

Supplementary Information

Boosting Quantum Yields and Circularly Polarized Luminescence of Penta- and Hexahelicenes by Doping with Two BN-Groups

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Abstract:

The incorporation of boron–nitrogen (BN) units into polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) as an isoelectronic replacement of two carbon atoms can significantly improve their optical properties, while the geometries are mostly retained. We report the first non- π -extended penta- and hexahelicenes comprising two aromatic 1,2-azaborinine rings. Comparing them with their all-carbon analogs regarding structural, spectral and (chir)optical properties allowed us to quantify the impact of the heteroatoms. In particular, BN-hexahelicene **BN[6]** exhibited a crystal structure congruent with its analog **CC[6]**, but displayed a fivefold higher fluorescence quantum yield ($\Phi_{fl} = 0.17$) and an outstanding luminescence dissymmetry factor ($|g_{lum}| = 1.33 \times 10^{-2}$). Such an unusual magnification of both properties at the same time makes BN-helicenes suitable candidates as circularly polarized luminescence emitters for applications in materials science.

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Abbreviations

app	Apparent (NMR)
aq.	Aqueous
ATR	Attenuated total reflectance
BPin	Boronic acid pinacol ester
br	Broad signal (IR)
calcd.	Calculated
COSY	Correlation spectroscopy (NMR)
CPL	Circularly polarized luminescence
(CSP)-HPLC	Chiral-stationary-phase high-performance liquid chromatography
CPCM	Conductor-like polarizable continuum model
d	Doublet (NMR)
DCM	Dichloromethane
DFT	Density functional theory
DIPA	Di- <i>isopropylamine</i>
dtbpy	4,4'-Di- <i>tert</i> -butyl-2,2'-dipyridyl
ECD	Electronic circular dichroism
ee	Enantiomeric excess
EI	Electron ionization
λ_{em}	Emission wavelength
equiv.	Equivalent
ESI	Electrospray ionization
λ_{ex}	Excitation wavelength
FT-IR	Fourier-Transform Infrared spectroscopy
HMBC	Heteronuclear multiple-bond correlation spectroscopy (NMR)
HR-MS	High resolution mass spectrometry
HSQC	Heteronuclear single-quantum correlation spectroscopy (NMR)
J	Coupling constant (NMR)
LED	Light-emitting diode
m	Multiplet (NMR), medium intensity (IR)
m.p.	Melting point
λ_{max}	Wavelength at intensity maximum
Mes	Mesityl group
MTBE	Methyl <i>tert</i> -butyl ether
<i>n</i> -BuLi	<i>n</i> -Butyllithium
NBS	<i>N</i> -Bromosuccinimide
NMR	Nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy
NICS	Nucleus-independent chemical shift
PAH	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon
SAEMS	Species-associated emission spectra
TCSPC	Time-correlated single photon counting
TRES	Time-resolved emission spectroscopy

1. General Methods and Materials

Unless stated otherwise, all syntheses were carried out under standard Schlenk conditions under an atmosphere of nitrogen or argon. If necessary, reactions were carried out in a nitrogen flushed glove box from Inert Innovative Technology Inc. or reagents were prepared and stored there. All glassware was heated under a vacuum below 0.1 mbar and flushed with inert gas at least three times prior to use. Syringes were flushed with inert gas at least three times before use. NMR tubes were dried in an oven at 110 °C for at least 2 h before use. If reactions were performed in microwave vials, Biotage® microwave reaction vials (2 – 5 mL or 10 – 20 mL) with aluminum caps and septa were used, withstanding pressures up to 30 bar. If reactions were performed in pressure vials, borosilicate pressure vials from FengTecEx, equipped with PTFE caps were used, withstanding pressures of up to 6 bar. Given yields refer to isolated compounds that were synthesized with a purity of ≥95% as determined by ¹H NMR spectroscopy.

1.1. NMR Spectroscopy

NMR spectra were recorded at 297 - 300 K. The respective spectrometers and the measuring frequencies are given in the left table below. The chemical shifts (δ) are given in ppm, relative to the residual solvent signals as denoted in the right table below (¹H and ¹³C{¹H} NMR).

Nucleus	Spectrometer frequency	Solvent	Reference signal / ppm
¹ H	500 MHz (Bruker DRX 500)	CDCl ₃	7.26 (¹ H)
	601 MHz (Bruker AVANCE NEO)		77.16 (¹³ C)
¹³ C{ ¹ H}	126 MHz (Bruker DRX 500)	C ₆ D ₆	7.16 (¹ H)
	151 MHz (Bruker AVANCE NEO)		128.06 (¹³ C)
¹¹ B{ ¹ H}	160 MHz (Bruker DRX 500)	CD ₂ Cl ₂	5.32 (¹ H)
	193 MHz (Bruker AVANCE NEO)		53.84 (¹³ C)
¹⁹ F	565 MHz (Bruker AVANCE NEO)	DMSO- <i>d</i> ₆	2.50 (¹ H)
²⁹ Si{ ¹ H}	99 MHz (Bruker DRX 500)	C ₂ D ₂ Cl ₄	39.52 (¹³ C)
	119 MHz (Bruker AVANCE NEO)		5.98 (¹ H)
³¹ P{ ¹ H}	243 MHz (Bruker AVANCE NEO)		

The signals were identified by using two dimensional methods such as ¹H - ¹H COSY, ¹H - ¹³C{¹H} HSQC and ¹H - ¹³C{¹H} HMBC experiments when possible. The positions of hydrogen and carbon atoms are labelled with letters to simplify their assignment.

1.2. IR Spectroscopy

IR spectra were recorded with a Thermo Scientific Nicolet FT-IR Spectrometer System spectrometer with an ATR unit, equipped with a diamond window. The absorption bands are reported in cm⁻¹.

1.3. Melting Points

Melting points were determined with a Büchi Melting Point M-560 apparatus with a heating rate of 5 °C min⁻¹.

1.4. Optical Measurements

All measurements were performed in DCM solutions. Absorption spectra that served for the determination of the extinction coefficients were recorded on a Shimadzu UV-2700 spectrometer. Absorption spectra that served for the determination of the sample concentration for temperature-dependent ECD measurements were recorded on an Agilent 8453 spectrophotometer. Quantum yields are double-corrected and were determined on a Jasco FP-8300 spectrofluorometer, using a Jasco ILF-835 integrating sphere. ECD spectra at increased temperature were recorded on a Jasco J-715 or J-815 spectropolarimeter. All other absorption, emission, ECD and CPL spectra were measured on an Olis DSM172 spectrophotometer, using an LED (λ_{ex} = 300 or 370 nm) as excitation source. Absorption, ECD and fluorescence spectra

were measured with an integration time of 0.01 s and a slit width of 2.00 mm or 3.00 mm. CPL was measured with an integration time of 1 s and a slit width of 1.00 mm. The obtained CPL spectra represent the average of several consecutive scans (**BN[5]**: 75 scans, **CC[5]**: 168 scans, **BN[6]**: 50 scans, **BN[5]-(CN)₂**: 52 scans). For all measurements, quartz cuvettes (path length: 1 cm) were used.

1.5. Time-Resolved Fluorescence

Time-resolved fluorescence decay traces were collected via the TCSPC method using a FluoTime 200 fluorometer (PicoQuant GmbH). The excitation source was a 375 nm laser using a 10 MHz excitation frequency (BN-helicenes) or a 320 nm LED (carbohelicenes). The full width at half maximum (fwhm) of the laser pulses was around 40 ps. The fluorescence emission was collected at a 90° geometry, focused at the detector after crossing through a polarizer (set at the magic angle), 2 mm slits, and a 2 nm bandwidth monochromator. TCSPC was achieved by a TimeHarp200 board, set at 36 ps/channel. Fluorescence decay traces were collected for the necessary time to reach 20 000 counts at the peak channel. For the analyzed compounds, decay traces were collected at the maximum of the main peaks of the emission spectra.

The fluorescence decay traces were fitted to a mono- or bi-exponential function (depending on the compound and the wavelength), by using a Levenberg-Marquardt algorithm-based nonlinear least-squares error minimization deconvolution method iterative reconvolution methods (FluoFit 4.4 package, PicoQuant GmbH). For each sample, the decay traces were fitted globally with the decay times linked as shared parameters, whereas the pre-exponential factors were local adjustable parameters. The quality of fittings was assessed by the value of the reduced chi-squared, χ^2 , parameter and random distributions of the weighted residuals and the autocorrelation functions.

Time-resolved emission spectroscopy (TRES) was performed with a 325 nm LED as excitation source and operating at 10 MHz excitation frequency during a fixed amount of time (500 s), to maintain the overall intensity information. For **CC[5]** and **CC[6]**, 37 fluorescence decay traces in the 360 - 540 nm emission range ($\Delta\lambda_{fl} = 5$ nm) while for **BN[6]**, 30 fluorescence decay traces in the 400 - 545 nm emission range were collected.

For the TRES analysis and the estimation of the species-associated emission spectra (SAEMS), the fitting procedure described above was performed. The SAEMS of each species i at any given emission wavelength (SAEMS $_{i}(\lambda_{em})$) is given by the fluorescence intensity emitted by the species i ($A_{i,\lambda_{em}} \times \tau_i$), normalized by the total intensity and corrected for the different detection sensitivity using the total intensity of the steady-state spectrum ($I_{ss,\lambda_{fl}}$):

$$SAEMS_i(\lambda_{em}) = \frac{A_{i,\lambda_{em}} \times \tau_i}{\sum_i A_{i,\lambda_{em}} \times \tau_i} \cdot I_{ss,\lambda_{em}}$$

The approximate contribution of each species can be assessed as the area under the SAEMS. This estimation assumes equal excitation rate for all the species, as the initial amount of each form in the excited state (after the pulse excitation) is unknown.

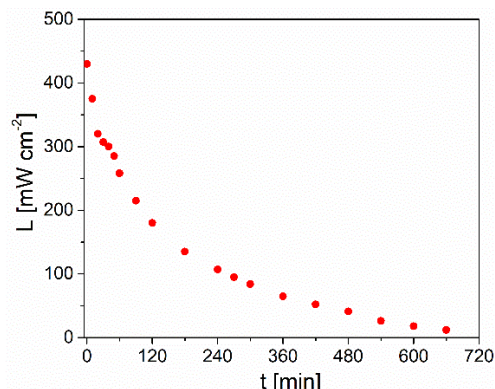
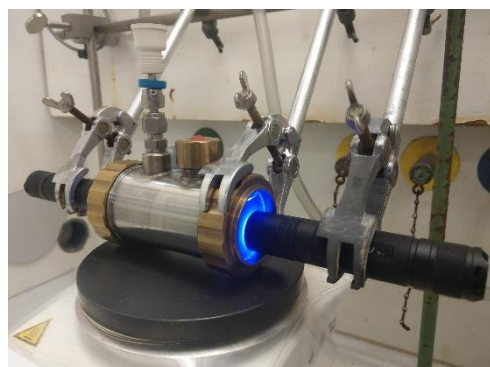
1.6. Mass Spectrometry

GC-MS analyses were performed using an Agilent Technologies 7890 B chromatograph with an Agilent Technologies 5977A mass selective detector and an Agilent Technologies dimethylpolysiloxane column (19091S-931E, nominal length 30 m, 0.25 mm diameter, 0.25 μ m grain size). High resolution EI mass spectra were recorded on a double focusing mass spectrometer ThermoQuest MAT 95 XL from Finnigan MAT (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000). High resolution ESI mass spectra were recorded on a Bruker Impact II. All signals were reported with the quotient from mass to charge (m/z).

1.7. Photochemical Setup

All photochemical syntheses were performed in a steel reaction vessel (maximum filling volume ~ 140 mL), equipped with two glass windows on each side, a steel screw cap with septum and a gas inlet (see below). Generally, the reaction mixtures were pre-mixed in a round-bottom flask and then poured into the vessel. After sealing, the mixtures were degassed by bubbling argon through them for 5 min while stirring. Two LEDs (Nichia NCSU276A, emission maximum at

365 nm, powered by 3500 mAh batteries) were used as light sources. The respective mixtures were stirred under irradiation for the timeframes as denoted in the experimental procedures. The decay of the radiance is shown below and was determined with an International Light Technologies ILT2400 Optical Meter and is given in mW/cm^2 .



1.8. Chromatography

TLC was performed using silica gel on alumina plates (Macherey-Nagel, ALUGRAM® Xtra SIL G/UV₂₅₄); the individual spots were visualized under a Lamag UV lamp (wavelengths: 254 nm / 365 nm). Manual chromatographic purifications were performed with the aid of silica gel provided by Macherey-Nagel (0.063 – 0.040 mm) and Merck (0.040 – 0.015 mm). Automated purifications were performed utilizing an Interchim Puriflash® 430 system. The cartridges were used depending on the amount of substance (40 g – 120 g; supplied from Interchim GmbH; grain size: 30 or 50 μm).

1.9. Single Crystals

Single crystals were grown as denoted in the section Single Crystal Data. In all cases, a suitable crystal was selected and measured on a Bruker D8 Venture CMOS diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 100.00 K during data collection. Using Olex2¹, the structure was solved with the XT² structure solution program using Intrinsic Phasing and refined with the XL³ refinement package using Least Squares minimization. The Deposition Numbers as denoted in the section Single Crystal Data contain the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data are provided free of charge by the joint Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre and Fachinformationszentrum Karlsruhe Access Structures service www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/structures.

1.10. (CSP)-HPLC

Chiral resolutions by (CSP)-HPLC were run either on an Agilent Series 1100 instrument equipped with a ReproSil Chiral-MIA (5 μm , 250 x 4.6 mm, amylose material) column for analytical amounts of sample, using a flow rate of 1.0 mL min^{-1} or on an Agilent Technologies 1260 Infinity II instrument equipped with a Chiralpak IA (5 μm , 250 x 10 mm, amylose material) column for semi-preparative amounts of sample, using a flow rate of 3.8 - 4.0 mL min^{-1} . The eluent mixtures and injection volumes are given for each individual compound in Section 4.

1.11. Chemicals

Unless stated otherwise, chemicals were used without further purification. In case the purity is not denoted in the table, it was not stated by the supplier.

Chemical	Supplier	Purity	Purification / Notes
4,4'-Azobis(4-cyanopentanoic acid)	Sigma Aldrich	98%	
(1,1'-Bis(diphenylphosphino)-ferrocene)dichloropalladium(II)	abcr	99.9%	[B]
Bis(pinacolato)diboron	abcr	98%	
Bis(triphenylphosphine)palladium(II) dichloride	chempur	99%	[B]

Chemical	Supplier	Purity	Purification / Notes
4-Bromobenzaldehyde	BLD Pharm	99%	
(4-Bromobenzyl)- triphenylphosphonium bromide	BLD Pharm	97%	
<i>N</i> -Bromosuccinimide	TCI	98%	
Bromo(triphenylphosphine)gold(I)	Alfa Aesar	99.99%	Premion ^[B]
1-(<i>tert</i> -Butyldimethylsilyl)- 2-chloro-1,2-azaborinine	abcr	98%	^[B]
<i>n</i> -Butyllithium	Acros	Acroseal	2.5 M solution in hexanes
Celite® 535	Roth		
Copper(I) iodide	Alfa Aesar	99.998%	^[B]
(1,5-Cyclooctadiene)- (methoxy)iridium(I) dimer	Sigma Aldrich	>98%	^[B]
1,2-Dibromobenzene	Thermo Fisher	98%	
Dichloro(<i>p</i> -cymene)ruthenium(II) dimer	Apollo Scientific	98%	^[B]
Dichloro(1,3-bis(diphenyl- phosphino)propane)nickel(II)	Sigma Aldrich	97%	^[B]
2-Dicyclohexylphosphino-2',6'- dimethoxybiphenyl (SPhos)	Strem	98%	^[B]
2,7-Dihydroxynaphthalene	Thermo Fisher	97%	
Diisopropylamine	Sigma Aldrich	99.5%	dist. from CaH ₂ ^{[A] [B] [C]}
4,4'-Di- <i>tert</i> -butyl-2,2'-bipyridyl	Sigma Aldrich	98%	
Gold(III) chloride	abcr	99%	^[B]
Iodine	abcr	99%	
Iodine monochloride	Sigma Aldrich	Sure/Seal	1.0 M solution in DCM
Mesitylmagnesium bromide	Sigma Aldrich	Sure/Seal	1.0 M solution in diethyl ether ^[B]
Methylmagnesium bromide	Thermo Fisher		3.0 M solution in diethyl ether ^[B]
Piperidine	abcr	99%	
Platinum(II) chloride	chempur	99.9%	^[B]
Potassium hydroxide	Sigma Aldrich	85%+	
Potassium phosphate	Sigma Aldrich	98%+	
Propylene oxide	Thermo Fisher	99%+	
Silver hexafluoroantimonate(V)	Alfa Aesar	99%	^[B]
Sodium hydrogen carbonate	VWR	100%	
Sodium hydroxide	VWR	98.6%	
Sodium sulfate	Merck	99%+	
Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate	VWR	99.8%+	
Terephthalaldehyde	BLD Pharm	99.63%	
Triethylamine	Acros	99%	anhydrous ^{[A] [B]}
Trifluoromethanesulfonic acid anhydride	abcr	99%	
Trimethylsilyl chloride	Sigma Aldrich	99%	
Trimethylsilylacetylene	abcr / fluorochem	98%	^{[A] [B]}
Triphenylphosphine	Alfa Aesar	99%	
Tris(dibenzylideneacetone)- dipalladium(0)	Sigma Aldrich	97%+	^[B]

Purification methods:

[A] Degassed by bubbling argon

[B] Stored under inert conditions in a glove box / in a Schlenk vessel

[C] Stored over molecular sieves (3 or 4 Å)

1.12. Solvents

Unless stated otherwise, solvents were used without further purification. If a dried solvent was required, the additional purification / desiccation steps as denoted in the last column of the subsequent table were performed. Moreover, the use of a dried solvent is mentioned in the regarding experimental procedure, if relevant.

Solvent	Supplier	Purity / Purification	Additional Purifications / Desiccation
Benzene	Sigma Aldrich	99.8%	[B]
Benzene- <i>d</i> ₆	Deutero	>99.5%	
Chloroform	Sigma Aldrich	99.0-99.4%	
Chloroform- <i>d</i> ₁	Deutero	99.8%	[C]
Cyclohexane	VWR	99.5%	
Dichloromethane	VWR	100%	
Dichloromethane- <i>d</i> ₂	Deutero	>99.6%	
Diethyl ether	VWR	distilled by rotary evaporation	[D]
Dimethylformamide	VWR	99.9%	
1,4-Dioxane	Thermo Fisher	99.5%	[B] [C]
Ethyl acetate	VWR	99.9%	
<i>n</i> -Hexane	Sigma Aldrich	99%	
Hydrochloric acid	Merck	37% aq. solution	
Mesitylene	Merck	98%	[A] [B]
Methanol	VWR	100%	
Methyl- <i>tert</i> -butyl ether	Acros	Acroseal, 99%	[A] [B]
<i>n</i> -Pentane	VWR	95%, distilled by rotary evaporation	
Pyridine	Sigma Aldrich	99.5%+	
Sulfuric acid	VWR	95%	
Tetrahydrofuran	VWR	100%	[B] [D]
Toluene	VWR	HPLC grade	[B] [D]
Water		Deionized	[A]

Purification methods:

[A] Degassed by bubbling argon

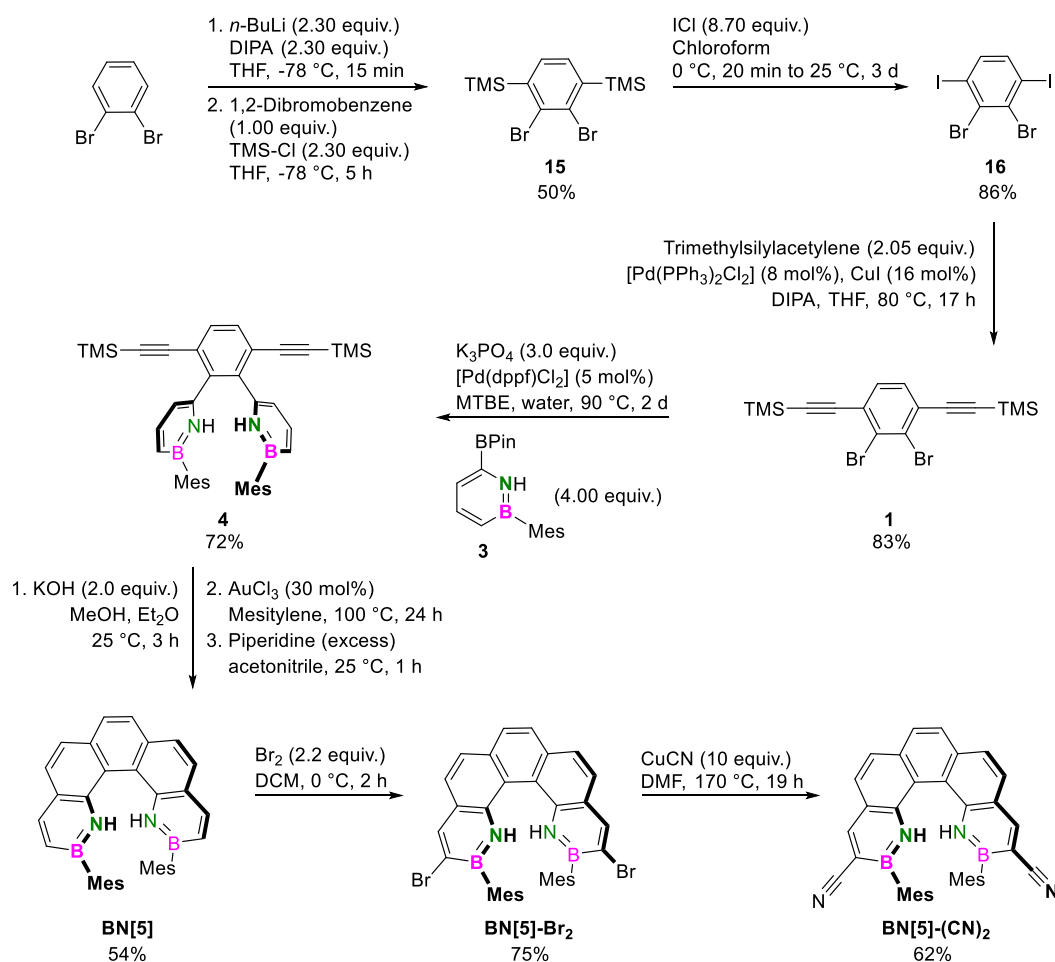
[B] Stored under inert conditions in a glove box / in a Schlenk vessel

[C] Stored over molecular sieves (3 or 4 Å)

[D] Purified via an Inert PS-MD-6 solvent purification system (SPS) (if denoted as "dry")

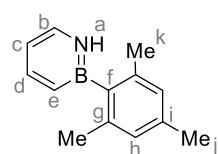
2. Experimental Procedures

2.1. Synthetic Route towards BN[5] and BN[5]-(CN)₂



Scheme S1. Overview of the syntheses towards BN[5] and subsequent functionalization to obtain BN[5]-(CN)₂.

2.1.1. 1-Hydro-2-mesityl-1,2-azaborinine (14)



In a glove box, 1-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-2-chloro-1,2-azaborinine (2.28 g, 10.0 mmol, 1.00 equiv.) was dissolved in dry THF (100 mL). Outside the box on a Schlenk line, the solution was cooled to -78 °C. A solution of mesityllithium (3.15 g, 25.0 mmol, 2.50 equiv.)* in dry THF (15 mL) was added over the course of 5 min while stirring. The cooling bath was removed and stirring was continued for 30 min. *n*-Pentane and water (50 mL, respectively) were added and the phases were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with *n*-pentane (3 x 50 mL) and the combined organic phases were washed with water (2 x 50 mL). After drying over sodium sulfate, filtration and evaporation of THF and *n*-pentane in vacuo, a yellow oil was obtained. ¹H NMR spectroscopy revealed a quantitative conversion. The crude product was dissolved in dry THF (200 mL). At 25 °C, a solution of tetra-*n*-butylammonium fluoride (1.0 M in THF, 12.0 mL, 12.0 mmol, 1.20 equiv.) was added at once. Stirring was continued for 1 h at this temperature. Afterwards, cyclohexane and water (50 mL, respectively) were added and the phases were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with cyclohexane (3 x 50 mL) and the combined organic phases were washed with water (2 x 50 mL). After drying over sodium sulfate, filtration and evaporation of the solvents in vacuo, a brown oil was obtained. Remaining mesitylene and *tert*-butyldimethylsilylated derivatives were removed by rotary evaporation (5 mbar, 95 °C water bath temperature) until weight constancy (this took ca. 3–4 h). A light brown oil (1.90 g, 96% over two steps, Lit.⁴: 66%) was obtained, that slowly solidified at 5 °C.

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.89 (app br s, 1H, a),⁵ 7.74 (ddd, ³J = 11.1, 6.5 Hz, ⁴J = 1.2 Hz, 1H, d), 7.41 (dd, ³J = 7.0, 6.5 Hz, 1H, b), 6.93 – 6.87 (m, 3H, e, h), 6.40 (dddd, ³J = 6.5, 6.5 Hz, ⁴J = 1.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H, c), 2.33 (s, 3H, j), 2.19 (s, 6H, k) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR* (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 143.9 (d), 140.4 (g), 137.4 (i), 133.9 (b), 127.3 (h), 110.6 (c), 23.2 (k), 21.3 (j) ppm.

¹¹B{¹H} NMR (160 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 36.1 ppm.

IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 3372 (m), 3086 (w), 3025 (w), 2956 (w), 2914 (w), 1652 (w), 1597 (m), 1540 (s), 1448 (s), 1339 (m), 1150 (m), 971 (m), 870 (m), 852 (s), 766 (s), 712 (s).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): *m/z* (%) calcd. for C₁₃H₁₆¹¹BN 197.13703 [M]⁺, found 197.13732 [M]⁺ (100).

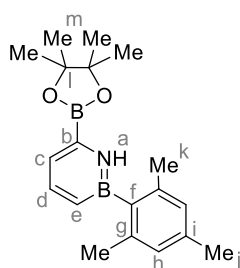
M.p.: 53 °C.

R_f (silica, eluents: 5% diethyl ether in cyclohexane): 0.43.

* Compound synthesized according to a literature procedure.⁶

** The signals of the carbon atoms e and f were not detected due to the presence of an adjacent boron atom.⁷⁻⁹

2.1.2. 1-Hydro-2-mesityl-6-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1,2-azaborinine (3)



In a glove box, [Ir(OMe)(cod)]₂ (99.4 mg, 150 μmol, 1.5 mol%), dtbpy (80.5 mg, 300 μmol, 3 mol%), bis(pinacolato)diboron (2.79 g, 11.0 mmol, 1.10 equiv.) and dry MTBE (40 mL) were mixed. The mixture was added to a stirred solution of 1-hydro-2-mesityl-1,2-azaborinine (**14**, 1.97 g, 10.0 mmol, 1.00 equiv.) in dry MTBE (160 mL) and stirring was continued for 17 h at 25 °C. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the dark brown, crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica, eluents: 5% diethyl ether in *n*-pentane) to yield a colorless solid (2.32 g, 72%, Lit.⁴: 95%).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.40 (app br s, 1H, a),⁵ 7.72 (dd, ³J = 11.1, 6.5 Hz, 1H, d), 7.06 (ddd, ³J = 11.1 Hz, ⁴J = 1.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H, e), 6.97 (ddd, ³J = 6.5 Hz, ⁴J = 1.7, 1.3 Hz, 1H, c), 6.89 (s, 2H, h), 2.32 (s, 3H, j), 2.17 (s, 6H, k), 1.33 (s, 12H, m) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR* (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 142.6 (d), 140.4 (g), 137.3 (i), 127.2 (h), 119.8 (c), 84.8 (l), 25.0 (m), 23.3 (k), 21.3 (j) ppm.

¹¹B{¹H} NMR (160 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 35.9 (azaborinine), 29.5 (BPin) ppm.

IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 3394 (m), 3020 (w), 2972 (m), 2921 (m), 2854 (w), 1705 (w), 1609 (m), 1543 (m), 1446 (w), 1413 (m), 1370 (s), 1325 (s), 1142 (s), 960 (m), 847 (s).

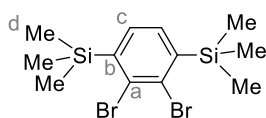
HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): *m/z* (%) calcd. for C₁₉H₂₇¹⁰B₂NO₂ 321.22950 [M]⁺, found 321.23008 [M]⁺ (100).

M.p.: 141 °C.

R_f (silica, eluents: 5% diethyl ether in *n*-pentane): 0.33.

* The signals of the carbon atoms b, e and f were not detected due to the presence of an adjacent boron atom.⁷⁻⁹

2.1.3. 1,4-bis(trimethylsilyl)-2,3-dibromobenzene (15)



Dry THF (50 mL) was cooled to –78 °C in a 500 mL Schlenk flask. At this temperature, *n*-BuLi (9.20 mL, 23.0 mmol, 2.30 equiv.) and DIPA (2.33 g, 23.0 mmol, 2.30 equiv.) were added.

After 15 min of stirring, the resulting solution was added to a solution of 1,2-dibromobenzene (2.36 g, 10.0 mmol, 1.00 equiv.) and trimethylsilyl chloride (2.50 g, 23.0 mmol, 2.30 equiv.) in dry THF (50 mL) at –78 °C over the course of 3 min. The reaction mixture was stirred at this temperature for 5 h and quenched with diluted sulfuric acid (2 M, 50 mL). The resulting mixture was diluted with water (100 mL) and extracted with diethyl ether (3 x 40 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The product was allowed to crystallize (14 d, –20 °C) and washed with methanol (5 mL) to obtain colorless, rhomboid crystals (1.90 g, 50%, Lit.¹⁰: 55%).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.33 (s, 2H, c), 0.39 (s, 18H, d) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 145.9 (b), 134.1 (c), 133.5 (a), –0.3 (d) ppm.

²⁹Si{¹H} NMR (99 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 0.4 ppm.

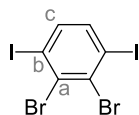
IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm^{-1}] = 3057 (w), 2953 (m), 2897 (w), 1405 (w), 1371 (w), 1319 (s), 1248 (s), 1189 (s), 1159 (s), 1034 (s), 837 (s), 756 (s), 710 (m), 659 (m), 660 (w).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): m/z (%) calc. for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{20}^{79}\text{Br}_2\text{Si}_2$ 377.94648 [M]⁺, found 377.94596 [M]⁺ (5), 365.0 (100).

M.p.: 70 °C (Lit.¹¹: 71 – 73 °C).

R_f (silica, eluent: cyclohexane): 0.79.

2.1.4. 2,3-Dibromo-1,4-diiodobenzene (16)



Iodine monochloride (1.0 M in DCM, 110 mL, 110 mmol, 8.70 equiv.) was added to a solution of 1,4-bis(trimethylsilyl)-2,3-dibromobenzene (**15**, 4.82 g, 12.7 mmol, 1.00 equiv.) in chloroform (200 mL) at 0 °C over the course of 20 min. The mixture was stirred for 3 d at 25 °C. The solvent was removed in vacuo. Using a rotary evaporator (5 mbar, 80 °C water bath temperature), the remaining iodine and iodine monochloride were sublimed to the edge of the reaction flask until the remaining solid had a pale-yellow color. The latter was crystallized from methanol (–20 °C, ca. 100 mL) to yield colorless flakes (5.35 g, 86%, Lit.¹²: 91%).

¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.47 (s, 2H, c) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 139.9 (c), 132.0 (a), 101.6 (b) ppm.

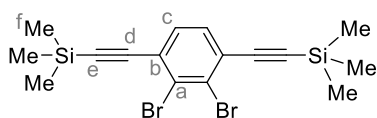
IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm^{-1}] = 3078 (w), 3024 (w), 2963 (w), 1399 (s), 1318 (s), 1310 (s), 1152 (s), 1005 (s), 943 (w), 798 (s), 748 (w), 731 (s), 708 (s).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): m/z (%) calc. for $\text{C}_6\text{H}_2^{79}\text{Br}_2\text{I}_2$ 485.66072 [M]⁺, found 485.66098 [M]⁺ (43), 487.7 (100).

M.p.: 130 °C (Lit.¹²: 125 – 126 °C).

R_f (silica, eluent: cyclohexane): 0.74.

2.1.5. 2,3-Dibromo-1,4-bis(trimethylsilyl)ethynylbenzene (1)



In a glove box, 2,3-dibromo-1,4-diiodobenzene (**16**, 4.88 g, 10.0 mmol, 1.00 equiv.), copper(I) iodide (305 mg, 1.60 mmol, 16 mol%), [Pd(PPh₃)₂Cl₂] (491 mg, 0.70 mmol, 7.0 mol%), DIPA (40 mL) and dry THF (200 mL) were placed in a Schlenk flask. While stirring, trimethylsilylacetylene (2.01 g, 20.5 mmol, 2.05 equiv.) was added dropwise to the mixture, which subsequently was heated to 80 °C for 17 h. After cooling, DCM and water (200 mL, respectively) were added. The phases were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (3 x 50 mL). The organic layer was then washed with water (2 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was filtered over silica (eluent: cyclohexane). Removing the solvent in vacuo furnished a yellow oil (3.56 g, 83%), that slowly crystallized at 25 °C.

¹H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.35 (s, 2H, c), 0.27 (s, 18H, f) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 131.5 (c), 128.9 (b), 127.1 (a), 103.2 (e), 102.4 (d), -0.1 (f) ppm.

²⁹Si{¹H} NMR (99 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = –16.5 ppm.

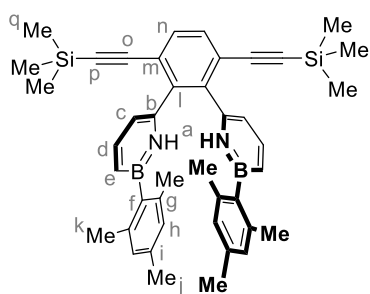
IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm^{-1}] = 2953 (w), 2925 (w), 2896 (w), 2171 (w), 2152 (w), 1436 (m), 1408 (w), 1350 (m), 1247 (s), 1095 (w), 912 (w), 839 (s), 824 (s), 757 (s), 698 (m), 656 (m).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): m/z (%) calc. for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{20}^{79}\text{Br}_2\text{Si}_2$ 425.94648 [M]⁺, found 425.94696 [M]⁺ (22), 413.1 (100).

M.p.: 79 °C.

R_f (silica, eluent: cyclohexane): 0.50.

2.1.6. 1,2-bis(6-(1-Hydro-2-mesityl)-1,2-azaborinyl)-3,6-bis((trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)benzene (**4**)



A pressure vial was charged with 2,3-dibromo-1,4-bis(trimethylsilyl)ethynylbenzene (**1**, 428 mg, 1.00 mmol, 1.00 equiv.), 2-mesityl-6-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1,2-azaborinine (**3**, 1.29 g, 4.00 mmol, 4.00 equiv.) and potassium phosphate (637 mg, 3.00 mmol, 3.00 equiv.). In a glove box, [Pd(dppf)Cl₂] (36.6 mg, 50.0 μmol, 5 mol%) and dry MTBE (45 mL) were added. Outside the box on a Schlenk line, degassed water (5 mL) was added and the reaction mixture was further degassed by bubbling Ar through it for 5 min. The reaction mixture was heated at 90 °C for 2 d. Water (40 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with diethyl ether (3 × 40 mL). The combined organic phases were concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica, eluents: 1% diethyl ether in cyclohexane) to remove the excess of BPin-azaborinine **3**. Recrystallization from methanol (200 mL) yielded a colorless solid (476 mg, 72%).

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.57 (dd, ³J = 11.2, 6.7 Hz, 2H, d), 7.56 (app br s, 2H, a),⁵ 7.52 (s, 2H, n), 6.80 (s, 4H, h), 6.71 (dt, ³J = 11.2 Hz, ⁴J = 1.5 Hz, 2H, e), 6.27 (ddd, ³J = 6.7 Hz, ⁴J = 2.0, 1.2 Hz, 2H, c), 2.27 (s, 6H, j), 2.00 (s, 12H, k), 0.07 (s, 18H, q) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 143.4 (d), 141.4 (b), 141.1 (l), 140.3 (g), 137.2 (i), 132.7 (n), 130.2 (e), 127.0 (h), 123.9 (m), 112.9 (c), 102.4 (p), 100.9 (o), 23.4 (k), 21.3 (j), -0.2 (q) ppm.

¹¹B{¹H} NMR (193 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 37.4 ppm.

²⁹Si{¹H} NMR (99 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -17.3 ppm.

IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 3395 (w), 3354 (w), 3019 (w), 2958 (m), 2915 (w), 2856 (w), 2152 (w), 1609 (m), 1544 (s), 1447 (s), 1373 (m), 1249 (s), 1153 (w), 1118 (w), 1087 (w), 885 (s), 840 (s), 761 (s), 730 (m), 701 (w).

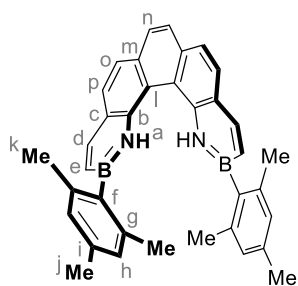
HR-MS (ESI positive): *m/z* calc. for C₄₂H₅₀¹¹B₂N₂NaSi₂ 683.35908 [M+Na]⁺, found 683.35888 [M+Na]⁺.

M.p.: 250 °C.

R_f (silica, eluents: 1% diethyl ether in cyclohexane): 0.29.

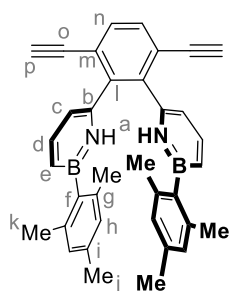
The signal of the carbon atom f was not detected due to the presence of an adjacent boron atom.⁷⁻⁹

2.1.7. 1,14-Dihydro-2,13-dimesityl-1,14-diaza-2,13-diborapentahelicene (BN[5])



1,2-bis(6-(1-Hydro-2-mesityl)-1,2-azaborinyl)-3,6-bis((trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)benzene (**4**, 266 mg, 403 μmol, 1.00 equiv.) was dissolved in methanol and diethyl ether (100 mL, respectively). Potassium hydroxide (45.2 mg, 806 μmol, 2.00 equiv.) was added and the mixture was stirred for 3 h at 25 °C, when a quantitative deprotection was determined by TLC. Diethyl ether and brine (50 mL, respectively) were added, the phases were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with diethyl ether (3 × 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (2 × 50 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and the solvents were removed in vacuo. The crude product was placed in a pressure vial. In a glove box, gold(III) chloride (37.1 mg, 121 μmol, 30 mol%) and dry mesitylene (20 mL) were added. The mixture was heated at 100 °C for 24 h. After cooling, it was filtered over Celite and rinsed with toluene (50 mL) to remove the catalyst. The solvents were removed in vacuo the crude product was redissolved in acetonitrile (50 mL). Piperidine (3.0 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred for 1 h at 25 °C to derivatize the *endo/exo* side-product **8** (ratio <5%). The volatiles were removed in vacuo and the crude product was filtered over silica (eluents: 1% diethyl ether in cyclohexane). Subsequently, it was dissolved in methanol (100 mL). At a rotary evaporator (water bath temperature: 60 °C), the methanol was slowly evaporated until the product precipitated. This sequence was repeated until no more product was present in solution. Filtration via a glass frit gave a yellow solid (112 mg, 54%).

Deprotected Alkyne (6):



$^1\text{H NMR}$ (600 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.80 (app br s, 2H, a),⁵ 7.58 (s, 2H, n), 7.53 (dd, 3J = 11.1, 6.7 Hz, 2H, d), 6.84 (s, 4H, h), 6.74 (ddd, 3J = 11.1 Hz, 4J = 2.0, 1.2 Hz, 2H, e), 6.07 (ddd, 3J = 6.7 Hz, 4J = 2.0, 1.2 Hz, 2H, c), 3.14 (s, 2H, p), 2.29 (s, 6H, j), 2.11 (s, 12H, k) ppm.

R_f (silica, eluents: 1% diethyl ether in cyclohexane): 0.06.

Helicene (BN[5]):

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (600 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 8.31 (br s, 2H, a), 8.23 (d, 3J = 11.3 Hz, 2H, d), 7.92 (d, 3J = 8.1 Hz, 2H, p), 7.86 (s, 2H, n), 7.79 (d, 3J = 8.1 Hz, 2H, o), 7.02 (dd, 3J = 11.3, 4J = 1.6 Hz, 2H, e), 6.76 (s, 4H, h), 2.26 (s, 6H, j), 1.81 (s, 12H, k) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 145.0 (d), 140.8 (g), 137.7 (i), 136.1 (f), 135.7 (b), 134.5 (m), 132.6 (e), 129.1 (p), 128.0 (n), 127.8 (h), 123.6 (c), 121.5 (o), 117.8 (l), 23.4 (k), 21.3 (j) ppm.

$^{11}\text{B}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (193 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 37.7 ppm.

IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm^{-1}] = 3409 (w), 3019 (w), 2959 (m), 2919 (m), 2853 (w), 2360 (w), 2342 (w), 1608 (m), 1571 (s), 1538 (m), 1440 (s), 1344 (m), 1261 (m), 1261 (m), 1068 (m), 1026 (m), 845 (s), 815 (m), 802 (m), 691 (m), 660 (w).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, $R \sim 10\ 000$): m/z (%) calc. for $\text{C}_{36}\text{H}_{34}^{11}\text{B}_2\text{N}_2$ 514.29752 [M]⁺, found 514.29664 [M]⁺ (100).

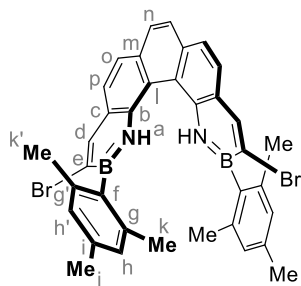
M.p.: 220 °C.

R_f (silica, eluents: 1% diethyl ether in cyclohexane): 0.12.

UV/Vis (DCM): λ_{max} (ϵ) = 283 nm (48 213 mol⁻¹ dm³ cm⁻¹).

Fluorescence (DCM): λ_{ex} = 370 nm, λ_{em} = 407, 428 nm.

2.1.8. 3,12-Dibromo-1,14-dihydro-2,13-dimesityl-1,14-diaza-2,13-diborapentahelicene (BN[5]-Br₂)



1,14-Dihydro-2,13-dimesityl-1,14-diaza-2,13-diborapentahelicene (BN[5], 51.6 mg, 100 μmol , 1.00 equiv.) was dissolved in DCM (10 mL) and cooled to 0 °C. A solution of bromine (35.2 mg, 220 μmol , 2.20 equiv.) in DCM (1.0 mL) was added over the course of 10 min and the solution was stirred at the same temperature for 2 h. Sodium thiosulfate (300 mg) was added and the mixture was stirred for 15 min at 25 °C. Afterwards, the mixture was filtered and the crude product was subjected to column chromatography (silica, eluents: cyclohexane \rightarrow 5% diethyl ether in cyclohexane) to yield a yellow solid (50.7 mg, 75%).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (601 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 8.55 (s, 2H, d), 8.28 (br s, 2H, a), 7.87 (d, 3J = 8.2 Hz, 2H, p), 7.84 (s, 2H, n), 7.81 (d, 3J = 8.2 Hz, 2H, o), 6.92 (d, 4J = 1.6 Hz, 2H, h), 6.70 (d, 4J = 1.6 Hz, 2H, h'), 2.29 (s, 6H, j), 2.10 (s, 6H, k), 1.67 (s, 6H, k') ppm.

$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 147.2 (d), 142.0 (g), 139.1 (g'), 138.2 (i), 135.2 (b), 134.9 (m), 134.5 (f), 130.4 (e), 128.7 (p), 128.3 (n), 127.8 (h), 127.3 (h'), 123.9 (c), 122.6 (o), 117.6 (l), 23.6 (k), 22.9 (k'), 21.4 (j) ppm.

$^{11}\text{B}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (193 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 36.4 ppm.

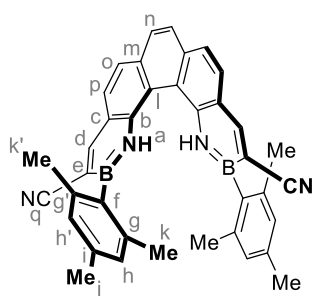
IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm^{-1}] = 3400 (m), 2964 (w), 2945 (w), 2917 (w), 1610 (s), 1578 (m), 1563 (s), 1452 (m), 1417 (s), 1346 (m), 1218 (w), 1157 (w), 1018 (m), 914 (m), 841 (s), 815 (m), 690 (m).

HR-MS (ESI negative): m/z calc. for $\text{C}_{36}\text{H}_{31}^{11}\text{B}_2^{79}\text{Br}_2\text{N}_2$ 671.10612 [M-H]⁻, found 671.10626 [M-H]⁻.

M.p.: Decomposed at $T > 310$ °C.

R_f (silica, eluents: 2% diethyl ether in cyclohexane): 0.29.

2.1.9. 3,12-Dicyano-1,14-dihydro-2,13-dimesityl-1,14-diaza-2,13-diborapentahelicene (BN[5]-(CN)₂)



3,12-Dibromo-1,14-dihydro-2,13-dimesityl-1,14-diaza-2,13-diborapentahelicene (BN[5]-Br₂, 10.1 mg, 15.0 μmol, 1.00 equiv.) and copper(I) cyanide (13.4 mg, 150 μmol, 10.0 equiv.) were placed in a 2 – 5 mL microwave vial. In a glove box, dry DMF (1 mL) was added. The solution was stirred for 19 h at 170 °C in an oil bath. After cooling, water (10 mL) and DCM (10 mL) were added and the phases were separated. The organic layer was washed with water (3 x 10 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was subjected to column chromatography (silica, eluent: DCM) to yield a yellow solid (5.2 mg, 62%).

¹H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.69 (s, 2H, d), 8.35 (br s, 2H, a), 8.00 (d, ³J = 8.3 Hz, 2H, p), 7.97 (s, 2H, n), 7.91 (d, ³J = 8.3 Hz, 2H, o), 6.92 (s, 2H, h), 6.68 (s, 2H, h'), 2.28 (s, 6H, j), 2.07 (s, 6H, k), 1.66 (s, 6H, k') ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 154.4 (d), 142.0 (g), 139.1 (g'), 139.0 (i), 137.0 (b), 136.9 (m), 132.1 (f), 130.0 (p), 129.8 (n), 128.5 (h), 127.8 (h'), 123.3 (o), 122.2 (c), 121.2 (q), 117.3 (l), 113.1 (e), 23.4 (k), 23.0 (k'), 21.4 (j) ppm.

¹¹B{¹H} NMR (193 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 36.8 ppm.

IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 3436 (w), 3423 (w), 3292 (w), 2962 (w), 2922 (w), 2853 (w), 2214 (m), 1608 (m), 1575 (s), 1540 (m), 1432 (m), 1377 (w), 1354 (w), 1233 (w), 1217 (w), 1159 (w), 963 (w), 844 (m), 740 (w), 687 (m).

HR-MS (ESI negative): *m/z* calc. for C₃₈H₃₁¹¹B₂N₄ 565.27528 [M-H]⁻, found 565.27481 [M-H]⁻.

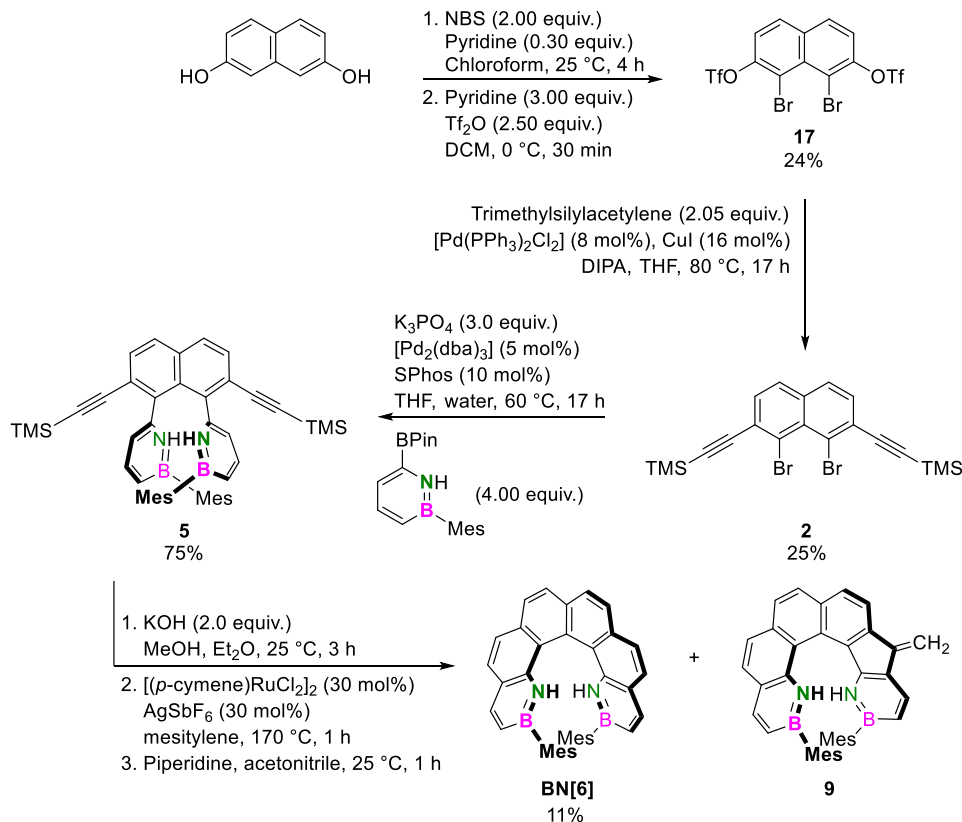
M.p.: Decomposed at T > 345 °C.

R_f (silica, eluent: DCM): 0.61.

UV/Vis (DCM): λ_{max} (ε) = 313 nm (27 991 mol⁻¹ dm³ cm⁻¹).

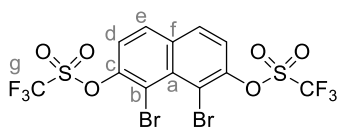
Fluorescence (DCM): λ_{ex} = 370 nm, λ_{em} = 424, 446 nm.

2.2. Synthetic Route towards BN[6]



Scheme S2. Overview of the syntheses towards BN[6].

2.2.1. 1,8-Dibromo-2,7-bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)naphthalene (17)



2,7-Dihydroxynaphthalene (12.8 g, 80.0 mmol, 1.00 equiv.), NBS (28.4 g, 160 mmol, 2.00 equiv.) and pyridine (1.88 g, 24.0 mmol, 0.30 equiv.) were dissolved in chloroform (500 mL). The solution was stirred for 4 h at 25 °C. It was washed with HCl (1 M, 3 x 150 mL) and water (3 x 100 mL). The combined organic layers were dried

over sodium sulfate and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The obtained yellow solid (13.7 g, 43.1 mmol, 1.00 equiv. under the assumption that solely species with two bromo substituents were present) was dissolved in DCM (200 mL). It was cooled to 0 °C, then pyridine (10.3 g, 129 mmol, 3.00 equiv.) was added at once and trifluoromethanesulfonic acid anhydride (30.4 g, 108 mmol, 2.50 equiv.) was added dropwise over the course of 10 min. The reaction was allowed to stir at 0 °C for 30 min. The mixture was washed with a sat. aq. sol. of NaHCO₃ (3 x 150 mL) and extracted with DCM (3 x 80 mL). The organic layer was washed with an aq. sol. of HCl (10%, 3 x 100 mL), dried over sodium sulfate and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was recrystallized from methanol twice (90 mL used, respectively) to yield colorless needles (6.00 g, 24%, Lit.¹³: 27%).

¹H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.97 (d, ³J = 9.0 Hz, 2H, e), 7.56 (d, ³J = 9.0 Hz, 2H, d) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR: (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 148.5 (c), 134.1 (f), 131.3 (a), 131.0 (e), 122.0 (d), 118.8 (q, ¹J_{C-F} = 320.7 Hz, g), 116.0 (b) ppm.

¹⁹F NMR: (565 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -73.2 ppm.

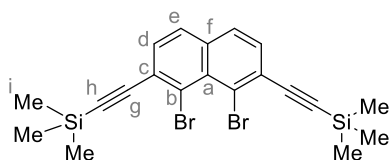
IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 3112 (w), 3082 (w), 2852 (w), 2359 (w), 1590 (w), 1494 (w), 1428 (s), 1412 (m), 1322 (m), 1246 (m), 1233 (m), 1201 (s), 1178 (s), 1147 (s), 1131 (s), 991 (m), 873 (s), 844 (s), 832 (s), 775 (m), 770 (m), 727 (s), 696 (m).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): *m/z* (%) calc. for C₁₂H₄⁷⁹Br₂F₆O₆S₂ 579.77147 [M]⁺, found 579.77205 [M]⁺ (25), 287.9 (100).

M.p.: 123 °C.

R_f (silica, eluents: 7% diethyl ether in cyclohexane): 0.17.

2.2.2. 1,8-Dibromo-2,7-bis(trimethylsilylethynyl)naphthalene (2)



In a glove box, 1,8-dibromo-2,7-bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)naphthalene (17, 232 mg, 400 μmol, 1.00 eq), trimethylsilylacetylene (314 mg, 3.20 mmol, 8.00 equiv.), [Pd(dppf)Cl₂] (14.6 mg, 20.0 μmol, 5 mol%), CuI (14.6 mg, 40.0 μmol, 10 mol%) were mixed and suspended in dry DMF and TEA (4.0 mL, respectively). The mixture was stirred for 17 h at 25 °C. The mixture was diluted

with DCM (50 mL) and washed with water (3 x 30 mL). The solvent was removed in vacuo and the residue was purified by column chromatography (silica, eluent: cyclohexane). Crystallization from methanol (2 mL) yielded a yellow solid (75.3 mg, 39%). The reaction was repeated on a 10.0 mmol scale, directly performing a crystallization from methanol (40 mL) without prior column chromatography (1.17 g, 25%).

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.65 (d, ³J = 8.4 Hz, 2H, e), 7.51 (d, ³J = 8.4 Hz, 2H, d), 0.31 (s, 18H, i) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 135.5 (f), 130.6 (d), 130.4 (a), 128.4 (c), 128.3 (e), 123.9 (b), 105.0 (g), 102.6 (h), -0.1 (i) ppm.

²⁹Si{¹H} NMR (99 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -16.7 ppm.

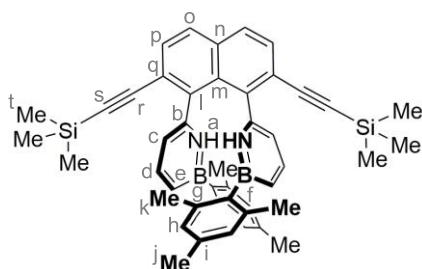
IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 2958 (w), 2898 (w), 2359 (w), 2342 (w), 2151 (w), 1494 (w), 1331 (w), 1244 (m), 1193 (m), 1182 (m), 1141 (m), 834 (s), 758 (s), 697 (s).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): *m/z* (%) calc. for C₂₀H₂₂⁷⁹Br₂Si₂ 475.96213 [M]⁺, found 475.96264 [M]⁺ (43), 477.7 (100).

M.p.: 164 °C.

R_f (silica, eluent: cyclohexane): 0.13.

2.2.3. 1,8-bis(6-(1-Hydro-2-mesityl)-1,2-azaborinyl)-2,7-bis((trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)naphthalene (5)



A pressure vial was charged with 1,8-dibromo-2,7-bis(trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)naphthalene (**2**, 163 mg, 340 μmol , 1.00 equiv.), 2-mesityl-6-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1,2-azaborinine (**3**, 439 mg, 1.36 mmol, 4.00 equiv.) and potassium phosphate (217 mg, 1.02 mmol, 3.00 mmol). In a glove box, $[\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3]$ (15.6 mg, 17.0 μmol , 5 mol%), SPhos (14.0 mg, 34.1 μmol , 10 mol%) and dry THF (15.3 mL) were added. Outside the glove box on a Schlenk line, degassed water (1.7 mL) was added and the reaction

mixture was degassed by bubbling Ar through it for 5 min. The reaction mixture was heated at 60 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 17 h. Water (10 mL) was added and the mixture was extracted with DCM (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic phases were concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified via column chromatography (silica, eluents: 1% diethyl ether in cyclohexane) to yield a yellow solid (182 mg, 75%).

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (600 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.82 (d, 3J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, o), 7.60 (d, 3J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, p), 7.42 (dd, 3J = 11.2, 6.7 Hz, 2H, d), 7.20 (app br s, 2H, a),⁵ 6.84 (s, 4H, h), 6.66 (ddd, 3J = 11.2 Hz, 4J = 2.1, 1.2 Hz, 2H, e), 6.16 (ddd, 3J = 6.7 Hz, 4J = 2.1, 1.1 Hz, 2H, c), 2.30 (s, 12H, k), 2.27 (s, 6H, j), 0.05 (s, 18H, t) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 143.4 (d), 142.9 (b), 140.5 (g), 139.6 (l), 138.4 (f), 137.1 (i), 133.6 (n), 129.9 (p), 129.8 (m), 129.3 (o), 129.3 (e), 127.3 (h), 125.4 (q), 113.2 (c), 103.1 (r), 100.5 (s), 23.7 (k), 21.2 (j), -0.1 (t) ppm.

$^{11}\text{B}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (193 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 36.8 ppm.

$^{29}\text{Si}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (99 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = -17.6 ppm.

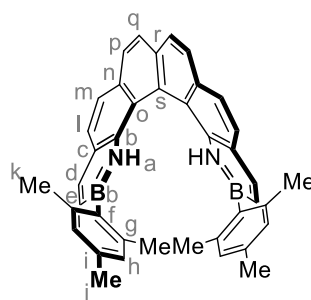
IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm^{-1}] = 3393 (w), 3349 (w), 3018 (w), 2958 (m), 2917 (w), 2856 (w), 2359 (w), 2342 (w), 2154 (m), 1610 (m), 1539 (s), 1447 (s), 1364 (w), 1250 (s), 1153 (w), 980 (w), 910 (w), 872 (s), 844 (s), 760 (s), 719 (m), 670 (w).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): m/z (%) calc. for $\text{C}_{46}\text{H}_{52}^{11}\text{B}_2\text{N}_2\text{Si}_2$ 710.38654 [M]⁺, found 710.38710 [M]⁺ (100).

M.p.: Decomposed at T > 250 $^\circ\text{C}$.

R_f (silica, eluents: 1% diethyl ether in cyclohexane): 0.14.

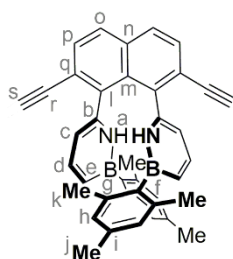
2.2.4. 1,16-Dihydro-2,15-dimesityl-1,16-diaza-2,15-diborahexahelicene (BN[6])



1,8-bis(6-(1-Hydro-2-mesityl)-1,2-azaborinyl)-2,7-bis((trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)naphthalene (**5**, 142 mg, 200 μmol , 1.00 equiv.) was dissolved in methanol (50 mL) and diethyl ether (50 mL). Potassium hydroxide (22.4 mg, 400 μmol , 2.00 equiv.) was added and the mixture was stirred for 3 h at 25 $^\circ\text{C}$, when a quantitative deprotection was determined by TLC. Diethyl ether (50 mL) and brine (50 mL) were added, the phases were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with diethyl ether (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (2 x 50 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered, and the solvents were removed in vacuo. The crude product was placed

in a pressure vial. In a glove box, $[(p\text{-cymene})\text{RuCl}_2]_2$ (36.7 mg, 60.0 μmol , 30 mol%), AgSbF_6 (20.6 mg, 60.0 μmol , 30 mol%) and dry mesitylene (10 mL) were added. The mixture was heated at 170 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 1 h. After cooling, the mixture was filtered over silica and rinsed with toluene (100 mL) to remove the catalyst. The solvents were removed in vacuo the crude product was redissolved in acetonitrile (50 mL). Piperidine (3.0 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred for 1 h at 25 $^\circ\text{C}$ to derivatize the *endo/exo* side-product **9** (ratio <20%). The volatiles were removed in vacuo and the crude product was filtered over silica (eluents: 1% diethyl ether in cyclohexane) to yield a light brown solid (12.2 mg, 11%).

Deprotected Alkyne (7):



$^1\text{H NMR}$ (600 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.87 (d, 3J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, o), 7.65 (d, 3J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, p), 7.51 (app br s, 2H, a),⁵ 7.42 (dd, 3J = 11.2, 6.7 Hz, 2H, d), 6.85 (s, 4H, h), 6.64 (ddd, 3J = 11.2 Hz, 4J = 1.6, 1.6 Hz, 2H, e), 6.07 (ddd, 3J = 6.7 Hz, 4J = 1.6, 1.6 Hz, 2H, c), 3.04 (s, 2H, s), 2.29 (s, 12H, k), 2.28 (s, 6H, j) ppm.

R_f (silica, eluents: 1% diethyl ether in cyclohexane) = 0.07. R_f (silica, eluents: 5% diethyl ether in cyclohexane) = 0.36.

Helicene (BN[6]):

$^1\text{H NMR}$ (600 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 8.70 (br s, 2H, a), 8.04 (d, 3J = 11.3 Hz, 2H, d), 7.95 (d, 3J = 8.3 Hz, 2H, p), 7.92 (d, 3J = 8.3 Hz, 2H, q), 7.73 (d, 3J = 8.4 Hz, 2H, l), 7.71 (d, 3J = 8.4 Hz, 2H, m), 6.87 (dd, 3J = 11.3 Hz, 4J = 1.7 Hz, 2H, e), 6.65 (s, 4H, h), 2.23 (s, 6H, j), 1.68 (s, 12H, k) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR* (151 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 144.8 (d), 139.9 (g), 136.9 (i), 136.6 (b), 133.1 (n), 132.7 (r), 132.2 (e), 129.0 (l), 127.6 (p), 126.9 (q), 126.8 (h), 122.3 (c), 120.8 (m), 120.1 (s), 119.2 (o), 23.1 (k), 21.1 (j) ppm.

$^{11}\text{B}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (193 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 37.4 ppm.

IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm^{-1}] = 3382 (w), 3018 (w), 2956 (m), 2922 (m), 2852 (m), 2359 (w), 1735 (w), 1609 (m), 1597 (m), 1581 (m), 1560 (m), 1540 (m), 1439 (s), 1349 (m), 1259 (m), 1153 (m), 1027 (m), 845 (s), 737 (m), 725 (m), 677 (w).

HR-MS (ESI positive): m/z calc. for $\text{C}_{40}\text{H}_{37}^{11}\text{B}_2\text{N}_2$ 567.31374 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$, found 567.31476 $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$.

M.p.: Decomposed at $T > 300$ °C.

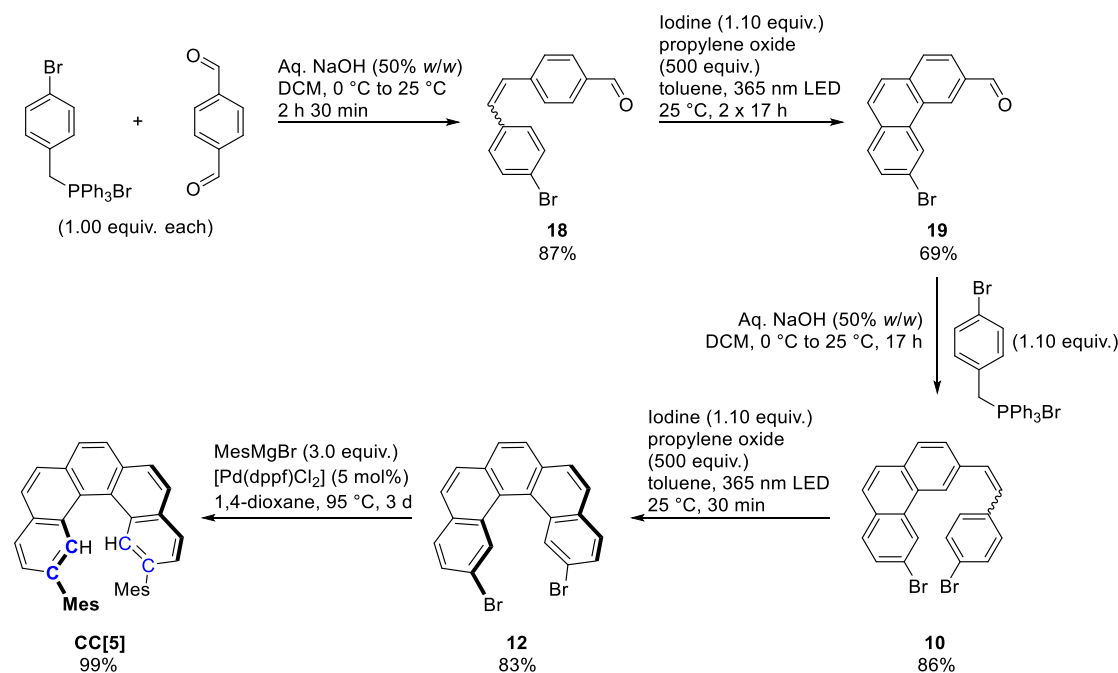
R_f (silica, eluents: 1% diethyl ether in cyclohexane): 0.26.

UV/Vis (DCM): λ_{max} (ϵ) = 280 nm (52 178 $\text{mol}^{-1} \text{dm}^3 \text{cm}^{-1}$).

Fluorescence (DCM): λ_{ex} = 370 nm, λ_{em} = 434, 459 nm.

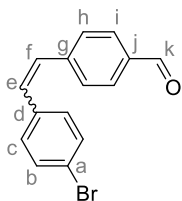
* The signal of the carbon atom f was not detected due to the presence of an adjacent boron atom.⁷⁻⁹

2.3. Synthetic Route towards CC[5]



Scheme S3. Overview of the syntheses towards CC[5].

2.3.1. (*E*)/(*Z*)-4-Bromo-4'-formylstilbene (**18**)



Terephthalaldehyde (804 mg, 6.00 mmol, 1.00 equiv.) and (4-bromobenzyl)triphenylphosphonium bromide (3.07 g, 6.00 mmol, 1.00 equiv.) were dissolved in DCM (100 mL) and cooled to 0 °C in an ice bath. An aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide (4.0 mL, 50% w/w) was added dropwise over the course of 5 min. After removal of the ice bath, the reaction was allowed to warm to 25 °C and stirring was continued for 2 h 30 min. Water (100 mL) was added and the phases were separated. The aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with water (2 x 50 mL), dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was filtered over silica (eluent: DCM) to remove triphenylphosphine oxide and further purified by column chromatography (silica, eluents: 50% DCM in *n*-hexane) to yield a slightly yellow solid/oil (1.49 g, 87%). The isomeric ratio of the crude product (*E/Z*) was 0.26/0.74. If desired, the *Z*-isomer (yellow oil at ambient conditions) can be collected isomerically pure as the first fraction.

(*Z*)-Isomer:

¹H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 9.96 (s, 1H, k), 7.75 (d, ³J = 8.2 Hz, 2H, i), 7.39 – 7.34 (m, 4H, h+b), 7.08 (d, ³J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, c), 6.68 – 6.63 (m, 2H, f+e) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 191.8 (k), 143.4 (g), 135.5 (d), 135.3 (j), 131.7 (b), 131.7 (e), 130.6 (c), 129.9 (i), 129.9 (f), 129.6 (h), 121.8 (a) ppm.

IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 3046 (w), 3016 (w), 2824 (w), 2732 (w), 1694 (s), 1600 (s), 1581 (m), 1484 (s), 1304 (m), 1210 (s), 1166 (s), 1070 (s), 1008 (s), 970 (s), 884 (m), 824 (s), 796 (s), 670 (m).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): *m/z* (%) calc. for C₁₅H₁₁⁷⁹BrO 285.99878 [M]⁺, found 285.99844 [M]⁺ (40), 178.0 (100).

R_f (silica, eluents: 50% DCM in *n*-hexane): 0.39.

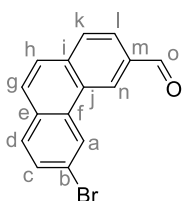
(*E*)-Isomer:*

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 10.00 (s, 1H), 7.87 (d, ³J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.64 (d, ³J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.51 (d, ³J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.40 (d, ³J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, ³J = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (d, ³J = 16.3 Hz, 1H) ppm.

R_f (silica, eluents: 50% DCM in *n*-hexane): 0.46.

* Because the (*E*)-isomer was not isolated, only the ¹H NMR shifts from the isomeric mixture could be analyzed.

2.3.2. 6-Bromo-3-formylphenanthrene (**19**)



4-Bromo-4'-formylstilbene (**18**, 57.4 mg, 200 μmol, 1.00 equiv., isomeric mixture) was dissolved in toluene (120 mL). Iodine (55.8 mg, 220 μmol, 1.10 equiv.) and propylene oxide (7.00 mL, 100 mmol, 500 equiv.) were added and the mixture was degassed by bubbling Ar through it for 5 min. At 25 °C and under vigorous stirring, the mixture was irradiated for 2 x 17 h (see Section 1 for the photochemical setup). Four equal approaches were run and combined for the subsequent purification procedure. The volatiles were removed in vacuo and the crude product was subjected to filtration over silica (eluents: 50% DCM in *n*-hexane → DCM) to yield a colorless solid (185 mg, 69%).

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 10.26 (s, 1H, o), 9.05 (d, ⁴J = 1.5 Hz, 1H, n), 8.87 (d, ⁴J = 1.8 Hz, 1H, a), 8.09 (dd, ³J = 8.2 Hz, ⁴J = 1.5 Hz, 1H, l), 7.99 (d, ³J = 8.2 Hz, 1H, k), 7.84 (d, ³J = 8.8 Hz, 1H, g), 7.79 (app d, 2H, d+h), 7.75 (dd, ³J = 8.5 Hz, ⁴J = 1.8 Hz, 1H, c) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 192.3 (o), 136.3 (i), 134.6 (m), 132.0 (f), 130.9 (e), 130.8 (c), 130.5 (d), 129.8 (g), 129.8 (k), 129.2 (j), 127.2 (n), 127.0 (h), 125.9 (l), 125.8 (a), 122.1 (b) ppm.

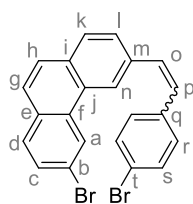
IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 3064 (w), 2956 (w), 2925 (w), 2851 (w), 2810 (w), 2702 (w), 1698 (m), 1682 (s), 1608 (m), 1590 (m), 1497 (m), 1233 (m), 1198 (m), 1183 (m), 1075 (m), 906 (m), 843 (s), 786 (s), 705 (m).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): *m/z* (%) calc. for C₁₅H₉⁷⁹BrO 283.98313 [M]⁺, found 283.98287 [M]⁺ (65), 176.0 (100).

M.p.: 200 °C.

R_f (silica, eluents: 50% DCM in *n*-hexane): 0.38.

2.3.3. (*E*)/(*Z*)-6-Bromo-3-(2-(4-bromophenyl)ethenyl)phenanthrene (10)



6-Bromo-3-formylphenanthrene (**19**, 114 mg, 400 μ mol, 1.00 equiv.) and (4-bromobenzyl)-triphenylphosphonium bromide (225 mg, 440 μ mol, 1.10 equiv.) were dissolved in DCM (40 mL) and cooled to 0 °C in an ice bath. An aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide (2.0 mL, 50% w/w) was added dropwise over the course of 5 min. After removal of the ice bath, the reaction was allowed to warm to 25 °C and stirring was continued for 17 h. Water (50 mL) was added and the phases were separated.

The aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (3 x 30 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The isomeric ratio of the crude product (*E/Z*) was 0.29/0.71. The crude mixture was filtered over silica (eluent: 10% DCM in *n*-hexane) to furnish a colorless solid (151 mg, 86%). If desired, the *Z*-isomer (colorless oil that slowly solidifies) can be collected isomerically pure by column chromatography as the first fraction, using an eluent mixture of 5% DCM in *n*-hexane.

(*Z*)-Isomer:

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.54 (d, ⁴*J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H, a), 8.46 (d, ⁴*J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H, n), 7.73 (d, ³*J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H, d), 7.71 (d, ³*J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H, k), 7.69 (d, ³*J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H, h), 7.68 – 7.63 (m, 2H, c+g), 7.46 (dd, ³*J* = 8.2 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H, l), 7.38 (d, ³*J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H, s), 7.17 (d, ³*J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H, r), 6.87 (d, ³*J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H, o), 6.68 (d, ³*J* = 12.1 Hz, 1H, p) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 136.3 (q), 135.5 (m), 131.8 (e), 131.7 (s), 131.5 (i), 131.1 (o), 130.8 (f), 130.7 (r), 130.2 (d), 130.0 (c), 130.0 (p), 129.3 (j), 128.6 (k), 128.1 (l), 127.2 (h), 126.6 (g), 125.6 (a), 123.3 (n), 121.4 (t), 121.1 (b) ppm.

IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 3056 (w), 3012 (w), 2920 (w), 2849 (w), 1591 (m), 1483 (m), 1419 (m), 1068 (m), 1010 (m), 908 (m), 847 (s), 808 (m), 763 (m), 667 (m).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): *m/z* (%) calc. for C₂₂H₁₄⁷⁹Br₂ 435.94568 [M]⁺, found 435.94577 [M]⁺ (45), 437.9 (100).

M.p.: 132 °C.

R_f (silica, eluents: 10% DCM in *n*-hexane): 0.49.

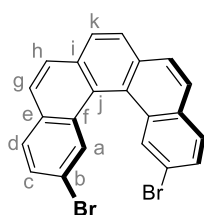
(*E*)-Isomer:*

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.85 (d, ⁴*J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.63 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, ³*J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (dd, ³*J* = 8.3 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (d, ³*J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.73 – 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.53 (d, ³*J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, ³*J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, ³*J* = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, ³*J* = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, ³*J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H) ppm.

R_f (silica, eluents: 10% DCM in *n*-hexane): 0.58.

* Because the (*E*)-isomer was not isolated, only the ¹H NMR shifts from the isomeric mixture could be analyzed.

2.3.4. 2,13-Dibromopentahelicene (12)



6-Bromo-3-(2-(4-bromophenyl)ethenyl)phenanthrene (**10**, 87.6 mg, 200 μ mol, 1.00 equiv.) was dissolved in toluene (120 mL). Iodine (55.8 mg, 220 μ mol, 1.10 equiv.) and propylene oxide (7.00 mL, 100 mmol, 500 equiv.) were added and the mixture was degassed by bubbling Ar through the reaction mixture for 5 min. At 25 °C and under vigorous stirring, the mixture was irradiated for 30 min (see Section 1 for the photochemical setup). After removing the solvents in vacuo, the crude product was washed with *n*-pentane (3 x 5 mL) via a frit to furnish a slightly yellow solid (72.4 mg, 83%).

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.69 (d, ⁴*J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H, a), 7.91 – 7.87 (m, 3H, g+h+k), 7.83 (d, ³*J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H, d), 7.65 (dd, ³*J* = 8.5 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H, c) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 132.9 (i), 131.6 (f), 131.3 (e), 131.1 (a), 129.8 (c), 129.7 (d), 127.9 (k), 127.4 (g), 127.0 (h), 125.9 (j), 119.1 (b) ppm.

¹H NMR (601 MHz, C₆D₆): δ = 8.78 (d, ⁴*J* = 1.8 Hz, 2H, a), 7.50 (s, 2H, k), 7.49 (d, ³*J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, h), 7.44 (d, ³*J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, g), 7.37 (dd, ³*J* = 8.5 Hz, ⁴*J* = 1.9 Hz, 2H, c), 7.26 (d, ³*J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H, d) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, C₆D₆): δ = 133.2 (i), 131.9 (f), 131.5 (a), 131.5 (e), 129.9 (c), 129.8 (d), 128.0 (k), 127.6 (g), 126.9 (h), 126.2 (j), 119.4 (b) ppm.

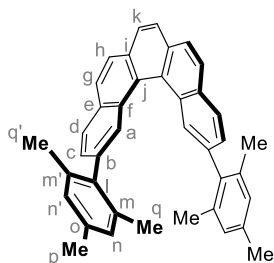
IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 3040 (w), 2953 (w), 2921 (w), 2851 (w), 1589 (m), 1474 (m), 1424 (m), 1294 (m), 1084 (m), 936 (m), 905 (m), 842 (s), 833 (s), 819 (s), 762 (m), 679 (m).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): m/z (%) calc. for $C_{22}H_{12}^{79}Br_2$ 433.93003 $[M]^+$, found 433.93059 $[M]^+$ (15), 276.0 (100).

M.p.: 259 °C (Lit.¹⁴: 227 °C).

R_f (silica, eluents: 5% DCM in *n*-hexane) = 0.36.

2.3.5. 2,13-Dimesitylpentahelicene (CC[5])



In a glove box, 2,13-dibromopentahelicene (**12**, 43.6 mg, 200 μ mol, 1.00 equiv.) and $[Pd(dppf)Cl_2]$ (4.1 mg, 5.0 μ mol, 5 mol%) were suspended in dry 1,4-dioxane (12 mL) in a 10 – 20 mL microwave vial. Outside the glove box, a solution of mesitylmagnesium bromide (1 M in diethyl ether, 0.30 mL, 300 μ mol, 3.00 equiv.) was added while stirring. The mixture was heated at 95 °C for 3 d in an oil bath. After cooling, water (50 mL) and DCM (200 mL) were added, the phases were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and the solvents were removed in vacuo. The crude product was filtered over silica (eluent: DCM) to yield a slightly yellow solid (51.0 mg, 99%).

¹H NMR (601 MHz, DCM- d_2): δ = 8.50 (d, 4J = 1.5 Hz, 2H, a), 7.94 (d, 3J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, g), 7.92 (d, 3J = 8.1 Hz, 2H, d), 7.90 (s, 2H, k), 7.89 (d, 3J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, h), 7.21 (dd, 3J = 8.1 Hz, 4J = 1.5 Hz, 2H, c), 6.95 (s, 2H, n), 6.74 (s, 2H, n'), 2.29 (s, 6H, p), 1.73 (s, 6H, q), 1.56 (s, 6H, q') ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, DCM- d_2): δ = 138.7 (l), 137.8 (b), 137.0 (m), 136.7 (o), 135.4 (m'), 133.2 (i), 131.8 (e), 131.5 (f), 129.1 (c), 129.0 (n), 128.6 (a), 128.4 (d), 128.3 (n'), 128.0 (g), 127.9 (k), 127.6 (j), 126.7 (h), 22.1 (q), 21.1 (p), 20.6 (q') ppm.

IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm^{-1}] = 3045 (w), 3008 (w), 2950 (w), 2916 (w), 2854 (w), 1612 (m), 1474 (m), 1437 (m), 1376 (w), 1250 (w), 1031 (w), 907 (m), 847 (s), 819 (w), 737 (w), 683 (w).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): m/z (%) calc. for $C_{40}H_{34}$ 514.26550 $[M]^+$, found 514.26535 $[M]^+$ (100).

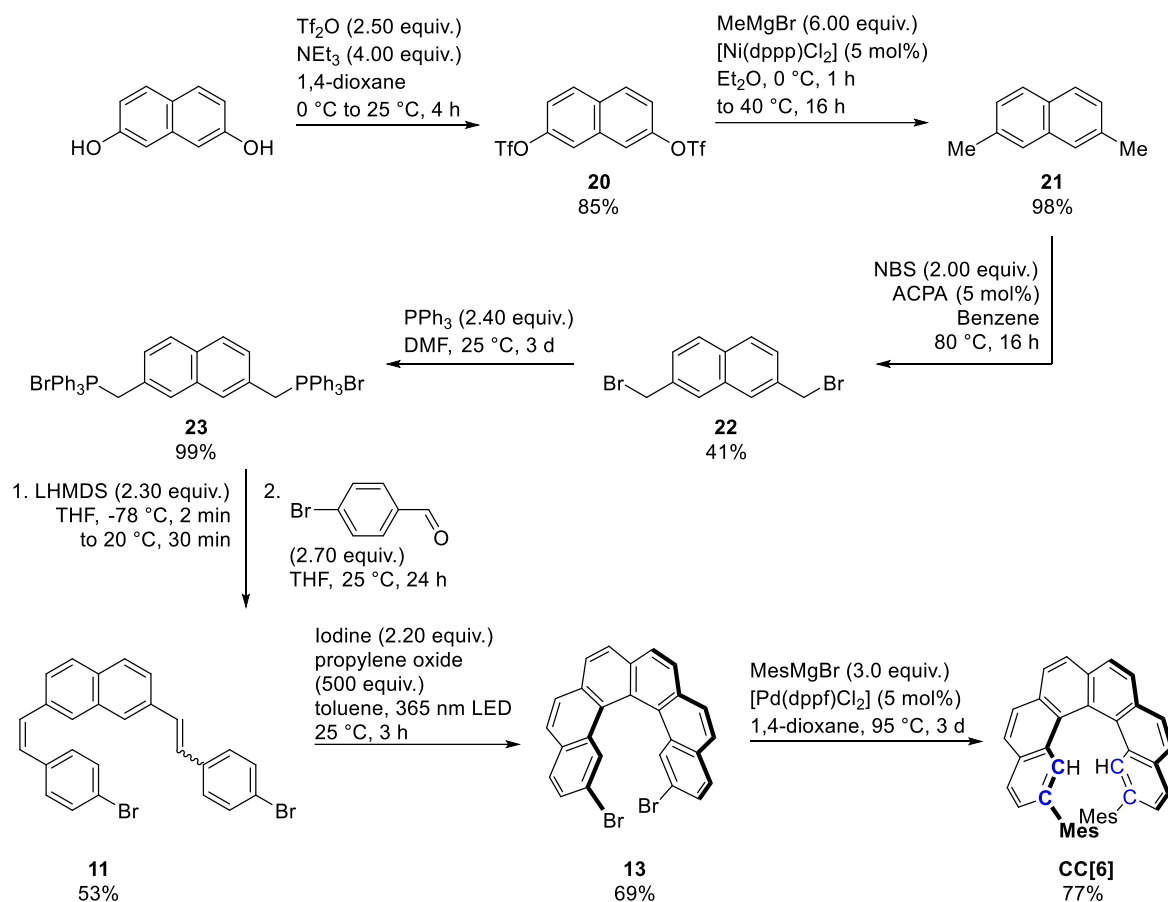
M.p.: 282 °C.

R_f (silica, eluents: 10% DCM in *n*-hexane) = 0.24.

UV/Vis (DCM): λ_{max} (ϵ) = 275 nm (34 207 mol⁻¹ dm³ cm⁻¹).

Fluorescence (DCM): λ_{ex} = 300 nm, λ_{em} = **409**, 425 nm.

2.4. Synthetic Route towards CC[6]



Scheme S4. Overview of the syntheses towards CC[6].

2.4.1. 2,7-bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)naphthalene (20)

2,7-Dihydroxynaphthalene (3.20 g, 20.0 mmol, 1.00 equiv.) and triethylamine (11.0 mL, 80.0 mmol, 4.00 equiv.) were dissolved in 1,4-dioxane (100 mL). The solution was cooled to 0 °C. *Via* an addition funnel, trifluoromethanesulfonic acid anhydride (8.41 mL, 50.0 mmol, 2.50 equiv.) was added over the course of 20 min.

The dark solution was allowed to warm to 25 °C and stirred for 4 h at this temperature. Subsequently, it was poured into 1 M aqueous HCl (50 mL). The resulting phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with DCM (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (30 mL), dried over sodium sulfate and filtered. The solvents were removed in vacuo and the crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica, eluents: 5% ethyl acetate in cyclohexane) to yield a colorless solid (7.13 g, 85%, Lit.¹⁵: 75%).

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.01 (d, ³J = 9.0 Hz, 2H, e), 7.81 (d, ⁴J = 2.4 Hz, 2H, b), 7.48 (dd, ³J = 9.0 Hz, ⁴J = 2.4 Hz, 2H, d) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 148.4 (c), 133.8 (a), 131.4 (f), 131.0 (e), 121.3 (d), 119.6 (b), 118.9 (q, ¹J = 320.8 Hz, g) ppm.

¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = -72.7 ppm.

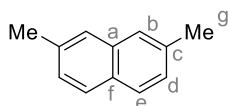
IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 3096 (w), 1633 (w), 1511 (w), 1412 (s), 1204 (s), 1186 (s), 1133 (s), 1109 (s), 957 (s), 894 (s), 882 (s), 849 (s), 840 (s), 774 (m), 768 (m), 751 (m), 726 (s), 690 (m).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): *m/z* (%) calc. for C₁₂H₆F₆O₆S₂ 423.95045 [M]⁺, found 423.95105 [M]⁺ (46), 129.9 (100).

M.p.: 61 °C (Lit.¹⁵: 63 – 64 °C).

R_f (silica, eluents: 5% ethyl acetate in cyclohexane): 0.27.

2.4.2. 2,7-Dimethylnaphthalene (21)



In a glove box, 2,7-bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)naphthalene (**20**, 5.94 g, 14.0 mmol, 1.00 equiv.) and [Ni(dppp)Cl₂] (379 mg, 0.70 mmol, 5 mol%) were dissolved in dry diethyl ether (120 mL). Outside the box on a Schlenk line, the red solution was cooled to 0 °C and treated with a solution of methylmagnesium bromide (3 M in diethyl ether, 28.0 mL, 84.0 mmol, 6.00 equiv.) dropwise over the course of 60 min. The solution was heated at 40 °C for 16 h. Afterwards, it was cooled to 0 °C and water (25 mL) was added dropwise. After the addition of an aqueous solution of HCl (1 M, 50 mL), the phases were separated and the aqueous phase was extracted with diethyl ether (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with a sat. aq. sol. of sodium hydrogen carbonate (50 mL), dried over sodium sulfate and filtered. Evaporation of the solvent in vacuo gave a slightly yellow solid (2.15 g, 98%, Lit.¹⁵: 99%).

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.70 (d, ³J = 8.3 Hz, 2H, e), 7.53 (s, 2H, b), 7.25 (d, ³J = 8.3 Hz, 2H, d), 2.50 (s, 6H, g) ppm.

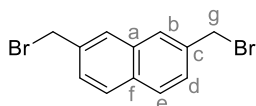
¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 135.6 (c), 134.0 (a), 130.1 (f), 127.5 (e), 127.4 (d), 126.4 (b), 21.9 (g) ppm.

IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 3047 (w), 3011 (w), 2909 (m), 2851 (w), 2721 (w), 1636 (w), 1615 (w), 1436 (m), 1375 (s), 1274 (m), 1178 (m), 1037 (m), 965 (m), 911 (s), 832 (s), 769 (m), 720 (m), 694 (m).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): *m/z* (%) calc. for C₁₂H₁₂ 156.09335 [M]⁺, found 156.09326 [M]⁺ (100).

M.p.: 96 °C (Lit.¹⁵: 96 – 97 °C).

2.4.3. 2,7-bis(Bromomethyl)naphthalene (22)



2,7-Dimethylnaphthalene (**21**, 1.80 g, 11.5 mmol, 1.00 equiv.), NBS (4.09 g, 23.0 mmol, 2.00 equiv.) and 4,4'-azobis(4-cyanopentanoic acid) (161 mg, 575 μmol, 5 mol%) were dissolved in benzene (10 mL) in a 10 – 20 mL microwave vial. The vial was capped and flushed with nitrogen for 5 min, before the mixture was heated at 80 °C for 16 h in an oil bath. After cooling, it was filtered over Celite (eluent: DCM) to remove precipitated succinimide. The solvents were removed in vacuo and the crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica, eluent: cyclohexane). Mixed fractions were recrystallized from methanol (24 mL). Combining clean fractions and removing the solvents in vacuo furnished a colorless solid (1.47 g, 41%).

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.82 (d, ³J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, e), 7.82 – 7.79 (m, 2H, b), 7.52 (dd, ³J = 8.5 Hz, ⁴J = 1.8 Hz, 2H, d), 4.65 (s, 4H, g) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 136.0 (c), 133.1 (a), 132.8 (f), 128.7 (e), 128.0 (b), 127.7 (d), 33.9 (g) ppm.

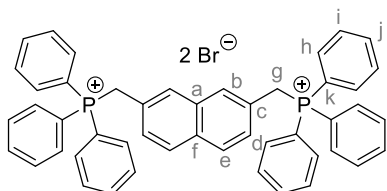
IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 3022 (w), 2969 (w), 2853 (w), 1925 (w), 1814 (w), 1439 (m), 1345 (m), 1212 (s), 1183 (m), 1134 (m), 908 (s), 851 (s), 784 (m), 770 (m), 697 (m), 667 (m).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): *m/z* (%) calc. for C₁₂H₁₀⁷⁹Br₂ 311.91438 [M]⁺, found 311.91433 [M]⁺ (7), 154.0 (100).

M.p.: 150 °C (Lit.¹⁶: 146 – 147 °C).

R_f (silica, eluent: cyclohexane): 0.24.

2.4.4. Naphthalene-2,7-bis(methylenetriphenylphosphonium) dibromide (23)



2,7-bis(Bromomethyl)naphthalene (**22**, 1.10 g, 3.50 mmol, 1.00 equiv.) and triphenyl phosphine (2.20 g, 8.40 mmol, 2.40 equiv.) were dissolved in DMF (11.0 mL) and stirred at 25 °C for 3 d. Toluene (33 mL) was added and the solution was stirred for 30 min. The colorless precipitation was filtered, washed with toluene (20 mL) and dried in a high vacuum (120 °C, 0.02 mbar). After 18 h, more precipitate was present in the mother liquor. It was filtered, washed with toluene (10 mL) and dried under the same conditions. A colorless solid (2.92 g, 99%, Lit.¹⁷: 99%) was obtained.

¹H NMR (601 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆): δ = 7.94 – 7.89 (m, 6H, j), 7.76 – 7.65 (m, 26H, e+h+i), 7.27 – 7.18 (m, 2H, b), 7.08 (ddd, ³J = 8.6 Hz, ⁴J = 1.6, 1.6 Hz, 2H, d), 5.36 (d, ²J_{H-P} = 16.1 Hz, 4H, g) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$): δ = 135.2 (j), 134.0 (d, $^3J_{\text{C-P}} = 10.4$ Hz, h), 132.0 (a), 131.4 (f), 130.1 (d, $^2J_{\text{C-P}} = 12.5$ Hz, i), 129.8 (d, $^3J_{\text{C-P}} = 8.2$ Hz, b), 128.8 (d), 128.3 (e), 126.6 (d, $^2J_{\text{C-P}} = 9.3$ Hz, c), 117.7 (d, $^1J_{\text{C-P}} = 85.6$ Hz, k), 28.1 (d, $^1J_{\text{C-P}} = 46.9$ Hz, g) ppm.

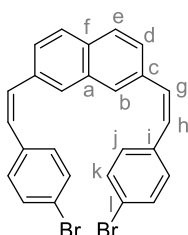
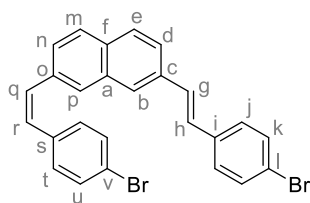
$^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (243 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$): δ = 23.1 ppm.

IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm^{-1}] = 3040 (w), 3007 (w), 2987 (w), 2846 (w), 2777 (w), 1660 (w), 1586 (w), 1435 (m), 1110 (s), 995 (m), 841 (m), 744 (s), 717 (s), 688 (s).

HR-MS (ESI positive): m/z calc. for $\text{C}_{48}\text{H}_{40}\text{P}_2^{2+}$ 339.12971 $[\text{M}-2\text{Br}]^{2+}$; found 339.12947 $[\text{M}-2\text{Br}]^{2+}$.

M.p.: (348 °C, Lit.¹⁸: 364 – 367 °C).

2.4.5. (*Z,Z*)/(*E,Z*)-2,7-bis(2-(4-Bromophenyl)ethenyl)naphthalene (11)



Naphthalene-2,7-bis(methylenetriphenylphosphonium) dibromide (**23**, 500 mg, 0.60 mmol, 1.00 equiv.) was suspended in dry THF (10 mL). An LHMDS solution (1.0 M in THF, 1.37 mL, 2.30 equiv.) was added at -78 °C over the course of 2 min. The mixture was allowed to warm to 25 °C over 30 min, turning red. A solution of 4-bromobenzaldehyde (298 mg, 1.61 mmol, 2.70 equiv.) in dry THF (1.0 mL) was added and the color

changed to yellow/brown. The mixture was stirred for 24 h at 25 °C. The solvents were removed in vacuo and the crude solid was filtered over silica (eluent: DCM) to remove triphenylphosphine oxide. The solvents were removed in vacuo and remaining aldehyde was removed by Kugelrohr distillation (66 °C, 0.12 mbar). The isomeric ratio (*E,Z,Z,Z*) of crude product was 0.61/0.39. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica, eluents: 5% ethyl acetate in cyclohexane) to yield an off-white solid (155 mg, 53%, Lit.¹⁷: 65%). If desired, the (*Z,Z*)-isomer (off-white solid) can be collected isomerically pure as the first fraction.

(*Z,Z*)-Isomer:

^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.60 (m, 4H, b+e), 7.34 (d, $^3J = 8.5$ Hz, 4H, k), 7.28 (dd, $^3J = 8.4$ Hz, $^4J = 1.7$ Hz, 2H, d), 7.14 (d, $^3J = 8.5$ Hz, 4H, j), 6.76 (d, $^3J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H, g), 6.59 (d, $^3J = 12.2$ Hz, 2H, h) ppm.

$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 136.2 (i), 134.9 (c), 133.6 (a), 131.9 (f), 131.5 (k), 130.9 (g), 130.7 (j), 129.5 (h), 128.2 (b), 127.6 (e), 127.1 (d), 121.3 (l) ppm.

IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm^{-1}] = 3044 (w), 3010 (w), 2963 (w), 1904 (w), 1704 (w), 1623 (w), 1483 (s), 1069 (m), 1009 (s), 959 (m), 909 (s), 822 (s), 811 (s), 745 (s).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, $R \sim 10\,000$): m/z (%) calc. for $\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{18}^{79}\text{Br}_2$ 487.97698 $[\text{M}]^+$, found 487.97751 $[\text{M}]^+$ (46), 489.9 (100).

M.p.: 134 °C.

R_f (silica, eluents: 5% ethyl acetate in cyclohexane): 0.55.

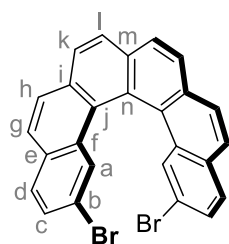
(*E,Z*)-Isomer:

^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3): δ = 7.76 (d, $^3J = 8.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, $^4J = 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 7.71 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.65 (d, $^3J = 8.4$ Hz, 1H), 7.50 (d, $^3J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, $^3J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, $^3J = 8.4$ Hz, 2H), 7.29 (dd, $^3J = 8.5$ Hz, $^4J = 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 7.23 (d, $^3J = 16.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.16 – 7.12 (m, 3H), 6.78 (d, $^3J = 12.2$ Hz, 1H), 6.60 (d, $^3J = 12.2$ Hz, 1H) ppm.

R_f (silica, eluents: 5% ethyl acetate in cyclohexane): 0.64.

* Because the (*E,Z*)-isomer was not isolated, only the ^1H NMR shifts from the isomeric mixture could be analyzed.

2.4.6. 2,15-Dibromohexahelicene (13)



2,7-bis(2-(4-Bromophenyl)ethenyl)naphthalene (**11**, 98.0 mg, 200 μmol , 1.00 equiv., isomeric mixture) was dissolved in toluene (120 mL). Iodine (112 mg, 440 μmol , 2.20 equiv.) and propylene oxide (7.00 mL, 100 mmol, 500 equiv.) were added and the mixture was degassed by bubbling Ar through it for 5 min. At 25 °C and under vigorous stirring, the mixture was irradiated for 3 h (see Section 1 for the photochemical setup). After removing the solvents in vacuo, the crude product was washed with *n*-pentane and acetonitrile (3 x 5 mL, respectively) to furnish a colorless solid (66.8 mg, 69%).

¹H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.04 (d, ³J = 8.2 Hz, 2H, l), 8.00 (d, ³J = 8.2 Hz, 2H, k), 7.96 (d, ³J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, h), 7.92 (d, ³J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, g), 7.74 (d, ³J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, d), 7.71 (d, ⁴J = 1.9 Hz, 2H, a), 7.39 (dd, ³J = 8.5 Hz, ⁴J = 1.9 Hz, 2H, c) ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 133.3 (m), 132.0 (i), 130.9 (g), 130.8 (f), 130.1 (a), 129.4 (d), 129.1 (c), 127.8 (l), 127.7 (g), 127.5 (k), 126.9 (h), 126.5 (j), 123.9 (n), 119.4 (b) ppm.

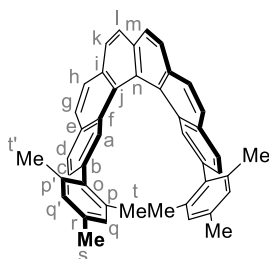
IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 3041 (w), 2953 (w), 2922 (w), 2852 (w), 1589 (m), 1494 (m), 1468 (m), 1422 (m), 1276 (m), 1119 (m), 1077 (m), 994 (m), 914 (m), 901 (m), 844 (s), 840 (s), 826 (s), 812 (s), 768 (s), 700 (m), 663 (m).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): *m/z* (%) calc. for C₂₆H₁₄⁷⁹Br₂ 483.94568 [M]⁺, found 483.94571 [M]⁺ (45), 486.0 (100).

M.p.: 346 °C (Lit.¹⁹: 293 °C under decomposition).

R_f (silica, eluent: cyclohexane) = 0.26.

2.4.7. 2,15-Dimesitylhexahelicene (CC[6])



In a glove box, 2,15-dibromohexahelicene (**13**, 48.6 mg, 100 μmol, 1.00 equiv.) and [Pd(dppf)Cl₂] (4.1 mg, 5.0 μmol, 5 mol%) were suspended in 1,4-dioxane (12 mL) in a 10–20 mL microwave vial. Outside the box on a Schlenk line, a solution of mesitylmagnesium bromide (1 M in diethyl ether, 0.30 mL, 300 μmol, 3.00 equiv.) was added while stirring. The mixture was heated at 95 °C for 3 d in an oil bath. After cooling, water (50 mL) and DCM (200 mL) were added, the phases were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with DCM (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic phases were dried over sodium

sulfate, filtered and the solvents were removed in vacuo. The crude product was filtered over silica (eluent: DCM) and washed with *n*-pentane and acetonitrile (50 mL, respectively) via a frit to yield a slightly yellow solid (43.4 mg, 77%).

¹H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 7.91 (d, ³J = 8.2 Hz, 2H, l), 7.89 (d, ³J = 8.2 Hz, 2H, k), 7.85 – 7.80 (m, 6H, d+g+h), 7.56 (d, ⁴J = 1.5 Hz, 2H, a), 6.99 (dd, ³J = 8.1 Hz, ⁴J = 1.5 Hz, 2H, c), 6.76 (s, 2H, q), 6.65 (s, 2H, q'), 2.22 (s, 6H, s), 1.43 (s, 6H, t), 1.33 (s, 6H, t') ppm.

¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 139.0 (o), 138.9 (b), 136.2 (r), 136.2 (p), 136.0 (p'), 132.9 (m), 131.3 (e), 131.2 (f), 130.7 (i), 128.7 (j), 128.3 (d/g)*, 127.9 (c), 127.9 (d/g)*, 127.7 (q'), 127.7 (a), 127.6 (q), 127.3 (k), 126.5 (l), 126.0 (h), 124.0 (n), 21.2 (t), 21.1 (s), 20.5 (t') ppm.

¹H NMR (600 MHz, C₆D₆): δ = 8.01 (s, 2H, a), 7.67 (d, ³J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.60 (d, ³J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.57 – 7.53 (m, 4H), 7.44 (d, ³J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, ³J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 6.84 (s, 2H, q), 6.50 (s, 2H, q'), 2.08 (s, 6H, s), 1.76 (s, 6H, t), 1.21 (s, 6H, t') ppm.

IR (ATR): $\tilde{\nu}$ [cm⁻¹] = 3015 (w), 2969 (w), 2851 (w), 1609 (w), 1469 (m), 1435 (m), 1375 (m), 1245 (w), 1118 (w), 1034 (w), 848 (s), 841 (s), 818 (m), 769 (m), 735 (m), 703 (m), 669 (m).

HR-MS (EI, 70 eV, R ~ 10 000): *m/z* (%) calc. for C₄₄H₃₆ 564.28115 [M]⁺, found 564.28077 [M]⁺ (100).

M.p.: > 400 °C.

R_f (silica, eluents: 2% diethyl ether in cyclohexane) = 0.41. Note: Due to the poor solubility of this compound in most organic solvents, column chromatography is not suitable for purification of amounts larger than analytical scale.

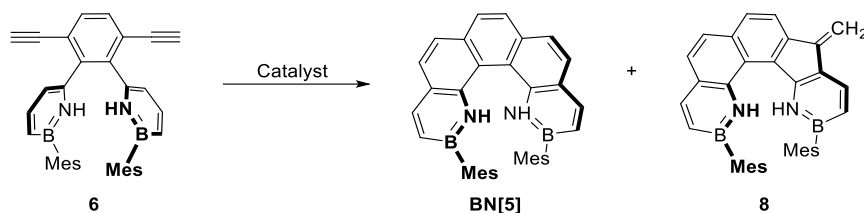
UV/Vis (DCM): λ_{max} (ε) = 266 nm (44 672 mol⁻¹ dm³ cm⁻¹).

Fluorescence (DCM): λ_{ex} = 300 nm, λ_{em} = **423**, 444 nm.

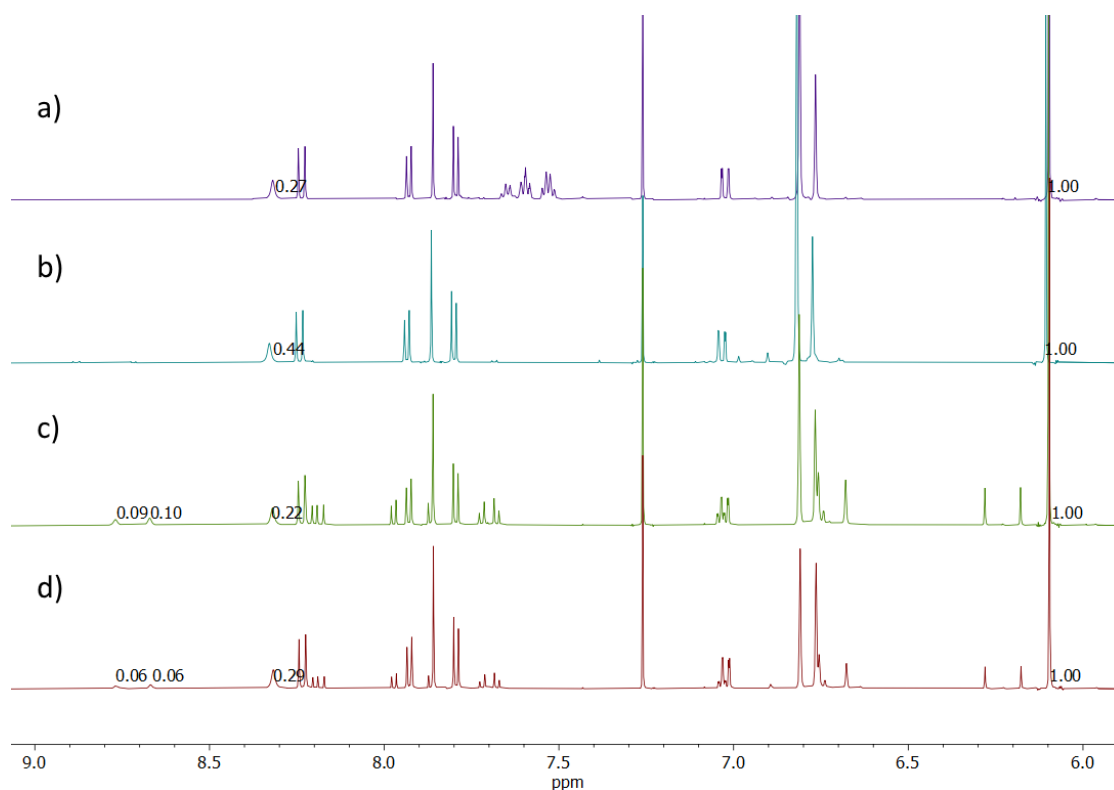
2.5. Optimization of the Ring Closure towards BN[5]

In a glove box, the deprotected alkyne (**6**, 1.00 equiv.) was mixed with the respective catalyst and co-catalyst (30 mol%, respectively) and dry mesitylene (1 mL) in a 2 – 5 mL microwave vial and heated at the below indicated temperature / time protocol in an oil bath. After cooling, most of the solvent was removed in vacuo. A solution of trimethoxybenzene (1.00 equiv.) in CDCl₃ was added and the conversions were determined by integrating and referencing the *NH*-signals of the formed species in the ¹H NMR spectra. The broad singlet at δ = 8.32 ppm represents **BN[5]** (*endo/endo*), while the signals at δ = 8.77 and 8.67 ppm represent the *endo/exo* derivative **8**. The *exo/exo* derivative was not found. The singlet at δ = 6.80 ppm is due to remaining mesitylene.

Table S1. Optimization scheme and ¹H NMR spectra of the crude mixtures from the electrophilic ring closure towards **BN[5]**.



Entry	Catalyst System	Time, temperature	<i>endo/endo</i>	<i>endo/exo</i>
a)	AuBrPPh ₃ / AgSbF ₆	17 h, 100 °C	41%	<5%
b)	AuCl ₃	17 h, 100 °C	66%	<5%
c)	PtCl ₂	17 h, 100 °C	33%	28%
d)	[(<i>p</i> -Cymene)RuCl] ₂ / AgSbF ₆	17 h, 100 °C	44%	18%

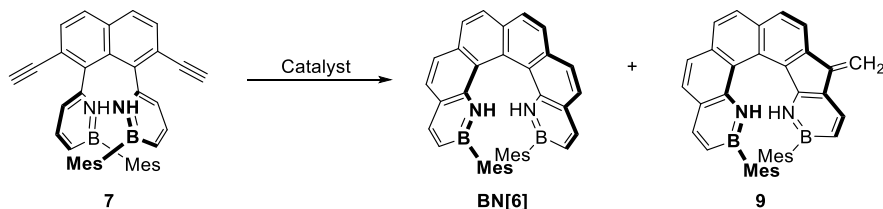


2.6. Optimization of the Ring Closure towards BN[6]

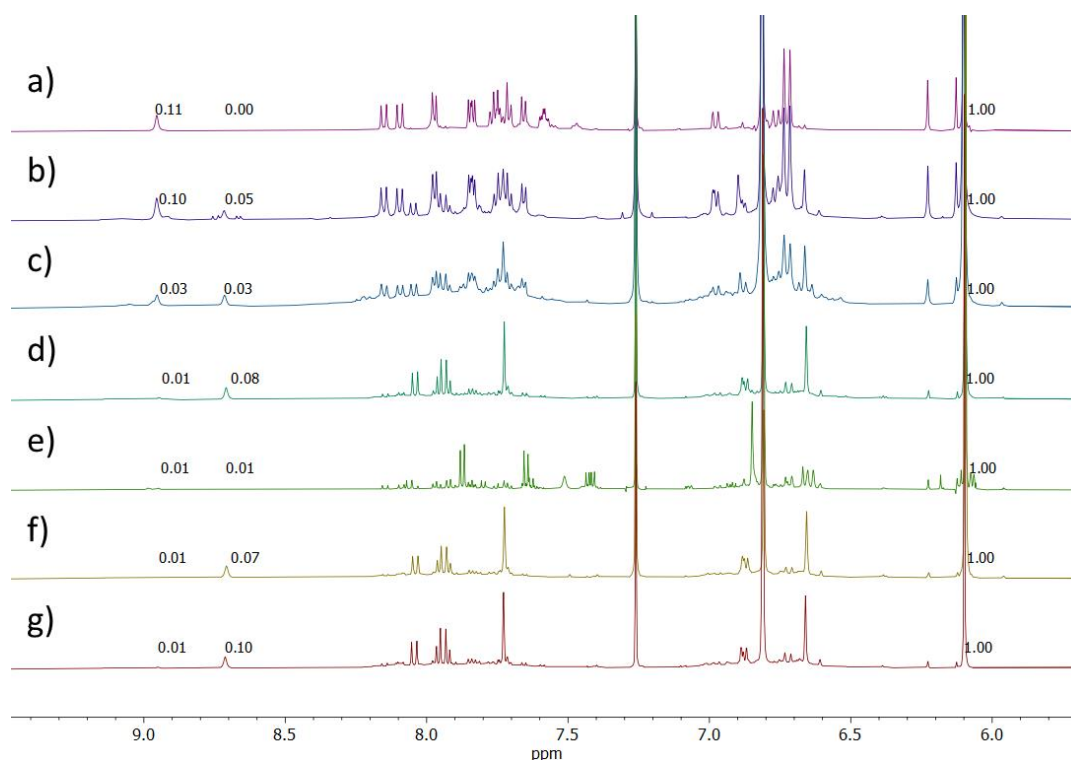
In a glove box, deprotected alkyne (**7**, 1.00 equiv.) was mixed with the respective catalyst and co-catalyst (30 mol%, respectively) and dry mesitylene (1 mL) in a 2 – 5 mL microwave vial and heated at the below indicated temperature / time protocol in an oil bath. After cooling, most of the solvent was removed in vacuo. A solution of trimethoxybenzene (1.00 equiv.) in CDCl₃ was added and the conversions were determined by integrating and referencing the *NH*-signals of

the formed species in the ^1H NMR spectra. The broad singlet at $\delta = 8.71$ ppm represents **BN[6]** (*endo/endo*), while the signal at $\delta = 8.95$ ppm represents the *endo/exo* derivative **9**. The *exo/exo* derivative was not found. The singlet at $\delta = 6.80$ ppm is due to remaining mesitylene. The broadened baselines and the throughout reduced conversions into ring-closed products indicate that decomposition occurs rapidly with all catalysts and temperature / time protocols.

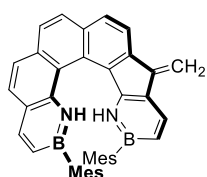
Table S2. Optimization scheme and ^1H NMR spectra of the crude mixtures from the electrophilic ring closure towards **BN[6]**.



Entry	Catalyst System	Time, temperature	reactant	<i>endo/endo</i>	<i>endo/exo</i>
a)	AuBrPPh ₃ / AgSbF ₆	17 h, 140 °C	-	<2%	32%
b)	AuCl ₃	17 h, 140 °C	-	8%	30%
c)	PtCl ₂	17 h, 140 °C	-	5%	10%
d)	[(p-Cymene)RuCl] ₂ / AgSbF ₆	17 h, 140 °C	-	12%	<2%
e)	[(p-Cymene)RuCl] ₂ / AgSbF ₆	17 h, 100 °C	17%	<2%	<2%
f)	[(p-Cymene)RuCl] ₂ / AgSbF ₆	17 h, 170 °C	-	10%	<2%
g)	[(p-Cymene)RuCl] ₂ / AgSbF ₆	1 h, 170 °C	-	15%	<2%



2.7. Isolation of *endo/exo* Hexahelicene (**9**)



In a glove box, deprotected alkyne **7** (11.3 mg, 20.0 μmol , 1.00 equiv.) was mixed with AuBrPPh₃ (3.2 mg, 6.0 μmol , 30 mol%), AgSbF₆ (2.1 mg, 6.0 μmol , 30 mol%) and dry mesitylene (1 mL) in a 2 – 5 mL microwave vial. The mixture was heated to 140 °C for 17 h in an oil bath. After cooling, the solvent was removed in vacuo. Subsequently, it was filtered over silica (eluent: cyclohexane) to obtain a bright, yellow solid (3.9 mg, 34%).

¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃): δ = 8.94 (br s, 1H), 8.14 (d, ³J = 11.4 Hz, 1H), 8.09 (d, ³J = 11.2 Hz, 1H), 7.99 – 7.94 (m, 2H), 7.85 – 7.81 (m, 2H), 7.75 (d, ³J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, ³J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, ³J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (dd, ³J = 11.4 Hz, ⁴J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (dd, ³J = 11.2 Hz, ⁴J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (s, 2H), 6.71 (s, 2H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 6.12 (s, 1H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 2.22 (s, 3H), 1.88 (s, 6H), 1.82 (s, 6H) ppm.

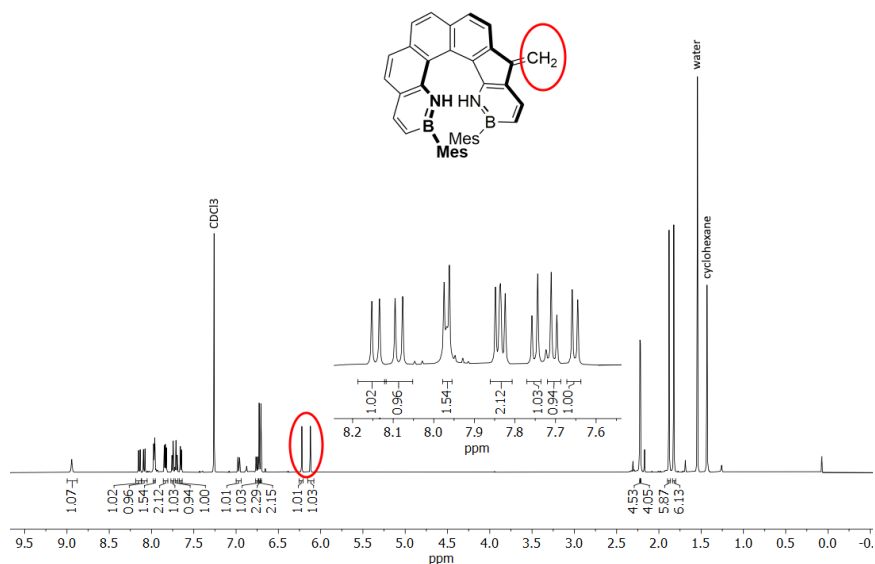


Fig. S1. ¹H NMR spectrum of the endo/exo derivative **9**, revealing two separate resonances for the exocyclic CH₂-group.

2.8. Investigation of the Electrophilic Bromination of CC[5]

The reactivity of the carbohelicenes under electrophilic bromination conditions was tested by dissolving **CC[5]** (40 μmol, 1.0 equiv.) in DCM (5 mL) at 0 °C and adding bromine (84 μmol, 2.1 equiv.) dropwise. After stirring for 1 h at this temperature, the volatiles were removed *in vacuo* and the relatively pure 5,6-dibrominated addition product was detected by ¹H NMR spectroscopy, with few impurities in the aromatic region. These signals intensified after leaving the crude product in air for 7 d and heating it to 75 °C for 6 h in boiling chloroform. However, the characteristic aliphatic resonances of the Br₂-adduct at δ ~ 5.8 ppm were still present. After additional heating of the crude product to 130 °C for 6 h in boiling toluene, the adduct signals had vanished and the mixture consisted of 5-brominated helicene as the major component, as well as the dehalogenated reactant **CC[5]**. Fig. S2 shows the respective ¹H NMR spectra of reactant, dibrominated adduct and mixture of reactant and 5-brominated product after heating.

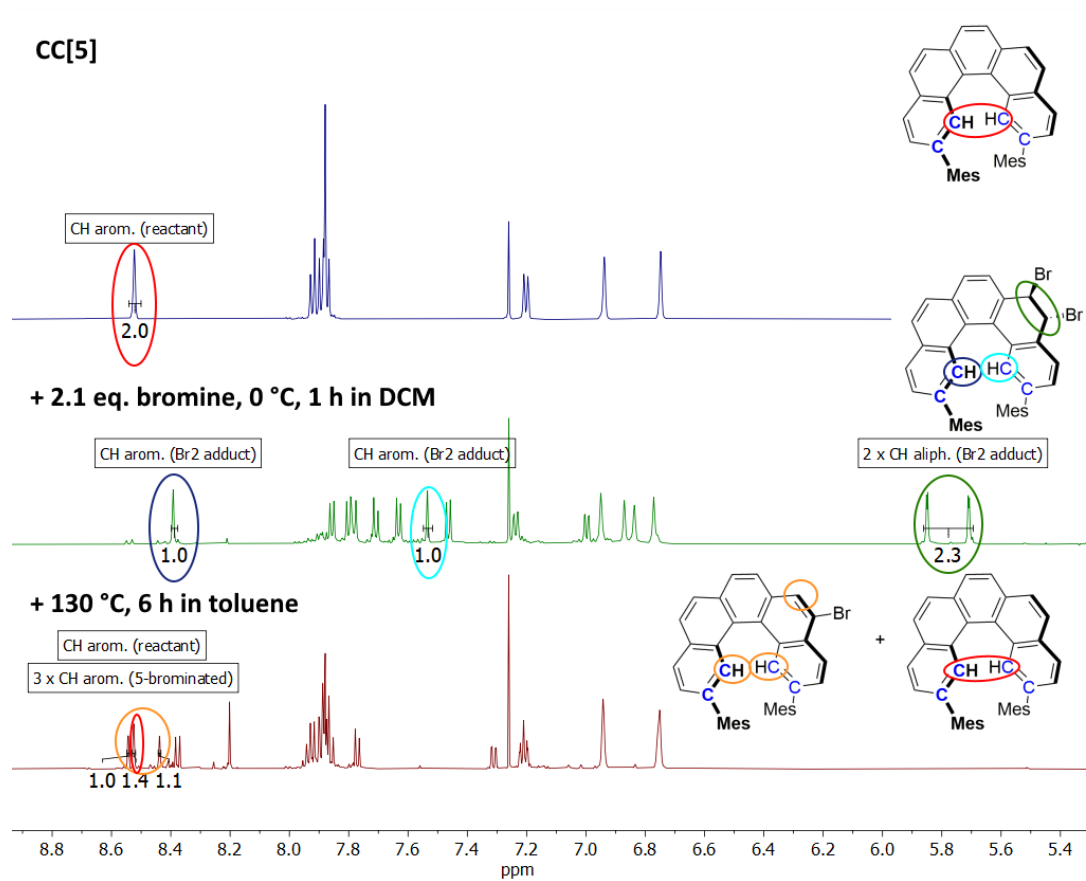
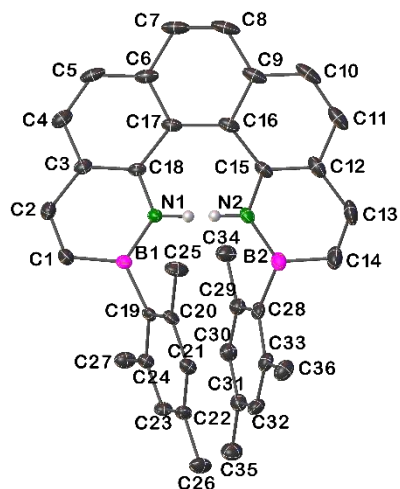


Fig. S2. Comparison of the ¹H NMR spectra before and after the electrophilic bromination of **CC[5]**.

3. Crystallography

3.1. 1,14-Dihydro-2,13-dimesityl-1,14-diaza-2,13-diborapentahelicene (**BN[5]**)



Colorless single crystals of $C_{36}H_{34}B_2N_2$ (**BN[5]**) were grown by dissolving a small amount (ca. 5 mg) of the compound in DCM (ca. 1 mL) in a sample vial. Acetonitrile (ca. 5 mL) was added to a second, larger vial. The small vial was placed in the larger vial, which was capped. DCM was allowed to evaporate slowly at 25 °C, while letting the acetonitrile diffuse into the small vial over the course of 10 d. CCDC Deposition Number: 2192802.

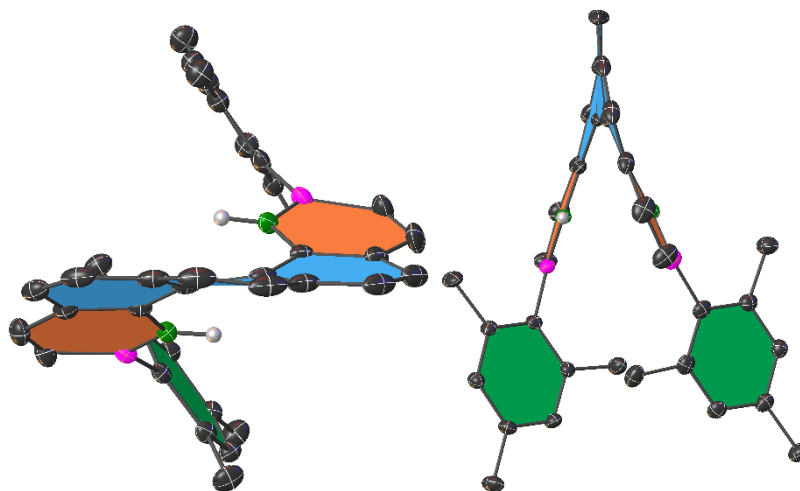


Fig. S3. Top view and view along the central phenyl-unit of **BN[5]**.

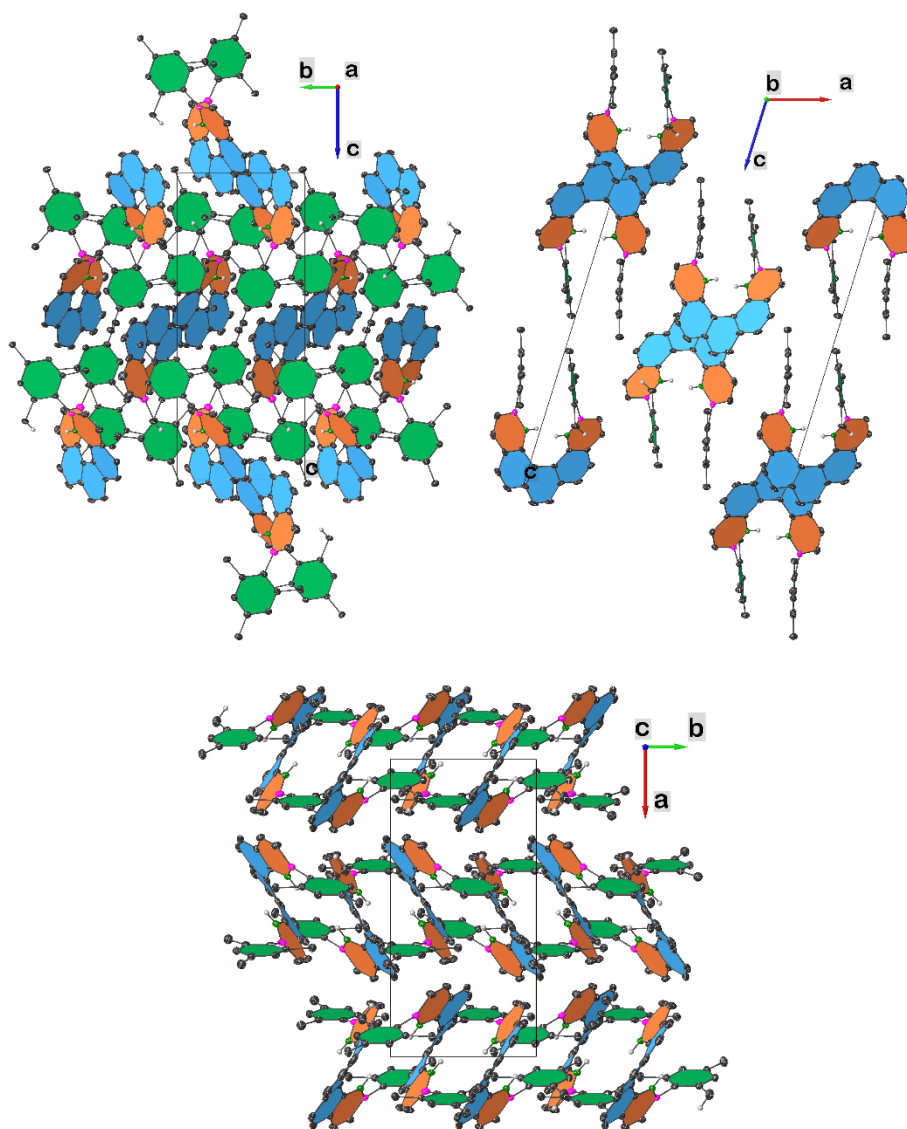


Fig. S4. Unit cell packing view of a **BN[5]** crystal along the a, b and c-axes.

Table S3. Crystal data and structure refinement for **BN[5]**.

Empirical formula	C ₃₆ H ₃₄ B ₂ N ₂
Formula weight	516.27
Temperature/K	100.0
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 ₁ /n
a/Å	17.5703(6)
b/Å	8.2181(3)
c/Å	20.6544(8)
α/°	90
β/°	107.2030(10)
γ/°	90
Volume/Å ³	2848.96(18)
Z	4
ρ _{calc} /cm ³	1.204
μ/mm ⁻¹	0.068
F(000)	1096.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.4 × 0.2 × 0.15
Radiation	MoKα (λ = 0.71073)
2θ range for data collection/°	4.854 to 56.564
Index ranges	-23 ≤ h ≤ 23, -10 ≤ k ≤ 10, -27 ≤ l ≤ 27
Reflections collected	87140

Independent reflections	7059 [R _{int} = 0.0894, R _{sigma} = 0.0396]
Data/restraints/parameters	7059/0/367
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.041
Final R indexes [I ≥ 2σ (I)]	R ₁ = 0.0509, wR ₂ = 0.1188
Final R indexes [all data]	R ₁ = 0.0714, wR ₂ = 0.1283
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.33/-0.25

Table S4. Fractional Atomic Coordinates (×10⁴) and Equivalent Isotropic Displacement Parameters (Å²×10³) for **BN[5]**. U_{eq} is defined as 1/3 of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor.

Atom	x	y	z	U _{eq}
N1	3938.9(7)	2968.0(14)	6598.7(5)	15.0(2)
N2	5533.2(7)	2190.9(15)	6768.9(6)	17.6(2)
C18	3683.6(8)	1786.1(17)	6101.5(6)	15.6(3)
C24	4289.0(8)	3950.1(17)	8400.6(7)	17.1(3)
C19	4001.3(8)	4517.2(17)	7725.1(6)	15.5(3)
C22	4557.3(8)	6723.9(18)	8818.4(7)	18.3(3)
C20	4020.7(8)	6200.3(18)	7609.7(7)	17.3(3)
C23	4558.1(8)	5052.8(18)	8929.1(7)	19.0(3)
C3	3011.9(8)	863.6(18)	6110.3(7)	18.8(3)
C17	4060.1(8)	1553.4(17)	5574.9(6)	17.7(3)
C21	4294.0(8)	7275.5(18)	8154.5(7)	18.4(3)
C16	4796.7(9)	2318.7(17)	5546.6(7)	19.3(3)

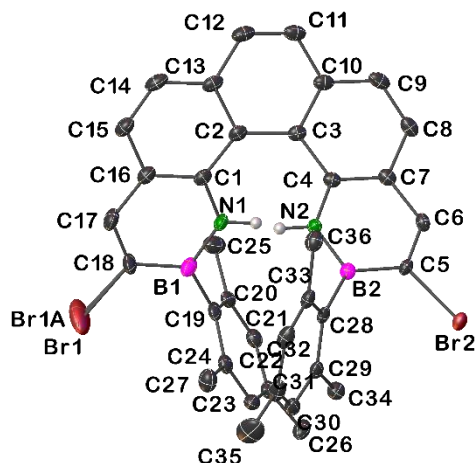
A	B	C	D	Angle/°	A	B	C	D	Angle/°
N1	C18	C3	C2	-2.36(19)	C29	C28	B2	N2	54.3(2)
N1	C18	C17	C16	9.2(2)	C29	C28	B2	C14	-123.51(18)
N1	C18	C17	C6	-165.38(12)	C4	C3	C2	C1	-178.39(15)
N2	C15	C12	C11	168.39(13)	C28	C33	C32	C31	-0.1(2)
N2	C15	C12	C13	-7.6(2)	C28	C29	C30	C31	0.7(2)
C18	N1	B1	C19	174.38(12)	C6	C17	C16	C15	-154.58(14)
C18	N1	B1	C1	-4.3(2)	C6	C17	C16	C9	20.08(19)
C18	C3	C4	C5	-5.6(2)	C6	C7	C8	C9	10.4(2)
C18	C3	C2	C1	-1.0(2)	C2	C3	C4	C5	171.88(14)
C18	C17	C16	C15	30.9(2)	C2	C1	B1	N1	0.6(2)
C18	C17	C16	C9	-154.43(13)	C2	C1	B1	C19	-178.00(14)
C18	C17	C6	C5	-14.2(2)	C27	C24	C19	C20	-177.22(13)
C18	C17	C6	C7	161.58(13)	C27	C24	C19	B1	7.10(19)
C24	C19	C20	C21	-2.1(2)	C27	C24	C23	C22	179.01(13)
C24	C19	C20	C25	179.42(13)	C5	C6	C7	C8	174.09(14)
C24	C19	B1	N1	-119.79(15)	C30	C31	C32	C33	-3.1(2)
C24	C19	B1	C1	58.73(19)	C30	C29	C28	C33	-3.9(2)
C19	C24	C23	C22	-0.1(2)	C30	C29	C28	B2	168.97(13)
C19	C20	C21	C22	0.5(2)	C32	C33	C28	C29	3.6(2)
C20	C19	B1	N1	64.77(19)	C32	C33	C28	B2	-169.60(13)
C20	C19	B1	C1	-116.71(16)	C32	C31	C30	C29	2.8(2)
C23	C24	C19	C20	1.90(19)	C7	C6	C5	C4	-168.42(14)
C23	C24	C19	B1	-173.78(12)	C12	C13	C14	B2	1.1(3)
C23	C22	C21	C20	1.3(2)	C9	C16	C15	N2	-159.06(13)
C3	C18	C17	C16	-173.89(13)	C9	C16	C15	C12	15.7(2)
C3	C18	C17	C6	11.51(19)	C9	C10	C11	C12	7.2(2)
C3	C4	C5	C6	3.0(2)	C36	C33	C28	C29	-175.43(13)
C3	C2	C1	B1	1.8(2)	C36	C33	C28	B2	11.3(2)
C17	C18	C3	C4	-2.0(2)	C36	C33	C32	C31	178.99(14)
C17	C18	C3	C2	-179.40(13)	C8	C9	C10	C11	-174.21(15)
C17	C16	C15	N2	15.7(2)	C34	C29	C28	C33	177.84(13)
C17	C16	C15	C12	-169.54(14)	C34	C29	C28	B2	-9.2(2)
C17	C16	C9	C8	-12.1(2)	C34	C29	C30	C31	179.03(13)
C17	C16	C9	C10	170.93(13)	C26	C22	C23	C24	178.32(13)
C17	C6	C5	C4	7.4(2)	C26	C22	C21	C20	-178.49(13)
C17	C6	C7	C8	-1.8(2)	C25	C20	C21	C22	179.04(13)
C21	C22	C23	C24	-1.5(2)	C10	C9	C8	C7	173.78(15)
C16	C17	C6	C5	170.74(13)	C35	C31	C30	C29	-176.40(14)
C16	C17	C6	C7	-13.5(2)	C35	C31	C32	C33	176.08(13)
C16	C15	C12	C11	-6.6(2)	C11	C12	C13	C14	-171.04(17)
C16	C15	C12	C13	177.39(14)	C13	C12	C11	C10	170.80(15)
C16	C9	C8	C7	-3.3(2)	C13	C14	B2	N2	-3.9(2)
C16	C9	C10	C11	2.8(2)	C13	C14	B2	C28	174.10(16)
C15	N2	B2	C28	-177.01(13)	B1	N1	C18	C3	5.15(19)
C15	N2	B2	C14	1.0(2)	B1	N1	C18	C17	-177.86(13)

A	B	C	D	Angle/°	A	B	C	D	Angle/°
C15	C16	C9	C8	163.16(13)	B1	C19	C20	C21	173.38(12)
C15	C16	C9	C10	-13.9(2)	B1	C19	C20	C25	-5.1(2)
C15	C12	C11	C10	-5.2(2)	B2	N2	C15	C16	179.61(14)
C15	C12	C13	C14	5.0(3)	B2	N2	C15	C12	4.7(2)
C33	C28	B2	N2	-132.84(16)					

Table S9. Hydrogen Atom Coordinates ($\text{\AA}\times 10^4$) and Isotropic Displacement Parameters ($\text{\AA}^2\times 10^3$) for **BN[5]**.

Atom	x	y	z	U(eq)
H1	4332.6	3600.92	6572.22	18
H2	5161.08	1524.13	6815.51	21
H23	4748.52	4653.88	9380.02	23
H21	4299.37	8410.01	8067.68	22
H4	2265.2	-964.67	5607.28	28
H2A	2173.83	476.56	6620.46	28
H27A	3780.5	1743.63	8500.38	35
H27B	4644.88	1976.57	9031.49	35
H27C	4559.95	1566.42	8255.84	35
H5	2739.8	-1100.21	4684.99	30
H30	6444.66	-1674.78	8909.38	26
H32	6687.64	2865.29	9682.41	26
H7	3557.08	29.65	4015.36	35
H1A	2647.88	2310.79	7482.12	29
H36A	6831.42	5067.56	8510.36	41
H36B	6270.63	5127.89	8995.44	41
H36C	5884.84	4942.38	8193.67	41
H8	4467.71	1891.33	3890.04	37
H34A	5472.78	-1220.78	7416.86	40
H34B	6288.61	-2160.87	7766.7	40
H34C	6272.21	-701.58	7249.71	40
H26A	4458.11	7855.43	9676.65	39
H26B	4858.48	8987.99	9237.55	39
H26C	5363.43	7556.3	9692.41	39
H25A	4161.23	6851.47	6689.31	40
H25B	3570.62	8036.03	6925.23	40
H25C	3274.39	6269.07	6631.35	40
H10	5619.17	3620.45	4386.23	36
H35A	6429.77	-622.18	10237.78	41
H35B	7142.43	670.17	10440.5	41
H35C	7278.99	-1073.7	10148.4	41
H11	6493.77	4853.42	5307.11	35
H13	7106.62	4986.49	6541.16	38
H14	7204.95	4138.81	7616.49	39

3.2. 3,12-Dibromo-1,14-dihydro-2,13-dimesityl-1,14-diaza-2,13-diborapentahelicene (**BN[5]-Br₂**)



Colorless single crystals of $\text{C}_{36}\text{H}_{32}\text{B}_2\text{Br}_2\text{N}_2$ (**BN[5]-Br₂**) were grown by dissolving a small amount (ca. 5 mg) of the compound in DCM (ca. 1 mL) in a sample vial. Ethanol (ca. 5 mL) was added to a second, larger vial. The small vial was

placed in the larger vial, which was capped. DCM was allowed to evaporate slowly at 25 °C, while letting the ethanol diffuse into the small vial over the course of 5 d. CCDC Deposition Number: 2212001. Disorder for atom Br1 was modelled over two positions.

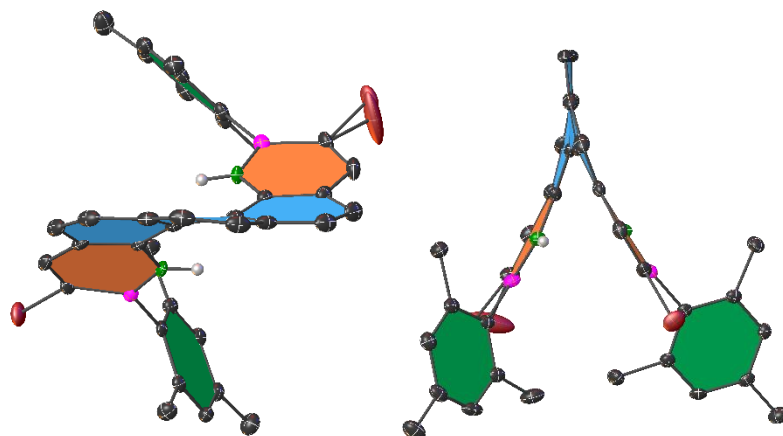


Fig. S5. Top view and view along the central phenyl-unit of BN[5]-Br₂.

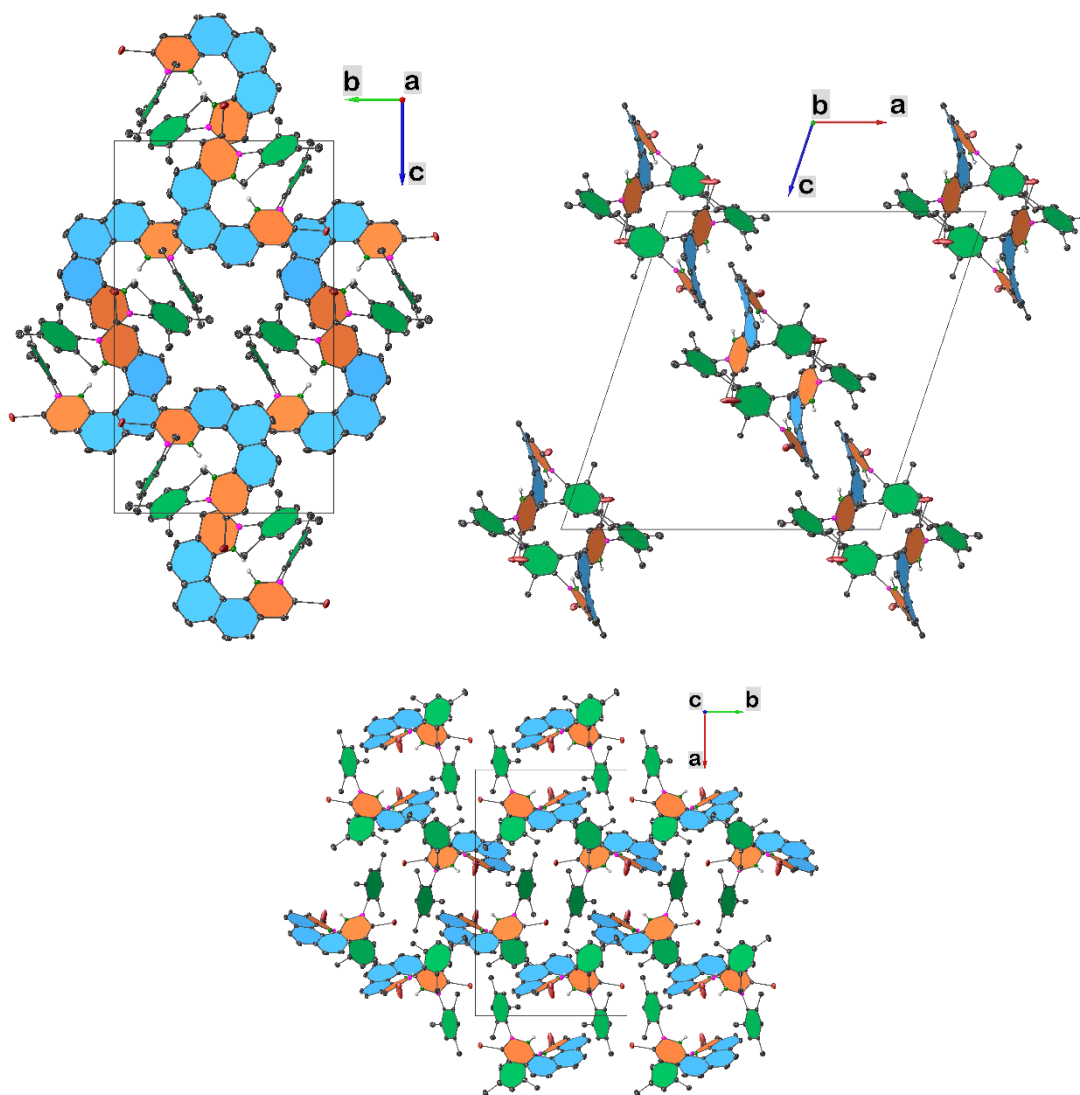


Fig. S6. Unit cell packing view of a BN[5]-Br₂ crystal along the a, b and c-axes.

Table S10. Crystal data and structure refinement for **BN[5]-Br₂**.

Empirical formula	C ₃₆ H ₃₂ B ₂ Br ₂ N ₂
Formula weight	674.07
Temperature/K	100.00
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 ₁ /n
a/Å	21.8649(9)
b/Å	12.8104(8)
c/Å	22.9768(11)
α /°	90
β /°	108.440(2)
γ /°	90
Volume/Å ³	6105.3(5)
Z	8
$\rho_{\text{calc}}/\text{cm}^{-3}$	1.467
μ/mm^{-1}	2.684
F(000)	2736.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.505 × 0.449 × 0.108
Radiation	MoK α ($\lambda = 0.71073$)
2 θ range for data collection/°	4.448 to 56.648
Index ranges	-29 ≤ h ≤ 29, -17 ≤ k ≤ 17, -30 ≤ l ≤ 30
Reflections collected	108189
Independent reflections	15165 [R _{int} = 0.0782, R _{sigma} = 0.0532]
Data/restraints/parameters	15165/0/804
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.031
Final R indexes [$l > 2\sigma(l)$]	R ₁ = 0.0423, wR ₂ = 0.0853
Final R indexes [all data]	R ₁ = 0.0696, wR ₂ = 0.0957
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	1.73/-0.91

Table S11. Fractional Atomic Coordinates ($\times 10^4$) and Equivalent Isotropic Displacement Parameters ($\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$) for **BN[5]-Br₂**. U_{eq} is defined as 1/3 of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor.

Atom	x	y	z	U _{eq}
Br2	2684.7(2)	4636.8(2)	6515.2(2)	21.79(7)
Br3	3791.0(2)	5327.8(2)	2570.3(2)	26.97(8)
N2	2133.8(11)	1437.9(16)	6294.0(10)	14.9(4)
N4	3467.3(11)	9562.2(16)	4039.6(10)	15.1(4)
N3	3903.9(10)	8483.2(17)	3141.7(10)	13.8(4)
N1	1156.6(11)	164.9(16)	6551.6(11)	17.9(5)
C55	4745.8(12)	7039.3(18)	3623.4(11)	13.4(5)
C60	4746.6(13)	6446.1(19)	4137.1(12)	16.2(5)
C5	2592.0(12)	3172.5(19)	6619.0(11)	15.4(5)
C54	3638.5(13)	6778.0(19)	2633.3(12)	17.0(5)
C37	3391.9(12)	8959.5(19)	2700.1(11)	14.0(5)
C6	2997.3(12)	2730(2)	7129.9(11)	16.7(5)
C38	3276.1(12)	10053(2)	2706.4(11)	15.4(5)
C56	5334.4(13)	7243.9(18)	3524.2(11)	15.1(5)
C28	1701.6(13)	2846.4(18)	5457.0(11)	15.6(5)
C7	3007.9(12)	1629(2)	7226.3(11)	16.3(5)
C52	3029.1(12)	8335(2)	2208.0(11)	16.7(5)
C58	5917.0(13)	6343.6(19)	4467.0(12)	16.8(5)
C53	3146.7(12)	7232(2)	2197.7(11)	18.5(5)
C10	3184.7(13)	-538(2)	7293.0(12)	18.7(5)
C65	3293.1(14)	7511(2)	5123.8(11)	20.0(6)
C57	5910.5(12)	6894.8(19)	3944.7(11)	16.1(5)
C4	2559.3(12)	975(2)	6813.6(11)	15.4(5)
C8	3528.9(13)	1176(2)	7696.0(12)	19.4(5)
C59	5327.3(13)	6117.7(19)	4551.0(12)	17.0(5)
C19	262.6(12)	1344(2)	6719.1(13)	19.8(6)
C40	3701.1(12)	10470.1(19)	3862.7(11)	15.1(5)
C33	1843.5(13)	2444(2)	4940.6(12)	19.0(5)
C2	2107.3(13)	-880.8(19)	6553.6(11)	17.0(5)
C24	9.7(13)	2248(2)	6380.1(12)	20.2(6)
C13	2314.3(14)	-1905(2)	6475.5(12)	20.1(6)
C39	3562.7(12)	10751(2)	3229.7(12)	16.0(5)
C49	2908.7(13)	10513(2)	2143.1(12)	20.2(6)

C11	3341.7(14)	-1609(2)	7251.0(13)	22.8(6)
C1	1429.2(13)	-695.2(19)	6355.6(12)	17.2(5)
C29	1179.9(13)	3542.9(19)	5354.5(12)	17.6(5)
C22	-65.4(12)	3111(2)	7294.7(13)	19.4(5)
C16	998.3(14)	-1433(2)	5987.9(12)	20.5(6)
C64	3041.3(13)	8333.5(19)	4709.8(11)	17.4(5)
C61	5358.5(14)	7810(2)	2956.4(12)	21.7(6)
C3	2596.2(13)	-138.7(19)	6893.7(11)	16.2(5)
C45	3996.5(14)	12489(2)	3574.9(14)	24.0(6)
C51	2582.5(13)	8822(2)	1690.7(12)	21.8(6)
C23	-144.8(13)	3113(2)	6668.8(13)	20.5(6)
C12	2949.0(14)	-2236(2)	6822.2(13)	24.5(6)
C69	2386.5(13)	8269(2)	4338.8(11)	18.0(5)
C20	311.8(13)	1319(2)	7346.3(13)	20.5(6)
C21	146.5(13)	2195(2)	7622.7(13)	20.4(6)
C46	3645.9(13)	11812(2)	3099.6(13)	20.0(6)
C48	2945.0(14)	11612(2)	2058.3(13)	24.5(6)
C15	1246.5(15)	-2390(2)	5848.2(12)	23.4(6)
C17	319.2(15)	-1247(2)	5782.7(14)	26.4(6)
C44	4199.5(14)	12167(2)	4167.5(14)	24.0(6)
C32	1467.4(15)	2734(2)	4352.4(12)	24.3(6)
C9	3632.1(13)	132(2)	7703.2(12)	21.1(6)
C68	2014.4(14)	7420(2)	4389.4(12)	21.6(6)
C41	3804.0(14)	10105(2)	5121.5(12)	21.6(6)
C31	936.3(15)	3380(2)	4252.9(13)	27.5(7)
C47	3338.5(14)	12213(2)	2496.3(13)	24.1(6)
C30	797.4(14)	3782(2)	4757.9(12)	22.8(6)
C72	2068.9(14)	9092(2)	3865.7(13)	23.1(6)
C34	1031.9(14)	4065(2)	5884.3(13)	22.5(6)
C43	4018.3(13)	11175(2)	4331.6(12)	19.3(5)
C63	4115.6(13)	6160(2)	4231.9(13)	24.2(6)
C36	2391.7(14)	1697(2)	5007.8(13)	24.3(6)
C14	1878.3(15)	-2629(2)	6099.0(12)	24.1(6)
C42	4082.6(14)	10953(2)	4962.4(12)	23.1(6)
C62	6546.7(14)	6047(2)	4941.1(13)	24.4(6)
C67	2265.2(14)	6606(2)	4788.7(12)	22.7(6)
C25	535.7(15)	346(2)	7727.0(15)	30.6(7)
C66	2903.0(15)	6670(2)	5154.3(12)	23.7(6)
C50	2548.4(13)	9876(2)	1650.6(12)	22.6(6)
C18	63.4(14)	-387(2)	5951.0(15)	28.3(7)
C26	-172.6(14)	4096(2)	7603.9(14)	25.4(6)
B2	2125.7(14)	2508(2)	6122.4(13)	16.0(6)
C70	3983.9(15)	7500(2)	5536.2(13)	29.3(7)
B3	4098.9(14)	7427(2)	3147.3(13)	14.5(6)
C27	-100.8(15)	2282(2)	5695.8(13)	29.3(7)
C71	1848.1(16)	5673(2)	4806.3(14)	31.5(7)
C35	517(2)	3638(3)	3610.1(14)	47.1(10)
B4	3451.8(15)	9302(2)	4640.6(13)	17.2(6)
B1	489.3(16)	397(2)	6404.0(15)	22.7(7)
Br1A	-829.9(19)	-263(3)	5715.9(19)	84.9(13)
Br1	-854.4(10)	-195.2(11)	5607.4(9)	29.8(2)
Br4	4001(6)	9996(10)	5940(6)	79(4)
Br4A	3797.4(4)	10018.2(10)	5954.8(5)	28.51(14)

Table S12. Anisotropic Displacement Parameters ($\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$) for **BN[5]-Br₂**. The Anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form: $-2\pi^2[h^2a^{*2}U_{11}+2hka^*b^*U_{12}+\dots]$.

Atom	U ₁₁	U ₂₂	U ₃₃	U ₂₃	U ₁₃	U ₁₂
Br2	23.07(15)	14.05(12)	25.56(14)	-0.94(10)	3.87(11)	-3.84(10)
Br3	29.63(17)	16.30(13)	30.33(15)	-9.00(11)	2.86(12)	-2.56(11)
N2	16.0(11)	14.7(10)	12.7(10)	-0.9(8)	2.6(9)	-0.5(9)
N4	17.7(11)	12.1(10)	13.5(10)	-2.1(8)	2.2(9)	-2.7(9)
N3	11.3(11)	14.9(10)	11.9(10)	-1.7(8)	-0.9(8)	-2.6(8)
N1	19.1(12)	13.0(10)	22.2(11)	-4.3(9)	7.6(9)	-2.6(9)
C55	15.9(13)	8.3(11)	14.9(12)	-3.5(9)	3.0(10)	-1.6(9)
C60	18.4(13)	11.4(11)	18.9(12)	-0.7(9)	5.9(10)	-0.9(10)
C5	18.8(13)	11.0(11)	18.2(12)	-1.3(9)	8.2(10)	-2.0(10)
C54	19.9(14)	11.8(11)	20.5(13)	-3.2(10)	8.3(11)	-2.1(10)
C37	11.2(12)	19.5(12)	11.3(11)	3.7(9)	3.4(9)	-0.1(10)
C6	14.3(13)	21.6(13)	14.6(12)	-4.0(10)	5.1(10)	-3.5(10)
C38	11.9(12)	18.6(12)	16.2(12)	4.6(10)	5.2(10)	2.0(10)
C56	20.3(14)	10.4(11)	14.5(12)	-2.2(9)	5.1(10)	-1.1(10)

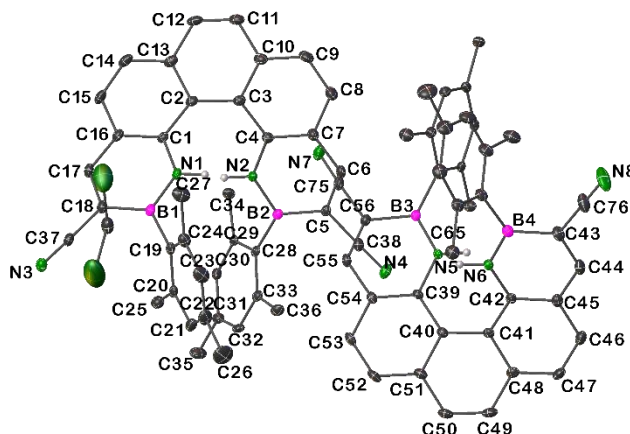
A	B	C	D	Angle/°	A	B	C	D	Angle/°
C33	C32	C31	C30	3.0(4)	B3	C55	C56	C57	-179.6(2)
C33	C32	C31	C35	-176.8(3)	B3	C55	C56	C61	-1.6(3)
C2	C13	C12	C11	4.1(4)	B3	C54	C53	C52	-1.4(4)
C2	C13	C14	C15	-5.5(4)	C27	C24	C23	C22	178.5(3)
C2	C1	C16	C15	3.7(4)	C71	C67	C66	C65	177.8(3)
C2	C1	C16	C17	-179.3(2)	C35	C31	C30	C29	179.6(3)
C24	C19	C20	C21	-3.6(4)	B4	N4	C40	C39	-165.6(3)
C24	C19	C20	C25	175.7(2)	B4	N4	C40	C43	7.0(4)
C24	C19	B1	N1	109.1(3)	B4	C64	C69	C68	179.7(2)
C24	C19	B1	C18	-73.7(4)	B4	C64	C69	C72	1.3(4)
C13	C2	C1	N1	162.0(2)	B4	C41	C42	C43	4.7(4)
C13	C2	C1	C16	-12.6(4)	B1	N1	C1	C2	-177.1(3)
C13	C2	C3	C10	-20.8(3)	B1	N1	C1	C16	-2.2(4)
C13	C2	C3	C4	152.6(2)	B1	C19	C24	C23	-175.1(2)
C39	C38	C49	C48	13.9(4)	B1	C19	C24	C27	5.3(4)
C39	C38	C49	C50	-171.2(2)	B1	C19	C20	C21	175.8(2)
C39	C40	C43	C44	-0.1(4)	B1	C19	C20	C25	-4.9(4)
C39	C40	C43	C42	171.8(2)	Br1A	C18	B1	N1	177.7(3)
C39	C46	C47	C48	3.4(4)	Br1A	C18	B1	C19	0.4(5)
C49	C38	C39	C40	152.0(2)	Br1	C18	B1	N1	-173.9(2)
C49	C38	C39	C46	-21.0(3)	Br1	C18	B1	C19	8.7(4)
C49	C48	C47	C46	-11.2(4)	Br4	C41	C42	C43	177.0(5)
C11	C10	C3	C4	-160.1(2)	Br4	C41	B4	N4	-170.4(5)
C11	C10	C3	C2	13.9(3)	Br4	C41	B4	C64	15.6(7)
C11	C10	C9	C8	171.6(2)	Br4A	C41	C42	C43	-169.5(2)
C1	N1	B1	C19	173.8(2)	Br4A	C41	B4	N4	174.61(19)
C1	N1	B1	C18	-3.7(4)	Br4A	C41	B4	C64	0.7(4)

Table S16. Hydrogen Atom Coordinates ($\text{\AA}\times 10^4$) and Isotropic Displacement Parameters ($\text{\AA}^2\times 10^3$) for **BN[5]-Br₂**.

Atom	x	y	z	U(eq)
H6	3281.82	3162.65	7431.97	20
H53	2872.94	6816.5	1878.3	22
H57	6306.42	7037.45	3871.8	19
H8	3805.33	1605.74	8005.57	23
H59	5322.23	5728.16	4901.27	20
H11	3727.44	-1885.11	7528.46	27
H61A	5271.64	7316.86	2613.93	33
H61B	5786.98	8118.06	3031.99	33
H61C	5032.55	8364.07	2854.42	33
H45	4091.04	13178.79	3477.42	29
H51	2307.2	8406.35	1372.31	26
H23	-308.39	3720.93	6434.33	25
H12	3096.3	-2905.78	6749.54	29
H21	179.09	2167.15	8044.64	24
H48	2686.57	11921.72	1686.15	29
H15	965.93	-2868.67	5575.2	28
H17	41.28	-1742.13	5521.01	32

Atom	x	y	z	U(eq)
H44	4465.71	12611.1	4475.63	29
H32	1578.25	2482.44	4009.96	29
H9	4010.21	-152.79	7987.77	25
H68	1574.42	7395.98	4142.86	26
H47	3414.18	12915.31	2404.7	29
H30	435.18	4227.67	4696.23	27
H72A	2177.31	9787.49	4046.76	35
H72B	1600.17	8997.24	3733.27	35
H72C	2223.85	9023.62	3511.26	35
H34A	1107.73	3570.42	6225.38	34
H34B	579.97	4287.66	5753.14	34
H34C	1311.95	4674.36	6017.97	34
H63A	3832.52	6772.06	4154.66	36
H63B	4196.06	5921.99	4654.96	36
H63C	3908.29	5599.17	3947.67	36
H36A	2759.39	1901.9	5360.77	36
H36B	2518.19	1713.02	4635.01	36
H36C	2255.07	989.23	5071.42	36
H14	2030.57	-3292.35	6020.98	29
H42	4326.29	11413.18	5273.88	28
H62A	6887.56	6020.84	4748.67	37
H62B	6503.42	5360.12	5111.74	37
H62C	6658.06	6567.31	5270.65	37
H25A	283.65	-254.67	7516.98	46
H25B	475.31	435.3	8128.92	46
H25C	993.3	226.8	7781.92	46
H66	3079.73	6121.78	5435.45	28
H50	2278.39	10193.27	1286	27
H26A	155.32	4612.43	7595.65	38
H26B	-141.2	3943.81	8030.33	38
H26C	-601.82	4374.77	7387.23	38
H70A	4247.4	7926.74	5353.21	44
H70B	4145.41	6781.39	5584.92	44
H70C	4007.79	7785.91	5938.48	44
H27A	290.79	2053.2	5611.92	44
H27B	-206.09	2996.94	5546.32	44
H27C	-458.69	1816.9	5486.18	44
H71A	1424.47	5912.54	4812.15	47
H71B	2053.77	5261.02	5176	47
H71C	1795.61	5239.72	4442.05	47
H35A	788.02	3886.56	3370.76	71
H35B	208.4	4183	3625.25	71
H35C	283.27	3010.85	3416.57	71
H1	1434(15)	570(20)	6817(14)	19(8)
H4	3271(14)	9170(20)	3752(14)	18(8)
H3	4132(15)	8860(20)	3385(14)	22(8)
H2	1881(15)	980(20)	6023(14)	22(8)

3.3. 3,12-Dicyano-1,14-dihydro-2,13-dimesityl-1,14-diaza-2,13-diborapentahelicene (BN[5]-(CN)₂)



Pale-yellow single crystals of $C_{38}H_{32}B_2N_4$ (**BN[5]-(CN)₂**), two molecules of the helicene co-crystallized with one molecule of dichloromethane, net molecular formula $C_{77}H_{66}B_4Cl_2N_8$ were grown by dissolving a small amount (ca. 2 mg) of the compound in DCM (ca. 1 mL) in a sample vial. Ethanol (ca. 5 mL) was added to a second, larger vial. The small vial was placed in the larger vial, which was capped. DCM was allowed to evaporate slowly at 25 °C, while letting the ethanol diffuse into the small vial over the course of 3 d. CCDC Deposition Number: 2212000.

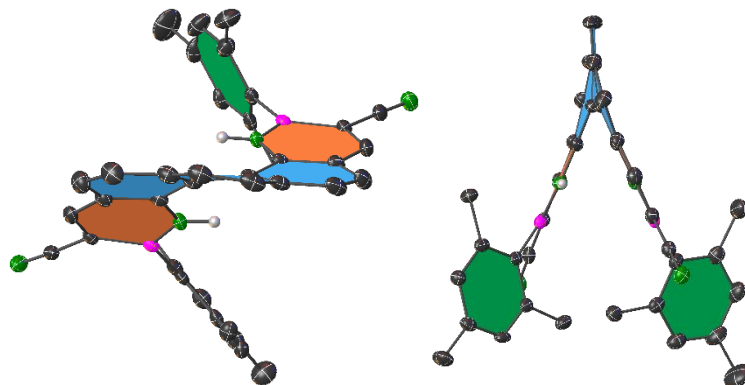


Fig. S7. Top view and view along the central phenyl-unit of **BN[5]-(CN)₂**.

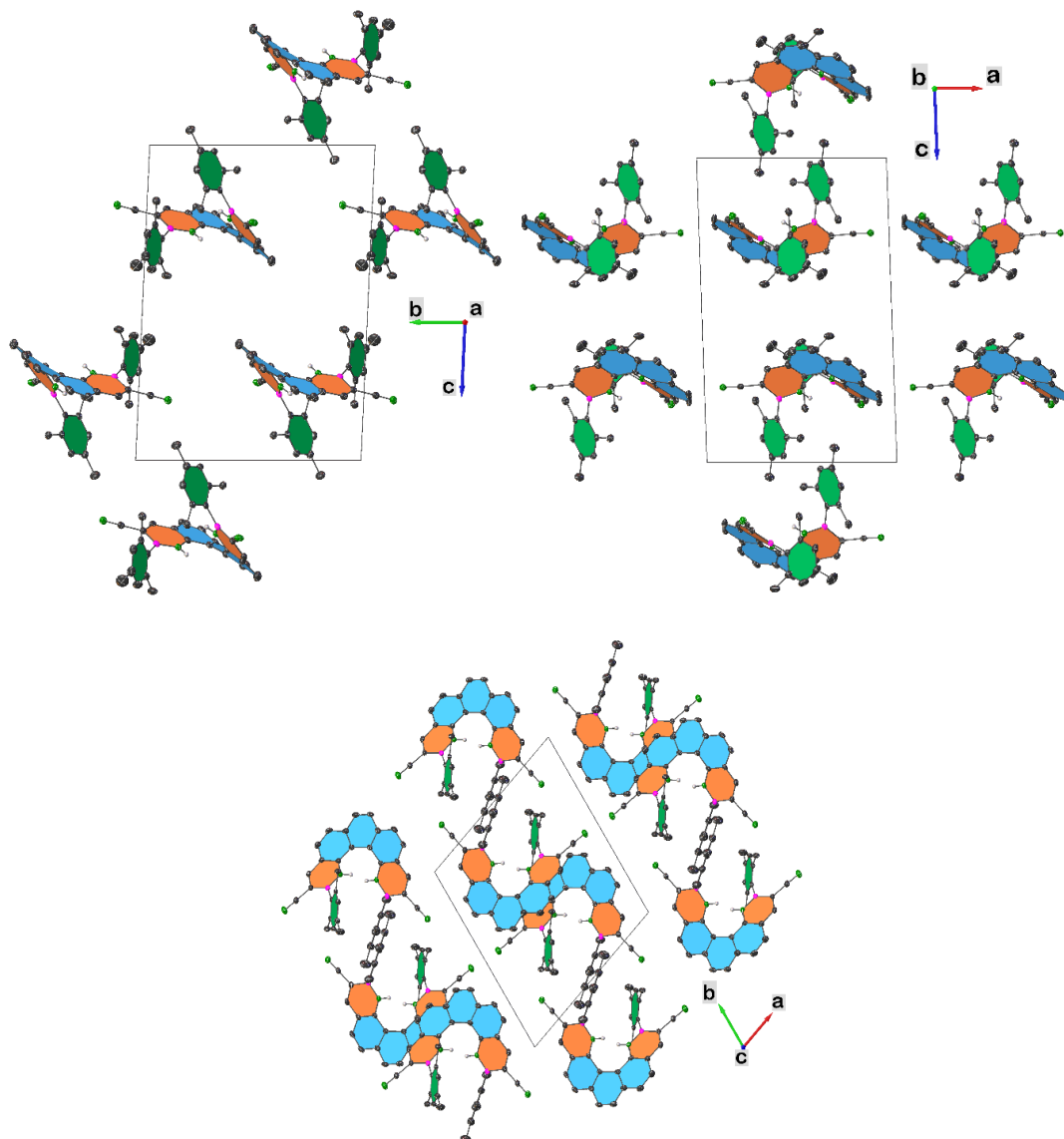


Fig. S8. Unit cell packing view of a **BN[5]-(CN)₂** crystal along the *a*, *b* and *c*-axes

Table S17. Crystal data and structure refinement for **BN[5]-(CN)₂**.

Empirical formula	C _{38.5} H ₃₃ B ₂ CIN ₄
Formula weight	608.76
Temperature/K	100.00
Crystal system	triclinic
Space group	P-1
a/Å	13.0913(14)
b/Å	14.9897(16)
c/Å	19.698(2)
α°	86.550(4)
β°	86.961(4)
γ°	69.776(4)
Volume/Å ³	3618.3(7)
Z	4
ρ _{calc} /cm ³	1.117
μ/mm ⁻¹	0.136
F(000)	1276.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.403 × 0.129 × 0.038
Radiation	MoKα (λ = 0.71073)
2θ range for data collection/°	4.01 to 57.18
Index ranges	-17 ≤ h ≤ 17, -20 ≤ k ≤ 19, -26 ≤ l ≤ 26
Reflections collected	112802
Independent reflections	18466 [R _{int} = 0.0673, R _{sigma} = 0.0497]
Data/restraints/parameters	18466/0/848
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.026
Final R indexes [I >= 2σ (I)]	R ₁ = 0.0610, wR ₂ = 0.1369
Final R indexes [all data]	R ₁ = 0.0950, wR ₂ = 0.1527
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.46/-0.81

Table S18. Fractional Atomic Coordinates (×10⁴) and Equivalent Isotropic Displacement Parameters (Å²×10³) for **BN[5]-(CN)₂**. U_{eq} is defined as 1/3 of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor.

Atom	x	y	z	U _{eq}
C12	7763.3(6)	1946.4(6)	9487.0(3)	55.6(2)
C11	6589.6(8)	709.2(5)	10024.0(6)	75.2(3)
N1	6718.3(13)	2063.2(11)	7245.1(8)	17.7(3)
N5	-137.1(13)	6630.7(11)	8608.1(8)	15.6(3)
N2	4994.1(13)	3710.1(11)	7672.9(8)	17.9(3)
N6	-1070.6(13)	6643.1(11)	7296.9(8)	17.0(3)
N3	8222.4(14)	-1318.5(12)	8090.6(9)	25.7(4)
N4	975.5(14)	4748.0(13)	7536.7(8)	26.3(4)
N7	3566.8(15)	6248.3(14)	9249.8(10)	32.1(4)
C62	417.1(14)	8603.6(13)	9038.0(9)	16.9(4)
C39	-268.0(15)	5756.0(12)	8765.0(9)	15.5(4)
C40	-1260.4(15)	5591.6(13)	8643.7(9)	16.7(4)
C28	3768.1(14)	3205.6(13)	8570.7(10)	17.3(4)
C29	4235.5(15)	3321.7(13)	9179.4(10)	18.5(4)
C38	1894.0(16)	4614.4(14)	7511.0(9)	20.2(4)
C54	592.1(16)	5033.0(13)	9088.7(9)	17.8(4)
C57	929.8(15)	7857.2(13)	8599.9(9)	16.3(4)
C33	3144.9(15)	2604.4(14)	8599.8(10)	19.9(4)
C5	3041.2(15)	4454.9(13)	7439.2(9)	18.2(4)
C55	1590.2(16)	5170.6(13)	9202.9(9)	19.4(4)
C42	-2061.3(15)	6789.3(13)	7648.6(9)	17.4(4)
C61	690.1(15)	9431.1(13)	8983.1(9)	18.0(4)
C2	7334.3(15)	3446.8(14)	7316.4(9)	19.3(4)
C6	3337.6(16)	5001.2(14)	6938.3(10)	21.6(4)
C1	7440.8(15)	2467.3(14)	7470.0(9)	18.4(4)
C58	1698.2(15)	7976.4(14)	8104.1(10)	19.7(4)
C53	461.5(17)	4163.4(13)	9324.1(9)	22.0(4)
C60	1458.1(16)	9542.8(14)	8501.9(10)	20.5(4)
C56	1749.1(15)	6010.9(14)	9027.4(9)	18.6(4)
C52	-519.2(18)	4053.2(14)	9294.0(10)	23.3(4)
C41	-2160.5(15)	6219.8(13)	8246.4(9)	17.7(4)
C59	1939.4(16)	8812.2(14)	8058.6(10)	21.9(4)
C20	5217.8(15)	403.6(13)	7458.3(10)	21.2(4)

C37	8005.4(15)	-526.1(14)	7939.2(10)	21.0(4)
C19	5928.5(15)	725.6(13)	7034.9(10)	19.3(4)
C75	2764.8(16)	6126.0(14)	9161.1(10)	23.5(4)
C4	5282.7(16)	4254.7(13)	7157.2(10)	19.5(4)
C51	-1404.5(17)	4777.2(13)	8988.3(9)	20.6(4)
C16	8347.1(15)	1859.1(14)	7821.9(10)	21.7(4)
C65	-396.9(16)	8523.4(14)	9589.8(10)	22.7(4)
C18	7760.4(16)	475.7(14)	7764.4(10)	20.5(4)
C66	203.9(17)	6912.0(15)	6259.9(10)	23.8(4)
C7	4435.6(16)	4942.6(14)	6803.5(10)	22.9(4)
C45	-3004.5(16)	7456.1(14)	7362.4(10)	22.3(4)
C30	4041.5(15)	2870.4(14)	9785.6(10)	20.2(4)
C3	6393.7(16)	4185.2(14)	7025.5(10)	20.5(4)
C36	2663.9(17)	2400.6(15)	7972.0(11)	25.5(4)
C13	8274.6(16)	3691.9(15)	7406.7(10)	23.4(4)
C34	4954.2(17)	3924.4(14)	9203.0(10)	23.8(4)
C50	-2468.9(18)	4713.8(15)	9069.6(10)	25.3(4)
C31	3428.7(16)	2268.1(14)	9814.6(10)	23.5(4)
C17	8475.4(16)	883.4(14)	7965.6(10)	23.3(4)
C15	9176.5(16)	2199.5(16)	8000.7(11)	27.4(5)
C32	2993.6(16)	2143.7(14)	9217.1(10)	22.3(4)
C14	9163.3(17)	3070.9(16)	7775.7(11)	28.0(5)
C49	-3345.9(18)	5432.9(15)	8846.3(11)	27.1(5)
C10	6558.4(17)	4969.8(15)	6652.0(11)	25.4(4)
C47	-4154.7(17)	6875.3(15)	8127.3(11)	26.6(4)
C63	2285.3(18)	7192.1(15)	7625.2(11)	28.2(5)
C48	-3218.1(16)	6196.6(14)	8416.9(10)	22.1(4)
C44	-2926.3(17)	8018.2(15)	6766.1(10)	26.5(4)
C12	8359.2(18)	4547.0(15)	7085.1(11)	28.2(5)
C71	651.0(17)	6088.2(15)	5878.6(10)	24.9(4)
C24	5890.0(18)	682.4(15)	6325.5(11)	27.2(4)
C46	-4048.4(17)	7517.9(16)	7636.6(11)	27.3(4)
C25	5249.8(17)	406.3(16)	8222.9(11)	26.5(4)
C74	144.3(19)	5319.4(16)	5918.2(11)	29.1(5)
C64	1787.9(17)	10413.7(15)	8461.8(12)	28.3(5)
C43	-1963.4(18)	7895.8(15)	6421.2(10)	27.1(4)
C21	4468.2(17)	76.4(15)	7171.4(12)	27.9(5)
C67	702.6(19)	7610.6(16)	6186.3(10)	29.2(5)
C11	7573.8(18)	5113.8(16)	6681.2(11)	28.7(5)
N8	-1977(2)	8870.8(18)	5295.0(11)	59.2(7)
C8	4678.5(18)	5618.4(16)	6347.2(11)	30.0(5)
C9	5699.1(19)	5651.9(16)	6296.5(12)	31.4(5)
C70	1557.2(19)	5978.9(17)	5444.9(10)	30.2(5)
C22	4416(2)	36.3(17)	6475.0(13)	35.2(5)
C23	5140(2)	334.9(18)	6060.1(12)	37.7(6)
C27	6653(2)	1006.8(19)	5853.6(11)	37.2(6)
C68	1610(2)	7477.6(18)	5745.2(11)	35.0(5)
C69	2040(2)	6675.2(18)	5367.8(11)	35.3(5)
B3	809.2(17)	6847.9(15)	8724.3(10)	16.0(4)
C72	249(2)	8524.0(17)	6564.8(12)	37.5(6)
C76	-1972(2)	8447.9(17)	5797.7(12)	38.3(6)
B2	3920.7(17)	3765.6(15)	7896.6(11)	17.7(4)
B1	6785.6(17)	1093.3(15)	7349.3(11)	18.1(4)
C35	3263(2)	1772.9(18)	10478.5(12)	35.5(5)
C77	6909(2)	1733.9(17)	10148.4(12)	35.7(5)
B4	-910.9(19)	7131.5(16)	6678.7(11)	22.1(5)
C73	2985(2)	6567(2)	4861.1(13)	48.0(7)
C26	3615(3)	-351(2)	6180.5(16)	58.4(8)

Table S19. Anisotropic Displacement Parameters (Å²×10³) for **BN[5]-(CN)₂**. The Anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form: -2π²[h²a²U₁₁+2hka*b*U₁₂+...].

Atom	U ₁₁	U ₂₂	U ₃₃	U ₂₃	U ₁₃	U ₁₂
C12	52.5(4)	58.7(4)	37.1(3)	-1.0(3)	6.0(3)	3.0(3)
C11	75.3(6)	35.5(4)	117.5(8)	-1.9(4)	-42.4(5)	-17.3(4)
N1	13.0(8)	18.0(8)	20.1(8)	-2.8(6)	-1.7(6)	-2.3(6)
N5	15.6(8)	12.4(7)	17.2(7)	-0.2(6)	-0.3(6)	-3.1(6)
N2	14.5(8)	14.9(8)	22.8(8)	0.0(6)	-0.7(6)	-3.4(6)
N6	17.2(8)	15.4(8)	17.5(8)	-0.9(6)	-0.4(6)	-4.5(7)
N3	23.2(9)	22.4(9)	29.0(9)	-2.6(7)	-3.0(7)	-4.0(7)
N4	18.4(9)	36.1(10)	21.1(8)	-4.9(7)	-0.4(7)	-4.5(8)
N7	21.6(10)	30.1(10)	41.7(11)	-2.5(8)	-6.5(8)	-4.4(8)

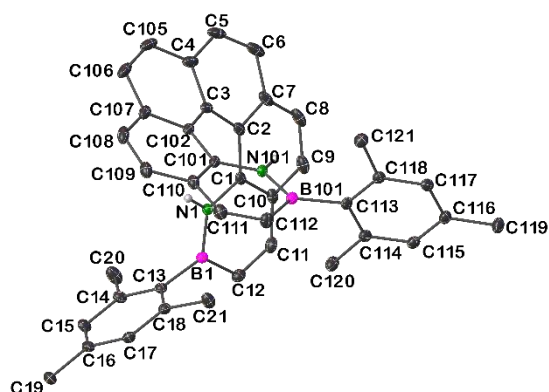
A	B	C	D	Angle/°	A	B	C	D	Angle/°
C2	C3	C10	C11	-12.1(3)	C67	C66	C71	C74	-178.53(19)
C2	C3	C10	C9	173.05(19)	C67	C66	C71	C70	0.0(3)
C2	C13	C14	C15	5.6(3)	C67	C66	B4	N6	-115.9(2)
C2	C13	C12	C11	-1.8(3)	C67	C66	B4	C43	66.9(3)
C6	C5	B2	N2	-7.1(3)	C67	C68	C69	C70	-1.2(4)
C6	C5	B2	C28	168.47(18)	C67	C68	C69	C73	176.5(2)
C6	C7	C8	C9	170.0(2)	C11	C10	C9	C8	-169.5(2)
C1	N1	B1	C19	-177.32(17)	C9	C10	C11	C12	171.4(2)
C1	N1	B1	C18	1.1(3)	C27	C24	C23	C22	-179.4(2)
C1	C2	C3	C4	34.3(3)	B3	N5	C39	C40	178.86(17)
C1	C2	C3	C10	-154.24(19)	B3	N5	C39	C54	2.5(3)
C1	C2	C13	C14	-14.4(3)	B3	C57	C58	C59	-169.98(17)
C1	C2	C13	C12	161.51(18)	B3	C57	C58	C63	8.8(3)
C1	C16	C17	C18	1.4(3)	C72	C67	C68	C69	-177.7(2)
C1	C16	C15	C14	-6.9(3)	C76	C43	B4	N6	-178.5(2)
C58	C57	B3	N5	-116.4(2)	C76	C43	B4	C66	-0.9(3)
C58	C57	B3	C56	66.7(2)	B2	N2	C4	C7	-0.4(3)
C53	C54	C55	C56	-175.98(17)	B2	N2	C4	C3	174.15(18)
C53	C52	C51	C40	6.6(3)	B2	C28	C29	C30	175.98(17)
C53	C52	C51	C50	-169.18(18)	B2	C28	C29	C34	-4.2(3)
C52	C51	C50	C49	173.27(19)	B2	C28	C33	C36	5.1(3)
C41	C40	C51	C52	169.86(17)	B2	C28	C33	C32	-177.62(17)
C41	C40	C51	C50	-14.5(3)	B2	C5	C6	C7	2.0(3)
C41	C42	C45	C44	-179.19(18)	B1	N1	C1	C2	177.30(18)
C41	C42	C45	C46	-4.2(3)	B1	N1	C1	C16	1.7(3)
C20	C19	C24	C23	0.9(3)	B1	C19	C24	C23	178.6(2)
C20	C19	C24	C27	-179.0(2)	B1	C19	C24	C27	-1.3(3)
C20	C19	B1	N1	-115.3(2)	B1	C18	C17	C16	1.4(3)
C20	C19	B1	C18	66.5(3)	C35	C31	C32	C33	179.9(2)
C20	C21	C22	C23	0.0(3)	B4	N6	C42	C41	175.82(18)
C20	C21	C22	C26	178.1(2)	B4	N6	C42	C45	2.2(3)
C37	C18	C17	C16	179.17(18)	B4	C66	C71	C74	-7.0(3)
C37	C18	B1	N1	179.88(17)	B4	C66	C71	C70	171.49(19)
C37	C18	B1	C19	-1.8(3)	B4	C66	C67	C68	-171.6(2)
C19	C20	C21	C22	1.6(3)	B4	C66	C67	C72	6.6(3)
C19	C24	C23	C22	0.7(4)	C26	C22	C23	C24	-179.2(3)

Table S23. Hydrogen Atom Coordinates ($\text{\AA}\times 10^4$) and Isotropic Displacement Parameters ($\text{\AA}^2\times 10^3$) for **BN[5]-(CN)₂**.

Atom	x	y	z	U(eq)
H55	2163.19	4663.99	9406.98	23
H61	341.26	9928.99	9282.65	22
H6	2785.7	5437.87	6669.62	26
H53	1062.79	3658.12	9502.95	26
H52	-614.49	3486.09	9479.32	28
H59	2446.16	8886.6	7716.03	26
H65A	-710.61	8049.08	9471.39	34
H65B	-978.14	9141.77	9633.01	34
H65C	-30.23	8327.24	10022.87	34
H30	4334.73	2975.08	10192.1	24
H36A	1868.17	2684.55	8006.1	38
H36B	2874.35	1710.95	7934.1	38
H36C	2937.16	2674.1	7568.23	38
H34A	5706.37	3543.5	9076.26	36
H34B	4926.02	4143.67	9664.72	36
H34C	4694.46	4475.57	8883.39	36
H50	-2558.78	4159.06	9283.14	30

Atom	x	y	z	U(eq)
H17	9087.81	497.34	8213.35	28
H15	9745.29	1811.44	8280.74	33
H32	2579.27	1732.87	9225.86	27
H14	9755.34	3270.29	7865.44	34
H49	-4056.13	5433.99	8974.71	33
H47	-4859.15	6881.56	8276.47	32
H63A	2540.84	7465.74	7214.64	42
H63B	1785.23	6875.91	7499.45	42
H63C	2909.79	6727.07	7851.67	42
H44	-3567.66	8494.01	6604.08	32
H12	8978.56	4717.09	7157.71	34
H46	-4677.33	8011.14	7476.67	33
H25A	5892.22	-114.59	8382.61	40
H25B	4590.24	320.74	8429.25	40
H25C	5287.79	1014.49	8353.24	40
H74A	487.31	4858.84	5569.43	44
H74B	-637.86	5606.72	5841.72	44
H74C	255.1	4994.45	6369.29	44
H64A	2569.97	10224.7	8536.36	42
H64B	1379.78	10849.15	8811.65	42
H64C	1628.54	10733.77	8011.24	42
H21	3979.71	-124.45	7462.82	33
H11	7699.24	5616.1	6412.39	34
H8	4122.98	6047.64	6076.98	36
H9	5840.94	6139.4	6018.86	38
H70	1852.44	5417.26	5196.35	36
H23	5124.36	301.3	5580.9	45
H27A	6673.91	757.42	5402.47	56
H27B	7386.04	769.55	6035.33	56
H27C	6394.57	1703.77	5816.79	56
H68	1941.47	7951.96	5703.59	42
H72A	825.57	8792.18	6609.66	56
H72B	-23.83	8388.73	7018.13	56
H72C	-348.26	8981.71	6311.4	56
H35A	3943.75	1551.69	10724.67	53
H35B	3050.09	1227.15	10387.56	53
H35C	2689.24	2218.02	10754.99	53
H77A	6227.27	2290.41	10174.32	43
H77B	7273.92	1656.93	10586.48	43
H73A	3465.96	5899.49	4866.32	72
H73B	3394.42	6966.35	4985.87	72
H73C	2705.4	6763.57	4403.93	72
H26A	3980.49	-1025.37	6090.26	88
H26B	3343.76	4.66	5754.83	88
H26C	3003.22	-282.83	6506.22	88
H5	-699(18)	7078(16)	8437(11)	17(5)
H1	6167(19)	2461(16)	6986(11)	22(6)
H6A	-490(20)	6178(18)	7465(12)	27(6)
H2	5540(20)	3347(17)	7924(12)	26(6)

3.4. 1,16-Dihydro-2,15-dimesityl-1,16-diaza-2,15-diborahexahelicene (BN[6])



Colorless single crystals of $C_{40}H_{36}B_2N_2$ (**BN[6]**) were grown by dissolving a small amount (ca. 10 mg) of the compound in DCM (ca. 0.5 mL) in a snap cap sample vial. The vial was placed in a larger, capped vial, filled with cyclohexane (ca. 5 mL). Over 7 d, DCM slowly evaporated while cyclohexane was allowed to diffuse into the DCM solution. CCDC Deposition Number: 2192803.

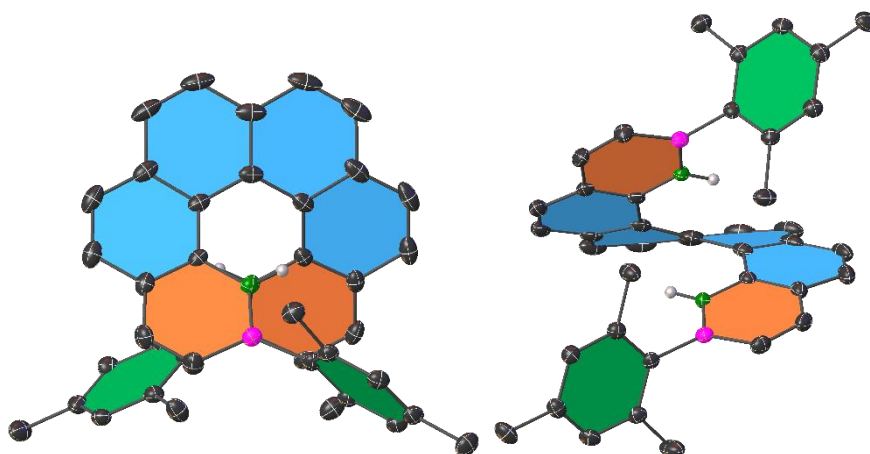
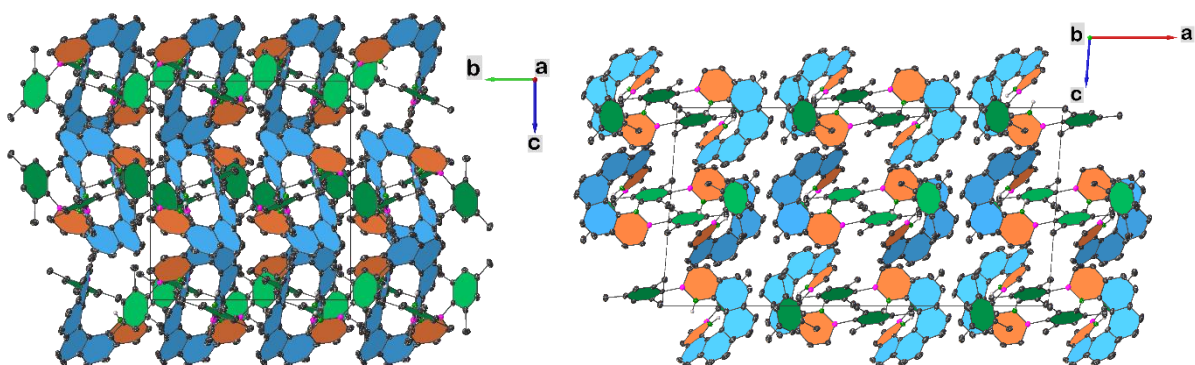


Fig. S9. Frontal view and representation of the helical structure of **BN[6]**.



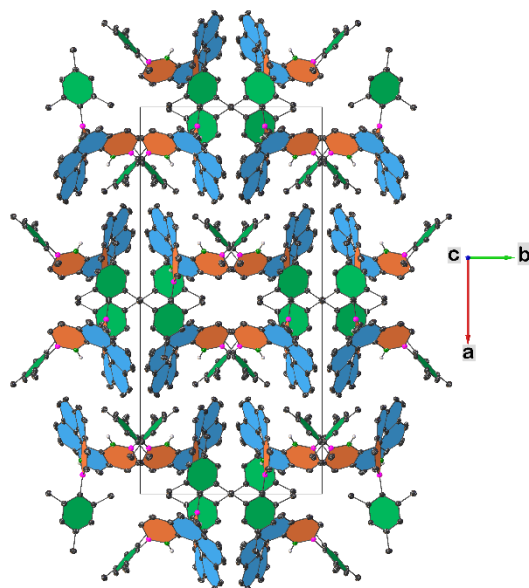


Fig. S10. Unit cell packing view of a **BN[6]** crystal along the a, b and c-axes.

Table S24. Crystal data and structure refinement for **BN[6]**.

Empirical formula	C ₄₀ H ₃₆ B ₂ N ₂
Formula weight	566.33
Temperature/K	100.00
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	C2/c
a/Å	29.2871(11)
b/Å	13.7319(5)
c/Å	15.0245(5)
α°	90
β°	94.365(2)
γ°	90
Volume/Å ³	6024.8(4)
Z	8
$\rho_{\text{calc}}/\text{cm}^{-3}$	1.249
μ/mm^{-1}	0.071
F(000)	2400.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.24 × 0.23 × 0.18
Radiation	MoK α ($\lambda = 0.71073$)
2 θ range for data collection/ $^\circ$	4.19 to 56.564
Index ranges	-38 ≤ h ≤ 38, -18 ≤ k ≤ 16, -20 ≤ l ≤ 20
Reflections collected	76344
Independent reflections	7480 [R _{int} = 0.0575, R _{sigma} = 0.0327]
Data/restraints/parameters	7480/0/403
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.031
Final R indexes [$ \rho > 2\sigma(\rho)$]	R ₁ = 0.0528, wR ₂ = 0.1348
Final R indexes [all data]	R ₁ = 0.0721, wR ₂ = 0.1471
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.64/-0.32

Table S25. Fractional Atomic Coordinates ($\times 10^4$) and Equivalent Isotropic Displacement Parameters ($\text{Å}^2 \times 10^3$) for **BN[6]**. U_{eq} is defined as 1/3 of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor.

Atom	x	y	z	U_{eq}
N1	3723.8(4)	6489.5(9)	4068.6(8)	16.9(2)
C1	3924.2(5)	7093.9(11)	3468.7(9)	18.8(3)
B1	3820.0(6)	5481.5(12)	4199.8(11)	18.5(3)
C2	3761.5(5)	8067.4(11)	3295.4(10)	21.3(3)
C3	3410.7(5)	8533.3(10)	3774.4(10)	21.9(3)
C4	3113.6(6)	9186.5(11)	3279.3(12)	29.7(4)
C5	3253.1(7)	9594.7(13)	2471.1(13)	37.1(4)
C6	3651.6(7)	9339.8(13)	2139.6(12)	37.0(4)
C7	3902.2(6)	8521.6(12)	2504.2(11)	29.0(4)
C8	4248.6(6)	8115.6(14)	2032.8(11)	33.6(4)
C9	4429.0(6)	7236.3(14)	2259.7(11)	31.6(4)

C10	4259.0(5)	6683.5(12)	2961.9(10)	23.0(3)
C11	4393.9(5)	5688.6(13)	3093.8(11)	26.1(3)
C12	4196.0(5)	5081.0(12)	3658.4(10)	24.3(3)
C13	3543.0(5)	4860.4(10)	4857.9(10)	18.9(3)
C14	3184.8(5)	4246.9(11)	4526.9(10)	23.5(3)
C15	2955.0(6)	3672.0(11)	5116.2(11)	25.9(3)
C16	3073.4(5)	3672.3(11)	6026.8(11)	23.4(3)
C17	3428.1(5)	4282.0(11)	6344.0(10)	20.9(3)
C18	3660.3(5)	4870.2(11)	5781.2(10)	20.6(3)
C19	2827.4(6)	3038.4(12)	6666.1(13)	30.9(4)
C20	3046.1(7)	4215.5(14)	3536.9(11)	36.0(4)
C21	4046.8(6)	5506.6(13)	6162.1(11)	28.9(4)
N101	4142.6(4)	8224.1(9)	5256.3(8)	18.0(2)
C101	3680.3(5)	8179.1(10)	5404.4(10)	18.5(3)
B101	4512.6(6)	8145.0(12)	5929.1(11)	20.2(3)
C102	3327.8(5)	8385.2(10)	4704.6(10)	20.6(3)
C105	2685.9(6)	9431.1(12)	3596.5(13)	35.5(4)
C106	2557.3(6)	9077.4(13)	4377.7(13)	33.6(4)
C107	2881.8(5)	8583.7(11)	4976.8(12)	26.3(3)
C108	2769.7(6)	8358.6(13)	5848.9(12)	30.6(4)
C109	3097.4(6)	8048.7(12)	6473.0(12)	27.9(4)
C110	3565.6(5)	8011.0(11)	6283.9(10)	23.0(3)
C111	3915.9(6)	7875.9(12)	6990.5(10)	26.1(3)
C112	4366.2(5)	7936.0(13)	6863.9(10)	26.1(3)
C113	5028.1(5)	8292.8(11)	5713.1(9)	19.1(3)
C114	5285.6(5)	7546.1(11)	5348.6(10)	21.1(3)
C115	5748.9(5)	7675.8(12)	5252.7(10)	22.9(3)
C116	5973.9(5)	8535.9(12)	5499.6(10)	23.4(3)
C117	5720.0(5)	9278.4(11)	5854.0(10)	22.8(3)
C118	5254.1(5)	9171.6(11)	5959.8(9)	20.8(3)
C119	6482.5(5)	8662.5(13)	5402.0(12)	30.8(4)
C120	5056.7(6)	6596.3(12)	5067.3(12)	29.2(4)
C121	4990.0(6)	10014.3(12)	6309.4(11)	26.6(3)

Table S26. Anisotropic Displacement Parameters ($\text{Å}^2 \times 10^3$) for **BN[6]**. The Anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form: $-2\pi^2[h^2a^2U_{11}+2hka^*b^*U_{12}+\dots]$.

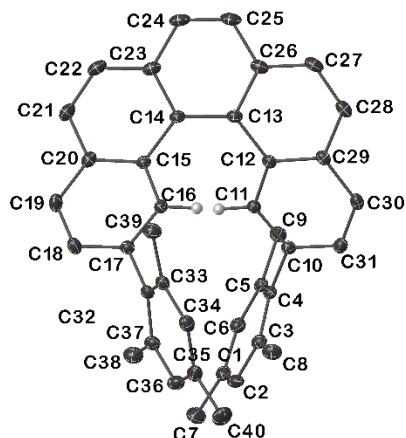
Atom	U_{11}	U_{22}	U_{33}	U_{23}	U_{13}	U_{12}
N1	16.5(6)	17.4(6)	16.9(6)	-1.0(4)	2.5(4)	-0.6(4)
C1	17.8(7)	21.5(7)	16.7(6)	-0.7(5)	-2.3(5)	-4.9(5)
B1	19.2(7)	18.2(8)	17.6(7)	-1.0(6)	-1.5(6)	0.0(6)
C2	21.8(7)	21.2(7)	19.7(7)	1.5(6)	-5.5(5)	-8.2(6)
C3	20.6(7)	14.2(7)	29.3(8)	0.5(6)	-8.6(6)	-4.3(5)
C4	32.6(9)	16.2(7)	37.6(9)	-0.5(6)	-16.2(7)	-1.4(6)
C5	47.7(11)	18.9(8)	40.8(10)	8.4(7)	-21.9(8)	-5.3(7)
C6	53.8(12)	26.1(9)	28.5(9)	10.0(7)	-12.9(8)	-15.8(8)

A	B	C	D	Angle/°	A	B	C	D	Angle/°	Atom	x	y	z	U(eq)
C4	C3	C102	C101	-148.16(14)	C105	C106	C107	C108	169.52(16)	H11	4634.6	5443.24	2768.05	31
C4	C3	C102	C107	22.8(2)	C106	C107	C108	C109	-168.34(15)	H12	4289.46	4420.02	3715.62	29
C4	C5	C6	C7	11.6(3)	C107	C108	C109	C110	4.6(2)	H15	2710.25	3268.85	4885.81	31
C4	C105	C106	C107	10.9(3)	C108	C109	C110	C101	-8.1(2)	H17	3513.82	4295.75	6966.57	25
C5	C4	C105	C106	-177.51(16)	C108	C109	C110	C111	167.29(15)	H19A	2924.8	2360.11	6608.25	46
C5	C6	C7	C2	-8.7(2)	C109	C110	C111	C112	-172.89(16)	H19B	2496	3085.43	6523.06	46
C5	C6	C7	C8	164.52(16)	C110	C101	C102	C3	-177.69(14)	H19C	2902.43	3260.6	7279.68	46
C6	C7	C8	C9	-166.61(16)	C110	C101	C102	C107	11.2(2)	H20A	2984.49	4878.21	3317.42	54
C7	C2	C3	C4	22.8(2)	C110	C111	C112	B101	-0.7(3)	H20B	2769.47	3818.02	3430.39	54
C7	C2	C3	C102	-158.40(14)	C112	B101	C113	C114	99.97(18)	H20C	3294.61	3930	3221.45	54
C7	C8	C9	C10	2.5(3)	C112	B101	C113	C118	-74.5(2)	H21A	3995.18	5678.17	6779.59	43
C8	C9	C10	C1	-5.0(2)	C113	B101	C112	C111	176.25(15)	H21B	4059.25	6101.53	5804.56	43
C8	C9	C10	C11	168.89(15)	C113	C114	C115	C116	-0.6(2)	H21C	4337.04	5153.59	6149.74	43
C9	C10	C11	C12	-169.95(15)	C114	C113	C118	C117	-1.0(2)	H101	4213.15	8308.3	4702.61	22
C10	C1	C2	C3	178.60(14)	C114	C113	C118	C121	176.86(13)	H105	2484.87	9852.87	3252.73	43
C10	C1	C2	C7	9.6(2)	C114	C115	C116	C117	0.1(2)	H106	2250.55	9156.94	4529.55	40
C10	C11	C12	B1	-1.7(2)	C114	C115	C116	C119	179.18(15)	H108	2462.3	8424.16	6001.56	37
C12	B1	C13	C14	-78.4(2)	C115	C116	C117	C118	-0.1(2)	H109	3012.62	7854.11	7044.39	33
C12	B1	C13	C18	98.68(18)	C116	C117	C118	C113	0.5(2)	H111	3827.68	7738.24	7572.9	31
C13	B1	C12	C11	177.57(14)	C116	C117	C118	C121	-177.32(14)	H112	4589.32	7849.44	7350.25	31
C7	C8	C9	C10	2.5(3)	C112	B101	C113	C118	-74.5(2)	H115	5917.37	7161.09	5010.83	27
C13	C14	C15	C16	-1.1(2)	C118	C113	C114	C115	1.0(2)	H117	5867.73	9871.89	6027.85	27
C14	C13	C18	C17	0.4(2)	C118	C113	C114	C120	-179.44(14)	H11A	6655.46	8461.41	5955.57	46
C14	C13	C18	C21	179.12(14)	C119	C116	C117	C118	-179.15(15)	H11B	6547.36	9347.98	5280.89	46
C14	C15	C16	C17	1.0(2)	C120	C114	C115	C116	179.85(15)	H11C	6573.19	8259.89	4906.51	46
										H12D	4955.73	6261.7	5593.97	44
										H12E	5274.71	6183.19	4778.15	44
										H12F	4791.32	6728.42	4647.37	44
										H12A	4807.25	10323.89	5814.1	40
										H12B	5204.49	10490.43	6590.85	40
										H12C	4786.76	9776.06	6750.35	40

Table S30. Hydrogen Atom Coordinates ($\text{\AA}\times 10^4$) and Isotropic Displacement Parameters ($\text{\AA}^2\times 10^3$) for **BN[6]**.

Atom	x	y	z	U(eq)
H1	3519.71	6752.15	4396.06	20
H5	3060.83	10057.69	2157.88	45
H6	3765.07	9703.22	1665.66	44
H8	4358.94	8462.58	1545.93	40
H9	4672.54	6984.58	1945.47	38

3.5. 2,13-Dimesitylpentahelicene (**CC[5]**)



Colorless single crystals of $C_{40}H_{34}$ (**CC[5]**) were grown by dissolving a small amount (ca. 5 mg) of the compound in DCM (ca. 1 mL) in a sample vial. *n*-Hexane (ca. 5 mL) was added to a second, larger vial. The small vial was placed in the larger vial, which was capped. DCM was allowed to evaporate slowly at 25 °C, while letting the *n*-hexane diffuse into the small vial over the course of 1 d. CCDC Deposition Number: 2192799.

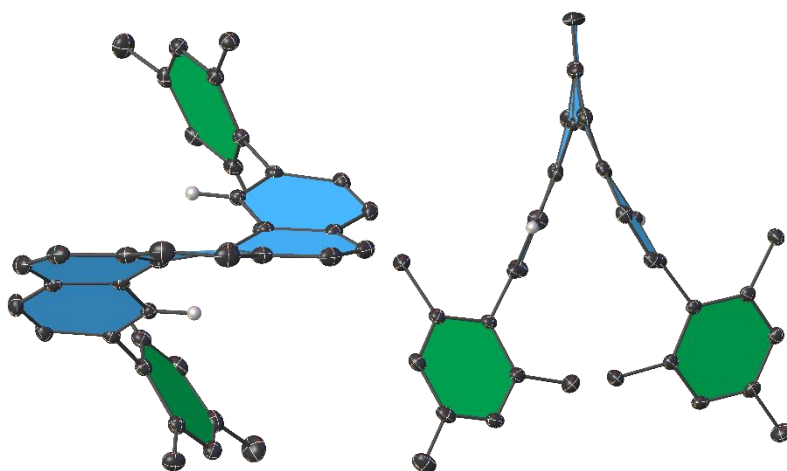


Fig. S11. Top view and view along the central phenyl-unit of CC[5].

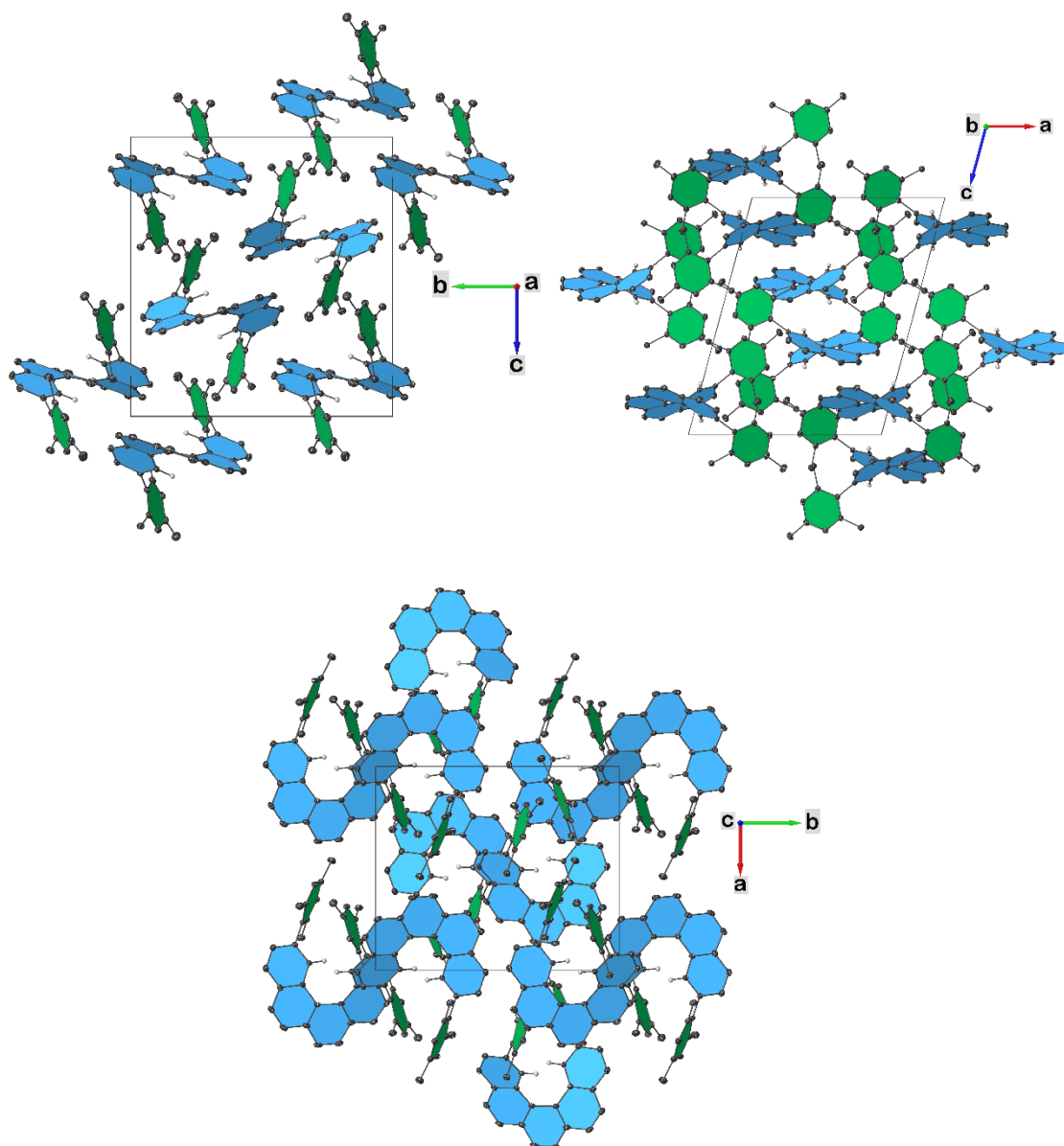


Fig. S12. Unit cell packing view of a CC[5] crystal along the a, b and c-axes.

Table S31. Crystal data and structure refinement for **CC[5]**.

Empirical formula	C ₄₀ H ₃₄
Formula weight	514.67
Temperature/K	100.00
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 ₁ /n
a/Å	12.554(5)
b/Å	14.479(4)
c/Å	15.943(6)
α°	90
β°	105.032(14)
γ°	90
Volume/Å ³	2798.8(16)
Z	4
ρ _{calc} /cm ³	1.221
μ/mm ⁻¹	0.069
F(000)	1096.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.453 × 0.375 × 0.174
Radiation	MoKα (λ = 0.71073)
2θ range for data collection/°	4.784 to 61.21
Index ranges	-17 ≤ h ≤ 17, -20 ≤ k ≤ 20, -21 ≤ l ≤ 22
Reflections collected	55723
Independent reflections	8551 [R _{int} = 0.0505, R _{sigma} = 0.0356]
Data/restraints/parameters	8551/0/368
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.032
Final R indexes [I >= 2σ (I)]	R ₁ = 0.0498, wR ₂ = 0.1253
Final R indexes [all data]	R ₁ = 0.0694, wR ₂ = 0.1399
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.44/-0.40

Table S32. Fractional Atomic Coordinates (×10⁴) and Equivalent Isotropic Displacement Parameters (Å²×10³) for **CC[5]**. U_{eq} is defined as 1/3 of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor.

Atom	x	y	z	U _{eq}
C6	6563.3(10)	3946.3(9)	938.6(8)	16.9(2)
C5	5929.6(10)	4294.8(8)	1466.4(8)	15.0(2)
C26	2429.0(10)	3990.3(9)	3939.0(8)	16.9(2)
C12	4218.6(9)	4216.3(8)	3624.5(7)	12.8(2)
C13	3357.0(9)	3584.2(8)	3730.3(7)	13.5(2)
C10	5710.3(9)	4634.2(8)	2959.1(7)	13.6(2)
C11	4950.9(9)	4003.9(8)	3109.4(7)	12.6(2)
C1	7656.1(10)	3674.0(9)	1275.6(8)	17.5(2)
C16	5365.5(9)	2271.5(8)	4181.6(7)	12.8(2)
C30	5085.8(10)	5743.8(8)	3854.5(8)	16.5(2)
C35	9346.0(10)	2750.5(9)	5895.8(9)	19.8(3)
C33	7485.6(10)	2175.5(8)	5774.8(8)	15.5(2)
C29	4250.0(10)	5130.9(8)	3955.6(7)	14.5(2)
C17	6261.3(10)	1678.6(8)	4339.0(8)	14.1(2)
C15	4299.5(9)	2000.7(8)	3696.1(7)	12.7(2)
C23	2288.0(10)	2151.0(9)	3357.6(8)	16.7(2)
C4	6407.9(10)	4372.3(8)	2365.1(8)	13.8(2)
C37	8249.9(10)	2123.9(9)	4522.9(8)	16.7(2)
C25	1423.0(10)	3486.8(10)	3800.2(9)	21.5(3)
C20	4161.2(10)	1067.2(9)	3406.6(8)	16.1(2)
C36	9227.1(10)	2501.1(9)	5034.2(9)	19.5(3)
C32	7355.6(10)	1990.5(8)	4888.9(8)	14.2(2)
C14	3330.1(9)	2594.8(8)	3575.0(7)	13.1(2)
C24	1336.5(10)	2622.9(10)	3459.6(9)	21.3(3)
C18	6120.9(11)	780.2(9)	3986.5(9)	19.1(2)
C22	2182.4(10)	1216.7(10)	3054.7(8)	19.7(3)
C2	8132.1(10)	3809.6(9)	2155.6(8)	17.5(2)
C31	5799.4(10)	5509.0(8)	3366.0(8)	16.5(2)
C3	7527.7(10)	4162.3(9)	2706.9(8)	16.0(2)
C21	3080.3(11)	706.9(9)	3037.6(8)	19.3(2)
C19	5092.4(11)	484.7(9)	3536.3(9)	20.0(3)
C28	3383.3(11)	5448.4(9)	4313.6(8)	18.0(2)
C9	4761.7(10)	4617.7(9)	1072.2(8)	18.3(2)
C34	8471.1(10)	2569.7(9)	6257.0(8)	18.0(2)
C27	2480.6(10)	4918.4(10)	4253.5(8)	19.1(3)

C39	6602.2(11)	1937.7(10)	6222.3(9)	20.4(3)
C8	8073.3(11)	4306.9(10)	3657.0(8)	20.7(3)
C7	8304.9(12)	3257.1(10)	694.1(10)	24.8(3)
C38	8160.4(11)	1877.6(10)	3589.2(9)	22.6(3)
C40	10393.6(12)	3191.9(11)	6427.4(10)	28.2(3)

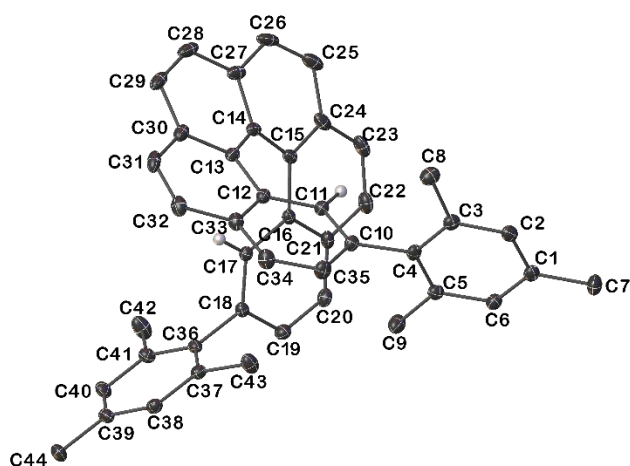
Table S33. Anisotropic Displacement Parameters (Å²×10³) for **CC[5]**. The Anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form: -2π²[h²a²*U₁₁+2hka*b*U₁₂+...].

Atom	U ₁₁	U ₂₂	U ₃₃	U ₂₃	U ₁₃	U ₁₂
C6	17.4(6)	17.2(5)	16.6(5)	-0.5(4)	5.4(4)	-2.0(4)
C5	15.1(5)	13.4(5)	16.9(5)	1.3(4)	4.6(4)	-1.6(4)
C26	13.9(5)	23.0(6)	14.2(5)	2.9(4)	4.4(4)	4.1(5)
C12	11.9(5)	14.1(5)	11.4(5)	1.8(4)	1.3(4)	2.3(4)
C13	10.7(5)	18.4(5)	10.9(5)	1.8(4)	2.0(4)	1.0(4)
C10	12.3(5)	15.1(5)	12.8(5)	1.9(4)	2.3(4)	1.0(4)
C11	11.8(5)	13.2(5)	12.7(5)	0.7(4)	3.2(4)	1.0(4)
C1	18.3(6)	15.5(5)	21.2(6)	-0.2(5)	9.5(5)	-2.2(4)
C16	13.0(5)	12.7(5)	12.7(5)	0.4(4)	3.3(4)	-0.6(4)
C30	17.9(6)	12.9(5)	17.1(5)	-1.1(4)	1.9(4)	2.3(4)
C35	14.9(6)	16.5(6)	25.1(6)	1.5(5)	-0.1(5)	1.4(4)
C33	14.5(5)	14.1(5)	17.3(5)	1.2(4)	3.1(4)	3.0(4)
C29	14.8(5)	15.6(5)	12.2(5)	0.7(4)	1.8(4)	3.8(4)
C17	12.9(5)	14.9(5)	14.5(5)	1.4(4)	3.4(4)	0.5(4)
C15	12.2(5)	14.5(5)	11.5(5)	1.5(4)	3.4(4)	-1.1(4)
C23	12.6(5)	23.6(6)	13.4(5)	2.9(4)	2.4(4)	-2.7(4)
C4	13.2(5)	12.5(5)	16.4(5)	1.4(4)	5.0(4)	-1.0(4)
C37	14.5(5)	17.3(5)	18.2(5)	3.3(4)	4.0(4)	2.5(4)
C25	12.6(5)	31.2(7)	22.6(6)	3.2(5)	7.9(5)	3.1(5)
C20	17.1(5)	16.0(5)	15.0(5)	0.1(4)	3.5(4)	-3.6(4)
C36	13.7(5)	20.8(6)	23.9(6)	5.0(5)	4.4(5)	0.6(5)
C32	11.8(5)	13.1(5)	16.8(5)	1.7(4)	2.4(4)	2.5(4)
C14	10.6(5)	18.0(5)	10.8(5)	1.7(4)	2.8(4)	-0.7(4)
C24	10.8(5)	31.4(7)	22.3(6)	3.4(5)	5.2(5)	-2.3(5)
C18	17.9(6)	15.0(6)	23.6(6)	-0.7(5)	3.7(5)	3.1(4)
C22	15.8(6)	24.9(6)	16.9(5)	1.7(5)	1.8(4)	-8.4(5)
C2	12.5(5)	19.3(6)	21.6(6)	3.8(5)	5.9(4)	0.6(4)
C31	15.3(5)	14.5(5)	18.7(5)	0.9(4)	2.4(4)	-0.8(4)
C3	14.8(5)	16.6(5)	16.6(5)	3.0(4)	4.2(4)	-1.3(4)
C21	20.2(6)	18.0(6)	18.0(6)	-0.7(5)	2.0(5)	-6.7(5)
C19	22.3(6)	13.3(5)	23.6(6)	-3.8(5)	4.3(5)	-1.0(5)
C28	19.7(6)	18.9(6)	15.2(5)	-0.6(4)	4.2(4)	6.9(5)
C9	16.2(5)	20.3(6)	17.2(5)	0.3(5)	2.5(4)	1.5(5)
C34	17.5(6)	17.4(6)	17.2(5)	-0.3(4)	1.2(4)	2.8(5)
C27	16.4(6)	25.2(6)	16.9(5)	1.3(5)	6.6(4)	7.5(5)
C39	18.2(6)	25.5(6)	18.4(6)	2.2(5)	6.4(5)	2.1(5)
C8	15.8(6)	27.6(7)	17.4(6)	2.1(5)	2.0(4)	2.1(5)
C7	23.6(7)	26.9(7)	27.4(7)	-4.1(6)	13.1(5)	2.0(5)
C38	21.2(6)	28.0(7)	20.3(6)	1.5(5)	8.3(5)	0.6(5)
C40	19.4(6)	28.0(7)	33.0(8)	-2.6(6)	-0.9(6)	-5.2(5)

Table S34. Bond Lengths for **CC[5]**.

Atom	Atom	Length/Å	Atom	Atom	Length/Å
C6	C5	1.3938(17)	C33	C32	1.4049(18)
C6	C1	1.3943(18)	C33	C34	1.3979(18)
C5	C4	1.4071(17)	C33	C39	1.5059(18)
C5	C9	1.5118(18)	C29	C28	1.4293(17)
C26	C13	1.4194(17)	C17	C32	1.4952(17)
C26	C25	1.4250(19)	C17	C18	1.4098(17)
C26	C27	1.4300(19)	C15	C20	1.4243(17)
C12	C13	1.4598(17)	C15	C14	1.4617(16)
C12	C11	1.4163(16)	C23	C14	1.4176(17)
C12	C29	1.4223(17)	C23	C24	1.4217(18)
C13	C14	1.4526(17)	C23	C22	1.4309(19)
C10	C11	1.3847(16)	C4	C3	1.4031(17)
C10	C4	1.4959(17)	C37	C36	1.3961(18)
C10	C31	1.4142(17)	C37	C32	1.4065(17)
C1	C2	1.3890(19)	C37	C38	1.5063(19)
C1	C7	1.5095(18)	C25	C24	1.357(2)
C16	C17	1.3850(16)	C20	C21	1.4302(18)
C16	C15	1.4166(16)	C20	C19	1.4126(18)

3.6. 2,15-Dimesitylhexahelicene (CC[6])



Colorless single crystals of $C_{44}H_{36}$ (**CC[6]**) were grown by dissolving a small amount (ca. 1 mg) of the compound in DCM (ca. 1 mL) in a sample vial. Cyclohexane (ca. 5 mL) was added to a second, larger vial. The small vial was placed in the larger vial, which was capped. DCM was allowed to evaporate slowly at 25 °C, while letting the cyclohexane diffuse into the small vial over the course of 14 d. CCDC Deposition Number: 2192801.

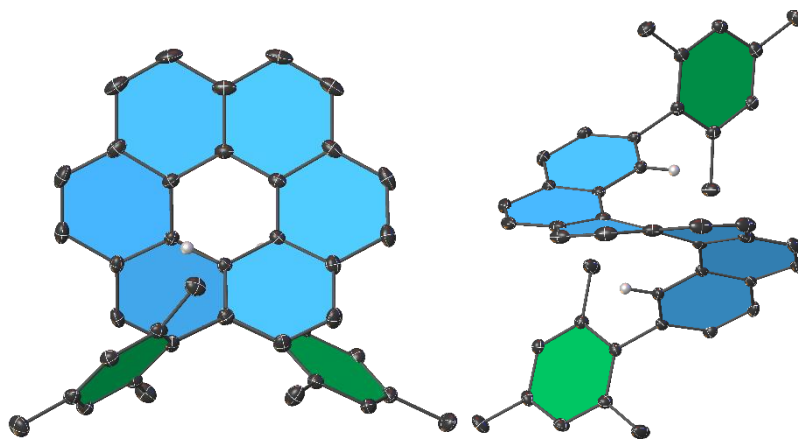
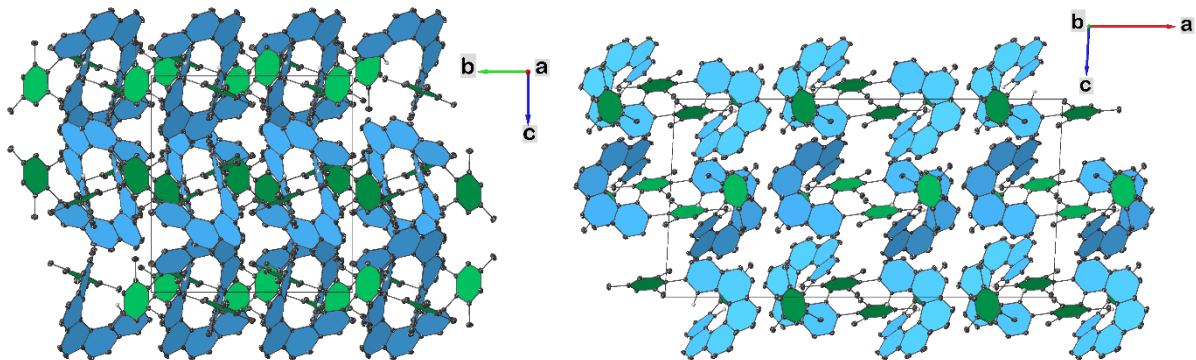


Fig. S13. Frontal view and representation of the helical structure of **CC[6]**.



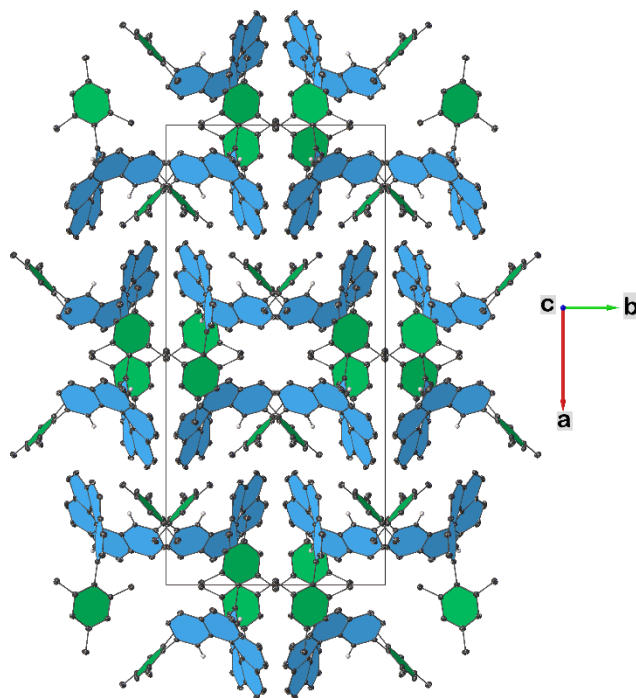


Fig. S14. Unit cell packing view of a CC[6] crystal along the a, b and c-axes.

Table S38. Crystal data and structure refinement for CC[6].

Empirical formula	C ₄₄ H ₃₆
Formula weight	564.73
Temperature/K	100.00
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	C2/c
a/Å	29.1349(9)
b/Å	13.8389(5)
c/Å	14.8881(6)
α /°	90
β /°	92.9530(10)
γ /°	90
Volume/Å ³	5994.8(4)
Z	8
$\rho_{\text{calc}}/\text{cm}^3$	1.251
μ/mm^{-1}	0.071
F(000)	2400.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.333 × 0.295 × 0.166
Radiation	MoK α ($\lambda = 0.71073$)
2 θ range for data collection/°	5.128 to 61.118
Index ranges	-37 ≤ h ≤ 41, -19 ≤ k ≤ 19, -19 ≤ l ≤ 21
Reflections collected	55111
Independent reflections	9154 [R _{int} = 0.0535, R _{sigma} = 0.0400]
Data/restraints/parameters	9154/0/403
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.017
Final R indexes [$ I \geq 2\sigma(I)$]	R1 = 0.0534, wR2 = 0.1227
Final R indexes [all data]	R1 = 0.0745, wR2 = 0.1345
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.40/-0.27

Table S39. Fractional Atomic Coordinates ($\times 10^4$) and Equivalent Isotropic Displacement Parameters ($\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$) for CC[6]. U_{eq} is defined as 1/3 of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor.

Atom	x	y	z	U(eq)
C17	6311.4(4)	3570.3(9)	5932.7(8)	11.9(2)
C12	6313.4(4)	1808.5(9)	4625.0(8)	12.7(2)
C16	6091.7(4)	2960.6(9)	6545.0(8)	12.1(2)
C38	6570.4(4)	5736.5(9)	3690.1(8)	15.0(2)
C18	6189.8(4)	4528.6(9)	5808.5(8)	12.5(2)
C21	5743.4(4)	3379.5(9)	7053.3(8)	14.6(2)

C10	5503.8(4)	1849.8(9)	4086.2(8)	13.7(2)
C6	4266.1(4)	2306.7(9)	4649.6(8)	16.2(2)
C14	6591.6(4)	1478.5(9)	6264.1(8)	13.8(2)
C36	6442.6(4)	5159.9(9)	5186.4(8)	12.7(2)
C4	5003.1(4)	1706.1(9)	4228.6(8)	13.9(2)
C11	5837.7(4)	1741.6(9)	4776.4(8)	12.8(2)
C37	6332.9(4)	5140.4(9)	4258.0(8)	14.3(2)
C5	4737.0(4)	2448.2(9)	4577.5(8)	15.0(2)
C2	4321.7(4)	708.6(9)	4052.7(8)	16.6(2)
C19	5825.5(4)	4911.8(9)	6284.8(9)	15.9(2)
C13	6672.0(4)	1591.9(9)	5317.2(8)	13.5(2)
C35	5640.6(4)	2063.8(10)	3209.8(8)	18.0(3)
C30	7115.6(4)	1374.9(9)	5028.3(9)	17.0(2)
C1	4051.4(4)	1444.7(10)	4387.3(8)	16.7(2)
C40	7024.3(4)	6360.3(9)	4938.0(9)	17.3(2)
C33	6441.2(4)	1987.4(9)	3730.3(8)	15.6(2)
C41	6792.1(4)	5778.3(9)	5532.7(8)	15.8(2)
C3	4793.9(4)	820.7(9)	3976.8(8)	15.2(2)
C20	5608.1(4)	4344.3(10)	6885.8(9)	16.7(2)
C39	6917.4(4)	6355.5(9)	4015.5(9)	15.9(2)
C24	6105.7(5)	1564.0(10)	7564.1(8)	18.0(3)
C15	6248.9(4)	1982.6(9)	6756.2(8)	13.2(2)
C22	5560.8(5)	2851.5(11)	7781.2(9)	19.6(3)
C34	6097.2(5)	2131.9(10)	3040.3(9)	18.6(3)
C32	6915.0(4)	1952.8(10)	3519.4(9)	18.8(3)
C31	7235.7(4)	1618.3(10)	4138.9(10)	19.7(3)
C8	5078.0(5)	-17.0(10)	3671.9(9)	20.6(3)
C28	7308.5(5)	544.9(10)	6421.3(10)	23.1(3)
C27	6883.6(5)	828.0(9)	6764.2(9)	18.9(3)
C23	5746.7(5)	1994.8(11)	8039.7(9)	21.1(3)
C25	6347.4(5)	751.2(10)	7951.6(9)	23.1(3)
C29	7437.5(5)	877.1(10)	5616.2(10)	21.7(3)
C7	3539.9(5)	1308.0(11)	4463.2(10)	23.6(3)
C44	7172.1(5)	6990.0(10)	3378.7(10)	22.2(3)
C43	5957.3(5)	4492.4(11)	3870.1(9)	20.9(3)
C9	4953.2(5)	3394.3(10)	4874.0(10)	20.8(3)
C26	6744.4(5)	457.0(10)	7602.7(10)	23.6(3)
C42	6921.8(5)	5801.6(11)	6527.7(9)	25.3(3)

A	B	C	D	Angle/°	A	B	C	D	Angle/°	Atom	x	y	z	U(eq)
C21	C16	C15	C14	178.12(11)	C3	C2	C1	C6	-0.11(19)	H26	6932.73	-2.47	7920.4	28
C21	C16	C15	C24	-11.23(16)	C3	C2	C1	C7	179.95(12)	H42A	6667.19	6073.01	6851.48	38
C21	C22	C23	C24	-4.2(2)	C20	C21	C22	C23	-168.51(12)	H42B	7196.03	6203.49	6635.46	38
C10	C4	C5	C6	176.15(11)	C39	C38	C37	C36	0.17(19)	H42C	6986.19	5143.4	6741.86	38
C10	C4	C5	C9	-3.80(18)	C39	C38	C37	C43	179.38(12)					
C10	C4	C3	C2	-175.74(11)	C39	C40	C41	C36	0.73(19)					
C10	C4	C3	C8	7.31(17)	C39	C40	C41	C42	179.58(13)					
C10	C35	C34	C33	0.3(2)	C24	C25	C26	C27	-11.2(2)					
C14	C13	C30	C31	-169.96(11)	C15	C16	C21	C20	176.46(11)					
C14	C13	C30	C29	12.51(17)	C15	C16	C21	C22	1.84(17)					
C14	C27	C26	C25	-3.2(2)	C15	C14	C13	C12	-32.73(19)					
C36	C18	C19	C20	-177.00(11)	C15	C14	C13	C30	154.56(12)					
C4	C10	C11	C12	175.29(11)	C15	C14	C27	C28	-160.21(12)					
C4	C10	C35	C34	-175.33(12)	C15	C14	C27	C26	20.47(17)					
C11	C12	C13	C14	-12.96(19)	C15	C24	C23	C22	-5.75(19)					
C11	C12	C13	C30	159.78(12)	C15	C24	C25	C26	7.77(19)					
C11	C12	C33	C34	2.69(18)	C22	C21	C20	C19	170.17(12)					
C11	C12	C33	C32	-172.89(12)	C34	C33	C32	C31	-166.35(13)					
C11	C10	C4	C5	82.90(16)	C32	C33	C34	C35	172.88(13)					
C11	C10	C4	C3	-99.39(14)	C31	C30	C29	C28	-172.34(13)					
C11	C10	C35	C34	2.1(2)	C28	C27	C26	C25	177.50(13)					
C37	C38	C39	C40	0.32(19)	C27	C14	C13	C12	148.87(12)					
C37	C38	C39	C44	179.52(12)	C27	C14	C13	C30	-23.84(16)					
C37	C36	C41	C40	-0.22(18)	C27	C14	C15	C16	147.08(11)					
C37	C36	C41	C42	-179.06(12)	C27	C14	C15	C24	-23.49(16)					
C5	C6	C1	C2	0.58(19)	C27	C28	C29	C30	-11.2(2)					
C5	C6	C1	C7	-179.48(12)	C23	C24	C15	C16	13.26(17)					
C5	C4	C3	C2	2.01(18)	C23	C24	C15	C14	-175.56(11)					
C5	C4	C3	C8	-174.94(12)	C23	C24	C25	C26	-166.87(13)					
C19	C18	C36	C37	-98.56(14)	C25	C24	C15	C16	-161.30(11)					
C19	C18	C36	C41	81.35(15)	C25	C24	C15	C14	9.88(17)					
C13	C12	C11	C10	-172.99(12)	C25	C24	C23	C22	168.87(13)					
C13	C12	C33	C34	175.64(12)	C29	C30	C31	C32	169.53(13)					
C13	C12	C33	C32	0.06(18)	C29	C28	C27	C14	-0.9(2)					
C13	C14	C15	C16	-31.33(18)	C29	C28	C27	C26	178.46(13)					
C17	C16	C21	C20	4.63(17)	C13	C14	C15	C24	158.10(12)					

Table S44. Hydrogen Atom Coordinates ($\text{\AA}\times 10^4$) and Isotropic Displacement Parameters ($\text{\AA}^2\times 10^3$) for **CC[6]**.

Atom	x	y	z	U(eq)
H17	6550.72	3310.84	5595.86	14
H38	6493.75	5721.02	3062.24	18
H6	4086.89	2812.18	4883.96	19
H11	5745.26	1618.91	5368.35	15
H2	4180.55	116.02	3871.96	20
H19	5731.06	5562.36	6189.17	19
H35	5414.29	2160.74	2735.89	22
H40	7262.74	6772.35	5170.35	21
H20	5360.25	4606.81	7197.12	20
H22	5307.87	3104.56	8083.55	23
H34	6183.74	2278.79	2449.11	22
H32	7005.14	2163.34	2947.29	23
H31	7544.92	1545.45	3976.91	24
H8A	5270.59	196.15	3189.02	31
H8B	4873.93	-536.86	3449.47	31
H8C	5274.04	-254.73	4179.18	31
H28	7504.9	117.35	6760.11	28
H23	5635.76	1673.53	8549.04	25
H25	6230.08	420.63	8449.91	28
H29	7743.21	778.22	5442.66	26
H7A	3427.31	1768.57	4900.77	35
H7B	3479.21	647.49	4662.65	35
H7C	3381.82	1419.31	3875.34	35
H44A	7098.32	6786.29	2757.5	33
H44B	7503.73	6929.85	3512.43	33
H44C	7079.04	7664.49	3453.87	33
H43A	5658.1	4797.97	3943.02	31
H43B	5968.47	3870.75	4185.67	31
H43C	6001.15	4387.02	3229.25	31
H9A	5050.62	3748.44	4346.53	31
H9B	5220.78	3267.65	5282.98	31
H9C	4728.57	3781.08	5184.91	31

4. Chiral Resolution & Racemization Behavior

4.1. Separation of Enantiomers

A saturated solution (ca. 1 mL) of the respective helicene (~1 mg) in a mixture of *n*-hexane and DCM (9:1 for BN-helicenes, 1:1 for **CC[5]**, pure DCM for **CC[6]**) was prepared and subsequently passed through a PTFE syringe filter (pore size: 0.20 μm). Depending on the obtained resolution during method development, 15 - 200 μL of the solutions were injected into the HPLC (Table S45) and the enantiomers were separated and collected. If required, impure fractions were subjected to further HPLC runs using the same conditions. This procedure was repeated until sufficient amounts of pure enantiomers were obtained. Enantiopure **BN[6]** was stored at ambient temperature (no notable racemization), while all five-membered helicenes were stored at $-20\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ due to a significant racemization rate under these conditions.

Table S45. Conditions and retention times t_{R} for the chiral resolution of the described helicenes on a semi-preparative Daicel Chiralpak IA HPLC column with chiral amylose stationary phase. Note that slight variations (usually less than ± 0.1 min) of the retention times were found.

Compound	Eluent mixture	Injection volume [μL]	t_{R} (<i>P</i>) [min]	t_{R} (<i>M</i>) [min]
BN[5]	8% DCM / <i>n</i> -Hexane	200	6.47	7.57
CC[5]	2% DCM / <i>n</i> -Hexane	25	10.14	11.46
BN[6]	8% DCM / <i>n</i> -Hexane	200	7.29	7.70
CC[6]	2% DCM / <i>n</i> -Hexane	15	13.60 (<i>no resolution achieved</i>)	
BN[5]-(CN)₂	40% DCM / <i>n</i> -Hexane	200	6.57	7.67

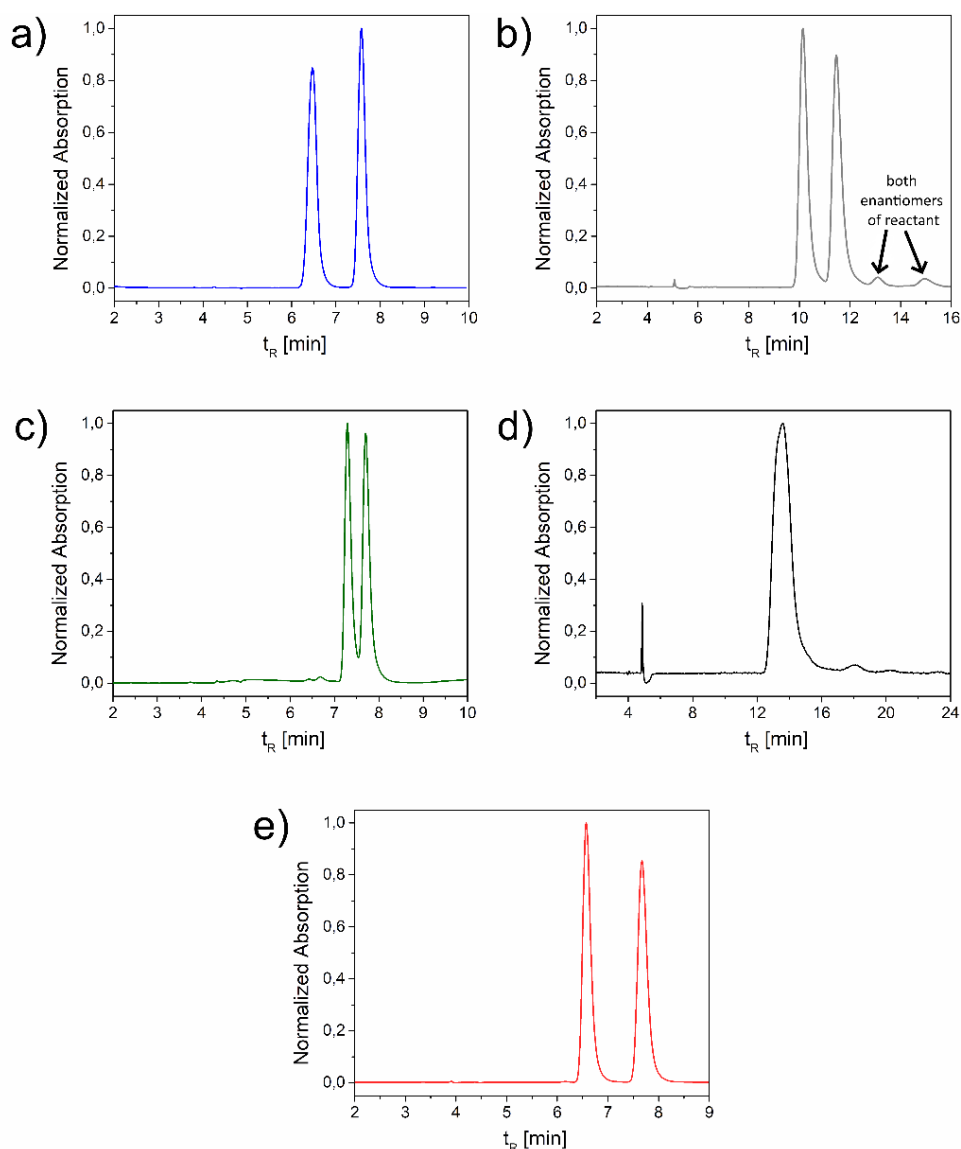


Fig. S15. (CSP)-HPLC chromatograms of **BN[5]** (a), **CC[5]** (b), **BN[6]** (c), **CC[6]** (d) and **BN[5]-(CN)₂** (e). The signals at $t_R = 4-5$ min represent the sample injection front. UV Vis absorption was recorded between $\lambda = 280 - 350$ nm, where all compounds showed intense absorptions. Therefore, the chosen wavelength did not have an impact on the peak shapes.

4.2. Kinetics of Racemization

The racemization of the pentahelicenes (initial enantiomeric excess e_{e_0} (**BN[5]**) = 99%, e_{e_0} (**CC[5]**) = 70%, e_{e_0} (**BN[5]-(CN)₂**) = 94%) was investigated by time-course ECD measurements at 50 °C, 60 °C and 70 °C in *n*-heptane (Fig. S16 and Table S46). The respective ellipticities at the intensity maxima were collected at equal time intervals and the enantiomeric excess (e_e) was monitored. $\ln(e_e/e_{e_0})$ was plotted against time and a linear fitting was applied to calculate the rate constant of racemization ($k_{rac} = \text{slope}$). The half-life of racemization $t_{1/2rac}$ was calculated by applying the equation

$$t_{1/2rac} = \frac{\ln(2)}{k_{rac}}$$

Using the Eyring-Polanyi equation

$$\Delta G^\ddagger(T) = -RT \ln \left(\frac{k_e \times h}{k_B \times T \times \kappa} \right),$$

the corresponding Gibbs' free activation energy of enantiomerization $\Delta G^\ddagger(T)$ could be calculated for the investigated temperatures, using the constants $R = 8.31441 \text{ J} \times \text{K}^{-1}$, $h = 6.626176 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J} \times \text{s}$, $k_B = 1.380662 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J} \times \text{K}^{-1}$ and $k_e = 0.5 k_{rac}$. The transmission coefficient $\kappa = 0.5$ needs to be used because the enantiomerization process is a reversible reaction of first order.

Using the relation

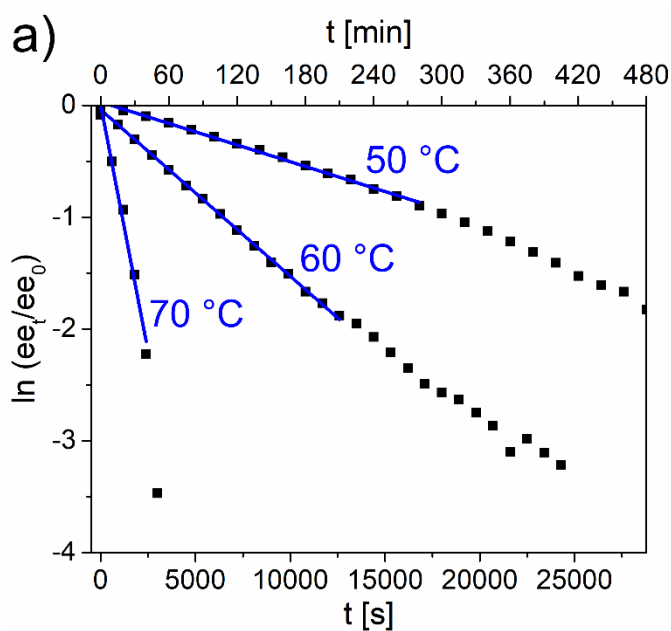
$$\ln\left(\frac{k_e}{T}\right) = -\left(\frac{\Delta H^\ddagger}{R}\right) \times \left(\frac{1}{T}\right) + \ln\left(\frac{k \times k_B}{h}\right) + \frac{\Delta S^\ddagger}{R},$$

the respective activation enthalpies (ΔH^\ddagger) and entropies (ΔS^\ddagger) of racemization were calculated. For that purpose, $\ln\left(\frac{k_e}{T}\right)$ was plotted against $\left(\frac{1}{T}\right)$ for each temperature. The respective linear fittings ($y = a - b \times x$) with slope $-\left(\frac{\Delta H^\ddagger}{R}\right)$ and intercept $\ln\left(\frac{k \times k_B}{h}\right) + \frac{\Delta S^\ddagger}{R}$ then allowed to derive these temperature-independent values (Table S47), which can be used to calculate $\Delta G^\ddagger(T)$ at any temperature via the relation

$$\Delta G^\ddagger = \Delta H^\ddagger - T \times \Delta S^\ddagger.$$

Table S46. Kinetic parameters that describe the racemization process of enantioenriched samples, determined by time-course ECD measurements.

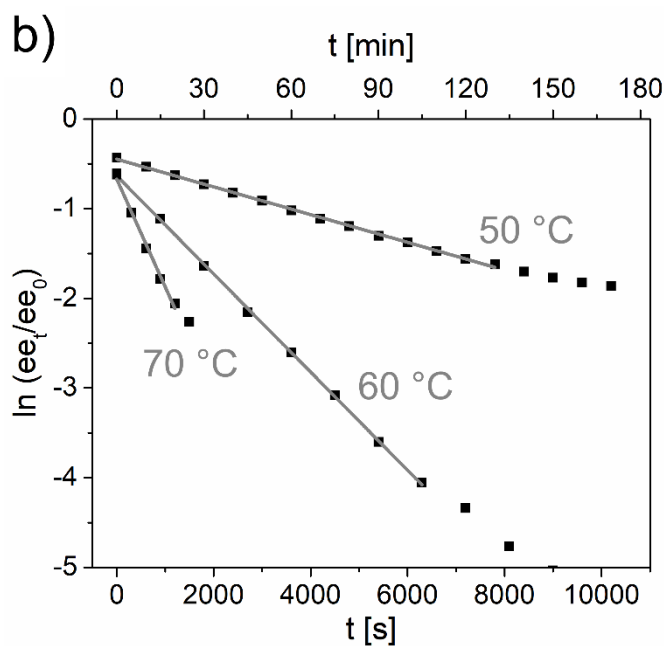
Compound	$k_{\text{rac}} [\text{s}^{-1}]$	$t_{1/2\text{rac}} [\text{min}]$	$\Delta G^\ddagger(T) [\text{kcal mol}^{-1}]$
BN[5]			
50 °C	5.34×10^{-5}	216.4	25.3
60 °C	1.49×10^{-4}	77.6	25.4
70 °C	8.82×10^{-4}	13.1	25.0
CC[5]			
50 °C	1.55×10^{-4}	74.8	24.6
60 °C	5.47×10^{-4}	21.1	24.5
70 °C	1.20×10^{-3}	9.6	24.8
BN[5]-(CN)₂			
50 °C	7.77×10^{-5}	148.6	25.0
60 °C	2.30×10^{-4}	50.3	25.1
70 °C	9.38×10^{-4}	12.3	24.9



Equation		y = a + b*x	
Weight	No Weighting		
Residual Sum of Squares	0.00322		
Pearson's r	-0.9986		
Adj. R-Square	0.99699		
	Value	Standard Error	
50 °C	Intercept	0.02971	0.00773
	Slope	-5.33871E-5	7.83402E-7

Equation		y = a + b*x	
Weight	No Weighting		
Residual Sum of Squares	0.00316		
Pearson's r	-0.99969		
Adj. R-Square	0.99932		
	Value	Standard Error	
60 °C	Intercept	-0.03804	0.00766
	Slope	-1.48923E-4	1.03495E-6

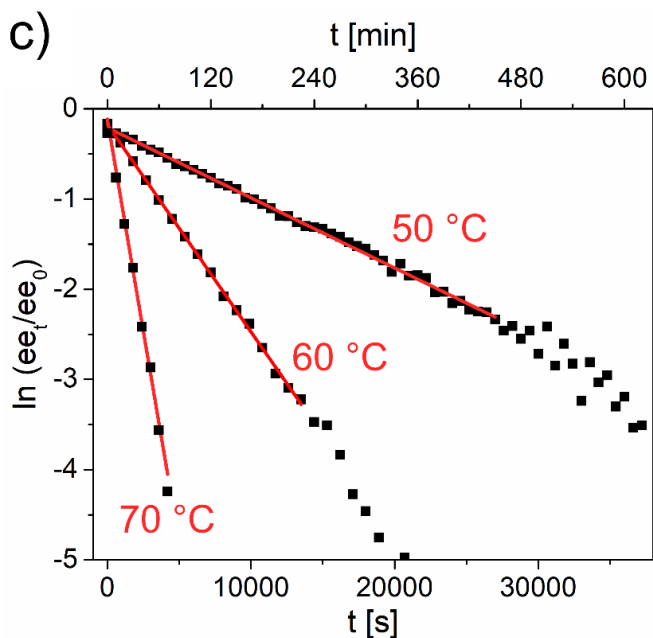
Equation		y = a + b*x	
Weight	No Weighting		
Residual Sum of Squares	0.04135		
Pearson's r	-0.99269		
Adj. R-Square	0.98059		
	Value	Standard Error	
70 °C	Intercept	0.00522	0.09094
	Slope	-8.81771E-4	6.1875E-6



Equation	y = a + b*x		
Weight	No Weighting		
Residual Sum of Squares	0.00224		
Pearson's r	-0.99943		
Adj. R-Square	0.99876		
	Value	Standard Error	
50 °C	Intercept	-0.44773	0.00693
	Slope	-1.54506E-4	1.5099E-6

Equation	y = a + b*x		
Weight	No Weighting		
Residual Sum of Squares	0.00431		
Pearson's r	-0.99979		
Adj. R-Square	0.99951		
	Value	Standard Error	
60 °C	Intercept	-0.63253	0.01729
	Slope	-5.47287E-4	4.59326E-6

Equation	y = a + b*x		
Weight	No Weighting		
Residual Sum of Squares	0.00981		
Pearson's r	-0.99625		
Adj. R-Square	0.99001		
	Value	Standard Error	
70 °C	Intercept	-0.67009	0.04431
	Slope	-0.0012	6.02917E-5



Equation	y = a + b*x		
Weight	No Weighting		
Residual Sum of Squares	0.05163		
Pearson's r	-0.99854		
Adj. R-Square	0.99702		
	Value	Standard Error	
50 °C	Intercept	-0.2088	0.00994
	Slope	-7.77486E-5	6.34062E-7

Equation	y = a + b*x		
Weight	No Weighting		
Residual Sum of Squares	0.01575		
Pearson's r	-0.99946		
Adj. R-Square	0.99884		
	Value	Standard Error	
60 °C	Intercept	-0.17391	0.01601
	Slope	-2.29709E-4	2.02128E-6

Equation	y = a + b*x		
Weight	No Weighting		
Residual Sum of Squares	0.05101		
Pearson's r	-0.99809		
Adj. R-Square	0.99554		
	Value	Standard Error	
70 °C	Intercept	-0.11444	0.05952
	Slope	-9.37511E-4	2.37121E-5

Fig. S16. Plots of $\ln(ee_t/ee_0)$ against time and linear fittings for **BN[5]** (a), **CC[5]** (b) and **BN[5]-(CN)₂** (c) at different temperatures.

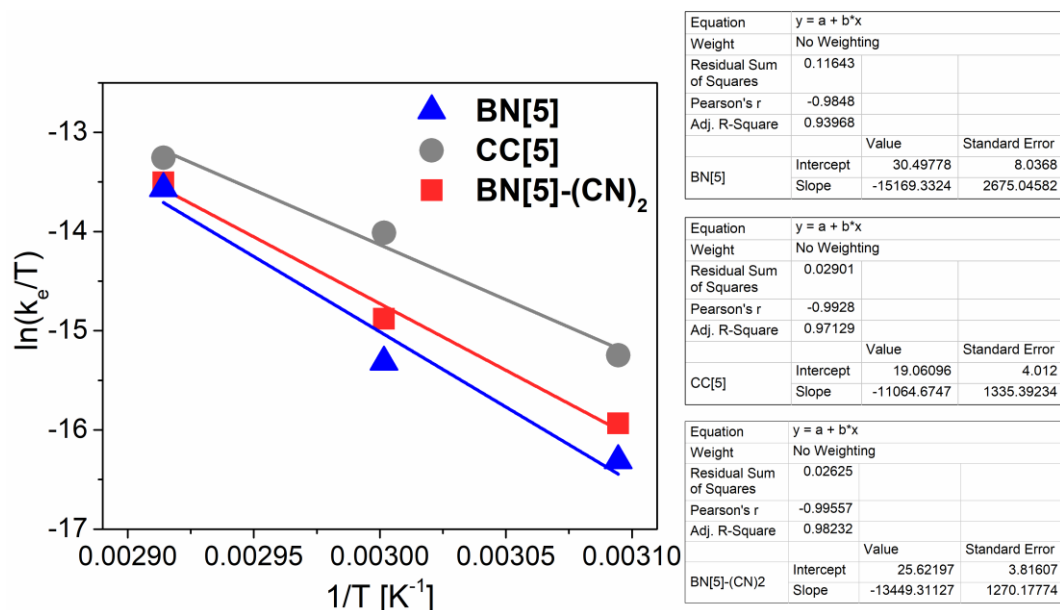


Fig. S17. Eyring-Polanyi plot of the investigated pentahelicenes at 50 °C, 60 °C and 70 °C.

Table S47. Fitting parameters of Eyring-Polanyi plot as well as calculated ΔH^\ddagger , ΔS^\ddagger and ΔG^\ddagger at 25 °C.

Compound	Intercept (a)	Slope (b)	ΔH^\ddagger [kcal mol ⁻¹]	ΔS^\ddagger [cal mol ⁻¹ K ⁻¹]	ΔG^\ddagger (25 °C) [kcal mol ⁻¹]
BN[5]	30.50	- 15 169	30.12	14.76	25.7
CC[5]	19.06	- 11 065	21.97	-7.96	24.3
BN[5]-(CN)₂	25.62	- 13 449	26.71	5.07	25.2

As carbohelicene **CC[6]** was not resolvable by (CSP)-HPLC, **BN[6]** was the only hexahelicene that was to be subjected to a racemization study. However, heating an enantiopure sample ($e_e = 99\%$) of (*P*)-**BN[6]** in *n*-dodecane to 200 °C for 14 h did not lead to a detectable amount of the other enantiomer. Increasing the temperature to 220 °C for 30 min resulted in decomposition. Therefore, kinetic parameters of the hexahelicenes could not be collected.

5. Optical Spectroscopy

5.1. Molar Extinction Coefficients

1,14-Dihydro-2,13-dimesityl-1,14-diaza-2,13-diborapentahelicene (**BN[5]**)

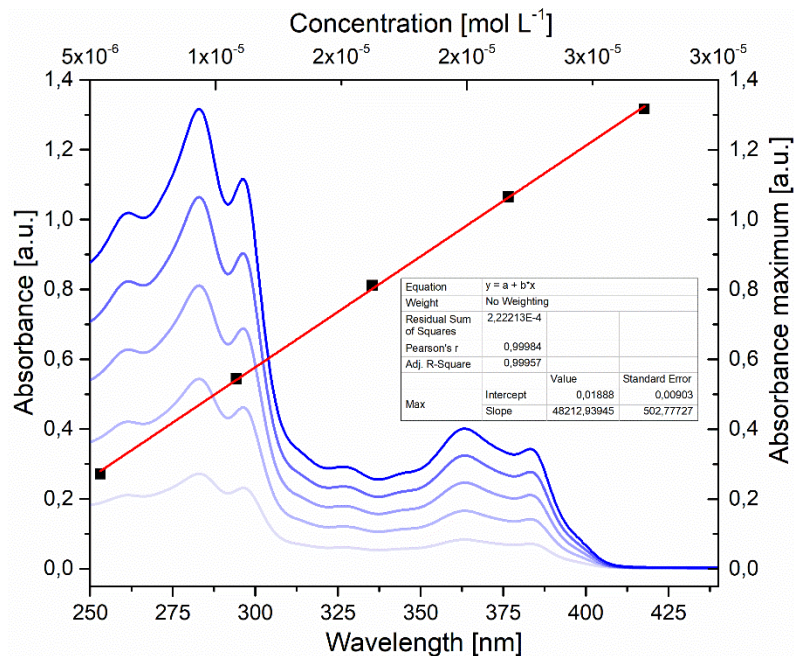


Fig. S18. Absorption spectra of **BN[5]** at different concentrations (5.4×10^{-6} to 2.7×10^{-5} mol L⁻¹) in DCM and linear fitting according to the Lambert-Beer law.

2,13-Dimesitylpentahelicene (**CC[5]**)

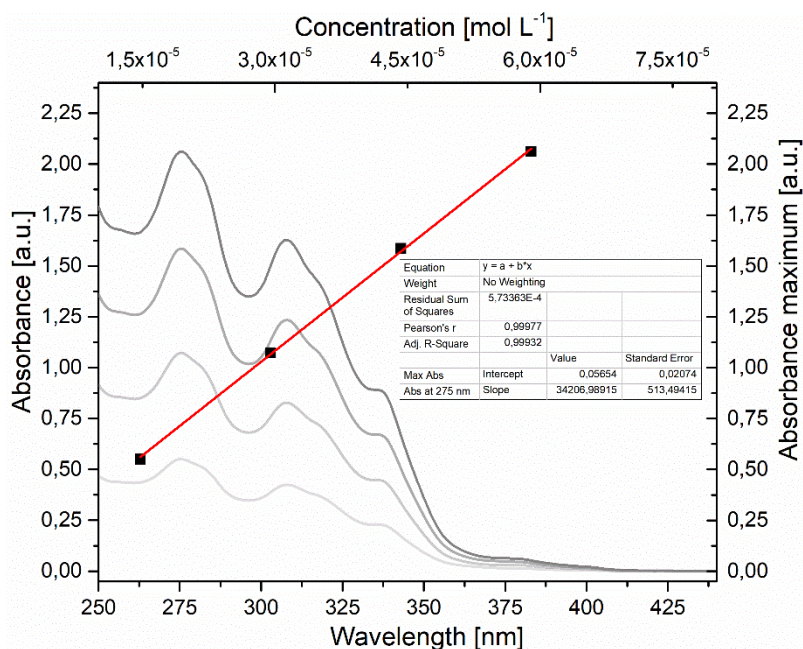


Fig. S19. Absorption spectra of **CC[5]** in different concentrations (1.5×10^{-5} to 5.9×10^{-5} mol L⁻¹) in DCM and linear fitting according to the Lambert-Beer law.

1,16-Dihydro-2,15-dimesityl-1,16-diaza-2,15-diborahexahelicene (**BN[6]**)

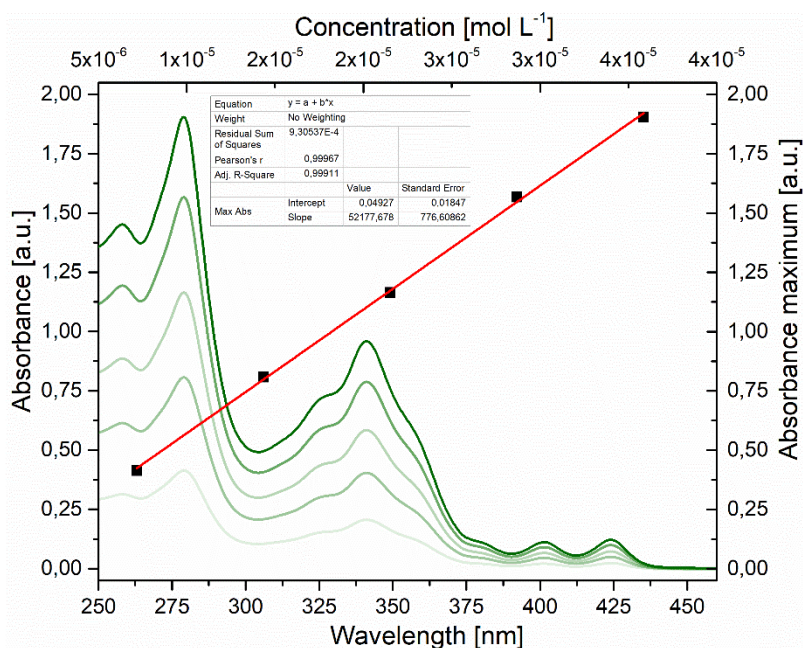


Fig. S20. Absorption spectra of **BN[6]** in different concentrations (7.2×10^{-6} to 3.6×10^{-5} mol L⁻¹) in DCM and linear fitting according to the Lambert-Beer law.

2,15-Dimesitylhexahelicene (**CC[6]**)

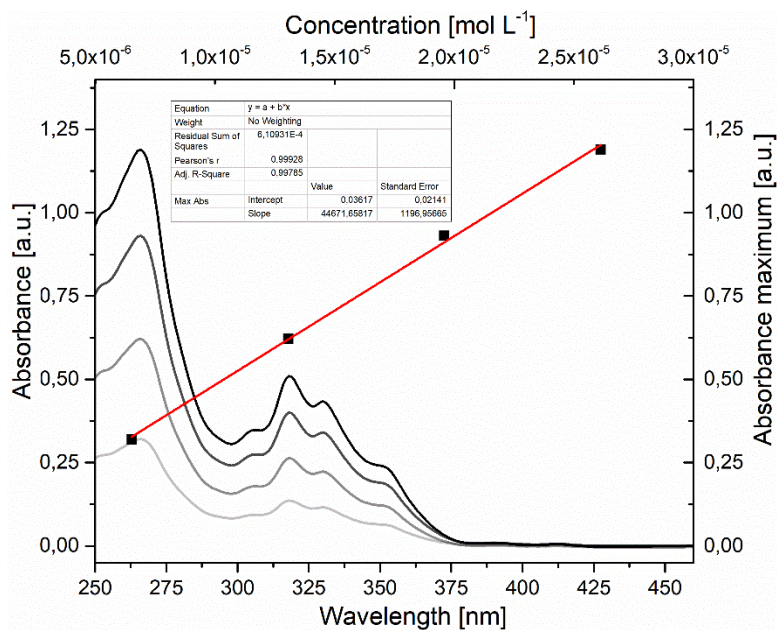


Fig. S21. Absorption spectra of **CC[6]** in different concentrations (6.5×10^{-6} to 2.6×10^{-5} mol L⁻¹) in DCM and linear fitting according to the Lambert-Beer law.

3,12-Dicyano-1,14-dihydro-2,13-dimesityl-1,14-diaza-2,13-diborapentahelicene (**BN[5]-(CN)₂**)

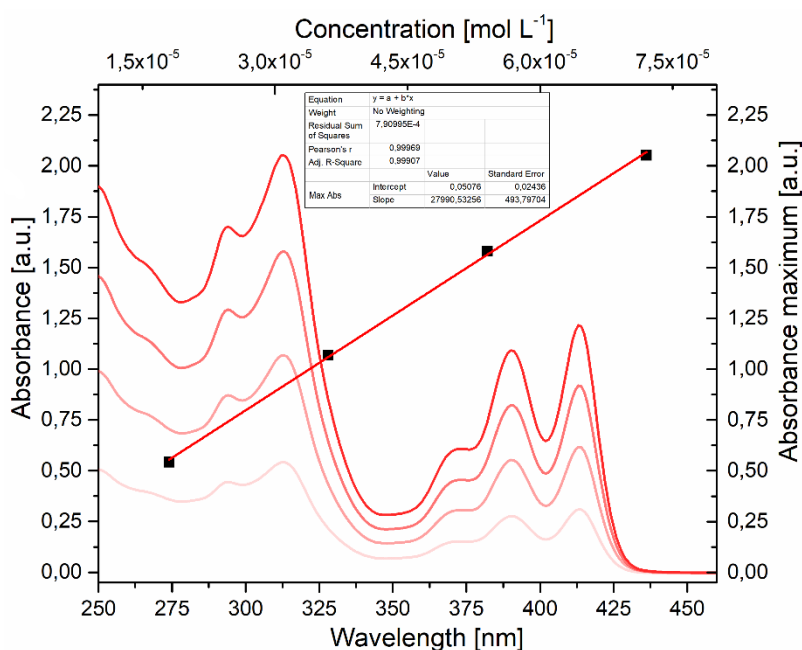


Fig. S22. Absorption spectra of **BN[5]-(CN)₂** in different concentrations (1.8×10^{-5} to 9.0×10^{-5} mol L⁻¹) in DCM and linear fitting according to the Lambert-Beer law.

5.2. Excitation Spectra

In order to choose the most suitable excitation wavelength (λ_{ex}) to carry out the emission measurements, we initially measured different excitation spectra in DCM as solvent. Fluorescence emission wavelengths (λ_{fl}) were fixed at different wavelengths around local maxima. Fig. S23 highlights that the highest intensities of the excitation curves of the BN-helicenes were between $\lambda_{ex} = 360$ nm and $\lambda_{ex} = 380$ nm, so we measured emission spectra with $\lambda_{ex} = 375$ nm. For the carbohelicenes, the highest intensities of the excitation curves (besides maxima in the high-energy region of 280 nm) were between $\lambda_{ex} = 300$ nm and $\lambda_{ex} = 340$ nm, so we chose to measure the emission spectra with $\lambda_{ex} = 320$ nm.

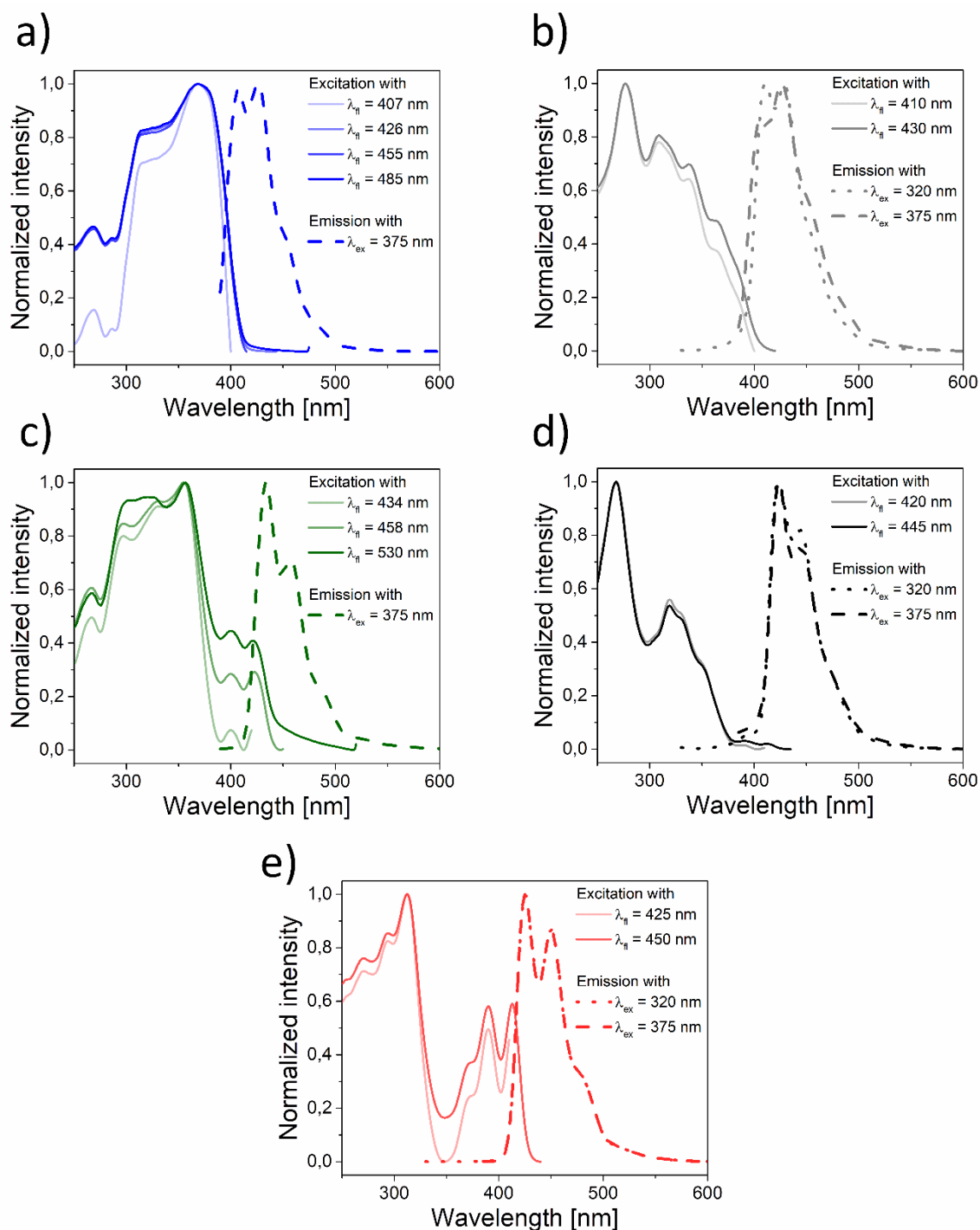


Fig. S23. Normalized excitation spectra at different, fixed emission wavelengths (solid lines) and normalized emission spectra, obtained at different excitation wavelengths (dashed and dotted lines) of **BN[5]** (a), **CC[5]** (b), **BN[6]** (c), **CC[6]** (d), **BN[5]-(CN)₂** (e) in DCM solution.

5.3. Fluorescence Lifetimes

Fluorescence lifetimes were measured in DCM around the main emissive peaks ($\Delta\lambda_{fl} \pm 10$ nm) observed in the fluorescence spectra, using a 375 nm laser as excitation source for the BN-helicenes and a 320 nm LED as excitation source for the carbohelicenes. Table S48 shows the lifetime distributions. While **BN[5]** and its substitute **BN[5]-(CN)₂** have just one lifetime component ($\tau = 4.7$ ns / $\tau = 3.5$ ns), the decay curves of **BN[6]**, **CC[5]** and **CC[6]** have biexponential character with higher average lifetimes of $\tau = 7$ –10 ns. The influence of one additional, conjugated ring on the lifetime was small ($\Delta\tau < 1$ ns between **CC[5]** and **CC[6]**).

Table S48. Fluorescence lifetimes τ of the helicenes around the main emissive peaks.

Compound	Emission wavelength range [nm]	τ_1 [ns]	τ_2 [ns]	τ_{average} [ns]
BN[5]	405 – 425	4.73±0.02		4.73
CC[5]	410 – 430	11.09±0.04	1.03±0.002	9.66
BN[6]	430 – 460	7.21±0.02	1.58±0.37	7.13
CC[6]	425 – 445	8.95±0.03	3.27±0.26	8.71
BN[5]-(CN)₂	425 – 445	3.545±0.01		3.55

In order to extract more information about the multi-exponential characters, we also performed TRES of the compounds that showed more than one lifetime component. This enabled the deconvolution of the emission (Fig. S24). A 325 nm LED was used as excitation source.

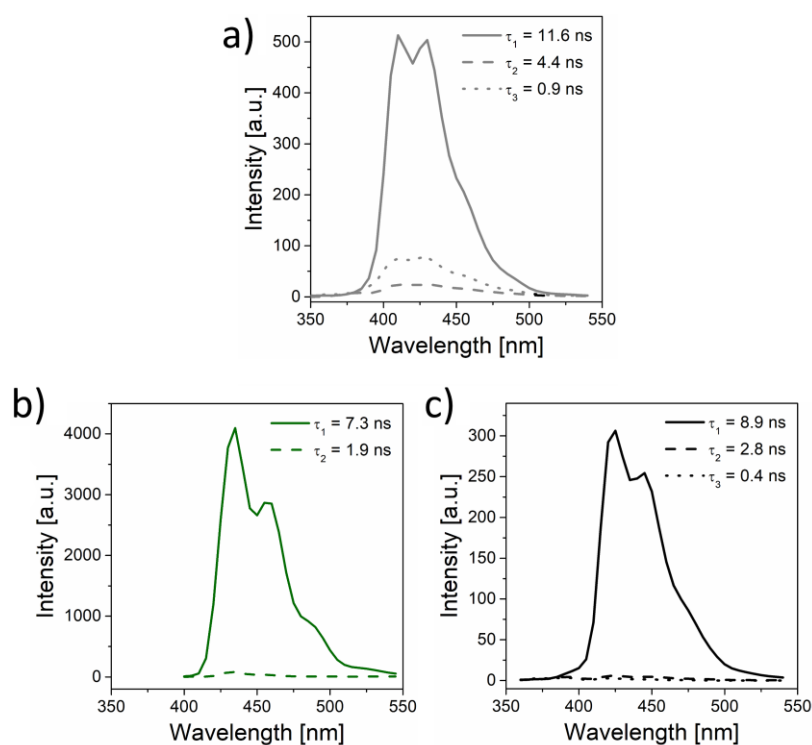


Fig. S24. SAEMS spectra of **CC[5]** (a), **BN[6]** (b) and **CC[6]** (c) in DCM solution.

The deconvolution of the spectra over the emission range showed that for all compounds, the species with the longest lifetimes contributed most to the shape and intensity of the fluorescence spectra. In case of both hexahelicenes, the contributions of the shorter lifetimes were negligibly small. Therefore, average lifetimes are similar to the comparably longest components. Both carbohelicenes showed three species in the excited state, although the shortest lifetime observed in **CC[6]** may be due to dispersion. These results also reveal the independence of fluorescence lifetimes and excitation wavelengths (note that values shown in Table S48 were recorded at $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 375$ nm, whereas TRES was carried out at $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 325$ nm).

5.4. ECD Spectra

Fig. S25 shows plots of the absorption dissymmetry factors (g_{abs}). The values as obtained from the ECD spectrometer can be interconverted between ellipticity in millidegrees (mdeg) and milliabsorbance (mAbs) using the relation

$$\text{mAbs} = \frac{\text{mdeg}}{32.982}$$

The molar extinction $\Delta\epsilon$ at a specific wavelength is calculated using the relation

$$\Delta\epsilon = \frac{\text{mdeg} \times M}{32982 \times c}$$

M is the molar weight in g mol^{-1} , L is the path length (1 cm) and c is the sample concentration in g L^{-1} . g_{abs} is obtained using the relation

$$g_{\text{abs}} = \frac{\Delta\epsilon}{\epsilon}$$

where ϵ is the molar extinction coefficient at a specific wavelength as calculated above.

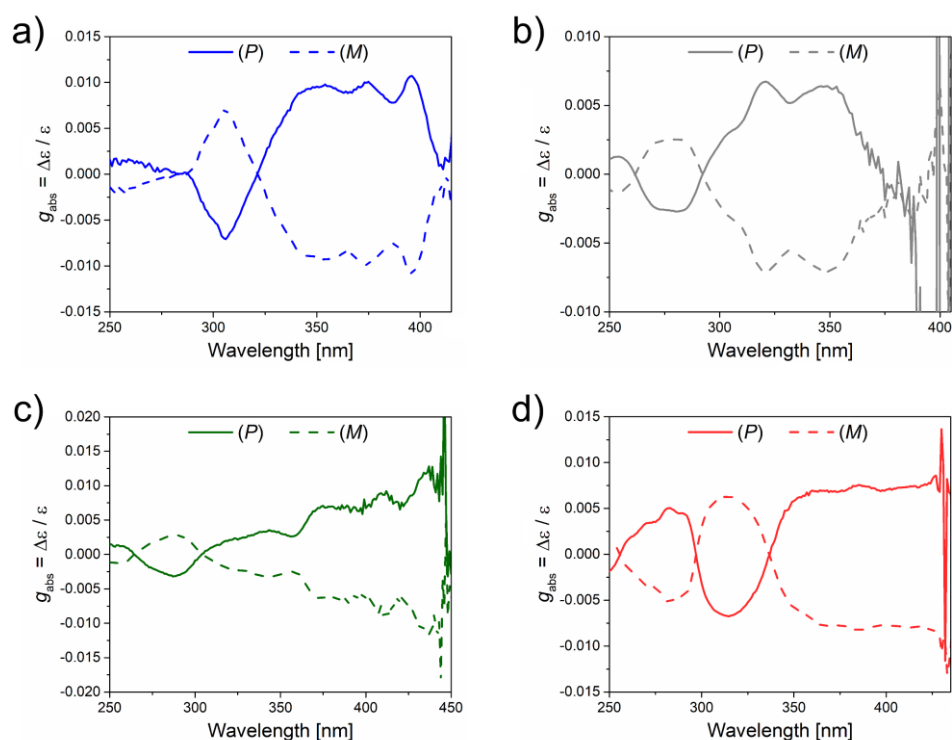


Fig. S25. Plots of the absorption dissymmetry factors (g_{abs}) for **BN[5]** (a), **CC[5]** (b), **BN[6]** (c) and **BN[5]-(CN)₂** (d) in DCM solution.

5.5. CPL Spectra

The obtained intensities of left- and right-handed polarized light (I_L and I_R , averaged over at least 50 scans, respectively) were used to calculate the luminescence dissymmetry factors g_{lum} (Fig. S27), using the equation

$$g_{\text{lum}} = 2 \times \frac{I_L - I_R}{I_L + I_R}$$

The g_{lum} value can range between -2 and $+2$, where 0 indicates entirely unpolarized light and $|2|$ represents completely polarized light.

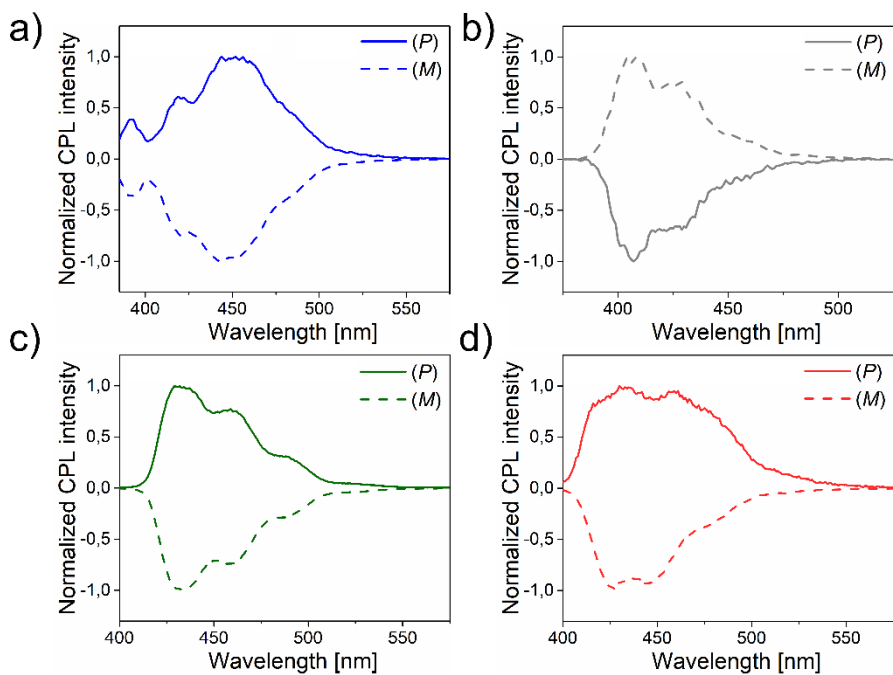


Fig. S26. Normalized CPL spectra of both enantiomers of **BN[5]** (a), **CC[5]** (b), **BN[6]** (c) and **BN[5]-(CN)₂** (d) in DCM solution.

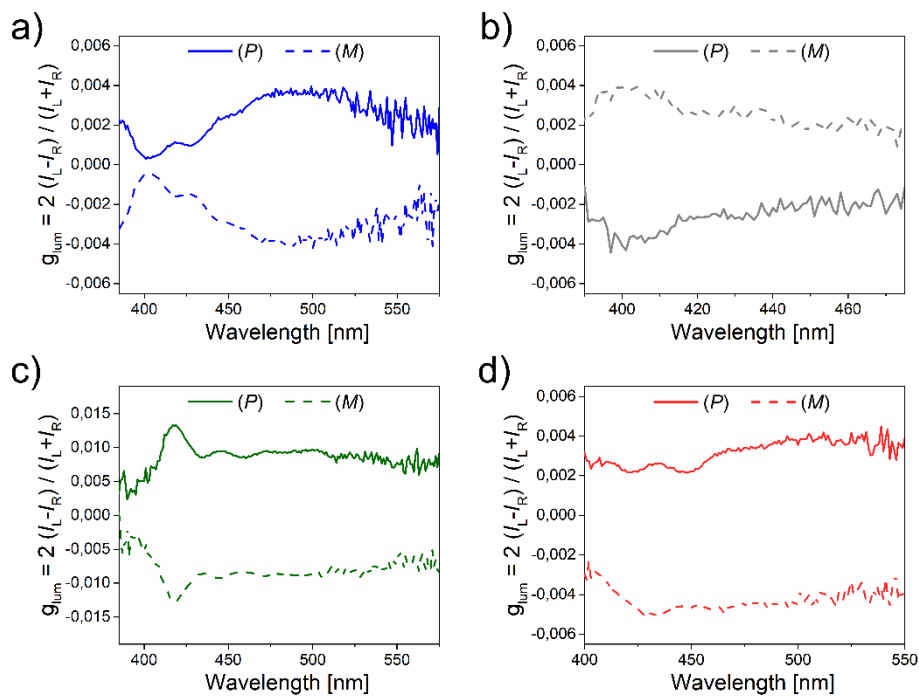
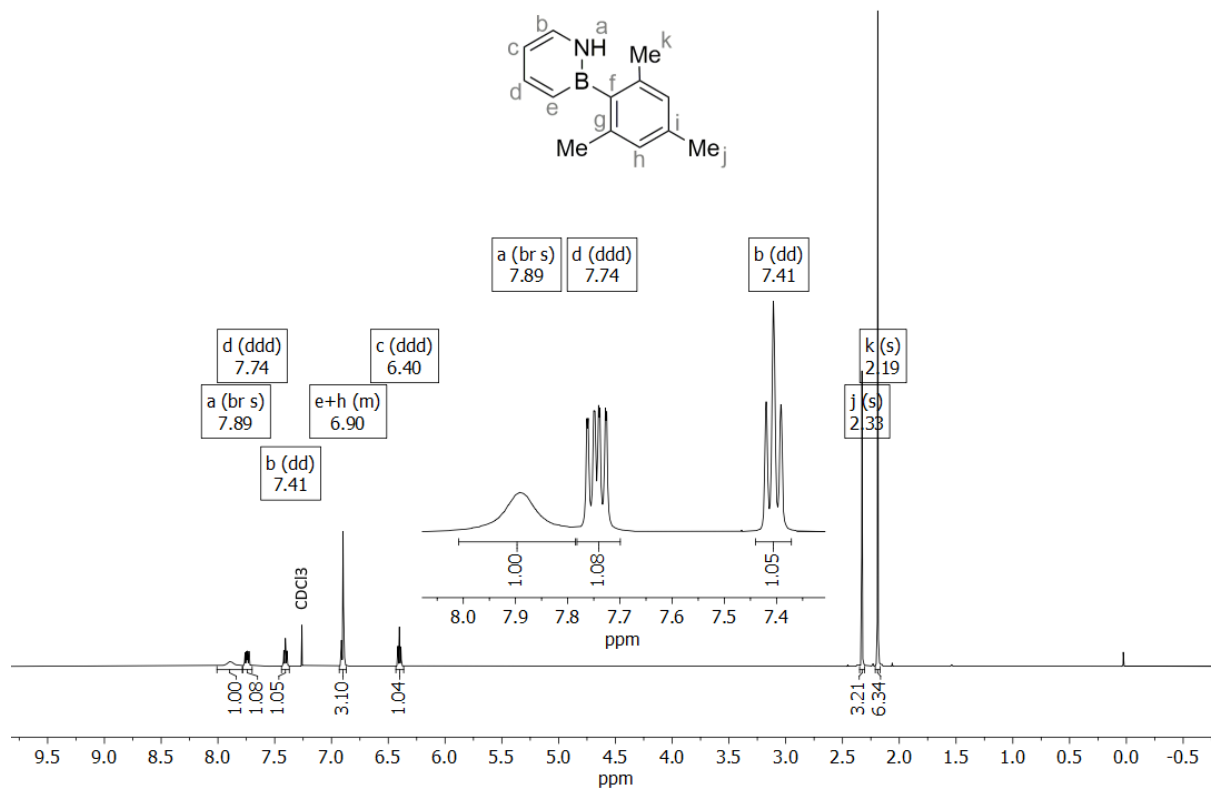


Fig. S27. Plots of the luminescence dissymmetry factors (g_{lum}) for **BN[5]** (a), **CC[5]** (b), **BN[6]** (c) and **BN[5]-(CN)₂** (d) in DCM solution.

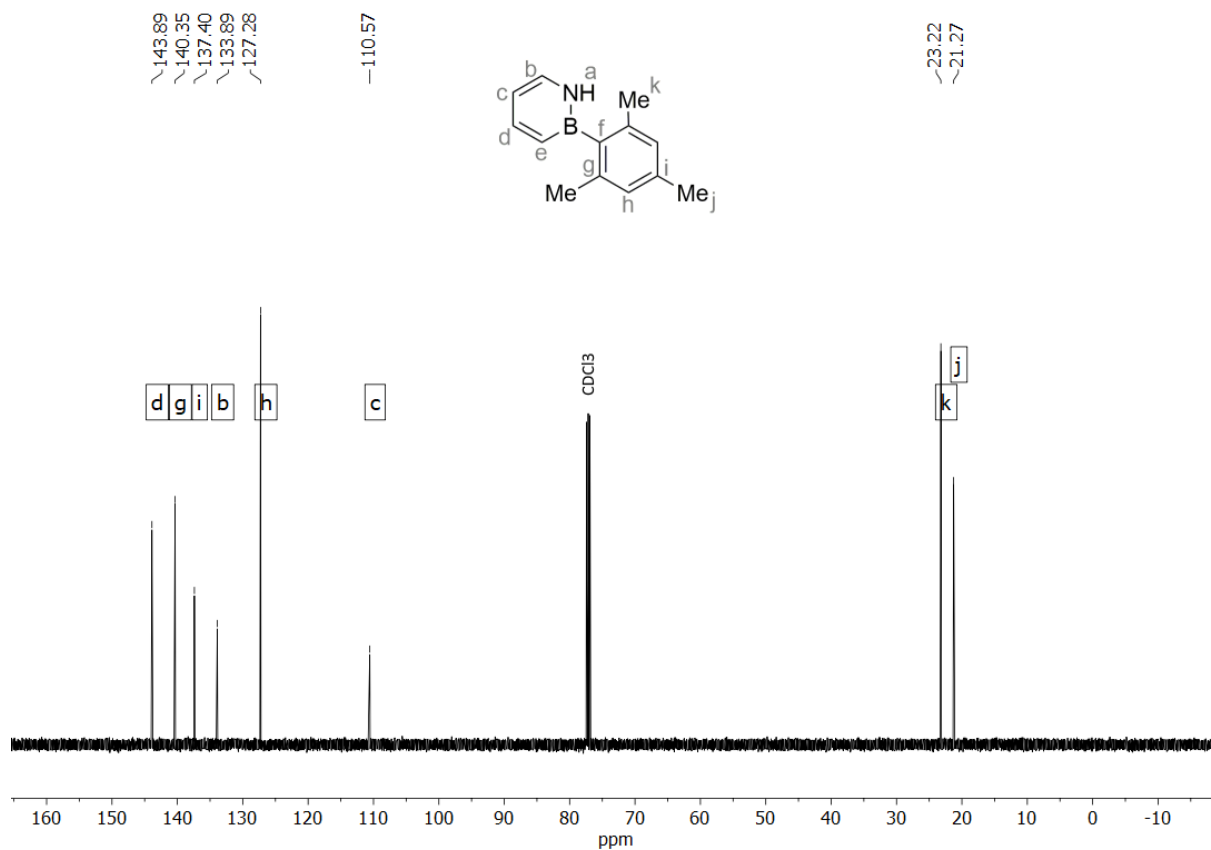
6. NMR Spectra

6.1. 1-Hydro-2-mesityl-1,2-azaborinine (14)

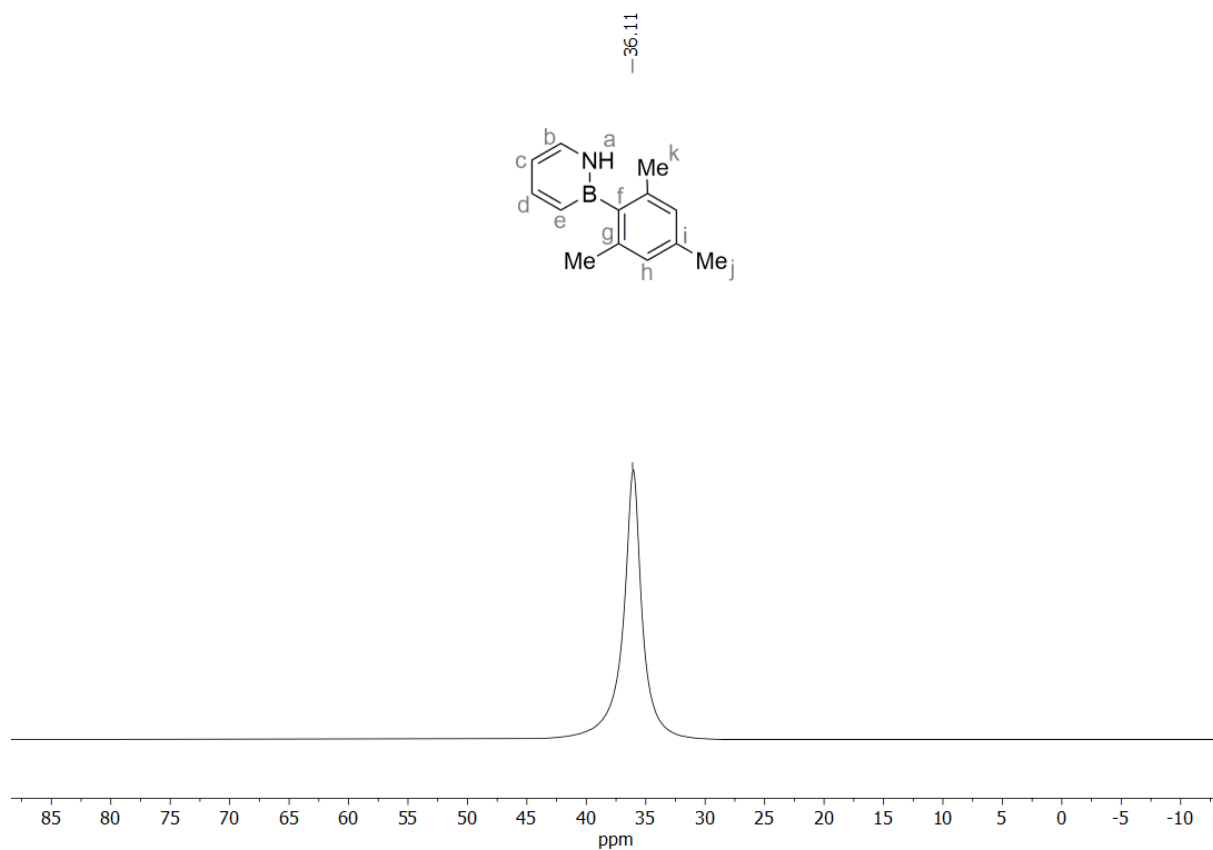
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3)

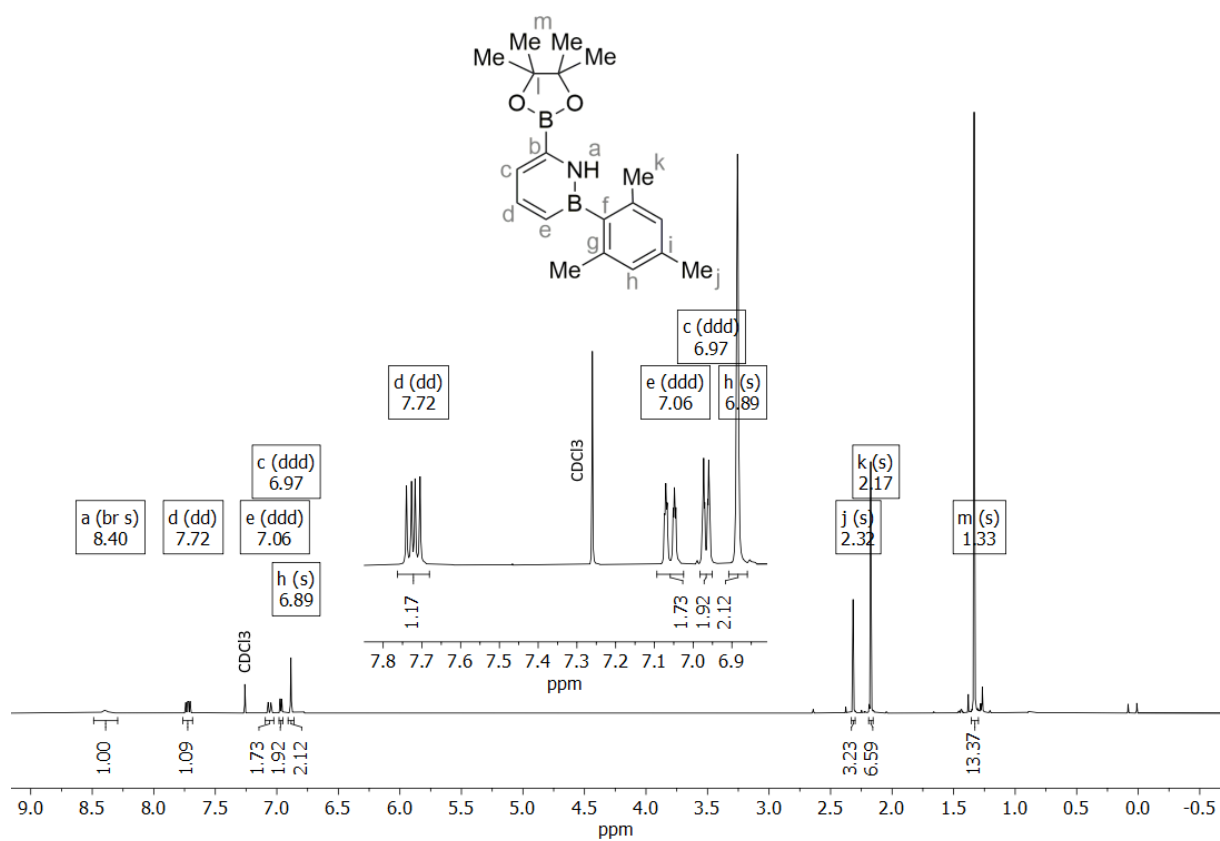


$^{11}\text{B}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (160 MHz, CDCl_3)

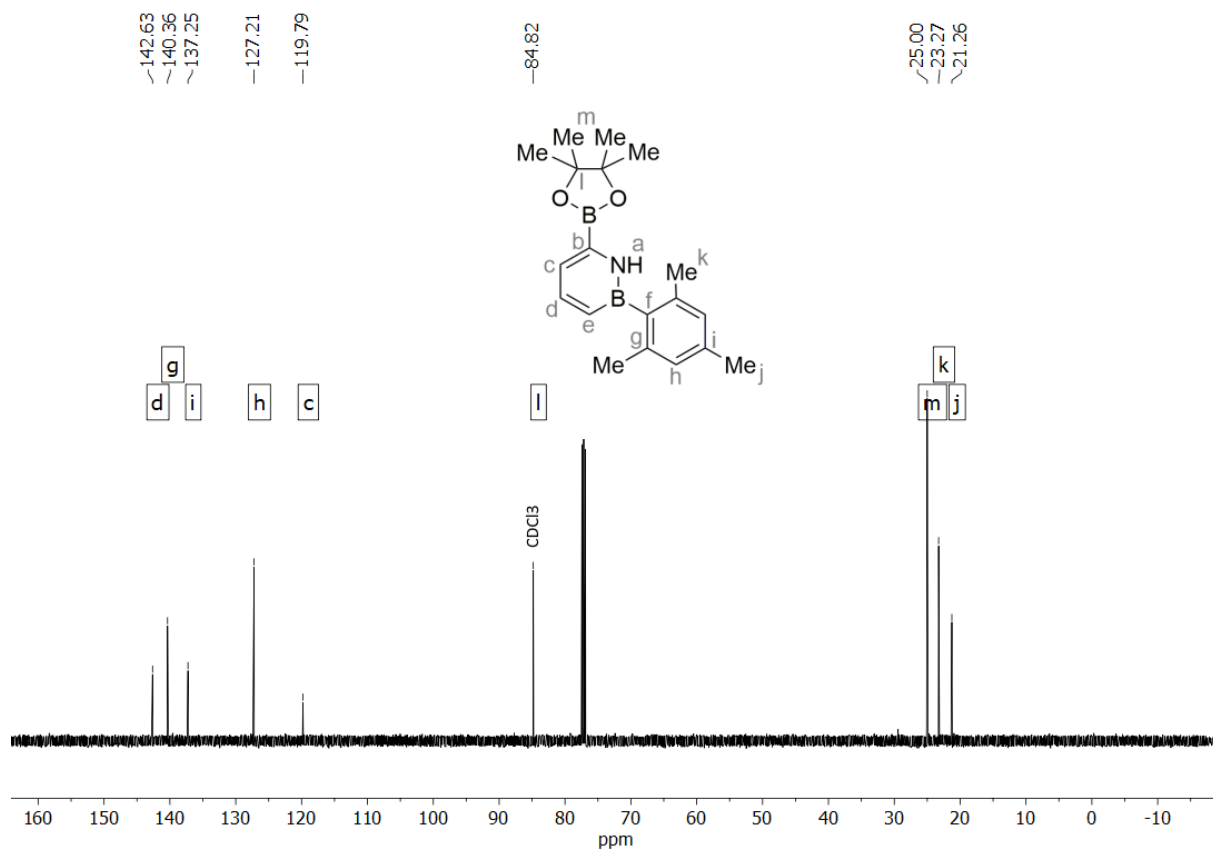


6.2. 1-Hydro-2-mesityl-6-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-1,2-azaborinine (3)

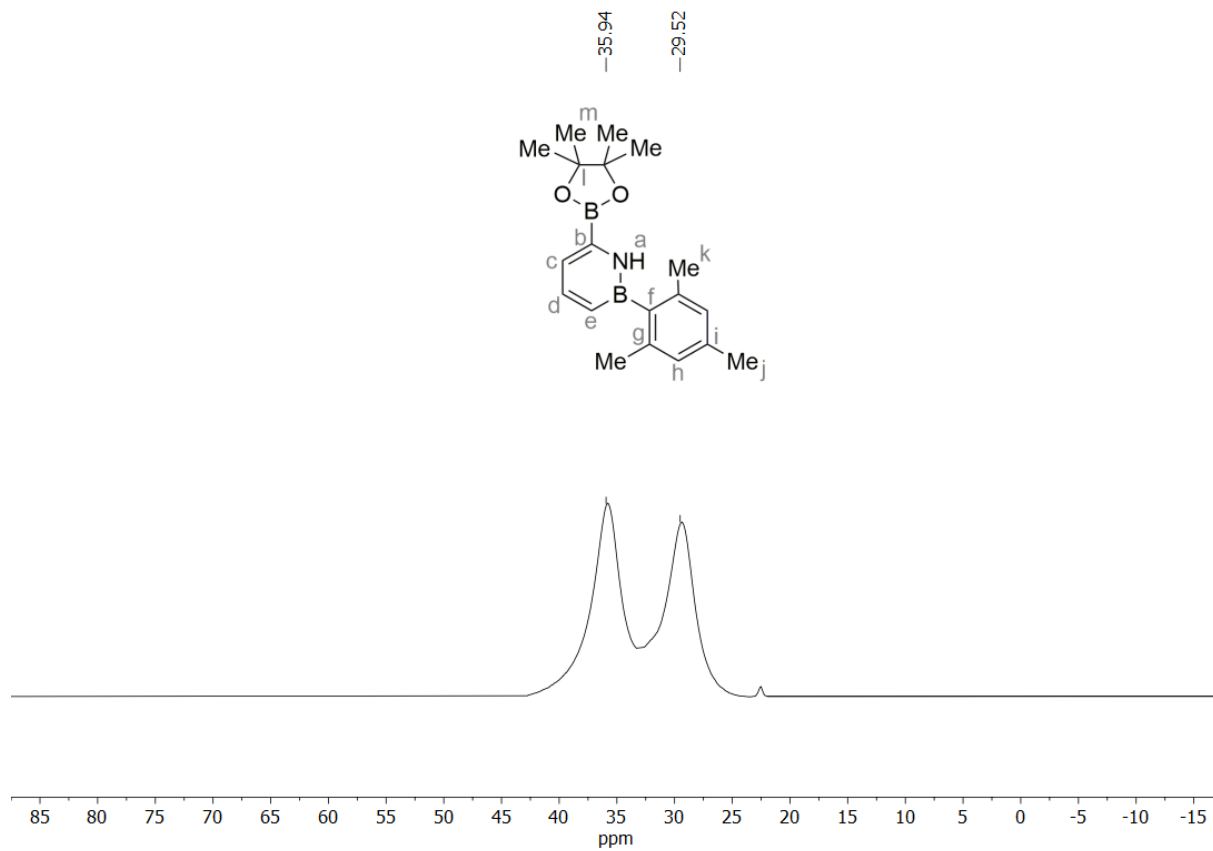
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3)

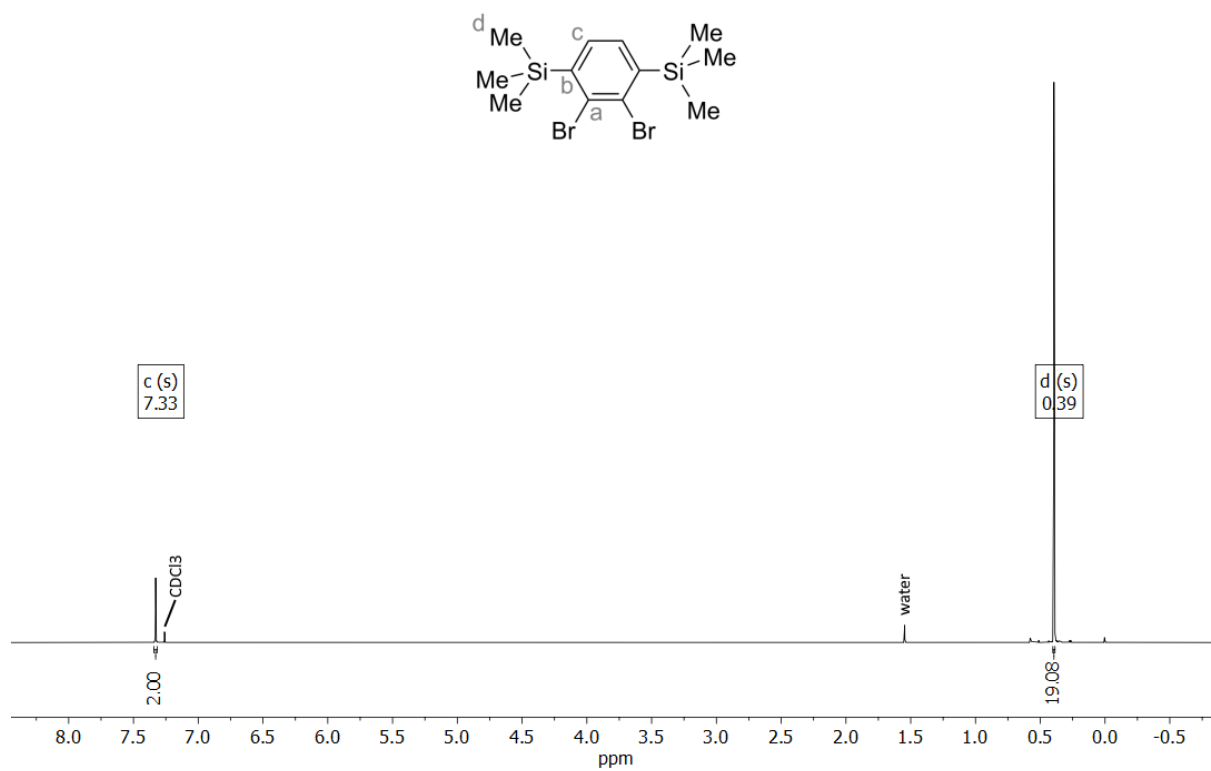


$^{11}\text{B}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (160 MHz, CDCl_3)

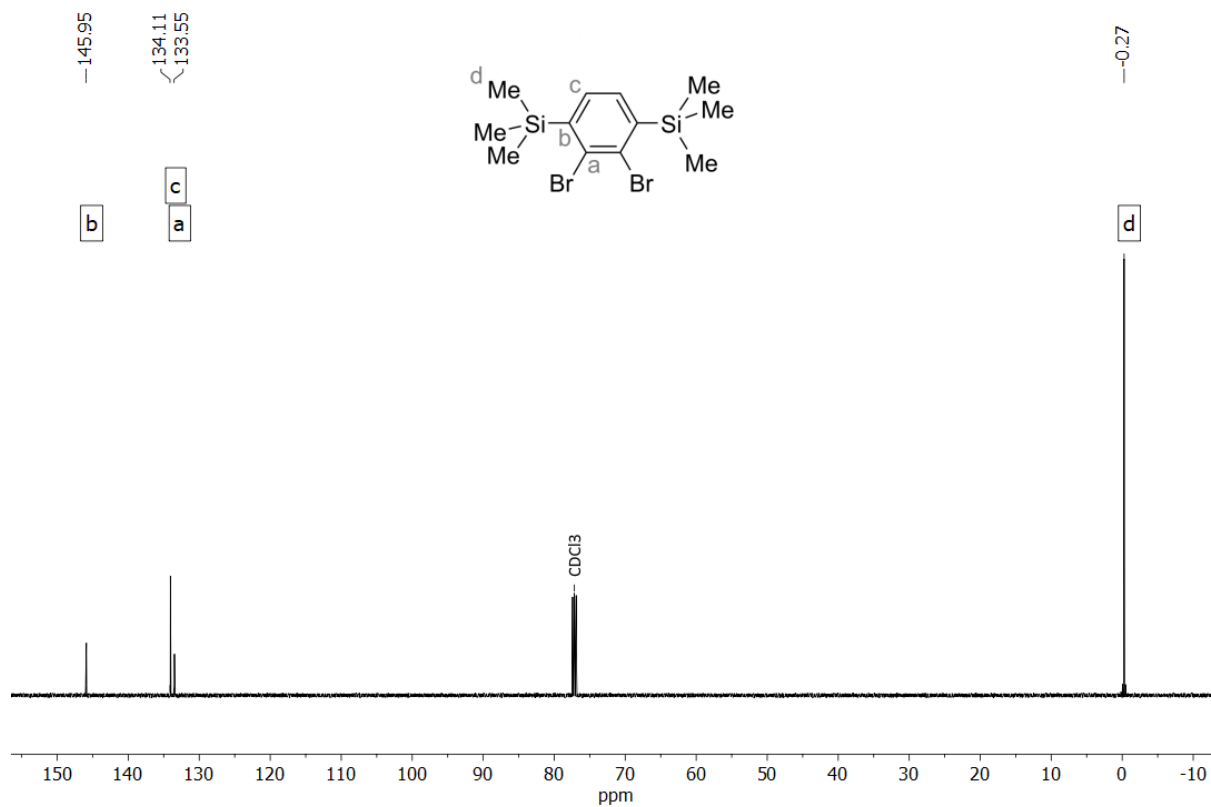


6.3. 1,4-bis(trimethylsilyl)-2,3-dibromobenzene (15)

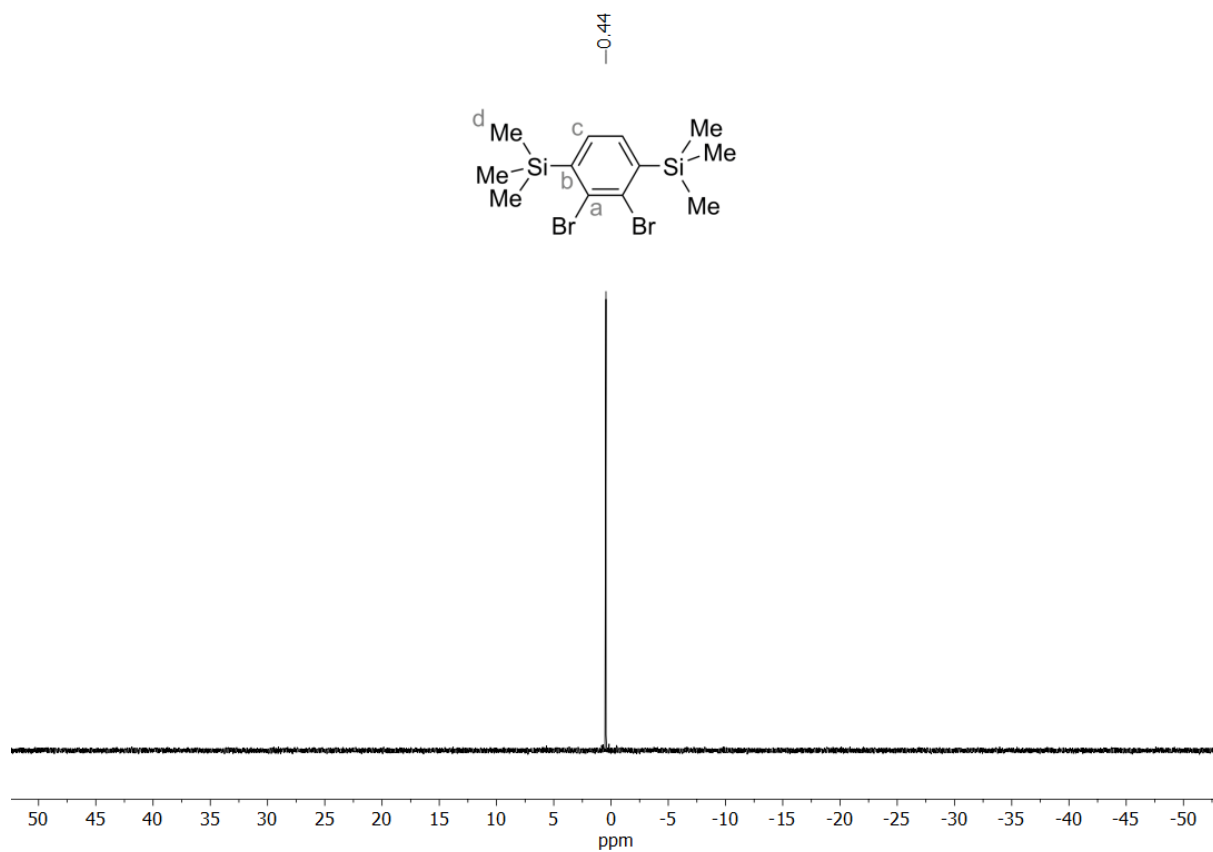
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3)

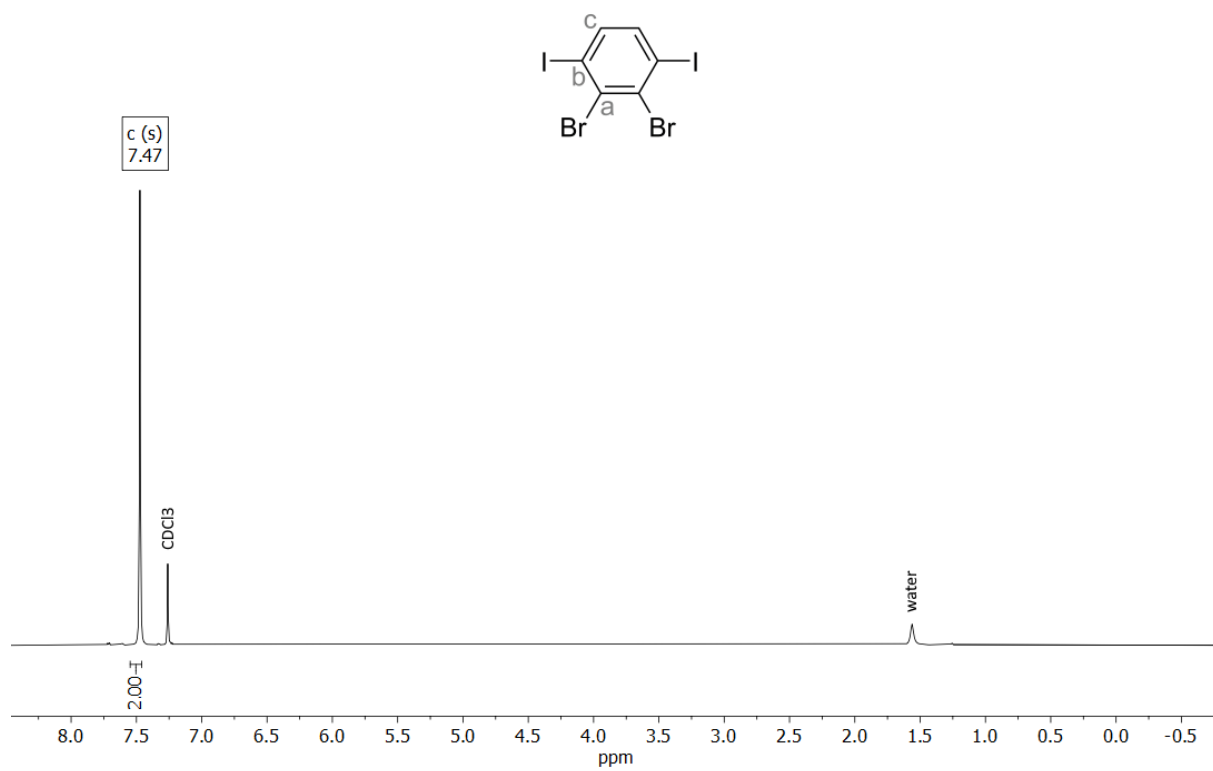


$^{29}\text{Si}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (99 MHz, CDCl_3)

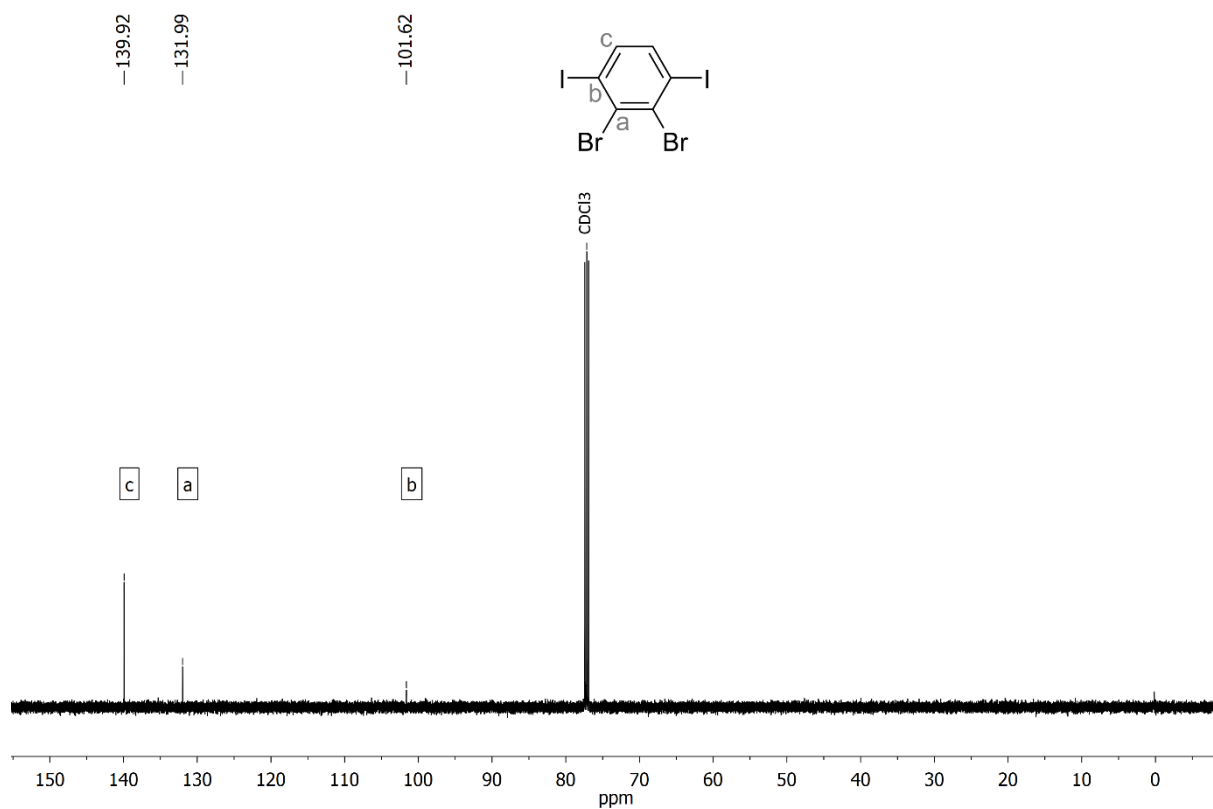


6.4. 2,3-Dibromo-1,4-diiodobenzene (16)

^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3)

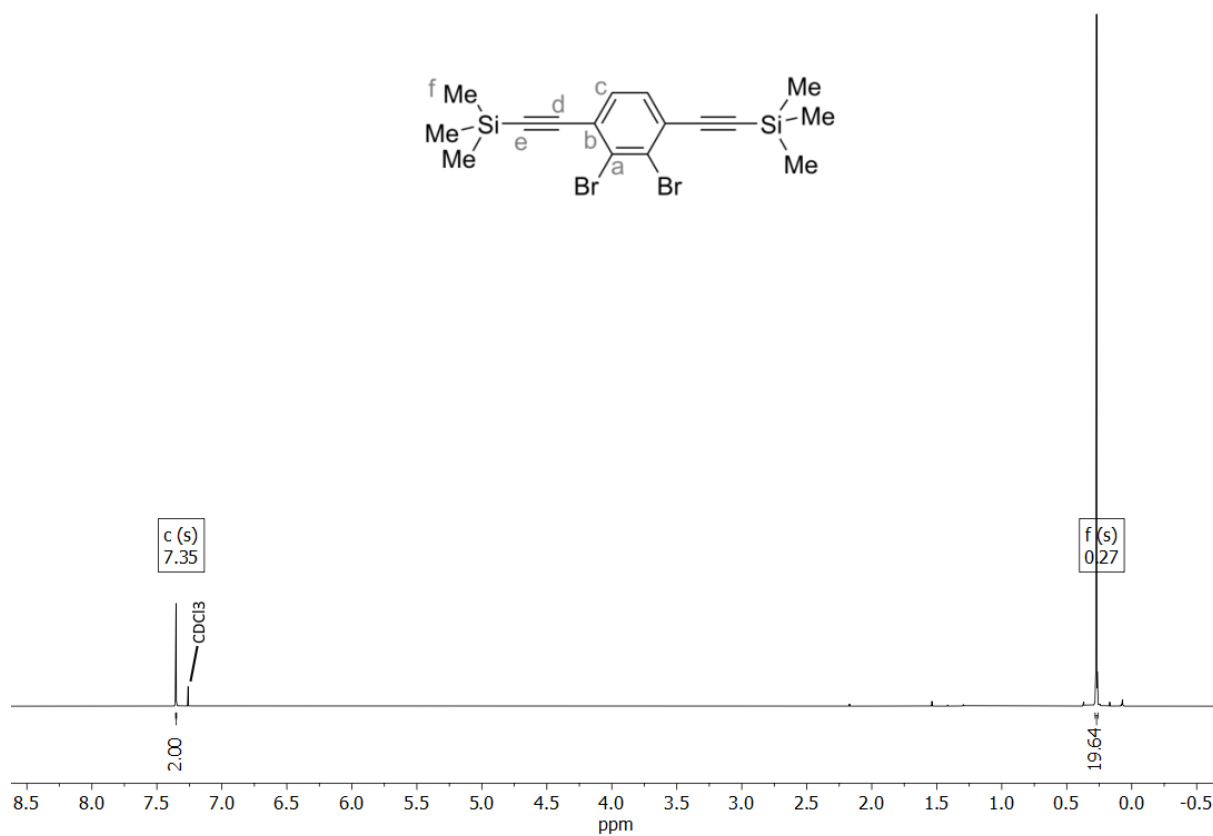


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3)

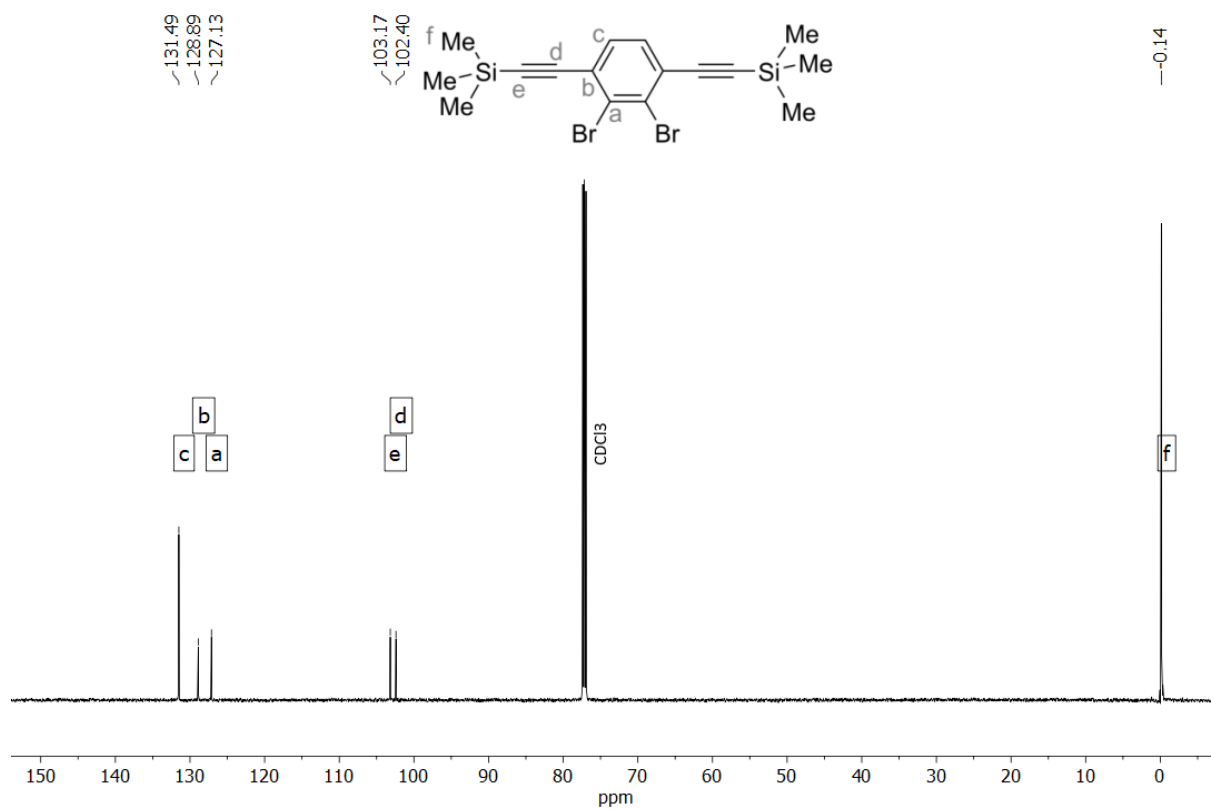


6.5. 2,3-Dibromo-1,4-bis(trimethylsilylethynyl)benzene (1)

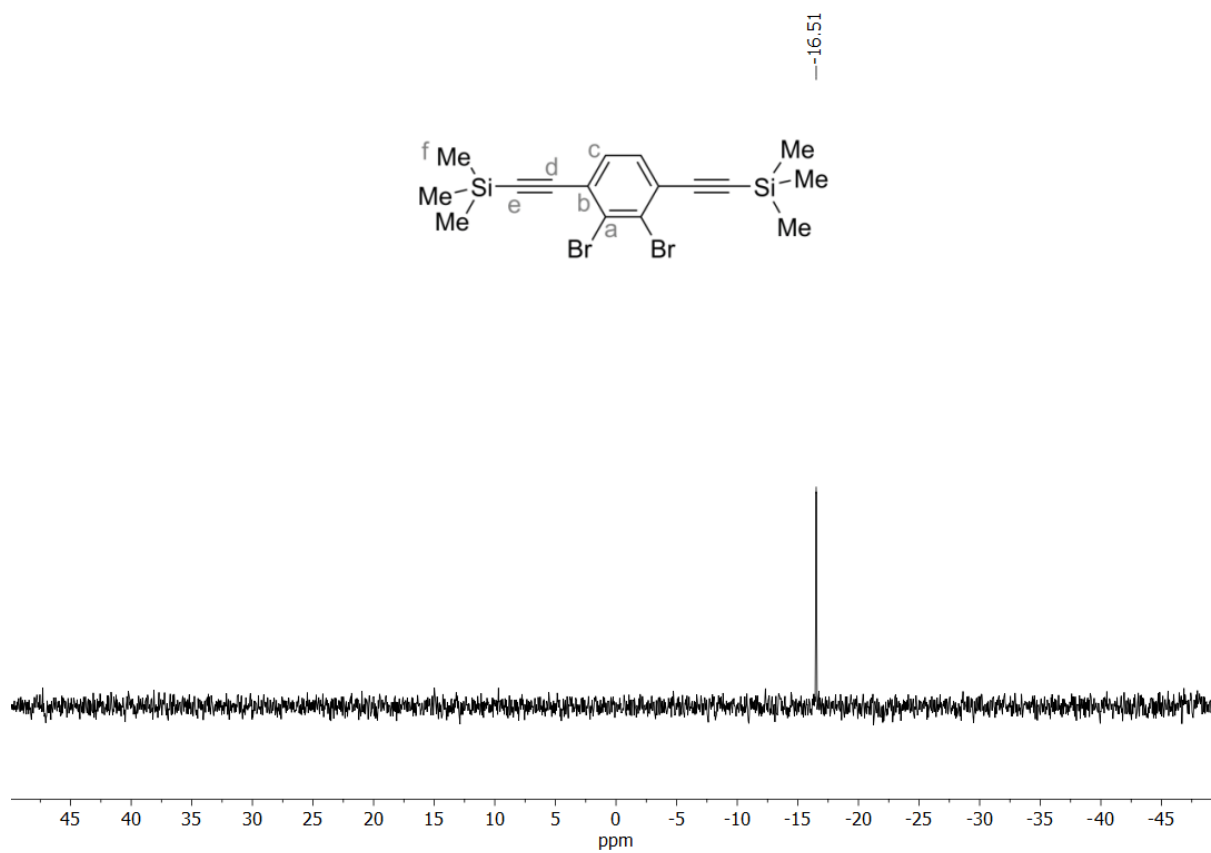
^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3)

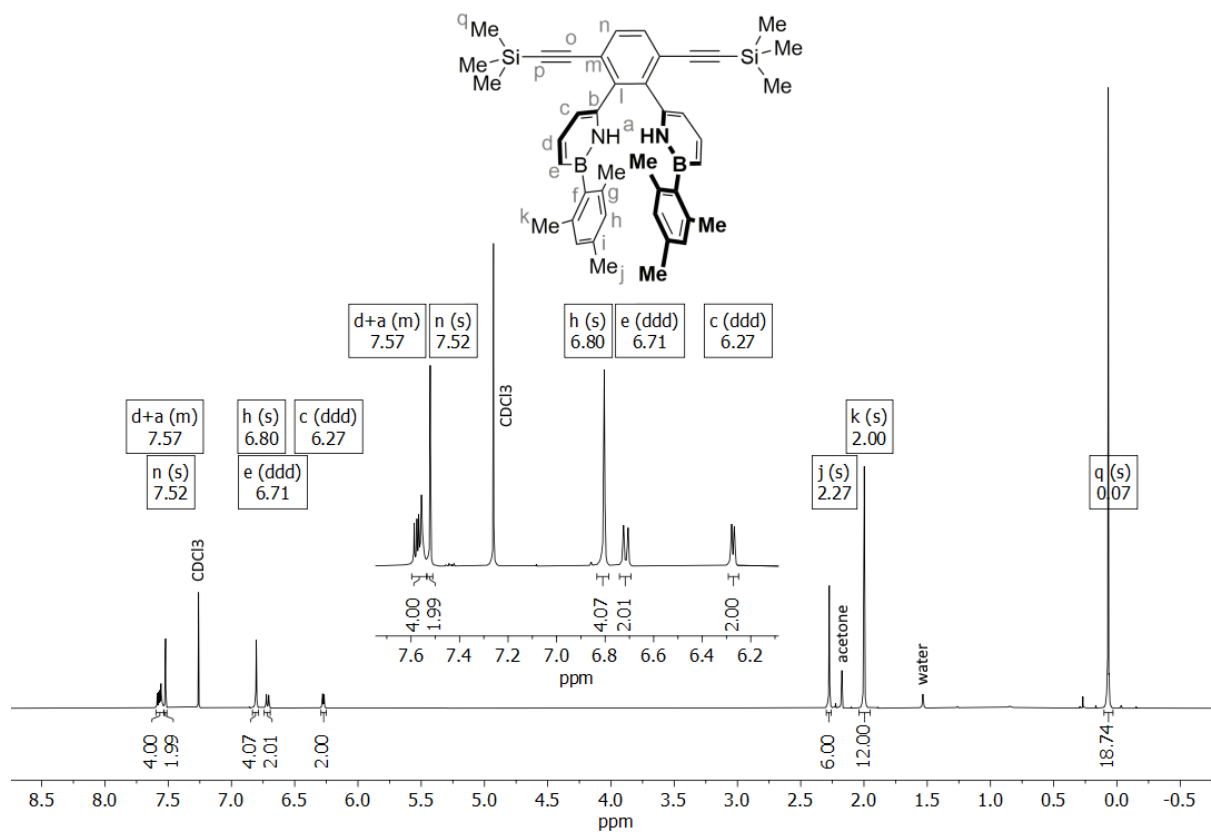


$^{29}\text{Si}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (119 MHz, CDCl_3)

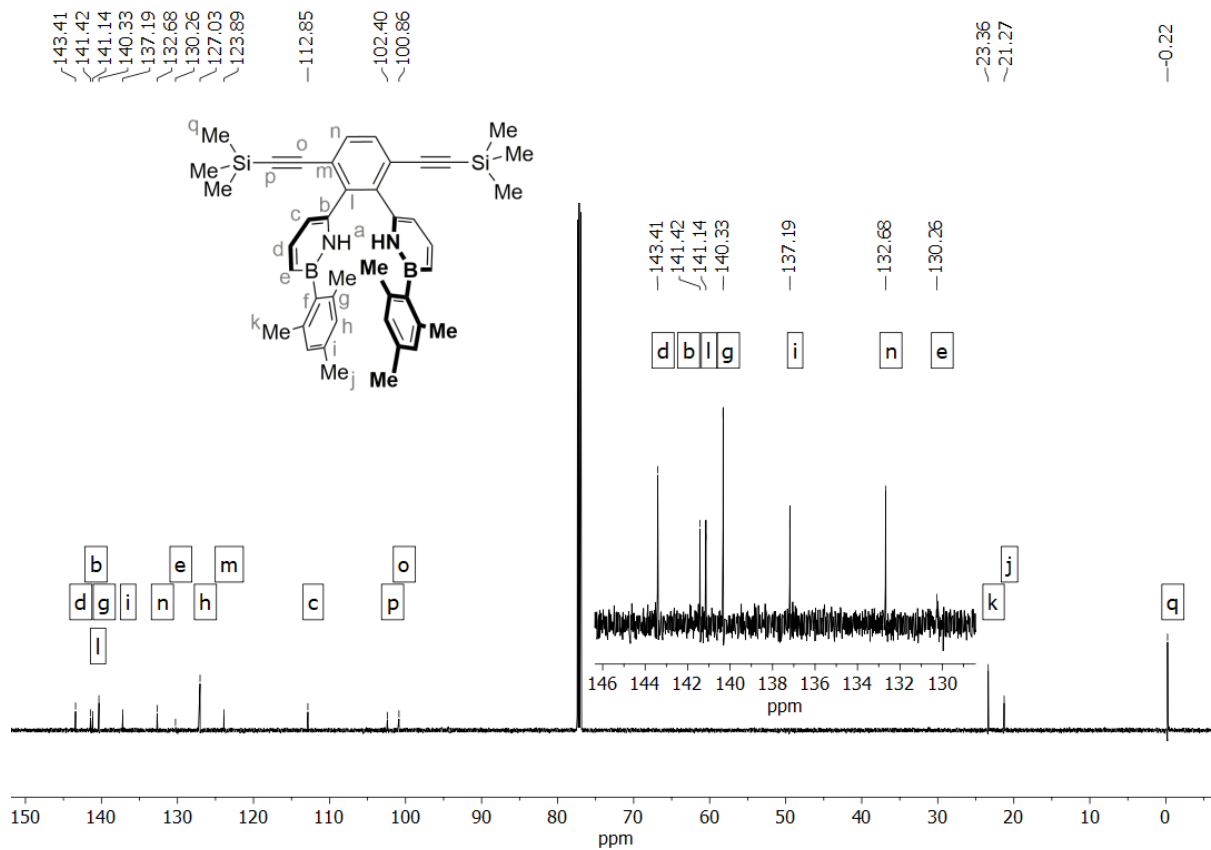


6.6. 1,2-bis(6-(1-Hydroxy-2-mesityl)-1,2-azaborinyl)-3,6-bis((trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)benzene (4)

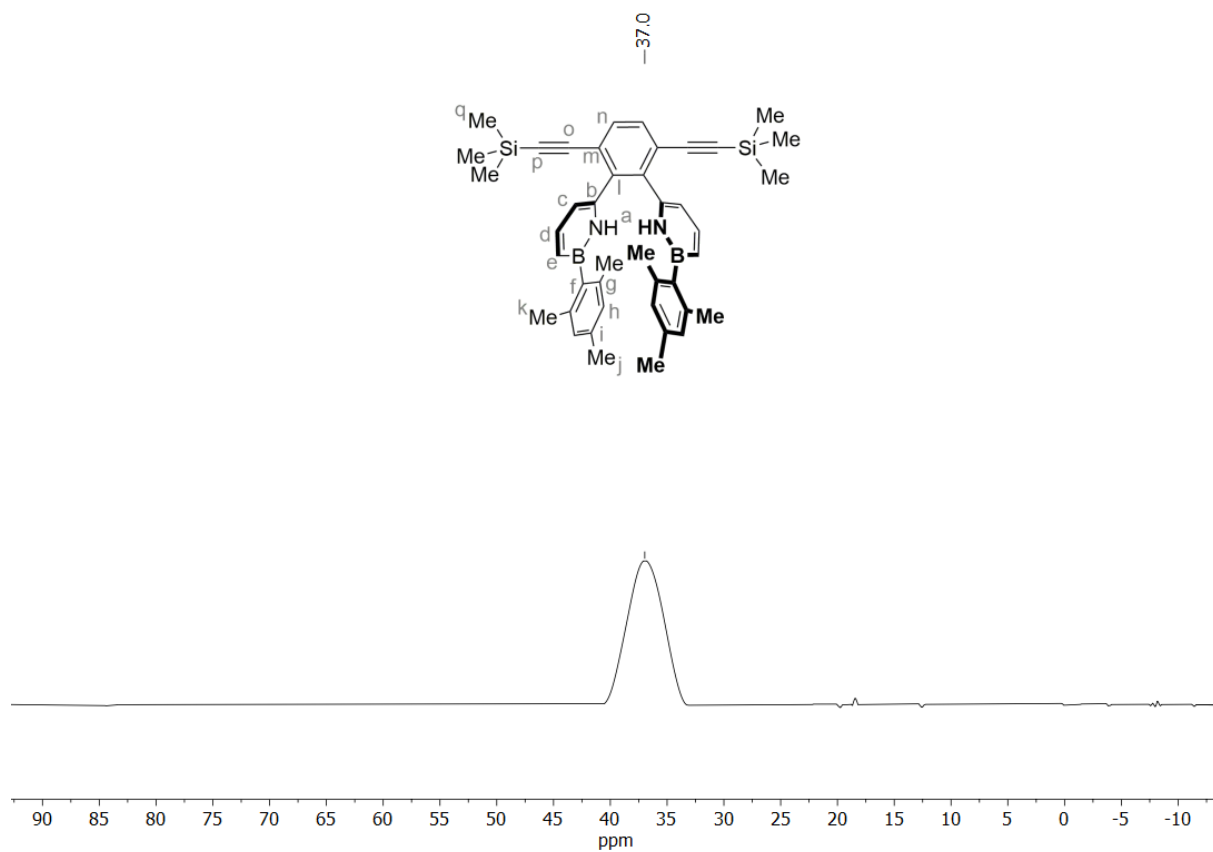
^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3)



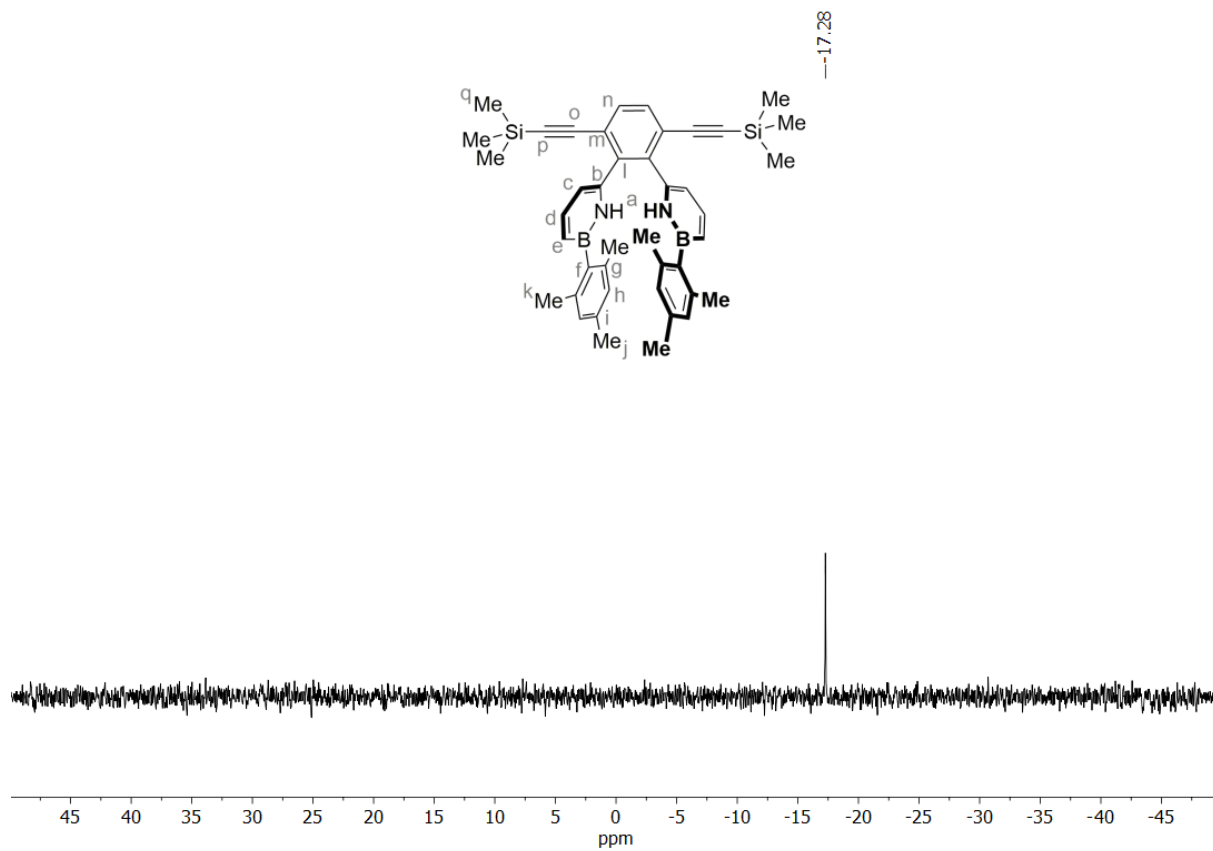
$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3)



$^{11}\text{B}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (193 MHz, CDCl_3)

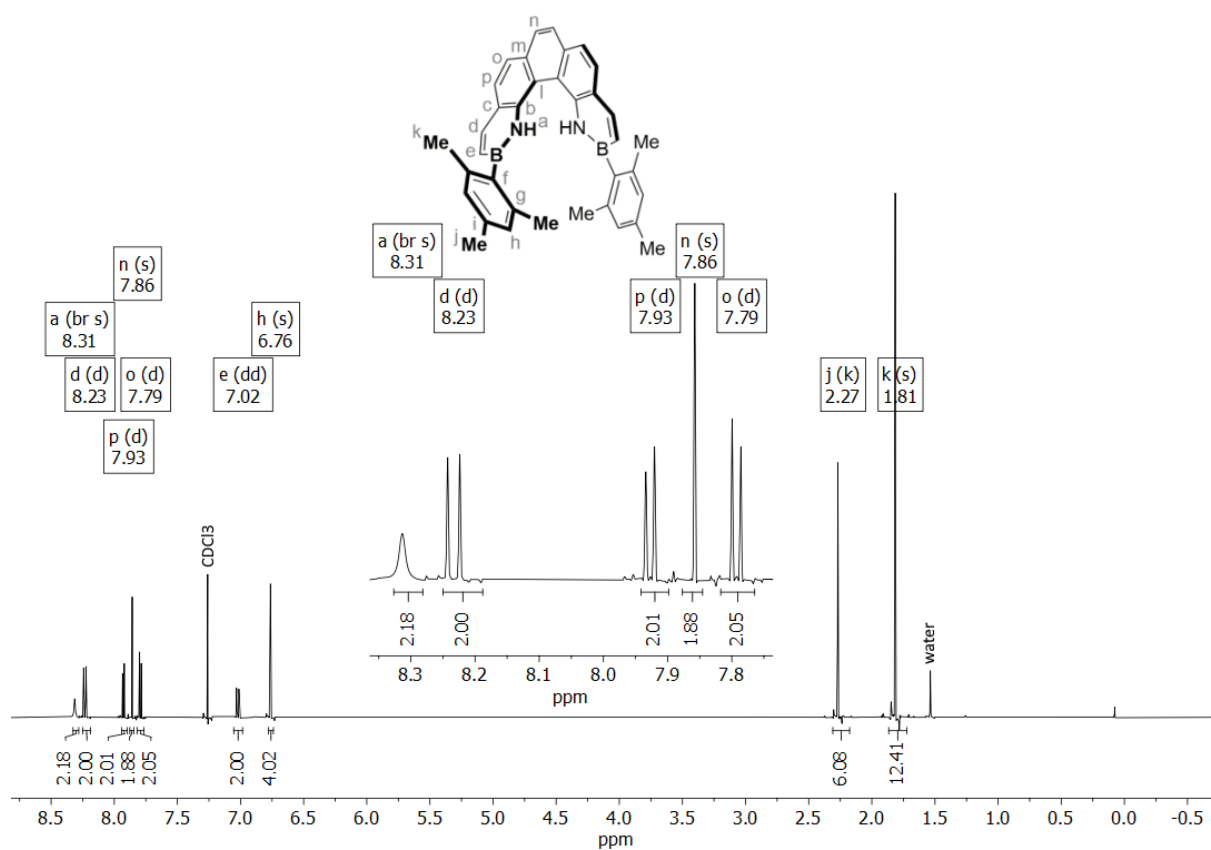


$^{29}\text{Si}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (119 MHz, CDCl_3)

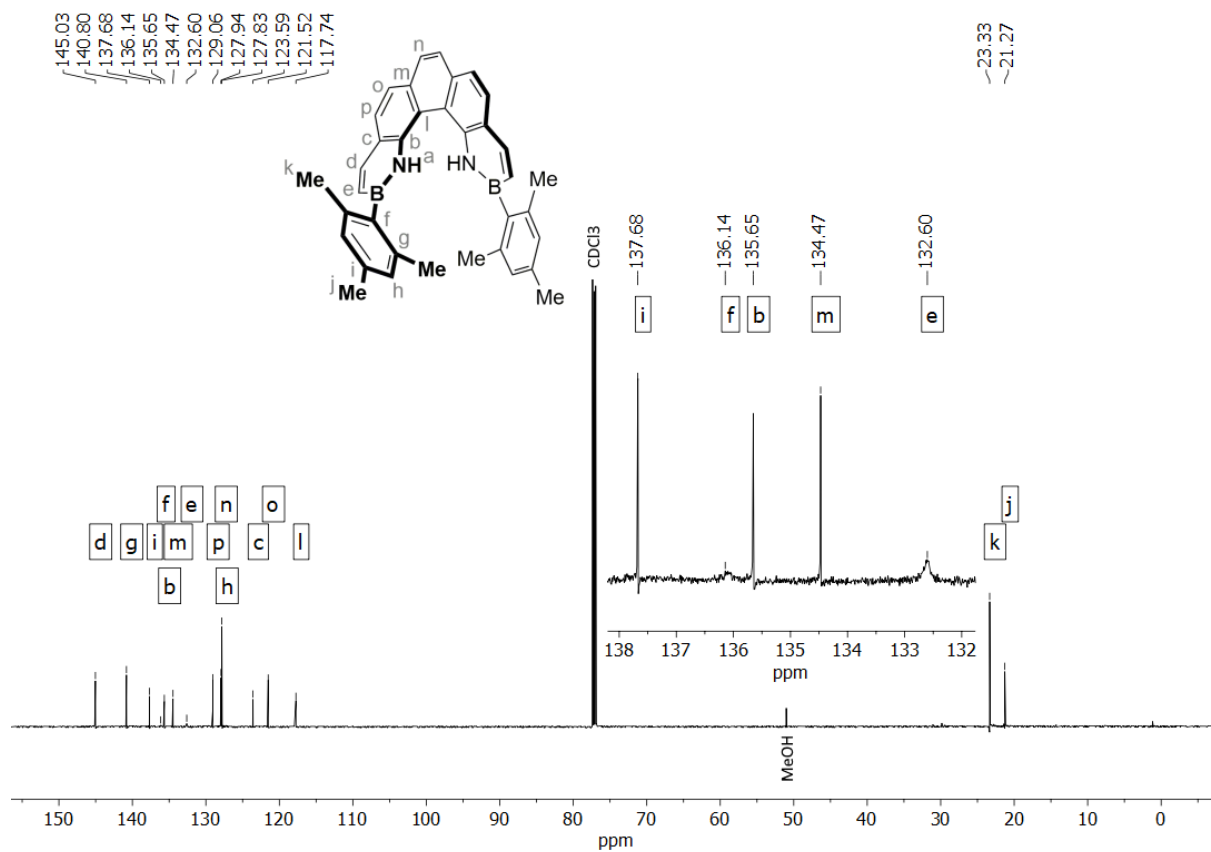


6.7. 1,14-Dihydro-2,13-dimesityl-1,14-diaza-2,13-diborapentahelicene (BN[5])

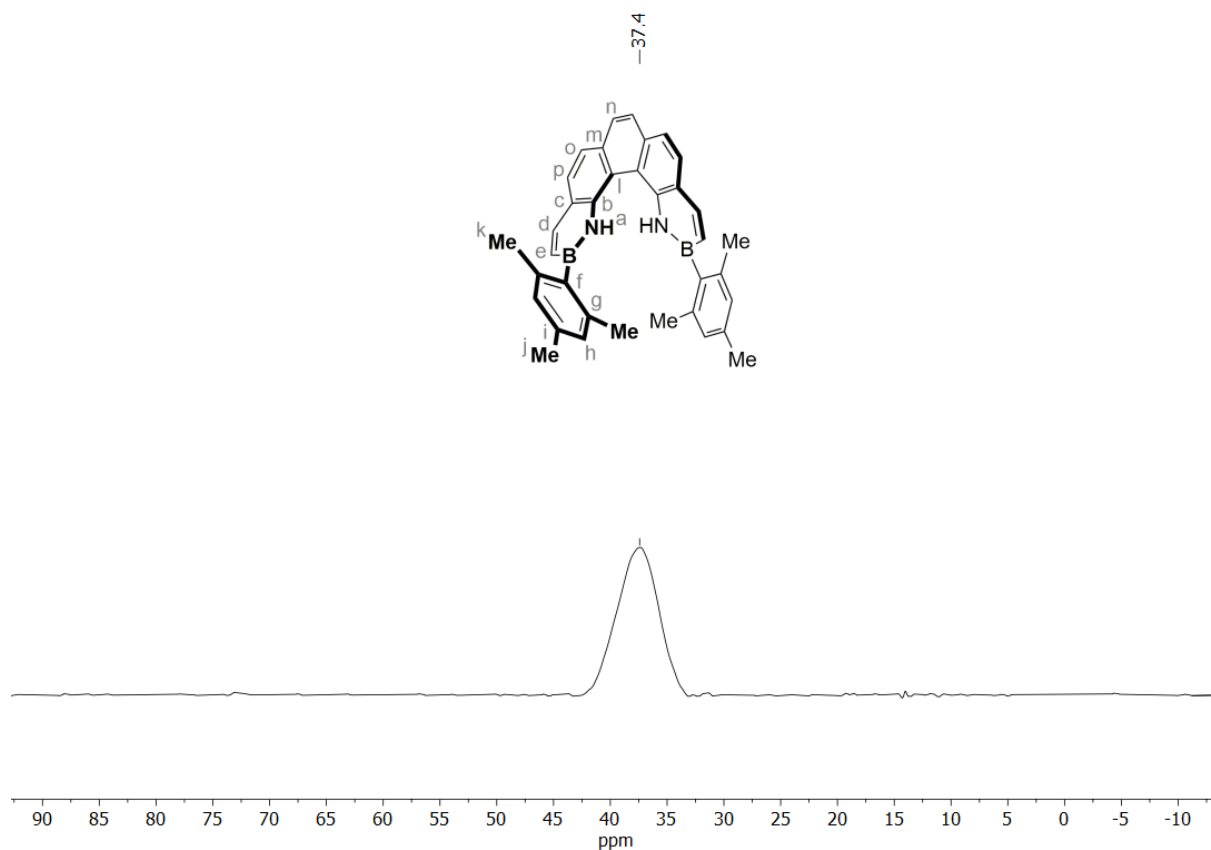
^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3)

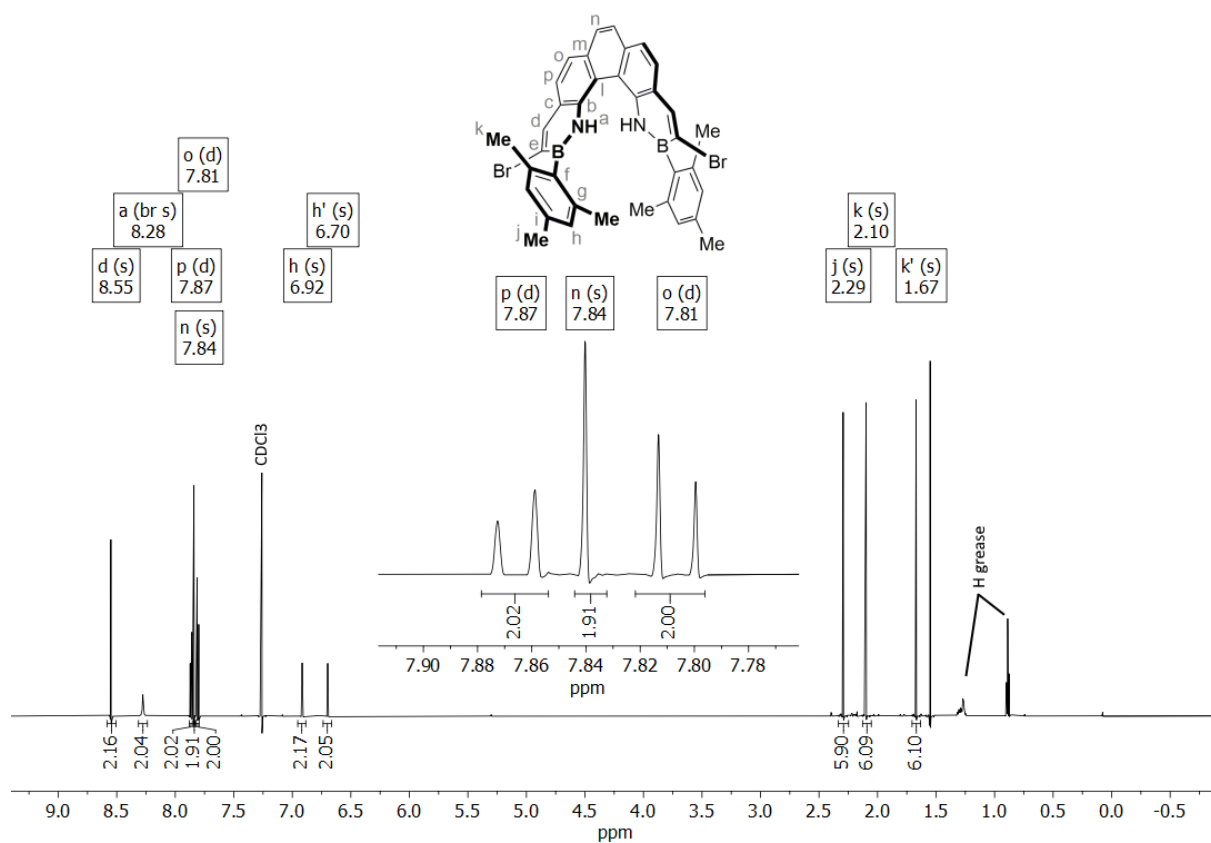


$^{11}\text{B}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (193 MHz, CDCl_3)

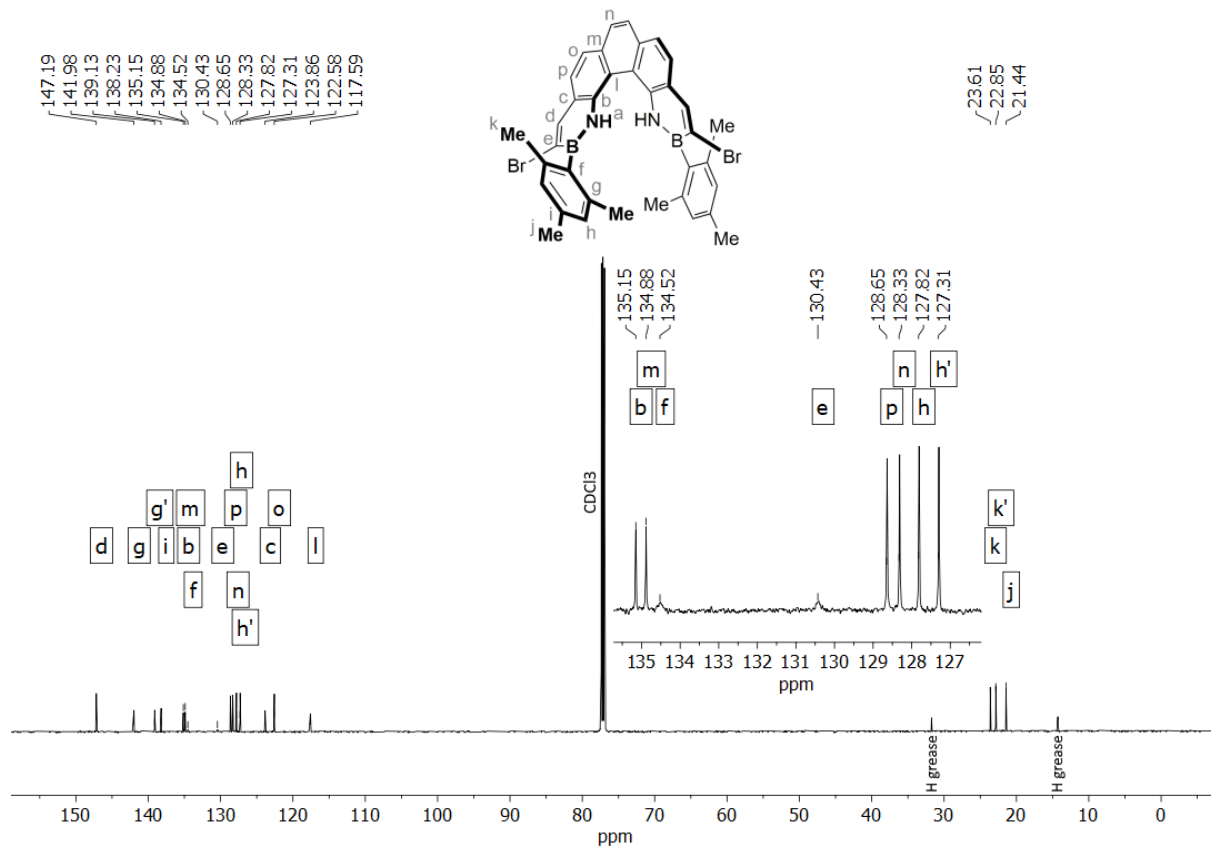


6.8. 3,12-Dibromo-1,14-dihydro-2,13-dimesityl-1,14-diaza-2,13-diborapentahelicene (BN[5]-Br₂)

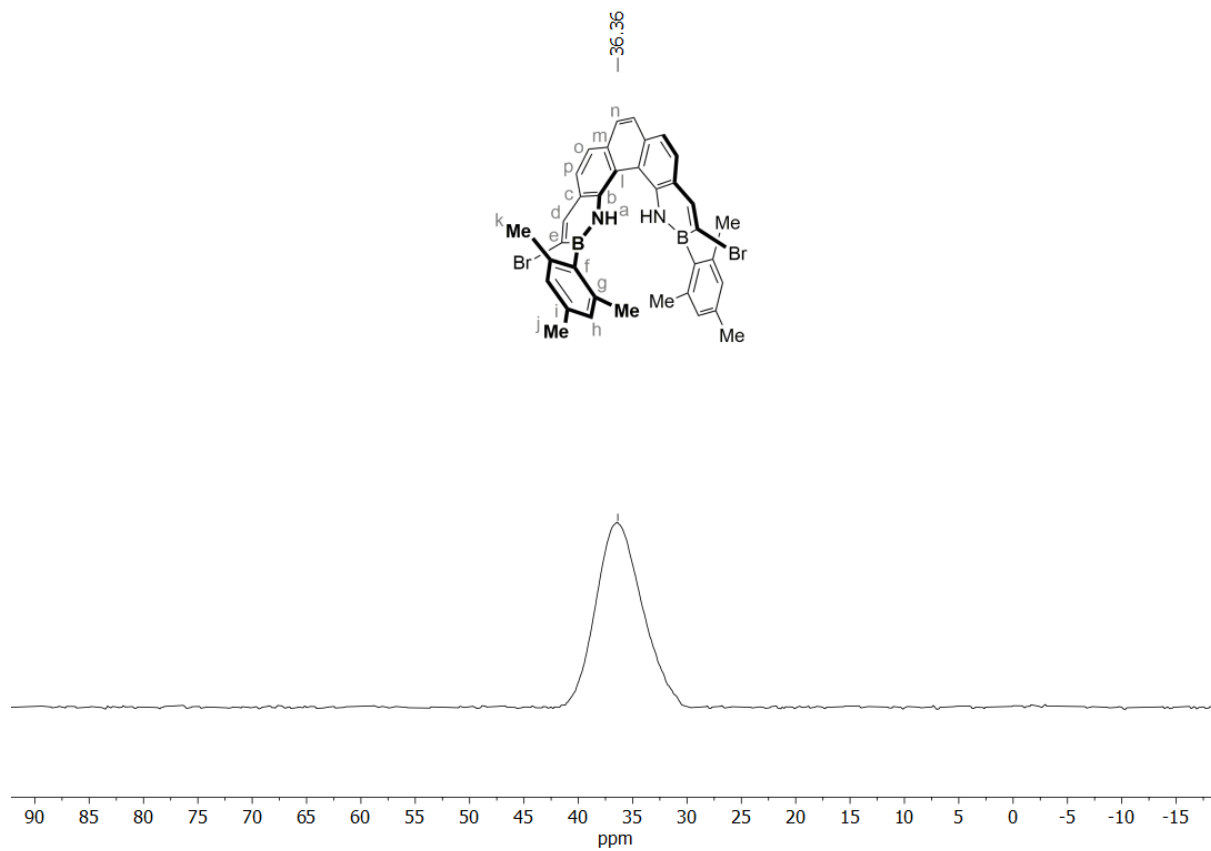
^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3)

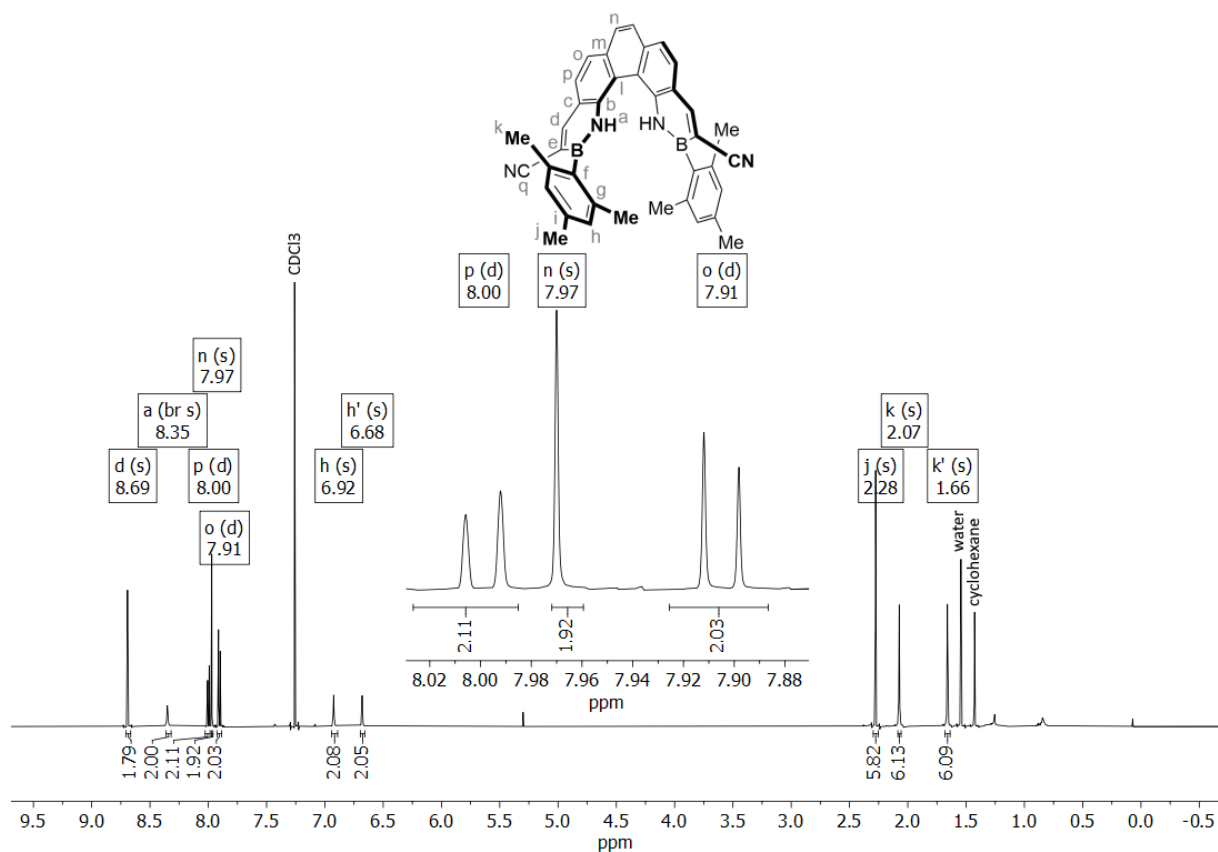


$^{11}\text{B}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (193 MHz, CDCl_3)

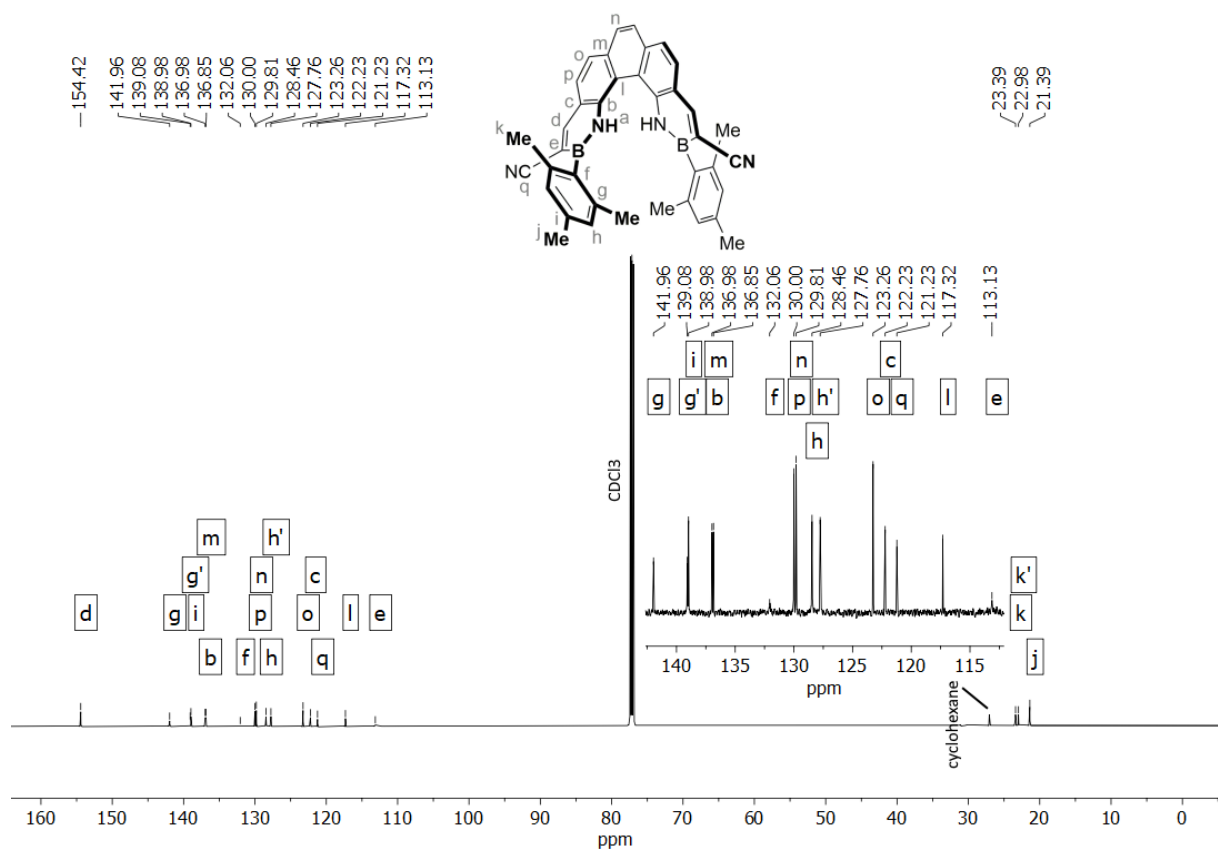


6.9. 3,12-Dicyano-1,14-dihydro-2,13-dimesityl-1,14-diaza-2,13-diborapentahelicene (BN[5]-(CN)₂)

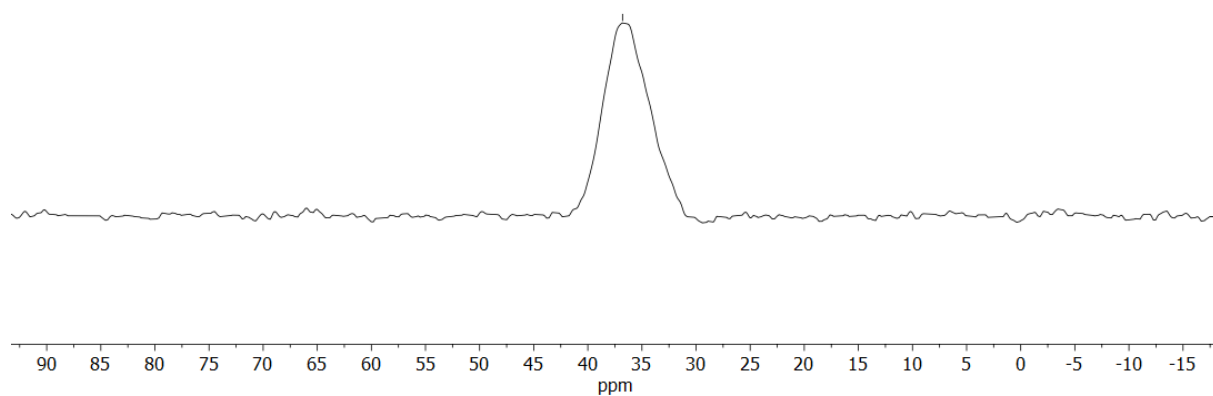
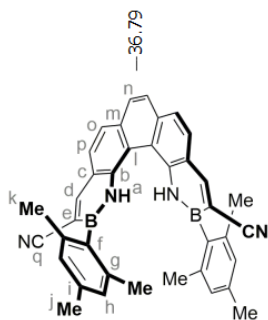
¹H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl₃)



¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃)

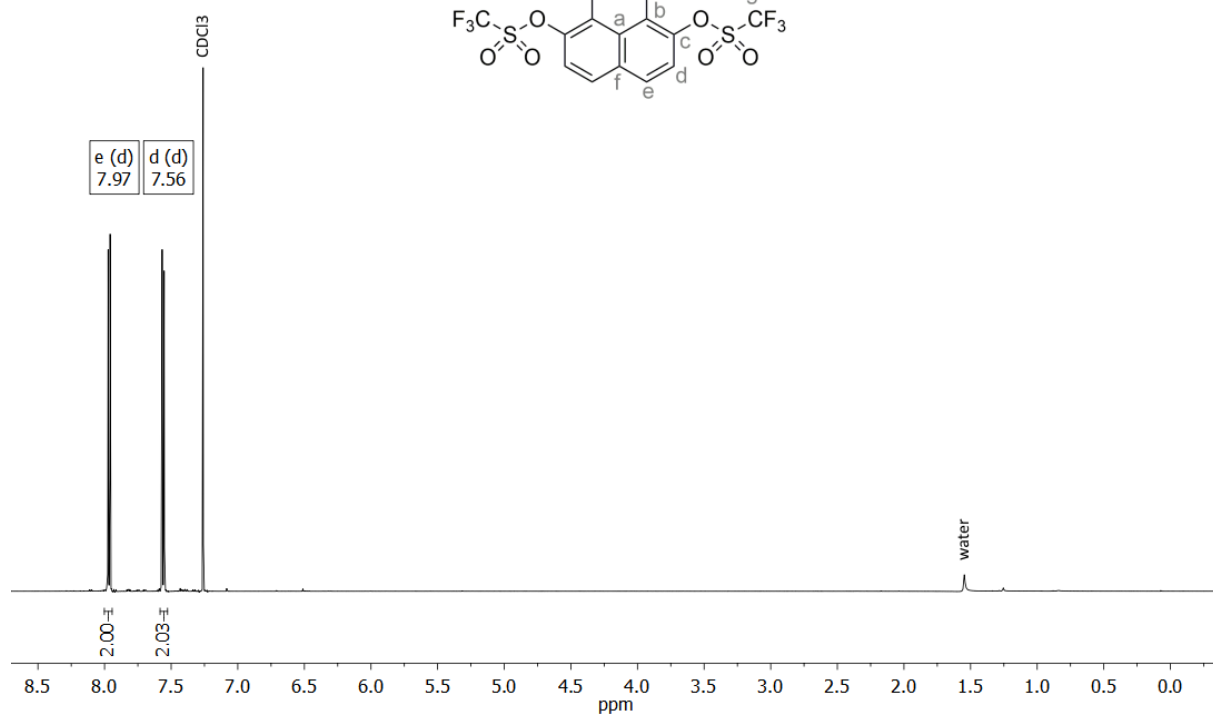
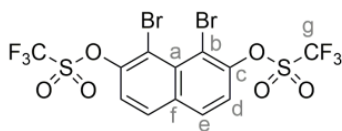


$^{11}\text{B}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (193 MHz, CDCl_3)

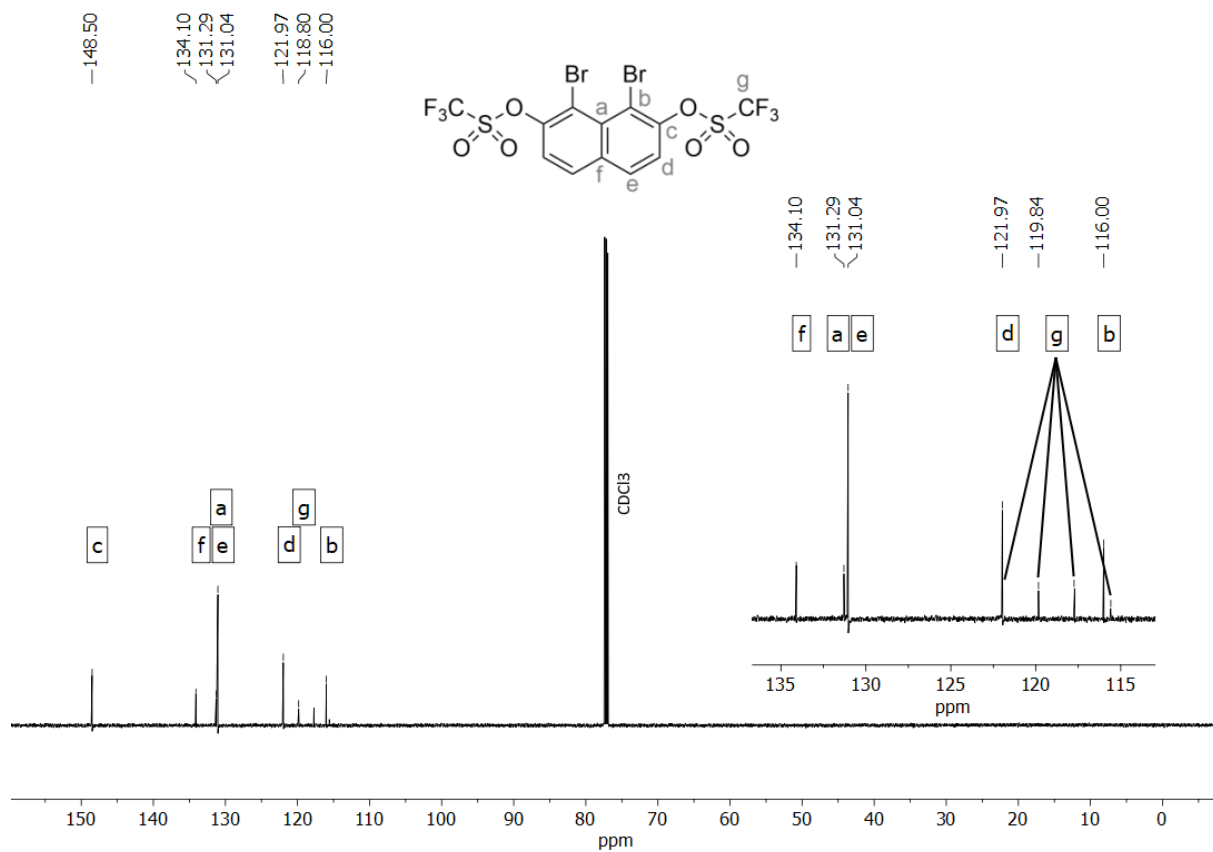


6.10. 1,8-Dibromo-2,7-bis(trifluoromethylsulfonyl)naphthalene (17)

^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3)

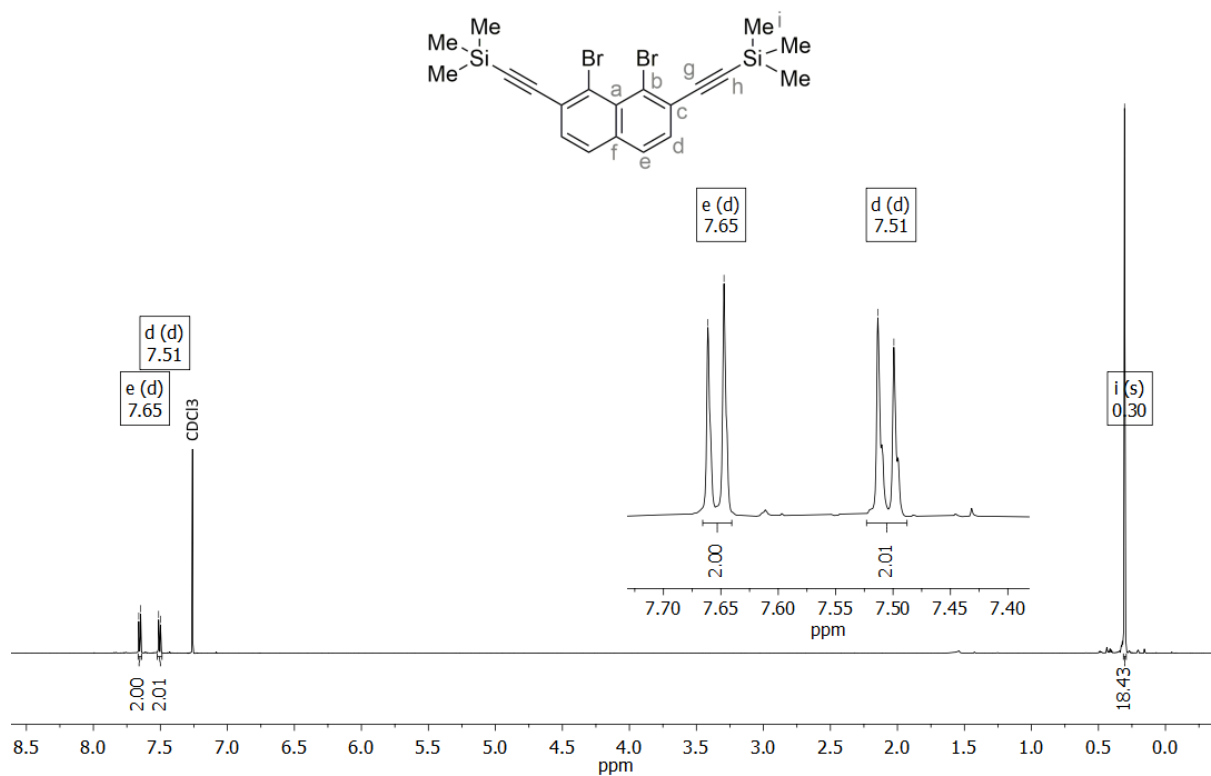


^{19}F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl_3)

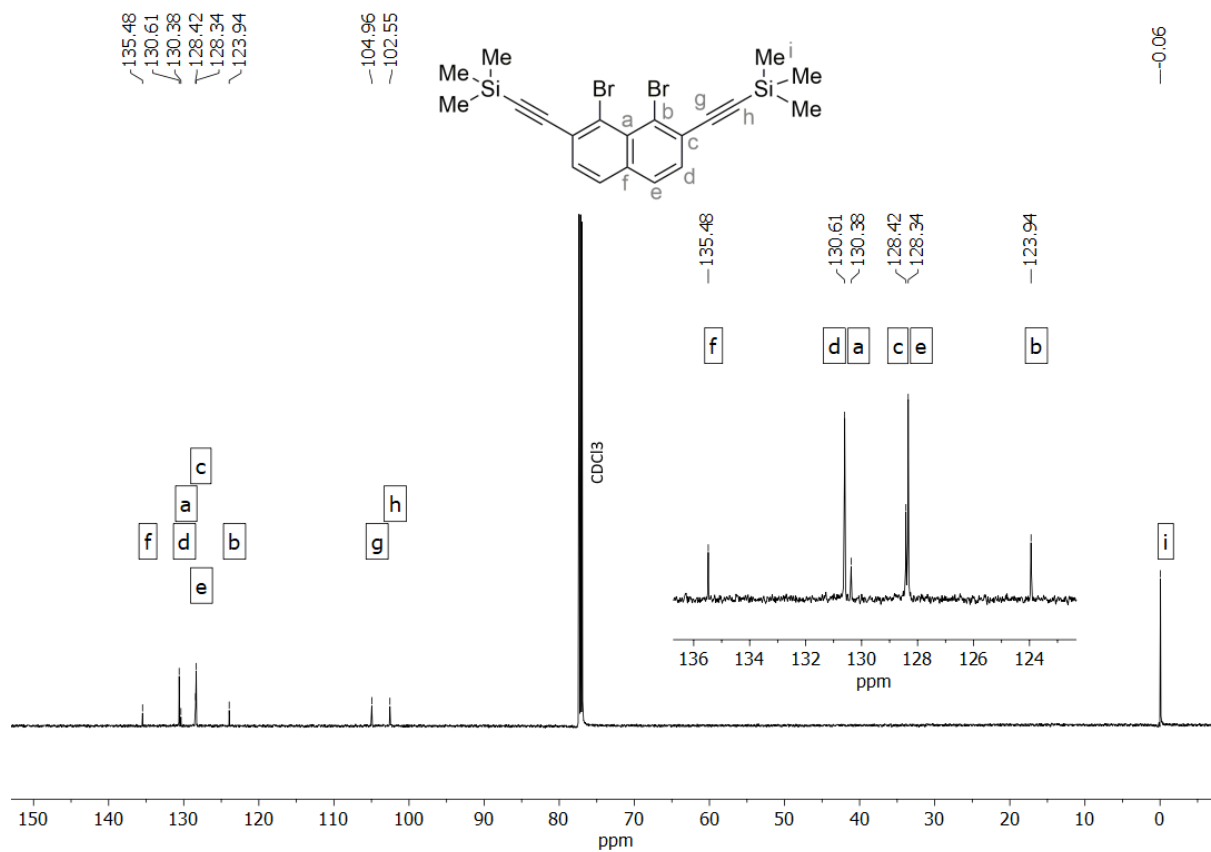


6.11. 1,8-Dibromo-2,7-bis(trimethylsilylethynyl)naphthalene (2)

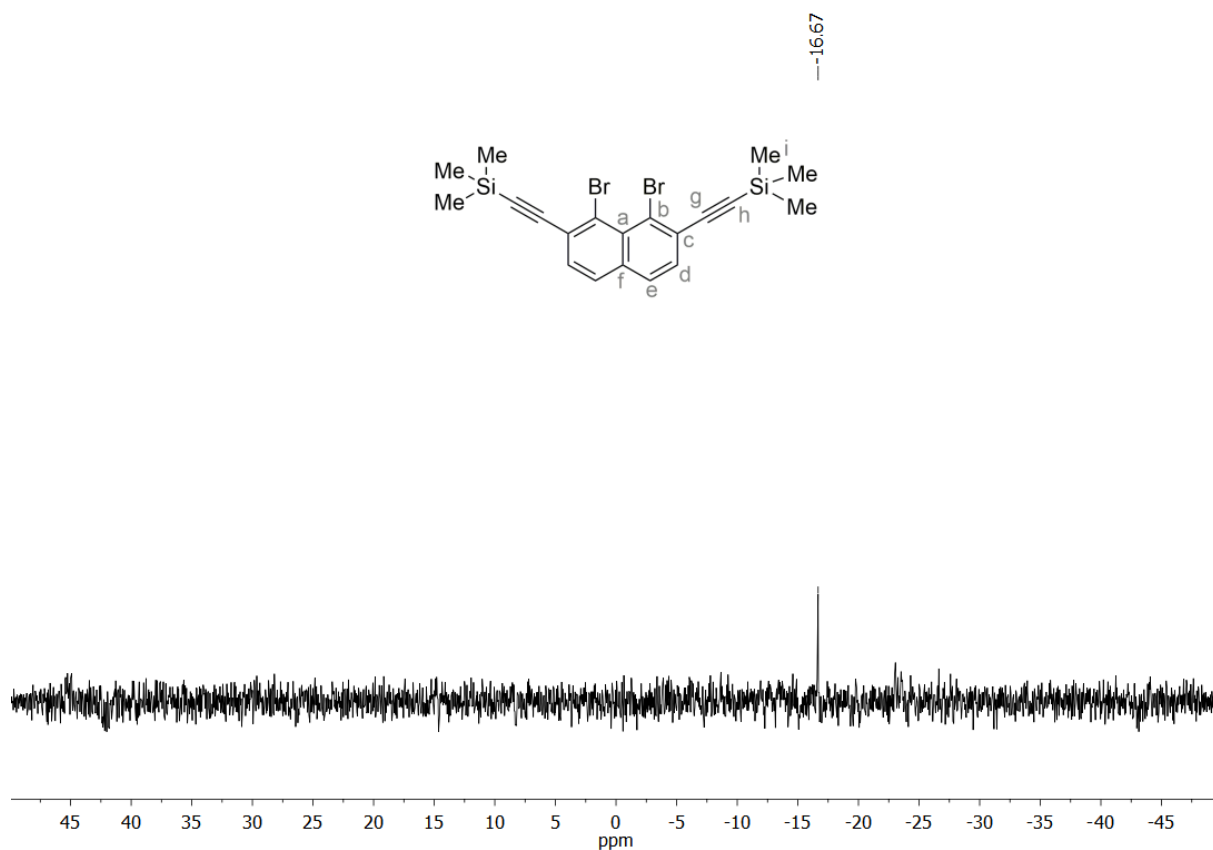
^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3)

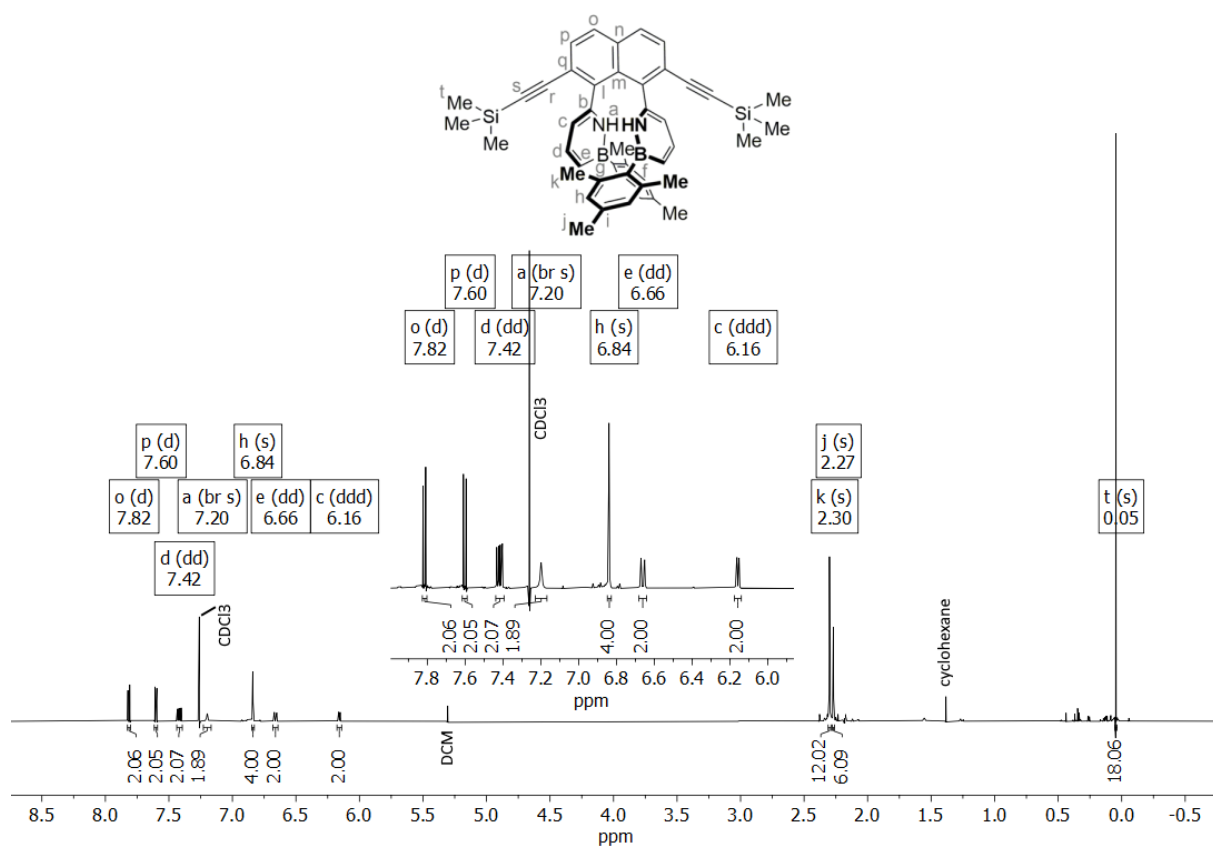


$^{29}\text{Si}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (119 MHz, CDCl_3)

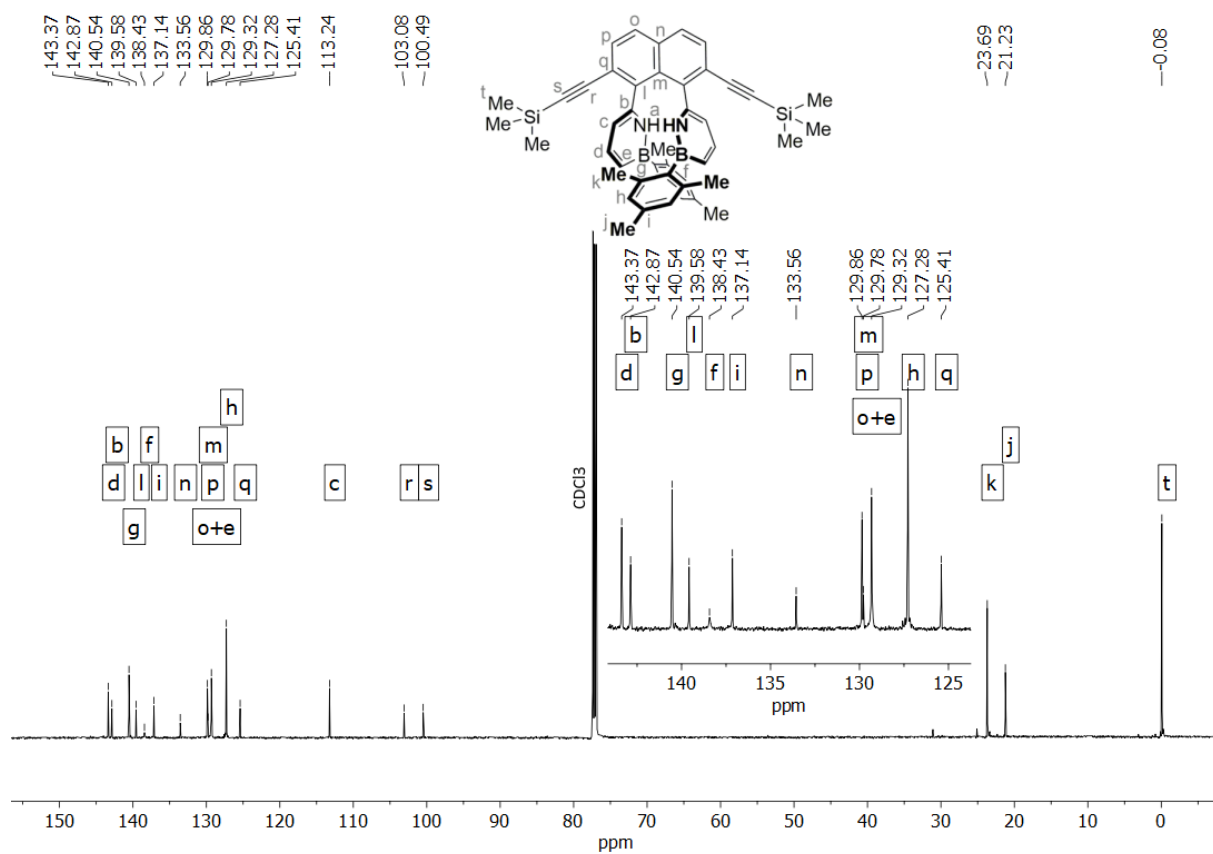


6.12. 1,8-bis(6-(1-Hydro-2-mesityl)-1,2-azaborinyl)-2,7-bis(trimethylsilyl)ethynyl)naphthalene (5)

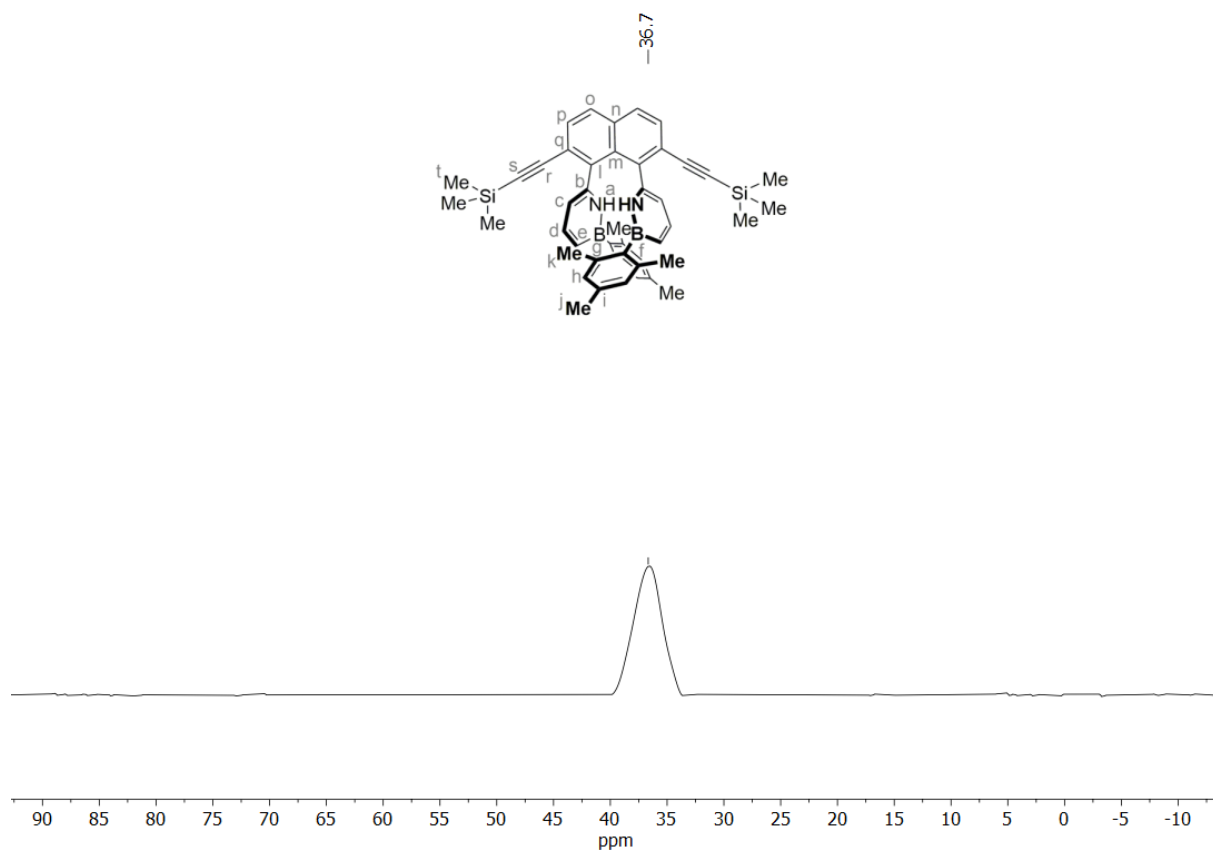
^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3)

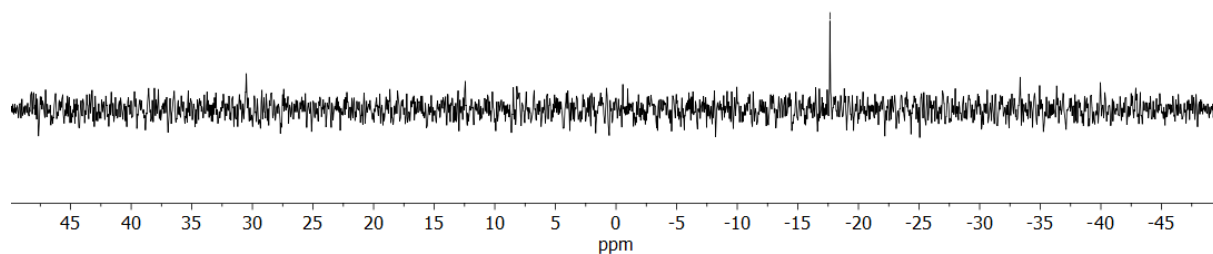
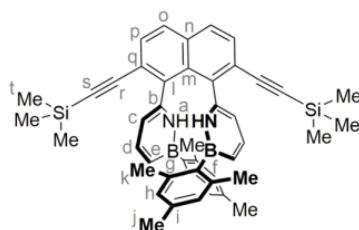


$^{11}\text{B}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (193 MHz, CDCl_3)



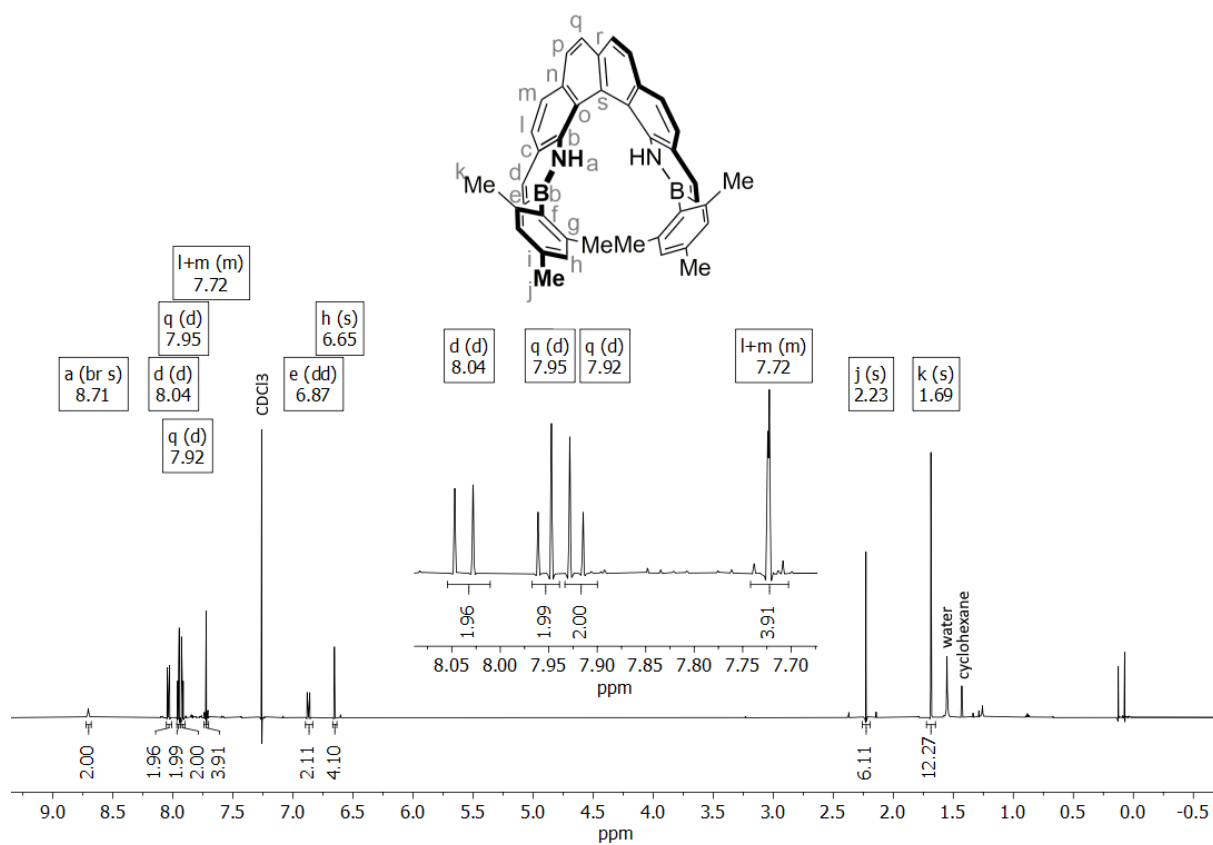
$^{29}\text{Si}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (119 MHz, CDCl_3)

—17.65

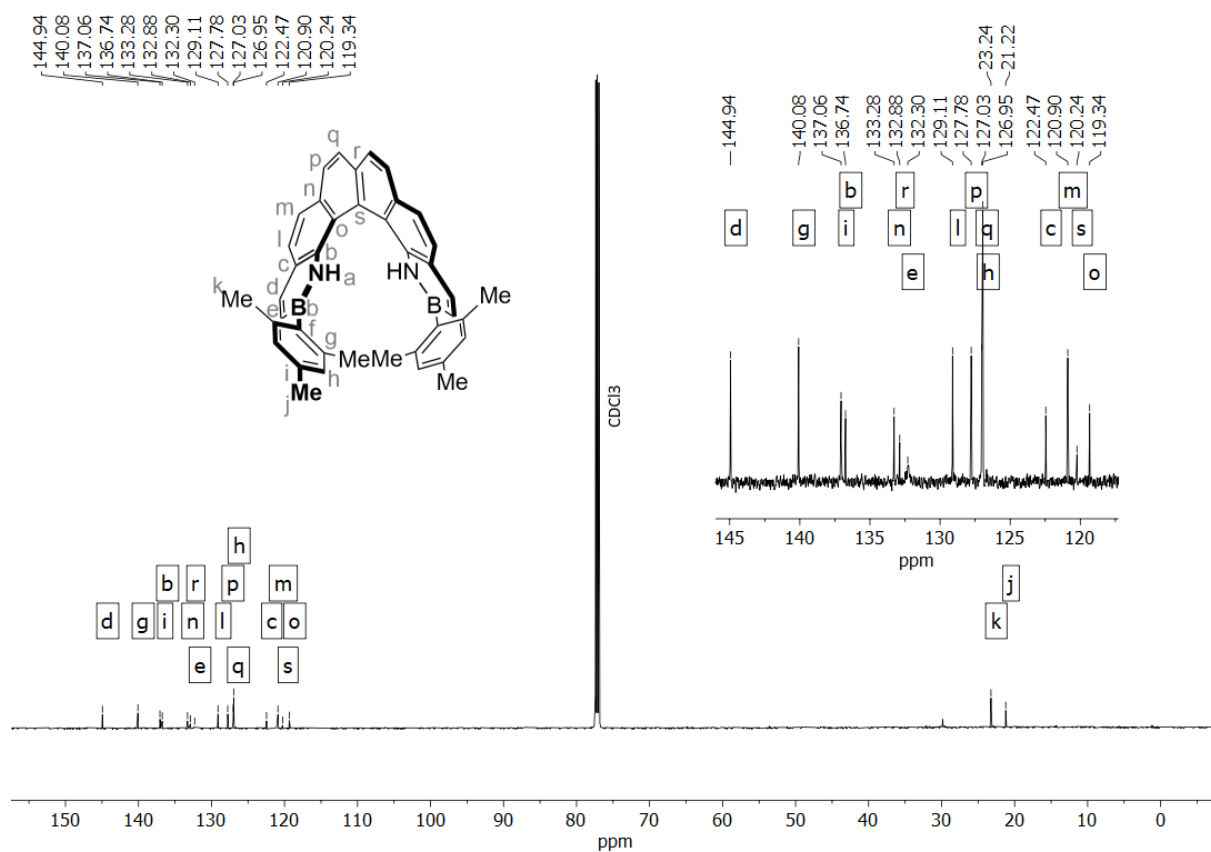


6.13. 1,16-Dihydro-2,15-dimesityl-1,16-diaza-2,15-diborahexahelicene (BN[6])

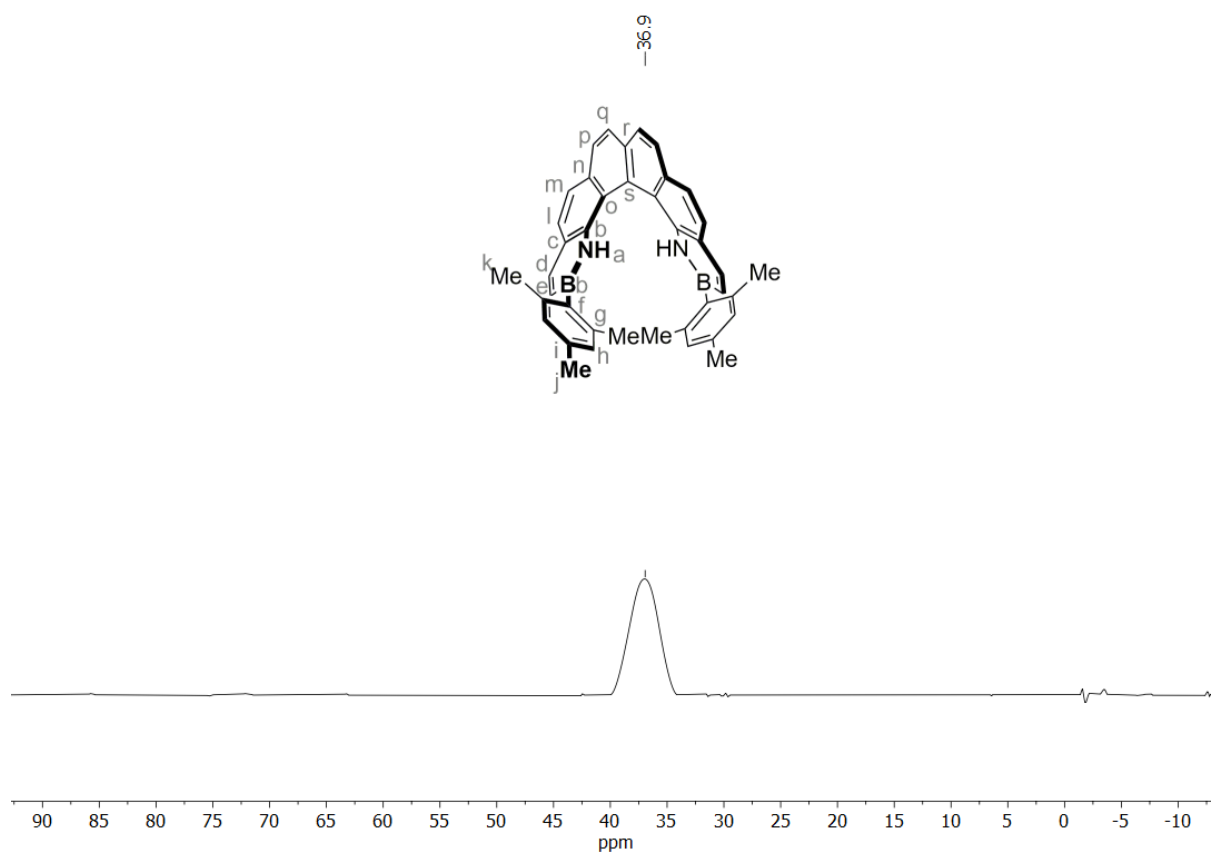
^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3)

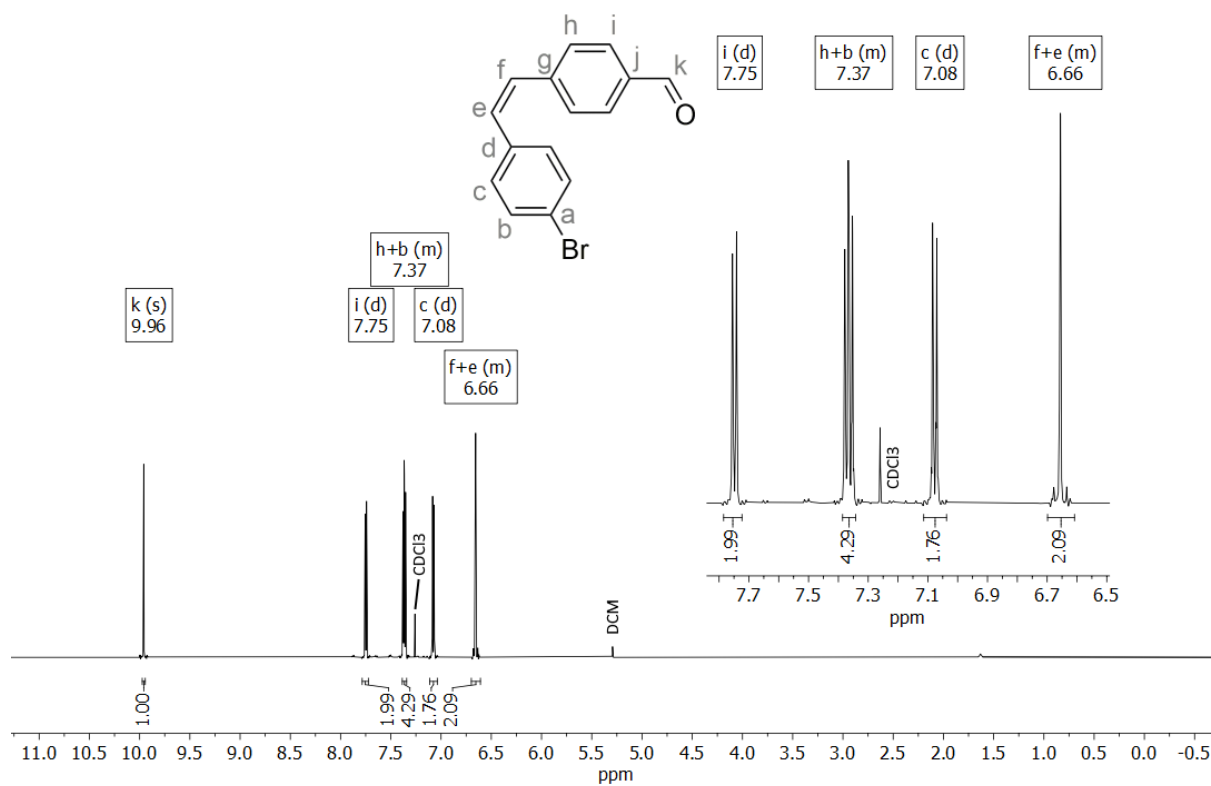


$^1\text{H}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (193 MHz, CDCl_3)

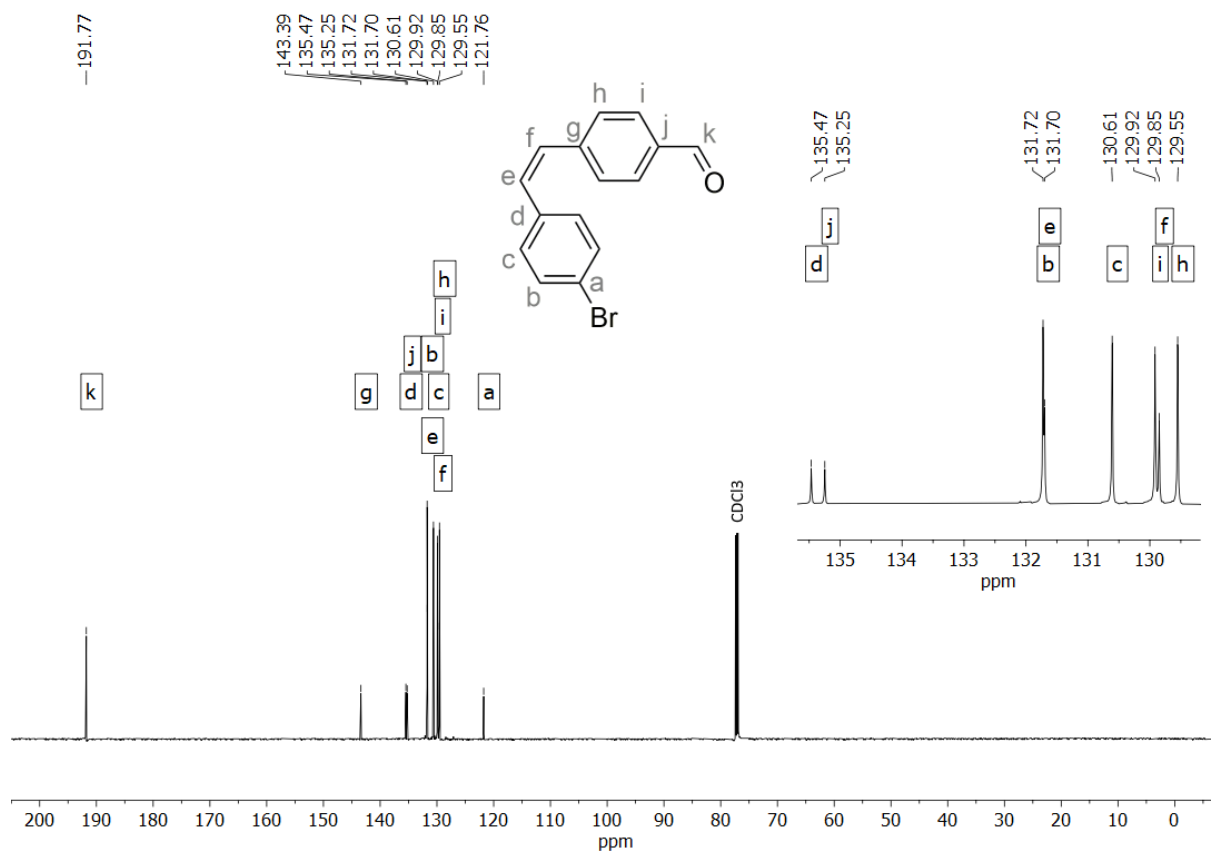


6.14. (Z)-4-Bromo-4'-formylstilbene (18)

¹H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl₃)

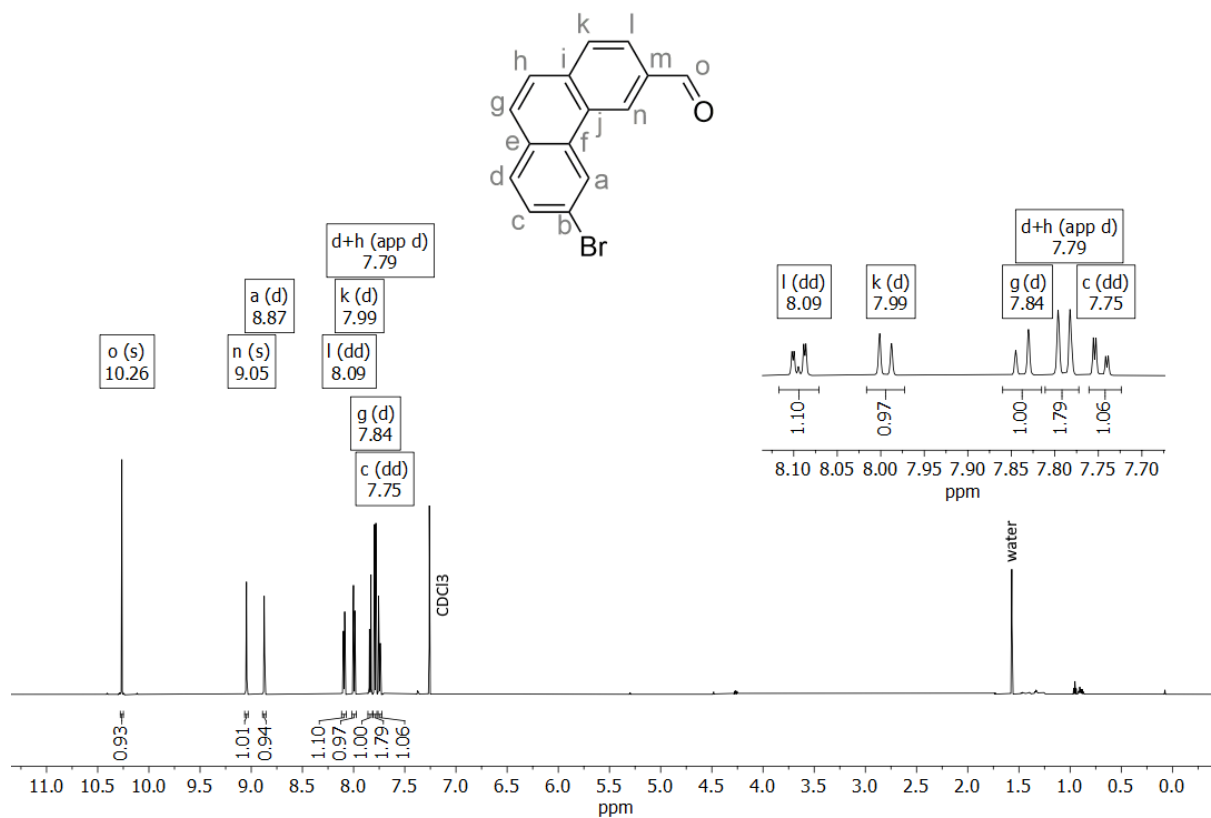


¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃)

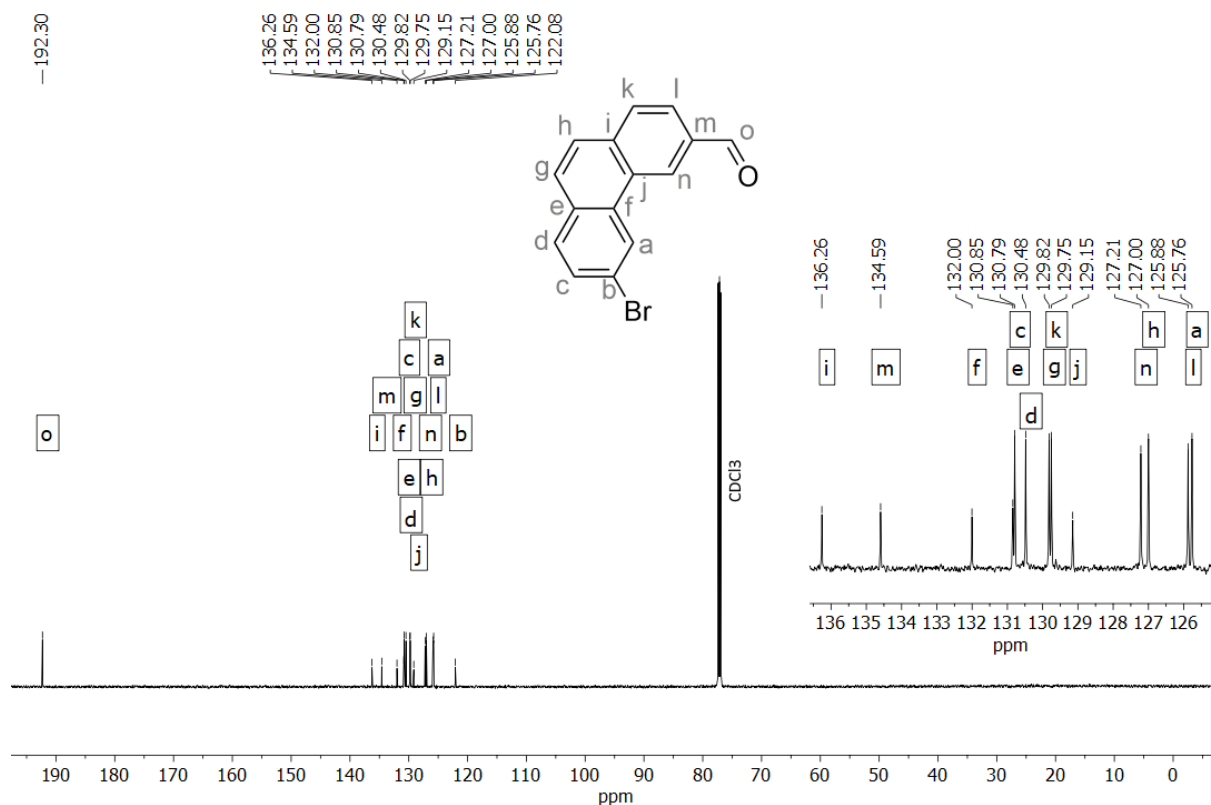


6.15. 6-Bromo-3-formylphenanthrene (19)

^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3)

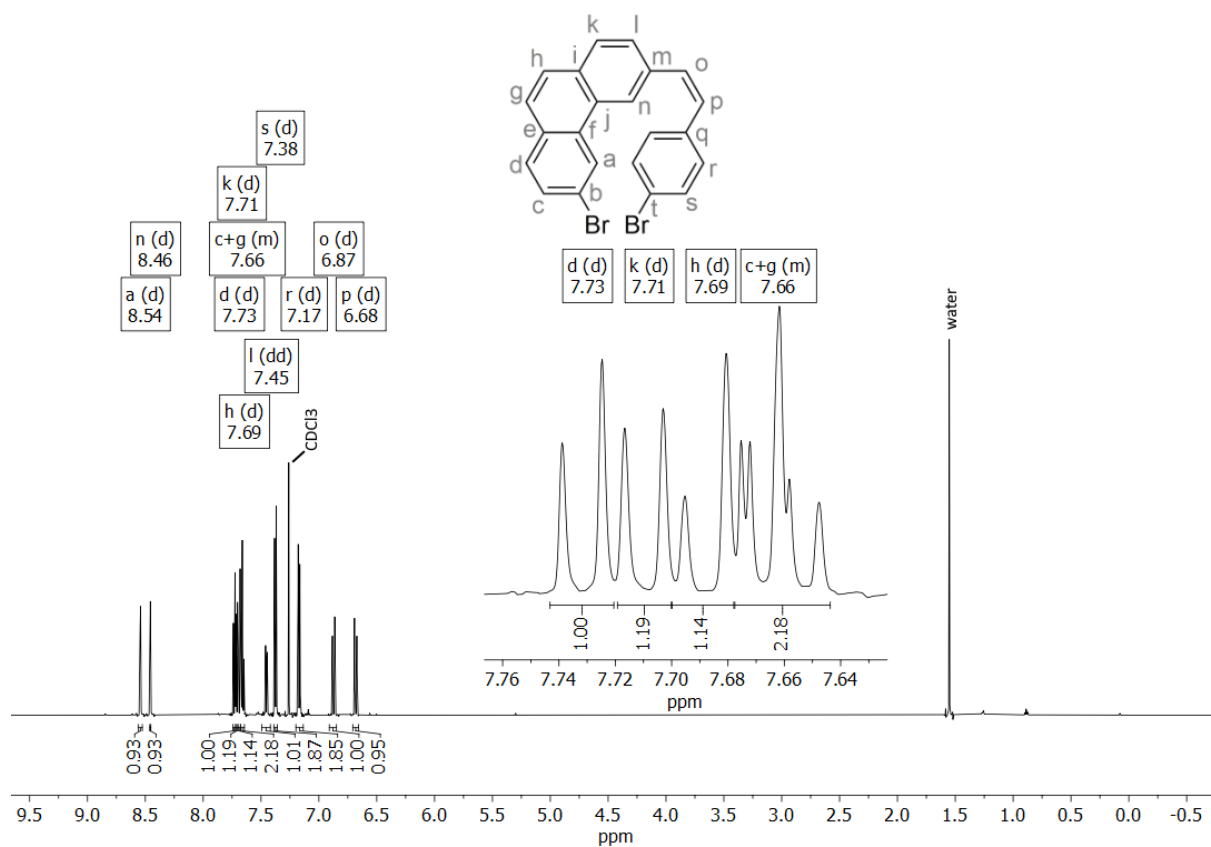


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3)

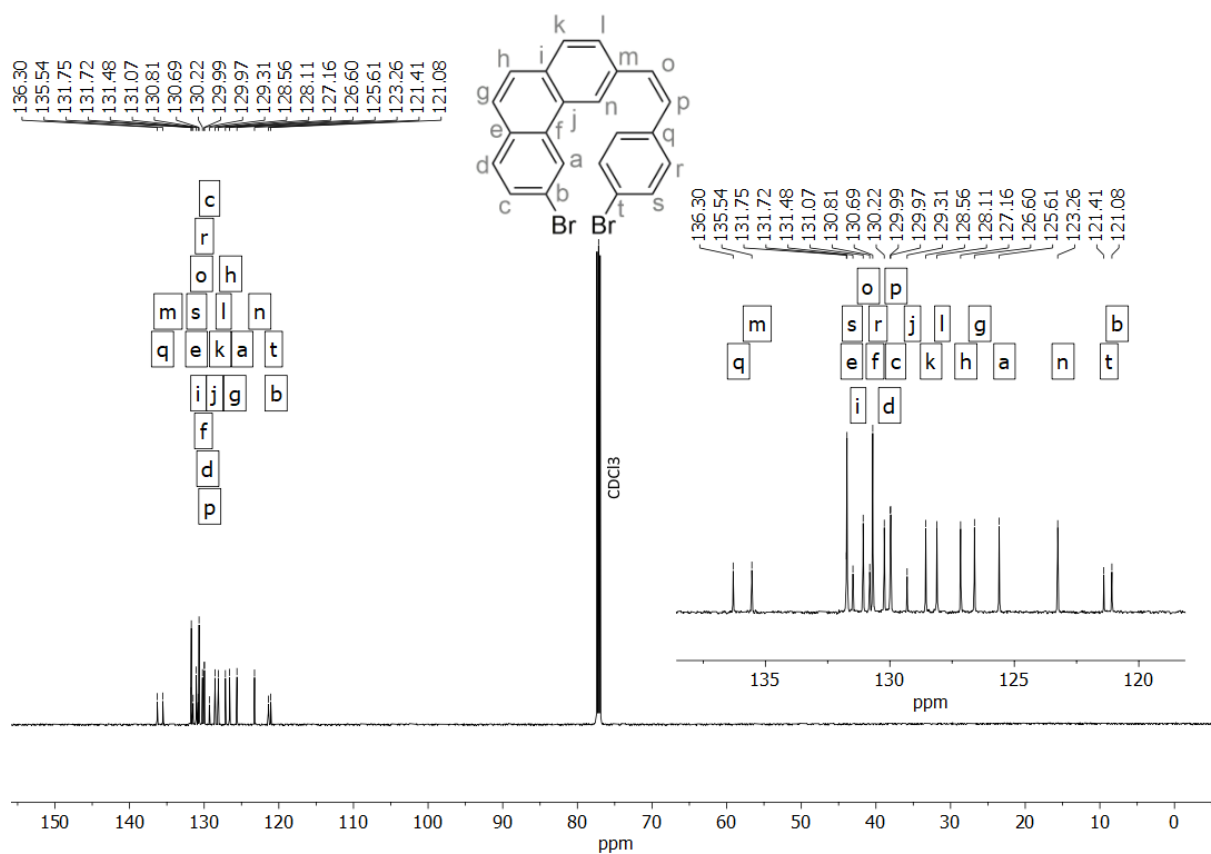


6.16. (Z)-6-Bromo-3-(2-(4-bromophenyl)ethenyl)phenanthrene (10)

¹H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl₃)

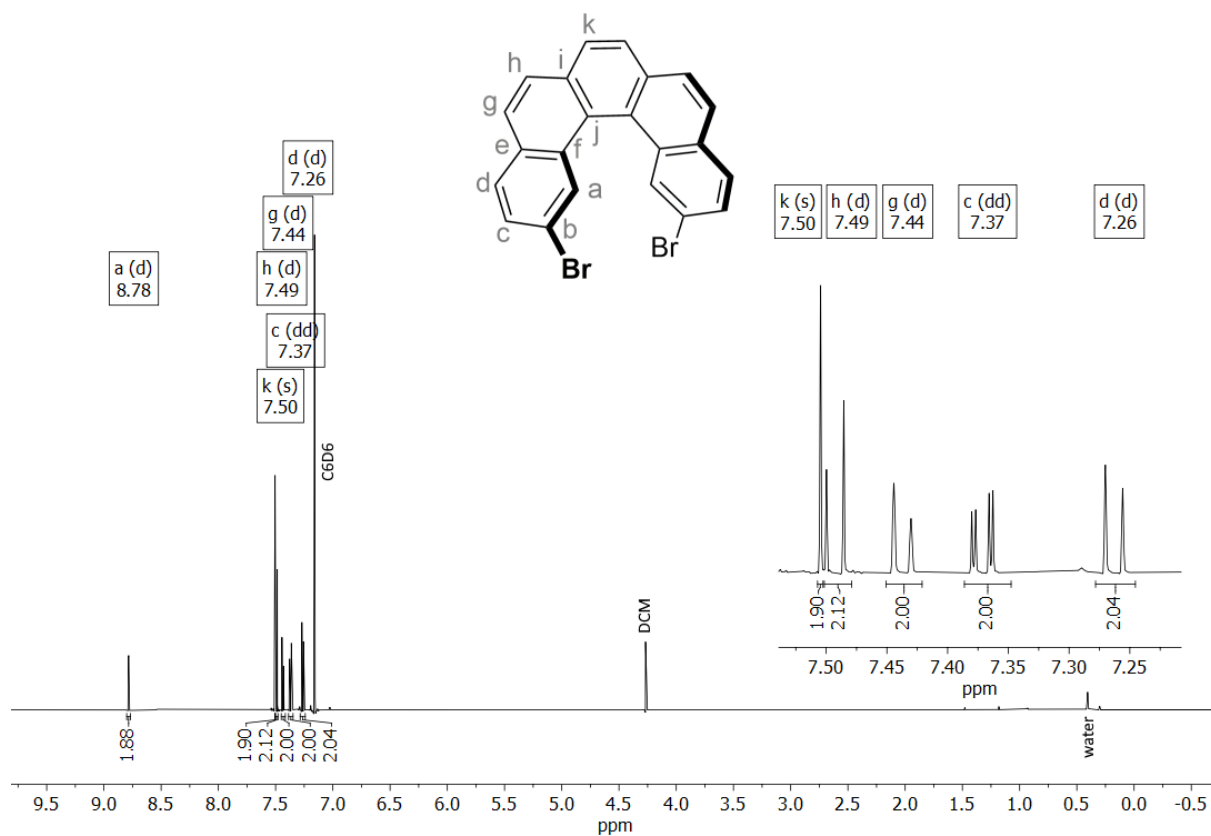


¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃)

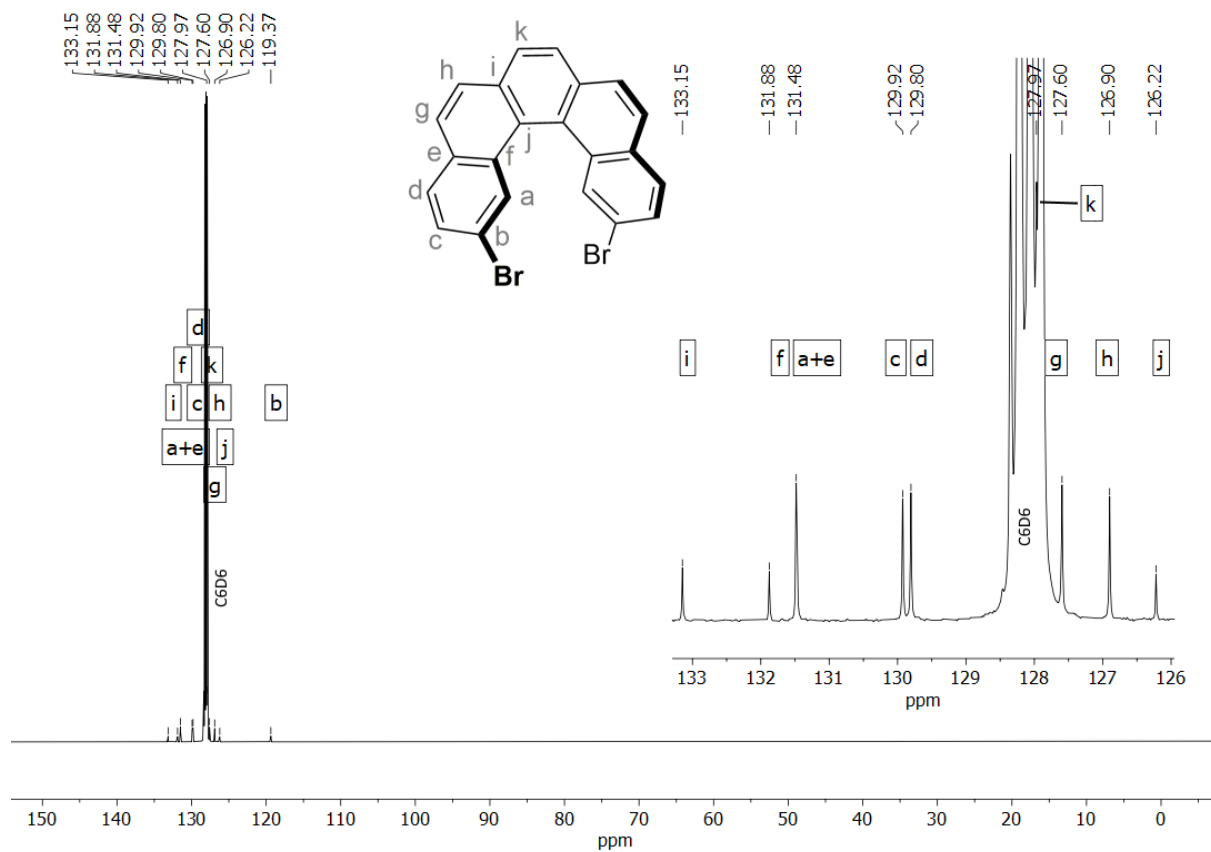


6.17. 2,13-Dibromopentahelicene (12)

^1H NMR (601 MHz, C_6D_6)

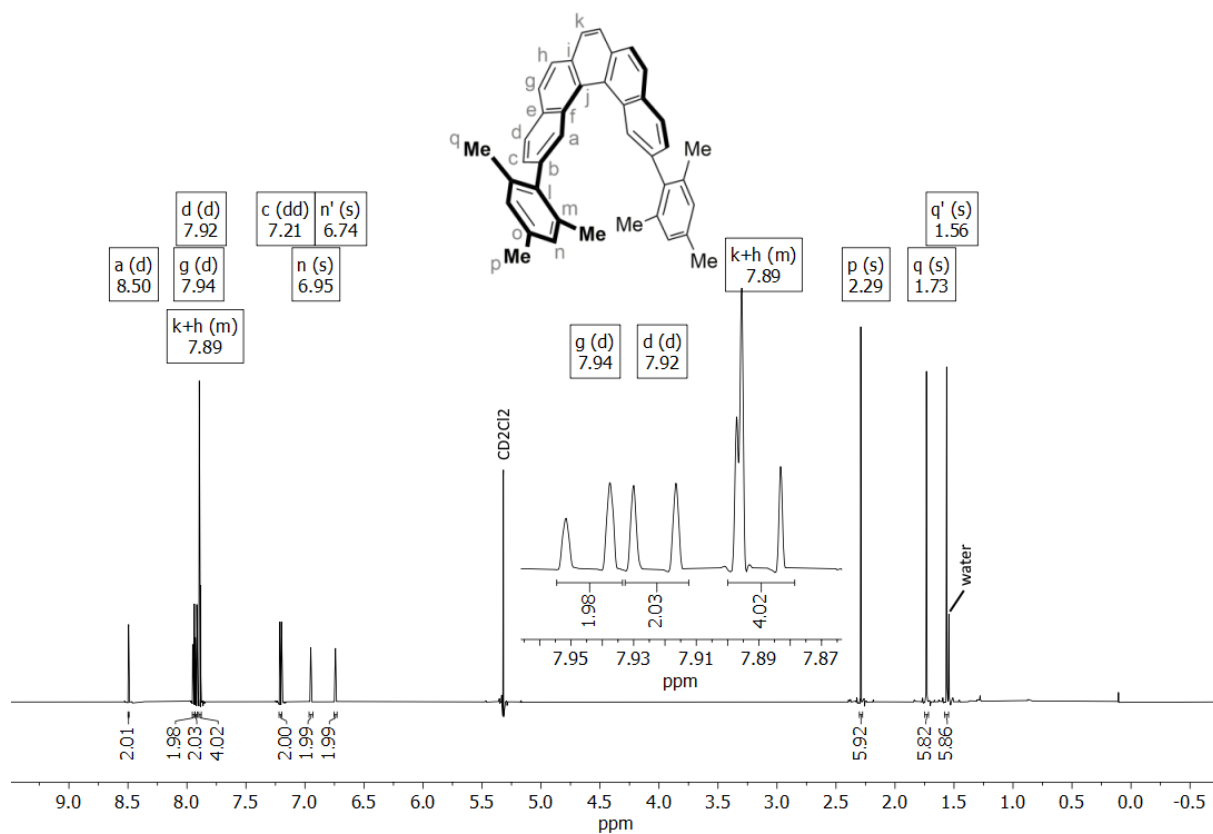


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, C_6D_6)

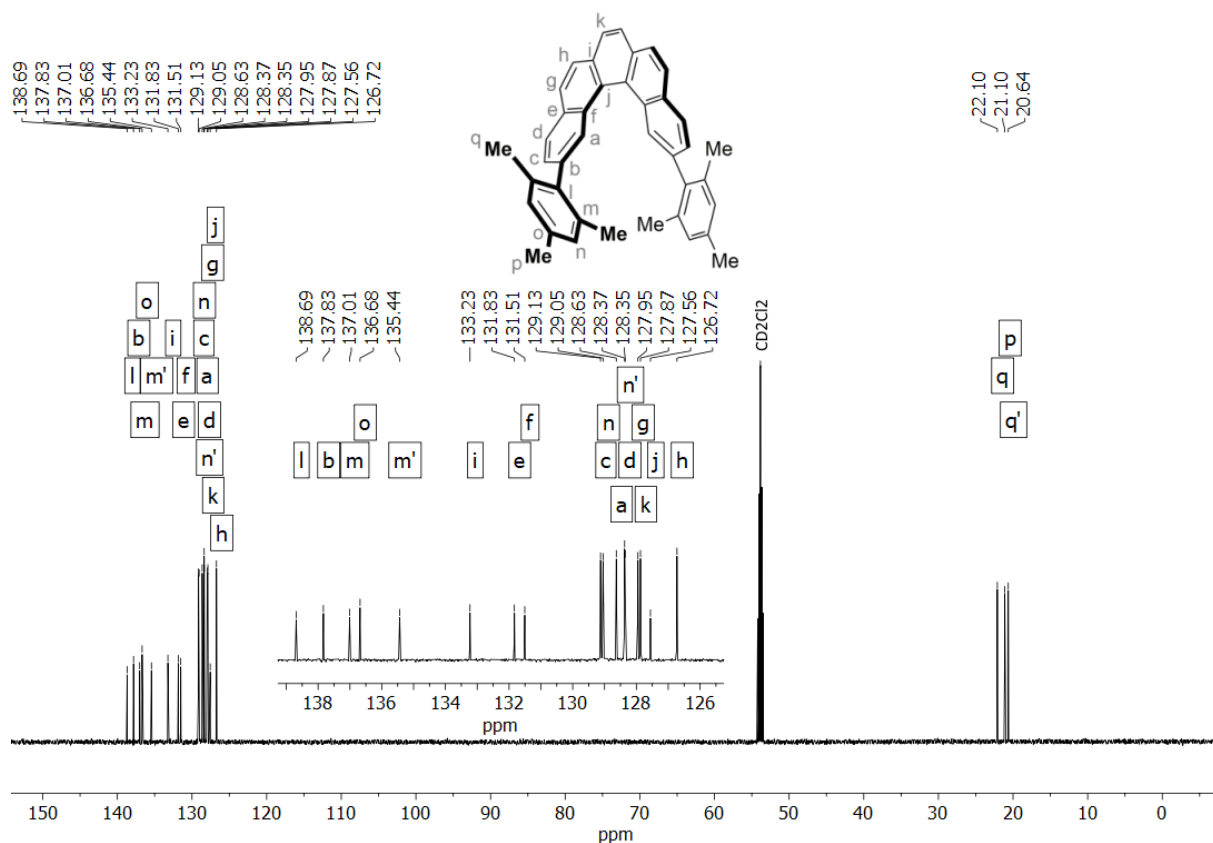


6.18. 2,13-Dimesitylpentahelicene (CC[5])

^1H NMR (601 MHz, CD_2Cl_2)

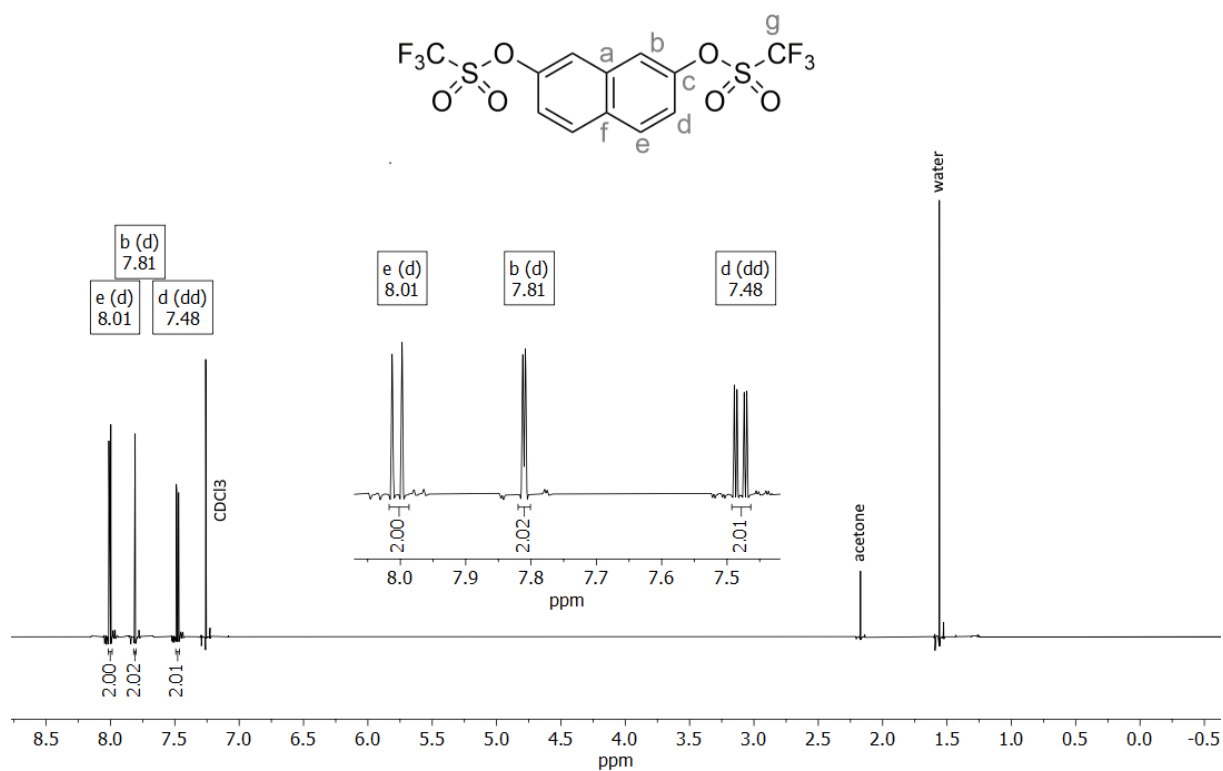


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CD_2Cl_2)

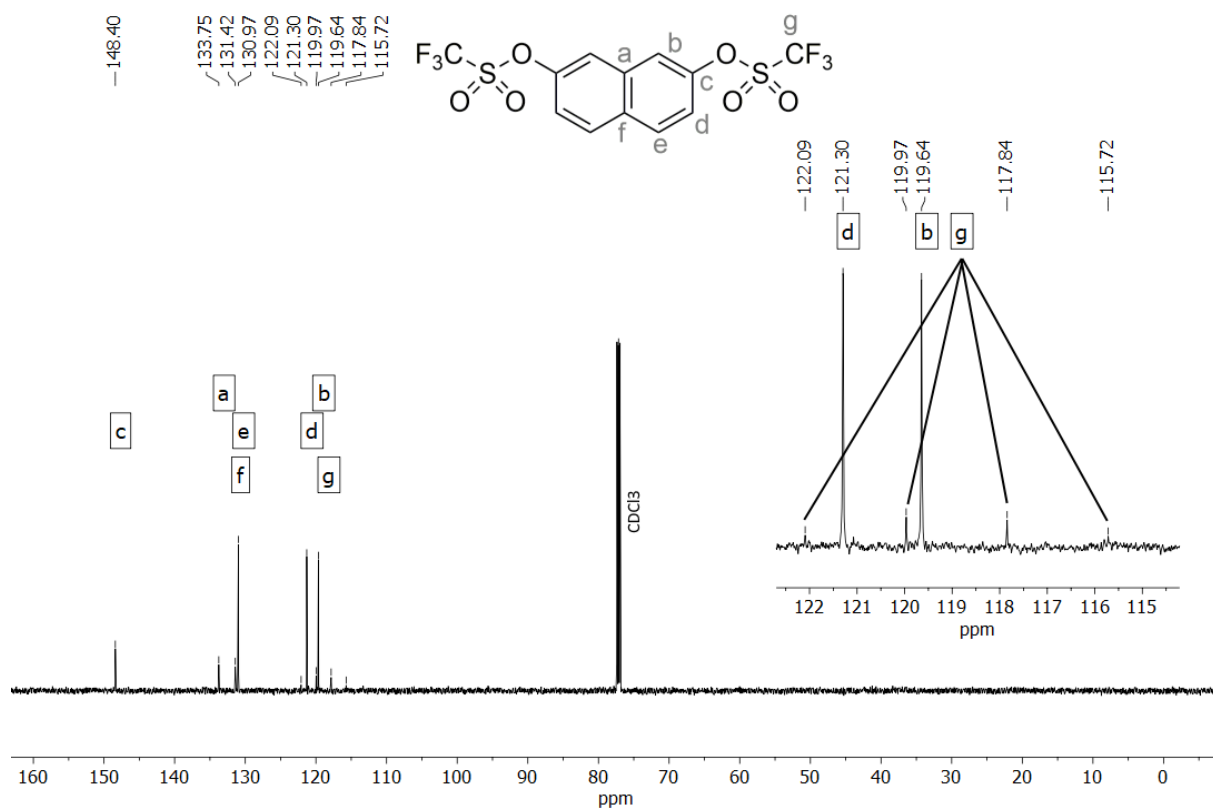


6.19. 2,7-bis(Trifluoromethylsulfonyl)naphthalene (20)

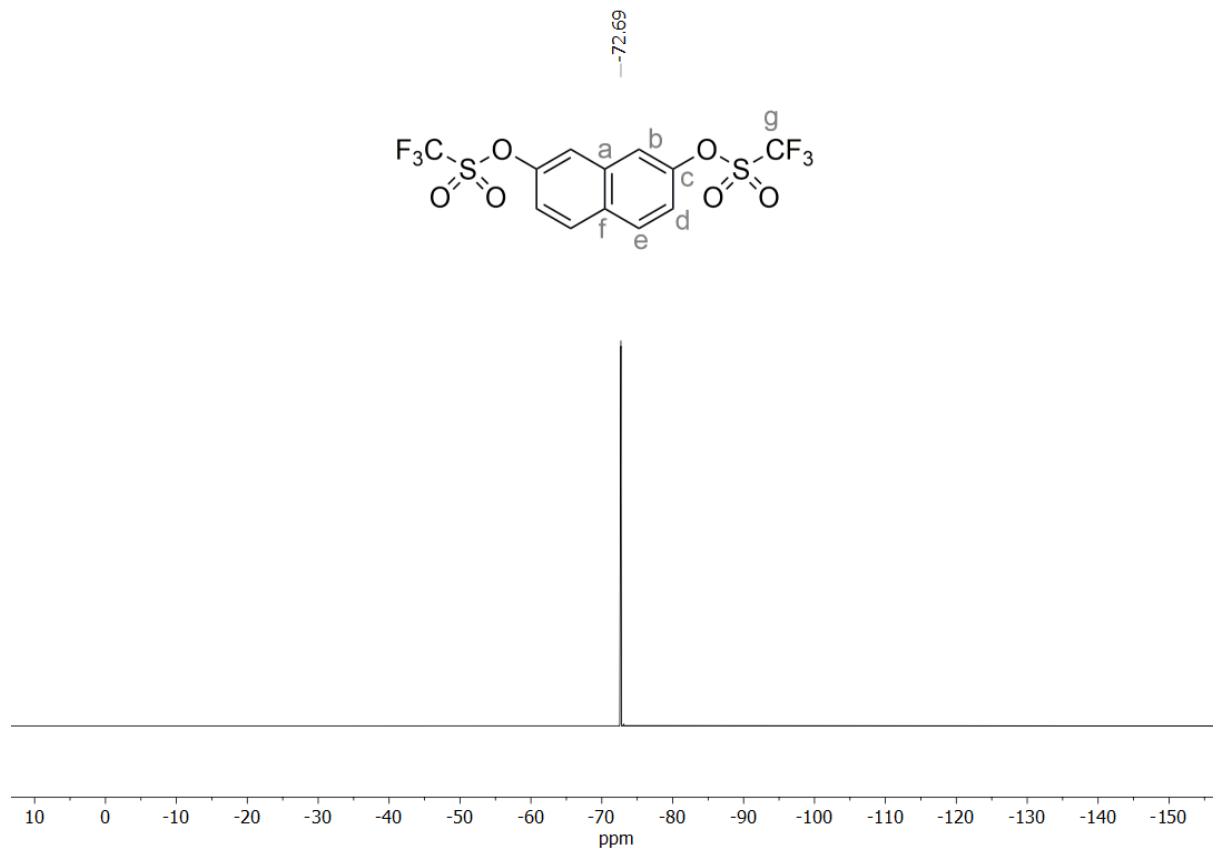
^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3)

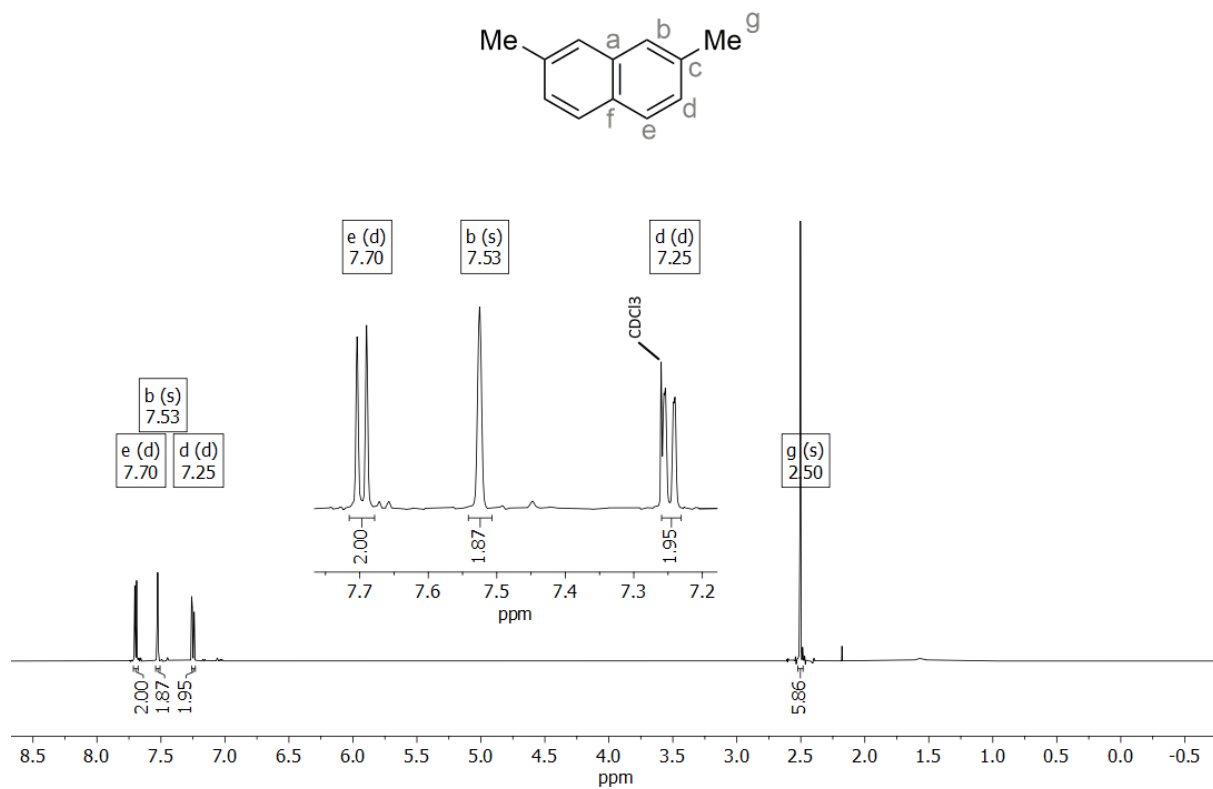


^{19}F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl_3)

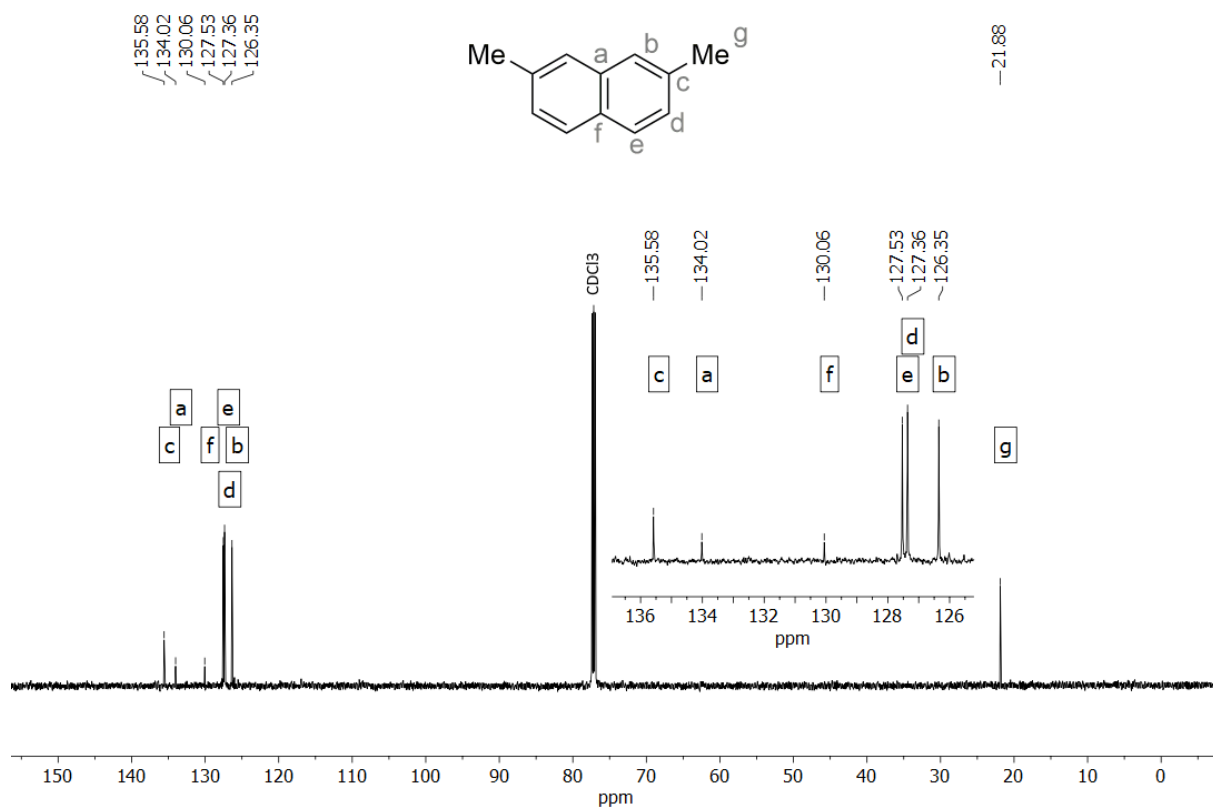


6.20. 2,7-Dimethylnaphthalene (21)

^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3)

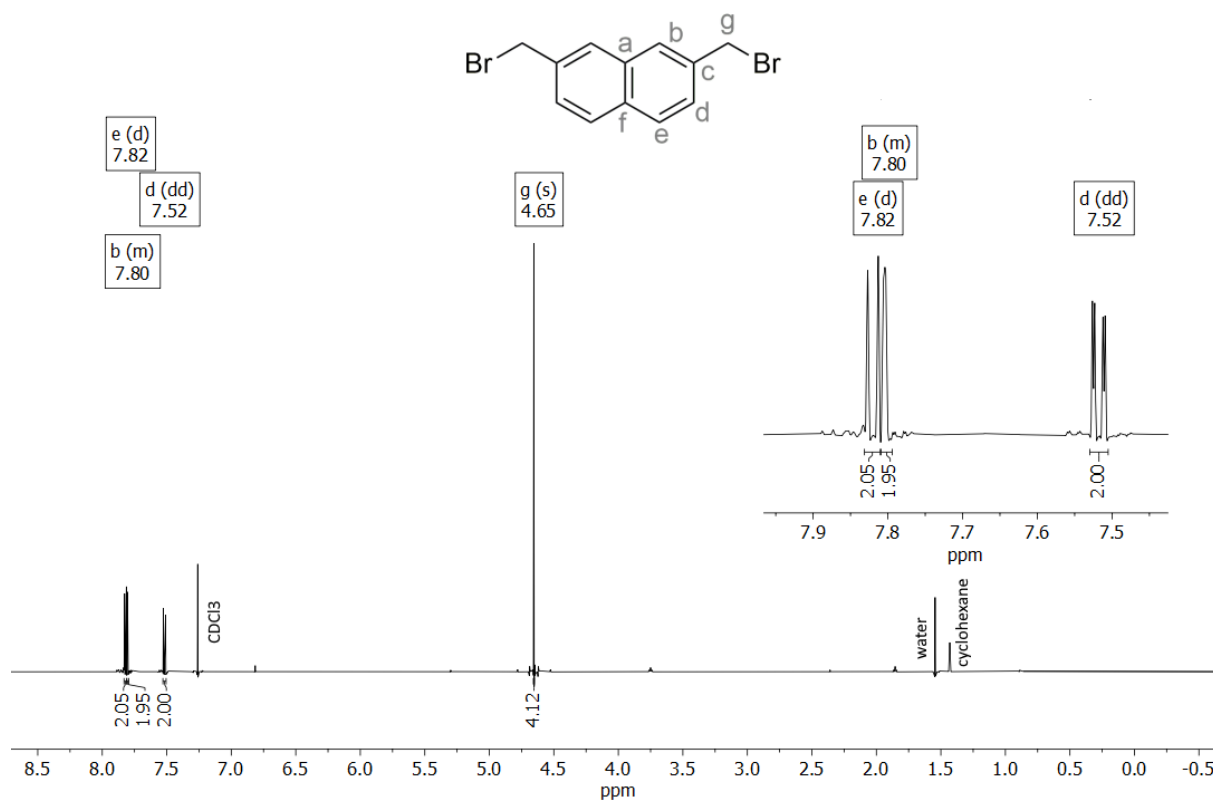


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3)

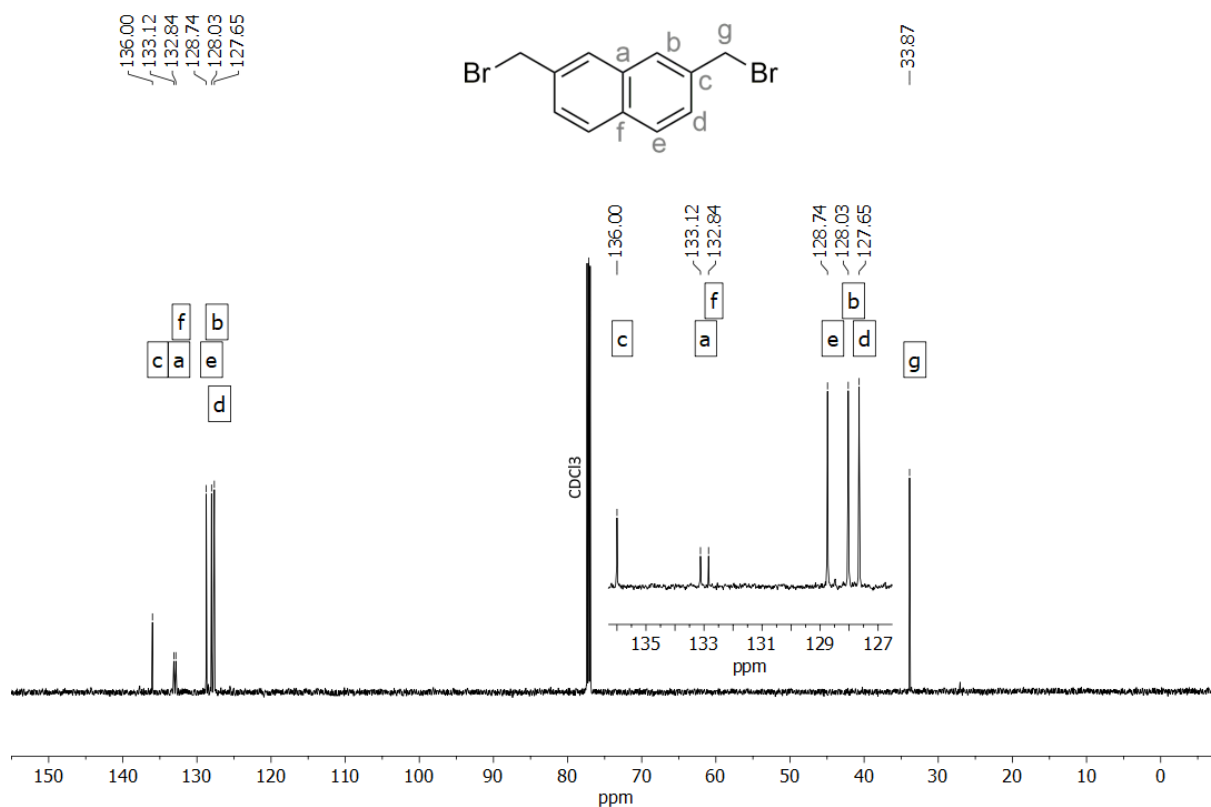


6.21. 2,7-bis(Bromomethyl)naphthalene (22)

^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3)

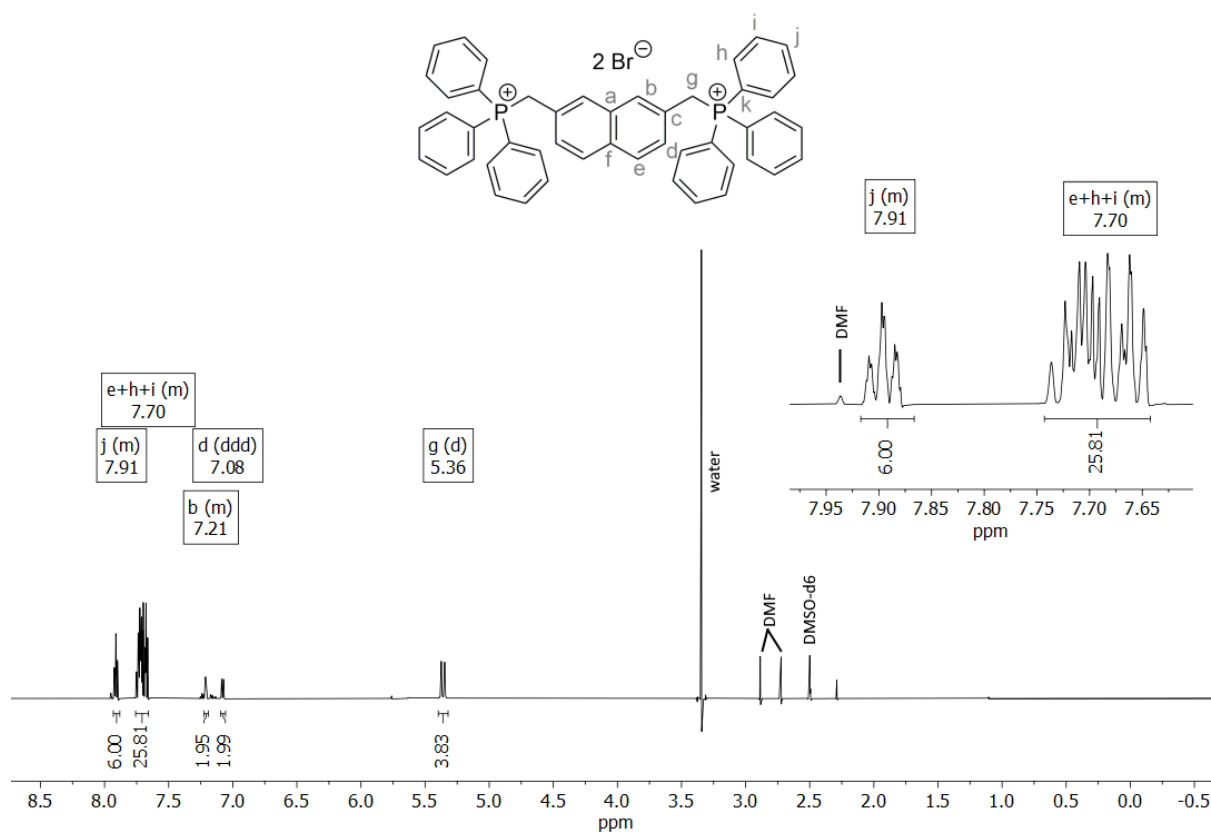


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3)

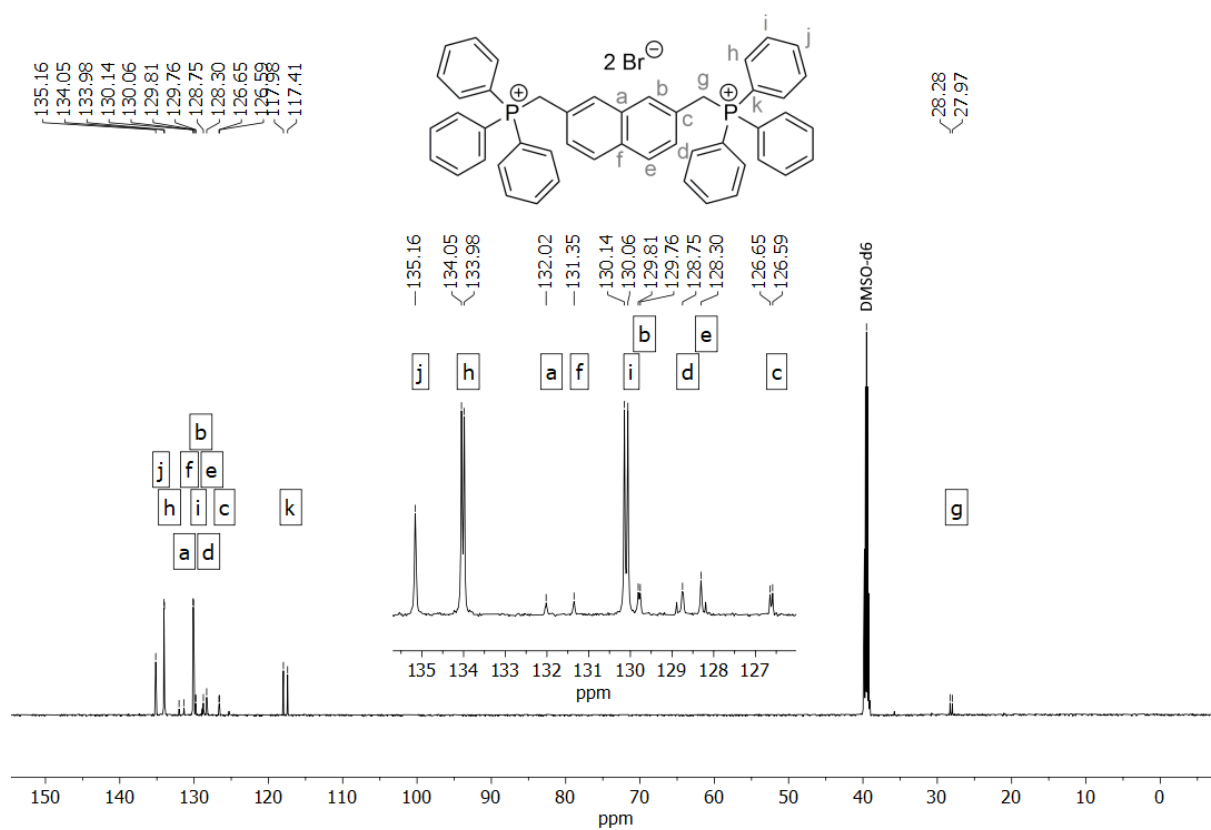


6.22. Naphthalene-2,7-bis(methylenetriphenylphosphonium) dibromide (23)

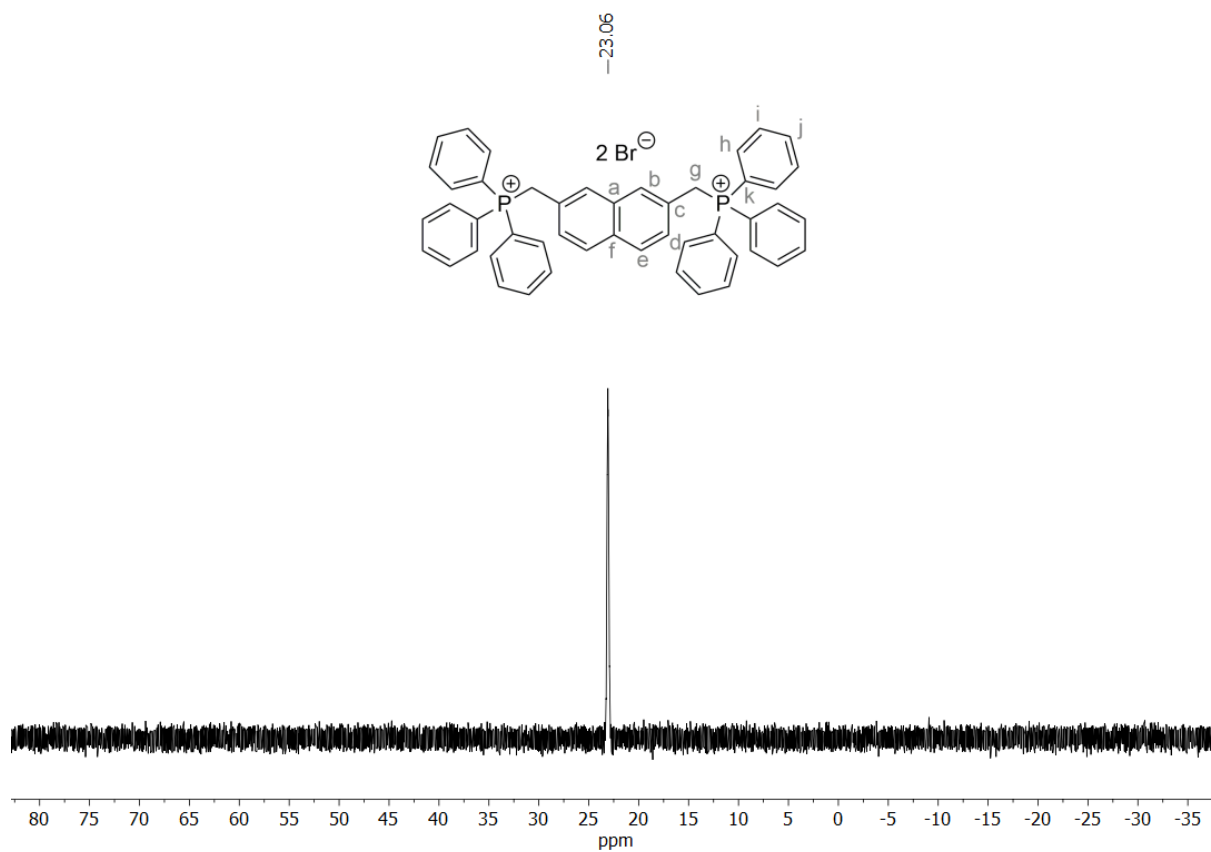
^1H NMR (601 MHz, $\text{DMSO}-d_6$)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$)

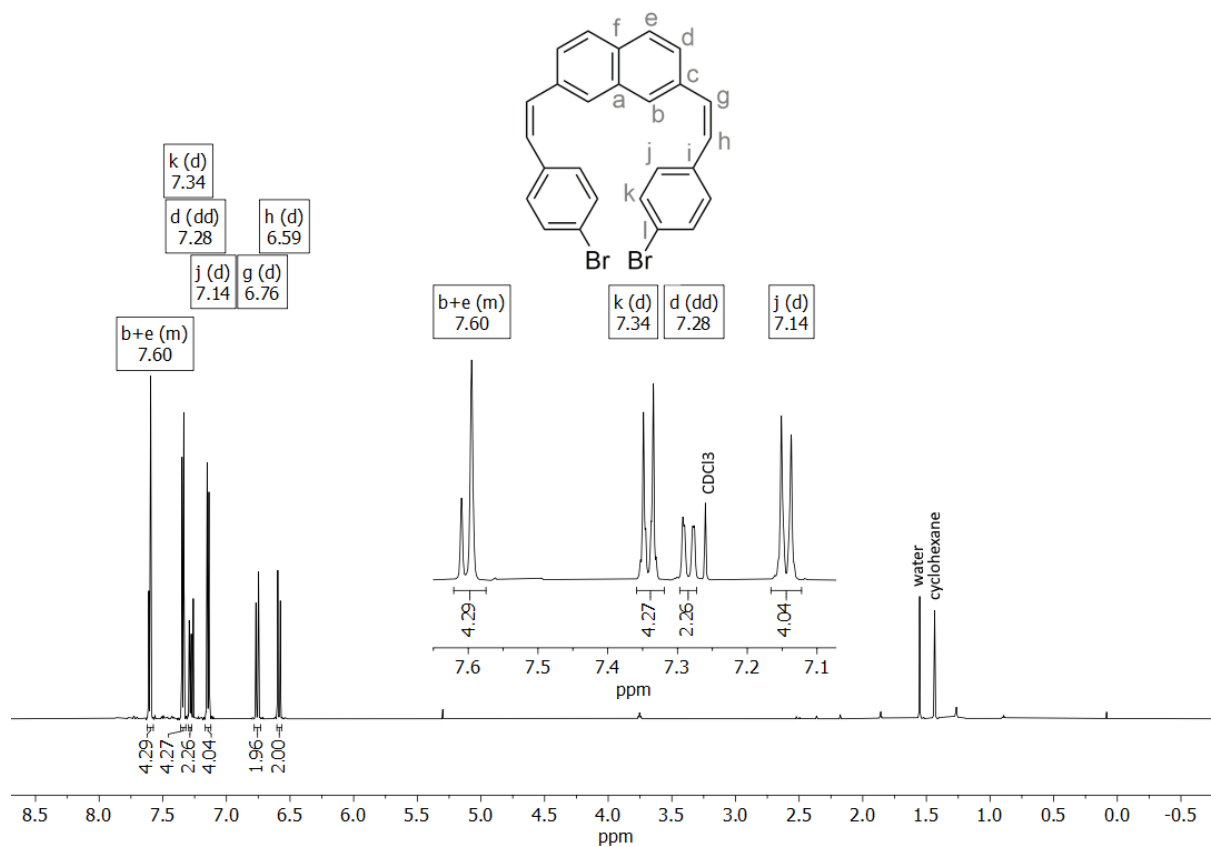


$^{31}\text{P}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (243 MHz, $\text{DMSO-}d_6$)

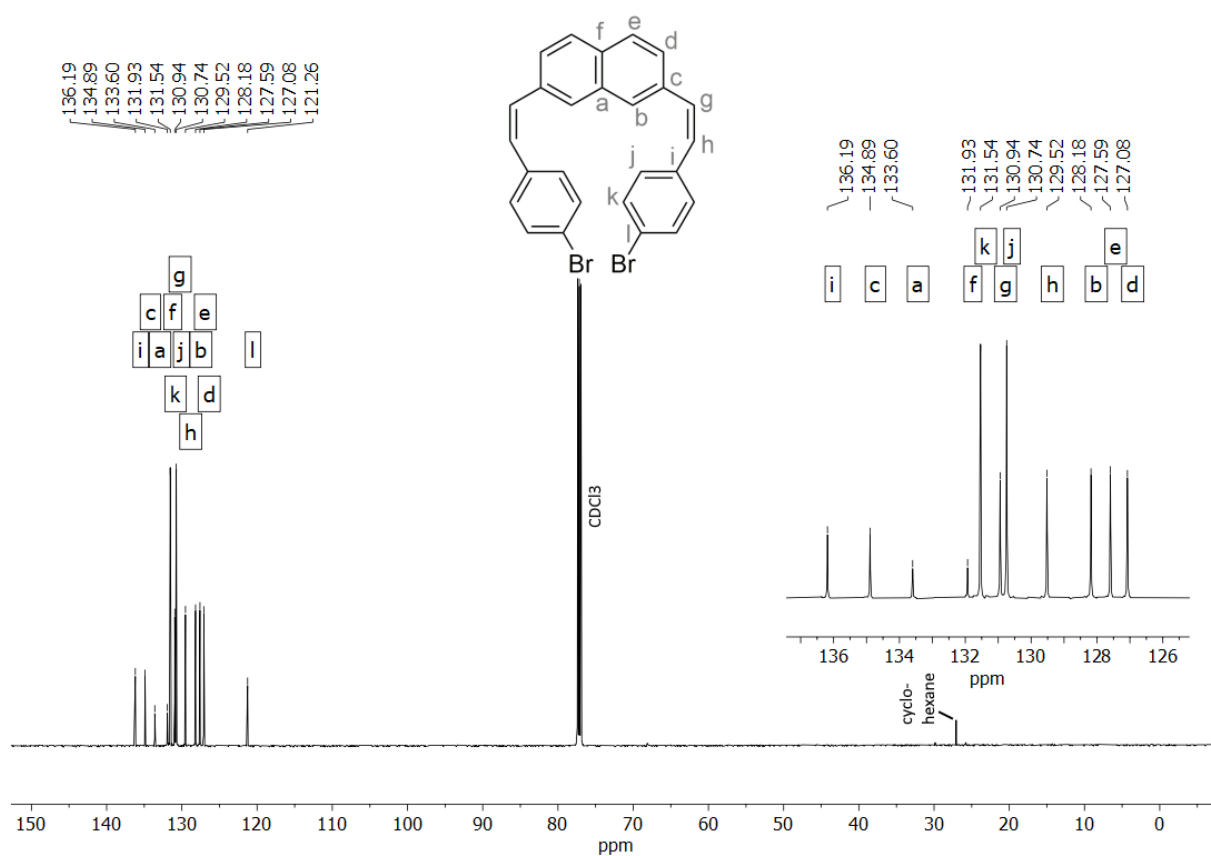


6.23. (Z,Z)-2,7-bis(2-(4-Bromophenyl)ethenyl)naphthalene (11)

¹H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl₃)

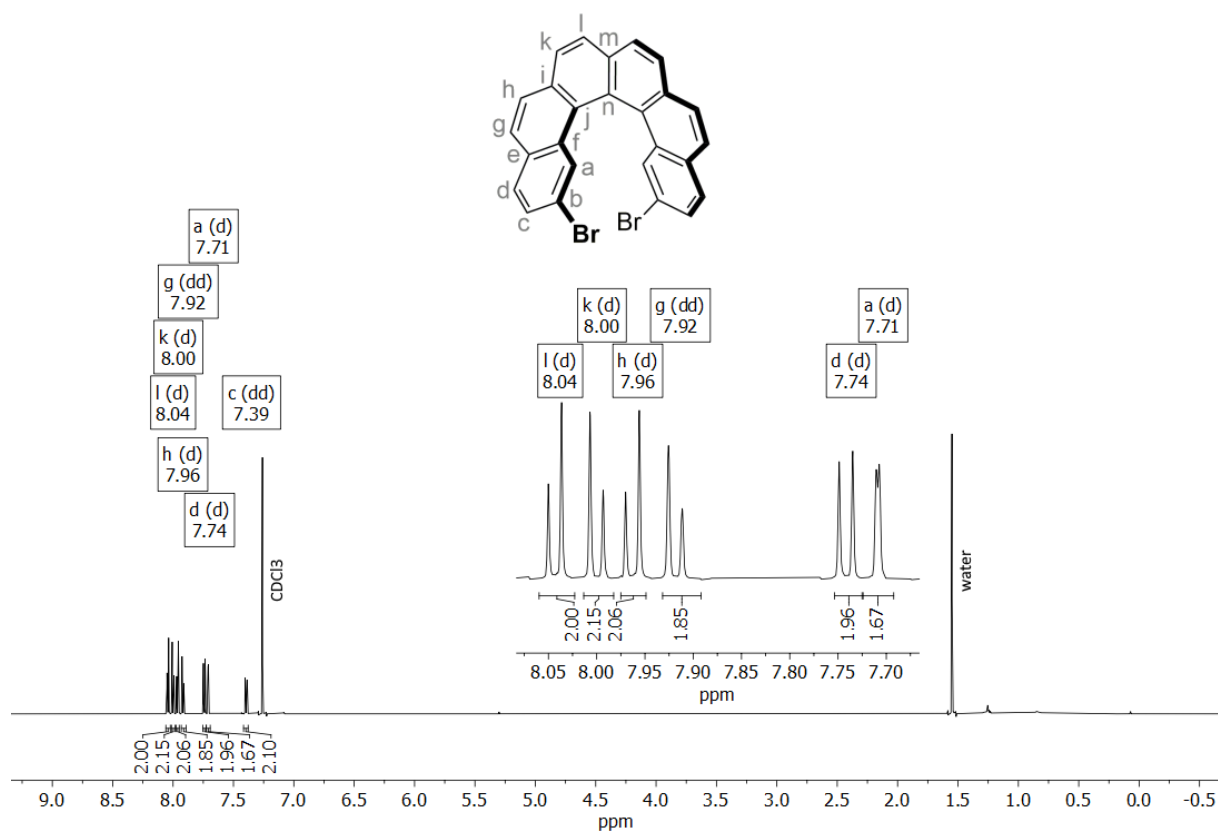


¹³C{¹H} NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃)

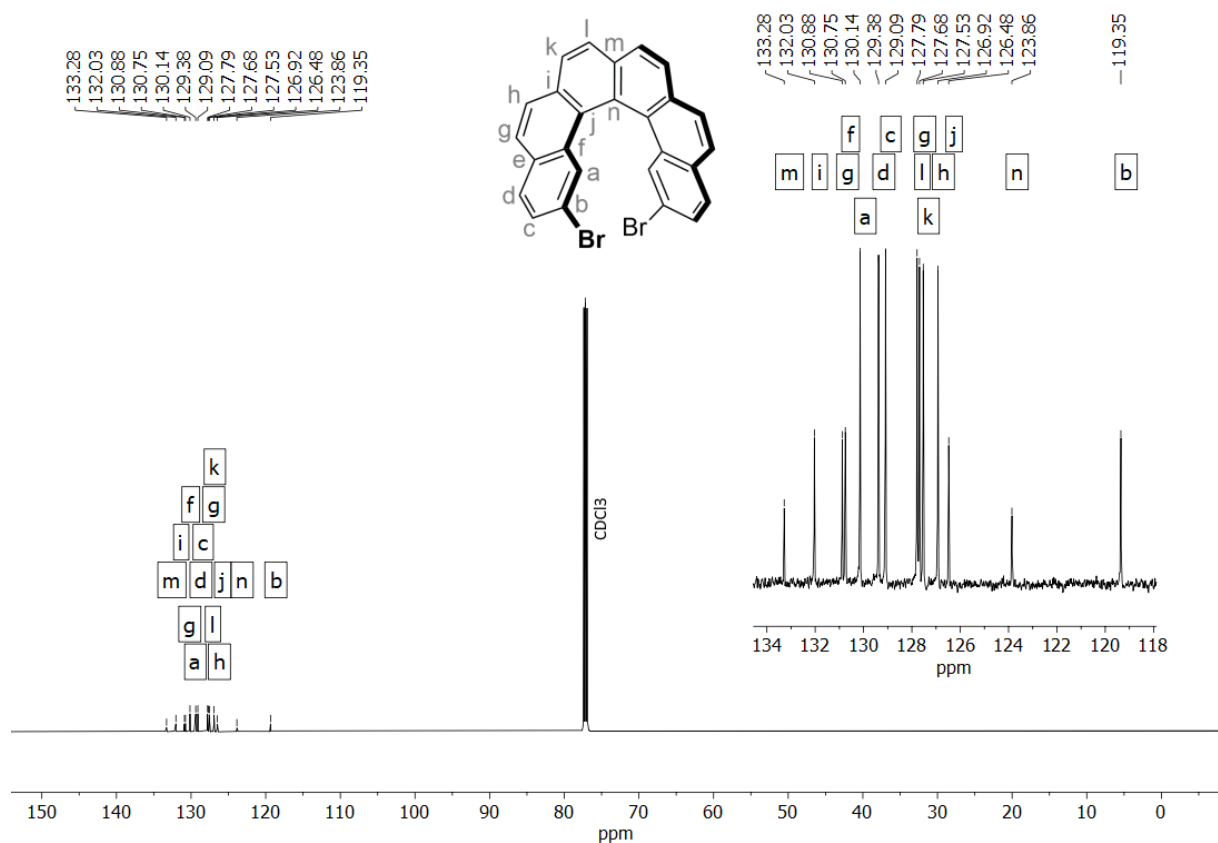


6.24. 2,15-Dibromohexahelicene (13)

^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3)

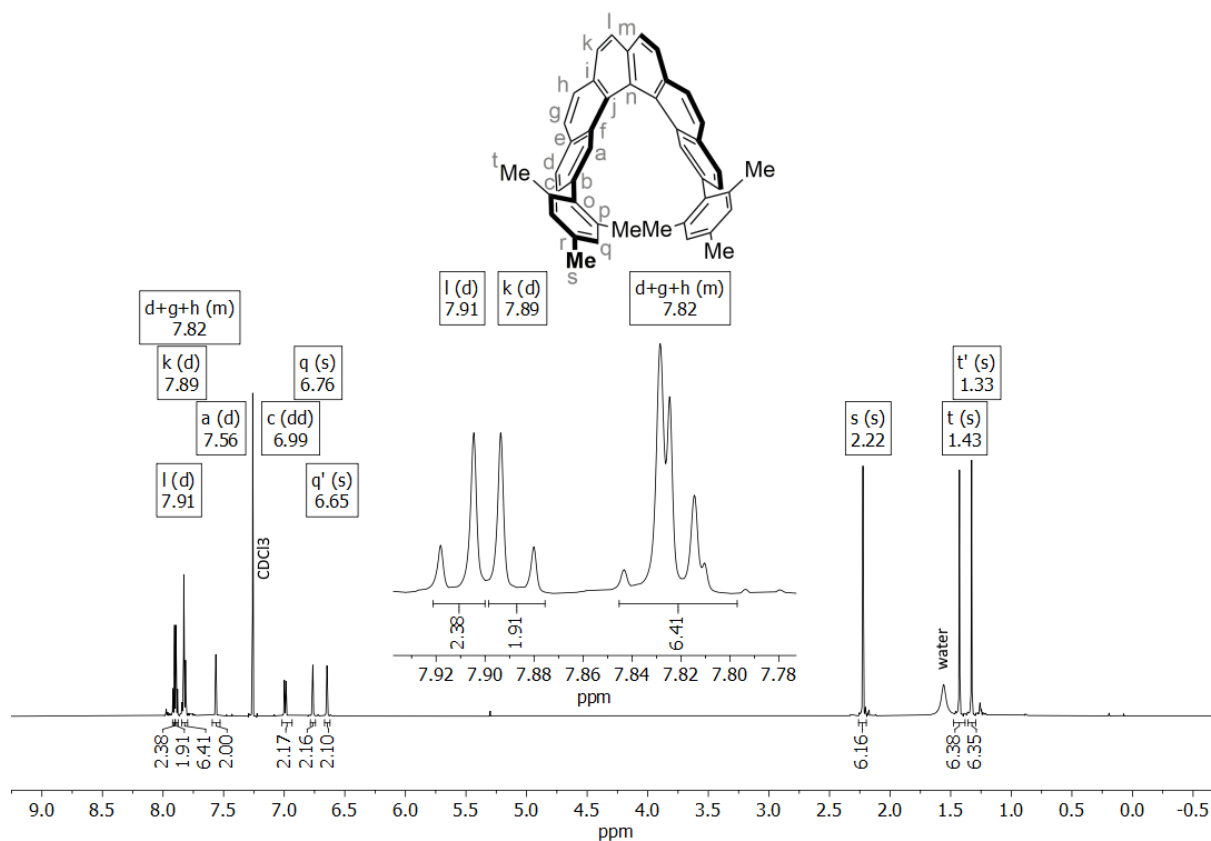


$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3)

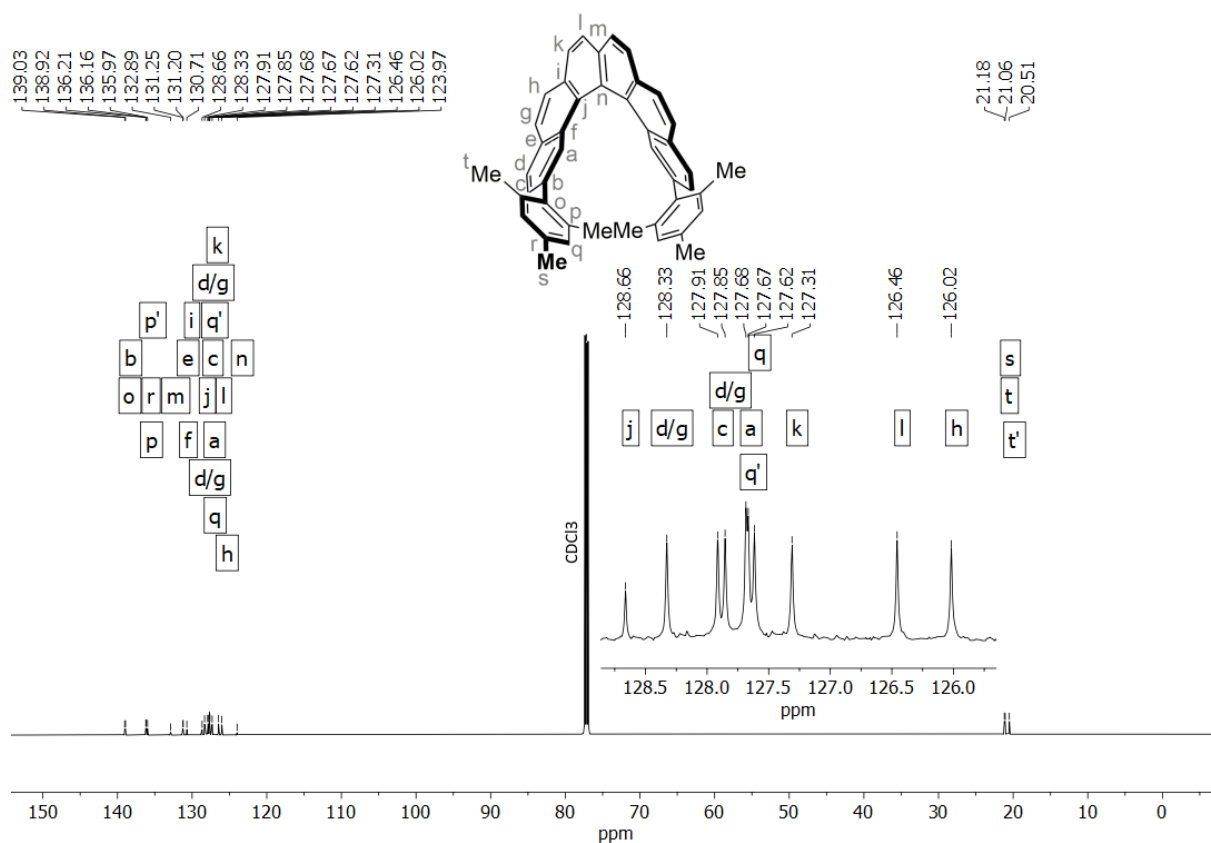


6.25. 2,15-Dimesitylhexahelicene (CC[6])

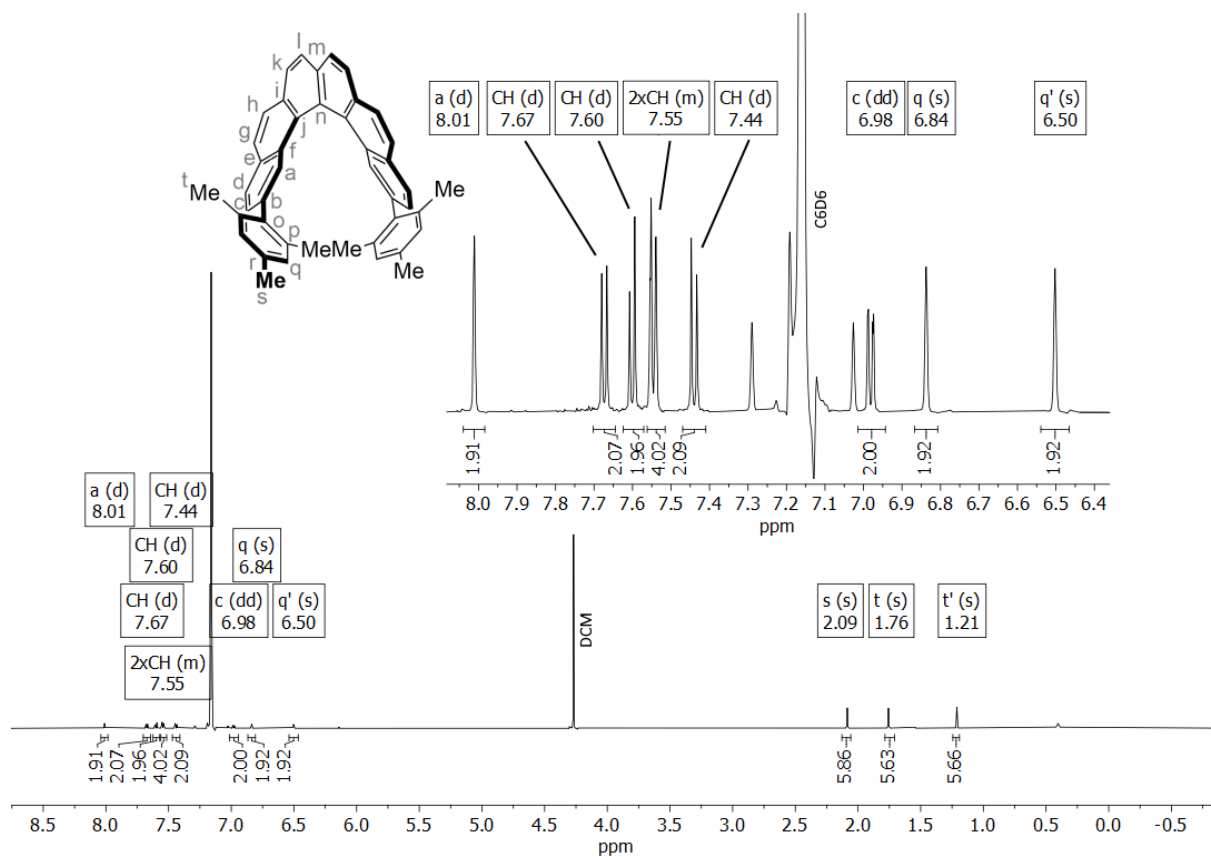
^1H NMR (601 MHz, CDCl_3)



$^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3)



^1H NMR (601 MHz, C_6D_6 + trace of DCM). This solvent mixture allowed the best separation of the proton signals and sufficient solubility of the compound for ^1H NMR spectroscopy at the same time. The $^{13}\text{C}\{^1\text{H}\}$ NMR spectrum is not depicted due to the large overlap of the residual solvent signal of C_6D_6 and the signals of the compound.



6.26. Temperature-Dependent ^1H NMR Measurements

Temperature-dependent ^1H NMR spectra of the investigated helicenes were measured in chloroform- d_1 (BN-helicenes, Fig. S28) or tetrachloroethane- d_2 (carbohelicenes, Fig. S29) to analyze the rotation of the mesityl-units around the Mes-helicene single bonds.

At 24 $^\circ\text{C}$, both heterohelicenes showed one singlet for all aromatic protons and all *ortho*-methyl groups of the mesityl-substituents, respectively. Upon cooling to -30 $^\circ\text{C}$ (maximum cooling temperature of the probe head), the spectrum of **BN[5]** was nearly unchanged besides a small upfield shift of the *NH* resonance. The aromatic region of the ^1H NMR spectrum of **BN[6]** remained identical upon cooling, yet a broadening of the singlet that represents the *ortho*-methyl groups of the mesityl-substituents was found.

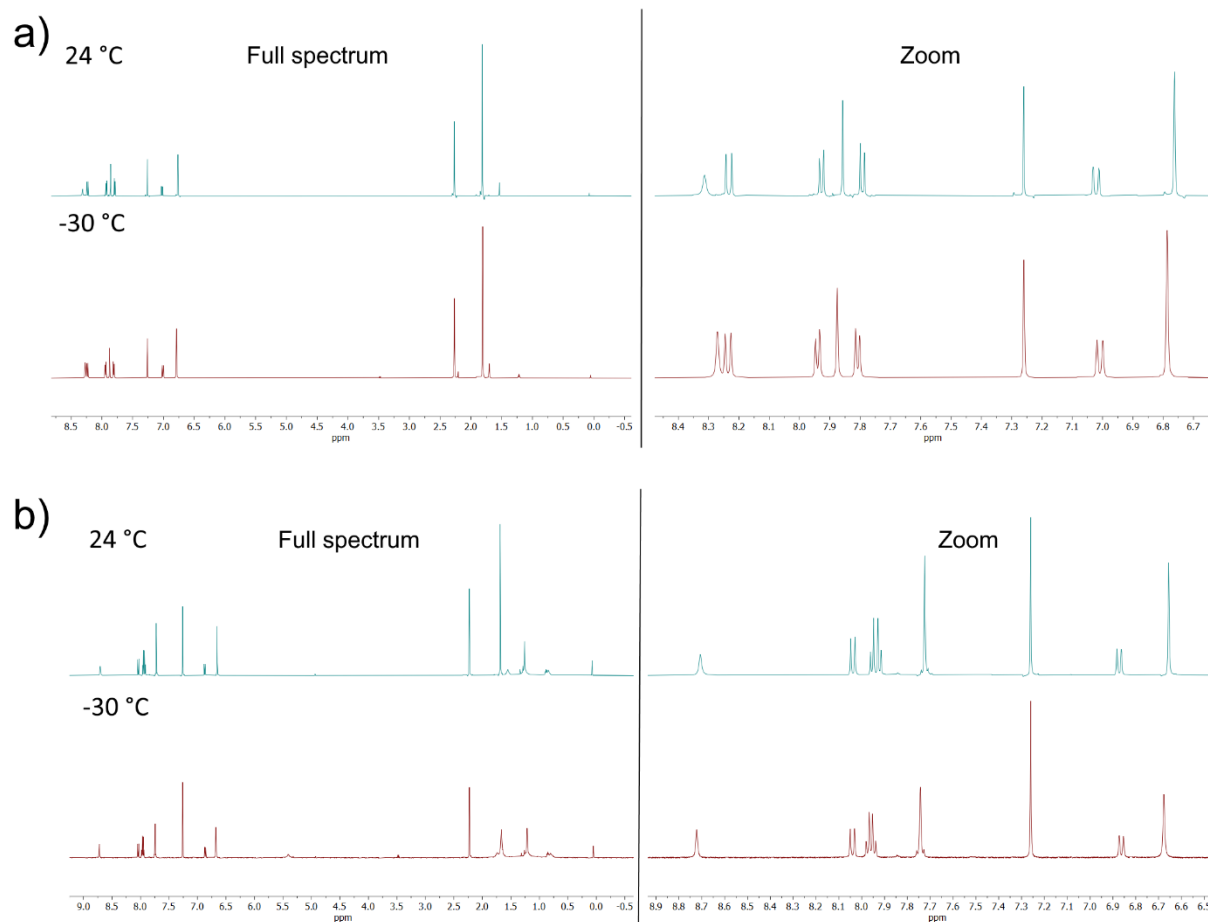


Fig. S28. Temperature-dependent ^1H NMR spectra of **BN[5]** (a) and **BN[6]** (b).

In contrast, both carbohelicenes showed two clearly separated proton signals for each aromatic proton and each *ortho*-methyl group of the mesityl-substituent at 24 °C. Coalescence does not occur for both **CC[5]** and **CC[6]** up to 80 °C (maximum heating temperature of the probe head), however, the signals of **CC[5]** clearly broadened and almost coalesced. The signals of **CC[6]** were only slightly broadened at 80 °C, which hints at a comparatively higher coalescence temperature.

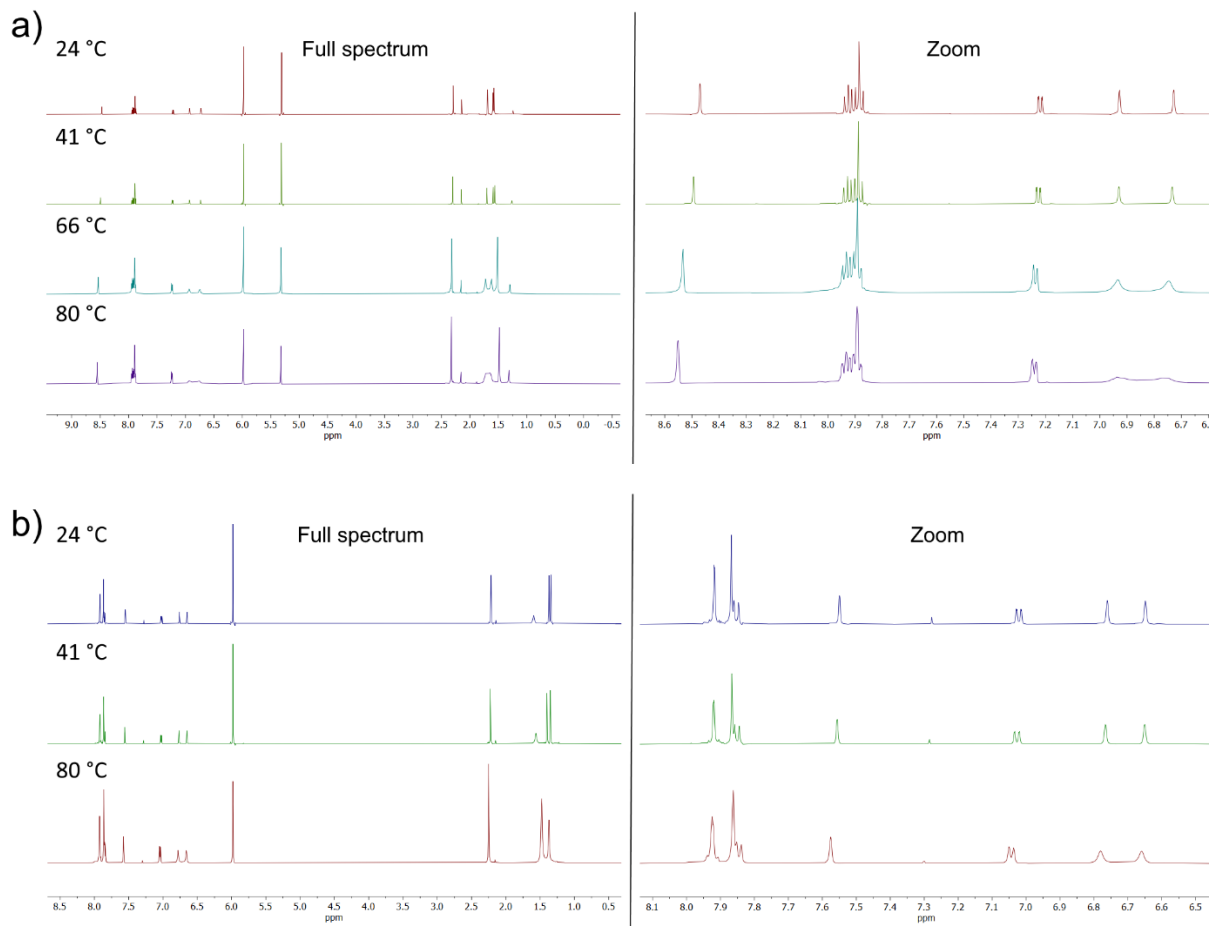


Fig. S29. Temperature-dependent ¹H NMR spectra of **CC[5]** (a) and **CC[6]** (b).

7. Calculations

7.1. Structure Optimizations

All calculations were run with Q-Chem 5.4 / 6.0²⁰ or Gaussian 09, Rev. B.01.²¹ The structures were pre-optimized using a universal force field method (UFF).²² Geometry optimizations of the ground states (S_0) and the first electronically excited singlet states (S_1) were carried out with Density Functional Theory (DFT)^{23,24} at the B3LYP²⁵⁻²⁷ / cc-pVDZ²⁸ level of theory. The absence of imaginary frequencies confirmed that the obtained geometries were indeed energetic minima. The coordinates of the optimized structures are denoted in Table S49 – Table S53.

Table S49. Coordinates of the optimized structure of **BN[5]** (atom / x,y,z coordinates [Å]).

S_0 of BN[5]				S_1 of BN[5]			
C	0.08446200	1.41721800	4.24576400	C	0.00515300	1.42591700	4.27260600
C	0.16284900	0.71313400	3.00484000	C	0.13694100	0.72436000	3.01500200
C	-0.16284900	-0.71313400	3.00484000	C	-0.13694100	-0.72436000	3.01500200
C	-0.08446200	-1.41721800	4.24576400	C	-0.00515300	-1.42591700	4.27260600
C	0.01434400	-0.68167900	5.47094500	C	0.05276000	-0.70157400	5.47174800
C	-0.01434400	0.68167900	5.47094500	C	-0.05276000	0.70157400	5.47174800
C	0.68978900	1.44648400	1.87848100	C	0.68139900	1.44953000	1.92071500
C	0.81341700	2.86000900	1.93483600	C	0.77460600	2.89304500	1.96109100
C	0.49831500	3.53798000	3.14209500	C	0.39160000	3.56582100	3.15979600
C	0.19904400	2.83395800	4.28075700	C	0.05276000	2.86413500	4.28360100
C	-0.19904400	-2.83395800	4.28075700	C	-0.05276000	-2.86413500	4.28360100
C	-0.49831500	-3.53798000	3.14209500	C	-0.39160000	-3.56582100	3.15979600
C	-0.81341700	-2.86000900	1.93483600	C	-0.77460600	-2.89304500	1.96109100
C	-0.68978900	-1.44648400	1.87848100	C	-0.68139900	-1.44953000	1.92071500
N	1.18994000	0.80798900	0.75673500	N	1.18848900	0.82064200	0.79878000
B	1.82321300	1.43686600	-0.36946100	B	1.77038500	1.47055500	-0.35415700
C	-1.34548300	-3.58393700	0.80905000	C	-1.27295100	-3.61311400	0.84211500
C	-1.82321300	-2.96671800	-0.31183700	C	-1.73475600	-2.99481600	-0.30518600
B	-1.82321300	-1.43686600	-0.36946100	B	-1.77038500	-1.47055500	-0.35415700
N	-1.18994000	-0.80798900	0.75673500	N	-1.18848900	-0.82064200	0.79878000
C	2.49995100	0.54972800	-1.48926600	C	2.43477400	0.60143700	-1.48979900
C	-2.49995100	-0.54972800	-1.48926600	C	-2.43477400	-0.60143700	-1.48979900
C	2.10528500	0.66718400	-2.84577500	C	2.05364300	0.76810900	-2.85069200
C	2.73320000	-0.10896700	-3.83057600	C	2.66252300	-0.00023900	-3.85056500
C	3.76588400	-1.00001800	-3.52276100	C	3.66691300	-0.93127700	-3.56132400
C	4.16634200	-1.09739200	-2.18483800	C	4.05509500	-1.07981500	-2.22249400
C	3.55366700	-0.34851700	-1.17247600	C	3.45914800	-0.34465600	-1.19340300
C	-3.55366700	0.34851700	-1.17247600	C	-3.45914800	0.34465600	-1.19340300
C	-4.16634200	1.09739200	-2.18483800	C	-4.05509500	1.07981500	-2.22249400
C	-3.76588400	1.00001800	-3.52276100	C	-3.66691300	0.93127700	-3.56132400
C	-2.73320000	0.10896700	-3.83057600	C	-2.66252300	0.00023900	-3.85056500
C	-2.10528500	-0.66718400	-2.84577500	C	-2.05364300	-0.76810900	-2.85069200
C	1.00916800	1.62428400	-3.26628300	C	0.98042300	1.75645600	-3.25547100
C	-4.06335200	0.51106600	0.24753000	C	-3.95819000	0.56568100	0.22136200
C	-1.00916800	-1.62428400	-3.26628300	C	-0.98042300	-1.75645600	-3.25547100
C	4.06335200	-0.51106600	0.24753000	C	3.95819000	-0.56568100	0.22136200
C	4.42968400	-1.83626700	-4.59057400	C	4.31575900	-1.75337700	-4.64683600
C	-4.42968400	1.83626700	-4.59057400	C	-4.31575900	1.75337700	-4.64683600
H	0.03746000	-1.24026900	6.40952600	H	0.10984000	-1.24596800	6.41684300
H	-0.03746000	1.24026900	6.40952600	H	-0.10984000	1.24596800	6.41684300
H	0.58037200	4.62725100	3.16561100	H	0.43071400	4.65763200	3.17626200
H	0.06958500	3.34573600	5.23681900	H	-0.15891700	3.38239900	5.22199900
H	-0.06958500	-3.34573600	5.23681900	H	0.15891700	-3.38239900	5.22199900
H	-0.58037200	-4.62725100	3.16561100	H	-0.43071400	-4.65763200	3.17626200
H	1.16213400	-0.20524200	0.79304800	H	1.18537400	-0.19254300	0.84816700
H	-1.38041400	-4.67500800	0.91349100	H	-1.29597800	-4.70484800	0.94006700
H	-2.24417200	-3.59132200	-1.10461800	H	-2.13034000	-3.62752900	-1.10384400
H	-1.16213400	0.20524200	0.79304800	H	-1.18537400	0.19254300	0.84816700
H	2.40680500	-0.01006500	-4.87032600	H	2.34316800	0.13167400	-4.88862700
H	4.98513800	-1.77450200	-1.92128600	H	4.85203000	-1.78817200	-1.97532300
H	-4.98513800	1.77450200	-1.92128600	H	-4.85203000	1.78817200	-1.97532300
H	-2.40680500	0.01006500	-4.87032600	H	-2.34316800	-0.13167400	-4.88862700
H	0.10959900	1.52774200	-2.63905000	H	0.07733600	1.66489500	-2.63336500
H	0.70683200	1.44576300	-4.30893500	H	0.68222800	1.60589600	-4.30389600

H	1.33962300	2.67416000	-3.19458100	H	1.33216500	2.79705800	-3.15906900
H	-3.40817700	1.16190800	0.85283700	H	-3.28101000	1.21507800	0.80353800
H	-4.13203900	-0.45225500	0.77586900	H	-4.05355500	-0.37806100	0.77902400
H	-5.06281900	0.97164000	0.25409700	H	-4.94238600	1.05782500	0.21511600
H	-0.70683200	-1.44576300	-4.30893500	H	-0.68222800	-1.60589600	-4.30389600
H	-1.33962300	-2.67416000	-3.19458100	H	-1.33216500	-2.79705800	-3.15906900
H	-0.10959900	-1.52774200	-2.63905000	H	-0.07733600	-1.66489500	-2.63336500
H	5.06281900	-0.97164000	0.25409700	H	4.94238600	-1.05782500	0.21511600
H	3.40817700	-1.16190800	0.85283700	H	3.28101000	-1.21507800	0.80353800
H	4.13203900	0.45225500	0.77586900	H	4.05355500	0.37806100	0.77902400
H	5.52783100	-1.74687900	-4.54689700	H	5.41345500	-1.64702900	-4.62773900
H	4.10519700	-1.53749100	-5.59860100	H	3.96328500	-1.45731800	-5.64594000
H	4.18998400	-2.90668800	-4.46632700	H	4.09737600	-2.82767100	-4.51749300
H	-5.52783100	1.74687900	-4.54689700	H	-5.41345500	1.64702900	-4.62773900
H	-4.10519700	1.53749100	-5.59860100	H	-3.96328500	1.45731800	-5.64594000
H	-4.18998400	2.90668800	-4.46632700	H	-4.09737600	2.82767100	-4.51749300
C	1.34548300	3.58393700	0.80905000	C	1.27295100	3.61311400	0.84211500
C	1.82321300	2.96671800	-0.31183700	C	1.73475600	2.99481600	-0.30518600
H	2.24417200	3.59132200	-1.10461800	H	2.13034000	3.62752900	-1.10384400
H	1.38041400	4.67500800	0.91349100	H	1.29597800	4.70484800	0.94006700

Table S50. Coordinates of the optimized structure of **CC[5]** (atom / x,y,z coordinates [Å]).

S_0 of CC[5]				S_1 of CC[5]			
C	-4.27118600	0.44612000	-1.33459700	C	-4.30133700	-0.38292200	1.36376500
C	-3.02890200	0.34203100	-0.64181000	C	-3.03177700	-0.33558700	0.64354200
C	-3.02883000	-0.34235600	0.64193600	C	-3.03177900	0.33558500	-0.64352400
C	-4.27107300	-0.44658800	1.33478800	C	-4.30134100	0.38292000	-1.36374200
C	-5.49700700	-0.16554300	0.66313700	C	-5.51588500	0.13401500	-0.68271200
C	-5.49705800	0.16494800	-0.66288600	C	-5.51588300	-0.13401400	0.68274000
C	-1.88678700	1.03939100	-1.23543700	C	-1.91109500	-1.03391700	1.23269200
C	-1.97201900	1.49557000	-2.59072700	C	-1.96981900	-1.42847900	2.62603700
C	-3.18699200	1.33272700	-3.32804300	C	-3.16125800	-1.19336300	3.36743900
C	-4.30971400	0.88540100	-2.69821400	C	-4.30161500	-0.72956100	2.73878100
C	-4.30948300	-0.88588500	2.69839500	C	-4.30162300	0.72955500	-2.73875900
C	-3.18667000	-1.33307600	3.32816900	C	-3.16126800	1.19335400	-3.36742200
C	-1.97171800	-1.49575400	2.59079700	C	-1.96982500	1.42847000	-2.62602400
C	-1.88661400	-1.03958100	1.23550300	C	-1.91109700	1.03391200	-1.23267900
C	-0.74460900	1.43727500	-0.48770400	C	-0.77192500	-1.45462600	0.49273800
C	0.28732200	2.19246800	-1.03431800	C	0.28289700	-2.17354300	1.06879700
C	-0.88519800	-2.20769200	3.15853000	C	-0.87604300	2.10632300	-3.20502200
C	0.21772100	-2.54951100	2.40586900	C	0.23198400	2.47414600	-2.45126000
C	0.28763900	-2.19236600	1.03426500	C	0.28289500	2.17353700	-1.06879300
C	-0.74442400	-1.43734000	0.48770100	C	-0.77192300	1.45462100	-0.49272900
C	1.43859800	2.66546700	-0.19909300	C	1.43617400	-2.64393600	0.24152800
C	1.43892600	-2.66527500	0.19901200	C	1.43617600	2.64393500	-0.24153000
C	2.74438800	2.17353700	-0.44215500	C	2.74366700	-2.15764300	0.49712000
C	3.80774600	2.64582400	0.33602800	C	3.80977500	-2.62590000	-0.27885600
C	3.62494400	3.59772100	1.34718900	C	3.63172000	-3.56965200	-1.29872000
C	2.33078100	4.07811300	1.56401800	C	2.33730100	-4.04382000	-1.52910200
C	1.23376800	3.63173600	0.81194600	C	1.23603500	-3.59971200	-0.78323000
C	1.23409800	-3.63133400	-0.81222700	C	1.23605500	3.59977500	0.78317100
C	2.33113000	-4.07765600	-1.56430600	C	2.33732600	4.04388700	1.52903400
C	3.62531400	-3.59740900	-1.34730000	C	3.63173100	3.56966300	1.29869800
C	3.80811500	-2.64570600	-0.33595400	C	3.80976800	2.62584400	0.27889100
C	2.74474300	-2.17347700	0.44224000	C	2.74365700	-2.15758200	-0.49707500
C	3.01491700	1.14217100	-1.51520500	C	3.01469300	-1.12945800	1.57341600
C	-0.13337500	-4.21635100	-1.09205800	C	-0.12858800	4.18399900	1.07788100
C	3.01532900	-1.14235900	1.51552100	C	3.01465200	1.12931600	-1.57330100
C	-0.13368400	4.21690700	1.09155500	C	-0.12862400	-4.18386900	-1.07799900
C	4.79334900	4.07766100	2.17485600	C	4.80441200	-4.04655900	-2.12139900
C	4.79375200	-4.07729200	-2.17494900	C	4.80443600	4.04659900	2.12134200
H	-6.43404400	-0.28502500	1.21210300	H	-6.45492500	0.21934800	-1.23370300
H	-6.43413400	0.28433600	-1.21180500	H	-6.45492100	-0.21934600	1.23373300
H	-3.21842700	1.65577500	-4.37138900	H	-3.18612000	-1.46359900	4.42595300
H	-5.27021200	0.86191100	-3.21885900	H	-5.23957400	-0.65085800	3.29445500
H	-5.26995900	-0.86253500	3.21908700	H	-5.23958400	0.65085200	-3.29443000
H	-3.21801700	-1.65614500	4.37151200	H	-3.18613200	1.46358600	-4.42593600
H	4.81190100	2.25484800	0.14507000	H	4.81320900	-2.23674100	-0.08055200
H	2.16408400	4.83192300	2.33912000	H	2.17448600	-4.79220800	-2.31020400
H	2.16442300	-4.83131000	-2.33955800	H	2.17452400	4.79232400	2.31009300

H	4.81228400	-2.25482700	-0.14486700	H	4.81319100	2.23663600	0.08062700
H	2.30809700	0.30042800	-1.46199900	H	2.27575600	-0.31466300	1.55699800
H	4.03210800	0.73581600	-1.41777700	H	4.01208900	-0.68486800	1.44291800
H	2.92433900	1.56844800	-2.52802400	H	2.97973800	-1.57121400	2.58305800
H	-0.78883300	-3.50141000	-1.61633500	H	-0.77285500	3.47451200	1.62299600
H	-0.65511100	-4.49677600	-0.16407700	H	-0.66632100	4.45121400	0.15548400
H	-0.04947300	-5.11231300	-1.72485300	H	-0.03630100	5.08800000	1.69806200
H	4.03223300	-0.73539500	1.41763800	H	4.01209200	0.68480700	-1.44285600
H	2.92564500	-1.56911200	2.52822600	H	2.97956400	1.57096900	-2.58298200
H	2.30799500	-0.30100800	1.46310000	H	2.27577400	0.31447100	-1.55673000
H	-0.04980100	5.11277000	1.72449100	H	-0.03635500	-5.08786500	-1.69819000
H	-0.78936600	3.50198100	1.61556700	H	-0.77283700	-3.47434400	-1.62313000
H	-0.65517000	4.49753400	0.16349100	H	-0.66640400	-4.45107200	-0.15562600
H	5.62153900	4.42845900	1.53691200	H	5.62552800	-4.40769400	-1.48005700
H	5.19583900	3.26649500	2.80594200	H	5.21608600	-3.23051500	-2.74018400
H	4.50507300	4.90519700	2.84012800	H	4.51796400	-4.86559000	-2.79779200
H	4.50535900	-4.90435200	-2.84076100	H	4.51792700	4.86544500	2.79793300
H	5.62166500	-4.42874400	-1.53700200	H	5.62541300	4.40801100	1.47997700
H	5.19668700	-3.26590900	-2.80547100	H	5.21632600	3.23049900	2.73990600
C	-0.88563800	2.20765900	-3.15850700	C	-0.87603500	-2.10633400	3.20501000
C	0.21728200	2.54962600	-2.40589500	C	0.23199000	-2.47415600	2.45126300
H	-0.96078100	-2.52896400	4.20059300	H	-0.93309800	2.38024700	-4.26177000
H	1.02331800	-3.13857900	2.84897200	H	1.04559300	3.03650000	-2.91197400
H	-0.68698200	-1.17428400	-0.56695700	H	-0.72697400	1.23290000	0.57220400
H	1.02276800	3.13881700	-2.84904000	H	1.04560100	-3.03650900	2.91197300
H	-0.96130800	2.52893400	-4.20056200	H	-0.93308600	-2.38026200	4.26177600
H	-0.68703600	1.17420200	0.56694300	H	-0.72698000	-1.23290300	-0.57219400

Table S51. Coordinates of the optimized structure of **BN[6]** (atom / x,y,z coordinates [Å]).

S_0 of BN[6]				S_1 of BN[6]			
C	0.82398000	4.91399600	0.92677800	C	0.86620700	4.95635300	0.87636900
C	1.59324400	4.24149400	1.83535700	C	1.66623100	4.26928800	1.77869500
C	1.42097800	2.83611100	2.03044600	C	1.50466800	2.88145600	1.97945300
C	0.51824700	2.11524000	1.18658900	C	0.55209100	2.14961300	1.16256600
C	-0.52127600	2.11602600	-1.18669400	C	-0.55753900	2.14806700	-1.16532900
C	-1.42529500	2.83627600	-2.02972200	C	-1.51039900	2.87590800	-1.98508100
C	-1.60129700	4.24083200	-1.83201800	C	-1.67823600	4.26330200	-1.78403400
C	-0.83416800	4.91360400	-0.92184600	C	-0.88392000	4.95277300	-0.87938100
C	-0.00429800	4.20568700	0.00190000	C	-0.00749400	4.26212000	-0.00113400
C	-0.00251200	2.78223800	0.00060600	C	-0.00460600	2.80832000	-0.00156000
C	-0.04976800	0.83627300	-1.67088300	C	-0.11176500	0.86844500	-1.66743600
C	-0.67537100	0.21658300	-2.78104700	C	-0.80007400	0.22281700	-2.74966400
C	0.05014500	0.83345200	1.66864000	C	0.10977100	0.87037000	1.66632600
C	0.67843800	0.21280700	2.77672500	C	0.80098600	0.22726700	2.74822800
C	0.19313700	-1.05369200	3.26244200	C	0.36344300	-1.05066500	3.21695800
C	-0.91134100	-1.67272600	2.74601600	C	-0.74427100	-1.69849200	2.71590600
B	-1.68268200	-0.98362900	1.61734700	B	-1.57571300	-1.00038400	1.64426800
N	-1.07232700	0.22600200	1.14481100	N	-1.01381000	0.25374900	1.18760600
N	1.07338400	0.23015000	-1.14705600	N	1.01304200	0.25619600	-1.18753700
B	1.68681700	-0.97728700	-1.62108100	B	1.57913800	-0.99699000	-1.64166200
C	0.91886800	-1.66522600	-2.75276400	C	0.75005400	-1.69878000	-2.71337400
C	-0.18626500	-1.04747400	-3.26929500	C	-0.35853800	-1.05480400	-3.21643100
C	-2.06696700	2.18055500	-3.11894700	C	-2.20596800	2.19622100	-3.02167200
C	-1.73199500	0.89361000	-3.45180200	C	-1.88891700	0.89971500	-3.36723300
C	2.06514100	2.17973400	3.11781500	C	2.20432400	2.20388200	3.01501400
C	1.73390600	0.89113400	3.44802200	C	1.88989100	0.90751000	3.36257300
C	-3.07316300	-1.43961700	1.01497600	C	-2.97283300	-1.46100500	1.07121200
C	3.07676800	-1.43215900	-1.01675500	C	2.97729200	-1.45279000	-1.06822700
C	-3.18902300	-2.60192300	0.21606300	C	-3.11619900	-2.67148600	0.34410300
C	-4.44070400	-2.98887100	-0.28476600	C	-4.37467000	-3.05898900	-0.13627800
C	-5.60235200	-2.26078200	-0.01071900	C	-5.52050100	-2.29037000	0.08953400
C	-5.48405500	-1.11841500	0.79088500	C	-5.37756400	-1.10150900	0.81802600
C	-4.24956400	-0.69917100	1.30107500	C	-4.13640400	-0.67612400	1.30284400
C	4.24926300	-0.68728800	-1.29175600	C	4.13510900	-0.66241900	-1.29264200
C	5.48614200	-1.10897900	-0.78054500	C	5.38100500	-1.08833500	-0.81146800
C	5.60512700	-2.25580500	0.00921400	C	5.52896800	-2.28059300	-0.09557600
C	4.44249000	-2.99220700	0.27231700	C	4.38413400	-3.05840900	0.12308100
C	3.19405700	-2.60440400	-0.22696800	C	3.12650600	-2.67185800	-0.35070400
C	-4.20331300	0.53902100	2.17512200	C	-4.07559100	0.61270300	2.09946600
C	6.93858700	-2.69440600	0.56628800	C	6.87358600	-2.72419000	0.42725800

C	4.20584400	0.55901200	-2.15460900	C	4.07269000	0.63353700	-2.07766500
C	-1.97234100	-3.43558400	-0.12358400	C	-1.92067500	-3.54575700	0.03867000
C	-6.94730900	-2.69124900	-0.54636900	C	-6.87489000	-2.72820100	-0.41272800
C	1.97740400	-3.44368400	0.09833000	C	1.93321800	-3.55223700	-0.05429800
H	0.85780100	6.00436400	0.86499600	H	0.91878000	6.04480700	0.80646100
H	2.28148800	4.77861100	2.49187500	H	2.38381300	4.80936300	2.40096700
H	-2.29057000	4.77741600	-2.48789400	H	-2.39669000	4.80066500	-2.40766200
H	-0.87076200	6.00376800	-0.85808800	H	-0.94208700	6.04090200	-0.80833800
H	-1.23179100	-2.61807500	3.19393300	H	-1.02063200	-2.66128300	3.15462000
H	-1.51764600	0.73111500	0.38511300	H	-1.49064500	0.76073700	0.44641400
H	1.51663200	0.73438200	-0.38560300	H	1.48687600	0.76494000	-0.44550800
H	1.24216200	-2.60860600	-3.20277200	H	1.02939200	-2.66129600	-3.15077900
H	-0.73723300	-1.48283600	-4.11150000	H	-0.94704000	-1.49888800	-4.02778700
H	-2.80439900	2.73508300	-3.70312800	H	-2.98457100	2.73560800	-3.56668300
H	-2.22276600	0.39122800	-4.28880700	H	-2.42869400	0.39388900	-4.17070400
H	2.80155400	2.73493100	3.70264400	H	2.98306300	2.74520200	3.55791600
H	2.22673000	0.38820800	4.28349500	H	2.43226800	0.40363300	4.16558700
H	-4.50851400	-3.88755600	-0.90550300	H	-4.46135500	-3.99058900	-0.70351300
H	-6.38148900	-0.53901100	1.03047000	H	-6.26342100	-0.49124400	1.02044900
H	6.38274800	-0.52589200	-1.01258200	H	6.26431900	-0.47372300	-1.00980800
H	4.51108100	-3.89849800	0.88246400	H	4.47544400	-3.99698400	0.67866300
H	-5.21655400	0.86306100	2.45623300	H	-5.08443100	0.94472900	2.38694000
H	-3.71722100	1.38831700	1.66587400	H	-3.61540000	1.43497400	1.52564200
H	-3.63603400	0.36231000	3.10339300	H	-3.48244700	0.49810400	3.02052400
H	7.76369100	-2.08504000	0.16800300	H	7.67986700	-2.05485300	0.09219900
H	7.14882300	-3.74948700	0.32383600	H	7.11807900	-3.74556000	0.09043500
H	6.96069300	-2.60837800	1.66664400	H	6.88751500	-2.73998900	1.53088400
H	3.62861200	0.39653900	-3.07917300	H	3.46678400	0.53227800	-2.99174400
H	5.21948300	0.87632500	-2.44205900	H	5.08017100	0.96067600	-2.37547200
H	3.73326100	1.40840100	-1.63270000	H	3.62750200	1.45430000	-1.48970400
H	-1.44088600	-3.76931500	0.78247900	H	-1.35857400	-3.80547400	0.94930200
H	-1.24537700	-2.86616300	-0.72604200	H	-1.21188100	-3.03520700	-0.63501800
H	-2.25048500	-4.33218400	-0.69792000	H	-2.22792300	-4.48359200	-0.44831200
H	-6.86132000	-3.58227100	-1.18616900	H	-6.79794000	-3.60450500	-1.07350100
H	-7.41734800	-1.89141100	-1.14338200	H	-7.37556900	-1.92175500	-0.97405100
H	-7.64694700	-2.93226600	0.27231600	H	-7.54297700	-2.99789500	0.42377400
H	2.25297800	-4.33964200	0.67488600	H	2.24086600	-4.48517400	0.44169800
H	1.45717400	-3.77866200	-0.81380900	H	1.38331300	-3.82132400	-0.96975200
H	1.24162400	-2.87752700	0.69304500	H	1.21373000	-3.04192200	0.60788000
H	0.74639700	-1.48987200	4.10272400	H	0.95400700	-1.49220800	4.02824500

Table S52. Coordinates of the optimized structure of **CC[6]** (atom / x,y,z coordinates [Å]).

S_0 of CC[6]				S_1 of CC[6]			
C	-0.66269400	4.96933100	-1.06388500	C	-0.71395700	4.98344700	-1.02174100
C	-1.27342000	4.28646000	-2.08029800	C	-1.34184900	4.28659200	-2.04451900
C	-1.06937700	2.88055500	-2.22719800	C	-1.12448400	2.89210400	-2.21048200
C	-0.30819200	2.16884500	-1.25905700	C	-0.30065500	2.18042600	-1.25171400
C	0.30507700	2.17894400	1.25106300	C	0.29902900	2.18687600	1.24676600
C	1.06586400	2.89839700	2.21384800	C	1.12322700	2.90283600	2.20204000
C	1.27278200	4.30254100	2.05443300	C	1.34279300	4.29603300	2.02837300
C	0.66429700	4.97747400	1.03144300	C	0.71628400	4.98805200	1.00147400
C	0.00040200	4.26620400	-0.01321100	C	0.00078400	4.30034300	-0.00829700
C	-0.00069800	2.83777400	-0.00695400	C	-0.00020300	2.83610300	-0.00430700
C	-0.24531800	0.88891200	1.65824800	C	-0.24936700	0.90713900	1.66404000
C	0.24369900	0.26707100	2.85025400	C	0.29638300	0.25098200	2.82665200
C	0.23992100	0.87461200	-1.65535400	C	0.24604500	0.89780600	-1.66229400
C	-0.25405600	0.24116800	-2.83912900	C	-0.30173000	0.23562900	-2.82056500
C	0.30155800	-0.99799300	-3.24694500	C	0.23166800	-1.01693700	-3.21279700
C	1.37273100	-1.55759000	-2.57865800	C	1.32492500	-1.57133500	-2.56665200
C	1.94470200	-0.89564000	-1.46174700	C	1.94046300	-0.88976100	-1.48611200
C	1.35444900	0.27788400	-1.00780500	C	1.37554200	0.30789100	-1.04360900
C	-1.35758200	0.28585000	1.01261800	C	-1.37849700	0.31456000	1.04721900
C	-1.95045100	-0.88260900	1.47606300	C	-1.94462700	-0.88040800	1.49531500
C	-1.38465500	-1.53234400	2.60325000	C	-1.33152100	-1.55604000	2.58098700
C	-0.31564700	-0.96658700	3.26970600	C	-0.23889000	-0.99868700	3.22559600
C	1.56523300	2.22945300	3.37993100	C	1.66052200	2.20948300	3.31547600
C	1.21671700	0.94000100	3.65766500	C	1.30243500	0.90311500	3.59472900
C	-1.57251600	2.20111100	-3.38559200	C	-1.66359600	2.19318000	-3.31954000
C	-1.22784400	0.90796000	-3.65079500	C	-1.30765000	0.88468000	-3.59146700
C	3.20433500	-1.41804300	-0.83354300	C	3.20269600	-1.41466400	-0.87229700

C	-3.20513800	-1.41255400	0.84442800	C	-3.20476900	-1.40869900	0.88019300
C	3.16572300	-2.48569400	0.08791000	C	3.18209300	-2.55529200	-0.03953600
C	4.36563400	-2.95249800	0.64484300	C	4.38421400	-3.02327400	0.51075200
C	5.60347500	-2.39492100	0.31249700	C	5.60879300	-2.39893100	0.25755600
C	5.62073800	-1.34080300	-0.60977000	C	5.60915800	-1.27290700	-0.57552600
C	4.44760600	-0.84175000	-1.18758500	C	4.43369400	-0.76780900	-1.14254200
C	-4.44783200	-0.82431200	1.16719200	C	-4.43452600	-0.76173900	1.13939000
C	-5.61745100	-1.33206400	0.58229300	C	-5.60956800	-1.27228000	0.56854600
C	-5.59234300	-2.40422000	-0.31408400	C	-5.60472800	-2.40106200	-0.25564700
C	-4.35002800	-2.97604900	-0.61662200	C	-4.37626900	-3.02881400	-0.49807900
C	-3.15865300	-2.50304500	-0.05449800	C	-3.17985600	-2.55775800	0.05392300
C	4.53102700	0.29363800	-2.18341300	C	4.50792900	0.44272500	-2.04697100
C	-6.85848100	-2.93215800	-0.94603700	C	-6.87653600	-2.92877700	-0.87572600
C	-4.54340200	0.33282500	2.13671200	C	-4.51648300	0.45490200	2.03497900
C	1.85783700	-3.12754200	0.48697700	C	1.88957900	-3.26632500	0.28796500
C	6.88629600	-2.90200300	0.92765800	C	6.89557400	-2.91448500	0.85651100
C	-1.84687800	-3.15630800	-0.42088500	C	-1.88431900	-3.26937300	-0.25979300
H	-0.70415300	6.06023100	-1.01720200	H	-0.78529100	6.07254100	-0.97003200
H	-1.84932600	4.81537600	-2.84341500	H	-1.94796900	4.81542300	-2.78357800
H	1.84878500	4.83717100	2.81348800	H	1.94935900	4.82808700	2.76474500
H	0.70773900	6.06784100	0.97513300	H	0.78912600	6.07674500	0.94375100
H	2.22371200	2.78559600	4.05177500	H	2.35622000	2.73912500	3.97134300
H	1.60823500	0.43258800	4.54267700	H	1.72824400	0.38512100	4.45706400
H	-2.23121800	2.75193700	-4.06158500	H	-2.35900000	2.72007100	-3.97792800
H	-1.62294200	0.39235100	-4.52945100	H	-1.73488600	0.36231300	-4.45045000
H	4.32663300	-3.77888500	1.36070000	H	4.35743200	-3.90269000	1.16091600
H	6.57829900	-0.89265000	-0.89228900	H	6.55659000	-0.77204000	-0.79722300
H	-6.57667500	-0.87397900	0.84083500	H	-6.55829000	-0.77127900	0.78235600
H	-4.30431800	-3.81873200	-1.31337600	H	-4.34557000	-3.91374500	-1.14114300
H	5.57864100	0.53126500	-2.41989300	H	5.55375100	0.69130300	-2.28043000
H	4.05570500	1.21060000	-1.79822200	H	4.04885000	1.33128300	-1.58334500
H	4.01348000	0.04756200	-3.12451200	H	3.97375100	0.27479500	-2.99546300
H	-7.75278900	-2.45206400	-0.52151800	H	-7.76365100	-2.41134000	-0.48106700
H	-6.95723500	-4.02081300	-0.80067600	H	-7.00011600	-4.00770100	-0.68483700
H	-6.86734000	-2.75182600	-2.03491300	H	-6.87212900	-2.79524400	-1.97147100
H	-4.02950300	0.11151600	3.08583400	H	-3.97811100	0.29942100	2.98311600
H	-5.59378700	0.56906000	2.36216700	H	-5.56376800	0.69628200	2.26955400
H	-4.07252200	1.24430800	1.73330800	H	-4.06710600	1.34396800	1.56267200
H	1.35912200	-3.60464100	-0.37258900	H	1.43328400	-3.72313800	-0.60529000
H	1.14922800	-2.38755400	0.89026000	H	1.14204600	-2.57339600	0.70433700
H	2.01736500	-3.90044800	1.25335500	H	2.05900500	-4.06764400	1.02238600
H	6.71295900	-3.79650800	1.54436300	H	6.72621800	-3.81576300	1.46427300
H	7.35120600	-2.13619600	1.57231500	H	7.36873400	-2.15629800	1.50351400
H	7.62788400	-3.16270800	0.15423100	H	7.62901100	-3.16919800	0.07282800
H	-1.99846900	-3.95096000	-1.16636300	H	-2.04868300	-4.08010100	-0.98497200
H	-1.35696600	-3.60791400	0.45718500	H	-1.43006700	-3.71342700	0.64082700
H	-1.13428400	-2.42774800	-0.83793600	H	-1.13725800	-2.57923700	-0.68176400
H	-0.10373300	-1.48346100	-4.13860500	H	-0.20838500	-1.52366200	-4.07566100
H	1.81603400	-2.49111600	-2.93275600	H	1.74707000	-2.51594600	-2.91610900
H	1.80272200	0.78218200	-0.15355400	H	1.85070000	0.82745100	-0.21234900
H	-1.83070600	-2.46114400	2.96618700	H	-1.75487300	-2.49826100	2.93539900
H	0.08536500	-1.44262400	4.16835300	H	0.19942000	-1.50069000	4.09209200
H	-1.80183500	0.78068300	0.15088900	H	-1.85216400	0.82959000	0.21233100

Table S53. Coordinates of the optimized structure of **BN[5]-(CN)₂** (atom / x,y,z coordinates [Å]).

S₀ of BN[5]-(CN)₂				S₁ of BN[5]-(CN)₂			
C	-4.34298200	0.65764700	-1.25703700	C	4.38896100	-0.56496000	-1.28476300
C	-3.10150500	0.44210600	-0.58268300	C	3.12854800	-0.39849100	-0.60271800
C	-3.10145600	-0.44249100	0.58258300	C	3.10848300	0.49754200	0.56789800
C	-4.34289900	-0.65812900	1.25696400	C	4.36168800	0.71525600	1.25411400
C	-5.56746000	-0.26495000	0.62848800	C	5.57343200	0.36035100	0.63104500
C	-5.56749700	0.26439500	-0.62851900	C	5.58632600	-0.15861000	-0.65830700
C	-1.98211900	1.23646600	-1.02745400	C	2.04713200	-1.22275600	-1.02553600
C	-2.05155900	1.94838000	-2.25533400	C	2.11519200	-1.95801600	-2.25470400
C	-3.25505400	1.92902300	-3.01253300	C	3.31513800	-1.88165700	-3.02942900
C	-4.38458100	1.34739000	-2.50097600	C	4.42145500	-1.24400500	-2.54581200
C	-4.38442900	-1.34790100	2.50089000	C	4.36125600	1.39651300	2.51698500
C	-3.25485100	-1.92946200	3.01241500	C	3.23776400	2.00364200	2.99174100
C	-2.05136200	-1.94869900	2.25520300	C	2.03767200	2.04573300	2.20476200
C	-1.98198700	-1.23675200	1.02733400	C	2.00346000	1.28478200	0.98338900

N	-0.86048100	1.43435600	-0.24310900	N	0.91547800	-1.42474500	-0.23822400
B	0.24626700	2.30859300	-0.51905400	B	-0.16738800	-2.33240500	-0.50745300
C	-0.95964500	-2.77336100	2.67418200	C	0.96236600	2.86263000	2.58535000
C	0.16104300	-2.98713100	1.90325200	C	-0.18955500	3.04616100	1.79358200
B	0.24652600	-2.30861200	0.51897600	B	-0.23239000	2.29734700	0.48463500
N	-0.86031300	-1.43449600	0.24301300	N	0.86370500	1.44157800	0.18332700
C	1.34445100	2.54937400	0.58337600	C	-1.27800600	-2.55189600	0.60301200
C	1.34484000	-2.54917900	-0.58337900	C	-1.39645000	2.49664700	-0.59962500
C	2.69802000	2.18938600	0.36736000	C	-2.64429200	-2.26156000	0.36376200
C	3.64918300	2.42089000	1.37064200	C	-3.59912900	-2.47353000	1.37185000
C	3.31196000	3.02276300	2.58698400	C	-3.25191100	-2.98963800	2.62274800
C	1.97562500	3.38992400	2.78705400	C	-1.90420800	-3.29703200	2.84731000
C	0.99401700	3.16253400	1.81553700	C	-0.92280100	-3.08833000	1.87034400
C	0.99465700	-3.16250800	-1.81553100	C	-1.14215000	3.22507300	-1.79028200
C	1.97641000	-3.38975400	-2.78693300	C	-2.17464800	3.39891800	-2.70355900
C	3.31264800	-3.02229500	-2.58675500	C	-3.50244900	2.87471600	-2.48894400
C	3.64962600	-2.42027500	-1.37041900	C	-3.75891400	2.18221000	-1.31074200
C	2.69831200	-2.18891000	-0.36724700	C	-2.75447800	1.99287700	-0.35763100
C	3.15150500	1.56585200	-0.93523100	C	-3.12543100	-1.75191500	-0.97829200
C	-0.42618000	-3.60781900	-2.10832600	C	0.21821500	3.82114000	-2.06510200
C	3.15153100	-1.56521200	0.93535900	C	-3.06202000	1.30536400	0.92526200
C	-0.42695800	3.60746500	2.10824700	C	0.50659700	-3.47734800	2.19641100
C	4.35690400	3.29873600	3.64091800	C	-4.28683500	-3.22496700	3.69672700
C	4.35775100	-3.29811900	-3.64057000	C	-4.54696000	3.10535800	-3.52919600
H	-6.50577900	-0.47080200	1.14807100	H	6.51045500	0.56864700	1.15238100
H	-6.50584700	0.47020500	-1.14806200	H	6.53251000	-0.33179300	-1.17555400
H	-3.28191700	2.46051600	-3.96618400	H	3.35067200	-2.41420300	-3.98313100
H	-5.34059500	1.42931100	-3.02178700	H	5.36714700	-1.27819500	-3.09197700
H	-5.34042700	-1.42989200	3.02172000	H	5.30013200	1.45362000	3.07329700
H	-3.28165700	-2.46098000	3.96605300	H	3.24974100	2.53608100	3.94574200
H	-0.88083600	0.97845900	0.66322700	H	0.95879300	-0.98163500	-0.67398700
H	-1.06798500	-3.28145800	3.63791200	H	1.05208500	3.39965600	3.53481300
C	1.15641400	-3.89490800	2.38982600	C	-1.23404700	3.91069800	2.21943800
H	-0.88066000	-0.97854700	-0.66329500	H	0.90213300	0.93207700	-0.69303100
H	4.68693500	2.12422100	1.19230200	H	-4.64867300	-2.24108300	1.16501200
H	1.68935800	3.87145200	3.72716600	H	-1.60805700	-3.72034200	3.81223900
H	1.69034500	-3.87141700	-3.72703900	H	-1.98899500	3.95579400	-3.62504500
H	4.68729800	-2.12338200	-1.19199400	H	-4.75828200	1.78971600	-1.12019300
H	2.45892400	0.78773600	-1.29179800	H	-2.42032700	-1.03826700	-1.43341400
H	4.14102900	1.09833600	-0.82681500	H	-4.10684200	-1.26049700	-0.88708400
H	3.23290000	2.32676300	-1.72868200	H	-3.23711900	-2.58225600	-1.69437700
H	-1.08929700	-2.76057600	-2.35597600	H	0.97494500	3.03927000	-2.22336000
H	-0.88079400	-4.12969100	-1.25111900	H	0.55729100	4.42508800	-1.21054800
H	-0.45129600	-4.29467300	-2.96722200	H	0.19783800	4.46164300	-2.95771000
H	4.14096000	-1.09747600	0.82701900	H	-4.06151600	0.85453900	0.91959800
H	3.23301800	-2.32606400	1.72885800	H	-3.00894200	2.04191100	1.74734900
H	2.45873500	-0.78723600	1.29181800	H	-2.31649000	0.52769900	1.15399200
H	-0.45231300	4.29427600	2.96716900	H	0.53856500	-4.15467600	3.06284600
H	-1.08987300	2.76003800	2.35581600	H	1.13070800	-2.60295400	2.44886100
H	-0.88164500	4.12925200	1.25102800	H	0.99612600	-3.98599800	1.35186900
H	4.68440000	4.35283800	3.60627500	H	-4.32308400	-4.28787200	3.98956700
H	5.25024500	2.67220100	3.49867600	H	-5.29356200	-2.93582800	3.35972300
H	3.96694600	3.11459200	4.65461700	H	-4.05744700	-2.64912400	4.60943700
H	4.68541500	-4.35216600	-3.60587500	H	-4.67488000	4.18707700	-3.71084400
H	5.25097400	-2.67143400	-3.49824500	H	-5.51612800	2.67424800	-3.24934600
H	3.96787100	-3.11405500	-4.65431400	H	-4.22781800	2.66934200	-4.49249700
C	-0.95991300	2.77313600	-2.67432100	C	1.05627500	-2.80693900	-2.64620100
C	0.16072600	2.98707200	-1.90336400	C	-0.07804000	-3.03525600	-1.86371600
C	1.15596200	3.89499800	-2.38992700	C	-1.05716800	-3.95766500	-2.33680200
H	-1.06832100	3.28125300	-3.63803200	H	1.17150700	-3.33544500	-3.59853700
N	1.97174600	-4.63029000	2.78212000	N	-2.13908900	4.58896800	2.52152600
N	1.97119800	4.63048800	-2.78221700	N	-1.87815100	-4.69539700	-2.72179900

7.2. Transition States and Racemization Barrier

The structures of the transition states that occur during racemization were calculated with Q-Chem (jobtype: ts). The presence of a transition state was verified in all cases by a single imaginary frequency in the vibration spectrum. All

transition states showed largely-distorted, non-planar structures with C_2 -symmetry and almost parallel mesityl-substituents. The overall impact of the BN-units was negligible (Fig. S30).

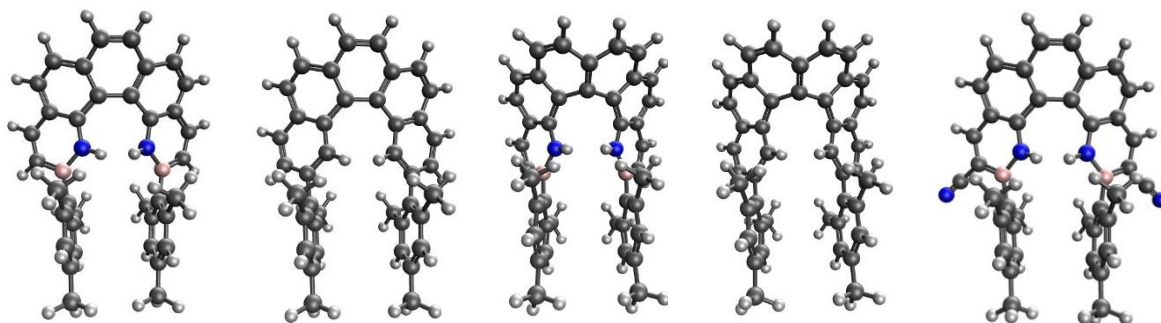


Fig. S30. Structures of the transition states of **BN[5]**, **CC[5]**, **BN[6]**, **CC[6]** and **BN[5]-(CN)₂**.

As the racemization barriers were determined experimentally by ECD in hydrocarbon solvent, we also performed the calculation of the transition states in consideration of the conductor-like polarizable continuum model (CPCM) with *n*-hexane as solvent (dielectric constant: 1.89). Comparing the energies of the optimized structures in S_0 with those of the transition states then allowed a calculation of the Gibbs' free activation energies of enantiomerization ($\Delta G^\ddagger(T)$) in solution. Table S54 shows that the BN-helicenes should racemize significantly more slowly than the carbohelicenes. Although the energy difference was calculated too high, this was in qualitative agreement with the experimental results ($\Delta G^\ddagger(25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}) = 25.7\text{ kcal mol}^{-1}$ for **BN[5]** and $24.3\text{ kcal mol}^{-1}$ for **CC[5]**). Moreover, the slightly decreased configurational stability upon the installment of two cyano-moieties ($\Delta G^\ddagger(25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}) = 25.0\text{ kcal mol}^{-1}$ for **BN[5]-(CN)₂**) was also mirrored by the calculations.

The elevating effect of BN-substitution on the racemization barriers was also found in the hexahelicenes, which indicates that *N-H* interactions play an important role with respect to the racemization rates.

Table S54. Calculated Gibbs' free energies of activation ($\Delta G^\ddagger(T)$) for the racemizations, using CPCM with *n*-hexane as solvent.

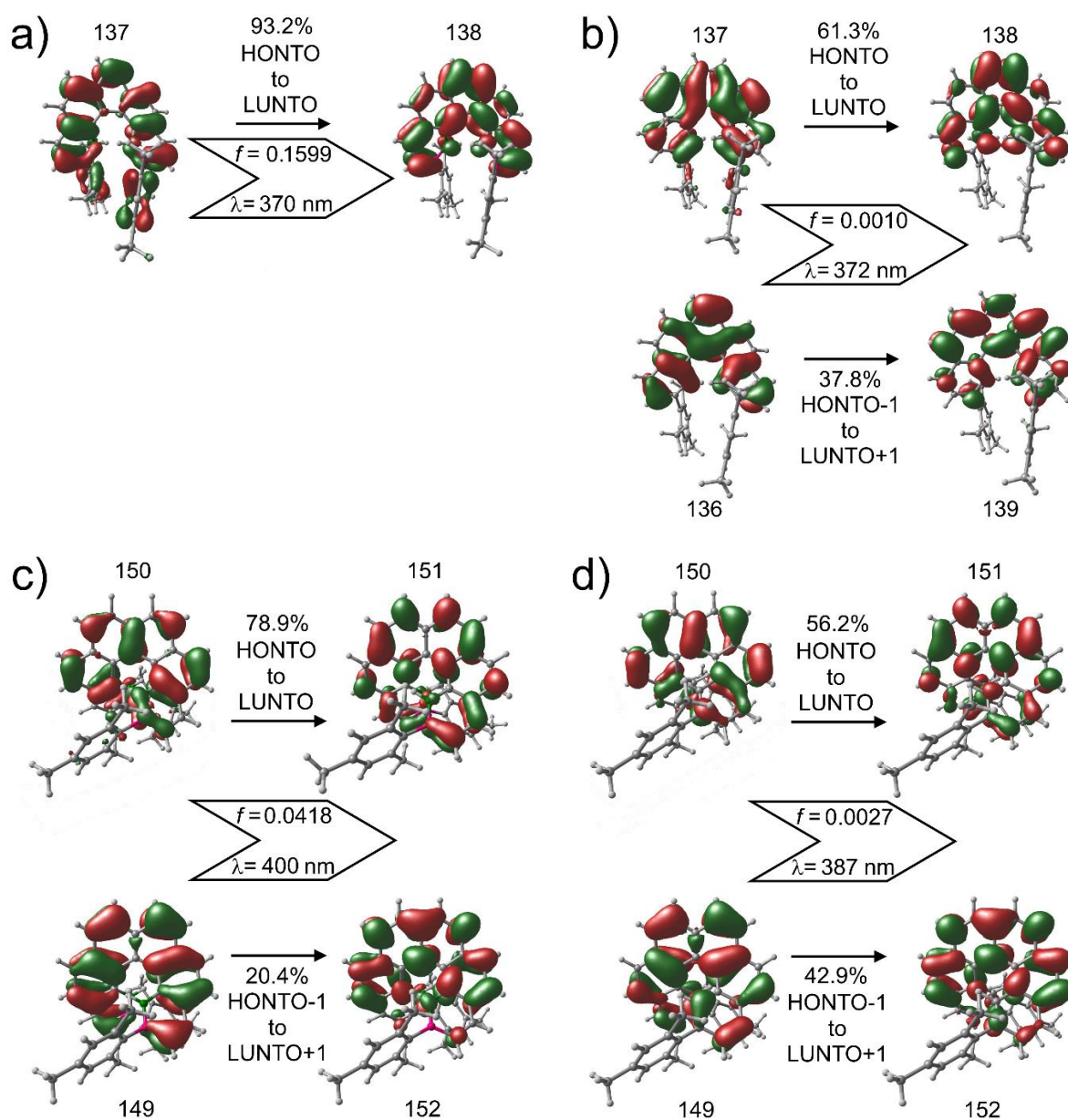
Compound	BN[5]	CC[5]	BN[6]	CC[6]	BN[5]-(CN)₂
ΔG [kcal mol ⁻¹]	28.3	24.2	50.2	46.3	27.7

7.3. Nucleus-Independent Chemical Shifts (NICS)

NICS(0) values (in-plane nucleus-independent chemical shifts) were calculated with Q-Chem (jobtype: nmr) at the MP2²⁹ / cc-pVDZ level of theory, using the optimized structures from the respective S_0 -calculations as inputs.

7.4. Natural Transition Orbitals (NTOs)

Natural transition orbitals (NTOs)³⁰ were calculated with Q-Chem (jobtype: sp, 40 roots). Fig. S31 shows visualizations (iso value: 0.025) of the NTOs that contribute most to the S_1 states, out of which fluorescence occurs. Also shown are the excitation energies and the respective oscillator strengths f . All transitions were symmetry-allowed due to a symmetry change upon excitation ($C_2 \rightarrow C_s$ or vice versa), except for HONTO \rightarrow LUNTO and HONTO-1 \rightarrow LUNTO+1 of **CC[5]**. Note that for **BN[5]-(CN)₂**, the S_2 state was calculated at a very similar wavelength (414 nm) to the S_1 state with a much higher oscillator strength of $f = 0.0996$ and 98.3% contribution of the HONTO (149) \rightarrow LUNTO (150) transition. Therefore, this state is most likely responsible for the lowest-energy absorption and fluorescence characteristics.



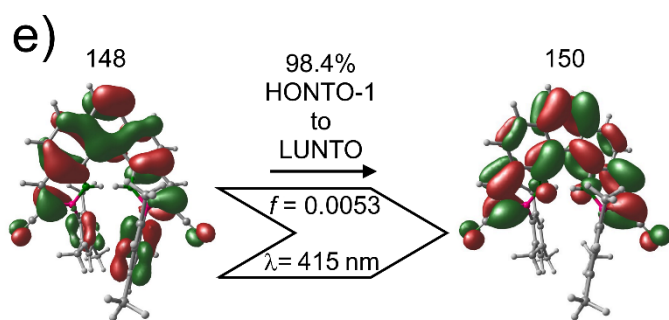


Fig. S31. NTO visualizations for **BN[5]** (a), **CC[5]** (b), **BN[6]** (c), **CC[6]** (d) and **BN[5]-(CN)₂** (e).

7.5. Electronic Circular Dichroism (ECD)

ECD spectra of the helicenes in (*M*)-configuration were calculated with Gaussian 09 (jobtype: td). Table S55 lists all wavelengths and rotatory strengths of the 50 lowest-energy states. Fig. S32 compares calculated and measured ECD spectra (second eluted enantiomer from (CSP)-HPLC). In all cases, negative CE was found at the highest wavelengths both in theory and in experiment. Therefore, the absolute configuration of the initially eluted helicenes was always (*P*), while it was (*M*) for the second fractions.

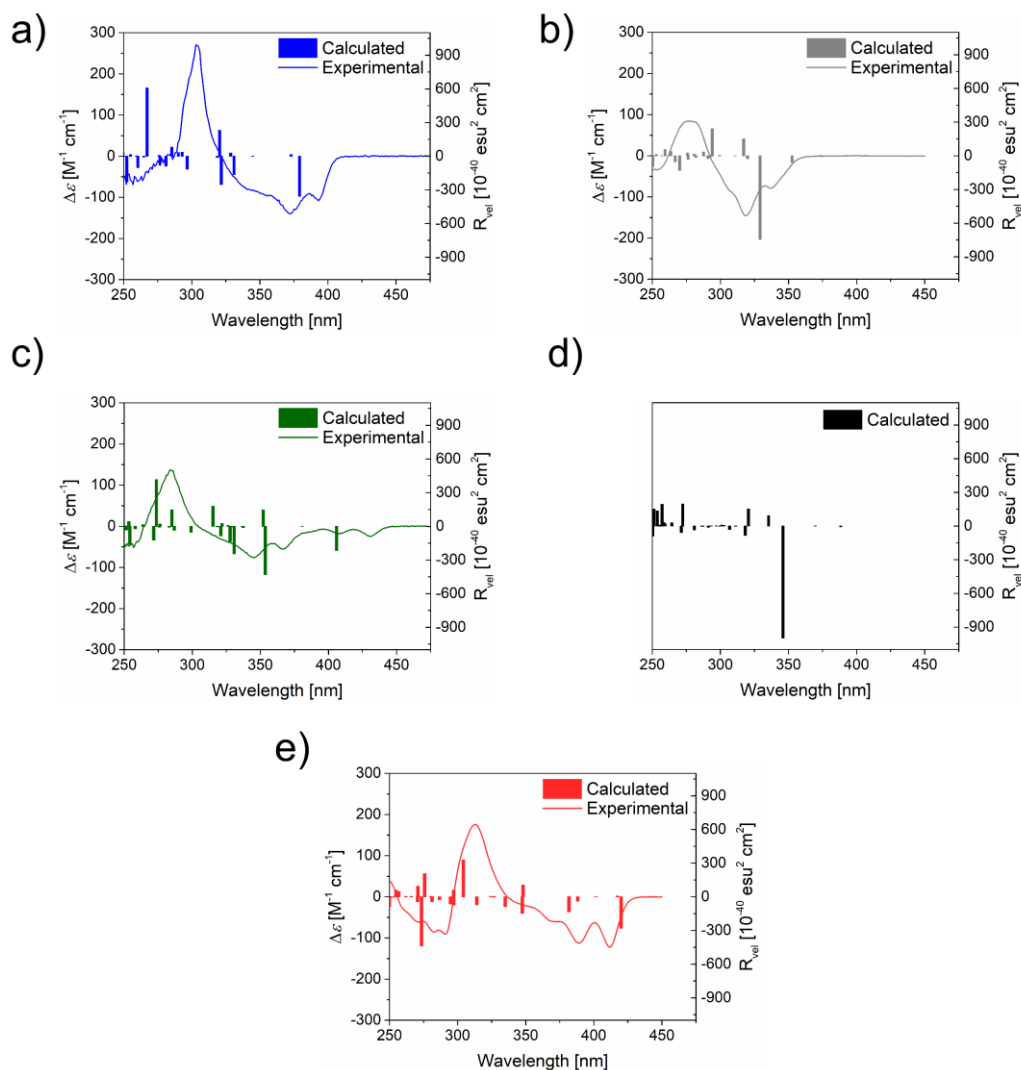


Fig. S32. Calculated Cotton bands of **BN[5]** (a), **CC[5]** (b), **BN[6]** (c), **CC[6]** (d) and **BN[5]-(CN)₂** (e) in (*M*)-configuration and experimentally obtained ECD spectra of the second eluted fractions from (CSP)-HPLC.

Table S55. Calculated rotatory strengths for the 50 lowest-energy states.

State	BN[5]		BN[6]		CC[5]		CC[6]		BN[5]-(CN) ₂	
	λ [nm]	R_{vel} [10 ⁻⁴⁰ esu ² cm ²]	λ [nm]	R_{vel} [10 ⁻⁴⁰ esu ² cm ²]	λ [nm]	R_{vel} [10 ⁻⁴⁰ esu ² cm ²]	λ [nm]	R_{vel} [10 ⁻⁴⁰ esu ² cm ²]	λ [nm]	R_{vel} [10 ⁻⁴⁰ esu ² cm ²]
1	379.24	-356	405.98	-216	373.87	3	388.35	-6	420.17	-279
2	372.96	14	380.50	1	352.57	-58	369.67	2	417.34	6
3	344.68	1	353.56	-430	329.15	-746	345.92	-997	401.69	1
4	331.01	-164	352.01	145	319.96	-26	335.36	93	388.25	-38
5	328.61	27	337.37	-10	317.08	152	320.59	151	381.87	2
6	321.69	-253	336.83	1	310.86	1	318.28	-82	381.75	-133
7	320.45	230	330.67	-244	299.44	5	311.19	1	348.02	105
8	318.80	-10	328.41	-6	293.99	241	311.14	-1	347.52	-149
9	296.62	-115	327.77	-134	293.01	-6	306.82	-30	334.92	-87
10	292.92	36	326.10	7	290.89	-24	302.73	3	326.73	5
11	290.19	32	321.85	25	290.17	1	301.26	7	324.20	2
12	286.53	-2	320.85	-85	287.68	33	300.63	0	314.13	-71
13	285.33	79	319.27	1	282.16	-15	299.54	-1	304.19	330
14	281.08	-87	318.32	-4	280.77	15	297.06	2	297.21	-75
15	276.67	-79	315.08	178	276.41	-31	293.22	2	297.06	60
16	276.05	9	299.16	-52	275.89	23	291.19	-12	294.75	-63
17	267.25	607	286.82	-37	270.06	-131	287.25	-2	286.68	-27
18	264.78	-6	285.06	148	266.77	-54	286.48	-3	281.20	-44
19	260.47	-101	283.01	-7	263.49	38	280.91	-35	280.39	4
20	259.29	2	276.22	20	259.38	54	272.36	195	279.10	0
21	255.06	14	275.78	-8	256.80	-1	271.34	-58	275.72	206
22	255.02	2	273.62	417	252.85	11	264.52	4	273.60	-436
23	252.31	-228	271.60	-124	250.28	-96	264.36	28	270.91	95
24	251.77	-4	263.75	15	247.31	118	259.34	21	270.53	-44
25	249.53	33	258.08	-23	246.45	-44	258.26	32	266.08	4
26	247.23	-4	254.07	-162	244.49	20	257.18	194	261.85	3
27	244.92	-66	253.46	43	241.70	-24	256.41	-2	256.80	46
28	244.23	-37	251.51	-33	241.40	-90	255.93	8	254.70	61
29	243.90	-2	250.71	3	239.94	-146	253.75	134	254.60	15
30	241.23	-1	250.60	-13	239.75	47	251.22	150	252.49	-2
31	237.83	-3	248.50	12	236.41	1	250.32	-89	251.80	-4
32	236.54	-8	248.16	-8	234.22	68	249.26	4	250.37	3
33	235.86	16	246.63	120	234.04	-20	247.74	6	249.89	-86
34	232.11	-102	243.31	1	232.35	42	244.94	77	246.80	-101
35	230.06	-5	240.51	37	231.79	-20	244.42	-64	246.79	8
36	229.48	14	238.76	41	230.32	-6	242.82	133	243.86	10
37	228.48	1	237.94	42	229.61	6	241.07	-4	239.88	21
38	227.05	43	236.84	19	228.81	121	240.51	-27	235.89	14
39	227.00	-54	236.72	1	227.36	-10	240.13	11	235.72	-7
40	226.48	47	236.31	35	224.90	116	239.67	-22	233.76	32
41	225.07	-1	235.74	47	224.84	78	237.91	-4	232.40	1
42	224.65	-48	232.58	-19	224.14	76	234.64	32	232.38	7
43	223.58	29	231.59	-49	223.08	17	234.35	-24	231.44	-3
44	223.19	-3	231.06	-17	221.27	82	233.09	-18	231.11	39
45	221.12	-5	227.39	-3	220.52	35	231.80	-31	231.02	-18
46	220.71	80	226.72	-22	219.98	-13	230.71	-82	229.55	15
47	220.24	-6	226.14	41	219.34	-26	230.12	-7	227.45	204
48	219.19	-3	226.03	-19	219.24	82	229.07	-99	225.86	-18
49	217.93	0	225.78	13	218.76	118	228.02	48	224.33	20
50	216.96	-26	225.68	11	217.21	-36	226.02	-3	221.87	2

7.6. Absorption and Luminescence Dissymmetry Factors

The dissymmetry factors g_{abs} and g_{lum} can be calculated using the theoretically obtained transition dipole moments, according to the simplified equation which is valid for most small organic molecules:

$$g_{\text{abs/lum}} \approx 4 \times |m| \times \cos(\theta) / |\mu|.$$

Here, $|\mu|$ and $|m|$ are the electric and magnetic transition dipole moments for a particular transition, while θ is the angle between both. Table S56 shows the calculated transition dipole moments, angles and dissymmetry factors for the lowest-energy excitation and emission.

Table S56. Calculated transition dipole moments, angles and dissymmetry factors for the $S_0 \rightarrow S_1$ and $S_1 \rightarrow S_0$ transitions.

	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1$ transition				$S_1 \rightarrow S_0$ transition				
	$ \mu $ [10^{-20} esu cm]	$ m $ [10^{-20} erg G $^{-1}$]	$ \theta $ [$^\circ$]	$ g_{\text{abs}} $	$ \mu $ [10^{-20} esu cm]	$ m $ [10^{-20} erg G $^{-1}$]	$ \theta $ [$^\circ$]	$ g_{\text{lum}} $	$\frac{ g_{\text{lum}} }{ g_{\text{abs}} }$
BN[5]	334	2.61	114	0.0130	405	2.75	112	0.0103	0.79
CC[5]	32.6	0.08	0	0.0095	51.0	0.11	0	0.0085	0.89
BN[6]	195	1.59	134	0.0224	213	1.73	135	0.0229	1.02
CC[6]	51.7	0.37	106	0.0078	36.9	0.25	102	0.0058	0.74
BN[5]-(CN)$_2$	323	2.12	114	0.0107	77.2	0.44	111	0.0081	0.76

7.7. Validation of Dissymmetry Factors

Several recent studies that report the chiroptical properties of helicenes have made use of the long-range corrected hybrid functional CAM-B3LYP.³¹⁻³⁴ This method proved particularly useful for the accurate reproduction of the experimental dissymmetry factors g_{abs} and g_{lum} .

We were interested whether the unusually high experimental g_{lum} value of **BN[6]** was reproducible by using the same theoretical approach. The required calculations were performed by Prof. A. J. Mota from the Department of Inorganic Chemistry from the University of Granada. Using Gaussian 16, Rev. C.02,³⁵ the S_0 geometry of **BN[6]** was optimized at the B3LYP²⁶-D3BJ³⁶ / 6-311+G(d,p) level of theory, including a Polarizable Continuum Model with DCM. Starting from this input geometry, the vertical transition was calculated with TD-DFT at the CAM-B3LYP³⁷-D3BJ / 6-311+G(d,p) level of theory, which allowed to calculate the theoretical g_{abs} value. The same level of theory was applied to compute the optimized geometry in S_1 and the $S_1 \rightarrow S_0$ transition, also enabling the calculation of the theoretical g_{lum} value (Table S57).

Table S57. Calculated transition dipole moments, angles and dissymmetry factors for the $S_0 \rightarrow S_1$ and $S_1 \rightarrow S_0$ transitions of **BN[6]**. Levels of theory: a) B3LYP / cc-pVDZ, gas phase; b) CAM-B3LYP-D3BJ / 6-311+G(d,p), PCM with DCM.

	$S_0 \rightarrow S_1$ transition					$S_1 \rightarrow S_0$ transition				
	λ	$ \mu $ [10^{-20} esu cm]	$ m $ [10^{-20} erg G $^{-1}$]	$ \theta $ [$^\circ$]	$ g_{\text{abs}} $	λ	$ \mu $ [10^{-20} esu cm]	$ m $ [10^{-20} erg G $^{-1}$]	$ \theta $ [$^\circ$]	$ g_{\text{lum}} $
a)	406	195	1.59	134	0.0224	438	213	1.73	135	0.0229
b)	354	231	2.11	126	0.0213	392	311	2.38	121	0.0156

While the CAM-B3LYP method expectedly gave an overestimated excitation energy,³⁸ the $|g_{\text{abs}}|$ value was similar to the results obtained with B3LYP. With respect to the $S_1 \rightarrow S_0$ transition, CAM-B3LYP yields a reduced $|g_{\text{lum}}|$ value for two reasons: Firstly, the electric term $|\mu|$ undergoes a higher percentage-wise increase for $S_1 \rightarrow S_0$ than for $S_0 \rightarrow S_1$. Secondly, the angle θ for the $S_1 \rightarrow S_0$ transition is smaller than for the excitation. However, the theoretical $|g_{\text{lum}}|$ value (15.6×10^{-3}) agrees very well with the experimental value ($|g_{\text{lum}}| = 13.3 \times 10^{-3}$), as the deviation between experiment and calculation is only 17%. This confirms both the high quality of this theoretical approach and the accuracy of our experimental results.

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