Exploring the Potential of ZnO-Ag@AgBr/SBA-15 Z-Scheme Heterostructure for Efficient Wastewater Treatment: Synthesis, Characterization, and Real-World Applications

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Samples	Si	0	Al	Br	Ag	Zn	Total
Ag@AgBr/SBA-15	32.05	59.19	0.35	1.53	6.88	-	100
10%ZnO-Ag@AgBr/SBA-15	28.62	56.31	0.28	1.32	6.17	7.3	100
20%ZnO-Ag@AgBr/SBA-15	25.48	53.54	0.98	0.19	5.78	14.03	100
30%ZnO-Ag@AgBr/SBA-15	23.53	47.58	0.89	0.14	5.03	22.83	100

Table S1. Element composition of Ag@AgBr/SBA-15 and ZnO-Ag@AgBr/SBA-15 samples.

Influence factors	Reaction conditions	Factors of changes	Removal (%)
Effect of initial	$V_{phenol red} = 100 \text{ mL}, m_{catalyst}$	[Phenol red] =10 mg/L	99.4
phenol red	= 400 mg/L, pH = 5	[Phenol red] =15 mg/L	98.9
concentration		[Phenol red] =20 mg/L	98.8
		[Phenol red] =25 mg/L	91.5
Effect of initial pH	$V_{phenol red} = 100 \text{ mL}, m_{catalyst}$	pH=3	99.2
	= 400 mg/L, [Phenol red] =	pH=5	98.8
	20 mg/L	pH=7	92.5
		pH=9	72.4
Effect of amount of	V _{phenol red} =100 mL, [Phenol	$m_{catalyst} = 200 \text{ mg/L}$	87.6
photocatalysts	red] = $20 \text{ mg/L}, \text{ pH} = 5$	$m_{catalyst} = 300 \text{ mg/L}$	92.8
		$m_{catalyst} = 400 \text{ mg/L}$	98.8
		$m_{catalyst} = 500 \ mg/L$	99.4
Effects of different	V _{phenol red} =100 mL, [Phenol	Hong river	94.7
types of natural	red] = $20 \text{ mg/L}, \text{ pH} = 5,$	To Lich river	31.1
surface waters	$m_{catalyst} = 400 \text{ mg/L}$	Hoan Kiem lake	69.6
		West lake	89.8
Reaction radical	V _{phenol red} =100 mL, [Phenol	No Scavenger	98.8
trap experiments	red] = $20 \text{ mg/L}, \text{ pH} = 5,$	TBA ('OH)	65.2
	$m_{catalyst} = 400 \ mg/L$	AO (h^+)	51.1
		$BQ (O_2^{-})$	24.4
		$K_2Cr_2O_7$ (e ⁻)	98.2

Table S2. Effect of reaction conditions on removal efficiency of phenol red

materials				
Samples	Reaction conditions	Removal efficiency (%)	Reaction time (min)	Ref.
20%ZnO- Ag@AgBr/SBA-15	Lamp: Solar light irradiation. [Catalyst] = 400 mg/L [Phenol red] = 20 mg/L T = 25 °C pH = 5	98,6	120	This word
TiO ₂	Lamp: Solar light irradiation. [Catalyst] = 600 mg/L [Phenol red] = 13.3 mg/L T = 25 °C pH = 4.4	87.3	100	1
Nb(2.0)/TiO ₂	Lamp: UV, 400 W [Catalyst] = 100 mg/L [Phenol red] = 20 mg/L	94	160	2
CuO/ZnO/TiO ₂	Lamp: UV light, 6 W [Catalyst] = 100 mg/L [Phenol red] = 10 mg/L $T = 30 \ ^{\circ}C$ pH = 6	100	180	3

92

97

41.25

4

5

6

240

60

240

Lamp: 15 W

[Catalyst] = 500 mg/L[Phenol red] = 10.3 mg/LpH = 4.5Lamp: UV light irradiation

[Catalyst] = 500 mg/L[Phenol red]= 0.38 mg/L pH = 6.5 T = 25 °C

Lamp: UV (Philips HPW 125)

[Catalyst] = 1000 mg/L [Phenol red]= 10^{-5} mol/L = 3.54 mg/L pH = 3T = 25 °C

TiO₂

ZnO

Goethite (a-FeOOH)

Table S3. Comparative results of Phenol red pollutants removal by various heterogeneous materials

Table S4. Results of LC-MS analysis decomposition of Phenol red on photocatalyst 20%ZnO-Ag@AgBr/SBA-15





Figure 1S. Schematic synthesis of ZnO-Ag@AgBr/SBA-15 materials from natural halloysite



Figure S2. FT-IR spectra of Ag@AgBr/SBA-15, ZnO/SBA-15 and ZnO-Ag@AgBr/SBA-15 samples



Figure S3. TEM image of 30%ZnO-Ag@AgBr/SBA-15 sample



Figure S4. Mott Schotky plot of ZnO/SBA-15 (A) and Ag@AgBr/SBA-15 (B) samples



Figure S5. Survey XPS spectra of (A) Ag@AgBr/SBA-15, (B) ZnO/SBA-15 and (C) 20%ZnO-

Ag@AgBr/SBA-15 samples



Figure S6. Zeta-potential as a function of pH in 20%ZnO-Ag@AgBr/SBA-15







Figure S8. Images of phenol red samples in water treated on photocatalyst 20%ZnO-Ag@AgBr/SBA-15 at different times.



Figure S9. Stability of 20%ZnO-Ag@AgBr/SBA-15 sample at different cycles of reaction



Figure S10. XRS spextra of 20%ZnO-Ag@AgBr/SBA-15 before and after 5 cycles reactions.



Figure S11. SEM and TEM images of 20%ZnO-Ag@AgBr/SBA-15 before and after 5 cycles reactions.









Figure S12. LC-mass spectra of phenol red under visible light (A) 0 min, (B) 15 min, (C) 30 min (D) 45 min, (E) 60 min and (F) 90 min reaction.

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