# Synthesis, Biological Evaluation and in-silico investigations of Benzotriazole Derivatives as potential inhibitor of NIMA related kinase

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## Hirshfeld surface analysis

In order to visualize the intermolecular interactions in the crystal of the title compound, (I), a Hirshfeld surface (HS) analysis (Hirshfeld, 1977; Spackman & Jayatilaka, 2009) was carried out by using Crystal Explorer 17.5 (Turner et al., 2017). In the HS plotted over d<sub>norm</sub> (Fig. 1), the white surface indicates contacts with distances equal to the sum of van der Waals radii, and the red and blue colours indicate distances shorter (in close contact) or longer (distinct contact) than the van der Waals radii, respectively (Venkatesan et al., 2016). The shape-index of the HS is a tool to visualize the  $\pi$  ...  $\pi$  stacking by the presence of adjacent red and blue triangles; if there are no adjacent red and/or blue triangles, then there are no  $\pi \dots \pi$  interactions. Fig. 2 clearly suggests that there are no  $\pi$  ...  $\pi$  interactions in (I). The overall two-dimensional fingerprint plot, Fig. 4a, and those delineated into H ... H, H ... C/C ... H, H ... N/N ... H, C ... N/N ... C, C ... C and H ... O/O ... H (McKinnon et al., 2007) are illustrated in Figs. 3 b—g, respectively, together with their relative contributions to the Hirshfeld surface. The most important interaction is H ... H contributing 67.3% to the overall crystal packing, which is reflected in Fig. 3b as widely scattered points of high density due to the large hydrogen content of the molecule with the tip at  $d_e = d_i = 1.13$  Å. The pair of characteristic wings in the fingerprint plot delineated into H ... C/C ... H contacts (Fig. 3c, 21.9% contribution to the HS) has the tips at  $d_e + d_i = 2.68$  Å. The pairs of wings resulting in the fingerprint plot delineated into H ... N/N ... H, Fig. 3d, contacts with 6.6% contribution to the HS are viewed with the tips at  $d_e + d_i = 2.27$  Å and  $d_e + d_i = 2.70$  Å for the

long and the short spikes, respectively. The pairs of C ... N/N ... C (Fig. 3*e*) and C ... C (Fig. 3*f*) contacts have contributions of 2.2% and 1.5% to the HS, and they are viewed with the tiny tips at  $d_e + d_i = 3.42$  Å and  $d_e + d_i = 3.40$  Å, respectively. Finally, the H ... O/O ... H (Fig. 3*g*) contacts with 0.5% contribution to the HS have distributions of the scattered points of very low density.

The Hirshfeld surface representations with the function  $d_{norm}$  plotted onto the surface are shown for the H ... H and H ... C/C ... H interactions in Figs. 4 *a* and *b*, respectively.

The Hirshfeld surface analysis confirms the importance of H-atom contacts in establishing the packing. The large number of H ... H and H ... C/C ... H interactions suggest that van der Waals interactions and hydrogen bonding play the major roles in the crystal packing (Hartwar et al., 2015).



Figure S1. View of the three-dimensional Hirshfeld surface of the title compound plotted over  $d_{norm}$  in the range of -0.2851 to 2.3624 a.u.



Figure S2. Hirshfeld surface of the title compound plotted over shape-index.







**Figure S3.** The full two-dimensional fingerprint plots for the title compound, showing (a) all interactions, and delineated into (b) H ... H, (c) H ... C/C ... H, (d) H ... N/N ... H, (e) C ... N/N ... C, (f) C ... C and (g) H ... O/O ... H interactions. The  $d_i$  and  $d_e$  values are the closest internal and external distances (in Å) from given points on the Hirshfeld surface contacts.



**Figure S4.** The Hirshfeld surface representations with the function  $d_{norm}$  plotted onto the surface for (a) H ... H and (b) H ... C/C ... H interactions.

### Table S1. Experimental details.

Crystal data				
Chemical formula	$C_{47}H_{54}N_6O_2$			
M <sub>r</sub>	734.96			
Crystal system, space group	Triclinic, P -1			
Temperature (K)	100			
a, b, c (Å)	11.4805 (4), 13.8247 (4), 14.6180 (6)			
α, β, γ (°)	104.808 (3), 103.706 (3), 100.642 (3)			
$V(Å_3)$	2103.58 (14)			
Ζ	2			
Radiation type	Μο Κα			
$\mu (mm_{-1})$	0.07			
Crystal size (mm)	0.30  imes 0.25  imes 0.20			
Data collection				
Diffractometer	Agilent SuperNova Dual diffractometer with an Atlas detector			
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (CrysAlis PRO; Agilent, 2010)			
$T_{\min}, T_{\max}$	0.822, 1.000			
No. of measured, independent and observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	17578, 9290, 6994			
R <sub>int</sub>	0.031			
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{max} (\text{\AA}^{-1})$	0.650			
Refinement				
$R[F_2 > 2\sigma(F_2)], wR(F_2), S$	0.051, 0.127, 1.01			
No. of reflections	9290			
No. of parameters	514			
No. of restraints	2			
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement			
$\Delta  ho_{max}, \Delta  ho_{min} (e \text{ Å}{}^{-3})$	0.47, -0.30			

Computer programs: *CrysAlis PRO* (Agilent, 2010), *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008), *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008), *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001), *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

## Table S2. Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

D—H···A	D—H	Н…А	D···A	D—H…A
C41—H41…N3 <sup>i</sup>	0.96 (1)	2.38 (1)	3.283 (3)	158 (2)





Figure S5. C<sup>13</sup>-NMR spectra of TAJ1



Figure S6. C<sup>13</sup>-NMR spectra of TAJ1

## Figure S7. HNMR spectra of TAJ1

#### **Molecular Dynamics Simulation**

Molecular Dynamics simulation was performed in duplet in order to enhance the reliability of the simulated findings. It was observed that all three simulated complex revealed almost similar pattern as that of main production run. The average RMSD of NEK7-TAJ1 complex was 2.2 angstroms, NEK2-TAJ1 complex was at 3.2 angstroms and tP53-TAJ1 complex simulated with average RMSD of 4.6 angstroms respectively. All these findings further validate the in-vitro and in-silico investigations. Replica MD simulation is illustrated in Figure S8.

![](_page_8_Figure_3.jpeg)

-TP53-TAJ1 complex —Nek2-TAJ1 complex —Nek7-TAJ1 complex

Figure S8. Second replica of MD simulation for selected complexes.

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