Design, Synthesis, Docking Studies of Novel Pyrazole-based Scaffolds and Their Evaluation as VEGFR2 Inhibitors in the Treatment of Prostate Cancer.

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List of supplementary

#	Content
1	Supplementary characterization for the tested compounds
	NMR, IR, Mass
2	Figure S1 & S2 (Docking part)
3	Detailed methodology for the in vivo experiment.











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Pulse Sequence: s2pul

Solvent: DMS0 Temp. 25.0 C / 298.1 K GEMINI-300BB "NMR"

Relax. delay 1.000 sec Pulse 33.4 degrees Acq. time 1.338 sec Width 8000.0 Hz 42 repetitions OBSERVE H1, 300.0117443 MHz DATA PROCESSING FT size 32768 Total time 3 min, 37 sec

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Docking study

Automated docking studies were carried out using Glide (SP) scoring function Maestro10.1 Schrodinger, (2015-Release-4).

Ligand Preparation

LigPrep module, was used for geometrical refining of chemical structures. LigPrep is intended to set up premium 3D structures with accurate chiralities. Original states of ionization were retained; tautomers and conformations were generated by the Monte Carlo method as implemented in MacroModel version 9.8, 2010, using OPLS-2005 force field. The generated conformers were subsequently minimized using truncated Newton conjugate gradient (TNCG) minimization up to 500 iterations. The conformers with an energy difference of 30 kcal/mol as compared to the global energy minimum conformer were retained. The conformational searches were carried out for aqueous solution using the generalized born/solvent accessible surface (GB/SA) continuum solvation model.

Protein Preparation.

Protein preparation wizard of Maestro software was used for protein preparation. The selected chains were edited for missing hydrogens and for assigning proper bond orders. The H-bonds were optimized using sample orientations. All the polar hydrogens were displayed. All the crystallographic waters without hydrogen bond interactions with protein residues were removed. Finally, the non-hydrogen atoms of the protein structure was minimized to the default Root Mean Square Deviation (RMSD) value of 0.3.

Receptor Grid Generation.

From the defined receptor, the co-crystallized ligand was separated from the active site of receptor chain. The atoms were of size equal to Van der Waals radii of 1.0> while the partial atomic charge was less than 0.25 defaults. The active site represents an enclosing box at the centroid of the workspace ligand. Following this protocol, a grid centered on the ligand was generated using the default Glide settings. All ligands were docked into this grid structure.

Molecular Docking Analysis.

On a defined receptor grid, flexible docking was performed using the precision (SP) feature of Glide module, version 5.6, 2010. The constraints to defined ligand-receptor interactions were not set. The structure output format was set to pose viewer file so as to view the output of the resulting docking studies from pose viewer.

Acknowledgements

In this work, docking studies were carried out using the Glide, Maestro10.1 Schrodinger, (2015-Release-4).

Figure S1 3D Representation of the superimposition of the docking pose (green) and the co-crystallized (purple) of sorafenib in the VEGFR-2 active site with RMSD of 0.21Å.

Figure S2 2D Representation of the superimposition of the docking pose (green) and the co-crystallized (purple) of sorafenib in the VEGFR-2 active site with RMSD of 0.21Å.

Figure S3 Superimposition of the docking pose of **3i** (green) and the co-crystallized (purple) of sorafenib in the VEGFR-2 active site.

In Vivo Assay

Animals and tumor cell line

Adult female Swiss albino mice purchased from Faculty of Pharmacy, Suez Canal University, Ismailia, Egypt, with an average body weight of (18-23) g was used. Mice were housed under constant conditions of 12 h light/dark cycle in a temperature under conditions of controlled humidity ($22 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}$ C), with free access to standard laboratory mice food and water .All procedures related to care and maintenance of the animals were performed according to the international guiding principles for animal research and approved by Faculty of Science, Suez Canal University bioethics and animal ethics committee (Approval number REC107/2022).

Solid Ehrlich carcinoma (SEC) were got from the National Cancer Institute (Cairo University, Egypt). The tumor cell line was proliferated in mice through serial intraperitoneal (I.P.) transplantation of a volume of 0.2 mL physiological saline containing 1×10^6 viable cells for 24 h. SEC cells were collected 7 days after I.P. implantation. The harvested cells were diluted with saline to obtain a concentration of 5×10^6 viable SEC cells/mL. A volume of 0.2 mL saline contains 1×10^6 SEC cells that were I.P. implanted into each normal mouse. SEC cells (1×10^6 tumor cells/mouse) were implanted subcutaneously into the right thigh of the hind limb.

The experimental animals were randomly divided into four groups. Group **1** served as the normal saline control. Group **2** served as the SEC control (1×10^6 cells/mouse). Group **3** served as the compound-treated group (6 mg/kg B.Wt., I.P.). Group **4** received the standard anticancer drug of Sorafenib (6 mg/kg BW, I.P.) and is considered as a reference control. Body weight and survival were recorded daily until the 24th day in both treated and control groups. At the end of experiment, anesthetized animals were then sacrificed for evaluation of the antitumor activity and histopathological examination.

Antitumor potentiality

It includes tumor volume, weight, and tumor inhibition ration (TIR%). Time interval measurements of tumor volume using digital Vernier caliper (Tricle Brand, Shanghai, China). Measure tumor length and width using clipper and then calculate tumor volume using formulations $V = (L \times W \times W)/2$, where V is tumor volume, W is tumor width, L is tumor length. While TIR% was calculated according to the following equation $\frac{Tumor \ volume \ (Control) - Tumor \ volume \ (control)}{x \ 100}$.

Histopathological study

Specimens of liver-sacrificed mice were fixed in 10% saline formalin. The fixed liver specimens were dehydratedin ascending series of ethyl alcohol and embedded in paraffin. Sections at 5 mm thicknesses were stained with hematoxylin and eosin and examined under light microscopy

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