt, J = 15.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.19 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.36 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.97 (s, 3H), 2.29 – 2.20 (m, 2H), 1.72 – 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.59 – 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.29 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.8, 148.8, 148.7, 141.4, 128.9, 128.8, 128.0,

 $126.4, 126.1, 121.8, 112.4, 60.4, 52.6, 38.6, 32.2, 26.6, 25.8, 14.4. \text{ HRMS} (ESI) calcd for C_{22}H_{28}NO_2 [M+H]^+: 338.2120, found: 338.2120.$ 

#### Benzyl (E)-7-(dibenzylamino)hept-2-enoate (1p)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 2.2 g, 56% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.41 – 7.28 (m, 13H), 7.25 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 6.95 (dt, *J* = 14.0, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 5.80 (dt, *J* = 15.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (s, 2H), 3.53 (s, 4H), 2.40 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.18 – 1.92 (m, 2H), 1.56 – 1.33 (m, 4H). <sup>13</sup>**C** NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.7,

 $150.2, 140.0, 136.3, 128.9, 128.7, 128.34, 128.30, 126.9, 121.1, 66.1, 58.5, 52.9, 32.1, 26.6, 25.6. \text{ HRMS} (ESI) calcd for C_{28}H_{32}NO_2 \ [M+H]^+: 414.2433, found: 414.2426.$ 

#### Methyl (E)-7-(dibenzylamino)hept-2-enoate (1q)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 2.1 g, 66% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.39 – 7.28 (m, 8H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 6.92 (dt, *J* = 15.7, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.75 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.73 (s, 3H), 3.53 (s, 4H), 2.41 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H),

 $2.12 - 2.02 \text{ (m, 2H)}, 1.56 - 1.48 \text{ (m, 2H)}, 1.48 - 1.40 \text{ (m, 2H)}. {}^{13}\text{C NMR} (101 \text{ MHz, CDCl}_3) \delta: 167.3, 149.8, 140.0, 128.9, 128.3, 127.0, 121.0, 58.5, 52.9, 51.5, 32.0, 26.6, 25.6. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 338.2120, found: 338.2118.$ 

#### Methyl (E)-7-(dibenzylamino)hept-2-enoate (1r)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 1.9 g, 60% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.35 – 7.28 (m, 2H), 7.27 – 7.18 (m, 4H), 6.95 (dt, *J* = 15.4, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.77 – 6.58 (m, 3H), 6.18 (dt, *J* = 15.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 3.33 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.93 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.26 (q, *J* = 7.1,

1.5 Hz, 2H), 1.72 – 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.56 – 1.45 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 188.7, 149.3, 146.1,

139.8, 134.8, 130.2, 129.4, 128.2, 124.1, 116.2, 112.3, 52.6, 38.5, 32.3, 26.5, 25.7, 21.5. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NOS [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 340.1735, found: 340.1742.

#### (E)-1-(7-(Dibenzylamino)hept-2-enoyl)pyrrolidin-2-one (1s)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **B** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 2.4 g, 64% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.41 – 7.34 (m, 4H), 7.34 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.25 – 7.16 (m, 3H), 7.13 – 6.97 (m, 1H), 3.85 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.54 (s, 4H), 2.60 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.16 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.08 – 1.94 (m, 2H), 1.60 – 1.40 (m, 4H). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 175.6, 166.4, 150.7, 140.0, 128.9, 128.3,

126.9, 122.3, 58.5, 53.0, 45.8, 34.1, 32.5, 26.7, 25.9, 17.3. HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{25}H_{31}N_2O_2$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 391.2386, found: 391.2381.

#### Ethyl (E)-7-(benzyl(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)amino)hept-2-enoate (1t)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 1.7 g, 52% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.40 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 7.26 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 6.99 – 6.84 (m, 3H), 5.76 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 3.58 (s, 2H), 2.45 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 2.18 – 2.05 (m, 2H), 1.57 – 1.43 (m, 4H), 1.29 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.9, 149.4, 143.5, 139.7, 128.9, 128.3, 127.0, 126.5,

125.5, 124.8, 121.5, 60.3, 58.1, 52.7, 52.6, 32.1, 26.7, 25.6, 14.4. HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{21}H_{28}NO_2S$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 358.1841, found: 358.1836.

#### Ethyl (E)-7-(benzyl(furan-2-ylmethyl)amino)hept-2-enoate (1u)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **A** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 1.6 g, 51% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.38 – 7.29 (m, 5H), 7.26 – 7.20 (m, 1H), 6.93 (dt, *J* = 15.7, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.16 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.78 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.61 (s, 2H), 3.59 (s, 2H), 2.44 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 2.14 (qd, *J* = 7.1, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 1.56 – 1.42 (m, 4H), 1.29 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>**C** NMR (101

MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 166.9, 152.9, 149.4, 142.0, 139.6, 129.0, 128.4, 127.0, 121.5, 110.1, 108.6, 60.3, 58.3, 52.9, 49.7, 32.0, 26.8, 25.7, 14.4. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 342.2069, found: 342.2068.

#### (S,E)-4-Benzyl-3-(7-(dibenzylamino)hept-2-enoyl)-5,5-dimethyloxazolidin-2-one (1v)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure **B** and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 3.2 g, 67% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.37 – 7.27 (m, 12H), 7.24 – 7.19 (m, 4H), 7.08 (dt, J = 15.4, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.54 (dd, J = 9.8, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 3.53 (s, 4H), 3.21 (dd, J = 14.4, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.86 (dd, J = 14.4, 9.8 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.21 –

2.10 (m, 2H), 1.59 - 1.45 (m, 4H), 1.35 (s, 3H), 1.33 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 165.5, 152.7, 151.5, 140.0, 137.2, 129.1, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.3, 128.2, 126.9, 126.8, 120.8, 82.2, 63.8, 58.4, 52.9, 35.3, 32.5, 28.6, 26.7, 25.8, 22.4. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>39</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 511.2961, found: 511.2958.

#### **4.3 Products Characterization**

#### Ethyl-trans-2-(dibenzylamino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2a)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 85 mg, 80% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.31 – 7.17 (m, 10H), 4.25 – 4.16 (m, 1H), 4.07 – 3.96 (m, 1H), 3.82 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (d, J = 13.6 Hz, 2H), 2.83 (td, J = 11.2, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.59 (td, J = 11.5, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.06 – 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.89 – 1.76 (m, 2H), 1.68 – 1.65 (m, 1H), 1.50 – 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.27 – 1.10 (m, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ :

175.2, 140.2, 129.1, 128.1, 126.8, 60.2, 59.3, 53.7, 48.6, 29.9, 25.44, 25.39, 23.7, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for  $C_{23}H_{30}NO_2$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 352.2277, found:352.2291.

#### Ethyl-trans-2-(benzyl(isopropyl)amino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2b)



3H), 1.18 – 1.06 (m, 1H), 0.99 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ: 175.8, 141.8, 128.7, 128.0, 126.6, 60.0, 58.1, 49.6, 49.5, 48.5, 30.2, 29.2, 26.0, 25.3, 22.4, 18.7, 14.3. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>30</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 304.2277, found: 304.2278.

#### Ethyl-trans-2-(dibutylamino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2c)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 51 mg, 60% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 4.13 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.51 – 2.34 (m, 6H), 2.31 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.89 – 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.66 – 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.49 – 1.36 (m, 6H), 1.32 – 1.17 (m, 8H), 0.97 – 0.83 (m, 6H). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 173.9, 60.3, 54.0, 53.8, 34.5, 29.3, 26.7, 23.2, 20.9, 14.4, 14.3. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>34</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 284.2590,

found: 284.2594.

#### Ethyl-trans-2-(diphenylamino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2d)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 50 mg, 51% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 4H), 7.00 – 6.94 (m, 2H), 6.95 – 6.85 (m, 4H), 4.35 (td, *J* = 11.5, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 4.08 – 3.87 (m, 2H), 2.51 – 2.37 (m, 1H), 2.08 – 2.00 (m, 1H), 2.00 – 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.84 – 1.75 (m, 1H), 1.73 – 1.66 (m, 1H), 1.64 – 1.53 (m, 1H),

1.50 - 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.32 - 1.23 (m, 1H), 1.07 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 175.1, 146.7, 129.2, 123.4, 122.0, 60.5, 58.1, 49.3, 30.6, 30.5, 25.8, 24.9, 14.1. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 324.1964, found: 324.1966.

#### Ethyl-trans-2-(benzyl(phenyl)amino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2e)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 72 mg, 71% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.26 – 7.19 (m, 4H), 7.19 – 7.05 (m, 3H), 6.88 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 6.68 (tt, J = 7.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (q, J = 17.1 Hz, 2H), 4.16 (td, J = 11.2, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (dq, J = 10.8, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.82 (dq, J = 10.8, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.67 (td, J = 11.5, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.08 – 1.98 (m, 1H), 1.98 – 1.90 (m, 1H), 1.87 – 1.73 (m, 2H), 1.72 – 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.54 – 1.33 (m, 2H), 1.28 – 1.12 (m, 1H), 1.02 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 175.0, 148.9, 139.8, 128.9, 128.3, 126.8, 126.5, 117.8, 115.8, 61.1, 60.5,

48.4, 48.0, 30.1, 29.3, 25.7, 25.0, 14.0. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 338.2120, found: 338.2120.

#### Ethyl-trans-2-(diphenylamino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2f)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 67 mg, 85% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.24 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 6.88 – 6.82 (m, 2H), 6.70 (tt, *J* = 7.2, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 4.06 – 3.78 (m, 3H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 2.69 – 2.61 (m, 1H), 2.07 – 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.87 – 1.68 (m, 3H), 1.67 – 1.57 (m, 1H), 1.55 – 1.12 (m, 4H), 1.07 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 175.0, 150.5, 129.0, 117.3, 114.4, 61.0, 60.4, 48.2, 31.1, 29.7, 28.0, 25.6, 25.0, 14.2. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>24</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>:

262.1807, found: 262.1808.

#### Ethyl-trans-2-(ethyl(phenyl)amino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2g)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 74 mg, 90% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.23 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 6.89 – 6.83 (m, 2H), 6.73 – 6.67 (m, 1H), 3.97 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (td, *J* = 11.3, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 3.27 – 3.18 (m, 2H), 2.64 (td, *J* = 11.5, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.05 – 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.83 – 1.72 (m, 3H), 1.65 – 1.59 (m, 1H), 1.44 – 1.16 (m, 4H), 1.11 – 1.06 (m, 5H). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 175.2, 148.6, 129.0, 117.4, 115.6, 61.8, 60.4, 48.4, 38.0, 29.9, 28.9, 25.8, 25.0, 14.2, 14.1.

**HRMS** (ESI) calcd for  $C_{17}H_{26}NO_2$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 276.1964, found: 276.1964.

#### Ethyl-trans-2-(ethyl(phenyl)amino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2h)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 59 mg, 71% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.14 – 7.06 (m, 2H), 6.99 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (td, J = 7.3, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (dq, J = 10.8, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (dq, J = 10.8, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 3.24 – 3.15 (m, 1H), 2.75 (s, 3H), 2.59 – 2.67 (m, 1H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 1.96 – 1.88 (m, 1H), 1.83 – 1.75 (m, 2H), 1.73 – 1.66 (m, 1H), 1.62 – 1.51 (m, 2H), 1.32 – 1.16 (m, 2H), 1.13 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 175.2,

151.6, 133.0, 131.4, 125.9, 122.5, 122.1, 62.3, 60.2, 48.2, 33.6, 29.9, 26.5, 25.5, 25.2, 18.8, 14.1. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for  $C_{17}H_{26}NO_2$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 276.1964, found: 276.1972.

#### Ethyl trans-2-(methyl(m-tolyl)amino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2i)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 61 mg, 74% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.14 – 7.04 (m, 1H), 6.71 – 6.61 (m, 2H), 6.54 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.06 – 3.81 (m, 3H), 2.73 (s, 3H), 2.65 (td, J = 11.5, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.00 (d, J = 13.4 Hz, 1H), 1.87 – 1.61 (m, 4H), 1.53 – 1.30 (m, 2H), 1.29 – 1.14 (m, 1H), 1.09 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 175.0, 150.7, 138.6, 128.8, 118.3, 115.3, 111.7, 61.1, 60.4, 48.2, 31.1, 29.7, 27.9, 25.6, 25.0, 22.0, 14.2. HRMS

(ESI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 276.1964, found: 276.1972.

#### Ethyl trans-2-(methyl(p-tolyl)amino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2j)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 58 mg, 70% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.06 – 6.95 (m, 2H), 6.82 – 6.71 (m, 2H), 4.05 – 3.92 (m, 2H), 3.82 (td, *J* = 11.3, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.71 (s, 3H), 2.67 – 2.61 (m, 1H), 2.24 (s, 3H), 2.03 – 1.96 (m, 1H), 1.81 – 1.61 (m, 4H), 1.45 – 1.21 (m, 3H), 1.11 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 175.1, 148.5, 129.5, 126.7, 115.0, 61.8, 60.3, 48.2, 31.2, 29.7, 27.5, 25.6, 25.0, 20.4, 14.3. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 276.1964, found: 276.1962.

#### Ethyl *trans*-2-(methyl(p-tolyl)amino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2k)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 64 mg, 76% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 6.95 – 6.85 (m, 2H), 6.83 – 6.73 (m, 2H), 4.09 – 3.89 (m, 2H), 3.75 (td, J = 11.3, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.70 (s, 3H), 2.67 – 2.59 (m, 1H), 2.12 – 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.86 – 1.54 (m, 4H), 1.51 – 1.14 (m, 3H), 1.10 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 175.0, 155.9 (d, J = 237.4 Hz), 147.3 (d, J = 2.02 Hz), 116.1 (d, J = 7.1 Hz), 115.3 (d, J = 22.2 Hz), 62.3, 60.4, 48.1, 31.5, 29.8, 27.5, 25.6, 25.0, 14.2. <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : -128.0. HRMS(ESI) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>FNO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 280.1713,

found: 280.1709.

#### Ethyl trans-2-((4-chlorophenyl)(methyl)amino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2l)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 37 mg, 42% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.16 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.82 – 6.67 (m, 2H), 4.03 – 3.89 (m, 2H), 3.83 (td, *J* = 11.3, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.72 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 3H), 2.69 – 2.54 (m, 1H), 2.06 – 1.90 (m, 1H), 1.87 – 1.55 (m, 4H), 1.52 – 1.30 (m, 2H), 1.26 – 1.14 (m, 1H), 1.08 (td, *J* = 7.1, 1.4 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 174.8, 149.0, 128.7, 121.9, 115.3, 61.1, 60.4, 48.0, 31.2, 29.6, 28.0, 25.5, 24.9, 14.2 ppm. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>ClNO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 296.1417, found: 296.1410.

Ethyl trans-2-((4-bromophenyl)(methyl)amino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2m)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 50 mg, 49% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.16 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.82 – 6.67 (m, 2H), 4.03 – 3.89 (m, 2H), 3.83 (td, *J* = 11.3, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.72 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 3H), 2.69 – 2.54 (m, 1H), 2.06 – 1.90 (m, 1H), 1.87 – 1.55 (m, 4H), 1.52 – 1.30 (m, 2H), 1.26 – 1.14 (m, 1H), 1.08 (td, *J* = 7.1, 1.4 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 174.8, 149.4, 131.7, 115.8, 109.1, 60.9, 60.5, 48.0, 31.2, 29.7, 28.1, 25.6, 24.9, 14.2 ppm. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>23</sub>BrNO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 340.0912, found: 340.0916.

#### Ethyl trans-2-((4-methoxyphenyl)(methyl)amino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2n)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 68 mg, 78% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 6.97 – 6.66 (m, 4H), 4.13 – 3.86 (m, 2H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 3.70 (td, *J* = 11.3, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.69 (s, 3H), 2.64 (td, *J* = 11.6, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.07 – 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.85 – 1.53 (m, 5H), 1.50 – 1.17 (m, 4H), 1.13 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  175.2, 152.3, 145.3, 117.0, 114.4, 62.9, 60.3, 55.8, 48.3, 31.6, 29.8, 27.06, 25.6, 25.1, 14.3 ppm. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 292.1913, found: 292.1907.

#### Ethyl *trans*-2-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl(methyl)amino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (20)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 67 mg, 66% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.57 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.50 – 7.43 (m, 2H), 7.42 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 7.25 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 6.96 – 6.86 (m, 2H), 4.05 – 3.89 (m, 3H), 2.80 (s, 3H), 2.68 (td, *J* = 11.5, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 2.06 – 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.81 (ddt, *J* = 34.1, 12.1, 3.3 Hz, 3H), 1.71 – 1.63 (m, 1H), 1.54 – 1.47 (m, 1H), 1.45 – 1.35 (m, 1H), 1.22 (ddd, *J* = 16.8, 8.7, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 1.08 (td, *J* = 7.1, 1.3 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 174.9, 149.9, 141.4, 129.9, 128.8, 127.6, 126.4, 126.1, 114.4, 60.8, 60.4, 48.2, 31.2, 29.7, 28.2,

25.7, 25.0, 14.2. HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{22}H_{28}NO_2$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 338.2120, found: 338.2119.

#### Benzyl trans-2-(dibenzylamino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2p)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 95 mg, 77% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.35 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.28 – 7.21 (m, 10H), 7.20 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 5.22 (d, J = 12.5 Hz, 1H), 5.04 – 4.96 (m, 1H), 3.81 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 2H), 3.38 (d, J = 13.5 Hz, 2H), 2.89 (td, J = 11.2, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 2.67 (td, J = 11.4, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (dd, J = 12.2, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 1.91 – 1.86 (m, 1H), 1.83 – 1.76 (m, 1H), 1.69 – 1.63 (m,

1H), 1.51 - 1.43 (m, 1H), 1.29 - 1.13 (m, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 175.0, 140.1, 136.4, 129.1, 128.6, 128.3, 128.1, 128.1, 126.9, 66.0, 59.4, 53.8, 48.6, 30.0, 25.4, 25.4, 23.9 ppm. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>31</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 414.2433, found: 414.2425.

#### Methyl trans-2-(dibenzylamino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylateBenzyl (2q)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 62 mg, 61% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.31 – 7.24 (m, 8H), 7.23 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 3.81 (d, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 2H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 3.36 (d, *J* = 13.5 Hz, 2H), 2.80 (td, *J* = 11.3, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.62 (td, *J* = 11.5, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.09 – 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.91 – 1.78 (m, 2H), 1.70 – 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.48 – 1.39 (m, 1H), 1.25 – 1.09 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 175.6,

140.1, 129.1, 128.1, 126.9, 59.3, 53.7, 51.4, 48.6, 29.8, 25.5, 25.4, 23.6. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for  $C_{22}H_{28}NO_2$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 338.2120, found: 338.2124.

#### S-(p-tolyl) trans -2-(methyl(phenyl)amino)cyclohexane-1-carbothioate (2r)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 80 mg, 79% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.77 – 6.70 (m, 1H), 4.04 (td, *J* = 11.3, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 3.00 (td, *J* = 11.4, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.85 (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.14 – 2.05 (m, 1H), 1.85 – 1.63 (m, 4H), 1.59 – 1.50 (m, 1H), 1.41 – 1.19 (m, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 200.0, 150.5, 139.5, 134.5, 130.0, 129.1, 124.3, 117.4, 114.4, 61.3, 55.6, 31.4, 30.3, 28.4, 25.5, 25.2, 21.4. **HRMS** (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NOS [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 340.1735, found: 340.1743.

#### 1-(*trans* -2-(Dibenzylamino)cyclohexane-1-carbonyl)pyrrolidin-2-one (2s)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 81 mg, 69% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.27 (m, 8H), 7.22 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 4.20 (td, J = 11.3, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.92 – 3.81 (m, 4H), 3.47 (d, J = 14.5 Hz, 2H), 3.04 (td, J = 11.4, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.42 – 2.32 (m, 1H), 2.14 – 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.02 – 1.96 (m, 1H), 1.95 – 1.76 (m, 4H), 1.69 – 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.45 – 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.32 – 1.13 (m, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR

 $(126 \text{ MHz, CDCl}_3) \ \delta: \ 176.8, \ 175.4, \ 140.3, \ 128.3, \ 128.1, \ 126.7, \ 60.6, \ 54.2, \ 46.1, \ 45.8, \ 33.9, \ 30.0, \ 25.5, \ 25.4, \ 23.6, \ 16.7. \ \textbf{HRMS} \ (ESI) \ calcd \ for \ C_{25}H_{31}N_2O_2 \ [M+H]^+: \ 391.2386, \ found: \ 391.2378.$ 

#### Ethyl trans-2-(benzyl(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)amino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2t)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 74 mg, 69% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ :  $\delta$  7.35 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.24 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 6.93 – 6.85 (m, 2H), 4.26 – 4.08 (m, 2H), 3.97 – 3.81 (m, 2H), 3.70 (d, *J* = 14.3 Hz, 1H), 3.45 (d, *J* = 13.7 Hz, 1H), 2.93 – 2.83 (m, 1H), 2.61 – 2.53 (m, 1H), 1.98 – 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.83 – 1.74 (m, 1H), 1.70 – 1.63 (m, 1H), 1.53 – 1.42 (m,

1H), 1.26 – 1.10 (m, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 175.1, 144.4, 139.8, 129.0, 128.2, 127.0, 126.3, 125.6, 124.8, 60.3, 59.6, 53.3, 48.60, 48.59, 29.9, 25.5, 25.4, 24.3, 14.3. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>S [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 358.1841, found: 358.1841.

#### Ethyl trans-2-(benzyl(furan-2-ylmethyl)amino)cyclohexane-1-carboxylate (2u)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 59 mg, 58% yield. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.34 – 7.25 (m, 5H), 7.23 – 7.18 (m, 1H), 6.29 (dd, J = 3.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.12 (d, J = 3.1 Hz, 1H), 4.22 – 4.07 (m, 2H), 3.86 (d, J = 13.8 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (d, J = 15.0 Hz, 1H), 3.51 (t, J = 14.4 Hz, 2H), 2.95 (td, J = 11.2, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (td, J = 11.6, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 1.94 – 1.86 (m, 1H),

 $1.78 - 1.65 \text{ (m, 3H)}, 1.56 - 1.45 \text{ (m, 1H)}, 1.27 - 1.08 \text{ (m, 6H)}. {}^{13}\text{C NMR} (126 \text{ MHz, CDCl}_3) \delta: 175.5, 154.0, 141.5, 140.2, 128.9, 128.2, 126.8, 110.3, 107.8, 61.3, 60.2, 52.8, 48.9, 46.9, 30.0, 25.6, 25.4, 25.2, 14.3. HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 342.2069, found: 342.2075.$ 

#### (S)-4-benzyl-3-(trans-2-(dibenzylamino)cyclohexane-1-carbonyl)-5,5-dimethyloxazolidin-2-one (2v)



The title compound was prepared according to the general procedure and purified by column chromatography to give a colorless oil, 110 mg, 72% yield. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.32 – 7.18 (m, 15H), 4.58 (dd, *J* = 9.9, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 4.14 (td, *J* = 10.9, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 3.85 (d, *J* = 14.0 Hz, 2H), 3.48 (d, *J* = 14.0 Hz, 2H), 3.20 – 3.06 (m, 2H), 2.83 (dd, *J* = 14.5, 10.1 Hz, 1H), 1.98 – 1.87 (m, 2H), 1.80 – 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.69 – 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.36 – 1.12 (m, 10H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 175.3, 152.5, 140.0, 137.3, 129.2, 128.8, 128.7, 128.1, 126.78, 126.76, 81.6, 63.8, 59.0, 54.0, 45.1, 35.2, 30.9, 28.8, 25.5, 25.4, 24.4, 22.7. HRMS (ESI) calcd for

 $C_{33}H_{39}N_2O_3$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup>: 511.2961, found: 511.2962. [ $\alpha$ ]<sub>D</sub><sup>20</sup>= +15.8 (CHCl<sub>3</sub>, c 1.0)].

#### 4.4 Procedure for Gram-Scale Reaction<sup>1</sup>



To an oven-dried 25 mL flame-dried Young-type tube equipped with a stir bar was added  $B(C_6F_5)_3$  (30.7 mg, 0.6 mmol, 20 mol%), Ethyl (*E*)-7-(dibenzylamino) hept-2-enoate **1a** (1.05 g ,3.0 mmol) and chlorobenzene (40.0 mL) in the glove box. Then the mixture was heated to 150 °C in an oil bath and stirred for 12 hours. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by flash column chromatography (eluted with petroleum ether / ethyl acetate =  $20/1 \sim 10/1$ ) on silica gel to give the desired product **2a** (0.74 g, 70% yield) as a colorless oil.

A suspension of LiAlH<sub>4</sub> (2.0 equiv., 22.8 mg, 0.6 mmol) in dry THF (2 mL) was stirred at 0 °C under nitrogen atmosphere. A solution of **2a** (105.3 mg, 0.3 mmol) in dry THF (1 mL) was carefully added dropwise to the solution. After the addition was complete, the cooling equipment was removed, and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. The resulting mixture was quenched by 2 mL saturated potassium sodium tartrate solution slowly. After stirring for an additional 30 minutes, the resulting solution was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 mL × 3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by flash column chromatography (eluted with petroleum ether / ethyl acetate = 5/1) on silica gel to give the desired product **3a** (83.1 mg, 90% yield) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.43 – 7.18 (m, 10H), 6.04 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (s, 2H), 3.52 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.34 (d, *J* = 13.0 Hz, 2H), 3.17 (t, *J* = 9.9 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (td, *J* = 11.3, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 2.06 (dd, *J* = 12.7, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 1.94 – 1.80 (m, 2H), 1.66 – 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.39 – 1.28 (m, 1H), 1.22 – 0.98 (m, 2H), 0.79 – 0.64 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 138.8, 129.4, 128.7, 127.4, 69.9, 63.5, 53.8, 39.8, 28.9, 25.66, 25.65, 23.1.



#### 4.5 Procedure for Gram-Scale Reaction

#### 4.5.1 Deuterium-Labeling Experiments of 1a-d.

Synthesis of Ethyl (E)-7-(dibenzylamino) hept-2-enoate 1a-d.



Step 1.

A flame-dried two-neck flask (100 mL) equipped with a stirring bar was charged with ethyl 5oxopentanoate (1.44 g, 10 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in MeOH (20 mL, 0.5 M). NaBD<sub>4</sub> (209 mg, 5 mmol, 0.5 equiv.) was added to the mixture in portions at 0 °C over 10 minutes. The heterogeneous reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. Next 2 mL water was added to quench the reaction and the solution was concentrated in vacuo to remove MeOH. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (20 mL × 3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> for 1 hour. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by flash chromatography to give out the mixture of **3a** and **3a'** (1:1, 1.3 g, 88% yield) as a colorless liquid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 4.15 – 4.04 (m, 1H), 3.67 (s, 1.5H), 3.65 – 3.60 (m, 1H), 2.38 – 2.32 (m, 2H), 2.04 (s, 1H), 1.74 – 1.68 (m, 2H), 1.62 – 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.29 – 1.22 (m, 1.5H).



#### Step 2.

A flame-dried two-neck flask (100 mL) equipped with a stirring bar was charged with the mixture of **3a** and **3a'** (1.3 g, 8.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and PPh<sub>3</sub> (3.0 g, 11.4 mmol, 1.3 equiv.) in anhydrous dichloromethane (20 mL). CBr<sub>4</sub> (4.4 g, 13.2 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) was added to the mixture in portions at 0 °C over 10 minutes. Then the heterogeneous reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for overnight. Next 2 mL water was added to quench the reaction and the solution was concentrated in vacuo to remove dichloromethane. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (20 mL × 3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> for 1 hour. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by flash chromatography to give out the mixture of **3b** and **3b'** (1:1, 1.7 g, 89% yield) as a colorless liquid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 4.18 – 4.08 (m, 1H), 3.68 (s, 1.5H), 3.67 – 3.61 (m, 1H), 2.40 – 2.31 (m, 2H), 1.74 – 1.69 (m, 2H), 1.64 – 1.55 (m, 2H), 1.26 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1.5H).



Step 3.

A flame-dried two-neck flask (100 mL) equipped with a reflux condenser and a stirring bar was charged with the mixture of **3b** and **3b'** (1.7 g, 7.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), potassium carbonate (2.1 g, 15.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and sodium iodide (0.47 g, 3.1 mmol, 0.4 equiv.) in EtOH (20 mL). Dibenzylamine (1.7 g, 8.5 mmol, 1.1 equiv.) was added dropwise to the mixture by syringe under nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature over 10 minutes. The reaction mixture was heated to 93 °C in an oil bath and stirred for 12 hours. Then the reaction flask was cooled to room temperature. Next 1 mL water was added to quench the reaction and the solution was concentrated in vacuo to remove EtOH. The aqueous layer was extracted with dichloromethane (20 mL × 3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> for 1 hour. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by flash chromatography to give out the mixture of **3c** and **3c'** (1:2, 2.1 g, 80% yield) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.38 – 7.33 (m, 4H), 7.32 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.24 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 1.3H), 3.63 (s, 1H), 3.59 – 3.47 (m, 4H), 2.42 – 2.36 (m, 1H), 2.23 – 2.14 (m, 2H), 1.65 – 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.55 – 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.23 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H).



Step 4.

A flame-dried single-neck flask (100 mL) with stirring bar was charged with corresponding the mixture of **3c** and **3c'** (2.1 g, 6.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in anhydrous dichloromethane (30 mL, 0.2 M). DIBAL-H (7.4 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) was added to the mixture in portions under nitrogen atmosphere at -78 °C over 10 minutes. The heterogeneous reaction mixture was stirred at same temperature for 2 hours. The resulting mixture was quenched by 10 mL saturated potassium sodium tartrate solution slowly. After stirring for an additional 30 minutes, the resulting solution was extracted with dichloromethane (20 mL × 3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> for 1 hour. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by flash chromatography to give out the aldehyde **3d** (1.5 g, 87% yield) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 9.68 (t, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 4H), 7.31 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 4H), 7.23 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 3.57 – 3.50 (m, 4H), 2.47 – 2.35 (m, 1.2 H), 2.27 (td, *J* = 7.3, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 1.64 – 1.59 (m, 2H), 1.54 – 1.48 (m, 2H).



Step 5.

A flame-dried single-neck flask (100 mL) with stirring bar was charged with ethyl 2-(diethoxyphosphoryl) acetate (1.2 g, 5.4 mmol, 1.5 equiv.), DBU (1.2 g, 8.1 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) and LiCl (0.34 g, 8.1 mmol, 1.5 equiv.) in anhydrous CH<sub>3</sub>CN (25 mL) under nitrogen atomsphere at 0 °C ice bath and then stirred at same temperature for 1 hour. Then the **3d** (1.5 g, 5.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added to the mixture via syringe, and stirred at room temperature for another 12 hours. Then reaction mixture was quenched by 1 mL water slowly. the resulting solution was extracted with dichloromethane (20 mL × 3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The resulting organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by chromatography to give out the **1a**-*d* (1.6 g, D:  $\approx$  80%, 93% yield) as a colorless oil. **1H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.37 – 7.34 (m, 4H), 7.30 (dd, J = 8.4, 6.8 Hz, 4H), 7.24 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.90 (dt, J = 15.7, 6.9 Hz, 1H), 5.79 – 5.70 (m, 1H), 4.18 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 3.57 – 3.49 (m, 4H), 2.45 – 2.31 (m, 1.2 H), 2.07 (qd, J = 7.1, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 1.55 – 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.48 – 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.28 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 166.9, 149.4, 140.0, 128.9, 128.3, 126.9, 121.4, 60.3, 58.5, 52.9, 52.5 (t, J = 20.2 Hz), 32.0, 26.5, 25.6, 14.4.



#### Deuteration study with 1a-d.



To an oven-dried 25 mL flame-dried Young-type tube equipped with a stir bar was added AlCl<sub>3</sub> (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), Ethyl (*E*)-7-(dibenzylamino)hept-2-enoate **1a**-*d* (70.4 mg ,0.2 mmol) and chlorobenzene (1.5 mL) in the glove box. Then the mixture was heated to 150 °C in an oil bath stirred for 12 hours. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by flash column chromatography (eluted with petroleum ether / ethyl acetate =  $20/1 \sim 10/1$ ) on silica gel to give the desired product **2a'**-*d* (21.8 mg, 31% yield) as a colorless oil.



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2a and 2a'-d

To an oven-dried 25 mL flame-dried Young-type tube equipped with a stir bar was added B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub> (0.06 mmol, 20 mol%), Ethyl (*E*)-7-(dibenzylamino)hept-2-enoate **1a**-*d* (105.6 mg ,0.3 mmol) and chlorobenzene (4.0 mL) in the glove box. Then the mixture was heated to 150 °C in an oil bath stirred for 12 hours. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by flash column chromatography (eluted with petroleum ether / ethyl acetate = 20/1 ~ 10/1) on silica gel to give the desired product **2a**-*d* (84 mg, 79% yield) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.31 – 7.24 (m, 8H), 7.23 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 4.25 – 4.15 (m, 1H), 4.07 – 3.97 (m, 1H), 3.82 (d,

J = 13.7 Hz, 1.7H), 3.38 (d, J = 13.8 Hz, 1.7H), 2.83 (td, J = 11.2, 3.4 Hz, 0.8 H), 2.59 (td, J = 11.5, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 2.06 – 1.97 (m, 1H), 1.92 – 1.76 (m, 2H), 1.70 – 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.45 (qd, J = 12.8, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 1.28 – 1.10 (m, 6H). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 175.2, 140.2, 129.1, 128.1, 126.8, 60.2, 59.4, 53.7, 48.7, 29.9, 25.5, 25.4, 23.8, 23.7 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 14.2.



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2a and 2a-*d* 







fl (ppm)

<sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2a

#### 4.5.2 Deuterium-Labeling Experiments of 1s-d.



Synthesis of Ethyl (E)-7-(dibenzylamino) hept-2-enoate 1s-d.

#### Step 1.

Benzamide (3.7 g, 30 mmol) was dissolved in pyridine (18 mL) and cooled to 0°C. After the dropwise addition of benzoyl chloride (17.5 mL, 125 mmol) the reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 8 h, then H<sub>2</sub>O (73mL) was added in one portion to the reaction. The reaction mixture was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O (2 x 24 mL). The combined organic phases were washed with 10% aqueous H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (2 x) leading to the formation of a colorless crystalline precipitate, which was collected by filtration. A second crop of crystals can be obtained from the organic layer upon standing. The combined precipitate was recrystallized from EtOAc to afford N-benzoylbenzamide (675 mg, 10% yield) as colorless needles. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 8.94 (s, 1H), 7.91 – 7.85 (m, 4H), 7.65 – 7.60 (m, 2H), 7.54 – 7.50 (m, 4H). Data consistent with literature.<sup>2</sup>



#### Step 2.

N-benzoylbenzamide (675 mg, 3.0 mmol) was dissolved in THF (30 mL). After careful addition of lithium aluminium deuteride (378 mg, 9.0 mmol) the reaction mixture was heated to reflux with stirring for 18 h. The purple solution was allowed to cool to ambient temperature and then quenched by slow addition of solid sodium sulphate hexahydrate under vigorous stirring. The resulting slurry was diluted with Et<sub>2</sub>O and filtered. The colorless filtrate was concentrated *in vacuo*. The resulting oil was purified using flash column chromatography (50% EtOAc in P.E.) to afford bis(phenylmethyl- $d_2$ ) amine (554 mg, 92%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.35 – 7.24 (m, 10H), 1.70 (s, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): 140.3, 128.5, 128.3, 127.1, 52.4 (quint, J = 20.2 Hz). Data consistent with literature.<sup>2</sup>



<sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 4b



Step 3.

A flame-dried two-neck flask (50 mL) equipped with a reflux condenser and a stirring bar was charged with Ethyl 5-bromovalerate (1.1 g, 5.4mmol, 1.2 equiv.), potassium carbonate (773.9 mg, 5.6 mmol, 2.0 equiv.) and sodium iodide (180 mg, 1.2 mmol, 0.4 equiv.) in CH<sub>3</sub>CN (5 mL). **4b** (554 mg, 2.8 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added dropwise to the mixture by syringe under nitrogen atmosphere at room temperature over 2 minutes. The reaction mixture was heated to 88°C in an oil bath and stirred for 12 hours. Then the reaction flask was cooled to room temperature. Next 0.2 mL water was added to quench the reaction and the solution was concentrated in vacuo to remove the solvent. The aqueous layer was extracted with EtOAc (4 mL × 3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> for 0.5 hour. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by flash chromatography to give out the **4c** (690 mg, 76% yield) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.37 – 7.27 (m, 8H), 7.25 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 4.10 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.20 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.66 – 1.59 (m, 2H), 1.57 – 1.48 (m, 2H), 1.24 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H).



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 4c

Step 4.

A flame-dried single-neck flask (50 mL) with stirring bar was charged with corresponding the mixture of **4c** (690 mg, 2.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) in anhydrous dichloromethane (10 mL, 0.2 M). DIBAL-H (4.2 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) was added to the mixture in portions under nitrogen atmosphere at -78 °C over 5 minutes. The heterogeneous reaction mixture was stirred at same temperature for 2 hours. The resulting mixture was quenched by 10 mL saturated potassium sodium tartrate solution slowly. After stirring for an additional 30 minutes, the resulting solution was extracted with dichloromethane (10 mL × 3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> for 0.5 hour. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by flash chromatography to give out the aldehyde **4d** (441 mg, 74% yield) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 9.68 (t, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.28 (m, 8H), 7.25 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 2.42 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.28 (td, *J* = 7.3, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 1.68 – 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.56 – 1.48 (m, 2H).



#### Step 5.

A flame-dried single-neck flask (50 mL) with stirring bar was charged with 1-(2-(triphenyl-15-phosphaneylidene)acetyl)pyrrolidin-2-one (735 mg, 1.9 mmol, 1.2 equiv.) in anhydrous toluene (10 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere, then the **4d** (441 mg, 1.6 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) was added to the mixture via syringe, and stirred at 110 °C for 12 hours. Then reaction mixture was quenched by 0.5 mL water slowly. the resulting solution was extracted with dichloromethane (10 mL × 3) and the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. The resulting organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by chromatography to give out the **1S**-*d* (342 mg, D > 99%, 61% yield) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$ : 7.38 – 7.33 (m, 4H), 7.33 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.25 – 7.18 (m, 3H), 7.11 – 7.03 (m, 1H),

3.89 – 3.80 (m, 2H), 2.59 (t, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.15 (qd, J = 7.1, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 2.06 - 1.97 (m, 2H), 1.59 - 1.42 (m, 4H).



# <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 1s-d

0.19 D ö 20 mol% B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub> 19 D N PhCI (4 mL) Ph 44 D 150 °C, 12 h 19 D H 1.44 D н нн Ph ם מ D D 1s-d<sub>4</sub> 0.15 mmol 1q 0.15 mmol 2s-d, 61% 2q-d, 42%

To an oven-dried 25 mL flame-dried Young-type tube equipped with a stir bar was added B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub> (30.7 mg, 0.06 mmol, 20 mol%), (E)-1-(7-(dibenzylamino)hept-2-enoyl)pyrrolidin-2-one  $1s-d_4$  (58.5 mg, 0.15 mmol) and Methyl (E)-7-(dibenzylamino)hept-2-enoate (1q) chlorobenzene (3.0 mL) in the glove box. Then the mixture was heated to 150 °C in an oil bath stirred for 12 hours. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by flash column chromatography (eluted with petroleum ether / ethyl acetate =  $20/1 \sim 10/1$ ) on silica gel to give the desired product 2s-d (35.6 mg, 61% yield) and 2q-d (21.2 mg, 42% yield).


### 4.5.3 Hammett Studies<sup>3</sup>



A Hammett value for the reaction of *N*-aryl substituted starting material (**2f**, **1i** – **1l**, **1n**) was monitored by the <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopy using  $CH_2Br_2$  as an internal standard. To an oven-dried 25 mL flame-dried Young-type tube equipped with a stir bar was added  $B(C_6F_5)_3$  (0.03 mmol, 20 mol%), and added different starting material (**1i** – **1l**, **1n**) (0.07 mmol) separately, **1f** (18.3 mg ,0.07 mmol) and chlorobenzene (1.5 mL) in the glove box. Then the mixture was heated to 150 °C in an oil bath stirred for 40 minutes. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, then added the internal standard. The data were processed using MestReNova software and peak integrations.

	Peak area (X/H)	$K_{(X)}/K_{(H)}$	$Log[K_{(X)}/K_{(H)}]$	Hammett constant $\sigma$
<i>p</i> -OMe	3.480	3.480	0.542	-0.27
<i>p</i> -Me	1.980	1.980	0.297	-0.17
<i>m</i> -Me	1.390	1.390	0.143	-0.07
Н	1	1	0	0
<i>p</i> -F	0.891	0.891	-0.050	0.06
p-Cl	0.339	0.339	-0.470	0.23



#### **4.5.4 Kinetic Experiments**

#### Determination of Reaction Order of B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub>

A kinetic study was conducted following the procedure for time course reaction monitoring by 1H NMR (using  $CH_2Br_2$  as the internal standard) while varying the concentration of  $B(C_6F_5)_3$  (Figure S1). There is an induction period due to the reaction (in the period of 15-30 minutes), so the initial-rate kinetic analysis, which was determined from the data points in the period of 35-65 minutes, demonstrates first-order kinetics of  $B(C_6F_5)_3$  in the reaction (Figure S2).



To an oven-dried 25 mL flame-dried Young-type tube equipped with a stir bar was added and the following amounts of  $B(C_6F_5)_3$  (10.0, 15.0, 20.0 and 30.0 mol%). and added starting material (**1q**) (0.1 mmol), and chlorobenzene (1.0 mL) in the glove box. Then the mixture was heated to 150 °C in an oil bath stirred for corresponding time. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, then added the internal standard (**0.1 mmol CH<sub>2</sub>Br<sub>2</sub>**). The data were processed using MestReNova software and peak integrations.



Figure S1. Monitoring the formation of 2q using different concentrations of B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub>.



Figure S2. Log(rate) vs Log[B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] plot is employed to determine the reaction order for B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub>. The result suggests that there is approximately first-order dependency on the concentration of B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub>.

### For example:

# Crude <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 2p Catalyzed by 20% mol B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>6</sub>)<sub>3</sub> Using CH<sub>2</sub>Br<sub>2</sub> as Internal Standard: Crude <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2p at 15 min





Crude <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2p at 35 min





Crude <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2p at 50 min



Crude <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2p at 60 min



Crude <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2p at 65 min



Data processing and analysis of this reaction catalyzed by 20% mol B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>6</sub>)<sub>3</sub> Using CH<sub>2</sub>Br<sub>2</sub> as Internal Standard:

Time (min)	Peak area in 3.61 ppm	Yield (%)
15	0.03	1
30	0.07	2.3
35	0.18	6
45	0.30	10
50	0.33	11
60	0.45	15
65	0.51	17



Data processing and analysis of Log(rate) vs Log[B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] plot:

$B(C_6F_5)_3 (mol\%)$	Rate (slope)	Log(rate)	$Log[B(C_6F_5)_3]$
30	0.00520	-2.2840	-1.523
20	0.00361	-2.4424	-1.699
15	0.00247	-2.6073	-1.824
10	0.00168	-2.7747	-2



Figure S2. Log(rate) vs Log[B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub>] plot is employed to determine the reaction order for B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub>. The result suggests that there is approximately first-order dependency on the concentration of B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub>.

# 5. X-ray Crystallographic Date



CCDC: 2269106

Identification code	WZT-1_auto
Empirical formula	$C_{22}H_{27}NO_2$
Formula weight	337.44
Temperature/K	293(2)
Crystal system	triclinic
Space group	P-1
a/Å	9.5717(3)
b/Å	9.8552(4)
c/Å	10.5251(3)
$\alpha/^{\circ}$	90.752(3)
β/°	90.752(3)
γ/°	102.176(3)
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	970.31(6)
Z	2
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.155
$\mu/mm^{-1}$	0.572
F(000)	364.0
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	$0.18 \times 0.15 \times 0.11$
Radiation	Cu Ka ( $\lambda = 1.54184$ )
$2\Theta$ range for data co	ollection/° 8.402 to 145.872
Index ranges	$\text{-}11 \le h \le 10,  \text{-}12 \le k \le 11,  \text{-}9 \le l \le 13$
Reflections collecte	d 7024
Independent reflecti	tions 3741 [ $R_{int} = 0.0156$ , $R_{sigma} = 0.0166$ ]
Data/restraints/para	meters 3741/0/228
Goodness-of-fit on	F <sup>2</sup> 1.091
Final R indexes [I>	$= 2\sigma (I) ] \qquad R_1 = 0.0530, wR_2 = 0.1585$
Final R indexes [all	data] $R_1 = 0.0581, wR_2 = 0.1647$
Largest diff. peak/h	ole / e Å <sup>-3</sup> 0.29/-0.17



# CCDC: 2311722

Identification code	WZT-1202_auto	
Empirical formula	$C_{33}H_{38}N_2O_3$	
Formula weight	510.65	
Temperature/K	300	
Crystal system	monoclinic	
Space group	P21	
a/Å	8.80990(10)	
b/Å	8.93610(10)	
c/Å	18.6704(2)	
α/°	90	
β/°	99.5870(10)	
γ/°	90	
Volume/Å <sup>3</sup>	1449.32(3)	
Z	2	
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.170	
µ/mm <sup>-1</sup>	0.586	
F(000)	548.0	
Crystal size/mm <sup>3</sup>	$0.2\times0.15\times0.1$	
Radiation	Cu Ka ( $\lambda = 1.54184$ )	
20 range for data collection/° 9.608 to 145.816		
Index ranges	-10 $\leq$ h $\leq$ 10, -10 $\leq$ k $\leq$ 10, -23 $\leq$ l $\leq$ 23	
Reflections collected	27277	
Independent reflections	5690 [ $R_{int} = 0.0365, R_{sigma} = 0.0205$ ]	
Data/restraints/parameters	5690/13/346	
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.030	
Final R indexes [I>=2 $\sigma$ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0396, wR_2 = 0.1131$	
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0418, wR_2 = 0.1169$	
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å $^{\text{-}3}$	0.15/-0.19	
Flack parameter	0.03(8)	

#### 6. Asymmetric Synthesis of 2s

#### 6.1. Screening of chiral ligands



To an oven-dried 25 mL flame-dried Young-type tube equipped with a stir bar was added B(C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>5</sub>)<sub>3</sub> (0.03mmol, 20 mol%), Mg(ClO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> (3.3 mg, 10 mol%), ligand (12 mol%), (*E*)-1-(7-(dibenzylamino) hept-2enoyl) pyrrolidin-2-one **1s** (58.5 mg ,0.15 mmol) and PhCl (1.5 mL) in the glove box. Then the mixture was heated to 80 °C in an oil bath and refluxed for 12 h. After the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. After evaporation of the solvent under reduced pressure, the residue was purified by flash column chromatography (eluted with petroleum ether / ethyl acetate =  $20/1 \sim 10/1$ ) on silica gel to give the desired product **2s** as a white solid, by chiral HPLC analysis [Chiralcel IA column, Hexane/i-PrOH = 95:5, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, wavelength = 254 nm,  $t_R = 10.397$  min (minor),  $t_R = 7.302$  min (major)].

#### 6.2. HPLC analyses of the chiral product



Peak Table

检测器A	Ch1 220nm				
eakNumbe	RetTime	Area	Height	Tab	Area%
1	7.519	5686450	330315	М	48.873
2	9.812	5948655	274843	М	51.127
总计		11635105	605158		100.000



Totals :

2.91229e4 1877.43613

## 7. Reference

- C. Joannesse, C. P. Johnston, L. C. Morrill, P. A. Woods, M. Kieffer, D.-C. T. A. Nigst, H. Mayr, T. Lebl, D. Philp, R. A. Bragg and A. D. Smith, *Chem. Eur. J.*, 2012, **18**, 2398-2408.
- 2. A. Trowbridge, D. Reich and M. J. Gaunt, *Nature*, 2018, **561**, 522–527.
- 3 Y. Chang, M. Cao, J. Z. Chan, C. Zhao, Y. Wang, R. yang and M. Wasa, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2021, **143**, 2441-2455.

## 8. NMR Spectra of Materials and Products



51





















fl (ppm) 



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 11

7,2597 7,1567 7,1567 7,1567 7,1567 7,1567 6,59384 6,59384 6,5919 6,59384 6,5919 6,5919 6,5919 6,5919 6,5919 6,5919 6,5919 6,57898 7,5,5829 6,57899 7,5,5829 7,5,5829 7,15789 7,15789 7,15789 7,15789 7,15789 7,15789 7,156897 7,156897 7,156897 7,156897 7,156897 7,156897 7,156897 7,156897 7,1568977 7,1568977 7,156





<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 1m







<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 1n

6.9658 6.9268 6.9268 6.9268 6.9268 6.9268 6.9366 6.9368 6.9368 6.6900 6.6105 6.6105 6.6105 6.6105 6.6105 6.6105 6.6105 6.61105 6.6105 6.6105 6.6105 6.61105 6.61105 6.61105 6.61105 6.7119 6.67215 6.57915 6.57915 6.57915 6.57915 7.52826 7.55826 7.55826 7.55826 7.55826 7.55826 7.55826 7.55826 7.55826 7.55826 7.55826 7.55826 7.55826 7.55826 7.5585





<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 10

7,7,5598 7,7,4987 7,7,4987 7,7,4987 7,7,4987 7,7,4987 7,7,4987 7,7,3858 7,7,3858 7,7,3858 7,7,3858 7,7,3858 7,7,3858 7,7,3858 7,7,3858 7,7,3858 6,7,489 6,57482 7,225482 7





<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 1p

#### 7.3388 7.33647 7.335647 7.335647 7.335647 7.33566 7.33564 7.33564 7.33566 7.33566 7.33566 7.33566 7.33566 7.33566 7.33566 7.32586 7.72528 7.72





<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 1q







<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 1r




















## <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2b

## 7.3119 7.2573 7.72573 7.72573 7.72573 7.72573 7.72573 7.72573 7.72573 7.72573 7.72573 7.72573 4.1625 4.1806 4.18065 4.18065 4.18055 4.18055 4.18055 4.1625 4.18075 7.13559 7.19427 7.13569 7.19427 7.13562 7.15519 7.15517 7.15519 7.15517 7.15519 7.1



## 74



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2c











 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I
 I



<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2f





<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2g





<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2h





<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2i







<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2j







<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2k





10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 fl (ppm)







## 













<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>) spectra for 2u



