

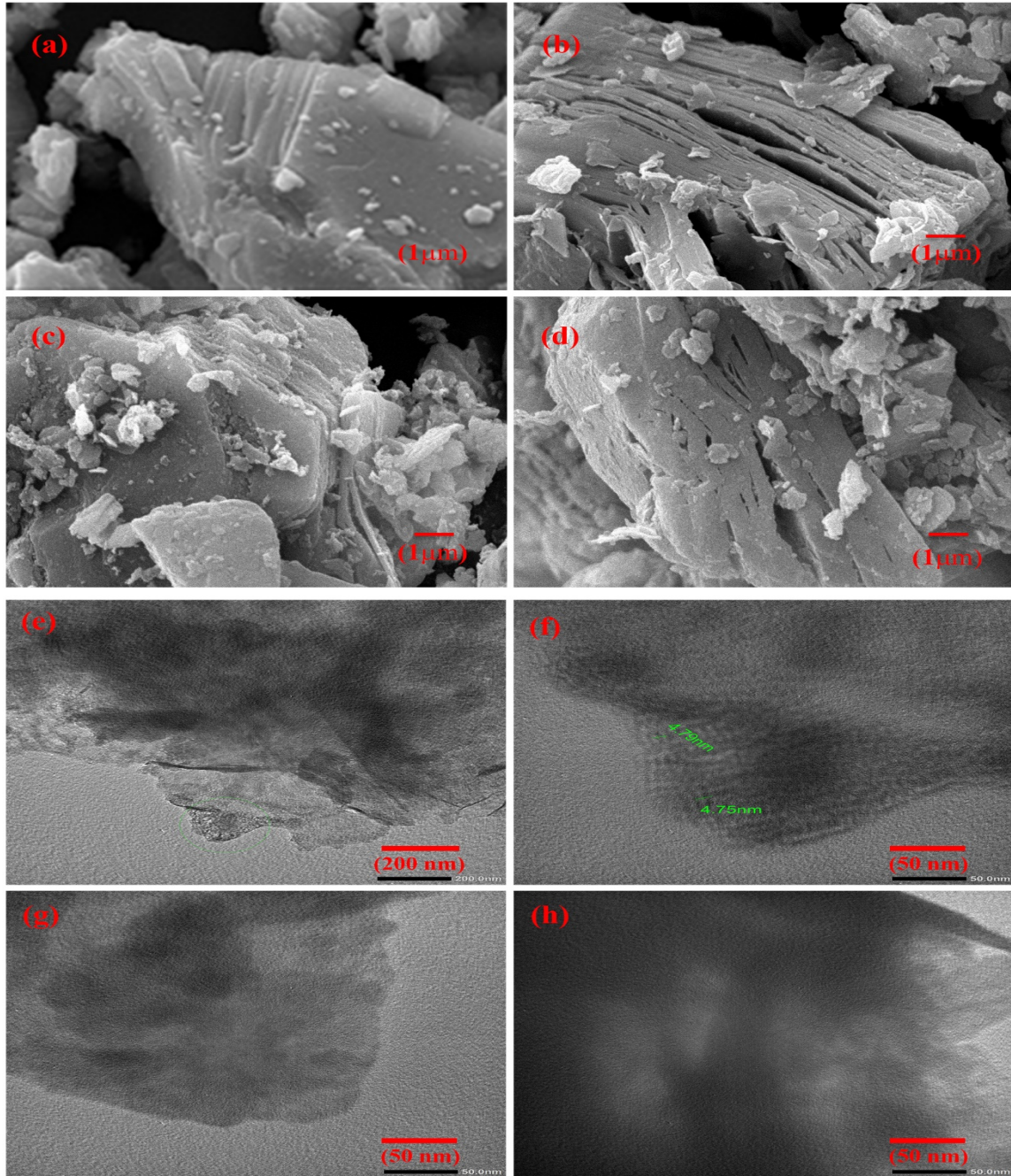
## Supplementary Information

### Enhanced Removal of Toxic Cr(VI) and Pb(II) from Water Using Carboxylic Terminated $Ti_3C_2T_x$ Nanosheets

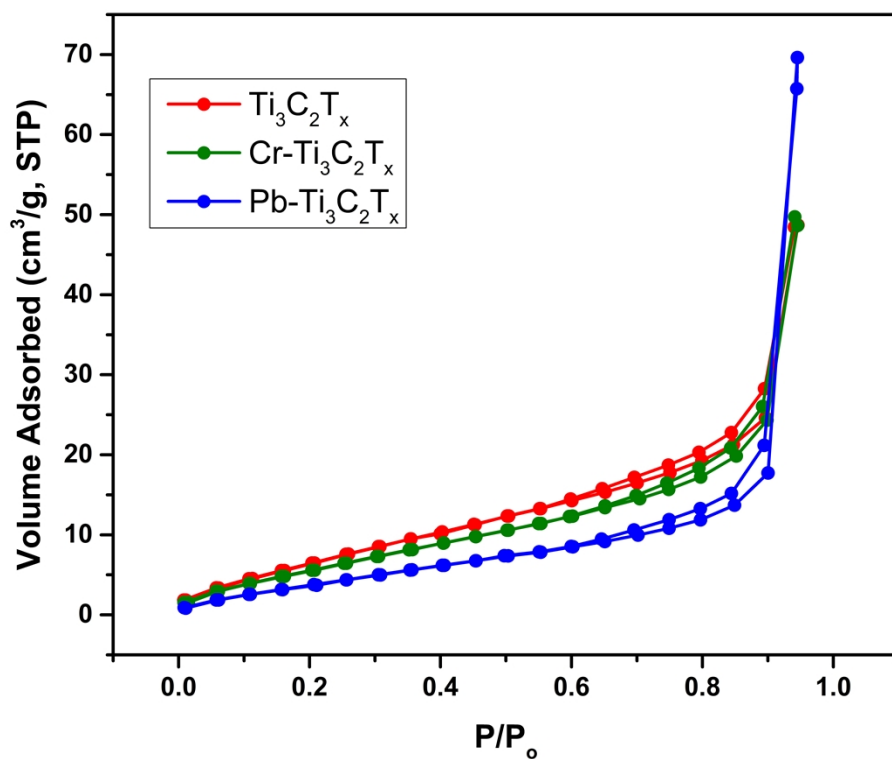
**Table S1**

Stock solutions of batch-1 and their further analysis under various sonication and temperatures conditions. An aliquots of 10 mL from each sub-sample solution # was collected with a regular interval of 2 min. Likewise 400 ppm and 600 ppm stock solutions and their sub-sample solutions were prepared and evaluated.

Conditions	200 ppm - $Pb(NO_3)_2$ Solutions (600 mL)			200 ppm - $K_2Cr_2O_7$ Solutions (600 mL)		
	25 °C	50 °C	75 °C	25 °C	50 °C	75 °C
<b>Sonication</b> (10 min)	Sample #1 (60 mL)	Sample #4 (60 mL)	Sample #7 (60 mL)	Sample #1 (60 mL)	Sample #4 (60 mL)	Sample #7 (60 mL)
<b>Sonication</b> (20 min)	Sample #2 (60 mL)	Sample #5 (60 mL)	Sample #8 (60 mL)	Sample #2 (60 mL)	Sample #5 (60 mL)	Sample #8 (60 mL)
<b>Sonication</b> (30 min)	Sample #3 (60 mL)	Sample #6 (60 mL)	Sample #9 (60 mL)	Sample #3 (60 mL)	Sample #6 (60 mL)	Sample #9 (60 mL)



**Figure S1.** SEM images of (a)  $\text{Ti}_3\text{AlC}_2$  MAX phase (b)  $\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$  MXenes (c)  $\text{Cr-Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$  and (d)  $\text{Pb-Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$  nanosheets., and TEM images of (e) and (f)  $\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$  MXenes (g)  $\text{Cr-Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$  and (h)  $\text{Pb-Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$  nanosheets.

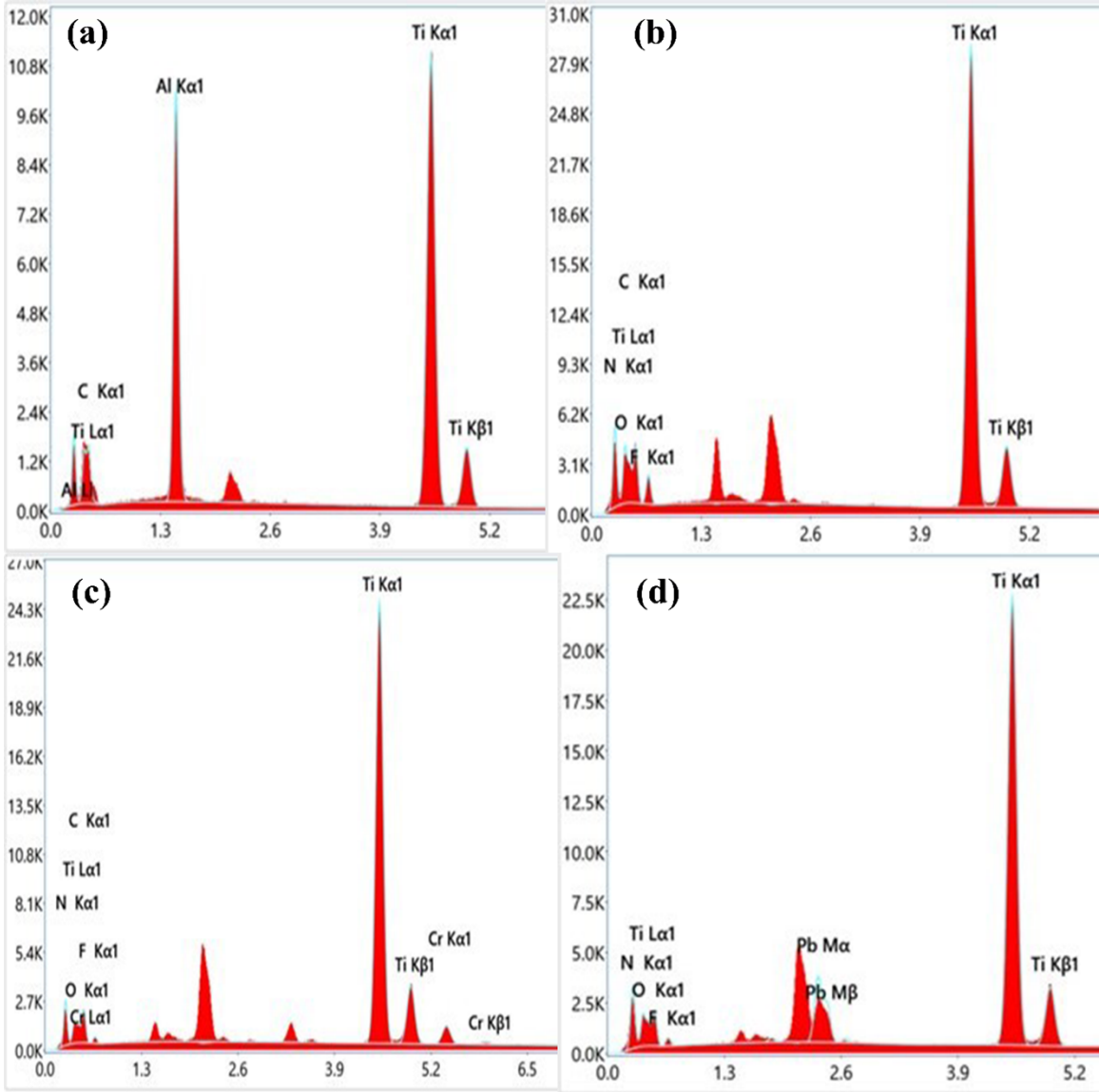


**Figure S2.** N<sub>2</sub> adsorption-desorption isotherms of the MXenes nanosheets before and after metal ions adsorption.

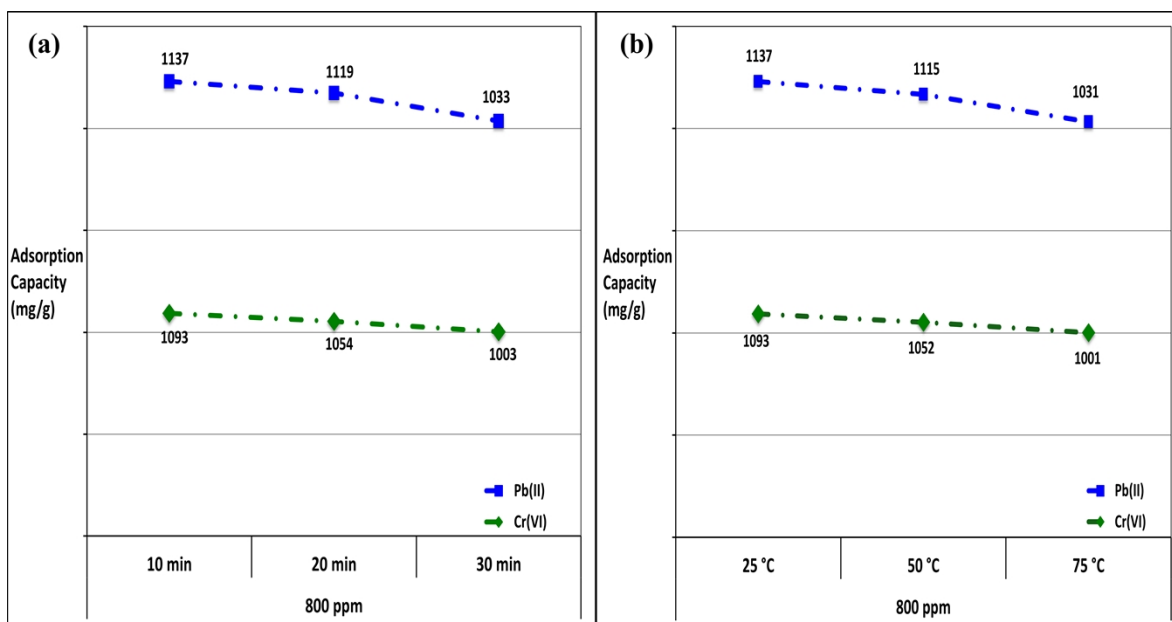
**Table S2**

EDX results of Ti<sub>3</sub>AlC<sub>2</sub> MAX phase and pre and post adsorption Ti<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2</sub>T<sub>x</sub> samples.

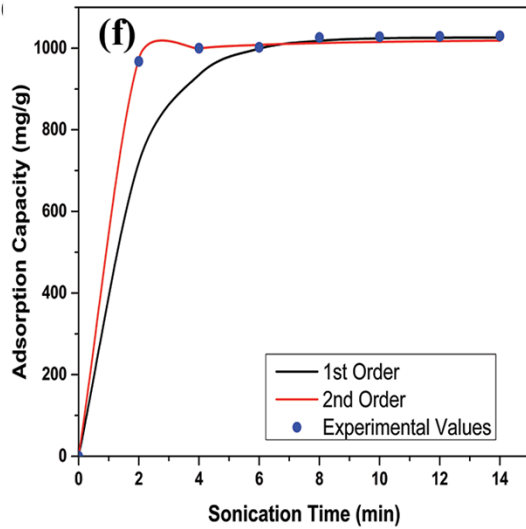
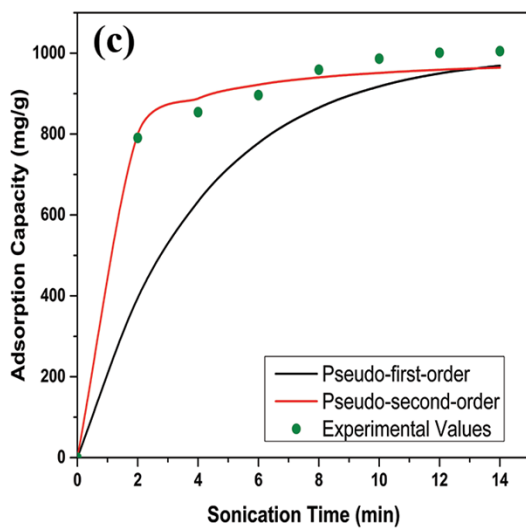
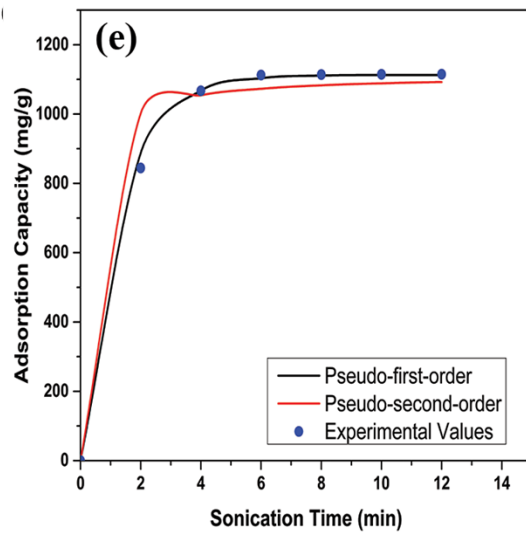
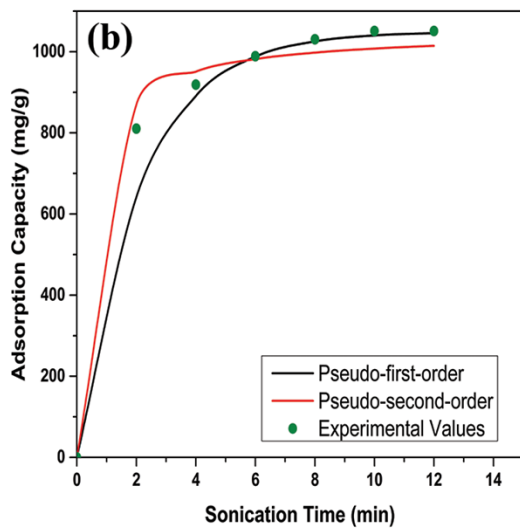
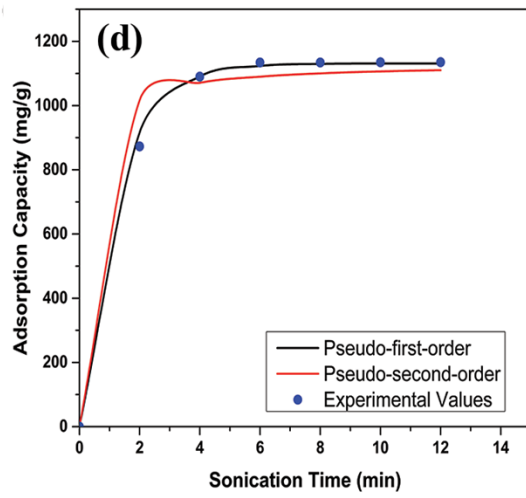
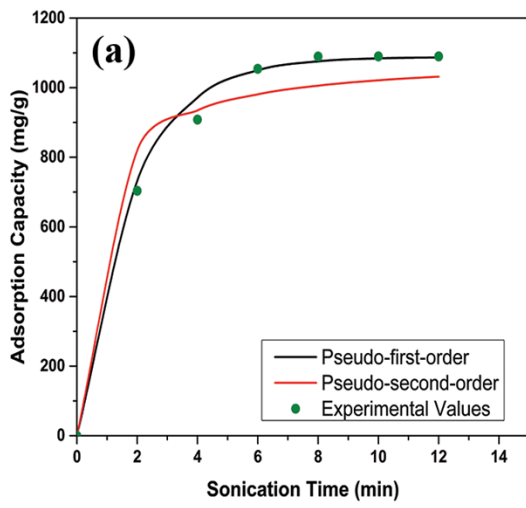
Samples	Elements (At.%)							
	Ti	Al	C	O	F	N	Cr	Pb
Ti <sub>3</sub> AlC <sub>2</sub>	30.5	20.9	48.6	-	-	-	-	-
Ti <sub>3</sub> C <sub>2</sub> T <sub>x</sub>	25.3	-	28.2	30.1	9.4	6.9	-	-
Cr-Ti <sub>3</sub> C <sub>2</sub> T <sub>x</sub>	37.2	-	25.0	29.7	3.5	2.4	2.3	-
Pb-Ti <sub>3</sub> C <sub>2</sub> T <sub>x</sub>	35.2	-	27.4	26.5	3.8	5.8	-	1.3



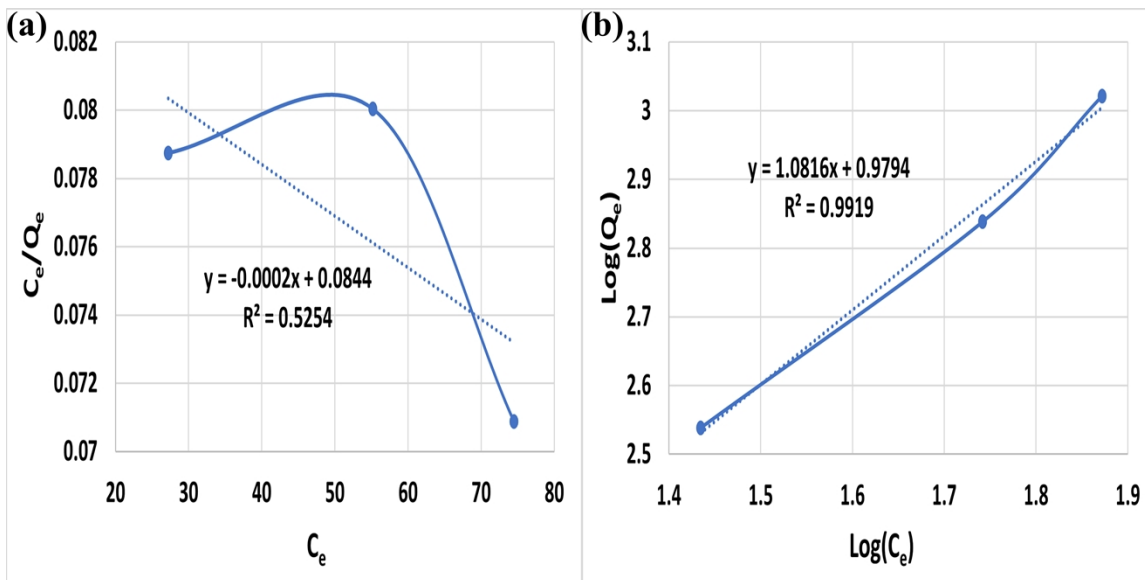
**Figure S3:** EDX spectrums of (a)  $\text{Ti}_3\text{AlC}_2$  MAX phase (b)  $\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$  MXenes (c)  $\text{Cr-Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$  and (d)  $\text{Pb-Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$  nanosheets.



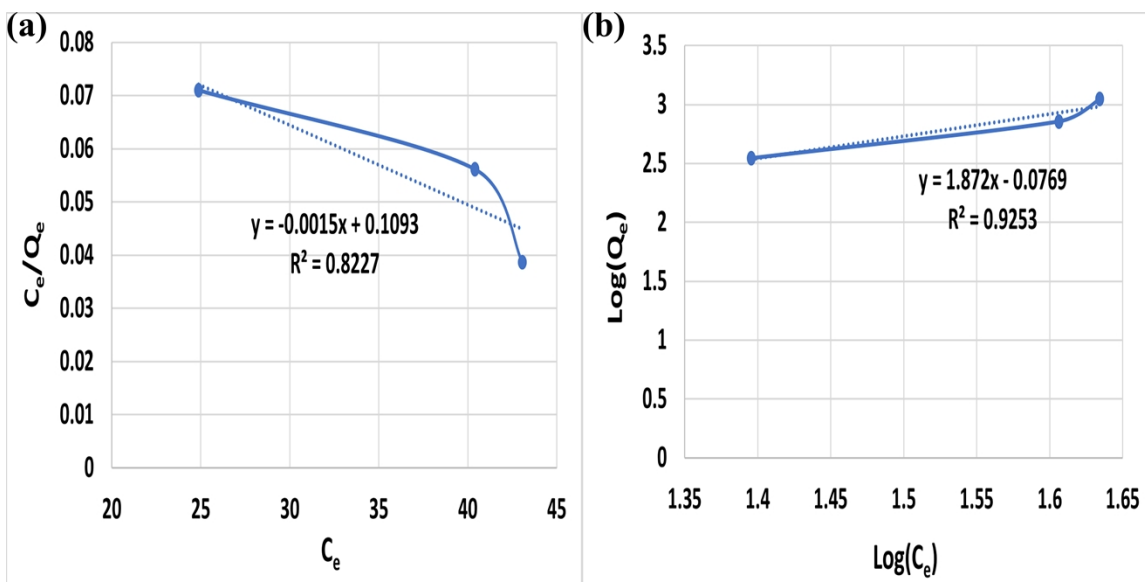
**Figure S4:** The effect of 800 ppm dosage on the adsorption capacity of  $Ti_3C_2T_x$  nanosheets at various sonication duration and temperatures range.



**Figure S5.** Pseudo orders reactions and equilibrium achieved for Cr (VI) adsorption at (a) 25 °C, (b) 50 °C (c) 75 °C and for Pb(II) adsorption at (d) 25 °C, (e) 50 °C (f) 75 °C.



**Figure S6.** (a) Langmuir and (b) Freundlich adsorption isotherms for Cr(VI).



**Figure S7.** (a) Langmuir and (b) Freundlich adsorption isotherms for Pb(II).

