

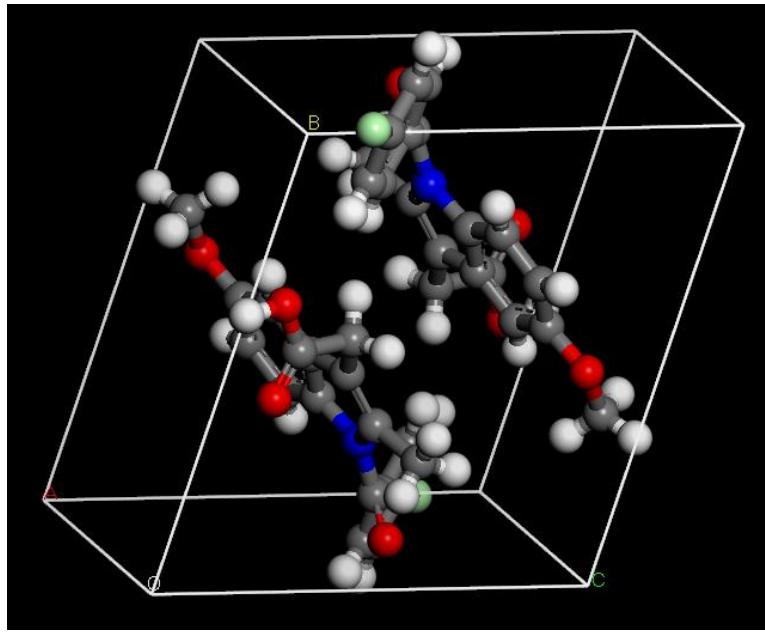
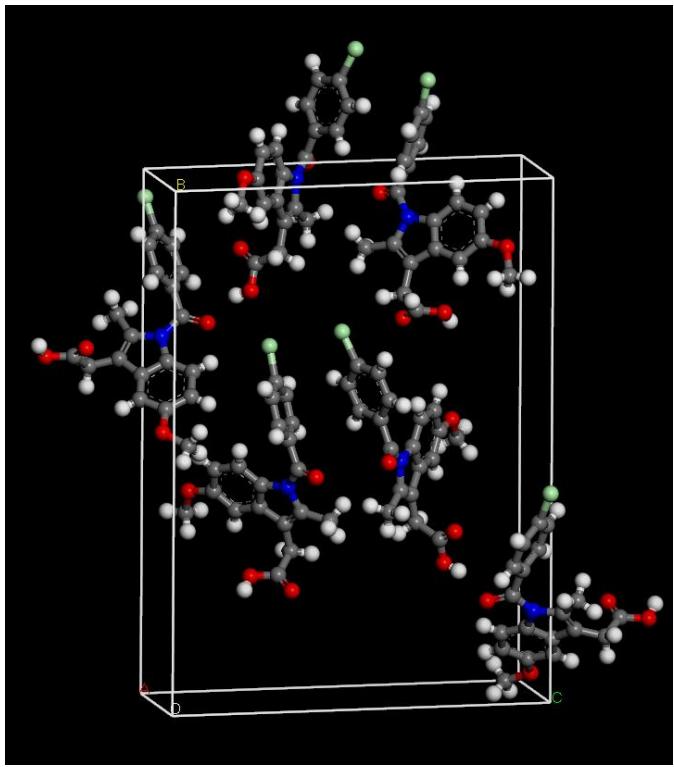
# Quantification of crystallinity during indomethacin crystalline trans-formation from $\alpha$ -to $\gamma$ -polymorphic forms and of the thermodynamic contribution to dissolution in aqueous buffer and solutions of solubilizer

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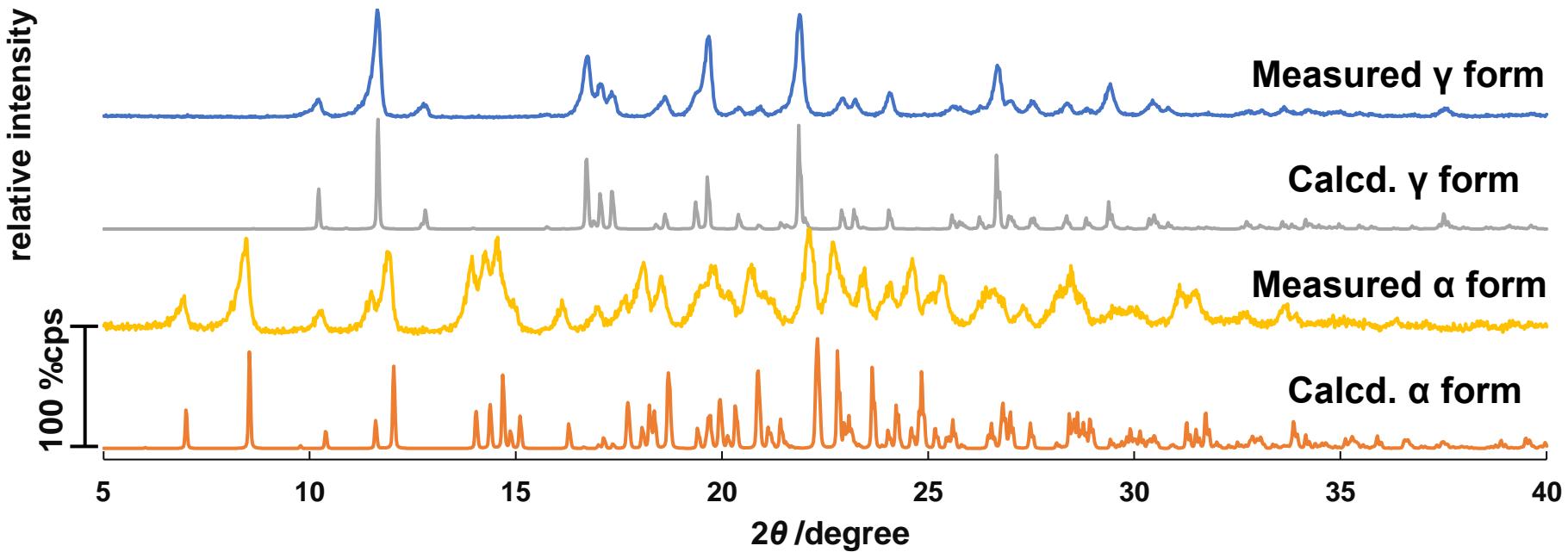
## Supporting Information



**Scheme S1.** The three-dimensional structure of INM;  $\alpha$ -form (left) and  $\gamma$ -form (right).

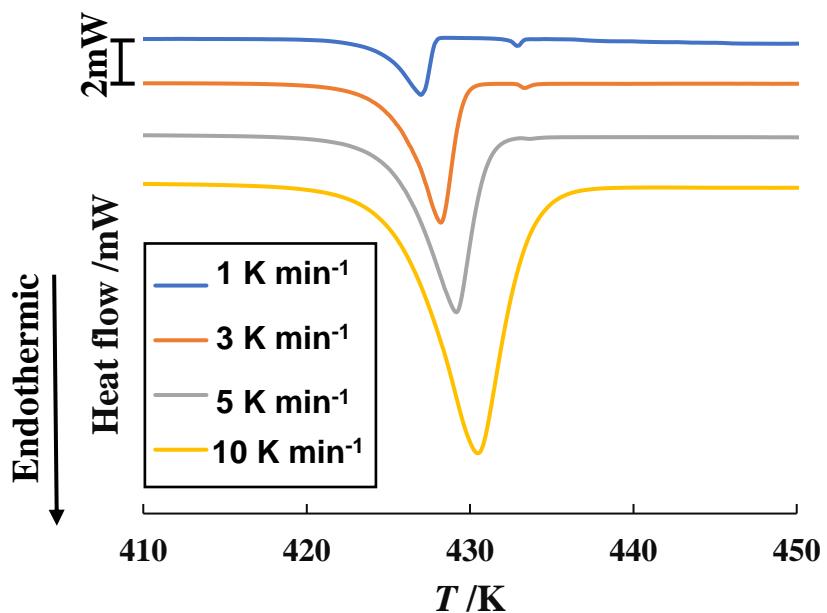
**Table S1. Unique XRPD peak positions, C=O stretching modes, and melting point.**

solid-state form	XRPD unique peak position ( $2\theta /^\circ$ )	ATR-FTIR C=O stretch ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ )	DSC $T_m$ (K)
$\alpha$ form	6.92, 8.46, 14.54	1734, 1680, 1689, 1649	$425.8 \pm 0.4$
$\gamma$ form	11.64, 12.76, 16.74, 21.88	1713, 1690	$433.4 \pm 0.5$

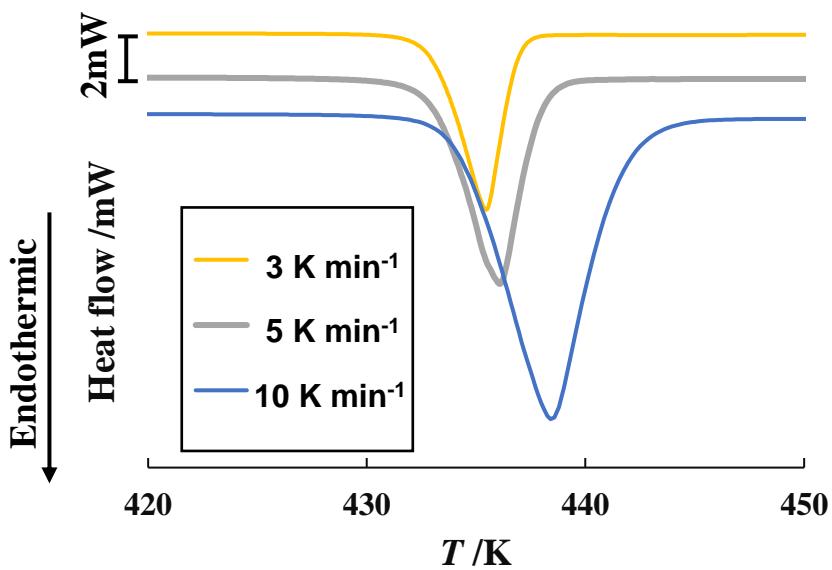


**Figure S1. XRPD diffractograms and diffractograms calculated from the CCDC of  $\alpha$ - and  $\gamma$ -forms.**

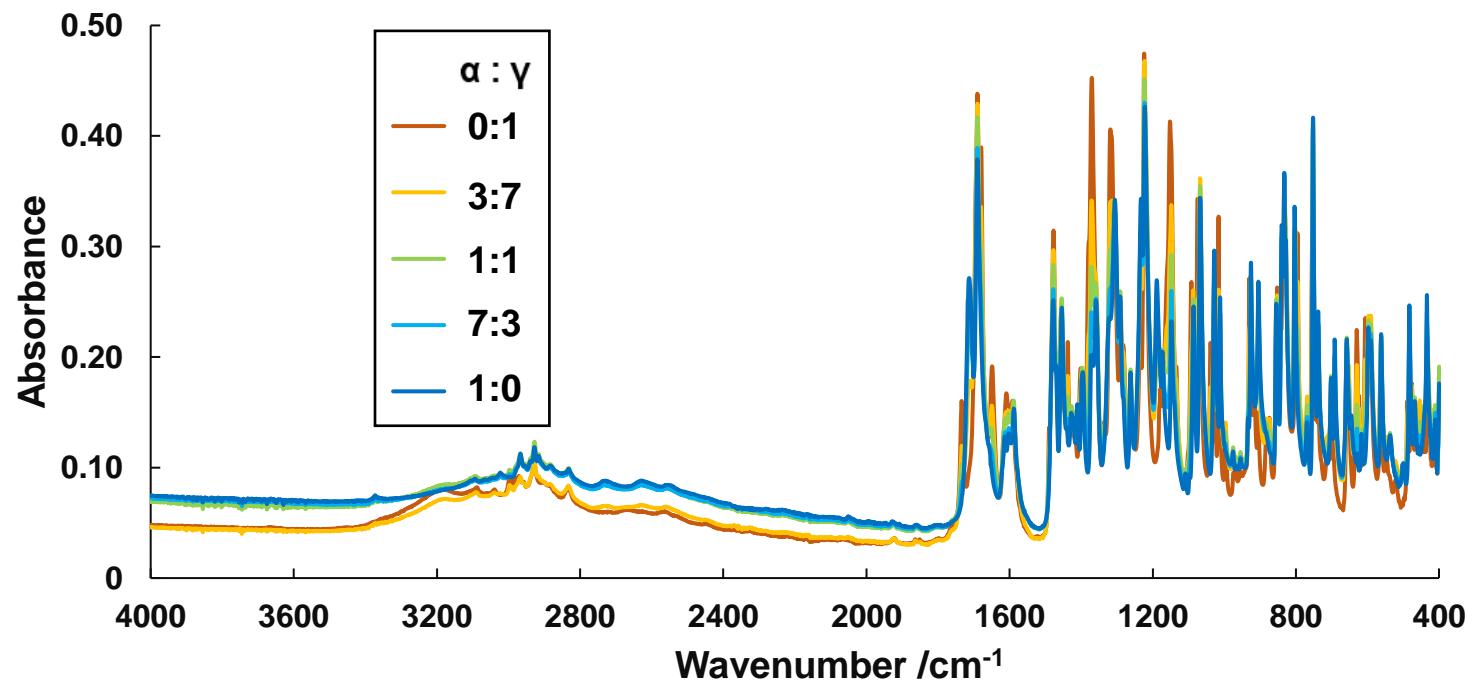
(a)



(b)



**Figure S2. Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) of INM crystals at various heating rates;  $\alpha$ -form (a) and  $\gamma$ -form (b).**



**Figure S3. IR spectra of  $\alpha$ - and  $\gamma$ -forms displayed in full range.**

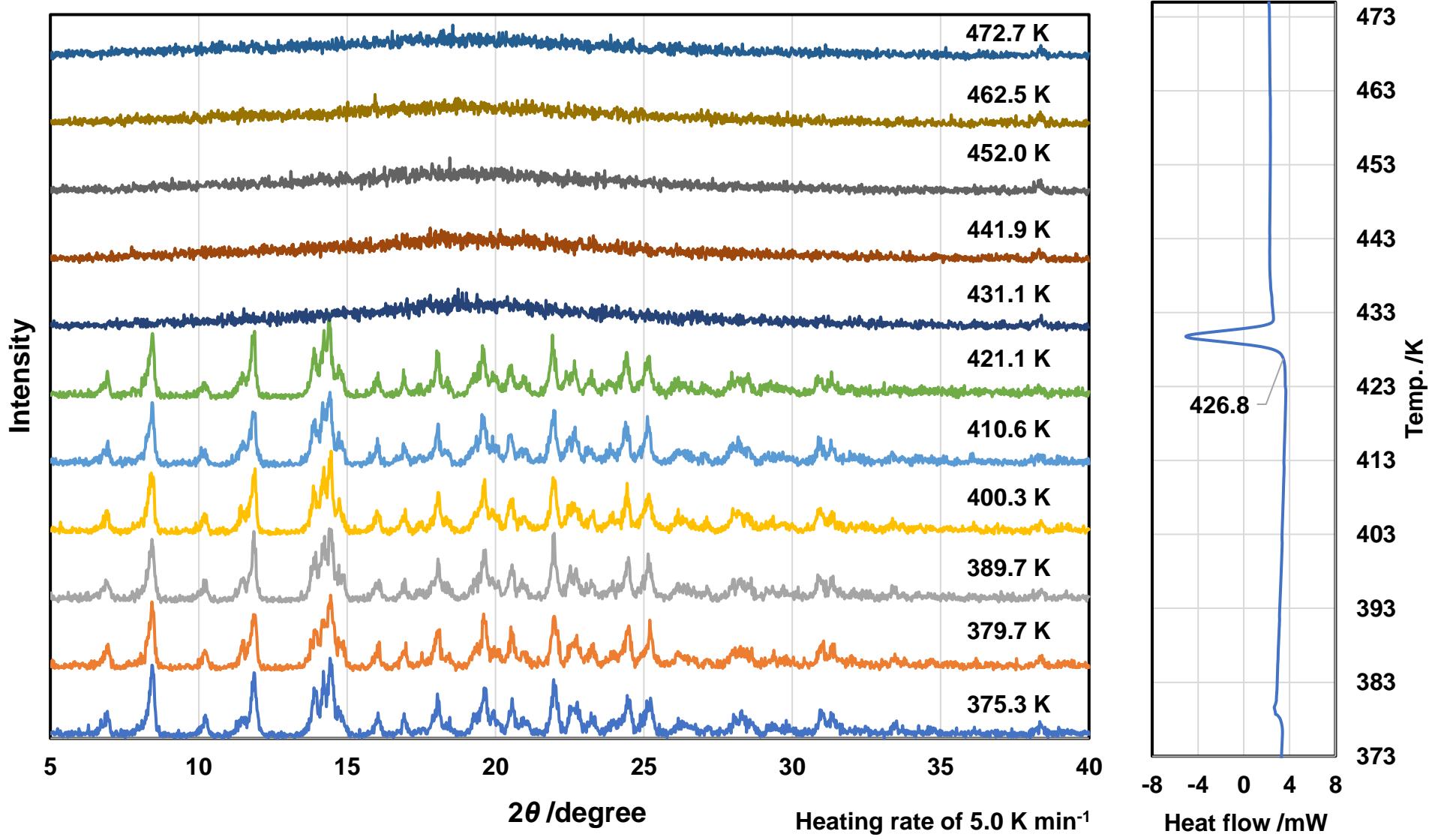


Figure S4 (a) The simultaneous DSC-XRD measurement of  $\alpha$ -form of INM at heating rate of 5.0 K min<sup>-1</sup>. XRD legend indicates starting temperature of measurement. An endothermic peak associated with  $\alpha$ -form melting was observed from 426.8 K.

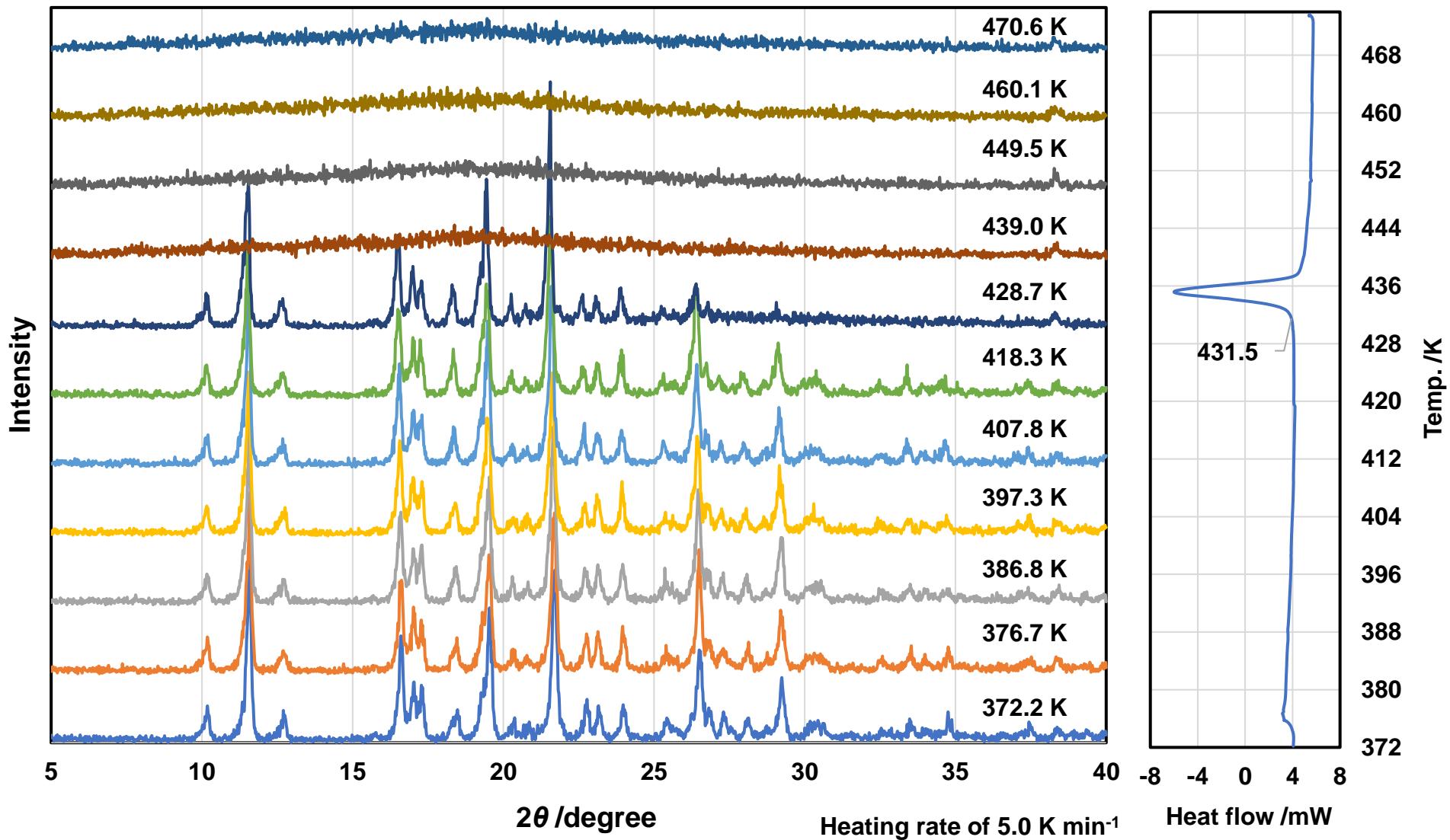


Figure S4 (b) The simultaneous DSC-XRD measurement of  $\gamma$ -form of INM at heating rate of  $5.0 \text{ K min}^{-1}$ . An endothermic peak associated with  $\alpha$ -form melting was observed from 431.5 K.

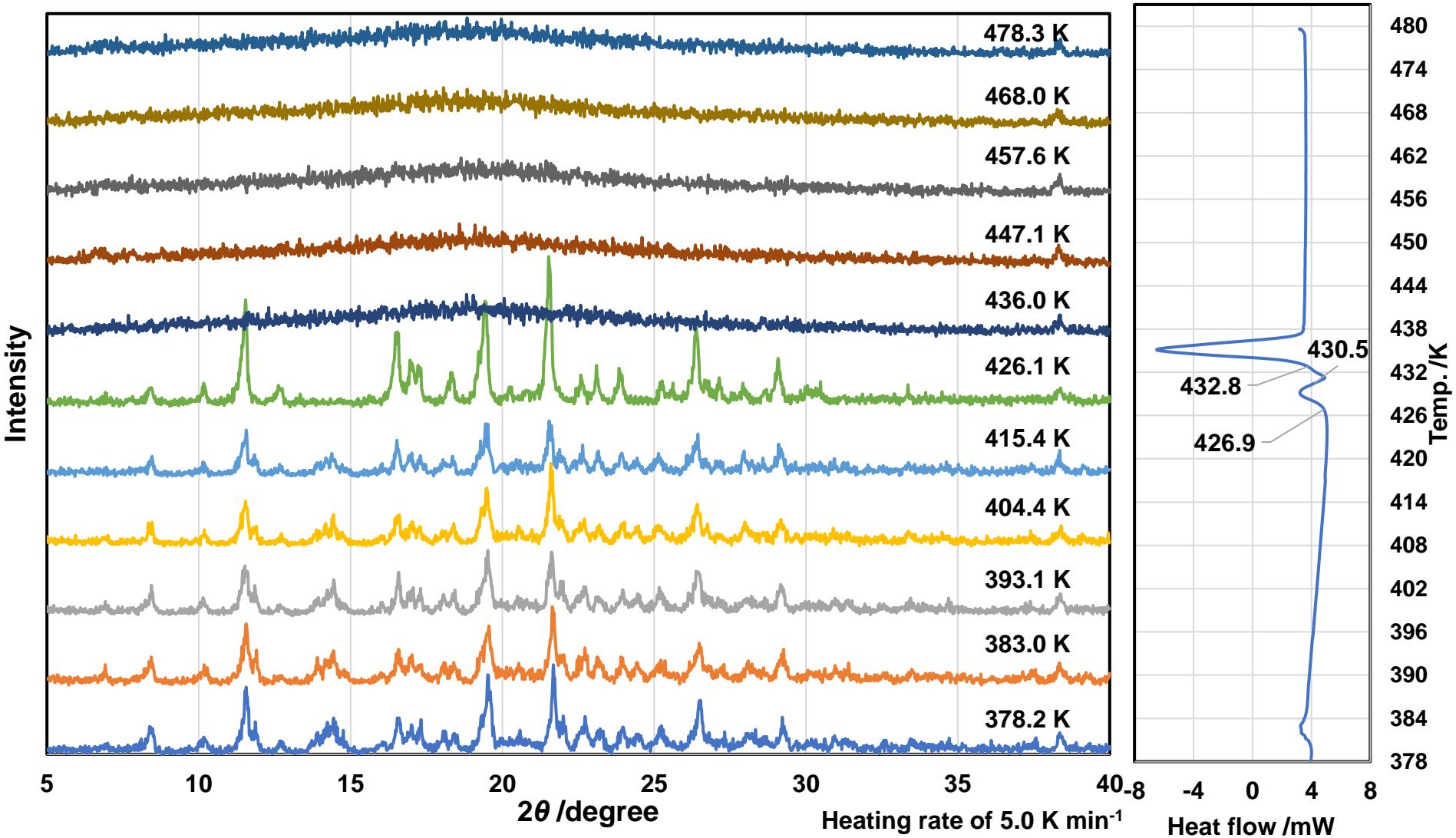
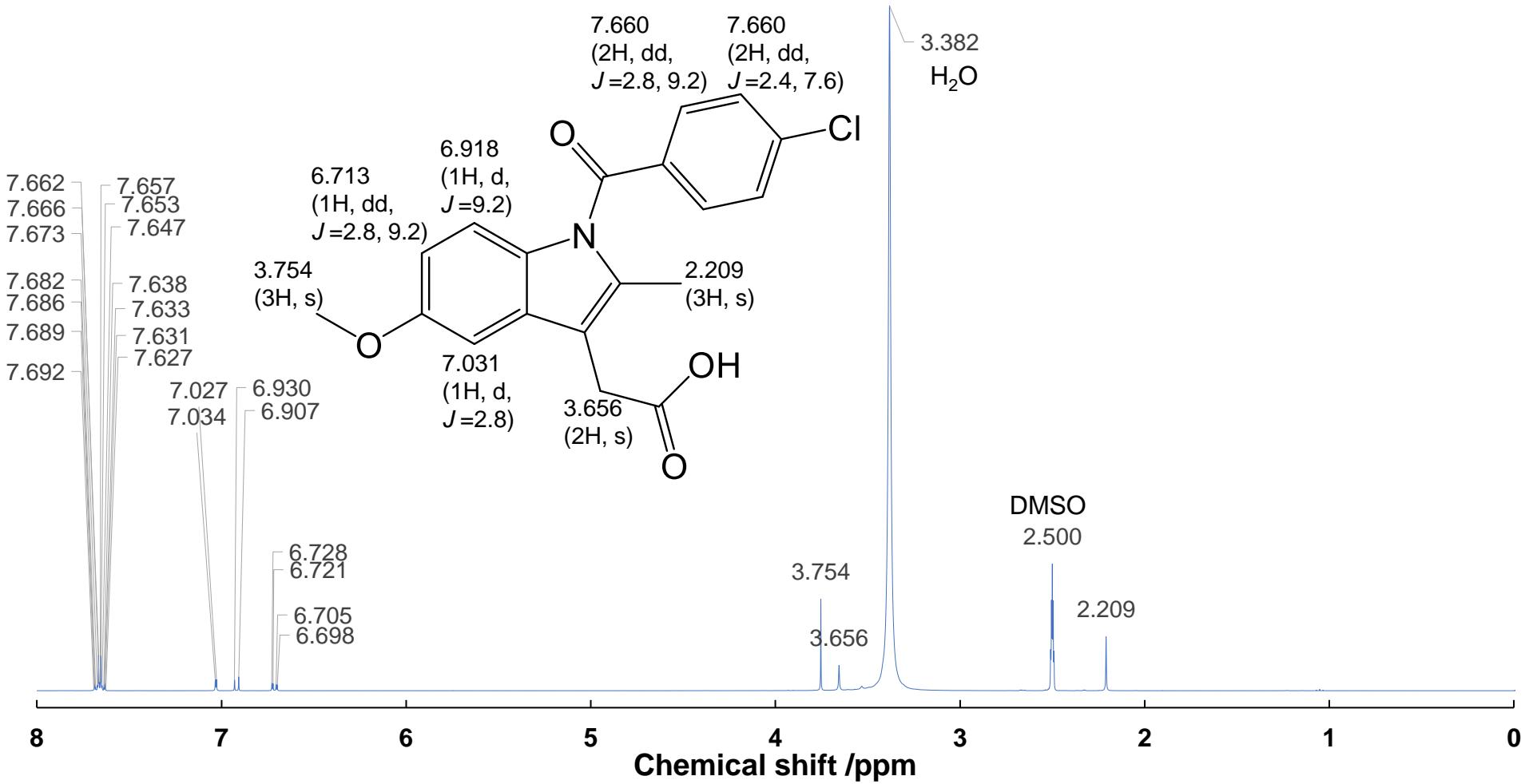
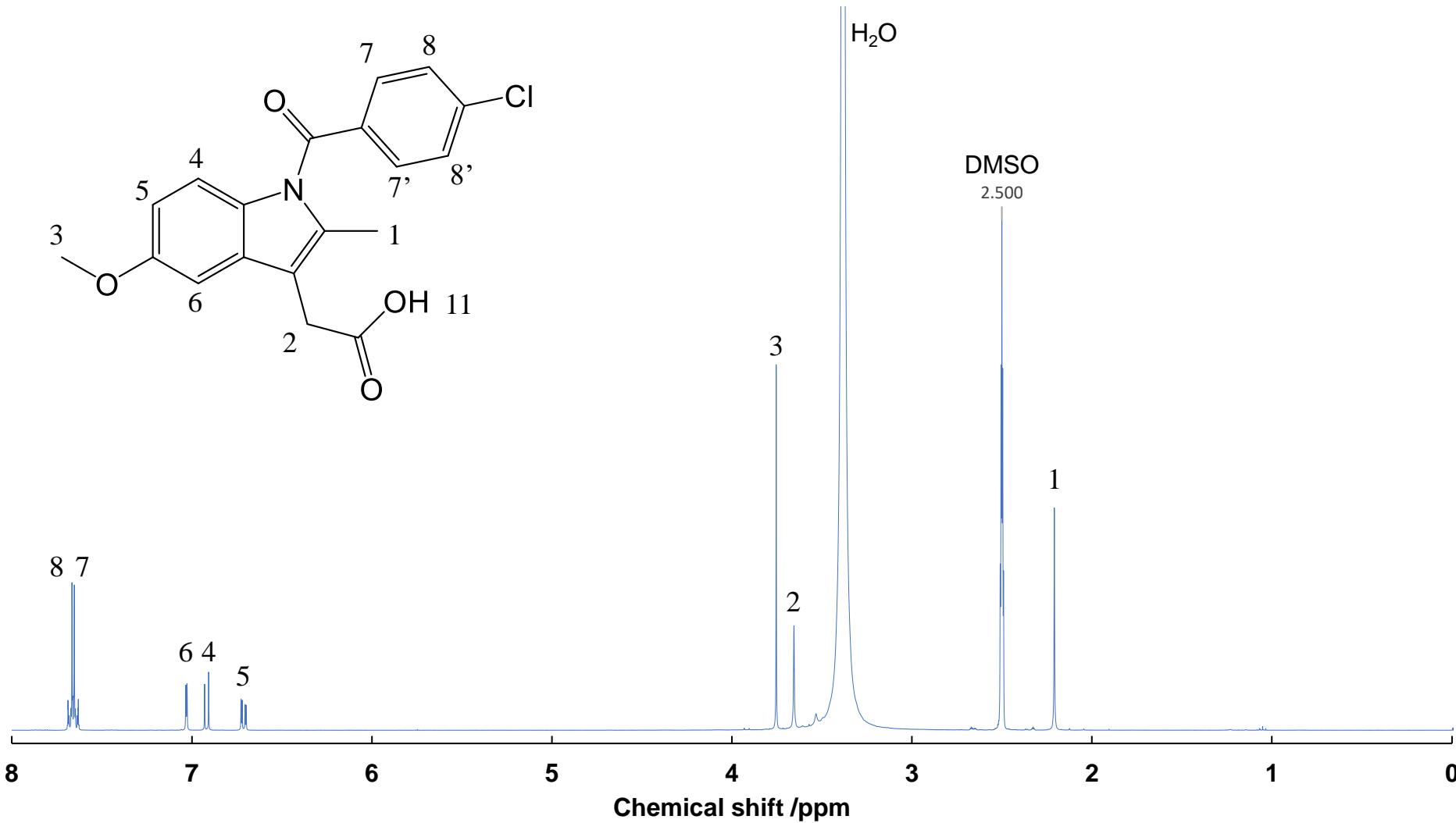
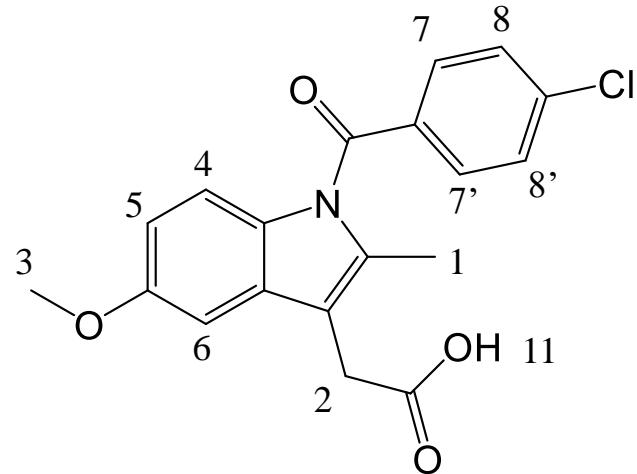


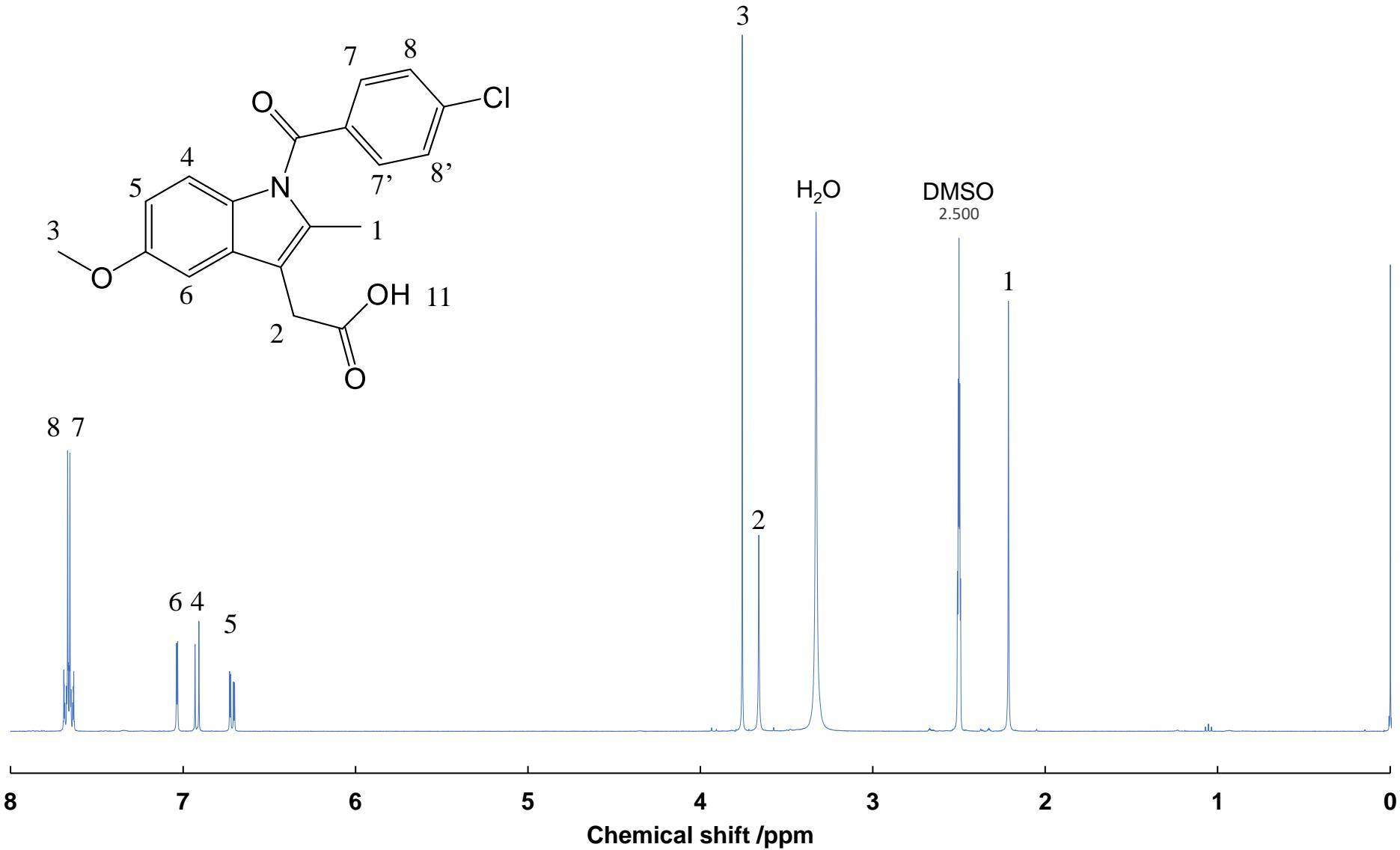
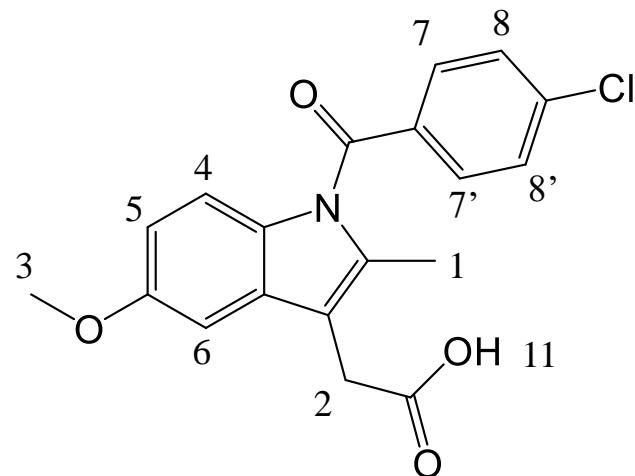
Figure S4 (c) The simultaneous DSC-XRD measurement of mixture of  $\alpha$ -INM :  $\gamma$ -INM=1:1 at heating rate of  $5.0 \text{ K min}^{-1}$ . The fusion of the  $\alpha$ -form is shown at 426.9 K. An exothermic peak was observed at 430.5 K. The fusion of the  $\gamma$ -form is shown at 432.8 K.



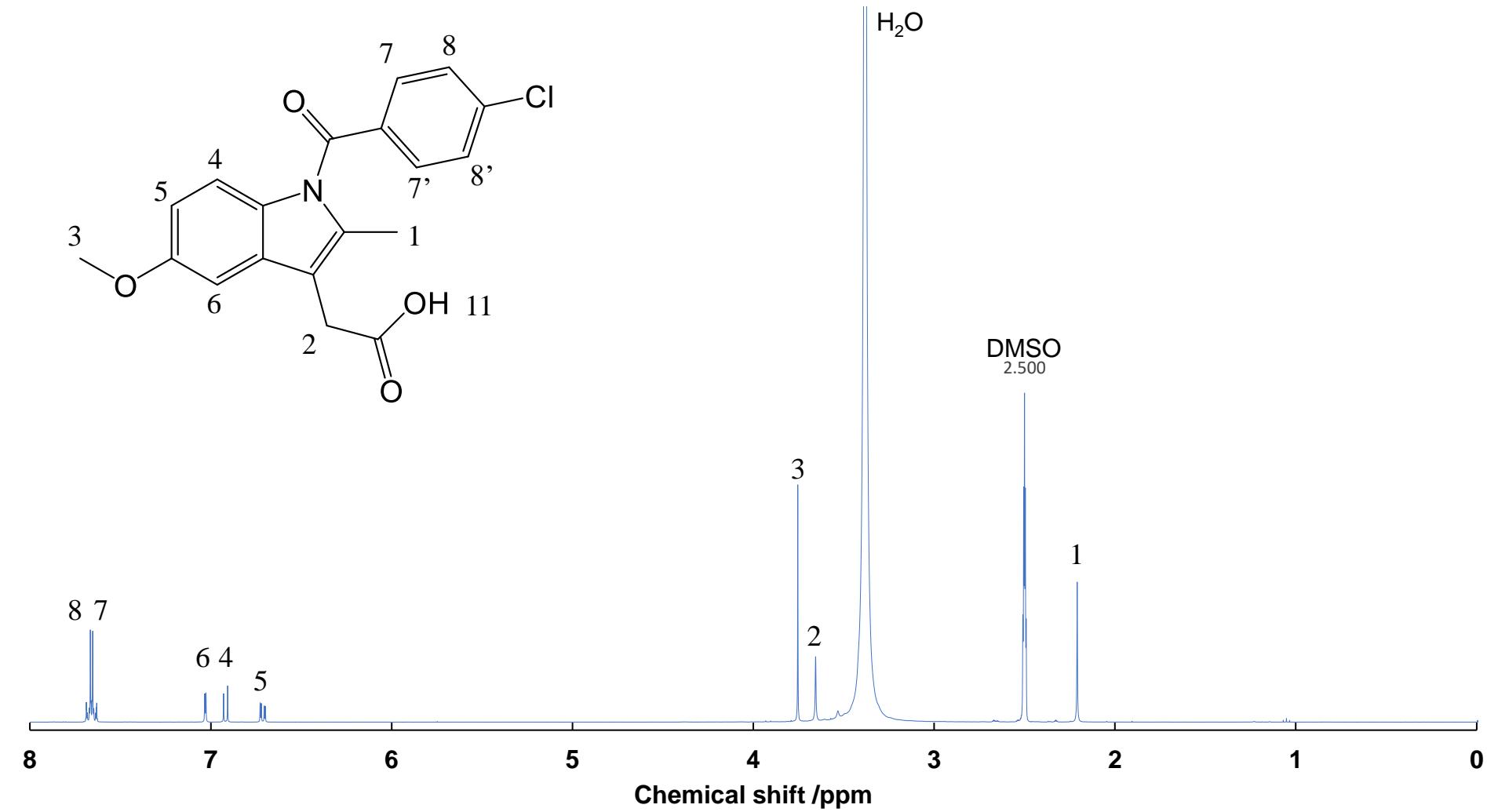
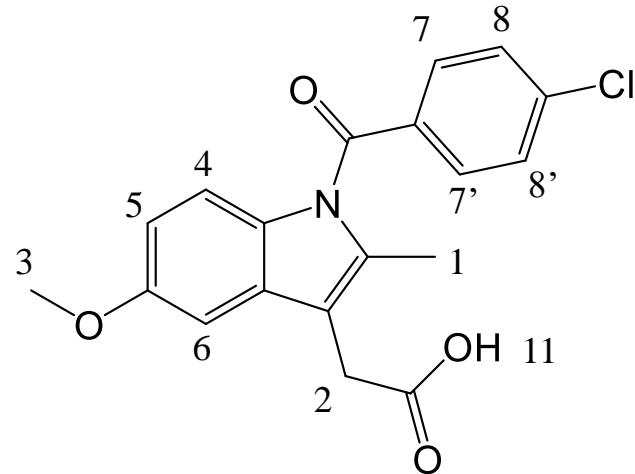
**Figure S5(A)** The  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{DMSO-d}_6$  at 2.500 ppm) spectrum of the precipitate after shaking  $\alpha$ -form of INM in 25 mM  $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4/\text{Na}_2\text{HPO}_4$  buffer (pH 6.8). Chemical shifts are listed at the assigned positions in the chemical structural formulas. The number of protons, coupling, and spin-spin coupling constants are shown in parentheses.



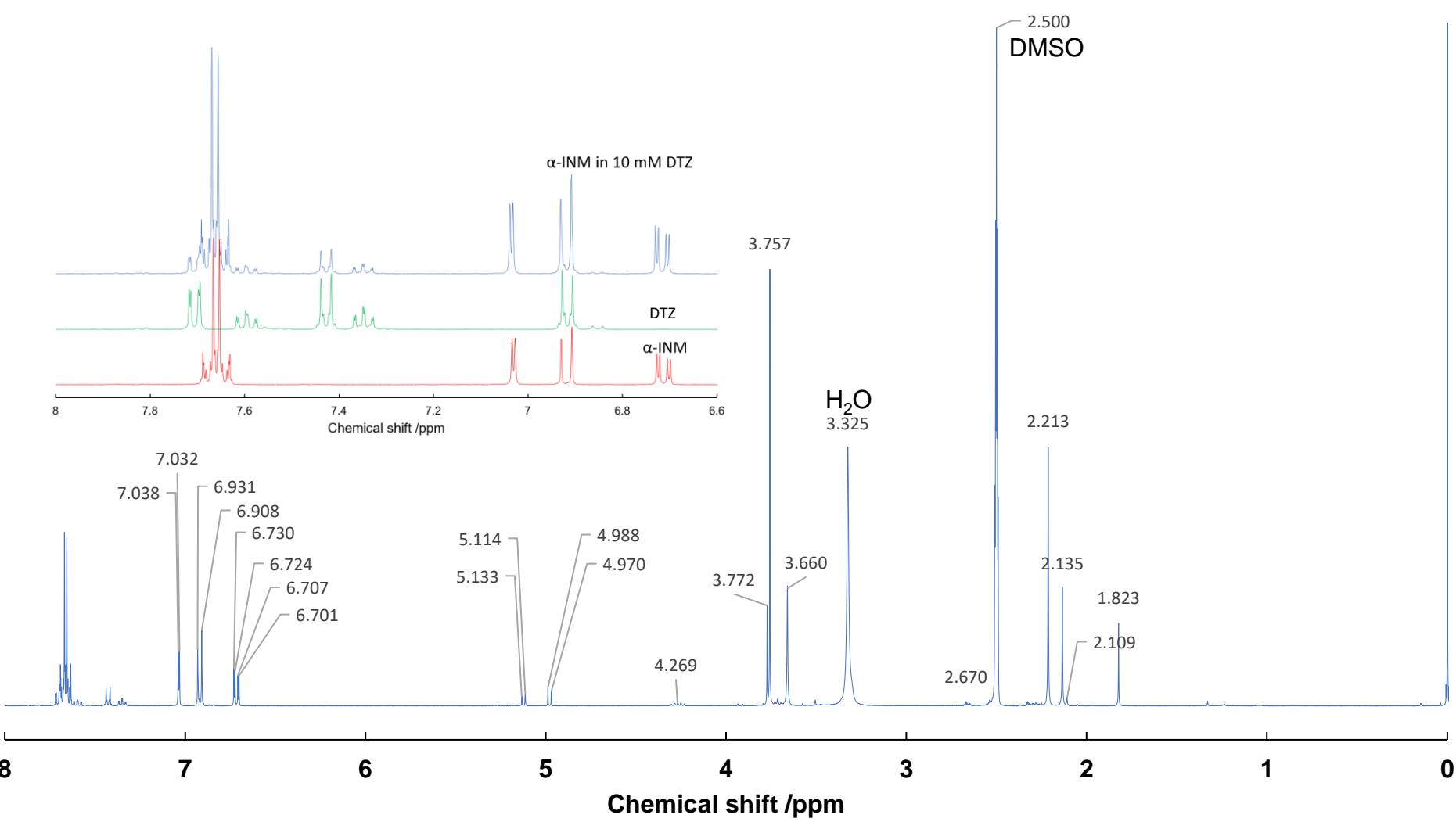
**Figure S5(B)** The 400 MHz <sup>1</sup>H-NMR spectrum of the precipitate after shaking  $\alpha$ -form of INM in 25 mM KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>/Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub> buffer (pH 6.8) in the presence of 10 mM LDC for 120 min. Only the indomethacin signal was observed and no LDC signal was assigned.



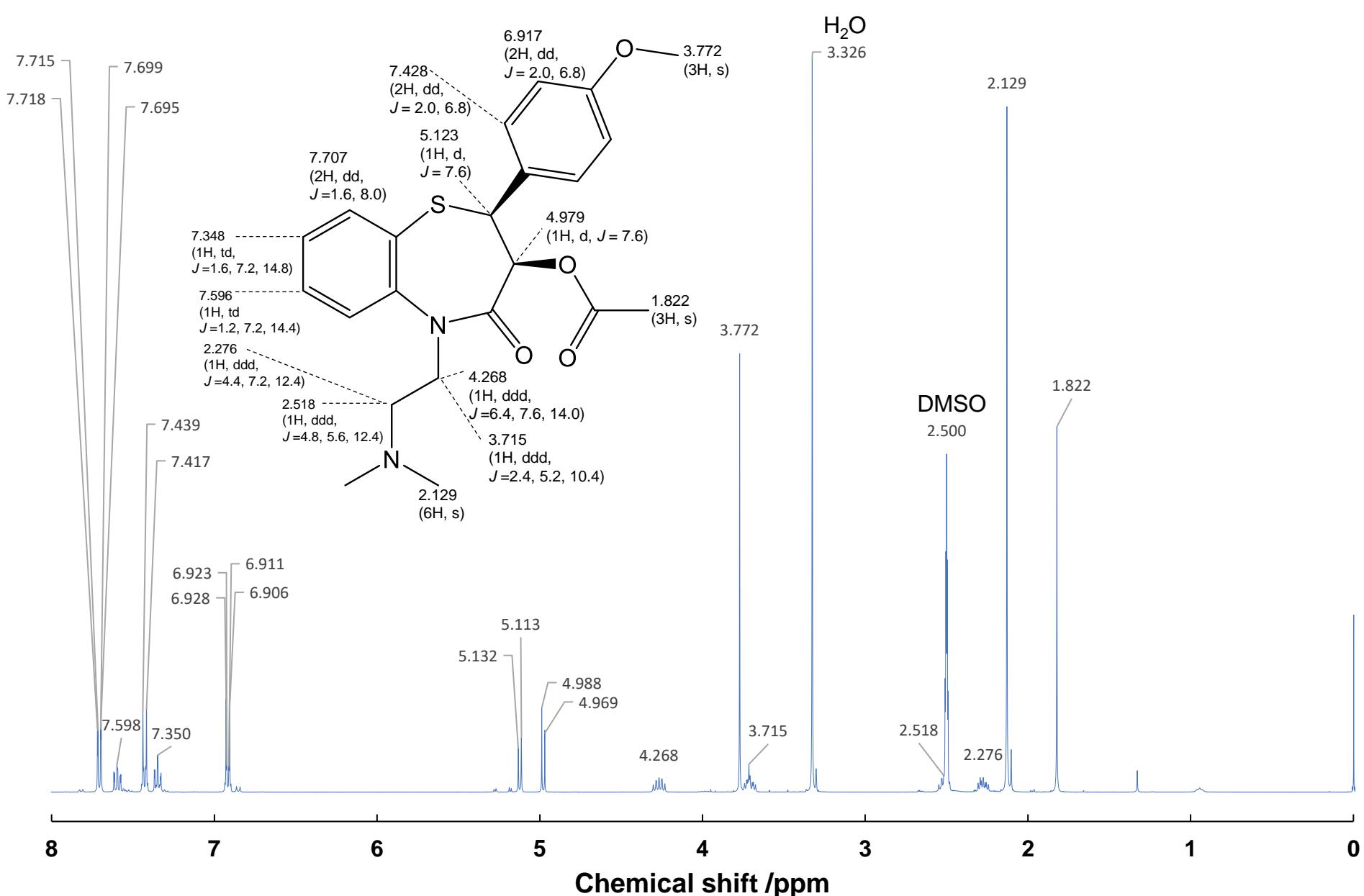
**Figure S5(C)** The 400 MHz  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectrum of the precipitate after shaking  $\alpha$ -form of INM in 25 mM  $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4/\text{Na}_2\text{HPO}_4$  buffer (pH 6.8) in the presence of 10 mM CNS for 120 min. Only the indomethacin signal was observed and no CNS signal was assigned.



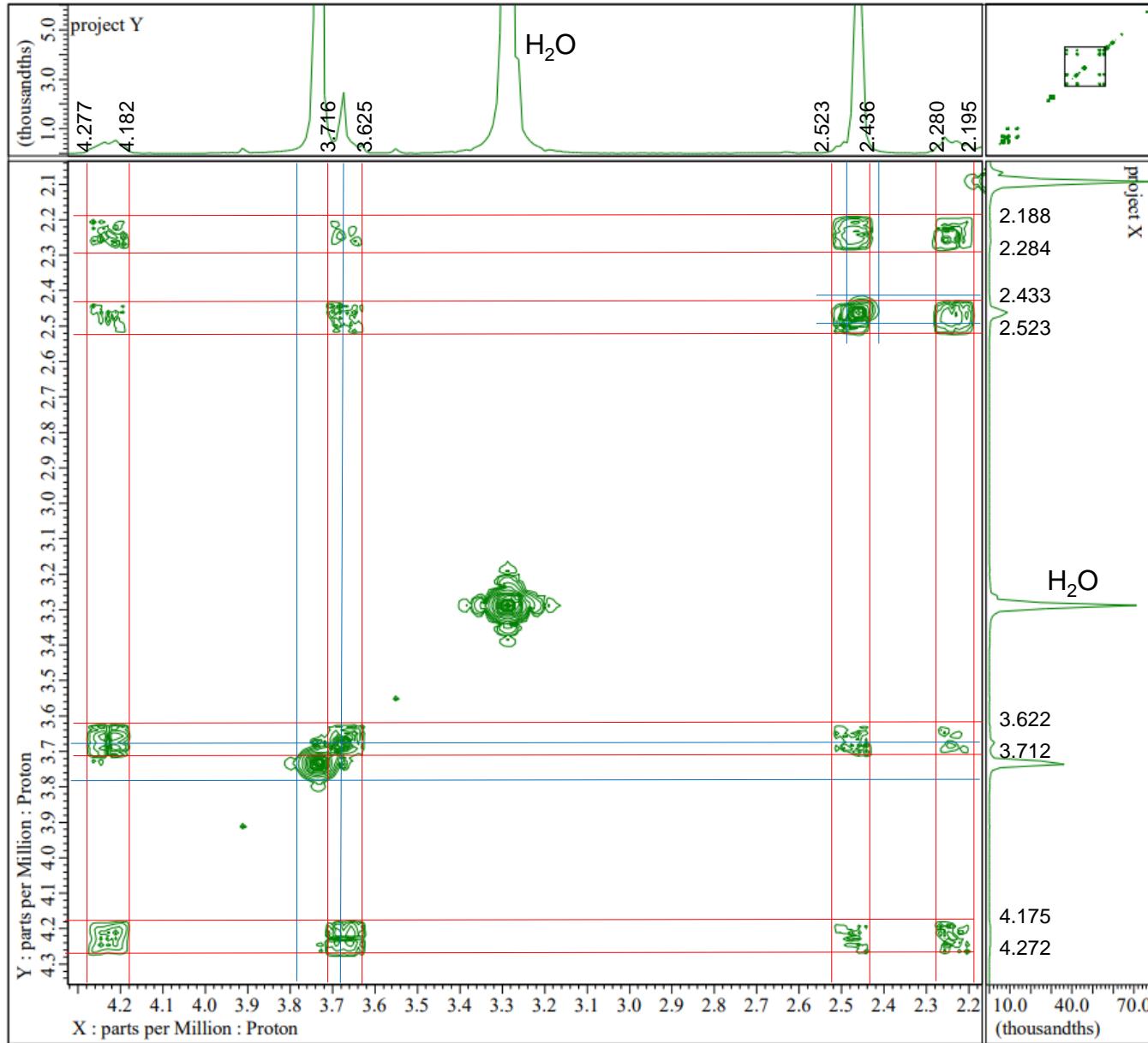
**Figure S5(D)** The 400 MHz  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectrum of the precipitate after shaking  $\alpha$ -form of INM in 25 mM  $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4/\text{Na}_2\text{HPO}_4$  buffer (pH 6.8) in the presence of 10 mM APM for 120 min. Only the indomethacin signal was observed and no APM signal was assigned.



**Figure S5(E)** The 400 MHz  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectrum of the precipitate after shaking  $\alpha$ -form of INM in 25 mM  $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4/\text{Na}_2\text{HPO}_4$  buffer (pH 6.8) in the presence of 10 mM DTZ for 120 min. Judging from the integral value of protons, it was confirmed that DTZ : INM was present in the precipitate at a ratio of 1:7.5, but no change in signal was observed. These findings suggest that the possibility of salt formation or co-crystallization between indomethacin and the solubilizers is low, indicating that indomethacin remains unaffected.



**Figure S5(F-1)** The 400 MHz  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectrum of DTZ in DMSO-d<sub>6</sub> (at 2.500 ppm). Chemical shifts are listed at the assigned positions in the chemical structural formulas. The number of protons, coupling, and spin-spin coupling constants are shown in parentheses.



**Figure S5(F-2)** The 400 MHz  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  COSY spectrum of DTZ in  $\text{DMSO-d}_6$ . It was shown that 3.715 and 4.268, 2.518 and 2.276 are geminal couplings.