## Study of self-assembly of gemini surfactant induced by anionic QDs in aqueous solution

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**Fig.S1:** (A)<sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra of imidazolium-based gemini surfactant,  $[C_{16}Im-3OH-ImC_{16}]Br_2$ (B) <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra of imidazolium-based gemini surfactant,  $[C_{16}Im-3OH-ImC_{16}]Br_2$ .



Fig. S2: FTIR spectra of imidazolium-based gemini surfactant,  $[C_{16}Im-3OH-ImC_{16}]Br_2$ .



Fig. S3: Conductivity plot of gemini surfactant.



(A)

**(B)** 

Fig. S4A: Absorption spectra of CdTe QDs.



Fig. S4B: Emission spectra of CdTe QDs.

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Fig.S5: TEM image with size histogram (A) and HRTEM image of CdTe QDs (B)



(c)

Fig.S5 AFM image of CdTe QDs (C).



Fig.S6: FTIR spectra of unbound MSA ligand (A) and CdTe QDs (B).

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Fig.S7: Images of QDs-AOT surfactant mixture at different concentrations.



Fig. S8: Changes in the absorbance ( $\lambda = 700$  nm) of QDs in the presence of AOT surfactant.



**Fig. S9:** Changes in the fluorescence intensity ratio of QDs in the presence of AOT surfactant.



Fig. S10: Fusion image of self-assembled vesicles.



Fig. S11: Release profiles of the RhB-loaded self-assembly in water (Y-scale 0.01 =10%).