Electronic Supplementary Information

Structural modulation of insulin by hydrophobic and hydrophilic molecules

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Figure S1: UV-vis spectroscopy of **3a** and **3b**



Figure S2: UV-vis spectroscopy of (A) **3a** and (B) **3b** with time.



Figure S3: Fluorescence spectra of insulin and synthesized compounds **3a** and **3b** on excitation 276 nm.



Figure S4: (A) Change of fluorescence of **3a** with increasing concentration, (B) Fluorescence intensity vs concentration plot of **3a**, (C) Change of fluorescence of **3b** with increasing concentration, (D) Fluorescence intensity vs concentration plot of **3b**.



Figure S5. The ¹H NMR spectra of **3a**.





Samples	% of α helix	% of β sheet	% of Random Coil
Insulin (6 μM)	89.93	0.68	1.45
Insulin + 3a (1 μM)	87.18	1.20	2.50
Insulin + 3a (2 μM)	83.19	0.38	2.671
Insulin + 3a (6 μM)	79.34	0.97	3.934
Insulin + 3b (1 μM)	93.28	0.29	1.25
Insulin + 3b (2 μM)	92.67	0.28	1.96
Insulin + 3b (6 μM)	81.93	2.07	5.23

Table S1: Structural integrity of monomeric insulin in the absence and presence of the Schiff bases 3a and 3b determined by CD calculations.^a

^a : Calculated by CDNN 2.1 Software