

Supporting Information

Copolymerization Synthesis of Highly Hydrophilic Carbon Nitride for Efficient Solar Hydrogen Production

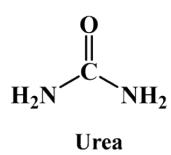
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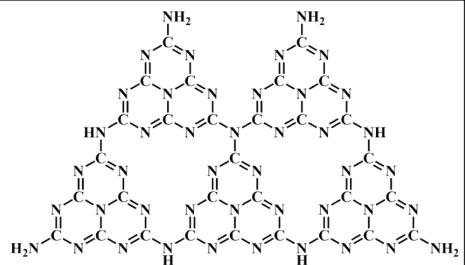
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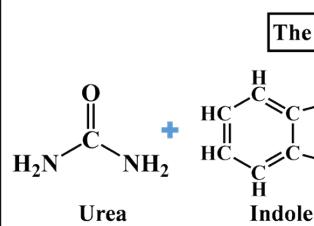
(1) The low hydrophilicity



Polymerization
550 °C , 3 h



(2) The high hydrophilicity



The disruption of N-(C)₃ bond

Copolymerization
550 °C , 3 h

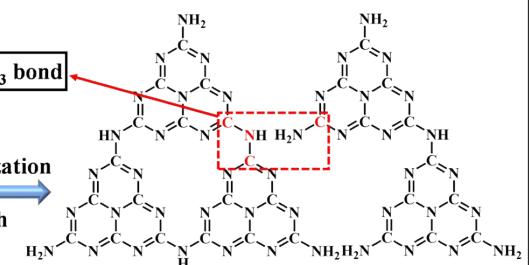


Fig. S1. Diagram for the synthesis of PCN and PCNInd_x.

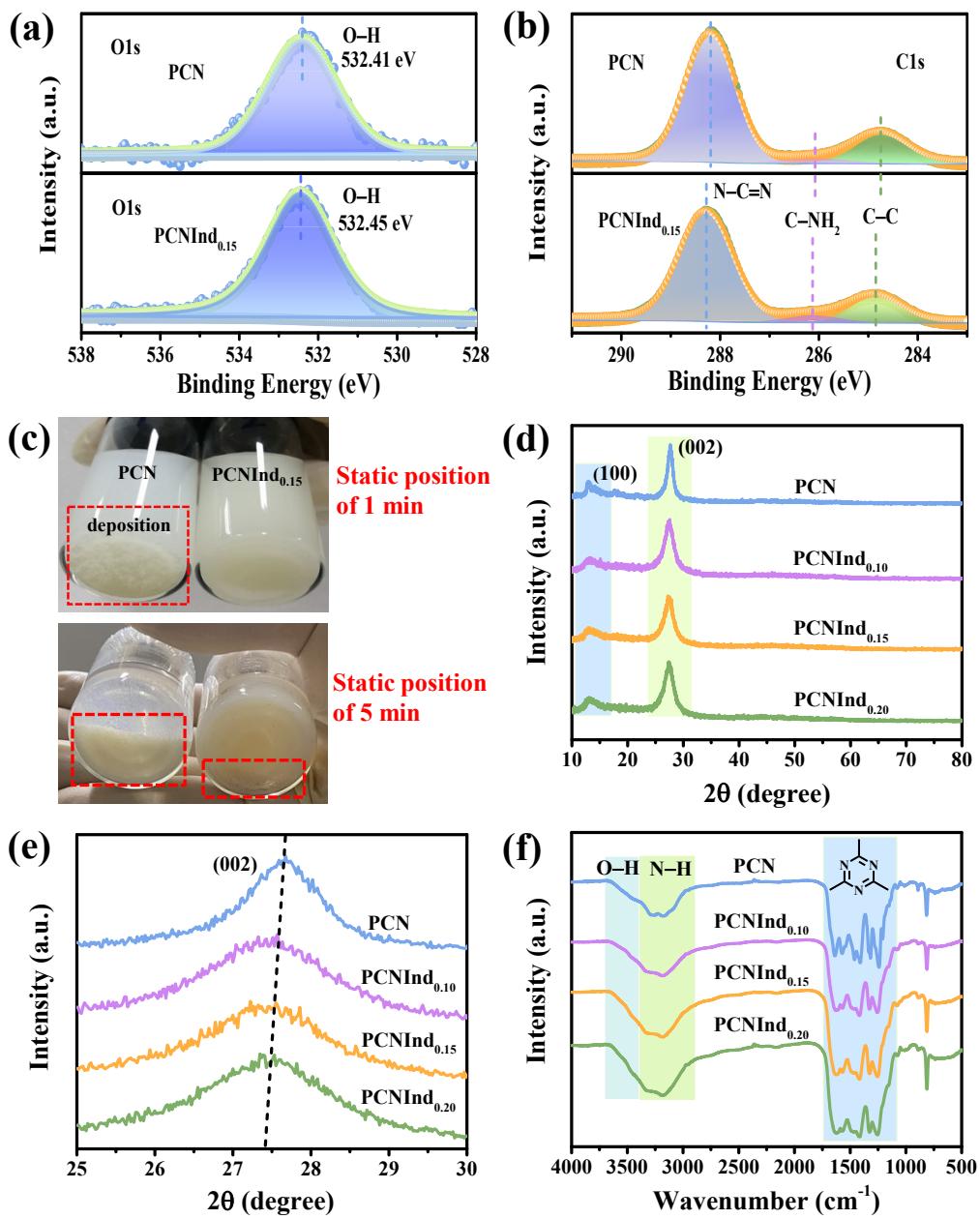


Fig. S2. (a) The O1s XPS analysis; (b) the C1s XPS analysis; (c) the photos of dispersion states on aqueous solutions for PCN after sonication of 30 min and PCNInd_{0.15} after sonication of 5 min until standing for 1 min and 5 min later, respectively; (d) the XRD patterns; (e) the enlarged XRD spectra of the as-prepared samples; (f) FT-IR spectra.

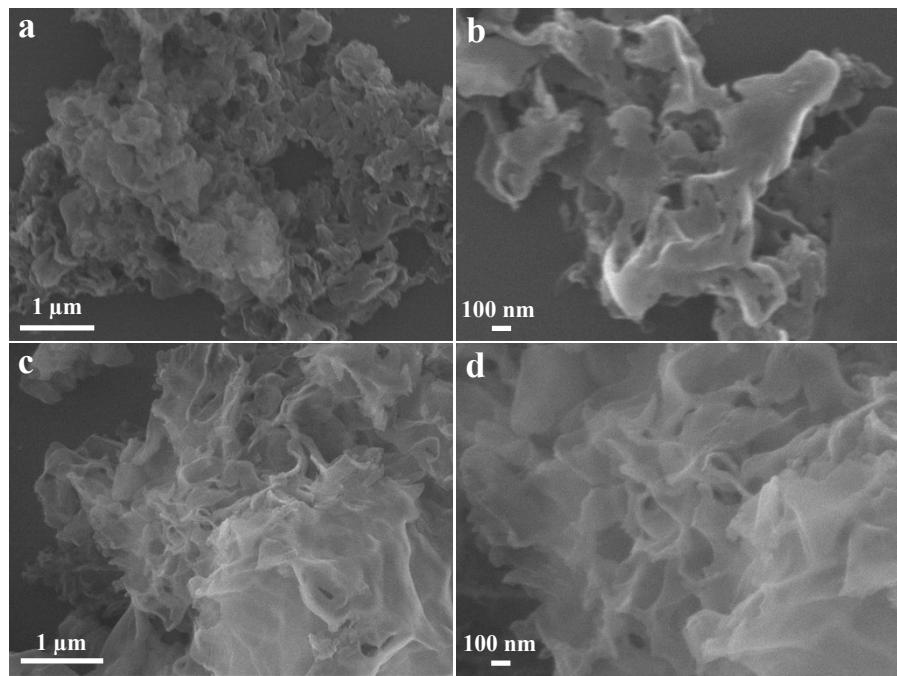


Fig. S3. SEM of PCN (a and b) and PCNInd_{0.15} (c and d).

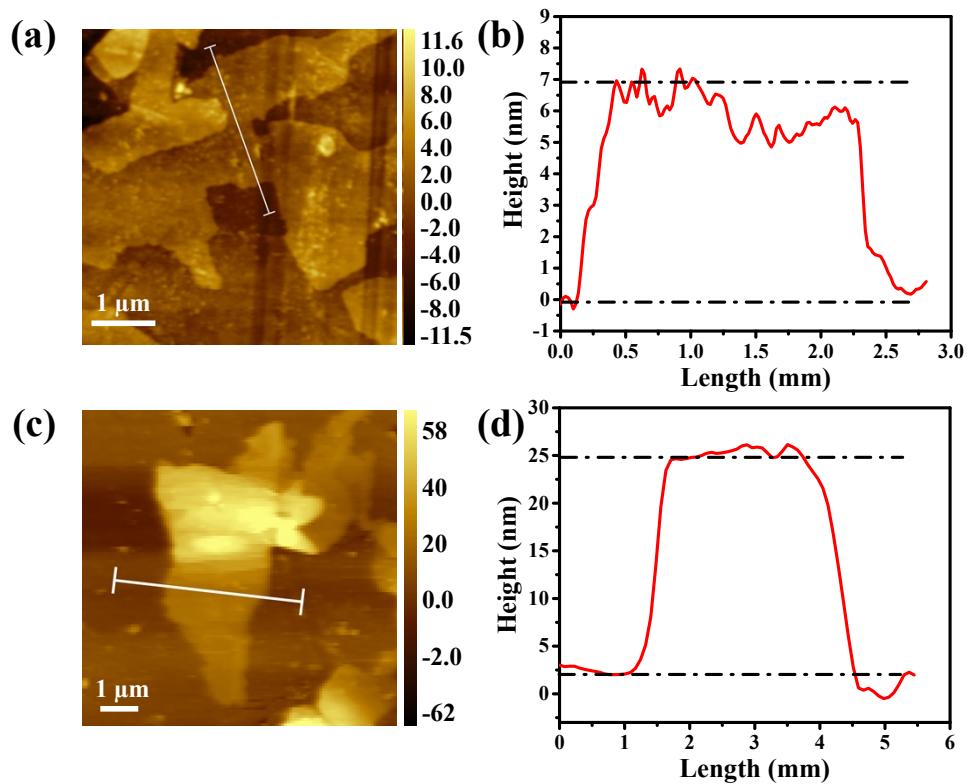


Fig. S4. (a and b) Typical AFM image and its height curve determined along the white line of PCN, respectively; (c and d) typical AFM image and its height curve determined along the white line of PCNInd_{0.15}, respectively.

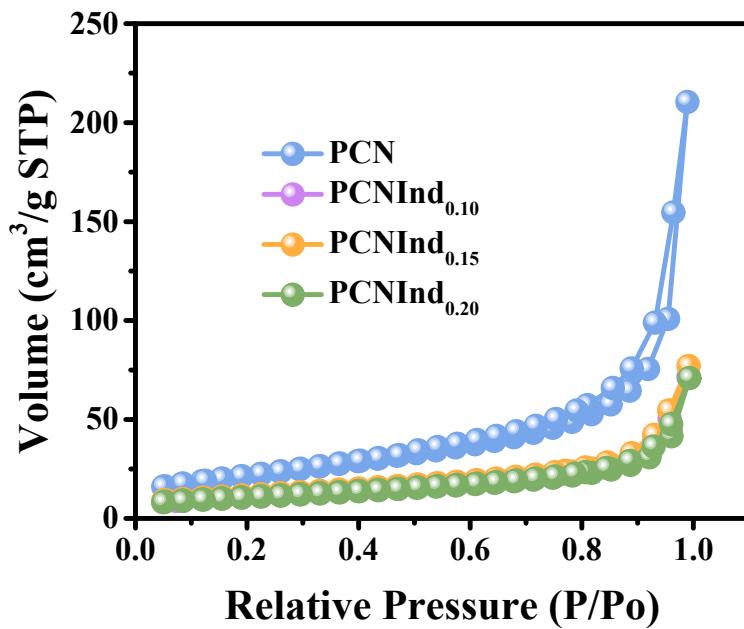


Fig. S5. N₂ adsorption/desorption isotherms of samples.

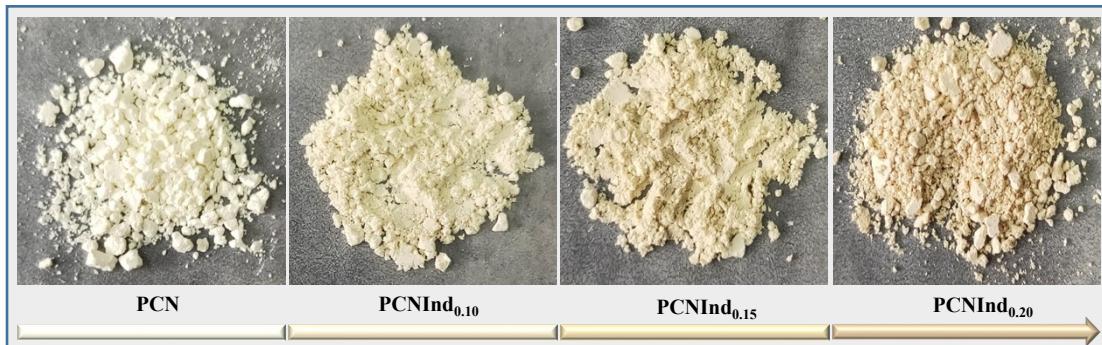


Fig. S6. The change in color of PCN with increasing amount of indole.

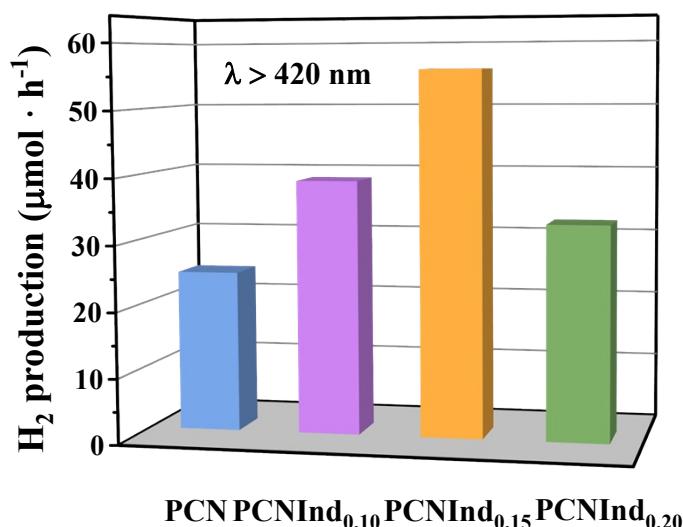


Fig. S7. H₂ production rate ($\lambda > 420$ nm).

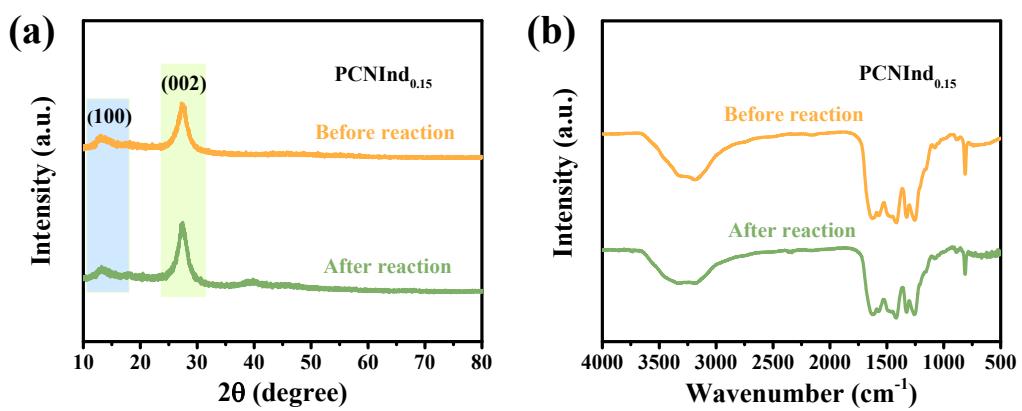


Fig. S8. (a) XRD pattern of PCNInd_{0.15} before and after reaction; (b) FT-IR spectra of PCNInd_{0.15} before and after reaction.

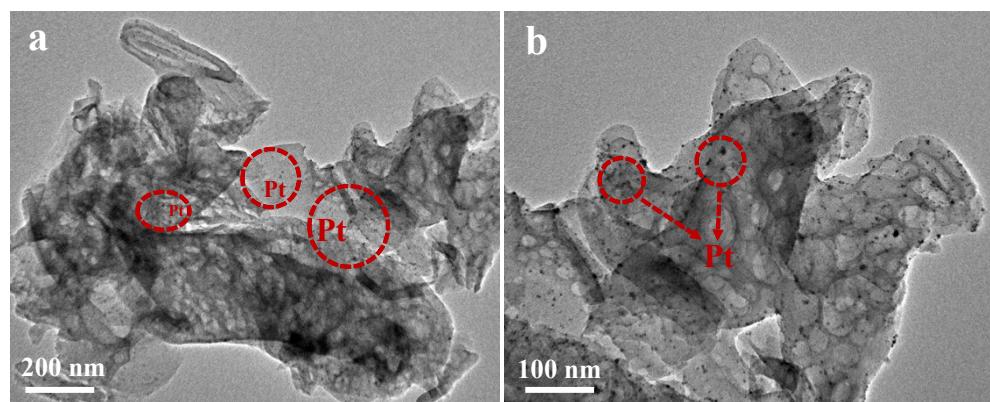


Fig. S9. TEM of PCNInd_{0.15} after reaction.

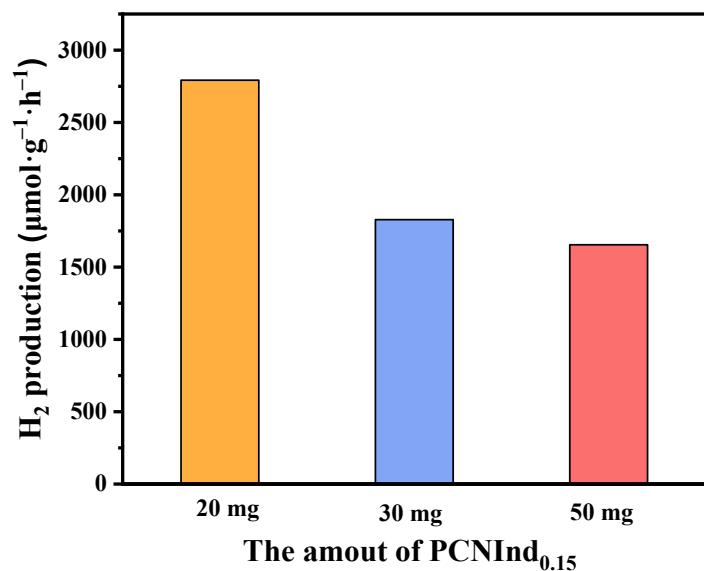


Fig. S10. The effect of photocatalysts amount on photocatalytic activity.

Table S1. Elemental analysis of PCN and PCNInd_{0.15}.

Elemental analysis				
Sample	C (wt.%)	N (wt.%)	H (wt.%)	C/N (atomic ratio)
PCN	34.15	59.76	2.06	0.67
PCNInd _{0.15}	33.20	60.09	2.36	0.64

Table S2. EDS of PCN and PCNInd_{0.15}.

Elemental analysis				
Sample	C (wt.%)	N (wt.%)	O (wt.%)	C/N (atomic ratio)
PCN	31.85	51.40	16.76	0.72
PCNInd _{0.15}	30.87	53.36	15.77	0.67

Table S3. Summary of the previously reported hydrophilic PCN with regard to synthesis process.

Sample ^a	Precursors	E _g (eV)	Application	Water contact angle (°)	Synthetic methods	Synthetic steps	Ref.
Fe(OH) ₃ /PCN composite membrane	PCN NSs + Fe(OH) ₃ + Anodic aluminum oxide support	---	Water purification	68.5	Preparation of PCN NSs (polymerization + calcination + ultrasonic treatment) + Preparation of Fe(OH) ₃ nanoparticles + Fabrication of membranes (the deposition of g-C ₃ N ₄ nanosheets layer + the deposition of Fe(OH) ₃ nanoparticles)	Six	[1] <i>J. Membrane Sci.</i> , 2018, 564 , 372–381
Oxygen-containing and amino groups functional carbon nitride atomically-thin porous sheets	Bulk PCN	2.96	Photocatalytic H ₂ evolution	28.45	Calcination + Continuous secondary calcination + Calcination under the flowing air + Calcination under NH ₃	Four	[2] <i>Energy Environ. Sci.</i> , 2018, 11 , 566–571
Plasma-treated PCN	PCN	2.86	Photocatalytic degradation of Rhodamine B	51.8	Polymerization + Plasma treatment	Two	[3] <i>Carbon</i> , 2017, 123 , 651–659
Soluble PCN NSs/PCN	Soluble PCN NSs + PCN	2.70	Photocatalytic H ₂ evolution	---	Preparation of bulk PCN (polymerization + Preparation of soluble PCN NSs (treatment at 180 °C +	Four	[4] <i>Appl. Catal. B: Environ.</i> , 2019, 247 , 70–77

					vacuum freeze-drying treatment) + Preparation of soluble PCN NSs/PCN (ultrasonic treatment)		
G-C ₃ N ₄ -COOH	g-C ₃ N ₄ NSs + Chloroacetic acid	---	Reverse osmosis desalination	58.5 ± 1.2	Polymerization + Functionalization reaction	Two	[5] <i>Sep. Purif. Technol.</i> , 2020, 235 , 116134
Porous PCN NSs	PCN	2.76	Photocatalytic H ₂ evolution	48	Polymerization + Calcination	Two	[6] <i>Mater. Today Chem.</i> , 2022, 26 , 101084
Functional carbon nitride with amphiphilic carbon and C-O-C chain linked melem units	Melem + Formaldehyde	2.52	Photocatalytic H ₂ evolution and photocatalytic selective oxidation of sulfide	39.8	Calcination + Purification of melem + Formaldehyde treatment + Calcination	Four	[7] <i>J. Mater. Chem. A</i> , 2021, 9 , 21732–21740
Microporous carbon nitride (C ₃ N ₅ . ₄) with tetrazine based molecular structure	Aminoguanidine + Ultra-stable Y zeolite	2.27	Adsorption of CO ₂ and water	---	Pretreatment of aminoguanidine + Polymerization + Treating with 5 wt.% hydrofluoric acid	Three	[8] <i>Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.</i> , 2021, 60 , 21242–21249
S-doped carbon nitride/graphene oxide 3D hierarchical framework	S-doped g-C ₃ N ₄ + Large flake size graphene oxide	---	Mercury removal from desulfurization slurry	42	Preparation of S doped carbon nitride (S-doped g-C ₃ N ₄) (pretreatment of melamine + calcination) + Fabrication of large flake size graphene oxide (LGO) (centrifugal classification method) + Preparation of S-doped g-C ₃ N ₄ /LGO aerogel (SGA) (hydrothermal treatment)	Four	[9] <i>Sep. Purif. Technol.</i> , 2020, 239 , 116515
Interfacial coupling perovskite CeFeO ₃ on layered graphitic carbon nitride	Melamine + a mixed Fe and Ce solution and NH ₄ OH	PCN (2.85) and CeFe O ₃ (1.96)	Nitrogen fixation and organic pollutants demineralization	65.5	Co-precipitation + Calcination	Two	[10] <i>Chem. Eng. J.</i> , 2022, 427 , 131406
GCN (graphite phase carbon nitride)-SA (sulfuric acid) membrane	GCN-SA	---	Selective permeation	24	Preparation of pristine GCN NSs (polymerization + ultrasonic treatment) + Preparation of GCN-SA composite (heating treatment with SA) + Preparation of membranes (vacuum filtration method)	Four	[11] <i>Nat. Commun.</i> , 2019, 10 , 2500
PCN with surface N-hydroxymethylation	PCN	2.79	Photocatalytic H ₂ O ₂ production	52.5	Polymerization + Ultrasonic washing at 80 °C + Being treated by formaldehyde solution	Three	[12] <i>Adv. Funct. Mater.</i> , 2022, 32 , 2111125
Superficial hydroxyl and amino groups synergistically	PCN	---	CO ₂ electroreduction	22.5	Polymerization + Calcination under the flowing air + Calcination under the	Three	[13] <i>ACS Catal.</i> , 2019, 9 , 10983–10989

				NH ₃			
Loofah-like carbon nitride sponge	Supramolecular precursor	2.92	Photocatalytic transfer hydrogenation of nitrophenols with water as the hydrogen source	47	Preparation of supramolecular precursor (microwave irradiation under 180 °C + stirring, filtering, washing and drying + treatment with cyanuric acid) + Preparation of loofah-like carbon nitride sponge (calcination + calcination)	Five	[14] <i>Chem. Eng. J.</i> , 2022, 444 , 136430
Multiple Doped Carbon Nitrides	Dicyandiamide + NaI	2.63	Photocatalytic H ₂ evolution	44.12	Calcination	One	[15] <i>ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces</i> , 2019, 11 , 22255–22263 Our previous work
PCNInd _{0.15}	Urea + Indole	2.62	Photocatalytic H ₂ evolution	39.9	Copolymerization	One	This work

^a PCN denotes polymer carbon nitride; NSs denotes nanosheets and “---” denotes no applicable.

Table S4. A set of control parameters were carried out as follows. Entry 14 displayed the optimized conditions.

Entry	The content of Pt	PCNInd _{0.15} (mg)	pH of the solution	Sacrificial agent	Wavelength (nm)	Activity ($\mu\text{mol}\cdot\text{h}^{-1}$)
pH dependence (Sodium hydroxide solution regulation)						
1	2 wt%	20	1	Lactic acid	$\lambda > 420$	55.85
2	2 wt%	20	3	Lactic acid	$\lambda > 420$	49.20
3	2 wt%	20	5	Lactic acid	$\lambda > 420$	37.37
4	2 wt%	20	7	Lactic acid	$\lambda > 420$	25.80
5	2 wt%	20	9	Lactic acid	$\lambda > 420$	22.92
Wavelength dependence						
6	2 wt%	20	1	Lactic acid	$\lambda > 420$	55.85
7	2 wt%	20	1	Lactic acid	$\lambda = 420$	17.12
8	2 wt%	20	1	Lactic acid	$\lambda = 450$	2.03
9	2 wt%	20	1	Lactic acid	$\lambda = 500$	0.17
Pt cocatalyst dependence						
10	0.5 wt%	20	1	Lactic acid	$\lambda > 420$	26.34

11	1 wt%	20	1	Lactic acid	$\lambda > 420$	33.12
12	2 wt%	20	1	Lactic acid	$\lambda > 420$	55.85
13	3 wt%	20	1	Lactic acid	$\lambda > 420$	49.86
14	5 wt%	20	1	Lactic acid	$\lambda > 420$	38.58

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