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# **Construction of C2-indolyl-quaternary center by branch-selective allylation: enabling concise total synthesis of the** (±)**-mersicarpine alkaloid**

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Table of Contents:	Page No.
Experimental Section:	<b>S1</b>
General Procedure (GP I) for the Synthesis of 3-Chloroindoles and characterization data (2f, 2h, 2j-2m, 2o)	S2-S4
Preparation of the Allylboronic Acids 4	<b>S4-S5</b>
General Procedure (GP III) for the Branch-Selective Indole C2-Allylation and Compound Characterization Data (1aa-1ar, 1ba-1na)	S5-S17
One-Pot Synthesis of Reverse-Allylated Products from Unsubstituted Indole	S17
General Procedure (GP IV) for One-Pot Sequential Electrophilic Substitution and Compound Characterization Data (7a-7d)	S17-S19
Total Synthesis of (±)-Mersicarpine and Related Compound Characterization Data	S20-S32
Comparison of NMR Data of Mersicarpine 15	<b>S33-S34</b>
Computational Studies	S35-S37
References	S38
<sup>1</sup> H and <sup>13</sup> C NMR Spectra of all compounds and HPLC data of 1ha	S39-S155

#### **Experimental Section:**

General: All reactions involving air or moisture-sensitive reagents were carried out in flamedried glassware under nitrogen or argon atmosphere. All solvents were obtained from Merck India and dried according to the standard literature procedure. All the solvents used to conduct reactions were degassed by purging argon gas under sonication for 1 hour. Reactions were monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC) using Merck silica gel 60 F254 pre-coated plates (0.25 mm), and visualized under UV light or dipping into KMnO<sub>4</sub> or p-anisaldehyde stain. Silica gel (particle size 100-200 mesh) were purchased from SRL India for performing column chromatography by using a mixture of hexanes and ethyl acetate or CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and MeOH eluent. The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectroscopic data were recorded with a Bruker 400, 500 or 600 MHz NMR instruments. <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were similarly recorded at 101, 126 or 151 MHz NMR instruments by broadband decoupled mode. Proton and carbon NMR chemical shifts ( $\delta$ ) are reported in parts per million (ppm) relative to residual proton or carbon signals in CDCl<sub>3</sub> ( $\delta =$ 7.26, 77.16) or DMSO- $d_6$  ( $\delta = 2.50, 39.52$ ). Coupling constants (J) are reported in Hertz (Hz) and refer to apparent multiplicities. The following abbreviations are used for the multiplicities: s: singlet, d: doublet, t: triplet, q: quartet, quint: quintet, sep: septet, dd: doublet of doublets, dt: doublet of triplets, dq: doublet of quartets, ddd: doublet of doublet of doublets, td: triplet of doublets, m: multiplet, br: broad. Infrared (IR) spectra were recorded by Perkin Elmer ATIR spectrometer, and reported in terms of wave number (cm<sup>-1</sup>). High-resolution mass spectrometry (HRMS) spectra were recorded by the electrospray ionization (ESI) (+Ve) method using a timeof-flight mass analyzer. Optical rotations were measured on a Rudolph Autopol II Automatic Polarimeter and have the unit deg cm<sup>3</sup> dm<sup>-1</sup> g<sup>-1</sup>. Concentration in bracket is given in g/100 mL. The enantiomeric excesses were determined by HPLC analysis using a chiral stationary phase (column, CHIRALPACK ID; eluent: n-hexane/2- propanol). The chiral HPLC methods were calibrated with the corresponding racemic mixtures.

#### General Procedure (GP I) for the Synthesis of 3-Chloroindoles:

All the 3-chloroindole derivatives were synthesized according to the known literature procedures.<sup>1</sup>



To a solution of indole derivatives (1.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in DMF (5 ml), *N*-chlorosuccinamide (NCS, 140 mg, 1.05 mmol, 1.05 equiv) was added and stirred at room temperature in a dark place. After completion of the reaction as indicated by TLC (1 to 2 hours), brine (10 mL) was added to the reaction mixture, and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate ( $3 \times 15$  mL). The combined organic layers were washed with cold water ( $2 \times 15$  mL), dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent to afford the desired 3-chloroindoles **2a-2o**.

The analytical data of 3-chloroindoles 2a-2e, 2g, and 2i were matched with their reported data.<sup>1</sup>

#### 3-Chloro-1*H*-indole-5-carbonitrile (2f):



The titled compound **2f** was synthesized according to **GP I** and isolated as a white solid after column chromatography on silica gel using 15% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent (169 mg, 96%). <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta = 11.92$ 

(s, 1H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C

**NMR** (126 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta = 136.65$ , 125.32, 124.92, 124.48, 122.89, 120.13, 113.63, 104.21, 102.13 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3291, 2923, 2224, 1621, 1473, 1217, 798, 626. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>6</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 177.0214; found 177.0210.

#### Methyl (3-chloro-1*H*-indole-5-carbonyl)-*L*-alaninate (2h):



The titled compound **2h** was synthesized according to **GP I** and isolated as a white solid after column chromatography on silica gel using 35% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent (224 mg, 80%). **<sup>1</sup>H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta = 11.60$  (s, 1H), 8.77 (d, J =

7.0 Hz, 1H), 8.16 (s, 1H), 7.75 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (p, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.65 (s, 3H), 1.43 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta = 173.39$ , 166.72, 136.50, 125.51, 123.98, 123.81, 122.00, 117.28, 111.77, 104.31, 51.75, 48.26, 16.79 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3297, 2924, 1732, 1636, 1535, 1351, 1208, 748. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>14</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 281.0687; found 281.0687. **[\alpha]p^{25}: +9.08 (c 0.233, MeOH).** 

#### 3-Chloro-1*H*-indole-6-carbonitrile (2j):

The titled compound **2j** was synthesized according to **GP I** and isolated as a white solid after column chromatography on silica gel using 18% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent (148 mg, 84%). <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta = 11.94$  (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.83 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (126 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ ):  $\delta = 133.66$ , 127.36, 127.01, 122.33, 120.04, 118.29, 117.29, 104.01, 103.83 ppm. **FTIR**: v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3298, 2922, 2223, 1458, 1220, 807. **HRMS** (**ESI**): calculated for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>5</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub>Na ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>) 199.0033; found 199.0034.

# Methyl 3-chloro-1*H*-indole-6-carboxylate (2k):

CI The titled compound **2k** was synthesized according to **GP I** and isolated as a white solid after column chromatography on silica gel using 15% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent (153 mg, 73%). <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.55$  (br s, 1H), 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.88 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.95 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 168.04$ , 134.50, 128.95, 125.11, 124.35, 121.54, 118.21, 114.14, 107.16, 52.24 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3303, 2949, 1695, 1435, 1317, 1113, 764. **HRMS** (**ESI**): calculated for C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>9</sub>ClNO<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 210.0316; found 210.0313.

# 3-Chloro-6-nitro-1*H*-indole (2l):

CI The titled compound **2l** was synthesized according to **GP I** and isolated as a yellow solid after column chromatography on silica gel using 12% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent (159 mg, 81%). <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta = 12.14$  (s, 1H), 8.36 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.97 (dd, J = 8.4, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (126 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta = 142.76$ , 133.20, 129.12, 128.81, 117.48, 114.67, 108.96, 104.19 ppm. **FTIR**: v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3336, 2919, 1510, 1339, 1208, 1065, 751. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>6</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 197.0112; found 197.0101.

# 1-(3-Chloro-4-methyl-1*H*-indol-5-yl)ethan-1-one (2m):

# 3-Chloro-7-methyl-1*H*-indole (20):



The titled compound **20** was synthesized according to **GP I** and isolated as a white solid after column chromatography on silica gel using 3% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent (157 mg, 95%). <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta = 11.31$  (s, 1H), 7.48 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.03-6.97 (m, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H) ppm.

<sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (126 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  = 134.46, 124.33, 122.65, 122.02, 121.41, 119.91, 114.66, 103.62, 16.37 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3391, 2924, 1723, 1328, 1052, 779. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>9</sub>ClN ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 166.0418; found 166.0419.

# Preparation of the Allylboronic acids 4:

**Synthesis of Allyl Alcohols:** All the allyl alcohols were synthesized according to known literature procedures.<sup>2</sup>

# General Procedure (GP II) for the preparation of Allylboronic Acids:<sup>3</sup>



A 10 mL two neck round bottom flask containing allyl alcohol (1.0 mmol) was evacuated under vacuo and then backfilled with argon. This process is repeated thrice. Then DMSO (1.6 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (0.4 mL) were added and the resulting solution was stirred for 2 minutes. Next, freshly prepared H<sub>2</sub>PdCl<sub>4</sub> (0.3 M, 0.17 mL, 0.05 mmol) and diboronic acid (108 mg, 1.2 mmol, 1.2 equiv) were added sequentially and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for another 2 to 24 hours. Upon complete consumption of allyl alcohol as evidenced by TLC (panisaldehyde stain), reaction mixture was allowed to settle down over 1 to 2 hours for the complete sedimentation of Pd. Then the crude mixture was transferred using a syringe to a 25 mL round bottom flask under argon and was diluted with 2 mL degassed CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and combined solution was washed with 4 mL of degassed 16% aqueous NaCl solution. After separation of the two layers, the organic layer was taken into a 5 mL syringe and the aqueous layer was discarded. The organic layer was syringed back into the same round bottom flask was similarly washed twice more with 16% aqueous NaCl. Finally, the organic layer containing allyl-boronic acid was taken off and transferred into another 10 mL round bottom flask containing anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> under argon, and the crude allylboronic acid solution was used immediately for the indole-C2-reverse-allylation reaction.

**Note:** [a] All the solvents were degassed for 3 hours with Ar (99.999%) under sonication. [b] In few cases, when all allyl alcohols were not consumed even after prolonged reaction time, then additional 1-2 mol%  $H_2PdCl_4$  was added along with 0.2-0.4 equiv of  $B_2(OH)_4$  to the reaction mixture. The stirring was continued further until complete consumption of allyl alcohols.

#### General Procedure (GP III) for the Branch-Selective Indole C2-Allylation:



A 10 mL screw cap seal reaction tube was charged with 3-chloroindole derivatives 2 (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv). To it, solution of allylboronic acid 4 in 2 mL CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (prepared from 1.0 mmol of

allyl alcohol) and *N*,*N*-dimethylaniline (26  $\mu$ L, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) were added at room temperature. The seal tube was flushed with argon, and the reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C in a pre-heated oil bath for 24-36 h. Upon consumption of the starting material as indicated by TLC, reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature, diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (15 mL) and washed with 1 (N) HCl (2 × 10 mL). The organic layer was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution once, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure and the crude residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography using ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent to obtain the pure desired allylated products **1**.

# 2-(2-Methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indole (1aa):

The titled compound 1aa was synthesized according to GP III. Column chromatography on

silica gel using 0.5% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1aa** (31 mg, 83%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H** NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 7.90 (br s, 1H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.16-7.13 (m, 1H), 7.09 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (dd, *J* = 17.4, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 5.15-5.12 (m, 2H), 1.50 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C** NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 146.21, 145.88, 136.00, 128.66, 121.41, 120.23, 119.73, 112.34, 110.57, 98.08, 38.31, 27.54 ppm. **FTIR**: v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3421, 2967, 2925, 1542, 1459, 1289, 998, 735. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 186.1277; found 186.1279.

# 2-(3-Methylhex-1-en-3-yl)-1*H*-indole (1ab):

The titled compound **1ab** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 0.5% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ab** (35 mg, 81%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.89$  (br s, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.0Hz, 1H), 7.17-7.08 (m, 2H), 6.34 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (dd, J = 17.4, 10.6 Hz, 1H), 5.20-5.11 (m, 2H), 1.87-1.72 (m, 2H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.36-1.23 (m, 2H), 0.93 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 145.52$ , 145.09, 136.00, 128.72, 121.32, 120.21, 119.69, 113.07, 110.55, 99.02, 42.90, 41.84, 24.53, 17.79, 14.78 ppm. **FTIR**: v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3419, 2957, 1634, 1457, 1290, 916, 735. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 214.1590; found 214.1585.

# 2-(3,4-Dimethylpent-1-en-3-yl)-1*H*-indole (1ac):

The titled compound **1ac** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 0.5% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ac** (30 mg, 71%)

as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.91$  (br s, 1H), 7.55 Me (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.14-7.05 (m, 2H), 6.31 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (dd, J = 17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 2.14 (sep, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 1.40 (s, 3H), 0.93 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.86 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 145.07$ , 143.30, 135.72, 128.57, 121.18, 120.12, 119.65, 114.37, 110.53, 99.53, 45.26, 36.24, 20.62, 18.11 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3415, 2964, 2875, 1718, 1457, 1408, 1287, 916. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 214.1590; found 214.1591.

# 2-(3,4,4-Trimethylpent-1-en-3-yl)-1*H*-indole (1ad):

The titled compound **1ad** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using hexane as eluent provided the product **1ad** (17 mg, 38%, 63% brsm) as a colorless oil along with recovered starting material (12 mg). <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.95$  (br s, 1H), 7.57 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.14-7.11 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.06 (m, 1H), 6.52 (dd, J =17.3, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (dd, J = 10.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (dd, J = 17.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 1.50 (s, 3H), 0.98 (s, 9H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 143.65$ , 142.24, 135.21, 128.18, 121.15, 120.04, 119.62, 114.98, 110.49, 101.71, 47.62, 36.90, 26.77, 20.64 ppm. **FTIR**: v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3436, 2924, 2854, 1457, 1373, 1290, 1009, 918. **HRMS (ESI**): calculated for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>22</sub>N ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 228.1747; found 228.1745.

# 2-(1-Vinylcyclopentyl)-1*H*-indole (1ae):



The titled compound **1ae** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using hexane as eluent provided the product **1ae** (31 mg, 73%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 7.87 (br s, 1H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.15-7.11 (m,

1H), 7.09-7.05 (m, 1H), 6.34 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dd, J = 17.4, 10.6 Hz, 1H), 5.11 (dd, J = 10.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (dd, J = 17.4, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.10-2.05 (m, 2H), 2.01-1.95 (m, 2H), 1.78-1.75 (m, 4H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 144.59$ , 144.26, 136.16, 128.62, 121.33, 120.16, 119.69, 113.01, 110.52, 98.96, 50.54, 37.65, 23.71 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3415, 2956, 2872, 1634, 1455, 1406, 1287, 997. **HRMS** (**ESI**): calculated for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 212.1434; found 212.1428.

# 2-(1-Vinylcyclohexyl)-1*H*-indole (1af):



The titled compound **1af** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using hexane as eluent provided the product **1af** (41 mg, 91%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 7.89 (br s, 1H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.14-7.11 (m,

1H), 7.09-7.06 (m, 1H), 6.36 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 5.90 (dd, J = 17.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (d, J = 17.5 Hz, 1H), 2.05-2.00 (m, 2H), 1.90-1.85 (m, 2H), 1.63-1.57 (m, 4H), 1.49-1.45 (m, 2H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 145.83$ , 144.43, 135.92, 128.75, 121.28, 120.13, 119.67, 113.56, 110.60, 99.47, 42.44, 35.95, 26.22, 22.53 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3424, 2928, 2854, 1457, 1405, 1343, 1290, 997. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>20</sub>N ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 226.1590; found 226.1586.

#### 2-(3,7-Dimethylocta-1,6-dien-3-yl)-1*H*-indole (1ag):



The titled compound **1ag** was synthesized according to **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 0.5% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ag** (42 mg, 82%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.89$  (br s, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (dd, J =

8.0, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.15-7.11 (m, 1H), 7.08 (td, J = 7.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.34-6.33 (m, 1H), 6.05 (dd, J = 17.4, 10.6 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (dd, J = 10.6, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 5.15-5.09 (m, 2H), 2.01-1.95 (m, 1H), 1.91-1.79 (m, 3H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.55 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 145.22$ , 144.79, 135.96, 131.86, 128.64, 124.38, 121.33, 120.20, 119.66, 113.28, 110.55, 99.06, 41.73, 40.35, 25.82, 24.39, 23.24, 17.77 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3418, 2924, 1619, 1457, 1375, 1290, 917. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>24</sub>N ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 254.1903; found 254.1899.

#### 2-(3,7,11-Trimethyldodeca-1,6,10-trien-3-yl)-1*H*-indole (1ah):



The titled compound **1ah** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using hexane as eluent provided the product **1ah** (52 mg, 81%, mixture of E/Z as obtained from the commercially available farmesol) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR

(**major isomer**) (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>): δ = 10.78 (br s, 1H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.99 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.91 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.16-6.08 (m, 2H), 5.08-4.99 (m, 4H), 2.02-1.97 (m, 2H), 1.91-1.83 (m, 4H), 1.77-1.70 (m, 2H), 1.62 (s, 3H), 1.54 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 3H), 1.42 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (major isomer) (101 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>):

δ= 145.22, 136.37, 134.33, 130.64, 127.67, 125.05, 124.15, 124.10, 120.20, 119.31, 118.47, 112.12, 110.77, 97.60, 41.18, 31.45, 26.15, 25.47, 23.07, 22.76, 17.53, 17.25, 15.68 ppm. **FTIR**: v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3452, 2923, 2855, 1457, 1375, 1288, 1001, 785. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>23</sub>H<sub>32</sub>N ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 322.2529; found 322.2525.

#### 2-(1-(Benzyloxy)-2-methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indole (1ai):

The titled compound **1ai** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 1% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ai** (54 mg, 92%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.91$  (br s, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.42-7.34 (m, 5H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.33-6.32 (m, 1H), 6.13 (dd, J = 17.4, 10.6 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 5.04 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.62 (s, 2H), 3.71 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 3.63 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 1.49 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 143.64$ , 142.85, 138.02, 135.94, 128.69, 128.02, 127.96, 127.89, 121.34, 120.21, 119.47, 114.60, 110.76, 99.03, 78.39, 73.88, 42.93, 22.91 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3425, 2854, 1456, 1291, 1219, 1075, 919,775. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NO ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 292.1696; found 292.1704.

# 2-(1-((4-Methoxybenzyl)oxy)-4-vinyloctan-4-yl)-1*H*-indole (1aj):

The titled compound 1aj was synthesized according to the GP III. Column chromatography on



silica gel using 3% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1aj** (42 mg, 53%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 8.05 (br s, 1H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.26 (m, 3H), 7.15 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 6.00

(dd, J = 17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.45 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.46 (t, J = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 1.94-1.89 (m, 2H), 1.86-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.61-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.35-1.21 (m, 4H), 0.91 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 159.28$ , 144.44, 143.70, 135.86, 130.72, 129.42, 128.59, 121.20, 120.11, 119.55, 114.19, 113.91, 110.61, 100.07, 72.69, 70.53, 55.43, 44.89, 37.07, 33.00, 26.17, 24.55, 23.43, 14.19 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2932, 1612, 1512, 1246, 1033, 919, 736. **HRMS (ESI**): calculated for C<sub>26</sub>H<sub>34</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 392.2584; found 392.2585.

# 2-(6-Methoxy-3-methylhex-1-en-3-yl)-1*H*-indole (1ak):

The titled compound **1ak** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 2% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ak** (35 mg, 71%)



as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 7.98 (br s, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.06 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.32 (s, 1H), 6.03 (dd, J = 17.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (d, J = 17.5 Hz, 1H), 3.35 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 3.31 (s,

3H), 1.94-1.81 (m, 2H), 1.62-1.58 (m, 1H), 1.52-1.48 (m, 1H), 1.45 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 145.25$ , 144.67, 136.05, 128.69, 121.37, 120.22, 119.70, 113.31, 110.61, 99.28, 73.15, 58.70, 41.57, 36.71, 24.88, 24.64 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3419, 3318, 2929, 1465, 1410, 1289, 1115, 919. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NO ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 244.1696; found 244.1692.

#### 4-(1*H*-indol-2-yl)-4-methylhex-5-en-1-yl 4-methylbenzenesulfonate (1al):



The titled compound **1al** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 8% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1al** (50 mg, 65%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H **NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.88$  (br s, 1H), 7.74 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, J =

7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.28 (m, 3H), 7.15-7.11 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.05 (m, 1H), 6.24 (s, 1H), 5.96 (dd, J = 17.4, 10.6 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 5.09 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.01-3.97 (m, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.86-1.74 (m, 2H), 1.69-1.61 (m, 1H), 1.54-1.48 (m, 1H), 1.40 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C **NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 144.89, 144.59, 143.80, 136.05, 133.21, 129.97, 128.49, 128.00, 121.60, 120.24, 119.82, 113.77, 110.70, 99.35, 71.04, 41.28, 35.94, 24.44, 24.34, 21.76 ppm.$ **FTIR** $: <math>v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3409, 2927, 1458, 1355, 1180, 1097, 917, 662. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>26</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 384.1628; found 384.1630.

# (E)-2-(3,7-Dimethyl-8-(phenylthio)octa-1,6-dien-3-yl)-1H-indole (1am):



The titled compound **1am** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 0.2% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provide the product **1am** (48

mg, 66%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.82$  (br s, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34-7.24 (m, 5H), 7.21-7.19 (m, 1H), 7.15-7.11 (m, 1H), 7.09-7.05 (m, 1H), 6.28 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.99 (dd, J = 17.4, 10.6 Hz, 1H), 5.20-5.15 (m, 2H), 5.11-5.07 (m, 1H), 3.45 (s, 2H), 1.99-1.88 (m, 1H), 1.87-1.81 (m, 1H), 1.74-1.69 (m, 1H), 1.66 (s, 3H), 1.64-1.59 (m, 1H), 1.42 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 145.04$ , 144.52, 136.49, 135.97, 130.92, 130.63, 128.86, 128.78, 128.62, 126.45, 121.43, 120.22, 119.74, 113.40, 110.56, 99.14, 44.41, 41.66, 39.80, 24.38, 23.33, 15.25 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3424, 2924, 1456,

1407, 1288, 1088, 919, 690. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>28</sub>NS ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 362.1937; found 362.1938.

# Methyl 4-(1*H*-indol-2-yl)-4-methylhex-5-enoate (1an):



The titled compound **1an** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 2% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1an** (44 mg, 86%) as a

colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.94$  (br s, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.33 (s, 1H), 6.01 (dd, J = 17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.22-5.14 (m, 2H), 3.61 (s, 3H), 2.35-2.29 (m, 1H), 2.26-2.18 (m, 2H), 2.16-2.11 (m, 1H), 1.45 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 174.32, 144.37, 143.41, 136.10, 128.48, 121.63, 120.29, 119.81, 113.97, 110.68, 99.61, 51.78, 41.26, 34.71, 29.71, 24.41 ppm.$ **FTIR** $: <math>v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3391, 2925, 1719, 1457, 1291, 1170, 997, 775. **HRMS** (**ESI**): calculated for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 258.1489; found 258.1489.

# Ethyl 2-((1*H*-indol-2-yl)methyl)acrylate (1ao):



The titled compound **1ao** was synthesized according to the **GP III** in presence of diphenyl phosphate (2.5 mg, 0.01 mmol, 0.05 equiv). Column chromatography on silica gel using 1% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ao** (39 mg, 85%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500

MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.44$  (br s, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 6.29 (s, 1H), 6.26 (s, 1H), 5.72 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 3.76 (s, 2H), 1.32 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 167.67$ , 138.52, 136.57, 136.27, 128.75, 127.01, 121.46, 120.12, 119.75, 110.74, 100.74, 61.33, 31.69, 14.29 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3397, 2981, 1699, 1631, 1456, 1295, 1128, 1023, 732. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 230.1176; found 230.1173.

# Ethyl 2-((1*H*-indol-2-yl)(*p*-tolyl)methyl)acrylate (1ap):



The titled compound **1ap** was synthesized according to the **GP III** in presence of diphenylphosphate (7.5 mg, 0.03 mmol, 0.15 equiv) at 100 °C. Column chromatography on silica gel using 3% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ap** (27 mg, 42%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.08$  (br s, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.15-7.09 (m, 5H), 7.09-7.05 (m, 1H), 6.44

(s, 1H), 6.22 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.50 (s, 1H), 5.47 (s, 1H), 4.22-4.13 (m, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H),

1.23 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 166.89$ , 142.50, 139.14, 137.12, 136.90, 136.41, 129.48, 128.53, 127.49, 121.68, 120.37, 119.82, 110.80, 102.32, 61.21, 46.53, 21.19, 14.22 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3415, 2985, 1702, 1513, 1457, 1249, 1169, 1022. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 320.1645; found 320.1662.

# 2-((1*H*-indol-2-yl)(*p*-tolyl)methyl)acrylonitrile (1aq):



The titled compound **1aq** was synthesized according to the **GP III** in presence of diphenylphosphate (7.5 mg, 0.03 mmol, 0.15 equiv) at 100 °C. Column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1aq** (31 mg, 57%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H **NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 7.83 (br s, 1H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.18-7.15 (m, 3H), 7.11 (td, *J* =

7.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.13 (s, 1H), 5.77 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 5.08 (s, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 138.31$ , 136.59, 135.95, 134.41, 132.46, 130.01, 128.61, 128.36, 124.87, 122.40, 120.73, 120.26, 118.35, 110.94, 103.16, 49.60, 21.23 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3450, 2928, 2201, 1546, 1298, 1135, 1010. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 273.1386; found 273.1395.

# 2-(1-Methylcyclohex-2-en-1-yl)-1*H*-indole (1ar):



The titled compound **1ar** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 1% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ar** (28 mg, 66%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H

**NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.97$  (br s, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (td, J = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.08-7.05 (m, 1H), 6.29 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.95 (dt, J = 10.0, 3.8 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 2.11-2.06 (m, 2H), 1.99-1.94 (m, 1H), 1.76-1.72 (m, 1H), 1.68-1.64 (m, 1H), 1.62-1.58 (m, 1H), 1.47 (s, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 147.23$ , 135.59, 133.19, 128.96, 128.67, 121.14, 120.13, 119.70, 110.58, 98.12, 38.27, 36.51, 28.40, 25.09, 19.57 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3421, 3016, 2929, 1458, 1290, 735. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 212.1434; found 212.1434.

# 4-Bromo-2-(2-methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indole (1ba):



The titled compound **1ba** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 1% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ba** (36 mg, 69%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.02$  (br s, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (dd, J = 17.5, 10.0 Hz, 1H), 5.15-5.12 (m, 2H), 1.50 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 146.72, 145.83, 136.21, 129.37, 122.65, 122.36, 114.19, 112.76, 109.75, 98.56, 38.43, 27.51 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3467, 2968, 1572, 1431, 1323, 1179, 913, 755. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>15</sub>BrN ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 264.0382; found 264.0379.

#### 2-(2-Methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indole-4-carbonitrile (1ca):



The titled compound **1ca** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 1% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ca** (32 mg, 77%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.20$  (br s, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, J = 7.5

Hz, 1H), 7.15 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.55 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (dd, J = 17.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 5.18-5.13 (m, 2H), 1.51 (s, 6H). <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 149.24$ , 145.41, 135.72, 130.38, 125.06, 121.06, 119.07, 115.22, 113.17, 102.47, 97.57, 38.54, 27.51 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3317, 2972, 2220, 1535, 1436, 1359, 1278, 918. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 211.1230; found 211.1227.

#### 5-Methoxy-2-(2-methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indole (1da):

The titled compound **1da** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 1% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1da** (34 mg, 79%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.77$  (br s, 1H), 7.18 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.78 (dd, J = 9.0, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (dd, J = 17.1, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 5.13-5.10 (m, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 1.47 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 154.27$ , 146.76, 146.21, 131.06, 129.10, 112.31, 111.38, 111.24, 102.39, 97.96, 56.11, 38.37, 27.55 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3417, 2968, 1624, 1485, 1208, 1150, 1030, 730. **HRMS** (**ESI**): calculated for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 216.1383; found 216.1380.

# 2-(2-Methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-5-nitro-1*H*-indole (1ea):

 $O_2N$   $N_H$  Me Me The titled compound **1ea** was synthesized according to the **GP III** and reaction was conducted at 100 °C. Column Chromatography on silica gel using 3% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ea** (40 mg, 86%) as a yellow oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.50$  (d, J = 1.8Hz, 1H), 8.29 (br s, 1H), 8.05 (dd, J = 8.7, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (d, J =1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dd, J = 17.4, 10.2 Hz, 1H), 5.18-5.14 (m, 2H), 1.51 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 149.42$ , 145.30, 141.91, 139.16, 128.07, 117.39, 117.34, 113.24, 110.46, 100.35, 38.49, 27.36 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3369, 2969, 1618, 1472, 1317, 1071, 919. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 231.1128; found 231.1128.

#### 2-(2-Methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indole-5-carbonitrile (1fa):



The titled compound **1fa** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 3% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1fa** (32 mg, 77%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.20$  (br s, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H),

7.37-7.33 (m, 2H), 6.38 (d, J = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dd, J = 17.4, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.17-5.12 (m, 2H), 1.50 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 148.45$ , 145.47, 137.79, 128.60, 125.70, 124.61, 121.06, 113.11, 111.41, 102.83, 98.92, 38.41, 27.44 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3331, 2978, 2219, 1613, 1473, 1318, 916, 784. **HRMS** (**ESI**): calculated for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 211.1230; found 211.1239.

#### 5-Bromo-2-(2-methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indole (1ga):

The titled compound **1ga** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 1% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ga** (40 mg, 75%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.91$  (br s, 1H), 7.66 (s, 1H), 7.20 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.26 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dd, J = 17.3, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.14-5.10 (m, 2H), 1.48 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 147.32$ , 145.88, 134.66, 130.53, 124.21, 122.75, 112.91, 112.67, 111.97, 97.86, 38.37, 27.52 ppm. **FTIR**: v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3432, 3055, 1599, 1455, 1341, 1135, 736. **HRMS** (**ESI**): calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>15</sub>BrN ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 264.0382; found 264.0382.

#### Methyl (2-(2-methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indole-5-carbonyl)-*L*-alaninate (1ha):



The titled compound **1ha** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 30% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ha** (38 mg, 60%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz,

CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.26$  (br s, 1H), 8.04 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (dd, J = 17.3, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.13-5.09 (m, 2H), 4.85 (quint, J = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 1.53 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.49 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 174.15$ , 168.15, 147.59, 145.92, 138.11, 128.43,

125.71, 120.63, 119.93, 112.63, 110.52, 99.13, 52.56, 48.65, 38.41, 27.50, 18.96 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3289, 2968, 1736, 1635, 1524, 1317, 1217, 790. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>23</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 315.1703; found 315.1705. **[a]** $p^{25}$ : +2.12 (c 0.233, MeOH).

HPLC conditions: ID column, n-hexane/2-propanol = 80/20, flow rate = 0.5 mL/min, one enantiomer:  $t_R = 25.81$  min; another enantiomer:  $t_R = 37.67$  min (*ee* 100%). The HPLC analysis confirmed that the stereointegrity of the chiral center in **1ha** has been retained during the reaction as no racemization was observed.

#### 6-Bromo-2-(2-methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indole (1ia):



The titled compound **1ia** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 3% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ia** (34 mg, 65%) as a colorless

oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.87$  (br s, 1H), 7.45 (s, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.29 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dd, J = 17.3, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.14-5.10 (m, 2H), 1.48 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 146.68, 145.91, 136.88, 127.63, 123.03, 121.44, 114.74, 113.56, 112.65, 98.34, 38.36, 27.51 ppm. FTIR: <math>v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3431, 2968, 1611, 1453, 1379, 1218, 905, 808. **HRMS** (ESI): calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>15</sub>BrN ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 264.0382; found 264.0377.

# 2-(2-Methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indole-6-carbonitrile (1ja):



The titled compound **1ja** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ja** (22 mg, 52%) as a colorless

oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.21$  (br s, 1H), 7.63 (s, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.31 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.40 (d, J = 0.8 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dd, J = 17.4, 10.6 Hz, 1H), 5.19-5.13 (m, 2H), 1.50 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 150.33$ , 145.26, 134.75, 132.08, 122.93, 121.09, 120.90, 115.33, 113.21, 103.49, 99.12, 38.50, 27.42 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3330, 2970, 2218, 1465, 1307, 1231, 817. **HRMS** (**ESI**): calculated for C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 211.1230; found 211.1221.

# Methyl 2-(2-methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indole-6-carboxylate (1ka):



The titled compound **1ka** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 6% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ka** (26 mg, 53%) as a

colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.24$  (br s, 1H), 8.09 (s, 1H), 7.78 (dd, J = 8.3,

1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (dd, J = 17.3, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.15-5.12 (m, 2H), 3.93 (s, 3H), 1.51 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 168.43$ , 149.73, 145.70, 135.39, 132.59, 123.08, 121.03, 119.69, 113.03, 112.81, 98.76, 51.96, 38.53, 27.52 ppm. **FTIR**: v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3356, 2969, 1694, 1532, 1318, 1215, 1091. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>18</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 244.1332; found 244.1328.

#### 2-(2-Methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-6-nitro-1*H*-indole (11a):



The titled compound **1la** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1la** (16 mg, 35%) as a yellow

oil along with recovered starting material (17 mg). <sup>1</sup>**H** NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.39$  (br s, 1H), 8.28 (s, 1H), 7.99 (dd, J = 8.8, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 1H), 6.43 (s, 1H), 6.05 (dd, J = 17.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 5.20-5.15 (m, 2H), 1.52 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 152.57$ , 145.09, 142.82, 134.44, 133.87, 119.90, 115.62, 113.40, 107.60, 99.43, 38.71, 27.43 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3376, 2970, 1504, 1335, 1292, 1070, 823. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>15</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 231.1128; found 231.1125.

#### 1-(4-Methyl-2-(2-methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indol-5-yl)ethan-1-one (1ma):



The titled compound **1ma** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 6% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1ma** (31 mg, 64%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.15$  (br s, 1H), 7.57

(d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (dd, J = 17.0, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 5.14-5.11 (m, 2H), 2.78 (s, 3H), 2.63 (s, 3H), 1.50 (s, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 201.77, 146.66, 145.93, 137.21, 132.64, 129.91, 129.25, 124.04, 112.67, 107.65, 98.43, 38.42, 30.10, 27.52, 17.58 ppm. FTIR: <math>v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3324, 2969, 1652, 1599, 1354, 1282, 1135, 789. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NO ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 242.1539; found 242.1530.

# 2-(2-Methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indol-4-ol (1na):



The titled compound **1na** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1na** (25 mg, 62%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.94$  (br s, 1H), 6.99 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H),

6.93 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.04 (dd, J = 17.6, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 5.15-5.11 (m, 3H), 1.48 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 148.59$ ,

146.14, 144.82, 137.87, 122.31, 117.92, 112.41, 104.23, 103.88, 94.16, 38.27, 27.52 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3414, 2969, 1592, 1454, 1245, 1037, 767. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NO ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 202.1226; found 202.1227.

# **One-Pot Synthesis of Reverse-Allylated Products from Unsubstituted Indole:**



In a 10 mL screw cap seal reaction tube, to a solution of indole (23 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1 mL), *N*-chlorosuccinamide (NCS, 27 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was added and stirred at room temperature in a dark place. After completion of the reaction as indicated by TLC (5 hour), allyl boronic acid **4a** or **4g** in 1.5 mL CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (prepared from 1.0 mmol of allyl alcohol) and *N*,*N*-dimethylaniline (26  $\mu$ L, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) were added. The seal tube was flushed with argon, and the reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C oil bath temperature for 24 h. Upon consumption of the intermediate as indicated by TLC, reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature, diluted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (15 mL) and washed with 1 (N) HCl (2 × 10 mL). The organic layer was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution once, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure and the crude residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography using ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent to obtain the pure desired allylated products **1aa** (27.5 mg, 74% over two steps) or **1ag** (31.5 mg, 62% over two steps), respectively.

# General Procedure (GP IV) for One-Pot Sequential Electrophilic Substitution to Access 3-Substituted-2-Prenylated Indoles:



As mentioned in **GP III**, a 10 mL screw cap seal reaction tube was charged with 3-chloroindole **2a** (30 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv). To it, prenyl boronic acid **4a** in 2 mL CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (prepared from 1.0 mmol of prenyl alcohol) and *N*,*N*-dimethylaniline (26  $\mu$ L, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) were added, and the resulting reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 24 h. Upon consumption of the

starting material as indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature and treated with an electrophile.<sup>1a,4</sup> Upon complete consumption of the intermediate **1aa** as indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was diluted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (20 mL) and washed with 1 (N) HCl (2 × 15 mL). The organic layer was washed with saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution once, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated and purified by silica gel column chromatography using ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent to obtain the pure desired 3-substituted-2-prenylated indoles **7**.

#### 3-Chloro-2-(2-methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indole (7a):



The titled compound **7a** was synthesized according to the **GP IV**. After the formation of intermediate **1aa**, *N*-chlorosuccinamide (NCS, 27 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was added and stirred at room temperature in a dark place for 4 h. Column chromatography on silica gel using 1% ethyl acetate

in hexane as eluent provided the product **7a** (34 mg, 77% over two steps) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H **NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 7.93 (br s, 1H), 7.60 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.22-7.16 (m, 2H), 6.18 (dd, *J* = 17.5, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 5.26-5.20 (m, 2H), 1.64 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C **NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 144.45, 138.17, 132.92, 127.59, 122.50, 120.41, 117.75, 113.43, 110.92, 102.19, 38.86, 26.36 ppm. **FTIR**: v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3438, 2969, 1456, 1234, 1035, 922, 740. **HRMS** (**ESI**): calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>15</sub>ClN ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 220.0888; found 220.0886.

# 3-Bromo-2-(2-methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indole (7b):



The titled compound **7b** was synthesized according to the **GP IV**. After the formation of intermediate **1aa**, *N*-bromosuccinamide (NBS, 53 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv) was added and stirred at room temperature in a dark place for 12 h.<sup>4a</sup> Column chromatography on silica gel using 0.5% ethyl

acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **7b** (32 mg, 61% over two steps) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.09$  (br s, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.22-7.15 (m, 2H), 6.18 (dd, J = 17.4, 10.6 Hz, 1H), 5.27-5.21 (m, 2H), 1.65 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 144.37$ , 139.60, 133.44, 129.15, 122.59, 120.58, 118.75, 113.67, 110.86, 88.00, 39.08, 26.49 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3434, 2969, 1454, 1231, 1020, 923, 740. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>15</sub>BrN ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 264.0382; found 264.0379.

#### 2-(2-Methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-3-(phenylthio)-1*H*-indole (7c):



The titled compound **7c** was synthesized according to the **GP IV**. After the formation of intermediate **1aa**, sodium sulfinate (49 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and triphenylphosphine (79 mg, 0.3 mmol, 1.5 equiv) were added. To the reaction mixture, iodine (51 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was added

and refluxed at 60 °C for 5 h.<sup>4b</sup> Column chromatography on silica gel using 3% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **7c** (44 mg, 75% over two steps) as white solid. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.30$  (br s, 1H), 7.51 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.10 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.04-7.01 (m, 3H), 6.24 (dd, J = 17.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 5.24-5.21 (m, 2H), 1.64 (s, 6H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 148.92$ , 145.15, 139.86, 134.27, 131.77, 128.73, 125.42, 124.38, 122.49, 120.89, 119.24, 113.61, 110.96, 97.47, 39.70, 27.19 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3429, 2964, 1581, 1453, 1260, 1023, 737. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>20</sub>NS ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 294.1311; found 294.1310.

#### Bis(2-(2-methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-1*H*-indol-3-yl)methane (7d):

The titled compound 7d was synthesized according to the GP IV. A solution of Me<sub>2</sub>NH (37 µL,



40% solution in H<sub>2</sub>O, 0.21 mmol, 1.05 equiv) and a solution of CH<sub>2</sub>O (21  $\mu$ L, 37% solution in H<sub>2</sub>O, 0.21 mmol, 1.05 equiv) were sequentially added to AcOH (70  $\mu$ L). Then the resulting mixture was stirred for 1 h and transferred dropwise to the intermediate **1aa** and final mixture was stirred at rt for 12 h.<sup>4c</sup> Column chromatography on silica gel using 4%

ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **7d** (20 mg, 51% over two steps) as a yellow oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.94$  (br s, 2H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.86 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.71 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.21 (dd, J = 17.5, 10.5 Hz, 2H), 5.21 (d, J = 17.5 Hz, 2H), 5.17 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 2H), 4.42 (s, 2H), 1.59 (s, 12H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 146.00$ , 138.54, 134.25, 130.26, 120.90, 120.02, 118.98, 112.10, 110.16, 110.05, 39.11, 27.41, 23.07 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3384, 2970, 1618, 1459, 1301, 1012, 916, 746. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>31</sub>N<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 383.2482; found 383.2484.

#### **Total Synthesis of (±)-Mersicarpine:**

# General Procedure (GP V) to Access required Allylboronic Acid 4s-4t Used in the Synthesis of Mersicarpine:

First, a 250 mL two-neck round bottom flask was evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen. To it, butane-1,4-diol **A** (50 mmol, 4.5 g, 1.0 equiv) was taken and 100 mL dry THF was added. Then the reaction mixture was cooled down to 0 °C, and to the stirring solution, NaH (60% dispersion in mineral oil, 50 mmol, 2.0 g, 1.0 equiv) was added in portion under positive nitrogen pressure. The resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 30 min and again cooled down to 0 °C. After that, tetrabutylammonium iodide (TBAI, 5 mmol, 1.8 g, 0.1 equiv) was added followed by *p*-methoxybenzyl bromide or benzyl bromide (50 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and the resulting solution was stirred at room temperature for 12 h.<sup>5a</sup> After complete consumption of **A**, as indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was quenched with water (60 mL) and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 60 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography using 30% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent to afford **B1** (9.6 g, 91%) or **B2** (8.6 g, 95%), respectively, as pale yellow oil.



The mono-protected diol **B1** or **B2** (45 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was taken in a 250 mL round bottom flask and 140 mL acetonitrile was added. To this reaction mixture, IBX (50 mmol, 14 g, 1.1 equiv) was added and refluxed for 1 h at 80 °C. After complete consumption of starting material

as indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and washed with ethyl acetate. The filtrates were then concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel column chromatography using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent to afford C1 (8.4 g, 91%) or C2 (7.2 g, 90%), respectively, as a colorless liquid.

Preparation of **E1** and **E2**: A two-neck round bottom flask was evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen. The process is repeated twice. Then, the flask was charged with aldehyde **C1** or **C2** (20 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and dry THF (60 mL) was added. The resulting solution was cooled down to 0 °C and freshly prepared (3-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)propyl)magnesium bromide **D** (24.0 mmol, 1.0 M in THF, 24 mL, 1.2 equiv) was added dropwise while maintaining constant stirring.<sup>5b</sup> The stirring was continued at the same temperature for another 3 h. After completion of the reaction as indicated by TLC, saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution (40 mL) was added to the reaction mixture. The aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 40 mL), the combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography using 25% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent to afford **E1** (5.7 g, 74%) or **E2** (5.4 g, 76%), respectively, as a colorless liquid.

The alcohol containing **E1** or **E2** (15 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was taken in a 100 mL round bottom flask and 50 mL of acetonitrile was added. To the resulting solution, IBX (18 mmol, 5 g, 1.2 equiv) was added and refluxed for 1.2 h at 80 °C. After complete consumption of starting material as indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and washed with ethyl acetate. The filtrates were then concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent to afford ketone **F1** (5.0 g, 86%) or F2 (4.6 g, 86%), respectively, as a pale yellow liquid.

Synthesis of quaternary allylic alcohols (3s and 3t): A long two-neck round bottom flask was evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen, charged with ketone F1 or F2 (10 mmol, 1.0 equiv) and dry ether (20 mL). The resulting solution was cooled down to -20 °C and vinylmagnesium bromide (15.0 mmol, 1.0 M in THF, 15 mL, 1.5 equiv) was added dropwise while maintaining constant stirring. The reaction mixture was stirred at same temperature for another 2 h. After completion of the reaction as indicated by TLC, saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl solution (15 mL) was added to the reaction mixture and the aqueous layer was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 20 mL). The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude residue was purified by silica gel column chromatography using

15% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent to afford **3s** (3.4 g, 82%) or **3t** (3.2 g, 76%), respectively, as a colorless liquid.

After the synthesis of allylic alcohols 3s and 3t, were subjected to **GP II** to prepare desired allylic boronic acids 4s and 4t by using H<sub>2</sub>PdCl<sub>4</sub> catalyst (7.5 mol%) and diboronic acid (1.3 equiv).

# 1,7-Bis((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)-4-vinylheptan-4-ol (3s):



The titled compound **3s** was synthesized according to the **GP V**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 15% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **3s** 

(43% yield over five steps starting from **A**) as a colorless liquid. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.25$  (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 4H), 6.87 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 4H), 5.76 (dd, J = 17.3, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (dd, J = 17.5, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (dd, J = 11.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 4.43 (s, 4H), 3.80 (s, 6H), 3.47-3.41 (m, 4H), 2.95 (s, 1H), 1.71-1.59 (m, 8H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 159.31$ , 143.88, 130.62, 129.34, 113.92, 113.06, 74.69, 72.63, 70.67, 55.37, 38.26, 24.11 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3407, 2935, 2855, 1612, 1511, 1244, 1091, 818. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>34</sub>NaO<sub>5</sub> ([M+Na]<sup>+</sup>) 437.2298; found 437.2294.

# 1-(Benzyloxy)-7-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)-4-vinylheptan-4-ol (3t):

The titled compound **3t** was synthesized according to the **GP V**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 15% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **3t** (46% yield

over five steps starting from **A**) as a colorless liquid. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 7.26$ -7.25 (m, 4H), 7.20 (dd, J = 6.0, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 5.68 (dd, J = 17.3, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (dd, J = 17.3, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (dd, J = 11.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 4.42 (s, 2H), 4.35 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.40-3.35 (m, 4H), 1.61-1.53 (m, 8H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 13$ C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  159.30, 143.84, 138.52, 130.57, 129.36, 128.47, 127.74, 127.65, 113.92, 113.10, 74.72, 72.98, 72.65, 70.97, 70.66, 55.38, 38.29, 38.22, 24.11 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3412, 2934, 2856, 1612, 1513, 1247, 1096, 820. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>33</sub>O<sub>4</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 385.2373; found 385.2376.

# 2-(1,7-Bis((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)-4-vinylheptan-4-yl)-1*H*-indole (1as):



The titled compound **1as** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 12% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1as** (72 mg, 70%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.16$  (br s, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 7.16 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.11-7.03 (m, 2H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.8

Hz, 4H), 6.32 (s, 1H), 5.97 (dd, J = 17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.22 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (s, 4H), 3.81 (s, 6H), 3.41 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 4H), 1.90-1.86 (m, 4H), 1.58-1.46 (m, 4H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 159.36$ , 144.06, 143.30, 135.97, 130.83, 129.38, 128.66, 121.22, 120.11, 119.58, 114.39, 113.98, 110.69, 100.39, 72.70, 70.49, 55.43, 44.91, 33.81, 24.65 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3375, 2933, 2857, 1612, 1513, 1457, 1247, 1095, 819. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>40</sub>NO<sub>4</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 514.2952; found 514.2953.

#### 2-(1-(Benzyloxy)-7-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)-4-vinylheptan-4-yl)-1*H*-indole (1at):



The titled compound **1at** was synthesized according to the **GP III**. Column chromatography on silica gel using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **1at** (72 mg, 74%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.15$  (br s, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.32 (m, 5H), 7.25 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.17 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.12-7.04 (m, 2H),

6.88 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.33 (s, 1H), 5.98 (dd, J = 17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.24 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (d, J = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (s, 2H), 4.41 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.46-3.41 (m, 4H), 1.94-1.85 (m, 4H), 1.61-1.51 (m, 4H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 159.27$ , 144.01, 143.25, 138.62, 135.89, 130.70, 129.41, 128.56, 128.52, 127.80, 127.69, 121.21, 120.09, 119.55, 114.43, 113.90, 110.68, 100.31, 73.03, 72.68, 70.75, 70.44, 55.41, 44.82, 33.60, 33.57, 24.57 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3352, 2925, 2855, 1613, 1512, 1457, 1246, 1095, 786. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>38</sub>NO<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 484.2846; found 484.2859.

#### 2-(1,7-Bis((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)-4-vinylheptan-4-yl)-3-chloro-1*H*-indole (7e):



The titled compound **7e** was synthesized according to the **GP IV**. After the formation of intermediate **1as**, *N*-chlorosuccinamide (NCS, 27 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was added and stirred at room temperature in a dark place for 3 h. Column chromatography on silica gel using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **7e** (69 mg, 63% over two steps) as

a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 9.05$  (s, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d,

J = 8.0 Hz, 4H), 7.11-7.08 (m, 1H), 7.07-7.04 (m, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 4H), 6.75 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.03 (dd, J = 17.8, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 5.12 (d, J = 17.5 Hz, 1H), 4.44 (s, 4H), 3.81 (s, 6H), 3.51-3.42 (m, 4H), 2.14-2.08 (m, 2H), 2.07-2.01 (m, 2H), 1.65-1.60 (m, 2H), 1.56-1.49 (m, 2H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 159.50$ , 141.40, 136.12, 133.41, 130.65, 129.57, 127.20, 122.04, 120.01, 117.47, 114.84, 114.07, 111.10, 103.09, 72.97, 70.54, 55.46, 46.07, 33.65, 25.16 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3003, 2834, 1610, 1510, 1245, 1176, 1035, 810. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>33</sub>H<sub>39</sub>ClNO<sub>4</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 548.2562; found 548.2544.

# 2-(1-(Benzyloxy)-7-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)-4-vinylheptan-4-yl)-3-chloro-1*H*-indole (7f):



The titled compound **7f** was synthesized according to the **GP IV**. After the formation of intermediate **1at**, *N*-chlorosuccinamide (NCS, 27 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was added and stirred at room temperature in a dark place for 3 h. Column chromatography on silica gel using 8% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **7f** (71 mg, 69% over two steps) as

a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 9.07$  (br s, 1H), 7.55 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.37-7.33 (m, 5H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.13-7.05 (m, 2H), 6.90 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.76 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (dd, J = 17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 4.52 (s, 2H), 4.46 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.54-3.45 (m, 4H), 2.17-2.01 (m, 4H), 1.64-1.54 (m, 4H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 159.45$ , 141.33, 138.47, 136.07, 133.36, 130.57, 129.56, 128.57, 127.94, 127.79, 127.15, 122.03, 119.99, 117.44, 114.86, 114.03, 111.06, 103.04, 73.28, 72.95, 70.80, 70.49, 55.42, 46.02, 33.63, 33.54, 25.13 ppm. FTIR: v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3298, 2934, 2858, 1613, 1513, 1248, 1096, 743. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>32</sub>H<sub>37</sub>ClNO<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 518.2456; found 518.2476.

# 4-(3-Chloro-1H-indol-2-yl)-7-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)-4-vinylheptan-1-ol (10a):



To a solution of **7e** (274 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in the mixture of  $CH_2Cl_2$  (10 mL) and  $H_2O$  (0.4 mL) was added DDQ (114 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv) at 0 °C and the resulting mixture was stirred for 2 h at the same temperature. The reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (10

mL), and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography on silica gel using 30% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **10a** (135 mg, 63%) as a pale yellow oil along with recovered starting material **7e** (46 mg). <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.86$  (br s, 1H), 7.56-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.12-7.10 (m, 2H), 6.98-6.96 (m, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 6.05 (dd, J = 17.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 5.29 (dd, J = 11.0, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (dd, J = 17.5, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 4.46 (s, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.60 (td, J = 6.4, 1.7 Hz, 2H), 3.54-3.50 (m, 1H), 3.49-3.45 (m, 1H), 2.19-2.13 (m, 1H), 2.12-2.02 (m, 2H), 2.01-1.96 (m, 1H), 1.57-1.49 (m, 2H), 1.46-1.38 (m, 2H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 159.55$ , 141.40, 136.03, 133.39, 130.54, 129.63, 127.23, 122.21, 120.14, 117.57, 115.09, 114.11, 111.07, 103.06, 73.06, 70.48, 63.28, 55.48, 45.97, 33.58, 33.33, 27.79, 25.23 ppm. FTIR: v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3297, 2927, 2859, 1613, 1513, 1248, 1034, 771. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>31</sub>ClNO<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 428.1987; found 428.1993.

7-(Benzyloxy)-4-(3-chloro-1*H*-indol-2-yl)-4-vinylheptan-1-ol (10b):



To a solution of **7f** (259 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in the mixture of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (10 mL) and H<sub>2</sub>O (0.4 mL) was added DDQ (136 mg, 0.6 mmol, 1.2 equiv) at 0 °C, and the mixture was slowly warmed to room temperature and stirred for 2 h. The reaction was quenched with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> (10 mL), and extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography on silica gel using 27% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **10b** (169 mg, 85%) as a pale yellow oil. <sup>1</sup>H **NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 8.83 (br s, 1H), 7.56-7.54 (m, 1H), 7.37-7.30 (m, 5H), 7.14-7.08 (m, 2H), 6.97-6.95 (m, 1H), 6.05 (dd, *J* = 17.6, 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H), 5.17 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 4.53 (s, 2H), 3.61 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.56-3.47 (m, 2H), 2.22-2.14 (m, 1H), 2.12-2.05 (m, 2H), 2.03-1.97 (m, 1H), 1.58-1.39 (m, 4H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C **NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 141.30, 138.26, 135.99, 133.30, 128.63, 128.03, 127.91, 127.12, 122.18, 120.09, 117.50, 115.08, 111.05, 102.92, 73.36, 70.74, 63.16, 45.85, 33.42, 33.21, 27.65, 25.12 ppm. **FTIR**: v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3312, 2925, 2856,

1457, 1055, 918, 743. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for  $C_{24}H_{29}CINO_2$  ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 398.1881; found 398.1890.

# 10-Chloro-9-(3-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)propyl)-9-vinyl-8,9-dihydropyrido[1,2-*a*]indol-6(7*H*)-one (11a):



A two-neck round bottom flask was evacuated, backfilled with nitrogen, and charged with activated powdered 4Å molecular sieves (300 mg), alcohol **10a** (214 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and 10 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. To the resulting solution, N-methylmorpholine-N-oxide (NMO, 146 mg, 1.25 mmol, 2.5 equiv) was added and stirred for 10 min. Then tetrapropylammonium perruthenate (TPAP, 9 mg, 0.025 mmol, 0.05 equiv) was added and reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. After complete consumption of starting material as indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and washed with a large amount of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The filtrates were then washed with 10% Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub> (20 mL) and brine, and then dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel column chromatography using 10% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent to afford **11a** (153 mg, 72%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.50$ (dd, *J* = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.58-7.55 (m, 1H), 7.41-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.88 (dd, J = 17.6, 10.4 Hz, 1H), 5.19 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, J = 17.2)Hz, 1H), 4.43 (s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.54-3.44 (m, 2H), 2.85-2.69 (m, 2H), 2.52 (ddd, J = 14.0, 12.0, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (td, J = 13.1, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 1.96-1.83 (m, 2H), 1.72-1.61 (m, 2H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 168.99$ , 159.27, 140.48, 134.59, 133.64, 130.67, 129.34, 128.08, 126.03, 124.50, 117.81, 116.77, 115.66, 113.90, 111.37, 72.75, 70.25, 55.42, 43.74, 34.51, 30.75, 24.69 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2931, 2857, 1713, 1513, 1454, 1345, 1247, 1181, 1034. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>27</sub>ClNO<sub>3</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 424.1674; found 424.1681.

9-(3-(Benzyloxy)propyl)-10-chloro-9-vinyl-8,9-dihydropyrido[1,2-*a*]indol-6(7*H*)-one (11b):



A two-neck round bottom flask was evacuated, backfilled with nitrogen and charged with activated powdered 4Å molecular sieves (300 mg), alcohol **10b** (199 mg, 0.5 mmol, 1.0 equiv), and 10 mL of anhydrous CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. To the resulting solution, N-methylmorpholine-N-oxide (NMO, 146 mg, 1.25 mmol, 2.5 equiv) was added and stirred for 10 min. Then tetrapropylammonium perruthenate (TPAP, 9 mg, 0.025 mmol, 0.05 equiv) was added and reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. After complete consumption of starting material as indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and washed with a large amount of CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>. The filtrates were then washed with 10% Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub> (20 mL) and brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel column chromatography using 7% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent to afford **11b** (142 mg, 72%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.52$  (d, J = 8.0Hz, 1H), 7.58 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.41-7.34 (m, 6H), 7.30-7.27 (m, 1H), 5.91 (dd, J = 17.5, 10.5 Hz, 1H), 5.20 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 4.85 (d, J = 17.5 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (s, 2H), 3.58-3.50 (m, 2H), 2.85-2.79 (m, 1H), 2.74 (dt, J = 17.3, 4.1 Hz, 1H), 2.58-2.52 (m, 1H), 2.32 (td, J = 13.1, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 1.96 (td, *J* = 13.0, 4.8 Hz, 1H), 1.88 (dt, *J* = 13.7, 4.5 Hz, 1H), 1.70-1.62 (m, 2H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 168.87$ , 140.47, 138.61, 134.64, 133.65, 128.47, 128.08, 127.68, 127.65, 126.00, 124.47, 117.78, 116.76, 115.59, 111.31, 73.07, 70.53, 43.67, 34.50, 30.73, 30.72, 24.70 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2924, 2856, 1715, 1455, 1346, 1184, 1100, 751. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>25</sub>ClNO<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 394.1568; found 394.1574.

#### 9-(3-Azidopropyl)-10-chloro-9-ethyl-8,9-dihydropyrido[1,2-a]indol-6(7H)-one (13):



To a solution of **11b** (158 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in MeOH (10 mL) was added Pd/C (21 mg, 0.02 mmol, 0.05 equiv). The reaction mixture was purged with  $H_2$  gas and stirred under an atmosphere of  $H_2$  (applied through balloon filled with hydrogen gas) for 3 h. After complete consumption of starting material as indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was filtered through a pad of celite, and washed with ethyl acetate (20 mL). The filtrates were then concentrated under reduced pressure and the crude residue of **12** was used directly in the next step without further purification.

The analytically pure sample **12** was obtained by silica gel column chromatography using 25% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent as a colorless oil (110 mg, 90%). <sup>1</sup>**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.51-8.49$  (m, 1H), 7.53 (dd, J = 6.0, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.32 (m, 2H), 3.68 (t, J = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 2.83 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.27-2.11 (m, 2H), 2.03 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 1.89-1.77 (m, 2H), 1.60-1.56 (m, 2H), 0.95 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 168.89$ , 137.34, 133.69, 128.25, 125.88, 124.51, 117.69, 116.81, 110.12, 63.33, 39.43, 33.36, 30.40, 30.19, 29.00, 27.73, 8.70 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3415, 2936, 1711, 1455, 1345, 1185, 1060, 768. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>21</sub>ClNO<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 306.1255; found 306.1253.

**Synthesis of (13):** A solution of crude **12** in dry  $CH_2Cl_2$  (5 mL) was cooled down to 0 °C, and  $Et_3N$  (84 µL, 0.6 mmol, 1.5 equiv) followed by MsCl (37 µL, 0.48 mmol, 1.2 equiv) were added dropwise. The resulting solution was stirred at the same temperature for 1 h, then quenched with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution and extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the crude mesylated product, which was used directly for the next step without further purification.

To the solution of the crude mesylated product in DMF (5 mL) was added NaN<sub>3</sub> (130 mg, 2.0 mmol, 5.0 equiv). The reaction was covered with aluminum foil and stirred at room temperature for 12 h. After completion of the reaction as indicated by TLC, the reaction was quenched with water and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with

brine and cold water, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography on silica gel using 6% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided the product **13** (106 mg, 80% over three steps) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 8.50 (dd, *J* = 6.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.56-7.53 (m, 1H), 7.40-7.33 (m, 2H), 3.33 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.85-2.82 (m, 2H), 2.30-2.22 (m, 1H), 2.13 (dq, *J* = 14.8, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.03 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.89-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.65-1.60 (m, 2H), 0.96 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 168.74, 136.83, 133.61, 128.09, 125.98, 124.55, 117.73, 116.78, 110.23, 51.96, 39.35, 34.09, 30.27, 30.17, 28.93, 24.10, 8.65 ppm. FTIR: v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2925, 2856, 2096, 1714, 1455, 1346, 1185, 752. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>20</sub>ClN<sub>4</sub>O ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 331.1320; found 331.1317.





Compound **13** (66 mg, 0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was dissolved in a mixture of MeOH (3 mL) and THF (1 mL), cooled down to 0 °C. Then, NiCl<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (76 mg, 0.32 mmol, 1.6 equiv) and NaBH<sub>4</sub> (34 mg, 0.9 mmol, 4.5 equiv) were added sequentially and stirred at 0 °C for 10 min. Then the reaction mixture was warmed to room temperature and stirred for another 3 h. After complete consumption of starting material as indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of celite and washed with a large amount of ethyl acetate. The filtrates were then washed with brine, dried over Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel column chromatography using 8% MeOH in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> as eluent to afford **14** (58 mg, 95%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 8.42 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (br s, 2H), 7.46 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.24 (m, 2H), 2.88-2.83 (m, 3H), 2.70-2.67 (m, 1H), 2.12-2.06 (m, 2H), 1.93-1.86 (m, 2H), 1.79-1.69 (m, 4H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  = 168.98, 136.69, 133.59, 128.03, 125.98, 124.55, 117.73, 116.76, 110.10, 40.34, 39.33, 33.85, 30.27, 29.89, 28.63, 22.45, 8.66 ppm. FTIR: v<sub>max</sub> (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3410, 2925, 1709, 1455, 1345, 1188, 752. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>22</sub>ClN<sub>2</sub>O ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 305.1415; found 305.1421.

#### (±)-Mersicarpine (15):



A solution of 14 (30 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2.5 mL) was cooled down to 0 °C, CF<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H (0.15 mL, 2.0 mmol, 20.0 equiv) was added followed by 30% H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> (0.1 mL, 1.0 mmol, 10.0 equiv). The resulting mixture was stirred for 4 h at room temperature, then quenched with a saturated aqueous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>3</sub> solution. The pH of the mixture was adjusted to 4~5 by addition of saturated aqueous NaHCO<sub>3</sub> solution and stirred vigorously for 15 min, and then extracted with CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography on silica gel using 25% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided  $(\pm)$ -mersicarpine (13.5 mg, 47%) as a white solid. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (600 MHz, base-washed CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.16$  (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.60 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.38 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.74 (br s, 1H), 3.94-3.85 (m, 2H), 2.60 (dd, J = 18.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H), 2.44-2.38 (m, 1H), 2.07 (t, J = 12.9 Hz, 1H), 1.95-1.90 (m, 1H), 1.77-1.67 (m, 4H), 1.37-1.32 (m, 1H), 1.15-1.10 (m, 1H), 0.75 (t, J = 6.6Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (151 MHz, base-washed CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 169.59, 168.72, 146.67, 133.43,$ 124.52, 124.50, 122.30, 116.96, 93.94, 50.78, 39.42, 34.47, 29.32, 25.57, 23.09, 21.28, 6.99 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3225, 2926, 1661, 1468, 1391, 1070, 916, 755. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 285.1598; found 285.1603.

# 9-Ethyl-9-(3-hydroxypropyl)-8,9-dihydropyrido[1,2-*a*]indol-6(7*H*)-one (16):



To a solution of **11b** (158 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in MeOH (8 mL) was added Pd/C (43 mg, 0.04 mmol, 0.1 equiv). The reaction mixture was purged with  $H_2$  gas and stirred under an atmosphere of  $H_2$  (applied through balloon filled with hydrogen gas) for 12 h. After complete consumption of starting material as indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was filtered through

a pad of celite, and washed with ethyl acetate (20 mL). The filtrates were then concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by silica gel column chromatography using 25% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent to afford **16** (92 mg, 85%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.48$  (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.30-7.23 (m, 2H), 6.31 (s, 1H), 3.64 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 2.86 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 1.98 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 1.83-1.70 (m, 4H), 1.61-1.50 (m, 2H), 1.41 (br s, 1H), 0.92 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>**C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 169.23$ , 144.19, 135.39, 129.69, 124.38, 124.07, 119.98, 116.66, 105.29, 63.25, 37.55, 33.15, 30.48, 30.19, 30.16, 27.12, 8.18 ppm. **FTIR**:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 3419, 2971, 1704, 1455, 1351, 1185, 1061, 755. **HRMS (ESI)**: calculated for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>22</sub>NO<sub>2</sub> ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 272.1645; found 272.1645.

# 9-(3-Azidopropyl)-9-ethyl-8,9-dihydropyrido[1,2-a]indol-6(7H)-one (17):



A solution of **16** (140 mg, 0.4 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in dry  $CH_2Cl_2$  (5 mL) was cooled down to 0 °C, and Et<sub>3</sub>N (84 µL, 0.6 mmol, 1.5 equiv) followed by MsCl (37 µL, 0.48 mmol, 1.2 equiv) were added. The resulting solution was stirred at the same temperature for 1 h, then quenched with saturated NaHCO<sub>3</sub> and extracted with  $CH_2Cl_2$  (3 x 10 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated under reduced pressure to obtain the crude mesylated product, which was used directly for the next step without further purification.

To the solution of the crude mesylated product in DMF (5 mL) was added NaN<sub>3</sub> (130 mg, 2.0 mmol, 5.0 equiv). The reaction was covered with aluminum foil and stirred at room temperature for 12 h. After completion of the reaction as indicated by TLC, the reaction was quenched with water and extracted with EtOAc (3 x 15 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with brine and cold water, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated under reduced pressure. Column chromatography on silica gel using 5% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent provided **17** (101 mg, 85%) as a colorless oil. <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 8.49$  (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.31-7.24 (m, 2H), 6.32 (s, 1H), 3.35-3.24 (m, 2H), 2.87 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 1.99 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 1.84-1.70 (m, 4H), 1.69-1.62 (m, 1H), 1.58-1.53 (m, 1H), 0.93 (t,

J = 7.5 Hz, 3H) ppm. <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta = 169.00$ , 143.71, 135.40, 129.59, 124.50, 124.12, 120.05, 116.67, 105.35, 51.96, 37.61, 34.03, 30.42, 30.18, 23.60, 8.16 ppm. FTIR:  $v_{max}$  (neat)/ cm<sup>-1</sup> = 2969, 2093, 1703, 1455, 1349, 1184, 755. HRMS (ESI): calculated for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>21</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O ([M+H]<sup>+</sup>) 297.1710; found 297.1710.

#### (±)-Mersicarpine (15):



Compound **17** (30 mg, 0.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) was dissolved in a mixture of acetonitrile (2 mL), water (1 mL) and acetone (2 mL). Tetrabutylammonium hydrogen sulfate (TBAS, 3.0 mg, 0.01 mmol, 0.1 equiv), sodium bicarbonate (142 mg, 1.7 mmol, 17.0 equiv) and disodium ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (Na<sub>2</sub>EDTA, 4.0 mg, 0.01 mmol, 0.1 equiv) were then added to the solution and the resulting mixture was cooled down to 0 °C. Next, a solution of oxone (148 mg, 0.24 mmol, 2.4 equiv) in water (1 mL) was added dropwise over 5 min with vigorous stirring. The reaction mixture was slowly warmed up to room temperature and stirred for 12 h. After complete consumption of starting material as indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate (15 mL), washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, and concentrated under reduced pressure to afford the crude **18** as a brown liquid, which was used directly in the next step without further purification.

To a solution of crude **18** in THF (3.0 mL) and water (0.2 mL), triphenylphosphine (79 mg, 0.3 mmol, 3.0 equiv) was added at room temperature and stirred for 6 h. After complete consumption of intermediate **18** as indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was concentrated directly under reduced pressure to afford a yellow oil, which was purified by silica gel column chromatography using 25% ethyl acetate in hexane as eluent to afford ( $\pm$ )-mersicarpine (17 mg, 61% over two steps) as a white solid.

Mersicarpine <sup>1</sup> H NMR	Mersicarpine <sup>1</sup> H NMR	Mersicarpine <sup>1</sup> H NMR
(this work)	Isolated <sup>6a</sup>	By Wang <i>et al.</i> <sup>6b</sup>
(600 MHz, base-washed CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(400 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(400 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )
8.16 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.8 Hz, 1H)	8.13 (br d, <i>J</i> = 8.0 Hz, 1H)	8.14 (d, <i>J</i> = 8.2 Hz, 1H)
7.60 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.2 Hz, 1H)	7.66 (br d, <i>J</i> = 8.0 Hz, 1H)	7.60 (d, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 1H)
7.38 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 1H)	7.39 (td, $J = 8.0, 1.0 \text{ Hz}, 1\text{H}$ )	7.36 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.3 Hz, 1H)
7.08 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.9 Hz, 1H)	7.09 (td, <i>J</i> = 8.0, 1.0 Hz , 1H)	7.07 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 1H)
4.74 (br s, 1H)	5.92 (br s, 1H)	
3.94-3.85 (m, 2H)	3.87 (m, 2H)	3.93-3.78 (m, 2H)
2.60 (dd, <i>J</i> = 18.3, 9.3 Hz, 1H)	2.48 (ddd, <i>J</i> = 18.5, 9.5, 3.5 Hz,	2.59 (ddd, <i>J</i> = 18.4, 9.6, 3.3 Hz,
	1H)	1H)
2.44-2.38 (m, 1H)	2.35 (ddd, <i>J</i> = 18.5, 8.8, 7.8 Hz,	2.44-2.35 (m, 1H)
	1H)	
2.07 (t, <i>J</i> = 12.9 Hz, 1H)	2.07 (m, 1H)	2.10-2.02 (m, 1H)
1.95-1.90 (m, 1H)	1.89 (dddd, <i>J</i> = 14.0, 9.5, 7.8, 1.5	1.96-1.85 (m, 1H)
	Hz, 1H)	
1.77-1.67 (m, 4H)	1.75 (dt, <i>J</i> = 14.3, 3.5 Hz, 1H)	1.77-1.72 (m, 1H)
	1.65 (m, 3H)	1.70-1.62 (m, 3H)
1.37-1.32 (m, 1H)	1.32 (dqd, <i>J</i> = 14.5,7.5,1.5 Hz, 1H)	1.34-1.28 (m, 1H)
1.15-1.10 (m, 1H)	1.10 (dq, <i>J</i> = 14.5,7.5 Hz, 1H)	1.16-1.07 (m, 1H)
0.75 (t, <i>J</i> = 6.6 Hz, 3H)	0.74 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.5 Hz, 3H)	0.74 (t, <i>J</i> = 7.4 Hz, 3H)

# Comparison of <sup>1</sup>H NMR Data of Mersicarpine 15:

Mersicarpine <sup>13</sup> C NMR	Mersicarpine <sup>13</sup> C NMR	Mersicarpine <sup>13</sup> C NMR Wang at al <sup>6b</sup>
(151 MHz, base-washed CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(101 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )	(101 MHz, CDCl <sub>3</sub> )
169.6	169.6	169.6
168.7	168.9	169.0
146.7	146.5	146.7
133.4	133.2	133.5
124.52	124.4	124.5
124.50	124.2	124.4
122.3	122.2	122.4
117.0	116.7	116.9
93.9	93.8	94.0
50.8	50.5	50.6
39.4	39.3	39.4
34.5	34.3	34.5
29.3	29.1	29.8, 29.3
25.6	25.4	25.6
23.1	22.9	23.1
21.3	21.1	21.3
7.0	6.8	7.0

# Comparison of <sup>13</sup>C NMR Data of Mersicarpine 15:

#### **Computational Studies:**

All the calculations were performed with the Gaussian 16, Revision B.01 program package.<sup>7</sup> Geometry optimization and frequency analysis were conducted using B3LYP function.<sup>8</sup> During geometry optimization we used TZVP basis set for all atoms. In all cases, ultrafine integral grid was employed. To refine the computed energy, single point calculations were performed using the B3LYP functional with the Def2-TZVP basis set for all atoms with considering the Grimme's D3 (BJ-damping) dispersion effect. The SMD solvent model<sup>9</sup> was used to simulate the implicit solvent effect. Here, dichloromethane was utilized as the solvent. Transition state optimizations were performed starting from infinitely separated substrates. Single imaginary frequency for the transition states (TSs) and real frequencies for local minima were obtained. The connectivity of each TS was validated through a relaxed potential energy surface scan for the corresponding reaction coordinate, and was found to be the highest-energy point that connected the relevant reactant and product. The geometries were optimized without any symmetry constraints. The zero-point vibrational energies (ZPVE), thermal corrections were obtained by using the temperature 353.15 K and 1 atm pressure. Unless otherwise specified, the  $\Delta G$  was used throughout the text. All calculated structures were visualized with ChemCraft.<sup>10</sup>



**Figure S1.** DFT optimized structures. Hydrogen atoms are removed for clarity in the absence of H-bonds.
**Table S1.** Electronic and Gibbs free energies (in Hartree) at the at B3LYP(SMD)/Def2-TZVP//B3LYP/TZVP level of theory.

Structures	E	G	Structures	Ε	G
8	-1196.045769	-1196.134386	TS1	-1196.037060	-1196.118469
9	-1196.094196	-1196.176841	TS2	-1196.030244	-1196.110678

G = Sum of electronic and thermal free energies.

**Table S2.** Cartesian coordinates (Å) of the optimized structures of all intermediates and transition states involved in the C2 allylation of 3-chloroindole at B3LYP/TZVP level of theory.

8				С	0.966204000	9.096983000	-2.675630000
С	1.715071000	7.957099000	-3.315844000	Н	1.059568000	10.005424000	-3.281130000
С	1.153596000	6.807767000	-3.718009000	Н	-0.094268000	8.890401000	-2.545241000
C	-0.264001000	6.349812000	-3.605439000	Н	1.385450000	9.340935000	-1.692803000
н	1.923334000	4.656028000	-1.297961000	Cl	2.087659000	4.742040000	1.827902000
н	1.825261000	6.085502000	-4.180533000	Н	2.313823000	6.668936000	0.483765000
Н	-0.623609000	6.051183000	-4.600392000	9			
н	-0.931332000	7.153162000	-3.284995000	С	1.715973000	6.753258000	-2.352635000
С	-0.278094000	7.333582000	1.936194000	С	1.450570000	6.260768000	-3.761227000
С	0.173453000	6.565054000	0.880761000	С	0.811745000	6.898804000	-4.735044000
С	-0.671340000	6.262541000	-0.190327000	Н	1.574539000	4.755015000	-1.533095000
С	-1.979633000	6.707566000	-0.248420000	Н	1.857279000	5.274933000	-3.969790000
С	-2.429853000	7.482903000	0.821967000	Н	0.710051000	6.451724000	-5.716777000
С	-1.597609000	7.791316000	1.896310000	Н	0.370046000	7.878653000	-4.605179000
С	1.505574000	5.943942000	0.581075000	С	-0.456094000	7.327006000	1.661702000
С	1.230852000	5.257964000	-0.729406000	С	-0.071992000	6.619558000	0.533098000
Ν	0.031792000	5.455289000	-1.142684000	С	-1.003378000	6.249242000	-0.443538000
Н	0.363141000	7.563490000	2.777863000	С	-2.348339000	6.584689000	-0.292211000
Н	-2.611509000	6.441280000	-1.083488000	С	-2.724724000	7.292400000	0.846458000
Н	-3.449441000	7.847321000	0.817093000	С	-1.796402000	7.668801000	1.817664000
Н	-1.979117000	8.390306000	2.713500000	С	1.271841000	6.125301000	0.130948000
В	-0.506482000	5.018973000	-2.679525000	С	1.093325000	5.711847000	-1.345924000
0	0.356073000	3.881793000	-2.950881000	Ν	-0.373530000	5.556582000	-1.492399000
0	-1.911025000	4.718640000	-2.583758000	Н	0.274450000	7.595538000	2.415617000
Н	0.437804000	3.720407000	-3.893679000	Н	-3.075468000	6.301636000	-1.037704000
Н	-2.030931000	3.791273000	-2.355286000	Н	-3.766564000	7.561803000	0.973910000
С	3.186865000	8.217289000	-3.519607000	Н	-2.118774000	8.222522000	2.690170000
Н	3.691948000	8.433192000	-2.570781000	В	-0.973411000	4.588160000	-2.359240000
Н	3.687689000	7.366331000	-3.983662000	0	-0.135246000	3.697087000	-3.000055000
Н	3.347116000	9.093381000	-4.158115000	0	-2.348030000	4.575917000	-2.487391000

Н	-0.550634000	3.142675000	-3.664724000	C	2	2.175143000	7.401752000	-1.532528000
Н	-2.708688000	3.822304000	-2.960943000	Н	ł	1.212125000	7.904040000	-1.472838000
С	3.251602000	6.743447000	-2.166980000	Н	ł	2.527787000	7.225105000	-0.515016000
Н	3.549013000	7.098031000	-1.178542000	Н	ł	2.883766000	8.099443000	-1.992551000
Н	3.661323000	5.739611000	-2.300429000	C	21	0.627630000	3.355585000	0.916274000
Н	3.717460000	7.396967000	-2.906252000	Н	ł	1.896469000	5.253756000	0.347217000
С	1.179488000	8.172921000	-2.130649000	]	ГS2			
Н	1.622839000	8.859608000	-2.854162000	C		0.371603000	-0.645247000	-1.628667000
Н	0.095791000	8.218618000	-2.239980000	В	3	-1.258764000	0.892617000	-0.483980000
Н	1.430174000	8.543196000	-1.135994000	C		0.002593000	2.463042000	-0.985694000
Cl	1.789844000	4.661735000	1.174462000	C		1.192264000	1.988343000	-1.561872000
Н	2.080400000	6.826595000	0.293773000	C	2	1.355390000	1.364200000	-2.785274000
TS	l			C	)	-1.772774000	1.213061000	0.780158000
С	2.133795000	6.126038000	-2.347586000	C	)	-2.233777000	0.844993000	-1.503286000
С	1.398314000	6.068447000	-3.530629000	Н	ł	-0.762248000	2.882736000	-1.630350000
С	0.198552000	6.752220000	-3.802153000	Н	ł	0.098831000	2.974403000	-0.035296000
Н	0.788731000	4.013074000	-1.906331000	Н	I	2.051187000	1.922696000	-0.896147000
Н	1.640756000	5.243984000	-4.197277000	Н	ł	-1.929343000	0.598274000	-2.377907000
Н	-0.139187000	6.731115000	-4.835019000	Н	I	-2.688838000	1.494829000	0.698276000
Н	0.031997000	7.717660000	-3.335245000	C	2	2.753231000	-1.699374000	0.983294000
С	-0.290991000	6.652314000	1.803526000	C	2	1.758891000	-1.270723000	0.121291000
С	-0.138115000	6.022233000	0.582356000	C	2	0.703082000	-0.477383000	0.580950000
С	-0.988557000	6.312599000	-0.491770000	C	2	0.616796000	-0.089900000	1.910220000
С	-2.012618000	7.241174000	-0.362215000	C	2	1.623575000	-0.525693000	2.771812000
С	-2.164947000	7.865907000	0.876478000	C	2	2.679245000	-1.317371000	2.322082000
С	-1.321339000	7.582223000	1.948547000	C	2	1.551078000	-1.512421000	-1.335608000
С	0.863256000	5.017275000	0.116205000	N	1	-0.183268000	-0.185580000	-0.500579000
С	0.546848000	4.907258000	-1.356406000	Н	I	3.560632000	-2.328867000	0.629995000
N	-0.619610000	5.534442000	-1.619911000	Н	ł	-0.202247000	0.523321000	2.253087000
Н	0.362844000	6.417180000	2.634636000	Н	ł	1.579680000	-0.240036000	3.815612000
Н	-2.654623000	7.468650000	-1.199441000	Н	ł	3.443560000	-1.640759000	3.017282000
Н	-2.958719000	8.592303000	1.002145000	Н	I	0.712999000	2.211664000	-4.648472000
Н	-1.466883000	8.082701000	2.897344000	Н	I	0.206816000	0.549333000	-4.435468000
В	-1.137733000	5.630693000	-3.056229000	Н	I	-0.620414000	1.853334000	-3.563184000
0	-1.054577000	4.334961000	-3.659156000	C	2	0.350517000	1.494885000	-3.902441000
0	-2.340947000	6.374988000	-3.233993000	C	2	2.726582000	0.935215000	-3.235771000
Н	-1.209813000	4.365680000	-4.606649000	Н	I	3.425589000	0.857282000	-2.401670000
Н	-3.074576000	5.781417000	-3.422714000	Н	ł	2.704184000	-0.026443000	-3.760125000
С	3.369924000	5.265709000	-2.223584000	Н	I	3.141224000	1.657875000	-3.948771000
Н	3.535797000	4.937884000	-1.193157000	Н	I	-0.207821000	-0.741324000	-2.531980000
Н	3.312206000	4.377155000	-2.854299000	C	21	1.114775000	-3.303088000	-1.697286000
Н	4.263202000	5.828125000	-2.516536000	Н	ł	2.413029000	-1.351091000	-1.972816000

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S39















S46















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S130
















































