# **Rapid Discovery of Terpene Tailoring Enzymes for Total Biosynthesis**

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## **Electronic Supplementary Information**

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## **1. Cloning Procedures**

### **1.1 Genome Sequences and Annotation**

De novo gene predictions and annotations were made with the Funnanotate package v1.8.9 (Jonathan M. Palmer, <u>https://github.com/nextgenusfs/funannotate</u>) using the following database versions; MEROPS v12.0, Uniprot release 2022\_01, dbCan 10.0, pfam v35.0, GO release 2022-01-13, MIBiG v1.4, Interpro 87.0, BUSCO outgroups v1.0, gene2product v1.75, Eggnog\_DB v5.0.2.

Annotated genome sequence files are available at:

- 1. *Xylaria hypoxylon*: https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.23683644.v1
- 2. Hypoxylon rickii: https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.23652825.v1

## 1.2 Oligonucleotides and General PCR

Oligonucleotides for PCR and RT-PCR were designed using Geneious and synthesized by SigmaGenosys and Eurofins. The PCR experiments were conducted using Q5<sup>®</sup> high-fidelity DNA polymerase (New England Biolabs) for the DNA fragment for heterologous expression, and OneTaq<sup>®</sup> DNA polymerase was used for colony PCR. The gDNA from candidate fungi was extracted using a GeneEluteTM Plant Genomic DNA Miniprep Kit (Sigma Life Science). The protocol of gDNA extraction was described in our previous literature. <sup>1</sup> The hypoxylan A BGC DNA fragments were cloned from cDNA of *Hypoxylon rickii* without introns. The DNA fragments of the PR-toxin BGC were directly cloned from the gDNA of *Penicillium roquefortii* with introns. The DNA fragments of the sporogen AO BGC were cloned from the gDNA of *A. oryzae* NSAR1. The exons DNA fragments of *xhr1* were cloned from the *Xylaria hypoxylon* gDNA and then connected to a CDS sequence.

## 1.3 RT-PCR for AoL4 and AoL1

The mycelia of *A. oryzae* NSAR1 and *A. oryzae* NSAR1 transformants containing HrTc were collected after being cultured in DPY medium for 5 days, then quickly frozen in liquid nitrogen and ground into powder. The RNA was extracted using Quick-RNA Fungal/Bacterial Microprep Kit (ZYMO), and the High Capacity RNA-to-cDNA<sup>™</sup> Kit was used to reverse RNA to cDNA. The protocol of RNA extraction and RNA reserve experiment was described in our previous literature. <sup>2</sup> The resulting cDNA was used as the templates for the amplification of *aol4* and *aol1* by 450-500 bp (Figure S1).



- 1. The band of AoL4 in WT
- 2. The band of AoL1 in WT
- The band of AoL4 in WT+HrTc
- 4. The band of AoL1 in WT+HrTc

Figure S1. RT-PCR for the expression level of AoL4 and AoL1. Primers RT-PCR-*aoL4*-F and RT-PCR-*aoL4*-R were used for AoL4; RT-PCR-*aoL1*-F and RT-PCR-*aol1*-R were used for AoL1

## **1.4 Preparation of Competent Yeast**

All subsequent experiments utilised four vectors (pTYGs) that had been manipulated with different selection markers ( $\triangle argB$ , sC, adeA<sup>-</sup>, niaD<sup>-</sup>) for selection in A. oryzae NSAR1. The pTYGs vectors are equipped with the  $2\mu$  origin and the colE1 gene which facilitate replication in Saccharomyces cerevisiae and E. coli respectively. The auxotrophy URA3 gene and carB resistance gene were responsible for selection in Saccharomyces cerevisiae and E. coli respectively. The auxotrophy URA3 gene and carB resistance gene was used as also a selection marker in E. coli. Every pTYGs vector includes four promoter and terminator combinations (P/TamyB, P/Tadh, P/TgpdA, and P/Teno). All four empty plasmids can be restricted by NotI for yeast recombination.

Yeast was cultivated on YPAD agar at 30 °C for three days. A single colony was selected and incubated overnight in 10 mL YPAD media at 30 °C, 200 rpm. The 10 mL YPAD media was transferred to a 250 mL Erlenmeyer flask containing 40 mL fresh YPAD medium and incubated at 30 °C with 200rpm shaking for additional 4 hours. To collect the cells, the medium was centrifuged at 3,000 g for five minutes. The pellet was rinsed with 25 mL of ddH<sub>2</sub>O and centrifuged, then this step was repeated. The pellet was suspended in a Falcon tube containing a total of 5ml Lithium acetate (LiOAc, 0.1 M) and each 50  $\mu$ L was transferred into a separate 1.5 mL Eppendorf reaction tube. For immediate use, each sample was pelleted at 21,000 g for 15 s and the pellet was used for the yeast transformation. For cell stocking, instead of using LiOAc in the initial stage, FCC solution was used to stock frozen competent yeast cells. The pellet was suspended in 5 mL of FCC solution before being divided into 50  $\mu$ L portions and placed into individual 1.5 mL Eppendorf reaction tubes. Samples were stored at -80 °C. For thawing, samples were first incubated on ice and then centrifuged for 15 s at 21,000 g. The cells were employed for the yeast transformation process after the FCC solution was withdrawn.

### **1.5 Yeast Recombination**

The following components were added to the pellet in order:

- 1. 50 μL ssDNA;
- 2. 36  $\mu L$  1 M LiOAc;
- 3. 34  $\mu\text{L}$  DNA mix with linearized plasmid and appropriate inserts;
- 4. 240  $\mu\text{L}$  PEG solution;

The uncut plasmid served as a positive control, whereas the linearized plasmid served as a negative control. The particulate was suspended in the transformation mixture and incubated at 30 °C for 30 minutes with shaking by 300 rpm, followed by 42 °C for 40 minutes. The cells were pelleted at 13,000 g for 60s to get the pellet, and the supernatant was removed. The pellet was suspended in 200  $\mu$ L ddH<sub>2</sub>O and distributed on selective SM-Ura plates, which were then incubated at 30 °C for three days. The extraction of yeast plasmid was performed utilising the ZymoprepTM Yeast Plasmid Miniprep II kit (Zymo Research, Orange, California, USA).

### Media and solution

SM-URA Agar

0.17 % (w/v) Yeast nitrogen base (Sigma Aldrich); 0.50 % (w/v) Ammonium sulfate (Roth); 2.00 % (w/v) D(+)-Glucose Monohydrate (Roth); 0.077 % (w/v) Complete supplement mixture minus Uracil (Sigma Aldrich); 1.50 % (w/v) Agar (Duchefa Biochemie)

YPAD Agar/medium

1.00 % (w/v) Yeast extract (Duchefa Biochemie); 2.00 % (w/v) Tryptone (Duchefa Biochemie); 2.00 % (w/v) D (+)-Glucose Monohydrate (Roth); 0.03 % (w/v) Adenine (Roth); 1.50 % (w/v) Agar (Duchefa Biochemie)

FCC solution: 5% (v/v) glycerol; 10% (v/v) DMSO in  $ddH_2O$ PEG solution: 50% (w/v) polyethylene glycol 3350 in  $ddH_2O$ ssDNA: 2 mg/mL salmon sperm DNA in TE buffer, denatured at 98 °C for 5 minutes

## 1.6 Plasmid Selection and Generation by E. coli

After the total plasmids extraction of yeast, all the plasmids were transferred to *E. coli* competent cells. 50  $\mu$ L *E. coli* competent cells (Top10 or *ccdB* Survival TM 2 T1R, Thermo Fisher Scientific, USA) was used to mix with the yeast total plasmids and incubated on ice for up to 25 min. Following a heat shock of 90 seconds at 42 °C, the cells were subsequently transferred on ice for 3 minutes. Subsequently, 500  $\mu$ L of SOC medium was introduced to the cells. The cells were subjected to incubation at 37 °C, 200 rpm for 1 hour. Subsequently, they were evenly distributed onto LB agar plates that were supplemented with antibiotics. The plates were then left to incubate overnight at 37 °C. 14 colonies of each plasmid were chosen and suspended in 14 tubes containing 10  $\mu$ L ddH<sub>2</sub>O as a template for colony PCR. Different sets of primers were used to detect all of the genes in each plasmid. Three positive colonies of each plasmid were selected and grown overnight in a 50 mL LB medium containing antibiotics. The *E. coli* cells were harvested by centrifuge. A NucleoSpin Plasmid Kit (MACHEREY-NAGEL) was used to get the pure plasmid. A DNA sequencing kit (Eurofins Genomics) was used to confirm the sequences of all plasmids.

### Media and antibiotics

### LB Agar/medium

0.50 % (w/v) Yeast extract (Duchefa Biochemie); 1.00 % (w/v) Tryptone (Duchefa Biochemie); 0.50 % (w/v) Sodium chloride (Roth or VWR); 1.50 % (w/v) Agar (Duchefa Biochemie)

SOC medium

0.50 % (w/v) Yeast extract (Duchefa Biochemie); 2.00 % (w/v) Tryptone (Duchefa Biochemie); 0.06 % (w/v) Sodium chloride (Roth or VWR); 0.02 % (w/v) Potassium chloride (Roth); To be added: 25 mM final concentration Magnesium chloride hexahydrate 2M (Roth); 1.0 % final concentration D(+)-Glucose Monohydrate 20 % (Roth)

### Carbenicillin

Stock concentration is 50 mg·mL<sup>-1</sup> in ddH<sub>2</sub>O, working concentration is 50  $\mu$ g·mL<sup>-1</sup>;

### Chloramphenicol

Stock concentration is 30 mg·mL<sup>-1</sup> in ethanol, working concentration is 30  $\mu$ g·mL<sup>-1</sup>

Table S1 C	Digonucleotide	sequences
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Primer	Sequence (5'- 3')	Purpose			
Pamy-hrtc-F	CTGAACAATAAACCCCACAGCAAGCTCCGAATGGCGCCAATGGTCGACGA	HrTc forward			
Pamy-hrtc-R	ACTCTCCACCCTTCACGAGCTACTACAGATTCAGGTGGCCGGCTGCACAT	HrTc reverse			
Padh-hrl4-F	TTCTTTCAACACAAGATCCCAAAGTCAAAGATGCTCTCCTACATGCTCCC	HrL4 forward			
Padh-hrl4-R	TTTCATTCTATGCGTTATGAACATGTTCCCTTAATTCAATGGAAACCCTC	HrL4 reverse			
Pgpd-hrl5-F	ACAGCTACCCCGCTTGAGCAGACATCACCGATGGTTAAGTTGGACTTCGA HrL5 f				
Pgpd-hrl5-R	TACGACAATGTCCATATCATCAATCATGACCTACGTCAACCAGGGCTTGA	HrL5 reverse			
Peno-hrl8-F	CGACTGACCAATTCCGCAGCTCGTCAAAGGATGGCATCACTCAGGATTGA	HrL8 forward			
Peno-hrl8-R	CAGGTTGGCTGGTAGACGTCATATAATCATTTAGCGGAAGTCTGTCGCCG	HrL8 reverse			
Pamy-hrl3-F	CTGAACAATAAACCCCACAGCAAGCTCCGAATGGAGGAAGGCTTGATTGC	HrL3 forward			
Pamy-hrl3-R	ACTCTCCACCCTTCACGAGCTACTACAGATTCAGGACGAGAGCGCATCTC	HrL3 reverse			
Padh-hrl1-F	TTCTTTCAACACAAGATCCCAAAGTCAAAGATGTCGTCGACTCCCGTGCT	HrL1 forward			
Padh-hrl1-R	TTTCATTCTATGCGTTATGAACATGTTCCCTTAGACTGCCGCTTTCCGCC	HrL1 reverse			
Pgpd-hrl7-F	ACAGCTACCCCGCTTGAGCAGACATCACCGATGTTCGGAACAGATGCTCT	HrL7 forward			
Pgpd-hrl7-R	TACGACAATGTCCATATCATCAATCATGACTTAGTGCTCTACCAACTTTG	HrL7 reverse			
Padh-prl3-F	TTCTTTCAACACAAGATCCCAAAGTCAAAGATGGCCGTGATCTTCTCCTC	PrL3 forward			
Padh-prl3-R	TTTCATTCTATGCGTTATGAACATGTTCCCTCAGGCCTTGAGACGTCTTT	PrL3 reverse			
Pgpd-prl4-F	ACAGCTACCCCGCTTGAGCAGACATCACCGATGAACGCCTCAAAGTTGCC	PrL4 forward			
Pgpd-prl4-R	TACGACAATGTCCATATCATCAATCATGACCTAGCCAGTCTTGACGTCTG	PrL4 reverse			
Pgpd-prl7-F	ACAGCTACCCCGCTTGAGCAGACATCACCGATGACCATATCTCCAATCCC	PrL7 forward			
Pgpd-prl7-R	TACGACAATGTCCATATCATCAATCATGACCTATGCCTTGAGTGTGCTAC	PrL7 reverse			
Peno-prl9-F	CGACTGACCAATTCCGCAGCTCGTCAAAGGATGGATGCACTCGAGGCTCC	PrL9 forward			
Peno-prl9-R	CAGGTTGGCTGGTAGACGTCATATAATCATCTAATCGACTTCTGTGTTTA	PrL9 reverse			
Padh-aol3-F	TTTCTTTCAACACAAGATCCCAAAGTCAAAATGTTTGAGGGCGCCTACAC	AoL3 forward			
Padh-aol3-R	TTCATTCTATGCGTTATGAACATGTTCCCTCTATGTGCACCTTCTCCGTT AoL3 rev				
Pgpd-aol2-F	TAACAGCTACCCCGCTTGAGCAGACATCACATGACTCTAATATCGCTGTC AoL2 for				
Pgpd-aol2-R	ACGACAATGTCCATATCATCAATCATGACCCTACTGCGCACTTAATCTCA AoL2 rev				
RT-PCR-aol4-F	TGTTTTCAATACAATGGAACGATTC RT-PCR fc				
RT-PCR-aol4-R	GGCGAATGTGGCATACTTCCACTGG RT-PCR fo				
RT-PCR-aol1-F	AGGAGGAAGCTCAGGGATTGGCTGG	RT-PCR for AoL1			
RT-PCR-aol1-R	GCCTAATTTCGTTGCACTATAGACC RT-PCR for				
Padh-2XhR1-F1	TTTCTTTCAACACAAGATCCCAAAGTCAAAATGACAGCCAAAATGTTCGA	CDS part1 forward			
Padh-2XhR1-R1	TAGAGTCTATCAACAAACGA	CDS part1 reverse			
Padh-2XhR1-F2	TGCAAGAAAGTCGTTTGTTGATAGACTCTATCGTCGGTTTGGTGATACGC	CDS part2 forward			
Padh-2XhR1-R2	GCATAGCACTCTTGGGCATT	CDS part2 reverse			
Padh-2XhR1-F3	AGATGTTTGGAATGCCCAAGAGTGCTATGCACATATATCGCAACGACAAG	CDS part3 forward			
Padh-2XhR1-R3	TCGCGTTGCCGTTCTATAGTGATGGTGCCACACGCGGAGATGAGCTGGTA	CDS part3 reverse			
Padh-2XhR1-F4	TGGCACCATCACTATAGAAC	CDS part4 forward			
Padh-2XhR1-R4	GCTGTAAGAACGAACAGATC	CDS part4 reverse			
Padh-2XhR1-F5	TGCAAGCGAGGATCTGTTCGTTCTTACAGCTGCAACCGCAAATGCTATGC	CDS part5 forward			
Padh-2XhR1-R5	AGGTTGGCTGGTAGACGTCATATAATCATACTAAGAATGCTTTACAGTGG	CDS part5 reverse			
PamyB_S-F	CATGCTTGGAGGATAGCAACCG	For sequencing,			
PamyB_S-R	ACTCCAACTGTACATCAAACTCA	located in PamyB			
Padh plugF	ATTCACCACTATTATTCCCACCCTATAATA	For PCR fragments			
Padh plugR	GAGACGAAACAGACTTTTTCATCGCTAAAA	to close the Ascl			
PgdpA plugF	CTTTTCTTTTCTCTTTTCCCATCTTC	cloning site			
PgpdA plugR	TACGACAATGTCCATATCATCATCATGAC	without targeting			
Peno plugF	CTTCTTAAATATCGTTGTAACTGTTCCTGA	DNA and also for			
Peno plugR	CGAAGTATATTGGGAGACTATAGCTACTAG	sequencing			

Locus tag	Label	Predicted protein function	Domain hits
S02g001477	PrL10	Oxidoreductase BOA17	17beta hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase-like
S02g001475	PrL9	Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase ORF11	CYP60B-like
S02g001474	PrL8	Transcription factor ORF10	GAL4-like Zn <sub>2</sub> Cys <sub>6</sub> binuclear cluster DNA- binding domain
S02g001473	PrL7	Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase ORF9	CYP60B-like
S02g001472	PrL6	Eremophilane O-acetyltransferase ORF8	Transferase
S02g001470	PrL5	Hypothetical protein	DUF3237 domain-containing protein with a beta-barrel structure
S02g001469	PrL4	Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase ORF6	CYP56-like
S02g001468	PrL3	Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase ORF5	CYP56-like
S02g001467	PrL2	Short-chain dehydrogenase/reductase prx4	Insect-type alcohol dehydrogenase (ADH)- like, classical (c) SDRs
S02g001466	PrL1	FAD-dependent monooxygenase Prx3	FAD/FMN-containing dehydrogenase
S02g001465	PrTc	Aristolochene synthase	Non-plant Terpene Cyclases, Class 1
S02g001464	PrR1	Short-chain dehydrogenase/reductase Prx1	Retinol-DH_like_SDR_c_like
S04g000591	PrR2	Short-chain dehydrogenase/reductase Prx7	Insect-type alcohol dehydrogenase (ADH)- like, classical (c) SDRs
S04g000592	PrR3	Short-chain dehydrogenase/reductase Prx6	Insect-type alcohol dehydrogenase (ADH)- like, classical (c) SDRs
S04g000593	PrR4	MFS-type transporter Prx5	Fungal trichothecene efflux pump (TRI12) of the Major Facilitator Superfamily of transporters
S04g000594	PrR5	Up-frameshift suppressor 2 homolog	Middle domain of eukaryotic initiation factor 4G, Up-frameshift suppressor 2
S04g000595	PrR6	Unnamed protein product	/
S04g000595	PrR7	Plasmid maintenance protein 2	Forkhead-associated (FHA) domain found in <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> plasmid maintenance protein

Table S2 Gene annotations of PR-toxin BGC

 Table S3 Gene annotations of sporogen AO1 BGC

Locus tag	Label	Predicted protein function	Domain hits
AO090011000096	AoL7	Transcription factor	Fungal_TF_MHR
AO090011000097	AoL6	Drug resistance transporter	MFS_Azr1_MDR_like; efflux_EmrB
AO090011000098	AoL5	Unnamed protein product	/
AO090011000099	AoL4	Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase ORF9	CYP60B-like; CypX; p450
AO090011000100	AoL3	Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase BraC	CYP60B-like; CypX; p450
AO090011000101	AoL2	Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase TpcC	CYP60B-like; CypX; p450
AO090011000102	AoL1	Short-chain dehydrogenase Prx4	FabG; ADH_SDR_c_like; adh_short
AO090011000103	AoTc	Aristolochene synthase	Terpene_cyclase_nonplant_C1; Terpene_syn_C_2

Locus_tag	Label	Predicted protein function	Domain hits
Hr2g6175	HrL10	Trichothecene 8-O-acetyltransferase	Transferase
Hr2g6176	HrL9	Unnamed protein product	/
Hr2g6177a	HrL8	Short-chain dehydrogenase Prx4;	FabG; ADH_SDR_c_like
Hr2g6177b	HrL7	Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase ORF11	CYP60B-like; CypX; p450
Hr2g6177c	HrL6	Transcription factor ORF10	Zn(II) <sub>2</sub> Cys <sub>6</sub> transcription factor
Hr2g6178	HrL5	Short-chain dehydrogenase EriB	Rossmann-fold NAD(P)-binding domain
Hr2g6179	HrL4	FAD-dependent monooxygenase Prx3	FAD_binding_4
Hr2g6180	HrL3	Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase ORF9	CYP60B-like; CypX; p450
Hr2g6181	HrL2	SAT4 family membrane protein	No putative conserved domains
Hr2g6182	HrL1	Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase BraC	CYP503A1-like; CypX
Hr2g6183	HrTc	Aristolochene synthase	Terpene_cyclase_nonplant_C1; Terpene_syn_C_2

Table S4 Gene annotations of hypoxylan A BGC

Table S5 Gene annotations of eremoxylarin D BGC

Locus_tag	Label	Predicted protein function	Domain hits
7855_g	XhL9	Cytosine/purine transport protein FcyB	CodB; SLC-NCS1sbd_CobB-like
7856_g	XhL8	Highly reducing polyketide synthase AzaB	PKS_KS; PS-DH; PKS_KR; Enoyl_red; PP- binding; PKS_MT
7857_g	XhL7	Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase ORF11	CYP60B-like; CypX; p450
7858_g	XhL6	Short-chain dehydrogenase Prx4	FabG; ADH_SDR_c_like
7859_g	XhL5	MFS-type transporter AstH, drug resistance transporter	MFS_Azr1_MDR_like; Efflux_EmrB
7860_g	XhL4	Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase ORF6	CYP56-like
7861_g	XhL3	Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase ORF9	CYP60B-like; CypX; p450
7862_g	XhL2	FAD-dependent monooxygenase Prx3	FAD_binding_4
7863_g	XhL1	Eremophilane O-acetyltransferase Prx11	Transferase; PLN02663
7864_g	XhTc	Aristolochene synthase	Terpene_cyclase_nonplant_C1; Terpene_syn_C_2
7865_g	XhR1	Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase EfuG	CYP7_CYP8-like; CypX
7866_g	XhR2	Short-chain dehydrogenase eriB	Retinol-DH_like_SDR_c_like; PRK06197
7867_g	XhR3	C6 finger domain transcription factor AclZ	GAL4-like Zn(II) <sub>2</sub> Cys <sub>6</sub> ; Fungal Zn(2)-Cys(6)

#### **Protein Sequences**

HrTc

MAPMVDEYVSEPEPEVLLTQKKTKPAATSAQATLIVPSSDLTAQIHPRHEKVIAEVDGYFLQHWPFPDGKARKKFLA AGFSRVTCLYFPKALDDRIHHACRLLTLLFLIDDILEHMSLEDGRAYNERLMPLFRGTVLPDRSIPVEWISYDLWESM RAHDKGMADEIIEPVFTFMRAQTDSTRLTEMGLGQYLDYRERDVGKALLAALMRFSMALTVPSPDLELVRPVDRN CSKHLSVVNDIWSYEKEVLAAQTLHEEGGMLCTAVAVFSKEAEISPEASKRVLYHLCREWELEHRTLVAKVLAQKDT PVLRAYLQGLEFQMSGNELWSRTTLRYVQPAT

#### HrL1

MSSTPVLDTLLSTRLFNDSVAWASSLDKNDIKGLLLLTTVTLIIWRYLSQPKQRLVPGIPVIGGASSKDRIKNRERFRH DSQAMLKEGYFRNNVDGGFFYVPSPLGERLMLPIRYLEDLKTAPMDKVDFVGTFIEMFEGKYTTFGSRSTLHPRTVK ADLNQHLPDVMMDVQDEIAECFDEIFPKCSETEWTEVPLVDVITRIVARVSSRMFGGPELSRNSSWVAASIAFAID GYIGAQKLKRYPEFLKALVVRFIPEVRNLAKYYQEAENAALPMLAAREHMTERPKDLLAWMQEAAVGEEKDHRFIA GILLKISFAAIHTTAAANSQLIFDLCANPELIPMLREEYEKVANEDGKIGKRGFFQMHIMDSIMKESQRFNPLLLITFER IVTEDWRLSDGFVIPAHTNIGVPAQAIAMDPKLHPNPETFDGLRFMKLREATNDPAVKGKAQFAAANPQSMAFG YGRHACPGRFFASDEIKAITMYLLNHYEIKFAEGQTRPKSMEVETQFLPDHAATILCKRRKAAV

### HrL3

MEEGLIAMLKAHWVRVTGTLVIGYCLSHIVYNLYFHPLAKFPGPFLARSTLLWRFKNTMGGRQHRVFRVEHQKYG DVFRVSPNELSFASVQSYRDIYGFPPAGQAQFIKSDFYDVFGSGFKTGCIGSERDPKVHAAKKKHLLAAFSPRSLAAQ ESIIQRCTDAFVAKVGPLSRKDKAGIDMTKWFEMNAFDLLGEMAFGESFGCIAEEKHHFWIDLILTHLREIVLVDNLR RFRILATLGKLLLPSLATKVRATHQQYSRDKVQRRLESKSPRQDFFTNIVAKVKSGEVGLEELTAHASTLIIAGGETTAT TLTAALYYILRAPEVRSKLTDEIRGRYKSYDEIDSASALQLPYLQAVINEALRVHPSGAHGFQRISPGATVDGHWVPA GTEVYTSTWSVSHDKRYFEDPDAFRPERWVDPESKDIKEASQPFSLGYRACIGRSFAFVEMSLVLAKLFYSYDMELV DGDLDWETQSRHWVMWKAPVRIRARDALSS

### HrL4

MLSYMLPRLLFLQLGLLALSAMALSVSRITGKESNLGRLQEGATGACDALSAALPDHVFWPDSSDYLNQSQNVWS QTCVKTPQCVFEPADVAALSQGLKLIHDAESQFAFRAGGHMPVPGAQSLDDGVMISASKFNTNNLSADGSIASVG PGQTWMDVYQWLAPRGLAINGGRFPSVGVGGLLVGGGMGYFSGTQGWAVDDIVGWQVVLWNGTVLELVDA AQDPNADLAWALRGGSNLFGLVTRFDVRTFPVTSAFGGLTVWSSAAGPEVLGSLASFMAPGGGVDDPKAHIDVF SGISFPNGTPTLEYYNIALYLGGEEGPAALENFTAIPEDVTVSNGVAVHDSWTAIPQQLDSFSTRALRNLFYAISFEAT EESVKLYNKTIVENAVEMISDVKGLTTYAVYQPISKKFLEASKAKGSNVLGLDPDADGSFIAGIVLSMWENAEDDEAV LEFSRVSAQQIREQTEALGLHNTFTYLGDSAQGQSPFKSYANGKNLERLRAIRDKYDPDGFLERYLHRGFPLN

### HrL5

MVKLDFDLKRDVPELTGKVILITGGTNGLGAATAKMLASRSPAKIYITGRNESSAQRVIAGIKSTGSTTEVVWIGCDH TKLETVKEAADTILARETRLDVLMANAGIMALPPGLTKDGYELHFGINHVAHALLIRKLLGLLQKTVKEHGEARIIPIA SLALVLAPRKHGIVFDDLKTTQAYWLLGKWQRYAQSKLANLIYGRELARRYPEILTVVVDPGPSNTGLVSGLGFLDK MIVYMGNINRFLDDDQGHLNQVWAVGVPKDKVKHGEFYEPVGKLTTGYTHWCLDQKLAEKLWDWTEEQLKPW LT

HrL7

MFGTDALGPVAHHVISWTYQHLWILLAGIIVAKILYNGIYNVYFHPLSRFPGPRLAACSNVSFSKAFLRGRQPYETLRL HRRYGPVVRVAPNELSFNTAQSFRDIYGFRPGHKTFVKSTFYEGGSFAAKGVSSIVSERDPVVHGQMRRLLSHAFSN SSLLEQEELVTESVDQFVRRMRGNVCERVDIADLLERMAFDIIGNLAFGETFGALDTDERHPWIAITMGALTKGALV DSFKRFPMLASIVKLIMHKQIAALIDDTNKNEDLAIKLVKRRVSLPITRKDFLTRILAQRAQVDADPDSKHQHKVSDVE LAAHVSDFVLAGSETTSTVLSTATYYLLKTPSVYEKLASEIRSTFRTAGEINEATTRDLVYLNAVCKEAMRIYAPLPLGLP REVPEGGDTVDGHFLPAGTIVATNPIAASLDSTNFTDPLSFKPERWLDGYQGEDDLEASQPFSLGPRGCLGKSLGW MEMRQTLAKLIWNFDLELADPDLDWQRDSRMYTLWSKPHLHVRAKLVEH

### HrL8

MASLRIDEYSIPDLTDKVAVITGGSSGIGFAAAKILLSKNATVHVLDVNAPSGASPGDIEPWQSWAAFHFHRCNVTS WAEQLAAFDAIGRVDMVFANAGVSEPHDYFTHESLVDGREPSYGGLVDVNFVGVLHTVTLARRSMRAHGVREGS VVITISAVAYAPEQSLPVFAATKIALVGLVRSLRSTMLAQEGITINGVAPAATVTSLLPPHLAAPIVAMGLPISNAGFV GRALVYAATAKQDRKVEVYGKESDSELWLKENQERYNGRVILTLGDTYSELEGPIADLRPFWFGQENLRLTRAQQA ATDFR

### PrL3

MAVIFSSSALDSHTHVDKHLVRRPIRDLENNVDMLDHLSRVLTLSYQYHALGTAIALFACACAYALVAPRQPPKFPA PQLYDETGPIDLIALDKTIREGFQNYKGKYFTLKEAHGETVILPTKFMEELKALPDNMLNLDDEIDERFLSEHSLFTTTS VGGRISTVVNSVKNELTKTLGHLMGDIHEEVVYSFQELIPPCDDWTEIDIQSKLVRIVALVSGRIFVGLPMSRNQEYL DCIIEFTLNVFFAVPEIRAYPRLLRWTSRYLNTKVRAVHKSLATMRRLMAPIIAGTKQQLEMGTGPHNMCAWNIKN SNQKERDSLNIQAQMQLATSMAAIHTTSMTVTNAIFDLAARPEYLQPLRDELQDLRATEPLPYLNKSSMPKLRKLDS FLKESHRLSPISLLNMRRKIVQPITLHDGTVLQPGMHIAFPLHQVSNDEDLWENPSQFDGFRFQKLRDLPGNESKYQ FTATGTNNLDFGYGVHACPGRFFAANEIKMILVHLIDNFDFKFKGDIGRPDSLWTPGGYHPDPSVRVLLKRRLKA

### PrL4

MNASKLPLGSFVGTTLLLFILYKLVKLAYYVGQAKKTGLPYTLVPVLETEFLGKLLTPLIRPLFTSRLSRGEGWPRWIRFS ILDWAWEEKRRVHEELGDVFLLVSPEGLICYTADADMCWDVMNRRNEFLKPRDKYKVLEPYGPNVATTEGKAYNF HVRITAPPFNDGSGANDLVWNEASDQARALMESWSQENTTRDLSLDINRLTLAVISYTGFGKRLDFETEVSDLRNKI PPGYKMSLHHALHLVTTFMVKILLIPKWIMKMTSMKEIAIAHGELEKYMREMIRTETAKLSKDSEYQSADAKGNLLT SVLRASAFEAKAAGRKQAFSEDEVLGNLFLYLLAGYETTANAMTYGFITLALRQDLQDRIIQEVDGVYAEAAAEGRTS LNYTDDFEKFQYTYGFMYEVFRLYPGVCIITKMVPKDTTITVYPENNSPQQHVLPAECRVYLNVNAVHYHERYWPD PWALKPDRWMGTIGVTPNSRPNKKVVAQDKSRQVRGTLMTFSGGARACLGRKFTQSEYISVLATVLGKYRIVLGE GMDAKVVKQEIDHLAAGTVTLAPLKYVKLALKKRTDVKTG

### PrL7

MTISPIPGLLFVYDQPPHSIYVLPFVISAAALCYFIGLIVFNLWFHPLARFPGPLLARSTLLWRMRMTLKGRIHRSIEAG HQKYGPVLRVAPNELSFASVSSWKSIYGHRPGGMIPTKSEFYDMYGSGFNSLCIGSERDPEKHRQMKSFLSAAFSTK ALLEQEPLVSQTVDAFITRLGNDGGSETKGLDMTKWTEMVAFDILGEMAFGQSFECIIRGEPHYWQEMILKHLYFIT VADNLRRLPFALTLARFLAPVLTAVRNKHSQFTRDKVAERMTNKNLRKDFMSNLISKVESGEVDREEMTAHASTLII AGGETVATFLAATVYYLLKTPEVYKAMREEIRNRFPTYESINATSAQQLPYLQAVINEGLRIYPPGSQGFPRLSPGLAI DGEWIPEGTEIYTSAWTVTHNPQMFKDPMKFDPNRWLNEKSTDIKESSQPFSLGPRGCLGRNFALMELNLILSKLC WKYDMELMDQSLDWEGQSKVHVMWDKPALTVRFHSVDGSTLKA

### PrL9

MDALEAPELLLLPHLSALTPKTGFLIGLALAITAYCYYRHTQHPLYKFPGPRSAAWSNVLYCYYYIQGRQPFKLLELHN QYGSVVRTAPNDLSFNTAGAFRDIYNFRPGHETFIKSDWYDGGVFADKAHSIVSEREPGKHGHMRKYLSHAFSDKS LKAQEPLIDEVVNEFVSQLDVFGSKKGGIDIVVWFNLATFDIIGSLAFGESFGGVKSGEVHPWISRIITAIGQSALADA FKRFPKFATTFKWLFPKAIEKMLEDTAGHENYTISLIDKRLSNPSTRPDFLTRMLENRPEDLTDVQIAAHASDFVIAGS ETTATTLSCIVYYLTKNPSVYQKATQEIRDRFERFEDINSTAASQLKYLHALALEAMRIYPPLPLALPRVVPKGGDTIDG HFVAEGTIVSVNPVAACLSTKNFDAPLEFRPERWLESDLVDDHEASQPFSMGPRACLGRNLAWIELSLLLSKMLWV YDIELLNTEVD

## AoL3

MFEGAYTTLGTHSRLLPQVVRAQLNQYLPDVLPEIQFKVALQIHREIPFNAITECFAKSDWTVINVTELMAVLVARV SSRMFGGPALSQNREWIEASLRFAHDGFNAAQKLKMWPDTLKFIGQHFIPEVRSIKNTYKIAERAIIPLLDEREVDKS KKAHDLLTWMYDQAQGAEKDKKFIAGTLLKVSFAAYHTSAAAPTQLLFDIAAMPEHIAPLLGEYLSAPRDNNQNIS VKGFAQMVKLDSIMKESQRFNPLLLLTFERIIKRDFTLSDGVVIPANTWIGCAAQAIGMDRKLYPDPDTFDAFRFVA KEEATATSTSVPATKAHYTSANPGSMAFGYGQHACPGRFFAMMEIKAIIGEILSRFEMRLADGEMRPPSVTFETQH LPHPAGKVLFKRRRCT

#### AoL2

MTLISLSLLALSLWIIIRVLVIIYRLAWHPLARFPGPKFAAATSAYEFYFDAIKGGQYTFEIGHMHKKYGPIVRISPHELHI NDPGFIEELYPGPGKPRDKYAYATGQFGIPDVCSLVLTPYDLSSVFGAVSHDLHRMRRGALSPFFSKAAVTKLEPVIYS AVDKLISRIEEVVESTGFVDLTMAFSCMTTDIVTQYAFAESSRFLENPDFTPNFHEAILAGTRMGSWARHFPILFPVL RSIPIDILSRMSPETGVFLRWQESMRKKVSEIWQDQSALPVKDKNVSPFGSTIFHELFHSDMPDSEKHPGRMWQE GQIVIGAGTETTAWTLTATTFFILDNPNILSKLRKELAATMPNRYEKPSCRELEALPYLIIIQEGLRLSFGVATRLQRINS EAPMIFRQKKTNDTIEEKVWEIPTGTPVGMTAALVHLNPELFPDPHEFRPERWLDQDGQLHRGLDKYILSFSRGSR QCIGINLAYSELYMGIGILIRRLGDRMQLFETDRTDVDMVEDCFVPVPRRESNGVRVRLSAQ

#### XhR1

MTAKMFDEYGLTLWLEAAPQHWKLSVGFGILLIPILTFIITTIISWIGWANNRHGREPPLNPYWIPFFGNWMSFLLA RKSFVDRLYRRFGDTPVTVKLGHAKAYLLTKPESYGPILRDTKSCTNKAFAVVIMEQMFGMPKSAMHIYRNDKSGV GAIPFPGSTIPAHLRVWHHHYRTATRYLQGDSLRHLSGEVVKHLSDELAKIDPNDPVDSGEWVDVPDFFTWWTHR YFAATITALCGPHLIALNPGFVEDFWDYLNSWPSISKFYPRILAPKAYGARQRILDGIKRWHSHARQHSDYRHNGAD APAWDEYWGSVWFKVRQRWGQDTGGMNDDALASEDLFVLTAATANAMPMAFWNLIEVYNDPALLGRIQAEL SNAIVPPDANEDKLPYRFDINAITSSPLLQSVYAEVLRMRVSLFHNRSPTQGDYSLGPYKFKQGGLVCVSTNIASNHA YTWRNRIDGGQRPLDKFWADRFLVSNPKDNNTMKFSTDGLDGAWIPYGGGALMCPGRHLAKQEMMSGVAIFD AYFDMKLVKGVPRMDDGFFALGAQPPGEPVPVRMRRKVGISPVGTATTVKHS

## 2. Constructed Vectors

All the plasmids in this study were constructed by yeast recombination and selected in *E. coli*. The sequenced vectors were labelled with ID XX\_ and were used by different combinations for *Aspergillus oryzae* transformations (Table S6). The features of all plasmids are depicted by cartoon maps correspondingly (Figure S2).

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Construct ID	Plasmids	Features
XX01	pTYGS_arg-hrtc	HrTc under control of PamyB, argB as the selection marker
XX02	pTYGS_arg-hrtc-hrl4-hrl5- hrl8	PamyB induces HrTc, Padh induces HrL4, PgpdA induces HrL5, Peno induces HrL8; selection marker is <i>arg</i>
XX03	pTYGS_ade-hrl3-hrl1-hrl7	PamyB induces HrL3, Padh induces HrL1, PgpdA induces HrL7; selection marker is <i>ade</i>
XX04	pTYGS_arg-hrtc-hrl4 -hrl8	PamyB induces HrTc, Padh induces HrL4, Peno induces HrL8; selection marker is <i>arg</i>
XX05	pTYGS_arg-hrtc-hrl5-hrl8	PamyB induces HrTc, PgpdA induces HrL5, Peno induces HrL8; selection marker is <i>arg</i>
XX06	pTYGS_ade-hrl1-hrl7	Padh induces HrL1, PgpdA induces HrL7; selection marker is ade
XX07	pTYGS_ade-hrl3-hrl7	PamyB induces HrL3, PgpdA induces HrL7; selection marker is ade
XX08	pTYGS_arg-hrtc-hrl8	PamyB induces HrTc, Peno induces HrL8; selection marker is arg
XX09	pTYGS_ade-prl3-prl4	Padh induces PrL3, PgpdA induces PrL4; selection marker is ade
XX10	pTYGS_met-prl7-prl9	PgpdA induces PrL7, Peno induces PrL9; selection marker is met
XX11	pTYGS_ade- <i>prl3</i>	Padh induces PrL3; selection marker is ade
XX12	pTYGS_ade- <i>prl4</i>	PgpdA induces PrL4; selection marker is ade
XX13	pTYGS_met- <i>prl7</i>	PgpdA induces PrL7; selection marker is met
XX14	pTYGS_ade-aol3-aol2	Padh induces AoL3, PgpdA induces AoL2; selection marker is ade
XX15	pTYGS_ade- <i>xhr1</i>	PgpdA induces XhR1; selection marker is ade

Table S6 Plasmids used in this study





Figure S2 The maps of the plasmids in this study

## 3. Transformation and Selection of A. oryzae

## **3.1** Preparation of Protoplasts

A. oryzae NSAR1 was grown on a DPY plate for 5-7 days. Conidia were inoculated into 50 mL GN medium in a 250 mL flask, which was incubated overnight at 28 °C, 110 rpm. The grown mycelia were collected by a sterile Mira-cloth filter and were incubated in 25 mL 0.8 M NaCl solution containing 15 mg/mL lysing enzyme in a 50 mL-Falcon tube on a Stuart SB3 rotator at a speed of 6 for 4 hours, at room temperature. The protoplasts were released from hyphal strands by gentle pipetting with a wide—bore pipette. Afterwards, the supernatant was filtered through a sterile Mira-cloth filter and collected in a new 50 mL-Falcon tube and was centrifuged (5 min, 3000 x g) for collecting protoplasts.

## 3.2 Transformation and Selection

The resulting supernatant was discarded and the pellet, which is the protoplasts was suspended in 1 mL solution 1 and divided into 10 tubes by 15 ml-Falcon. The plasmids were added into the protoplast solution, for one plasmid, 1  $\mu$ g of the plasmid was used for one tube; for two plasmids, 3  $\mu$ g of each plasmid was used for one tube; for three plasmids, 6  $\mu$ g of each plasmid was used for one tube. 10  $\mu$ L water was added to one Falcon as a negative control. The empty plasmids were used as a positive control according to the type of selection media. The mixture of protoplast solution and plasmids was incubated on ice for 2 min. Then 1 mL solution 2 was added and the tube was turned upside down several times gently to mix the protoplasts, solutions and plasmids sufficiently. Subsquently, the tubes were incubated for 30 min at 28 °C. Pre–warmed 12 ml CZD/S soft agar was added to each tube and mix throughly, then overlaid onto two prepared CZD/S agar plates. Plates were incubated at 28 °C for 4–5 days until colonies appeared. The colonies that emerged were transferred to another CZD/S plates. The colonies were then cultivated for 5-7 days on DPY agar. The spores and mycelia were scratched into DPY medium for fermentation. Meanwhile the spores were transferred to make glycerol stocks.

## DPY agar/ medium

2.00 % (w/v) Dextrin from potato starch (Sigma Aldrich) 1.00 % (w/v) Polypeptone (Roth) 0.50 % (w/v) Yeast extract (Duchefa Biochemie) 0.50 % (w/v) Monopotassium phosphate (Roth) 0.05 % (w/v) Magnesium sulfate hexahydrate (Sigma Aldrich).

## GN medium

2.00 % (w/v) D (+)-Glucose Monohydrate (Roth); 1.00 % (w/v) Nutrient broth Nr. 2 from Oxoid (Fisher Scientific).

## CZD/S Agar (soft agar was made by 0.80 % (w/v) Agar)

3.50 % (w/v) Czapek Dox broth (Duchefa Biochemie); 18.22 % (w/v) D-Sorbitol (= 1 M) (Roth); 0.10 % (w/v) Ammonium sulfate (Roth); 0.05 % (w/v) Adenine (Roth); 0.15 % (w/v) L-Methionine (Roth); 1.50 % (w/v) Agar (Duchefa Biochemie).

## CZD/S1 Agar (soft agarwas made by 0.80 % (w/v) Agar)

3.50 % (w/v) Czapek Dox broth (Duchefa Biochemie); 18.22 % (w/v) D-Sorbitol (= 1 M); (Roth) 0.10 % (w/v) Ammonium sulfate (Roth); 0.15 % (w/v) L-Methionine (Roth); 1.50 % (w/v) Agar (Duchefa Biochemie).

### CZD/S1 Agar w/o Methionine (soft agar was made by 0.80 % (w/v) Agar)

3.50 % (w/v) Czapek Dox broth (Duchefa Biochemie); 18.22 % (w/v) D-Sorbitol (= 1 M) (Roth); 0.10 % (w/v) Ammonium sulfate (Roth); 1.50 % (w/v) Agar (Duchefa Biochemie)

**Solution 1:** 0.8 M Sodium chloride, 10mM Calcium chloride, 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5.

**Solution 2:** 60% (w/v) PEG3350, 0.8 M Sodium chloride, 10 mM Calcium chloride, 50 mM Tris-HCl pH 7.5

EXP	hrtc	hrl1	hrl3	hrl4	hrl5	hrl7	hrl8	prl3	prl4	prl7	prl9	aol2	aol3	xhr1	Plasmids
1	√														XX01
2	$\checkmark$	√	√	√	√	√	1								XX02+XX03
3	$\checkmark$	√	√	√		√	1								XX03+XX04
4	√	√	✓		✓	✓	√								XX03+XX05
5	√	√		✓	✓	✓	√								XX02+XX06
6	√		✓	✓	✓	✓	√								XX02+XX07
7	√	√	✓			✓	√								XX03+XX08
8	√	✓				✓	✓								XX06+XX08
9	~							√	√	√	√				XX01+XX9+ XX10
10	√							√							XX01+XX11
11	√								√						XX01+XX12
12	~								✓	√					XX01+XX12 +XX13
13	$\checkmark$											✓	√		XX01+XX14
14	$\checkmark$													~	XX01+XX15

Table S7 Combinations of plasmids for each experimental group

## 4. Fermentation, Analysis and Compound Purification

## 4.1 Fermentation and Extraction Protocols

Transformants were isolated from DPY agar plates by scraping, and then 1 mL spore suspension was inoculated into 100 mL DPY-medium in a 500 mL baffled flask and incubated at 28 °C with 110 rpm shaking for 5-7 days. A hand blender was used to homogenise the whole culture, and then filtration was used to separate the mixture allowing the chemical to be released into the culture. The pH of the supernatant was adjusted to between 3 and 4 using 2 M hydrochloric acid, and then it was extracted twice with ethyl acetate. After the organic layers were separated, they were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>, and the solvent was subsequently removed under decreased pressure. After dissolving the crude extract in methanol to a concentration of 10 mg/mL, the solution was filtered through a glass wool before being tested by LCMS. The concentration of the crude extract employed for the purification process was 50 mg/mL, after transformants were cultivated on a large scale (about 2 litres) for preparative LCMS.

## 4.2 Analytical and Preparative LC-MS

The collection of analytical LCMS data was conducted using a Waters LCMS system, which consisted of a Waters 2767 autosampler, a Waters 2545 pump, a Phenomenex Kinetex column (2.6  $\mu$ m, C<sub>18</sub>, 100 Å, 4.6 x 100 mm) equipped with a Phenomenex Security Guard precolumn (Luna, C<sub>5</sub>, 300 Å), and with a solvent flow of 1.0 mL·min<sup>-1</sup>. For detection purposes, two instruments were utilised: a Waters ZQ mass detector capable of operating in both ES<sup>+</sup> and ES<sup>-</sup> modes within a mass range of 100 to 1000 *m/z*, and a 996 Diode Array detector with a wavelength range of 210 to 600 nm. In this study, two HPLC solvents were utilised: Acetonitrile (B) with a concentration of 0.045 % formic acid, and water (A) with an additional 0.05 % formic acid.

The purification of all compounds was carried out using a Waters mass-directed autopurification system consisting of a Waters 2767 autosampler, Binary Gradient Module 2545 with 515 HPLC pumps, and System Fluid Organiser. The purification process utilised a Phenomenex Kinetex Axia column (5  $\mu$ m, C<sub>18</sub>, 100 Å, 21.2 × 250 mm) equipped with a Security Guard pre-column (Luna C<sub>5</sub> 300 Å). The elution of compounds occurred at a flow rate of 20 mL·min<sup>-1</sup> at ambient temperature. The Waters Sample Manager 2767 instrument was employed to acquire fractions through either a mass-directed trigger or a time-dependent trigger. The fractions obtained from the mixture were subjected to vacuum evaporation as a preliminary step to remove the organic solvents. Subsequently, the resulting aqueous phases were dried using a Freeze Dryers and/or rotary evaportaor. The dried samples were weighed, dissolved, and subjected to analysis using HPLC prior to being submitted for nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) analysis.

## 4.3 HRMS and NMR

The HR-ESI-MS studies utilised the Agilent 1200 Infinity Series High Resolution Electrospray Ionization-Mass Spectrometry (MS) instrument. The mass spectrometer utilised in this study was the maXis ESI-TOF instrument from Bruker Daltonics, Agilent Technologies. In the stationary phase, a Waters Acquity UPLC BEH C<sub>18</sub> column (Milford, USA; 2.1 x 50 mm, 1.7  $\mu$ m) was employed. The ultraviolet/visible spectra were recorded within the wavelength range of 200 to 600 nm. The NMR data were obtained by utilising three different apparatus: the Bruker Ascend 400, the Bruker Ultrashield 500, and the Bruker Ascend 600. The selection of apparatus was based on the weight of the compounds. Each apparatus was equipped with a cryo-cooled probe that operated at frequencies of 400/500/600 MHz (<sup>1</sup>H) and 100/125/150 MHz (<sup>13</sup>C), respectively.

$\begin{array}{c} 201 \\ 100 \\ 450 \\ 500 \\ 500 \\ 550 \\ 550 \\ 550 \\ 600 \\ 650 \\ 650 \\ 750 \\ 750 \\ 750 \\ 750 \\ 750 \\ 750 \\ 750 \\ 850 \\$	4 9.00 3: Diode Array Range: 2.154 9.00 3: Diode Array Range: 2.508
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$\begin{array}{c} \text{Exp1-Iransformant 3} \\ \begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 10 \\ 40 \\ 40 \\ 40 \\ 40 \\ 40 \\ 40 \\ 4$	9.00 3: Diode Array 9.00 3: Diode Array Range: 2.508
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$\begin{array}{c} \text{Exp:-transformant 2} \\ \text{Exp:-Transformant 13} \\ \text{4}_{31} \\ \text{4}_{31} \\ \text{5}_{42} \\ \text{6}_{582} \\ \text{7}_{59} \\ \text{7}_{50} \\ \text{7}_{50} \\ \text{8}_{50} \\ \text{8}_{50} \\ \text{8}_{50} \\ \text{8}_{59} \\ \text{7}_{59} \\ \text{8}_{59} $	Range: 2.508
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4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 6.00 6.50 7.00 7.50 8.00 8.50 Evn2-Transformant 5	9.00 3: Diode Arra
4.30 6.48 6.79	Range: 1.65
1.0 4.45 4.61 4.76 5.30 5.64	Time
4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 6.00 6.50 7.00 7.50 8.00 8.50	9.00
Exp3-Transformant 8 13 6.48	3: Diode Arra Range: 1.01
1.0 0e-1 4.01 4.30 5.22 5.63 6.77	
4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 6.00 6.50 7.00 7.50 8.00 8.50	9.00
Exp3-Transformant 7	3: Diode Arra Range: 1.4*
1.0 4.30 4.58 5.22 5.65 A 6.77	
4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 6.00 6.50 7.00 7.50 8.00 8.50	9.00
Exp3-Transformant 6 13 648 2	3: Diode Arra Range: 1.37
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4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 6.00 6.50 7.00 7.50 8.00 8.50	9.00
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Exp4-Transformant 3	3: Diode Arra
10 14	Range. 1.5
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$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3. Diode Arra Range: 2.30 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.63 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.67 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.67 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.67 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.67 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.54
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4 00 4 50 5 00 5 50 6 00 6 50 7 0 7 50 8 00 8 50 Exp5-Transformant 1 201433 434 50 5 50 5 50 6 50 7 50 7 50 8 00 8 50 Exp5-Transformant 7 101429 450 5 50 5 50 6 50 7 50 7 50 8 00 8 50 Exp5-Transformant 7 101429 450 5 50 5 50 6 50 7 50 7 50 8 00 8 50 Exp6-Transformant 15 101429 450 5 50 5 57 606 6 50 7 50 7 50 8 00 8 50 Exp6-Transformant 7 101421438 473 5 15 572 6 06 6 6 51 7 53 8 17 6 00 6 50 7 50 8 00 8 50 Exp6-Transformant 7 101421438 473 5 15 572 6 06 6 6 51 7 53 8 17 6 00 8 50 8 50 8 50 8 50 8 50 8 50 8 50	3. Diode Arra Range: 2.30 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.63 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.67 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.67 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.67 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.57 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.57
4.00 4.50 5.00 5.50 6.00 6.50 7.00 7.50 8.00 8.50 Exp5-Transformant 1 $20 \frac{4}{20} \frac{434}{450} \frac{5}{500} \frac{5}{500} \frac{5}{500} \frac{5}{500} \frac{5}{600} \frac{7}{650} \frac{7}{750} \frac{7}{750} \frac{8}{800} \frac{8}{850} \frac{5}{600} \frac{5}{650} \frac{7}{750} \frac{8}{750} \frac{8}{750} \frac{8}{850} \frac{8}{850} \frac{1}{6} \frac{5}{600} \frac{6}{650} \frac{7}{750} \frac{8}{750} \frac{8}{850} \frac{8}{850} \frac{1}{8} \frac{5}{600} \frac{5}{650} \frac{5}{650} \frac{5}{650} \frac{5}{650} \frac{5}{650} \frac{5}{650} \frac{5}{650} \frac{5}{650} \frac{5}{750} \frac{5}{750} \frac{8}{8} \frac{1}{8} \frac{1}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{4}{150} \frac{5}{500} \frac{5}{500} \frac{5}{500} \frac{5}{600} \frac{6}{650} \frac{5}{700} \frac{7}{750} \frac{8}{8} \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{5}{500} \frac{5}{500} \frac{5}{500} \frac{5}{600} \frac{6}{650} \frac{6}{650} \frac{7}{7} \frac{5}{10} \frac{8}{8} \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{5}{500} \frac{5}{500} \frac{5}{500} \frac{6}{600} \frac{6}{650} \frac{7}{7} \frac{5}{10} \frac{8}{8} \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{10} \frac{1}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{4}{10} \frac{5}{500} \frac{5}{500} \frac{5}{500} \frac{6}{600} \frac{6}{650} \frac{6}{7} \frac{1}{10} \frac$	3. Diode Arra Range: 2.36 9.00 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.63 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.67 9.00 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.67 9.00 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.41 9.00 3. Diode Arra Range: 1.41

Figure S3 Chromatograms (DAD) of some transformants for each experiment.

Exp8-Transformant 4							3: Diode Array
2.0 4.02	5.50		6.00				Range. 2.020
	5.71 6.03		6.85 0.33	7.50	8.00	8 50	
Exp8-Transformant 3	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	0.00	8.50	3: Diode Array Range: 2.374
1.0 4.89	5.51 6.03		6.867.02				
4.00 4.50 5.00 Exp8-Transformant 1	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00 3: Diode Array Range: 2.082
2.01	5.51		6 85 7 00				
4.00 4.50 5.00	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00
Exp9-Transformant 6	10						3: Diode Array
1.0 4.26 4.40 1272 9/11 5.07 5	<u>5.45</u> <u>.33</u> <u>5.65</u> <u>5.91</u>		6 <mark>9</mark> 5				Range: 1.286
4.00 4.50 5.00 Exp9-Transformant 8	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00 3: Diode Array
	5.45		8				Range: 2.428
4.00 4.50 5.00	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00
Exp9-Transformant 4	5.45						3: Diode Array Range: 1.523
1.0 4.20 4.43 4.66 4.79 5.12	6,02	6.33	8 7,17	7.40			Time
4.00 4.50 5.00	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00 3: Diode Array
Exp10-Transformant 5	5.78 A						Range: 1.104
5.0e-1 4.234.40 5.08	5.66		6.98	7.60	8.04	8 50	
Exp10-Transformant 4	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	6.50	3: Diode Array Range: 1.445
1.5 1.0 5 0e-1 4.24 4.43 4.62 5.10	5.77 6.06		6.99		8.03		
4.00 4.50 5.00	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00
Exp10-Transformant 3	<b>7</b>						3: Diode Array Range: 1.54
1.0- 4.40 4.64 5.09	5.43 5.76		6.98		8.01		Time
4.00 4.50 5.00 Evp11-Transformant 5	5.50 6.00 10	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00 3: Diode Array
	5:45 A						Range: 2.321
	5.79 6.07		6.98	7.50	8.03		<del></del>
Exp11-Transformant 3	10 10	0.50	7.00	7.50	0.00	0.00	3: Diode Array Range: 1.544
1.0	A 5.66 6 77 6 02		7.00				
4.00 4.50 5.00	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.02	8.50	9.00
Exp11-Transformant 2	10 5.45						3: Diode Array Range: 2.126
2.0 1.0 4.38 4.66	5.77 6.06		6.98				
4.00 4.50 5.00	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00
Exp12-Transformant 2	10						3: Diode Array Range: 1.625
1.5 4.19 4.35 1.0 4.54 54.54	5.46		7.01		8.09		
4.00 4.50 5.00	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00
Exp12-Transformant 11	10						3: Diode Array Range: 1.461
1.0 4.18 4.35 <b>3.3</b> 6 4.77	A 5.66 5.79 6.05		7.01		8.08		
4.00 4.50 5.00	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00
1.5 1 4.02 126 9/11	10						3: Diode Array Range: 1.496
1.0 5.0e-1 4.18 4.34 4.53	5.66 5.78 6.04		7.00		8.08		
4.00 4.50 5.00	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00
expl3-Transformant 3	5.78						3: Diode Array Range: 1.394
1.0 4.29 4.47 5.11	5.64 6.06		6.97	_			
4.00 4.50 5.00 Exp13-Transformant 2	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00 3: Diode Array
10 4.07 4.07	5.78						Range: 1.412
4.61 5.12	5.65 6.06		6.97		8.02		<u>.</u>
4.00 4.50 5.00 Exp13-Transformant 1	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00 3: Diode Array Range: 1.600
1.0	5.78 6.06 5.65 A A						Range, 1.609
4.00 4.50 5.00	5.50 6.00	6.50	6.99 7.00	7.50	8.05	8.50	9.00
Exp14-Transformant 5							3: Diode Array Range: 1.455
1.0 4.25 4.40 5.15	5279	20/21	6.82				
4.00 4.50 5.00 Exp14-Transformant 2	5.50 6.00	6.50	7.00	7.50	8.00	8.50	9.00 3: Diode Array
1.0 1 1.04	aa. 2000 A						Range: 1.073
3-1 4.254.41 4.68 5.00 5.15	5.F1 20924	20/31 19	7.06		<del></del>		Time
4.00 4.50 5.00	0.00 6.00	6.50	7.00	06.1	6.00	8.50	9.00

Figure S4 Chromatograms (DAD) of some transformants for each experiment.

# 5. Compound Characterization

Compounds	Titres (mg/L)	[α] <sup>20</sup> <sub>D</sub>
2	8 5	+18.5 ( <i>c</i> = 0.200, CH <sub>3</sub> OH);
£	0.5	$[\alpha]^{25}_{D}$ +42 (c = 1.6, CH <sub>3</sub> OH) from the literature <sup>3</sup>
6	5.0	-26.4 ( <i>c</i> = 0.140, CH <sub>3</sub> OH)
7	7.2	+48.3 ( <i>c</i> = 0.180, CH <sub>3</sub> OH);
/	7.2	$[\alpha]^{25}$ <sub>D</sub> +120 ( <i>c</i> = 0.2, CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> ) from the literature <sup>4</sup>
8	4.2	+29.0 ( <i>c</i> = 0.380, CH <sub>3</sub> OH)
9	6.0	-27.0 ( <i>c</i> = 0.270, CH <sub>3</sub> OH)
10	47	+60.0 ( <i>c</i> = 0.240, CH <sub>3</sub> OH);
10	4.7	$[\alpha]^{20}$ <sub>D</sub> +68 ( <i>c</i> = 0.10, MeOH) from the literature <sup>4</sup>
11	6.0	+63.2 ( <i>c</i> = 0.750, CH <sub>3</sub> OH)
12	3.5	+150.6 ( <i>c</i> = 0.180, CH <sub>3</sub> OH)
13	15.0	+30.8 ( <i>c</i> = 0.400, CH <sub>3</sub> OH)
14	4.0	+21.8 ( <i>c</i> = 0.220, CH <sub>3</sub> OH)
15	5.0	+23.6 ( <i>c</i> = 0.250, CH <sub>3</sub> OH)
16/17	3.0	-
18	5.6	+43.3 ( <i>c</i> = 0.150, CH <sub>3</sub> OH)
19	4.0	+50.0 ( <i>c</i> = 0.150, CH <sub>3</sub> OH)
20/21	3.0	-
22	4.0	+14.0 ( <i>c</i> = 0.050, CH <sub>3</sub> OH)
23/24	10.0	-

**Table S8** The titres (mg/L) and the  $[\alpha]^{20}_{D}$  of all the isolated compounds, *c* reprecents the concentration (g/100ml), all the measurements were conductd at 20 °C.

## Compound 2



Chemical Formula: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>2</sub> Exact Mass: 220.1463

Compound 2							
Pos.	$\delta_c$ / ppm	δ <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	НМВС (Н-С)	$\delta_c$ / ppm literature <sup>3</sup>	δ <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz) literature <sup>3</sup>	
1	29.8	2.68, 2H, m	2	2, 3, 5, 9, 10	29.7	2.67, 2H, m	
2	20.6	1.67, 1H, m; 1.85, 1H, m	2, 1, 3 2, 1, 3	1, 3, 4, 10 1, 3, 4, 10	- 20.5	1.67, 1H, m; 1.82, 1H, m	
3	31.9	1.5, 1H, m; 1.88, 1H, m	3, 2, 4 3, 2, 4	1, 2, 4, 5 1, 2, 4, 5	31.8	1.49, 1H, m; 1.87, 1H, m	
4	32.0	2.82, 1H, m	3, 14	2, 3, 5, 10, 14	31.9	2.83, 1H, m	
5	134.4				134.3		
6	127.6	6.93, 1H, s		4, 8, 10, 11	127.3	6.92, 1H, s	
7	128.3				128.2		
8	152.4				152.4		
9	117	6.6, 1H, s		1, 5, 7, 8	116.9	6.59, 1H, s	
10	136.7				136.6		
11	37.1	3.19, 1H, pd (7.4, 7.4, 7.3, 7.3, 3.7)	12, 13	7, 8, 12, 13	36.8	3.19, 1H, dqd (7.8, 7.3, 3.7)	
12	16.0	1.32, 3H, d (7.3)	11	7, 11, 13	15.8	1.30, 3H, d (7.3)	
13	69.6	3.73, 1H, dd (9.8, 7.6); 3.93, 1H, dd (9.8, 3.8)	11, 13 11, 13	7, 11, 12       7, 11, 12	69.7	3.72, 1H, dd (9.8,7.8); 3.92, 1H, dd (9.8,3.7)	
14	23.2	1.26, 3H, d (7.0)	4	3, 4, 5	23.1	1.24, 3H, d (7.9)	

**Table S9** Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for **2** recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub>. Literature <sup>3</sup> data was measured in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S5 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 2 in ES- (top) and ES+ TIC (bottom) by LR-LCMS



Figure S6 HRMS data for 2; *m/z* (M-H)<sup>-</sup> calc. mass is 219.1385, 219.1392 was found.



Figure S7 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 2 recorded at 400 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>





Figure S8 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 2 recorded at 100 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



7.0 6.8 6.6 6.4 6.2 6.0 5.8 5.6 5.4 5.2 5.0 4.8 4.6 4.4 4.2 4.0 3.8 3.6 3.4 3.2 3.0 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2.0 1.8 1.6 1.4 f2 (ppm)

Figure S9 HSQC-spectrum of 2 recorded at 400, 100 MHz in  $CDCI_3$ 



Figure S10 HMBC-spectrum of 2 recorded at 400, 100 MHz in  $CDCI_3$ 



Figure S11  $^{1}$ H,  $^{1}$ H-COSY-spectrum of 2 recorded at 400 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>

#### **Compound 5**



Chemical Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub> Exact Mass: 204.1878



**Figure S12**. Detection of (+)-aristolochene **5** by GC-MS. **(A)** The chromatogram overlay of the control *A. oryzae* NSAR1 ( in blue ) and the transformant *A. oryzae* NSAR1+ HrTc (in black); the peak of **5** was labelled in a red box. **(B)** Mass information of compound **5. (C) (D)** Standard spectrums of (+)-aristolochene from literature. <sup>5, 6</sup>

## Compound 6



Chemical Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>2</sub> Exact Mass: 236.1776



Compound 6								
Pos. $\delta_c$ / ppm		<i>δ<sub>н</sub></i> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	НМВС (Н-С)				
<b>1</b> 41.7		2.15, 1H, dddd (13.2, 11.4, 2.2, 2.2); 2.37, 1H, ddd (12.8, 5.0, 2.3)	1, 2, 8, 9 1, 2, 3	2, 9, 10 2, 3, 5, 9, 10				
2	70.9	3.6, 1H, dddd (11.3, 11.3, 4.8, 4.8)	1, 3					
3	40.1	1.39, 1H, ddd (12.5, 12.3, 10.8); 1.77, 1H, m	3, 2, 4 3, 2, 1	2, 4, 5, 14 4				
4	41.4 1.31, 1H, m		14	3, 5				
5	38.1							
6	41.0	1.26, 1H, m; 1.67, 1H, dd (13.2, 2.6)	6, 7 6, 7	7, 8, 15 7, 8, 10, 15				
7	47.7	2.22, 1H, ddd (12.6, 9.5, 2.6)	6, 8	6, 8, 11, 12, 13				
8	69.1	4.07, 1H, ddd (9.5, 2.2, 2.2)	7, 9, 1	9, 10, 11				
9	125.1	5.42, 1H, dd (1.9, 1.9)	1, 8	1, 5, 7				
10	143.6							
11	146.5							
12	112.7	4.89, 1H, m; 4.91, 1H, m	12, 13 12, 13	7, 13 7, 13				
13	19.5	1.73, 3H, dd (1.1, 1.1)	12	7, 11,12				
14	15.1	0.87, 3H, d (6.7)	4	3, 5				
15	17.6	1.02, 3H, s		4, 5, 10				

Table S10 Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for **6** recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S13 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 6 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC by LR-LCMS



Figure S14 HRMS data for 6. M calc. mass is 236.1776, 236.1781 was found by HR-GCMS





Figure S15  $^1\text{H}\text{-NMR}$  of 6 recorded at 500 MHz in CDCl3





Figure S16  $^{\rm 13}\text{C-NMR}$  of 6 recorded at 125 MHz in CDCl\_3



Figure S17 HSQC-spectrum of 6 recorded at 500, 125 MHz in  $CDCl_3$ 



Figure S18 HMBC-spectrum of 6 recorded at 500, 125 MHz in  $CDCI_3$ 



Figure S19 <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-COSY-spectrum of 6 recorded at 500 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S20 NOESY-spectrum of 6 recorded at 600 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>

## Compound 7



Chemical Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>2</sub> Exact Mass: 234.1620



Compound 7								
Pos.	δ <sub>c</sub> / ppm	δ <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	НМВС (Н-С)	$\delta_c$ / ppm literature <sup>4</sup>	δ <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz) literature <sup>4</sup>		
1	12.2	2.33, 1H, ddd (13.6, 11.5, 2.0);	1, 2, 9	2, 3, 9, 10	42.0	2.32, 1H, t (12.0);		
-	42.2	2.56, 1H, ddd (13.7, 4.9, 2.4)	1, 2, 3	2, 3, 5, 9, 10	42.0	2.57, 1H, dd (4.8, 12.0)		
2	69.6	3.75, 1H, dddd (11.2,11.2, 4.7, 4.7)	1, 3		69.3	3.75, 1H, dddd (4.8, 6.0, 10.0, 12.0)		
2	20.7	1.5, 1H, m;	3, 2, 4,	4	20 F	1.56, 1H, dt (10.0, 12.0);		
3	59.7	1.85, 1H, m	3, 2, 4, 1	4	- 59.5	2.05, 1H, ddd (4.0, 6.0, 12.0)		
4	41.4	1.5, 1H, m	14	6	40.6	1.50, 1H, ddq (4.0, 7.0, 12.0)		
5	38.7				38.5			
<i>c</i>	40.8	1.8, 1H, m;	6, 7	5, 7, 8, 15	41.2	1.83, 1H, dd (12.0, 14.0);		
0		2.01, dd (13.1, 4.5)	6, 7	5, 7, 8, 10, 15	41.2	2.00, 1H, dd (4.4, 12.0)		
7	51.0	3.14, 1H, dd (14.5, 4.5)	6	6, 8, 11, 12, 13	50.8	3.15, 1H, dd (4.4, 14.0)		
8	198.9				198.9			
9	125.9	5.79, 1H, d (2.0)	1	1, 5, 7	125.6	5.77, s		
10	166.6				166.7			
11	143.6				143.4			
12	114.5	4.82, 1H, m;	12, 13	7, 8, 11, 13	11/1 2	4.80, 1H, s		
12		4.98, 1H, m	12, 13	7, 8, 11, 13	114.2	4.97, 1H, s		
13	20.2	1.74, 3H, m	12		20.0	1.72, 3H, s		
14	15.0	0.96, 3H, d (6.2)	4	7, 11, 12	14.7	0.95, 3H, d (7.0)		
15	16.1	1.16, 3H, s		4, 5, 6, 10	15.9	1.16, 3H, s		

**Table S11** Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for **7** recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub>. Literature <sup>4</sup> data was measured in CDCl<sub>3</sub>





Elemental Composition Report							Page 1	
Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 20.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3								
Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions 327 formula(e) evaluated with 5 results within limits (up to 30 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 0-80 H: 0-110 N: 0-16 O: 0-12 Sun QTof Premier HAB321 YS 022 925 (9.447) AM (Cen,3, 70.00, Ht,10000.0,556.28,0.70,LS 10) 1: TOF MS ES+								
100	10 201 4040 200 4		235.16	236.1713				1.376+002
0-1		229.1407 	235.0	237.1775	243.1134249.1463	257.1549 	265.1439	269.1935 
Minimum: Maximum:		5.0	20.0	-1.5 50.0				
Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	i-FIT (Norm)	Formula	
235.1682	235.1685 235.1671 235.1698 235.1658 235.1644	-0.3 1.1 -1.6 2.4 3.8	-1.3 4.7 -6.8 10.2 16.2	5.0 5.5 4.5 0.5 1.0	53.5 54.4 53.4 55.5 57.1	1.0 1.9 0.9 2.9 4.6	C13 H21 N C11 H19 N C15 H23 O C10 H23 N C8 H21 N5	3 0 6 2 2 04 03

**Figure S22** HRMS data for **7**. *m*/*z* (M+H)<sup>+</sup> calc. mass is 235.1698, 235.1682 was found.



Figure S23 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 7 recorded at 600 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S24 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 7 recorded at 150 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S25 HSQC-spectrum of 7 recorded at 600, 150 MHz in  $CDCl_3$ 



Figure S26 HMBC-spectrum of 7 recorded at 600, 150 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S27 <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-COSY -spectrum of 7 recorded at 600 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S28 NOESY-spectrum of 7 recorded at 600 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>

## Compound 8





Chemical Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>2</sub> Exact Mass: 234.1620

Compound 8							
Pos. $\delta_c$ / ppm $\delta_c$		<i>δ<sub>H</sub></i> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	НМВС (Н-С)			
1	73.2 4.33, 1H, dd (3.0, 3.0)		2	3, 5, 9			
2	22.0	1.69, 1H, m;	2, 1, 3	3, 4			
2	55.0	2.01, 1H, m	2, 1, 3	1, 3, 4, 10			
2	24.0	1.41, 1H, m;	3, 2, 4	2, 4, 5			
5	24.9	1.88, 1H, m	3, 2, 4	2, 4, 5			
4	43.5	1.46, 1H, m	3, 14	14			
5	39.1						
c	43.1	1.89, 1H, m;	6, 7	5, 7, 8, 10			
0		1.95, 1H, m	6, 7	5, 7, 8, 10			
7	51.6	3.24, 1H, dd (14.3, 4.6)	6	6, 8, 11, 12, 13			
8	200.0						
9	126.7	5.84, 1H, s		1, 5, 7			
10	167.5						
11	143.6						
12		4.82, 1H, m;	12, 13	7, 13			
12	114.5	4.98, 1H, m	12, 13	7, 13			
13	20.1	1.72, 3H, dd (1.5, 0.8)	12	7, 11, 12			
14	15.3	0.95, 3H, d (6.8)	4	3, 4 , 5			
15	18.4	1.37, 3H, s		4, 5, 6, 10			

Table S12 Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for 8 recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub>


#### Figure S29 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 8 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC by LR-LCMS

Elemental	Composition I	Report						Pa	ige 1
Single Mas Tolerance = Element pred Number of is	<b>ss Analysis</b> 20.0 PPM / DE diction: Off sotope peaks use	3E: min = - d for i-FIT	-1.5, max = 5 = 3	60.0					
Monoisotopic 210 formula(e Elements Use C: 0-40 H: Sun YS 055 754 (7.	Mass, Odd and Ev e) evaluated with 3 ed: 0-60 N: 0-5 ( 712) AM (Cen,4, 70.0	en Electror results with D: 0-5 Na 10, Ht,10000	n Ions in limits (all re a: 0-1 .0,556.28,0.70,L	esults (up to QTof Premier .S 10)	1000) for ea	ich mass)		1: TOF N	1S ES+
100		231.	1395 235	5.1721				1.7	207002
221.186	<sup>4</sup> 225.1048	230.2535	232.1460	236.178	1 7.1896	243.1112 247.161	6 249.1570	251.1752	-,– m/z
222.5	225.0 227.5	230.0	232.5 23	5.0 237.5	240.0	242.5 245.0	247.5 250.0	252.5	
Minimum: Maximum:		5.0	20.0	-1.5 50.0					
Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	i-FIT (Norm)	Formula		
235.1721	235.1698 235.1685 235.1674	2.3 3.6 4.7	9.8 15.3 20.0	4.5 5.0 1.5	23.3 24.4 24.8	0.5 1.5 1.9	C15 H23 C13 H21 C13 H24	02 N3 0 02 Na	

Figure S30 HRMS data for 8; *m/z* (M+H)<sup>+</sup> calc. mass is 235.1698, 235.1721 was found



Figure S31 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 8 recorded at 500 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S32 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 8 recorded at 125 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S33 HSQC-spectrum of 8 recorded at 500, 125 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>





Figure S35 <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-COSY-spectrum of 8 recorded at 500 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S36 NOESY-spectrum of 8 recorded at 500 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Chemical Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Exact Mass: 252.1725



	Compound 9						
Pos.	$\delta_c$ / ppm	δ <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	HMBC (H-C)			
1	77.7	4.08, 1H, dd (3.4, 1.2)	2, 3	2, 3, 5, 9			
2	73.2	3.51, 1H, ddd (11.8, 4.5, 3.4)	1, 3	1, 3			
3	34.7	1.46, 1H, dddd (12.8, 4.5, 3.2, 1.2);	3, 4, 2, 1	1, 2, 4, 5, 14			
•	0	1.81, 1H, ddd (12.7, 12.7, 12.7)	3, 4, 2	1, 2, 4, 5, 14			
4	42.8	1.3, 1H, m	3, 14	3, 5, 14			
5	38.6						
e	11.0	1.33, 1H, m;	6, 7	5, 7, 8, 10, 15			
0	44.9	1.59, 1H, dd (13.0, 2.6)	6, 7	5, 7, 8, 10, 15			
7	47.9	2.34, 1H, ddd (12.7, 9.7, 2.6)	6, 8	6, 8, 11, 12, 13			
8	70.6	4.04, 1H, dd (9.7, 1.9)	7,9	7, 9, 10, 11, 13			
9	132.0	5.58, 1H, d (1.9)	8	1, 5, 7, 10, 11			
10	146.2						
11	148.3						
12	111.9	4.83, 2H, m	13	7, 11, 13			
13	20.1	1.74, 3H, m	12	7, 11, 12			
14	15.2	0.85, 3H, d (6.9)	4	3, 4, 5			
15	20.5	1.18, 3H, s		4, 5, 6, 10			

 Table \$13 Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for **9** recorded in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S37 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 9 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC by LR-LCMS



Figure S38 HRMS data for 9; m/z (M+H)<sup>+</sup> calc. mass is 253.1804, 253.1798 was found



Figure S39 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 9 recorded at 500 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD

YSCL056E.100010.fid — Sun YS 056 6.0 mg in MeOD-d4 at 298.0 K 13.04.2023, Mueller — 13-BB



Figure S40  $^{\rm 13}\text{C-NMR}$  of 9 recorded at 125 MHz in CD\_3OD



Figure S41 HSQC-spectrum of 9 recorded at 500, 125 MHz in  $\mbox{CD}_3\mbox{OD}$ 



Figure S42 HMBC-spectrum of 9 recorded at 500, 125 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S43 <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-COSY-spectrum of 9 recorded at 500 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S44 NOESY -spectrum of 9 recorded at 500 MHz in  $CD_3OD$ 





Chemical Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Exact Mass: 250.1569

Compound 10						
Pos.	<i>δc</i> / ppm	δн / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	НМВС (Н-С)		
1	75.8	4.28, 1H, d (3.2)	2, 3	2, 3, 5, 9, 10		
2	71.0	3.73, 1H, ddd (11.7, 4.7, 3.5)	3, 1	1, 3, 4		
3	33.6	1.62, 1H, dddd (12.9, 4.6, 3.2, 1.2); 1.85, 1H, m	3, 4, 2, 1 3, 4, 2	1, 2, 4, 5 1, 2, 4, 5		
4	40.6	1.48, 1H, m	3, 14	3, 4, 5		
5	38.2					
6	43.0	1.85, 1H, m; 1.97, 1H, dd (13.0, 4.4)	6, 7 6, 7	5, 7, 8, 10, 15 5, 7, 8, 10, 15		
7	51.4	3.24, 1H, dd (14.4, 4.4)	6	5, 6, 8, 11, 12, 13		
8	199.6					
9	128.9	5.92, 1H, s		1, 5, 7, 8, 10		
10	165.0					
11	143.3					
12	114.6	4.82, 1H, m; 4.98, 1H, m	12, 13 12, 13	7, 11, 13       7, 11, 13		
13	20.2	1.7, 3H, m	12	7, 11, 12		
14	14.9	0.96, 3H, d (6.9)	4	3, 4, 5		
15	18.1	1.32, 3H, s		4, 5, 6		

Table S14 Summarized NMR signals for  $_{13}$ C,  $^{1}$ H,  $^{1}$ H- $^{1}$ H COSY, HMBC for 10 recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S45 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 10 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC by LR-LCMS

#### **Elemental Composition Report** Page 1 Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 20.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3 Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions 118 formula(e) evaluated with 5 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass) Elements Used: C: 0-40 H: 0-60 N: 0-5 O: 0-5 Sun YS 054, neg 585 (5.987) AM (Cen,4, 70.00, Ht,10000.0,554.26,0.70,LS 10) QTof Premier HAB321 1: TOF MS ES-1.60e+002 249.1481 100-% 247.1351 248.1198 250.1535 250.6155 251.0859 251.2058 m/z 248.5111 249.0714 247.0822 247.1692 250.1075 249.3669 246.4153 0 248.50 249.50 251.00 246.50 247.00 247.50 248.00 249.00 250.00 250.50 Minimum: -1.5 Maximum: 5.0 20.0 50.0 DBE i-FIT i-FIT (Norm) Formula Mass Calc. Mass mDa PPM 249.1481 249.1477 0.4 1.6 6.0 36.5 1.6 C13 H19 NЗ 02 5.5 -4.0 35.8 0.9 C15 03 249.1491 -1.0 H21 249.1450 3.1 12.4 2.8 C10 H21 N2 05 249.1517 -3.6 -14.4 17.7 10.0 2.0 36.1 1.2 3.7 C18 Н19 Н19 Ν 4.4 38.6 C8 N5 04 249.1437

**Figure S46** HRMS data for **10**; *m/z* (M-H)<sup>-</sup> calc. mass is 249.1491, 249.1481 was found



Figure S47 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 10 recorded at 500 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S48 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 10 recorded at 125 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>







Figure S50 HMBC-spectrum of 10 recorded at 500, 125 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S51  $^{1}$ H,  $^{1}$ H-COSY -spectrum of 10 recorded at 500 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S52 NOESY-spectrum of 10 recorded at 600 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Chemical Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Exact Mass: 250.1569



Compound 11							
Pos.	<i>δc</i> / ppm	<i>δ</i> <sub>н</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	НМВС (Н-С)			
1	36.2	2.34, 1H, dd (13.1, 4.7); 2.79, 1H, ddd (13.1, 12.5, 2.1)	<u>1, 2</u> <u>1, 2, 9</u>	2, 3, 9, 10 2, 3, 9, 10			
2	71.4	3.73, 1H, ddd (12.2, 4.8, 3.1)	1, 3				
3	74.5	3.86, 1H, dd (3.3, 3.3)	2, 4	2, 4, 5, 14			
4	44.5	1.47, 1H, dddd (7.1, 7.1, 7.1, 2.6)	14, 3	5, 6, 14, 15			
5	38.6						
6	42.2	1.78, 1H, dd (13.7, 13.7); 1.98, 1H, dd (13.0, 4.5)	6, 7 6, 7	4, 5, 7, 8, 15 5, 7, 8, 10, 15			
7	50.6	3.15, 1H, dd (14.4, 4.5)	6	5, 6, 8, 11, 12, 13			
8	199.1						
9	125.7	5.82, 1H, d (1.9)	1	1, 5, 7			
10	167.1						
11	143.5						
12	114.6	4.81, 1H, m; 4.97, 1H, m	12, 13 12, 13	7, 11, 13 7, 11, 13			
13	20.2	1.72, 3H, m	12	7, 11, 12			
14	11.8	1.16, 3H, d (7.1)	4	3, 4, 5			
15	18.8	1.36, 3H, s		4, 5, 6, 10			

Table S15 Summarized NMR signals for  ${}^{13}$ C,  ${}^{1}$ H,  ${}^{1}$ H- ${}^{1}$ H COSY, HMBC for 11 recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Page 1

Figure S53 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 11 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC by LR-LCMS

#### **Elemental Composition Report**

#### Single Mass Analysis

Tolerance = 20.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions 225 formula(e) evaluated with 6 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass) Elements Used: C: 0-40 H: 0-60 N: 0-5 O: 0-5 Na: 0-1

Sun QTof Premier HAB321 YS 053 680 (6.935) AM (Cen,4, 70.00, Ht,10000.0,556.28,0.70,LS 10)

YS 053 680 (6	.935) AM (Cen,4, 70.0	0, Ht,10000	.0,556.28,0.70	,LS 10)				1: TOF MS ES+ 1.71e+002
100	45.2290 248.1412 24	9.1562	252.1739	<sup>06</sup> 255.1830	257.1718 259.	1402 261.1049 263.1	699 265.1682 2	67.1846 269.1935
244.0	246.0 248.0	250.0	252.0 2	-1.5	0 258.0	260.0 262.0	264.0 266.0	268.0
Maximum:		5.0	20.0	50.0				
Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	i-FIT (Norm	) Formula	
251.1658	251.1650 251.1647 251.1674 251.1634 251.1623 251.1610	0.8 1.1 -1.6 2.4 3.5 4.8	3.2 4.4 -6.4 9.6 13.9 19.1	6.0 4.5 9.0 5.0 1.5 2.0	12.1 12.1 11.5 13.1 13.5 14.6	1.5 1.5 0.9 2.5 2.9 4.0	C16 H22 C15 H23 C18 H21 C13 H21 C13 H21 C13 H24 C11 H22	N Na O3 N N3 O2 O3 Na N3 O2 Na

Figure S54 HRMS data for 11; m/z (M + H)<sup>+</sup> calc. mass is 251.1647, 251.1658 was found



Figure S55 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 11 recorded at 600 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S56  $^{\rm 13}\text{C-NMR}$  of 11 recorded at 150 MHz in CDCl3



Figure S57 HSQC-spectrum of 11 recorded at 600, 150 MHz in  $CDCl_3$ 







Figure S59 <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-COSY-spectrum of 11 recorded at 600 MHz in  $CDCl_3$ 



Figure S60 NOESY-spectrum of 11 recorded at 600 MHz in  $CDCI_3$ 



Chemical Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>4</sub> Exact Mass: 266.1518



Compound 12							
Pos.	<i>δc</i> / ppm	δ <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	НМВС (Н-С)			
1	79.2	4.32, 1H, dd (3.4, 1.5)	2, 3	2, 3, 5, 9			
2	72.1	3.6, 1H, dd (3.4, 3.4)	1, 3	1			
3	77.8	3.88, 1H, ddd (3.0, 3.0, 1.5)	2, 4, 1	1, 2, 4, 5, 14			
4	45.9	1.56, 1H, m	3, 14	5, 6, 14, 15			
5	38.9						
6	45.6	1.9, 1H, m;	6, 7	4, 5, 7, 15			
0		2.02, 1H, dd (12.8, 4.5)	6, 7	5, 7, 10, 15			
7	52.1	3.35, 1H, m	6	6, 8, 11, 12, 13			
8	202.0						
9	128.3	5.87, 1H, s		1, 5, 7			
10	168.8						
11	144.8						
12	114.0	4.82, 1H, m;	12, 13	7, 13			
12	114.0	4.93, 1H, m	12, 13	7, 13			
13	20.2	1.69, 3H, m	12	7, 11, 12			
14	12.1	1.19, 3H, d (7.1)	4	3, 4, 5			
15	21.4	1.53, 3H, s		4, 5, 10			

Table S16 Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for **12** recorded in CD<sub>3</sub>OD







Figure S62 HRMS data for 12; m/z (M+H)<sup>+</sup> calc. mass is 267.1596, 267.1601 was found



Figure S63 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of **12** recorded at 500 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S64 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 12 recorded at 125 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S65 HSQC-spectrum of 12 recorded at 500, 125 MHz in  $\mbox{CD}_3\mbox{OD}$ 



Figure S66 HMBC-spectrum of 12 recorded at 500, 125 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S67  $^{1}$ H,  $^{1}$ H-COSY-spectrum of 12 recorded at 500 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S68 NOESY-spectrum of 12 recorded at 500 MHz in  $CD_3OD$ 



Chemical Formula: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Exact Mass: 234.1256

Compound 13						
Pos.	<i>δc</i> / ppm	δ <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	HMBC (H-C)		
1	29.8	2.67, 2H, m	1, 2	2, 3, 5, 9, 10		
2	20.5	1.68, 1H, m;	2, 1, 3	1, 3, 10		
2	20.5	1.84, 1H, m	2, 1, 3	1, 3, 10		
2	21.7	1.49, 1H, m;	3, 2, 4	1, 2, 4, 14		
3	31.7	1.86, 1H, m	3, 2, 4	1, 2, 4, 14		
4	31.9	2.82, 1H, m	3, 14	2, 3, 5, 6, 14		
5	135.0					
6	128.4	6.97, 1H, s		8, 10, 11		
7	123.5					
8	151.7					
9	117.2	6.58, 1H, s		1, 8, 10		
10	137.8					
11	41.4	3.88, 1H, ddd (7.2, 7.2, 7.2)	13	7, 8, 12, 13		
12	181.4					
13	16.2	1.54, 3H, d (7.3)	11	7, 11, 12		
14	23.1	1.24, 3H, d (7.0)	4	3, 4, 5		

Table S17 Summarized NMR signals for  $^{13}$ C,  $^{1}$ H,  $^{1}$ H- $^{1}$ H COSY, HMBC for 13 recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S69 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 13 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC (bottom) and ES<sup>-</sup> TIC (top) by LR-LCMS

Page 1 **Elemental Composition Report** Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 20.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3 Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions 319 formula(e) evaluated with 7 results within limits (up to 30 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 0-80 H: 0-110 N: 0-16 O: 0-10 Sun QTof Premier HAB321 YS 026 710 (7.259) AM (Cen,3, 50.00, Ht,10000.0,556.28,0.70,LS 10) 1: TOF MS ES+ 1.57e+002 235,1343 100-% 236,1397 236.1650 247.1792 m/z 237.5956 240.0980 228.1938 231.1304 233.1175 243.1021 245.1479 0-240.0 244.0 246.0 226.0 228.0 230.0 232.0 234.0 236.0 238.0 242.0 Minimum: -1.5 Maximum: 5.0 20.0 50.0 Calc. Mass mDa PPM DBE i-FIT i-FIT (Norm) Formula Mass 5.5 3.5 C14 H19 3.8 42.0 1.2 03 235.1343 235.1334 0.9 -4.3 -7.7 -1.0 48.7 7.9 H11 N16 235.1353 0.5 2.6 6.3 C17 C12 235.1361 -1.8 10.0 41.3 H17 N 2.2 9.4 -9.8 6.0 3.0 43.4 47.1 H17 NЗ 02 235.1321 C2 H13 N13 õ 235.1366 235.1307 C10 H15 3.6 15.3 6.5 45.0 4.2 Nб 0 H15 N10 02 235.1379 -3.6 -15.3 2.5 46.5 5.6 C4

Figure S70 HRMS data for 13; m/z (M+H)<sup>+</sup> calc. mass is 235.1334, 235.1343 was found



Figure S71 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 13 recorded at 400 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S72  $^{\rm 13}\text{C-NMR}$  of 13 recorded at 100 MHz in CDCl3



Figure S73 HSQC-spectrum of 13 recorded at 400, 100 MHz in  $CDCI_3$ 



Figure S74 HMBC-spectrum of 13 recorded at 400, 100 MHz in  $CDCI_3$ 



Figure S75  $^{1}$ H,  $^{1}$ H-COSY-spectrum of 13 recorded at 400 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Chemical Formula: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Exact Mass: 236.1412

Compound 14						
Pos.	<i>δc</i> / ppm	<i>δ</i> н / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	НМВС (Н-С)		
1	30.8	2.62, 2H, m	1, 2	2, 3, 5, 9, 10		
-	21.6	1.66, 1H, m;	2, 1, 3	1, 3, 10		
2	21.0	1.82, 1H, m	2, 1, 3	1, 3, 10		
2	22.1	1.47, 1H, m;	3, 2, 4	1, 2, 4, 5, 14		
3	33.1	1.87, 1H, m	3, 2, 4	1, 2, 4, 5, 14		
4	33.1	2.78, 1H, m	3, 14	2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 14		
5	134.1					
6	129.7	6.91, 1H, s		1, 4, 8, 9, 10, 11		
7	125.6					
8	154.1					
9	116.2	6.45, 1H, s		1, 5, 7, 8, 11		
10	136.9					
11	46.4	3.22, 1H, dddd (6.4, 6.4, 6.4, 6.4)	12, 13	6, 7, 8, 12, 13		
12	64.1	3.86, 2H, m;	12, 11	7, 11, 13		
13	64.0	3.86, 2H, m	13, 11	7, 11, 12		
14	23.5	1.23, 3H, d (7.0)	4	3, 4, 5		

Table S18 Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for 14 recorded in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S76 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 14 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC (bottom) and ES<sup>-</sup> TIC (top) by LR-LCMS



Figure S77 HRMS data for 14; m/z (M-H)<sup>-</sup> calc. mass is 235.1334, 235.1327 was found



Figure S78 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 14 recorded at 600 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S79 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 14 recorded at 150 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S81 HMBC-spectrum of 14 recorded at 600, 150 MHz in  $CD_3OD$ 



Figure S82  $^{1}$ H,  $^{1}$ H-COSY-spectrum of 14 recorded at 600 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Chemical Formula: C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Exact Mass: 234.1256



Compound 15					
Pos.	$\delta_c$ / ppm	δ <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	НМВС (Н-С)	
1	40.4	2.59, 1H, dd (15.5, 10.3); 2.9, 1H, ddd (15.6, 5.3, 2.4)	1, 2 1, 2, 3	2, 3, 5, 9, 10 2, 3, 5, 9, 10	
2	68.3	3.9, 1H, m	1, 3		
3	43.5	1.33, 1H, m; 2.14, 1H, dddd (11.9, 5.8, 3.5, 2.4)	3, 2, 4 3, 2, 4, 1	1, 2, 4, 5, 14 1, 2, 4, 5	
4	33.3	2.86, 1H, m	3, 14	3, 5, 14	
5	132.7				
6	129.2	7.02, 1H, s		4, 8, 10, 11	
7	127.2				
8	153.5				
9	116.5	6.48, 1H, s		1, 5, 7, 8	
10	136.6				
11	149.6				
12	114.4	5.15, 1H, m; 5.35, 1H, m	12, 13 12, 13	7, 11, 13 7, 11, 13	
13	65.9	4.35, 2H, m	12	7, 11, 12	
14	22.4	1.3, 3H, d (6.8)	4	3, 4, 5	

Table S19 Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for **15** recorded in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S83 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 15 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC (bottom) and ES<sup>-</sup> TIC (top) by LR-LCMS

Elemental Composition Report Page 1 Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 20.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3 Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron Ions 366 formula(e) evaluated with 7 results within limits (all results (up to 1000) for each mass) Elements Used: C: 0-55 H: 0-65 N: 0-4 O: 0-11 S: 0-2 Sun YS 052 503 (5.144) AM (Cen,4, 70.00, Ht,10000.0,554.26,0.70,LS 10) QTof Premier HAB321 1: TOF MS ES-1.50e+002 233.1171 258.0986 100-277.0702 249.1119 228.9601 260.9306 % 256.9548 248,1017 234,1212 250.1137 261.9321 268.0719276.9284 216.9416 240.0862 225.1178 0 m/z 220.0 225.0 235.0 245.0 230.0 240.0 250.0 255.0 260.0 265.0 270.0 275.0 280.0 Minimum: -1.5 50.0 Maximum: 5.0 20.0 Mass Calc. Mass mDa PPM DBE i-FIT i-FIT (Norm) Formula C14 H17 C12 H15 C10 H21 C9 H19 C17 H15 C9 H17 -0.7 0.7 2.5 -2.7 233.1171 233.1178 -3.0 6.5 38.3 2.3 03 3.0 7.0 2.6 NЗ 02 233.1164 38.6 233.1146 233.1198 10.7 1.5 36.6 0.6 N2 S2 02 S -11.6 38.6 2.6 NЗ 11.0 2.5 1.5 2.1 N N2 233.1204 -3.3 -14.2 38.1 233.1137 3.4 14.6 40.3 05 H21 233.1211 -4.0 -17.2 38.6 2.6 C11 03 s

Figure S84 HRMS data for 15; m/z (M-H)<sup>-</sup> calc. mass is 233.1178, 233.1171 was found


Figure S85 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 15 recorded at 600 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD

YS052.5000.fid — Yunlong, YS052, 5 mg in MeOD, 298 K, 28.09.22, Arafa — 13C BB



Figure S86  $^{13}$ C-NMR of 15 recorded at 150 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S88 HMBC-spectrum of 15 recorded at 600, 150 MHz in  $CD_3OD$ 



Figure S90 NOESY-spectrum of 15 recorded at 600 MHz in  $\mbox{CD}_3\mbox{OD}$ 

## Compound 16, 17



Compounds **16** and **17** were purified and detected to be a single peak by LR-LCMS. Both of their UV  $(\lambda_{max})$  were found to be 289 nm, ESI-MS m/z:  $[M - H]^-$  =233,  $[M - H_2O]^+$ = 217. HR-ESI-MS m/z  $[M - H]^-$  was found to be 233.1160, and the calculated  $[M - H]^-$  was 234.1256-1.0078 = 233.1178.

The NMR showed that compounds **16** and **17** are a mixture. They were proposed to be a pair of epimers according to 1D and 2D NMR. **16** has a hydroxyl group at C-1 which is the (1*R*)-epimer, and **17** also has a hydroxyl group at C-1 which is the (1*S*)-epimer. Compared to <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of compound **15**, C-8, C-11, C-10, C-5, C-6, C-9, C-12, C-13, and C-14 are almost identical with the corresponding carbons of compounds **16**, **17**. C-1, C-3 and C-4 shifted more, which was caused by the hindrance of the hydroxyl group. According to the HMBC, the proton of H-9 has coherence to C-1 at 69.1 ppm and 69.2 ppm which means the hydroxyl group is at C-1 in both epimers. According to the <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-COSY, the proton of H-9 has a correlation with the proton of H-1 at 4.57 ppm. The proton of H-4 has no correlation with the proton of H-3 at 4.57 ppm. All of the above can prove that the hydroxyl group is at C-1, and there is no hydroxyl group at C-3 in each of the mixtures.

NOESY was used to classify the chemical shift of these two (1R) (1S) - epimers clearly. First, we built two structure models for those two compounds. We started from the proton of H-4 because two proton signals of H-4 are distinctly located in different chemical shifts (2.84 ppm, 2.75 ppm). By using the protons of H-4 signals in the NOESY, the position of the protons of H-3 was found. The difference in NOESY between the two compounds allows for the identification of their associated signals, which in turn allows for the distinction between the two compounds (Table S20, 21).

Compound 16					
Pos.	δ <sub>c</sub> / ppm	δ <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	НМВС (Н-С)	
1	69.1	4.57, 1H, m	2, 9	3, 5, 10	
2	31.2	1.71, 1H, m; 2.07, 1H, m	2, 3 1, 2, 3	<u>1, 3, 4, 10</u> <u>1, 3, 4, 10</u>	
3	29.1	1.42, 1H, m; 2.11, 1H, m	2, 3, 4 3, 4	<u>1, 2, 4, 5</u> <u>1, 2, 4, 5</u>	
4	33.1	2.84, 1H, m	3, 14	2, 3, 5, 14	
5	134.0				
6	130.4	6.97, 1H, m		4, 8, 10, 11	
7	128.5				
8	153.5				
9	115.9	6.85, 1H, d (0.8)	1	1, 5, 7, 8	
10	140.6				
11	149.6				
12	114.5	5.16, 1H, m 5.37, 1H, m	12, 13 12, 13	7, 11, 13 7, 11, 13	
13	65.8	4.36, 2H, m	12	7, 11, 12	
14	23.1	1.22, 3H, d (7.0)	4	3, 4, 5	

Table S20 Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for **16** recorded in CD<sub>3</sub>OD

	Compound 17				
Pos.	$\delta_c$ / ppm	<i>δ<sub>H</sub></i> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	HMBC (H-C)	
1	69.2	4.57, 1H, m	2, 9	3, 5, 10	
2	30.8	1.88, 2H, m	1, 3	1, 3, 4, 10	
2	28.7	1.68, 1H, m;	2, 4	1, 2, 4, 5, 14	
3	20.7	1.84, 1H, m	2, 4	1, 2, 4, 14	
4	33.0	2.75, 1H, m	3, 14	2, 3, 5, 14	
5	134.2				
6	130.3	6.98, 1H, m		4, 8, 10, 11,	
7	128.5				
8	153.5				
9	115.8	6.86, 1H, d (0.9)	1	1, 5, 7, 8	
10	140.5				
11	149.6				
	444.5	5.16, 1H, m;	12, 13	7, 11, 13	
12	114.5	5.37, 1H, m	12, 13	7, 11, 13	
13	65.8	4.36, 2H, m		7, 11, 12	
14	23.0	1.28, 3H, d (7.0)	4	3, 4, 5	

Table S21 Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for **17** recorded in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S91 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 16 and 17 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC (bottom) and ES<sup>-</sup> TIC (top) by LR-LCMS



Figure S92 HRMS data for 16 and 17; *m/z* (M-H)<sup>-</sup> calc. mass is 233.1178, 233.1160 was found



**Figure S93** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of **16** and **17** mixture recorded at 600 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD. The red numbers and arows represent the proton positions of **16**; The blue numbers and arrows represent the proton positions of **17**. The shifts labels are on the top of the integral curves; the type of the peaks are in the brackets.



Figure S94 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 16 and 17 mixture recorded at 150 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD.



Figure S96 HMBC-spectrum of 16 and 17 mixture recorded at 600, 150 MHz in  $CD_3OD$ 



Figure S97 <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-COSY-spectrum of 16 and 17 mixture recorded at 600 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S98 NOESY-spectrum of 16 and 17 mixture recorded at 600 MHz in  $CD_3OD$ 



Chemical Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Exact Mass: 248.1412

Compound 18					
Pos.	δ <sub>c</sub> / ppm	δ <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	HMBC (H-C)	
1	33.2	2.32, 2H, m	1, 2, 9	2	
2	26.4	1.46, 1H, m; 1.87, 1H, m	2, 1, 3 2, 1, 3	4 4, 10	
3	30.5	1.46, 1H, m; 1.56, 1H, m	3, 2, 4 3, 2	2, 4, 5 1, 2, 4, 5	
4	43.7	1.48, 1H, m	14	3, 5	
5	39.9				
6	41.8	2.02, 2H, m	6, 7	5, 7, 8, 11, 13	
7	45.9	3.56, 1H, dd (12.0, 6.9)	6	6, 8, 11, 12, 13	
8	198.0				
9	123.7	5.78, 1H, d (1.7)	1	1, 5, 7	
10	170.9				
11	139.0				
12	128.5	5.71, 1H, s; 6.45, 1H, s		7, 11, 13   7, 11, 13	
13	170.0				
14	15.3	0.92, 3H, d (5.7)	4	3, 4, 5	
15	16.2	1.19, 3H, s		4, 5, 6, 10	

Table S22 Summarized NMR signals for  $^{13}$ C,  $^{1}$ H,  $^{1}$ H- $^{1}$ H COSY, HMBC for 18 recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S99 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 18 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC (bottom) and ES<sup>-</sup> TIC (top) by LR-LCMS

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### **Elemental Composition Report**

### Single Mass Analysis (displaying only valid results) Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Selected filters: None

Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron lons 114 formula(e) evaluated with 3 results within limits (up to 40 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 0-40 H: 0-85 N: 0-6 O: 0-4 Sun LCT Premier KD070 YS 040, neg 10 (0.234) AM (Cen,4, 70.00, Ar,10000.0,554.26,0.70,LS 5); Cm (8:11) 1: TOF MS ES-247.1324 1.50e3 100-% 248.1385 249.1471 252.0000 243.1388 245.1232 245.9203 247.0038 248.0992 250.1449 251.0394 244.1393 249.0332 0 - m/z 244.0 246.0 247.0 248.0 250.0 251.0 243.0 245.0 249.0 252.0 242.0 -1.5 50.0 Minimum: 10.0 5.0 Maximum: Mass Calc. Mass mDa PPM DBE i-FIT Formula 247.1324 1.2 7.0 84.7 C13 H17 NЗ 02 247.1321 0.3 6.5 7.5 C15 247.1334 -1.0 -4.0 78.8 H19 03 247.1307 1.7 6.9 92.3 C11 H15 N6 0

Figure S100 HRMS data for 18; m/z (M-H)<sup>-</sup> calc. mass is 247.1334, 247.1324 was found



Figure S101 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 18 recorded at 500 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>





-3.0×10<sup>12</sup>

Figure S102 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 18 recorded at 150 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S103 HSQC-spectrum of 18 recorded at 500, 125 MHz in  $CDCl_3$ 



Figure S104 HMBC-spectrum of 18 recorded at 500, 125 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S105 <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-COSY-spectrum of 18 recorded at 500 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>

# Compound 19



Chemical Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>2</sub> Exact Mass: 238.1933



Compound 19					
Pos.	<i>δc</i> / ppm	δ <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	HMBC (H-C)	
1	74.9	4.21, 1H, dd (3.0, 3.0)	2	3, 9	
2	33.7	1.56, 1H, m;	2, 3, 4	3, 4	
۲	55.7	1.89, 1H, dddd (13.8, 2.8, 2.8, 2.7)	2, 3, 1	1, 2, 3	
2	25.6	1.31, 1H, m;	2, 3	1, 2, 4, 5	
3	23.0	1.79, 1H, m	2, 3, 4	2, 4	
4	43.9	1.31, 1H, m	3, 14	5, 15	
5	38.0				
c	42.1	1.01, 1H, dd (12.2, 12.2);	6, 7	4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 15	
0	45.1	1.66, 1H, m	6	5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 15	
7	31.3	1.8, 1H, m	6, 8, 11	6, 8, 11	
8	28.4	1.76, 1H, m;	8, 7, 9	6, 7, 9, 10	
0	28.4	2.02, 1H, m	8, 7, 9	6, 7, 9, 10	
9	125.9	5.6, 1H, dd (5.3, 2.1)	8	1, 5, 7, 8	
10	145.3				
11	40.5	1.59, 1H, m	7, 12, 13	6, 7, 8, 12, 13	
12	13.1	0.93, 3H, d (6.9)	11	7, 11, 13	
12	66.6	3.51, 1H, dd (10.5, 6.7);	13, 11	7, 11, 12	
12	00.0	3.64, 1H, dd (10.5, 5.7)	13, 11	7, 11, 12	
14	15.8	0.9, 3H, d (6.7)	4	3, 4, 5	
15	21.0	1.13, 3H, s		4, 5, 6, 10	

Table S23 Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for **19** recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S106 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 19 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC by LR-LCMS



Figure S107 HRMS data for 19; m/z (M + Na)<sup>+</sup> calc. mass is 261.1855, 261.1844 was found



Figure S108 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 19 recorded at 500 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>





Figure S109  $^{\rm 13}\text{C-NMR}$  of 19 recorded at 125 MHz in CDCl\_3



Figure S111 HMBC-spectrum of 19 recorded at 500, 125 MHz in  $CDCl_3$ 



Figure S112 <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-COSY-spectrum of 19 recorded at 500 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S113 NOESY-spectrum of 19 recorded at 500 MHz in  $CDCl_3$ 

## Compound 20, 21



The NMR of compounds **20** and **21** were elucidated to be a mixture, where **20** has a hydroxyl group at C-13, **21** has a keto group at C-13. The <sup>13</sup>C NMR, <sup>1</sup>H NMR, and 2D NMR of **20** were assigned first (Table S24). According to protons of H-13 of **20** in HMBC, the <sup>13</sup>C shifts of C-11, C-12 and C-7 were deduced and also the proton shifts of H-7 and H-12 were found by HSQC. According to <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-COSY of proton of H-7, the proton shifts of H-8 and H-6 were found, subsequently.The <sup>13</sup>C shifts of C-8 and C-6 were found by HSQC. The proton shift of H-9 was found according to the proton shift of H-8 by <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-COSY. The proton shift of H-1 was found using <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-COSY of the proton shift of H-9. The proton shifts of H-2, H-3 and H-4 were subsequently found. According to the HSQC, their <sup>13</sup>C shifts also were found.

The stereochemical configuration of the hydroxyl group at C-1 was deduced using their coupling constants. The coupling constants of the proton at C-1 of compounds **20** and **21** were all J = 3.0, 3.0 Hz, which means the dihedral angle of 2H'-1H-2H'' is about 60 °according to the Karplus relationship. It was deduced that both of those two compounds have an (*R*) configuration at C-1, which means the hydrogen is on the bottom of the plane. The information from NOESY was used to confirm this deduction (Figure S124).

Compound 20					
Pos.	<i>δc</i> / ppm	<i>δ</i> <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	НМВС (Н-С)	
1	74.9	4.23, 1H, dd (3.0, 3.0)	2	3, 5, 9	
2	22.7	1.55, 1H, m;	2, 1, 3	3, 4	
2	55.7	1.90, 1H, m	2, 1, 3	3, 4, 10	
2	25.6	1.29, 1H, m;	3, 2	1, 4, 5	
3	23.0	1.77, 1H, m	3, 2, 4	1, 4, 5	
4	43.8	1.29, 1H, m	3, 14	6, 15	
5	38.3				
6	13.0	1.21, 1H, m;	6, 7	4, 5, 15	
0	43.9	1.77, 1H, m	6, 7	4, 5, 15	
7	33.5	2.40, 1H, m	6, 8	11, 12, 13	
g	22.1	1.90, 1H, m;	8, 7, 9	6, 7, 9, 10	
0	52.1	2.19, 1H, m	8, 7, 9	6, 7, 9, 10	
9	125.5	5.63, 1H, dd (5.2, 2.2)	8	1, 5, 7	
10	145.2				
11	153.8				
12	100.2	4.92, 1H, m;	12, 13	7, 11, 13	
12	108.3	5.08, 1H, m	12, 13	7, 11, 13	
13	65.4	4.15, 2H, m	12	7, 11, 12	
14	15.8	0.89, 3H, d (6.9)	4	3, 4, 5	
15	21.0	1.15, 3H, s		4, 5, 10	

Table S24 Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for 20 recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub>

Compound 21				
Pos.	<i>δc</i> / ppm	<i>δ</i> <sub>н</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	НМВС (Н-С)
1	74.8	4.21, 1H, dd (3.0, 3.0)	2	3, 5, 9
2	22.0	1.55, 1H, m;	2, 1, 3	3, 4
2	33.0	1.90, 1H, m	2, 1, 3	1, 3, 4, 10
2	25 5	1.29, 1H, m;	3, 2	1, 4, 5
5	23.5	1.77, 1H, m	3, 2, 4	1, 4, 5
4	43.8	1.29, 1H, m	3, 14	2, 5, 6
5	38.0			
6	41.0	0.96, 1H, m;	6, 7	4, 5, 8, 10, 15
0	41.0	1.77, 1H, m	6, 7	4, 5, 8, 10, 15
7	33.4	2.01, 1H, m	6, 8, 11	6, 11, 12
0	30.3	1.83, 1H, m;	8, 7, 9	7, 9, 10, 11
8		2.11, 1H, m	8, 7, 9	6, 7, 9, 10
9	125.1	5.57, 1H, dd (5.3, 2.2)	8	1, 5, 7, 8
10	145.3			
11	44.3	2.32, 1H, dddd (6.9, 6.9, 6.9, 6.9)	7, 12	6, 7, 8, 12, 13
12	14.2	1.21, 3H, d (7.0)	11	7, 11, 13
13	180.2			
14	15.8	0.89, 3H, d (6.6)	4	3, 4, 5
15	21.0	1.15, 3H, s		4, 5, 10

Table S25 Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for 21 recorded in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S114 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 20 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC by LR-LCMS



Figure S115 HRMS data for 20; m/z (M-H<sub>2</sub>O+H)<sup>+</sup> calc. mass is 219.1749, 219.1754 was found



Figure S116 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 21 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC (bottom) and ES<sup>-</sup> TIC (top) by LR-LCMS



Figure S117 HRMS data for 21; m/z (M-H)<sup>-</sup> calc. mass is 251.1647, 251.1644 was found



**Figure S118** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of **20** and **21** mixture recorded at 500 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>. The red numbers and arows represent the proton positions of **20**; The blue numbers and arrows represent the proton positions of **21**. The shifts labels are on the top of the integral curves; the type of the peaks are in the brackets (0.8 ppm - 2.6 ppm).



**Figure S119** <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of **20** and **21** mixture recorded at 500 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>. The red numbers and arows represent the proton positions of **20**; The blue numbers and arrows represent the proton positions of **21**. The shifts labels are on the top of the integral curves; the type of the peaks are in the brackets (3.1 ppm – 6.0 ppm).



Figure S121 HSQC-spectrum of 20 and 21 mixture recorded at 500, 125 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S122 HMBC-spectrum of 20 and 21 mixture recorded at 500, 125 MHz in  $CDCl_3$ 



Figure S123  $^{1}$ H,  $^{1}$ H-COSY-spectrum of 20 and 21 mixture recorded at 500 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S124 NOESY-spectrum of 20 and 21 mixture recorded at 500 MHz in  $\mathsf{CDCl}_3$ 

# Compound 22



Chemical Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>O<sub>2</sub> Exact Mass: 236.1776



Compound 22					
Pos.	<i>δc</i> / ppm	δ <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	HMBC (H-C)	
	42.1	2.11, 1H, m;	1, 2	2, 3, 5, 9, 10	
1	42.1	2.34, 1H, m	1, 2, 3	2, 3, 5, 9, 10	
2	71.1	3.57, 1H, dddd (11.0, 11.0, 4.8, 4.8)	1, 3		
2	40.2	1.37, 1H, m	3, 2, 4	2, 4	
3	40.3	1.73, 1H, dddd (11.7, 4.4, 2.4, 2.4)	3, 2, 4, 1	1, 2, 4, 5	
4	41.4	1.33, 1H, m	3, 14		
5	38.0				
c	42.2	1.16, 1H, m;	6, 7	4, 5, 7, 8, 15	
0	43.3	1.82, 1H, ddd (12.7, 2.3, 2.3)	6, 7, 8	5, 7, 8, 10, 15	
7	33.9	2.32, 1H, m	6, 8, 12	6, 8, 11, 12	
0	32.1	1.9, 1H, dddd (17.2, 11.7, 3.7, 2.3);	8, 7, 9, 6	7, 9, 10	
0		2.11, 1H, m	8, 7, 9	9, 10	
9	121.6	5.4, 1H, m	8	7	
10	141.5				
11	153.8				
12	109.2	4.91, 1H, m;	12, 13	7, 11, 13	
12	108.2	5.07, 1H, m	12, 13	7, 11, 13	
13	65.4	4.15, 2H, dd (1.3, 1.3)	12	7, 11, 12	
14	15.5	0.88, 3H, d (6.6)	4	3, 4, 5	
15	18.2	0.98, 3H, s		4, 5, 6, 10	

Table S26 Summarized NMR signals for  $^{13}$  C,  $^{1}$  H,  $^{1}$  H- $^{1}$  H COSY, HMBC for 22 recorded in CDCl\_3



Figure S125 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 22 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC by LR-LCMS

Page 1 **Elemental Composition Report** Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 40.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Monoisotopic Mass, Odd and Even Electron lons 26 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 0-25 H: 0-35 O: 0-4 Br: 0-1 Sun YS 058 2934 (12.229) AM (Cen,5, 70.00, Ar,5000.0,190.00,1.00); Cm (2930:2941) TOF MS CI+ 3.88e+002 236.1778 100-237.1789 %m/z 0 237.40 236.40 236.60 236.80 237.00 237.20 236.00 236.20 -1.5 Minimum: 40.0 50.0 5.0 Maximum: i-FIT Formula PPM DBE Calc. Mass mDa Mass 2773078.8 C15 H24 O2 236.1776 0.2 0.8 4.0 236.1778

Figure S126 HRMS data for 22; M calc. mass is 236.1776, 236.1778 was found by HR-GCMS



Figure S127 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 22 recorded at 600 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



YSCL58AX.100020.fid — Yunlong, YS058A, 2 mg in CDCl3, 298 K, 15.05.23, Arafa — C13, gated decoupling







4.0 f2 (ppm)

3.5

3.0

2.5

2.0

1.5

1.0

0.5

7.5

7.0

6.5

6.0

Figure S130 HMBC-spectrum of 22 recorded at 600, 150 MHz in  $CDCl_3$ 

5.5

5.0

4.5

- 140 -- 150 -- 160



5.8 5.6 5.4 5.2 5.0 4.8 4.6 4.4 4.2 4.0 3.8 3.6 3.4 3.2 3.0 2.8 2.6 2.4 2.2 2.0 1.8 1.6 1.4 1.2 1.0 0.8 0.6 Figure S131 <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-COSY-spectrum of **22** recorded at 600 MHz in CDCl<sub>3</sub>



Figure S132 NOESY-spectrum of 22 recorded at 600 MHz in  $CDCl_3$ 



Chemical Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>22</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Exact Mass: 250.1569





Chemical Formula: C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>26</sub>O<sub>2</sub> Exact Mass: 238.1933



Compound 23				
Pos.	<i>δc</i> / ppm	δ <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	HMBC (H-C)
1	42.6	2.10, 1H, m;	1, 2	2, 3, 9, 10
1	42.0	2.28, 1H, ddd (12.9, 5.1, 2.3)	1, 2, 3	2, 3, 5, 9, 10
2	71.6	3.45, 1H, m	1, 3	1, 3
2	40.0	1.39, 1H, m;	3, 2, 4	1, 2, 4, 10,
3	40.8	1.70, 1H, m	3, 2, 4, 1	1, 2, 4, 5, 10
4	42.7	1.31, 1H, m	14, 3	3, 5, 6, 14, 15
5	39.3			
c	44.0	1.13, 1H, m;	6, 7	4, 5, 7, 15
0	44.9	1.84, 1H, m	6, 7	5, 7, 15
7	33.3	2.79, 1H, m	6, 8	5, 6, 8, 11, 12, 13
0	22.0	1.88, 1H, m;	8, 7	7, 9, 10, 11
0	32.5	2.14, 1H, m	8, 7, 9	7, 9, 10, 11
9	122.2	5.42, 1H, m	8	1, 5, 7
10	142.9			
11	147.5			
42	122.4	5.55, 1H, dd (1.3, 1.3);	12, 7	7, 13
12	123.1	6.17, 1H, d (1.2)	12	7, 11, 13
13	170.7			
14	15.8	0.89, 3H, d (6.4)	4	3, 4, 5
15	18.3	1.03, 3H, s		4, 5, 6, 10

Table S27 Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for 23 recorded in CD<sub>3</sub>OD

Compound 24					
Pos.	<i>δc</i> / ppm	δ <sub>H</sub> / ppm (J/Hz)	<sup>1</sup> H- <sup>1</sup> H COSY	НМВС (Н-С)	
1	42.7	2.12, 1H, m;	1, 2	2, 3, 9, 10	
2	71.7	3.45, 1H, m	1, 2, 3	1, 3	
3	40.9	1.39, 1H, m;	3, 2	2	
4	42.8	1.70, 1H, m 1.31, 1H, m	3, 2, 1 14	3, 5, 6, 14, 15	
5	38.8				
6	43.6	0.99, 1H, m;	6,7	5, 7, 15	
7	32.8	1.71, 1H, m 1.75, 1H, m	6, 11	6, 8, 11	
8	29.0	1.71, 1H, m;	8,9	7, 9, 10, 11	
9	122.7	5.38, 1H, m	8	1, 5	
10	142.8				
11	41.5	1.51, 1H, m	7, 13	7, 8, 12, 13	
12	13.3	0.88, 3H, d (6.4)	11	7, 13	
13	66.4	3.38, 1H, dd (10.7, 6.9);	13, 11	7, 11, 12	
		3.55, 1H, dd (10.7, 5.9)	13, 11	7, 11, 12	
14	15.8	0.89, 3H, d (6.4)	4	3, 4, 5	
15	18.4	0.97, 3H, s		5, 6, 10	

Table S28 Summarized NMR signals for <sup>13</sup>C, <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>1</sup>H-<sup>1</sup>H COSY, HMBC for 24 recorded in CD<sub>3</sub>OD







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Figure S134 HRMS data for 23; m/z (M - H)<sup>-</sup> calc. mass is 249.1491, 249.1493 was found
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Figure S135 UV-absorption (A) and fragmentation pattern (B) of 24 in ES<sup>+</sup> TIC by LR-LCMS



### Figure S136 HRMS data for 24; M calc. mass is 238.1933, 238.1934 was found by HR-GCMS

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Figure S137<sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 23 and 24 mixture recorded at 400 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD. The proton positions of 23 were labelled in red.



YSHA0590.40.fid — Sun YS 059 10,0mg in CD3OD at 298.0K, 08.05.2023 Koertje/ Ohlrogge — 1H-1d nach den gesamten Messungen

Figure S138 <sup>1</sup>H-NMR of 23 and 24 mixture recorded at 400 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD. The proton positions of 24 were labelled in blue.



Figure S139 <sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 23 and 24 mixture recorded at 100 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD. The carbon positions of 23 were labelled in red.



YSCL0590.100010.fid — Sun YS 059 10,0mg in CD3OD at 298.0K, 08.05.2023 Koertje — 13C-BB

Figure S140<sup>13</sup>C-NMR of 23 and 24 mixture recorded at 100 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD. The carbon positions of 24 were labelled in blue.



Figure S142 HMBC-spectrum of 23 and 24 mixture recorded at 400, 100 MHz in  $CD_3OD$ 



Figure S143  $^{1}$ H,  $^{1}$ H-COSY-spectrum of 23 and 24 mixture recorded at 400 MHz in CD<sub>3</sub>OD



Figure S144 NOESY-spectrum of  ${\bf 23}$  and  ${\bf 24}$  mixture recorded at 400 MHz in  ${\rm CD_3OD}$ 

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