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## **Supporting Information**

## Preparation of carbon quantum dot fluorescent probe from waste fruit peels and

## its use for the detection of dopamine

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Figure S1 Corresponding normalized graph of Figure 2a. (The normalization factor is

1.79×10<sup>-4</sup>.)

DA detection technology	Detect defect	Detection advantage	Refere nce
Electrochemical analysis	The experimental conditions are demanding and suscepti -ble to interference by envir -onmental factors.	Highly sensitive and selective.	[1]
Chemiluminesce -nce	To improve the luminesce -nce performance of lumin - escent materials, chemical reagents need to be used, and the preparation and reaction principle of materials are complicated.	Low detection cost and wide linear range.	[2],[3]
High-performan -ce liquid chrom -atography	The sample needs to be strictly purified, otherwise, it is easy to block the column, and the column is expensive.	Simple and fast for detecting the target.	[4],[5]
Colorimetric analysis	When the detected substance is nmol, it cannot achieve effective detection of the target substance.	Easy to operate, low cost, and the color change is visible to the naked eye.	[6]
Fluorescence spectrophotomet -ry	It cannot be applied outside the laboratory.	High detection sensitivity, low cost, and simple instrument operation.	[7]

 Table S1 Comparison of the advantages and disadvantages of this experiment with other existing DA detection techniques

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