

Supporting information

Multisite synergistic-modulating elementary steps for efficient alkaline hydrogen evolution via NiCu/NiMoO_x nanocomposites

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Experimental Section

Electrochemical measurements. All electrochemical measurements were conducted by CHI760E electrochemical workstation. The samples were employed as the working electrode, a graphite electrode was used as the counter electrode and a saturated Ag/AgCl was utilized as the reference electrode. The electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) was measured at a voltage of -1.1 V with the frequency range of 100 kHz-0.01 Hz. To evaluate HER activity, the linear sweep voltammetry (LSV) curves were recorded at potential range from -1.0 to -1.5 V vs. Ag/AgCl with a scan rate of 2 mV s⁻¹. The potential was converted to reversible hydrogen electrode (RHE) by the equation of $E_{\text{RHE}} = E_{\text{Ag/AgCl}} + 0.198 + 0.0591 \times \text{pH}$. The electrochemical active surface area (ECSA) was estimated

according to the double layered capacitance (C_{dl}). The cyclic voltammetry (CV) were tested at different scan rates (2 mV s⁻¹, 4 mV s⁻¹, 6 mV s⁻¹, 8 mV s⁻¹, and 10 mV s⁻¹) in a non-Faradaic region (-0.85 to -0.95V vs. Ag/AgCl), and plotting the difference in current density between the anodic and cathodic sweeps ($\Delta j = j_a - j_c$) at 0.9V vs. Ag/AgCl as a function of scan rates yielded a straight line with slope equal to C_{dl} .

The ECSA of as-synthesized catalysts is calculated following:

$$ECSA = \frac{C_{dl}(mF \cdot cm^{-2})}{C_s \times uF \cdot cm^{-2} per cm^2_{ECSA}}$$

where the specific capacitance for a flat surface (C_s) is generally between 0.02-0.06 mF cm⁻².

Therefore, we used C_s of 0.04 mF cm⁻² to calculate the ECSA.

The TOF value is calculated from the equation:

$$TOF = \frac{I}{2 * NF}$$

where I is the measured current during the linear sweep measurement, N is number of the active sites, and F is the Faraday constant (96485 C mol⁻¹). Assuming a one electron redox and oxidation process,

the upper limit of active sites could be calculated by the follow equation: $N = \frac{Q}{2 * F}$, cyclic voltammetry

were measurements from -0.85 to -0.95 V vs. Ag/AgCl at 2 mV s⁻¹ in 1 M KOH solution, where Q is the whole charge of CV curve.

DFT Calculations. DFT calculations were performed using the Vienna Ab Initio Simulation Package (VASP).[1-3] The electron ion interaction was described with the projector augmented wave (PAW) method.[4] The electron exchange and correlation energy were treated within the generalized gradient approximation (GGA) in the Perdew-Burke-Ernzerhof formalism (PBE).[5, 6] The energy cut-off for the plane-wave basis was set to 500 eV for all calculations. Conjugated gradient method was used to the geometry optimization and all the atomic coordinates were fully relaxed until the maximal force

on each atom was less than 0.05 eV/Å, and the convergence condition for energy is 10⁻⁴ eV. All constructions possess larger than 20 Å vacuum region in the z direction to minimize the interaction between planes. The Monkhorst Pack [7] sampling scheme were set of 2×2×1 and 4×4×1 for geometry optimization, electronic self-consistent calculation, respectively. The ΔG_H is calculated following:

$$\Delta G_H = \Delta E_H + \Delta E_{ZPE} - T\Delta S_H$$

Where ΔE_H is the binding energy of hydrogen atom, and ΔE_{ZPE} and $T\Delta S_H$ is zero-point energy corrections and the entropic corrections, respectively, which can be simplified as 0.24 eV.

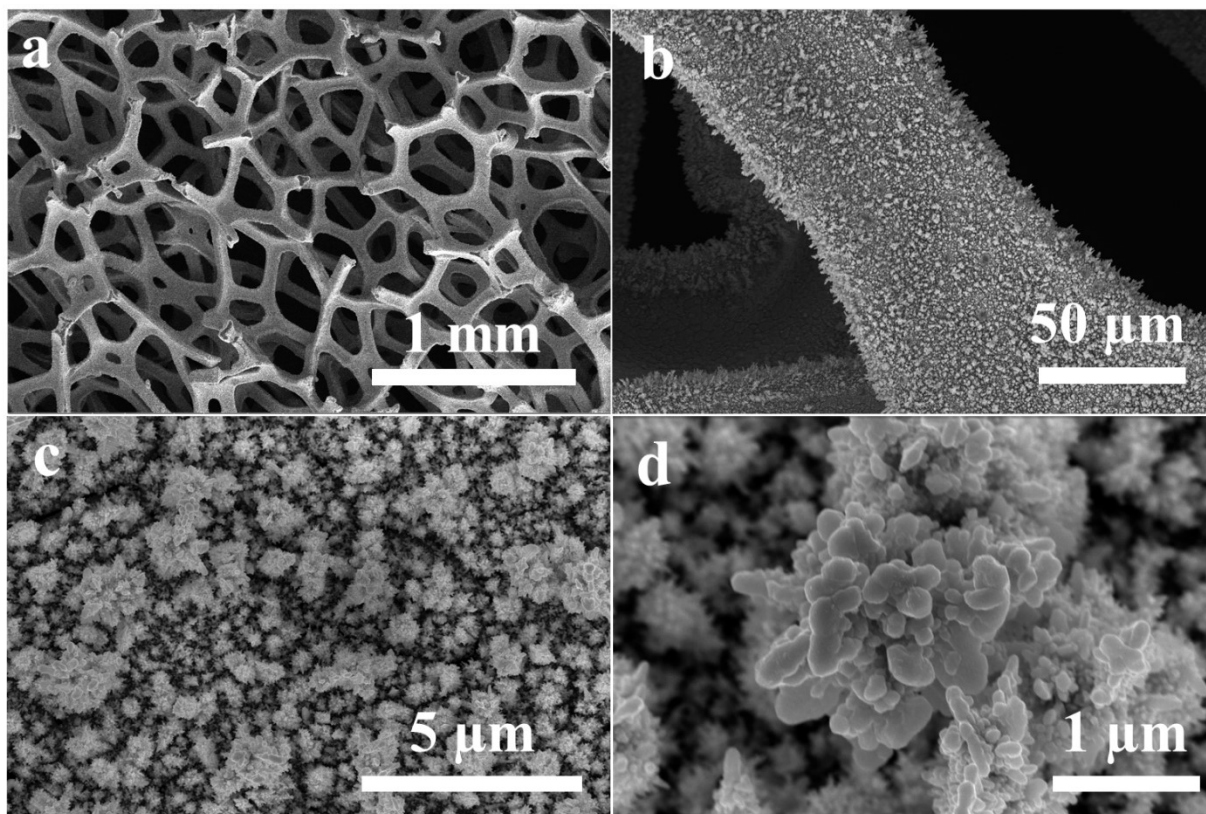


Figure S1. The FE-SEM images of NiCu with different magnifications.

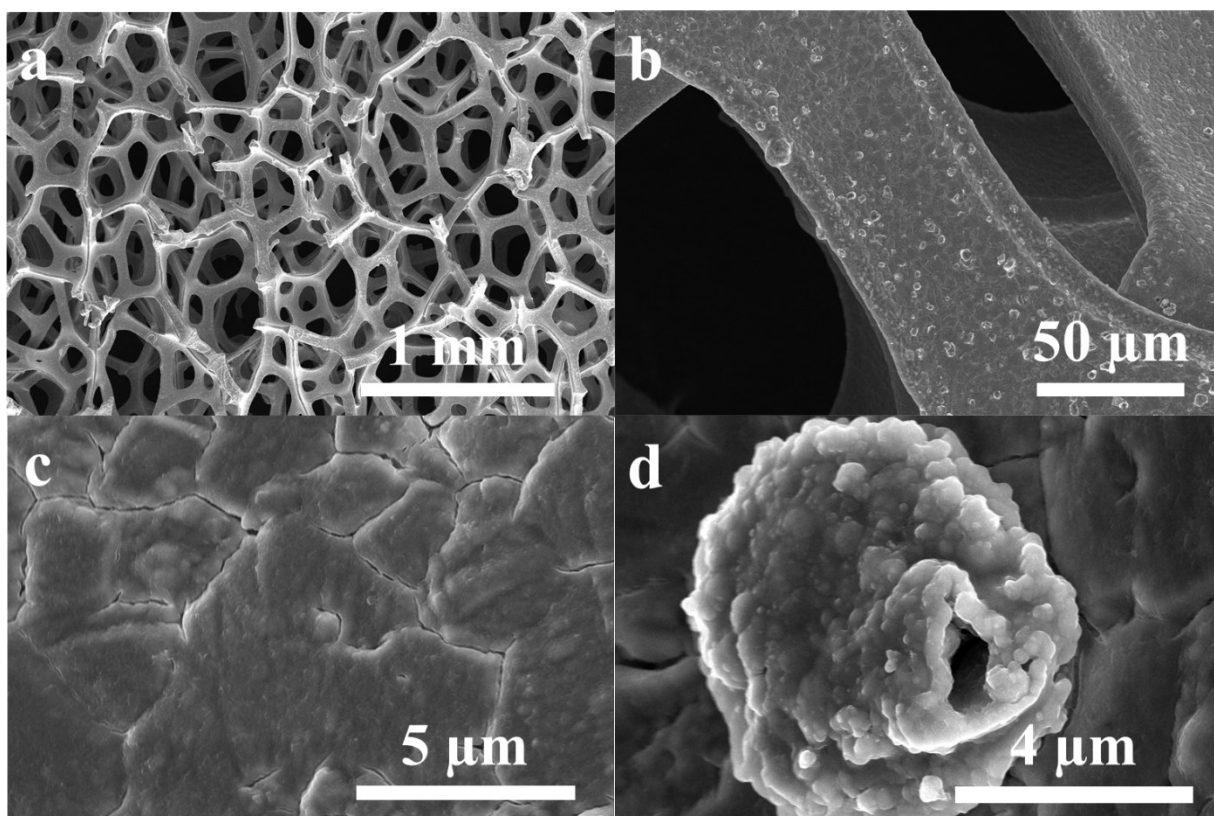


Figure S2. The FE-SEM images of NiMo with different magnifications.

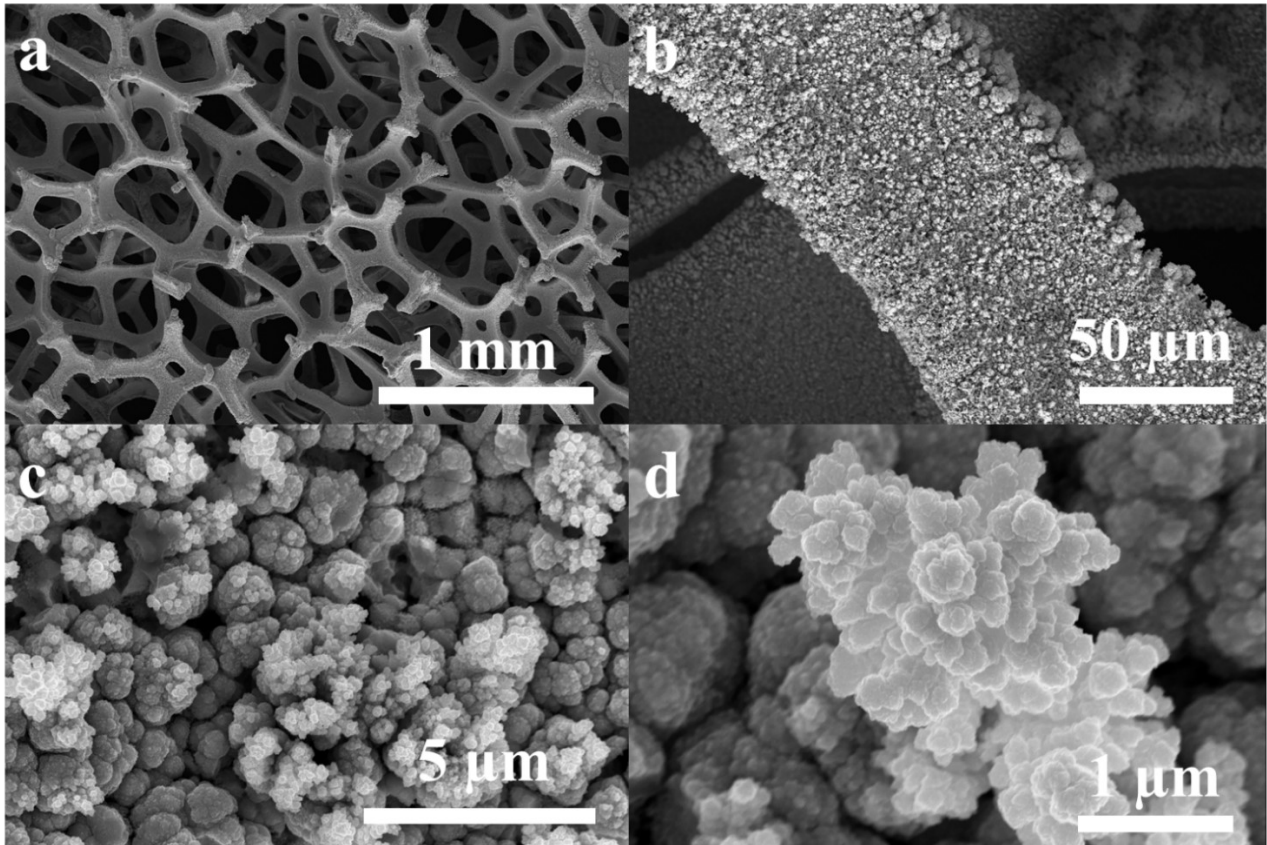


Figure S3. The FE-SEM images of NiCu/MoO_x with different magnifications.

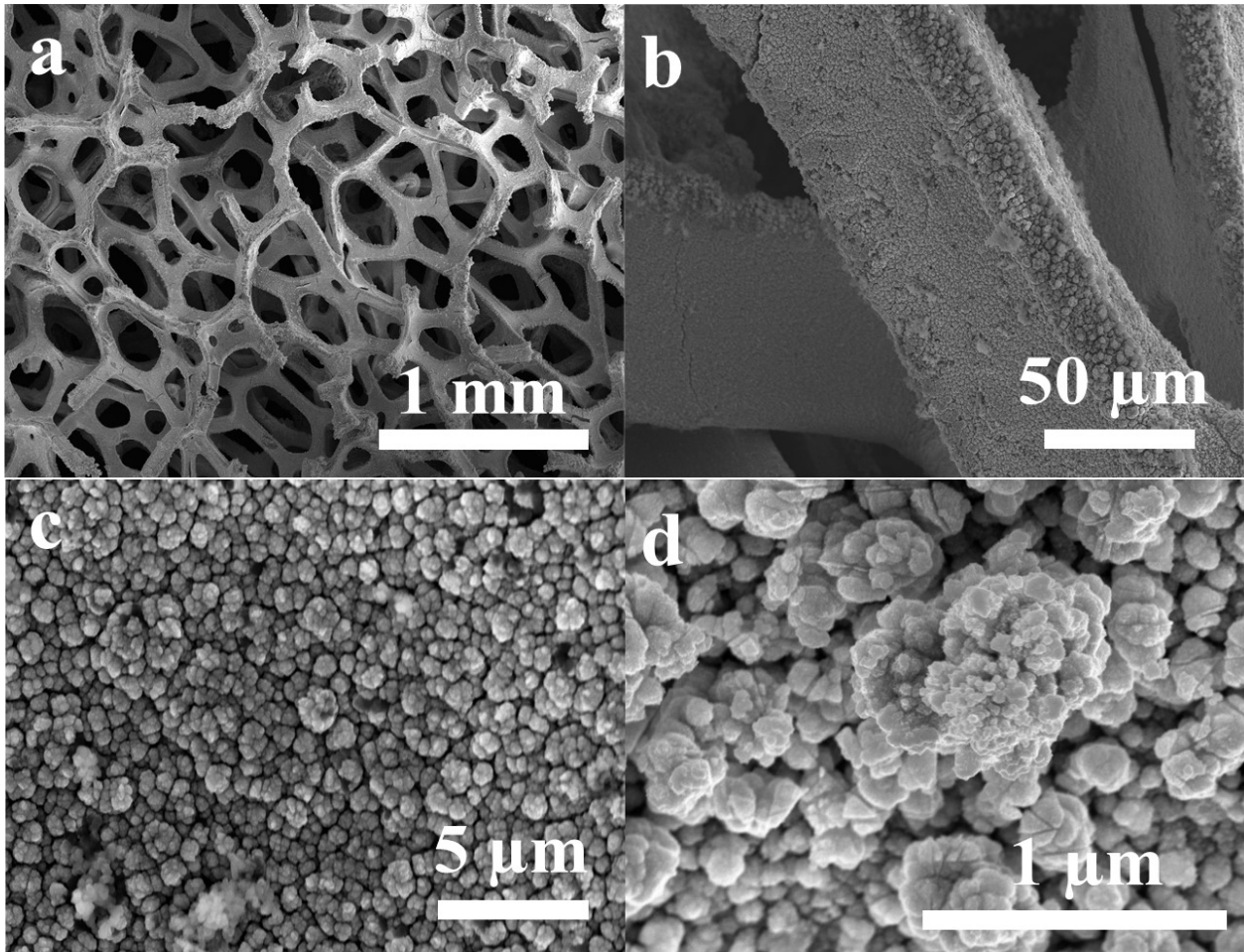


Figure S4. The FE-SEM images of NiCu/MoO_x after 65 h at 10 mA cm⁻² in 1M KOH.

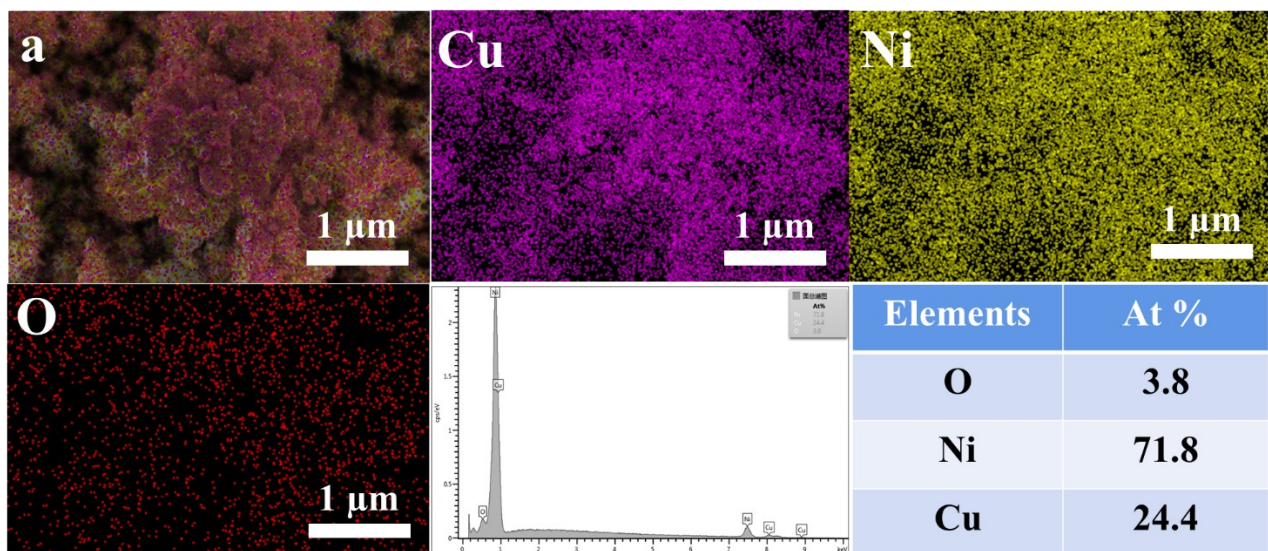


Figure S5. The SEM image of NiCu with EDX elemental mapping and corresponding element amounts.

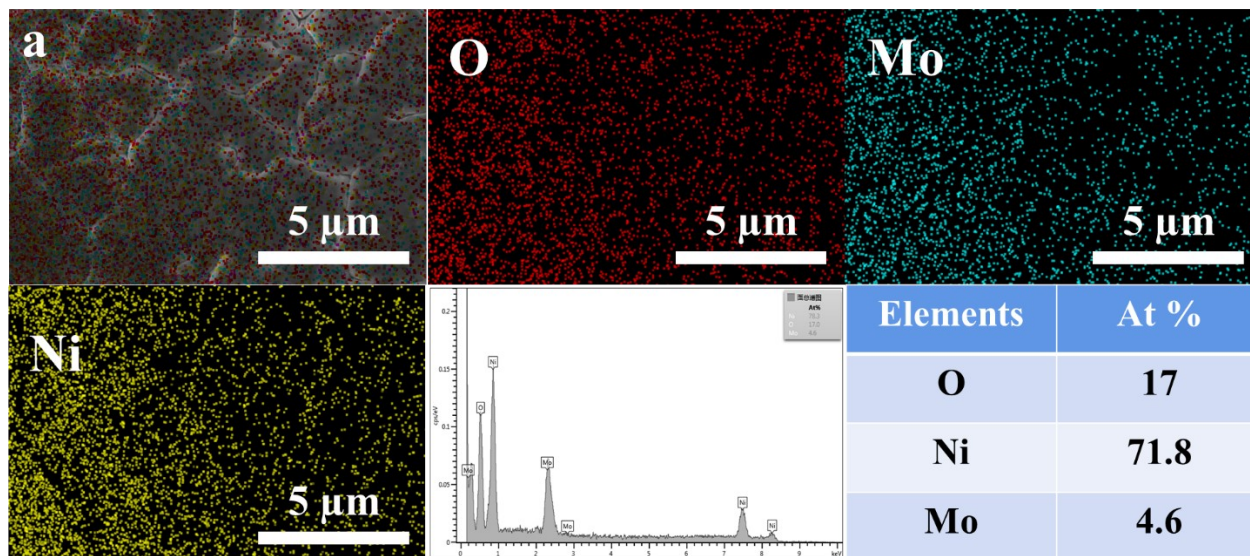


Figure S6. The SEM image of Ni/MoO_x with EDX elemental mapping and corresponding element amounts.

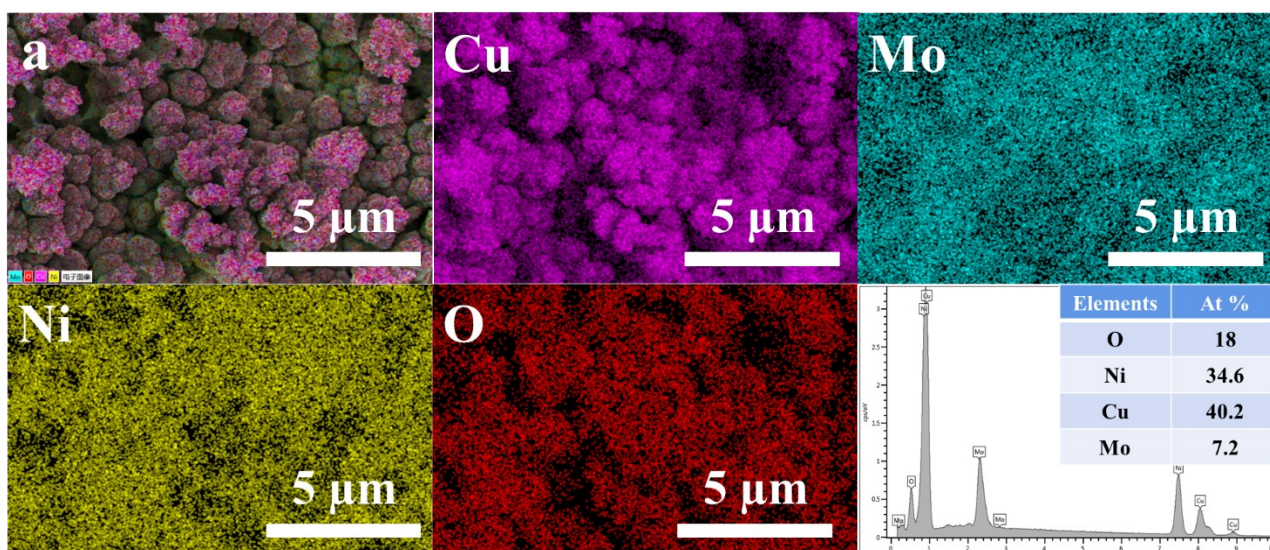


Figure S7. The SEM image of NiCu/MoO_x with EDX elemental mapping and corresponding element amounts.

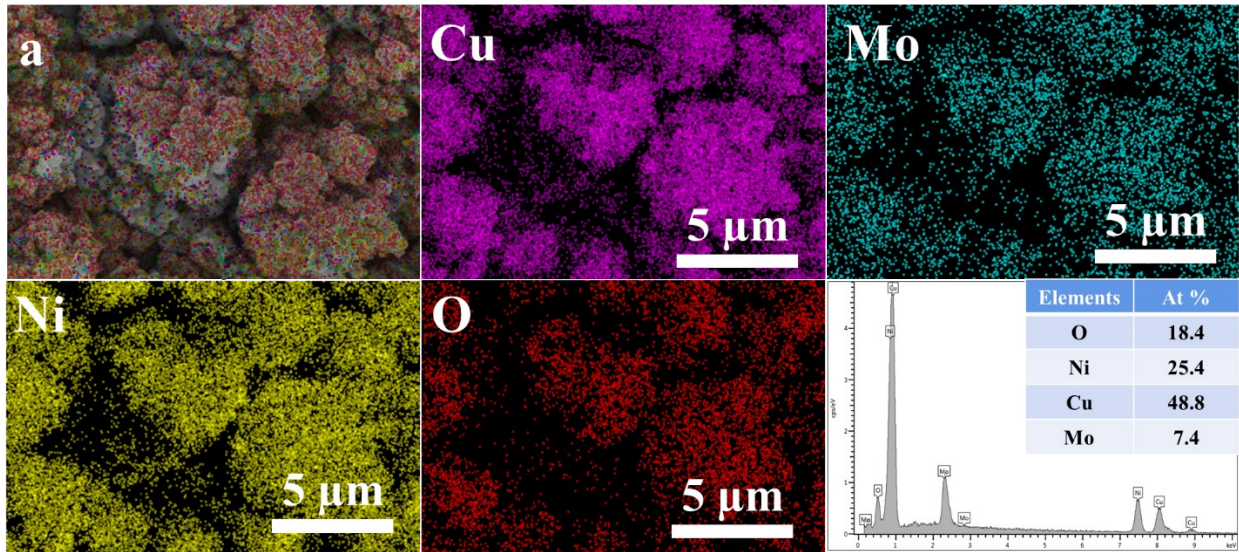


Figure S8. The SEM image with EDX elemental mapping and corresponding element amounts of NiCu/MoO_x after stability test.

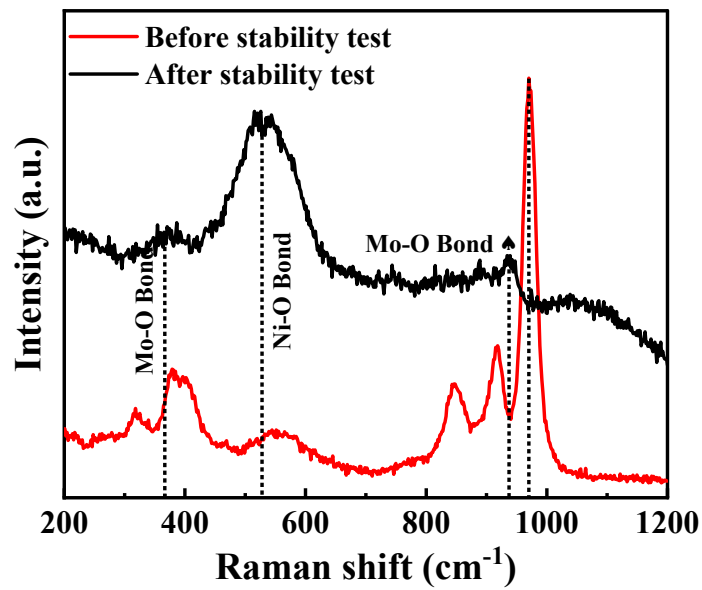


Figure S9. The Raman spectra of NiCu/MoO_x before and after stability test.

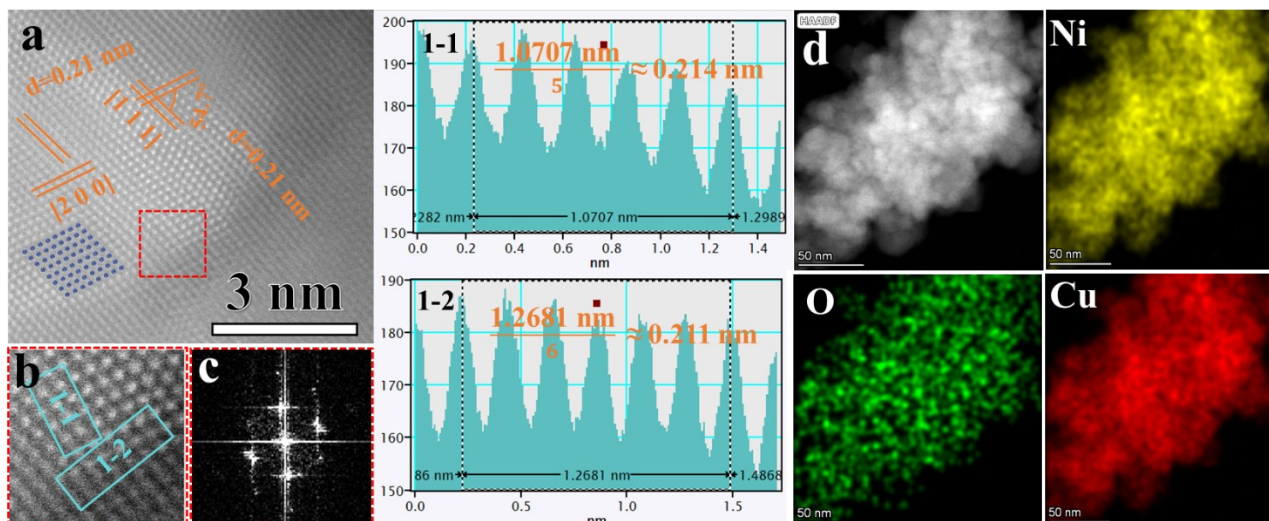


Figure S10. The HAADF-STEM of NiCu.

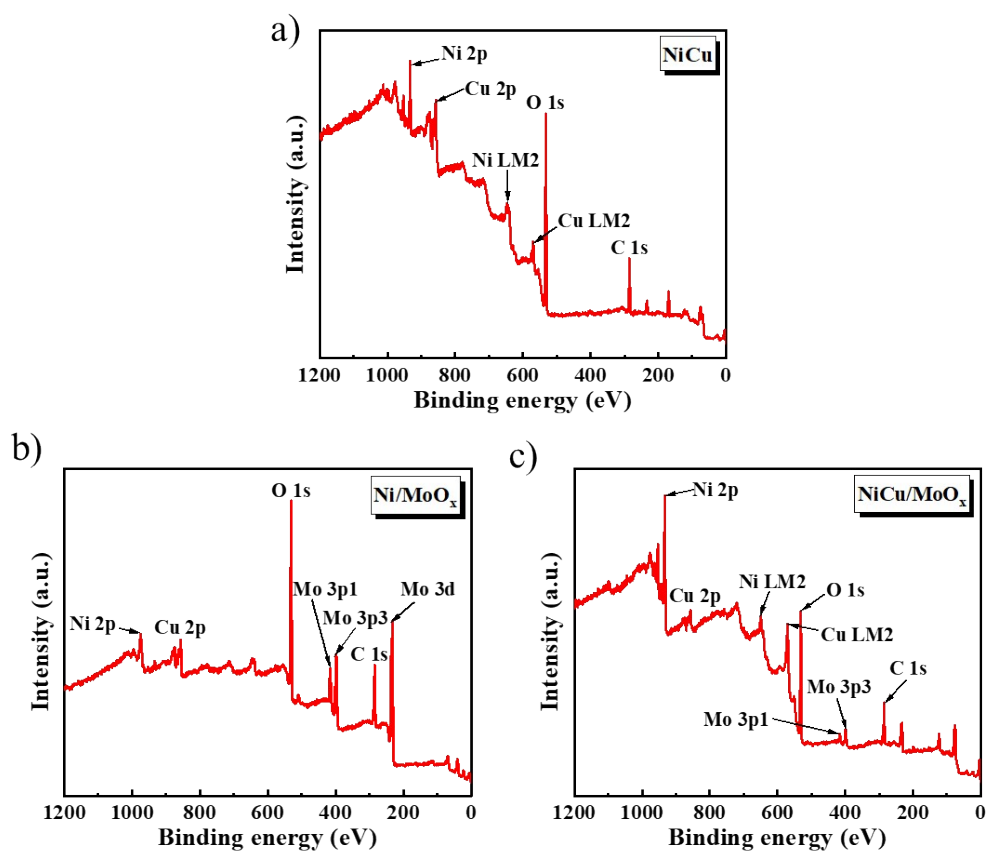


Figure S11. The XPS survey of (a) NiCu, (b) Ni/MoO_x and (c) NiCu/MoO_x.

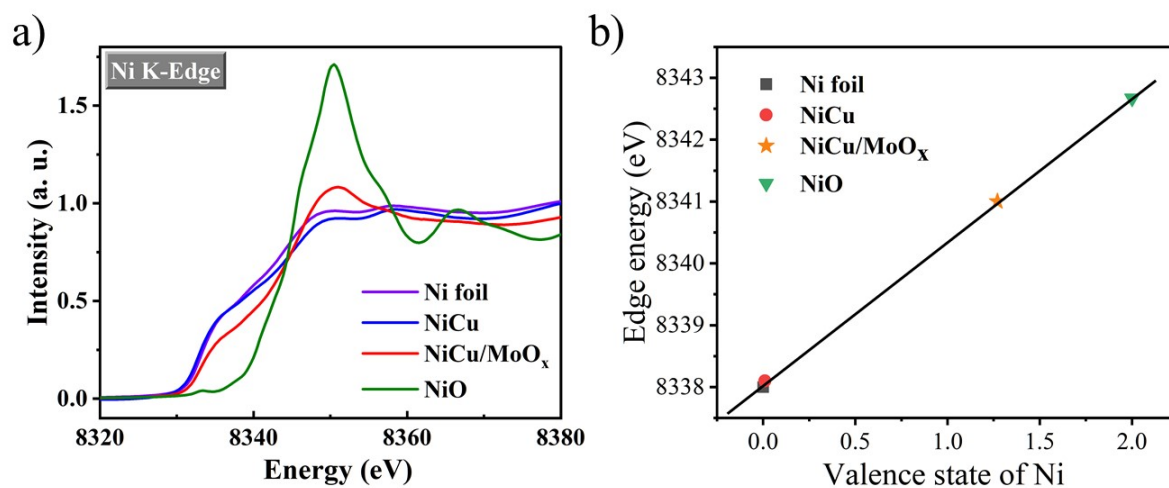


Figure S12. a) Ni K-edge XANES of NiCu, NiCu/MoO_x, Ni foil and NiO; b) Corresponding accurate Ni value.

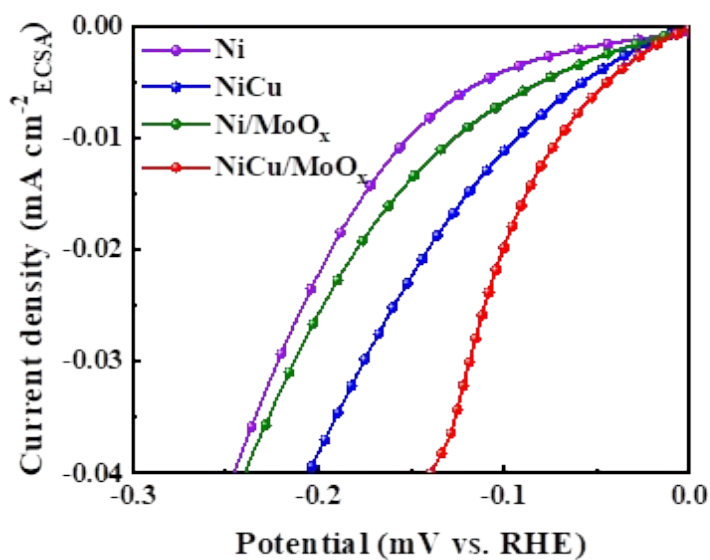


Figure S13. The ECSA-normalized LSV curves of the prepared Ni, NiCu, Ni/MoO_x and NiCu/MoO_x toward HER in 1M KOH.

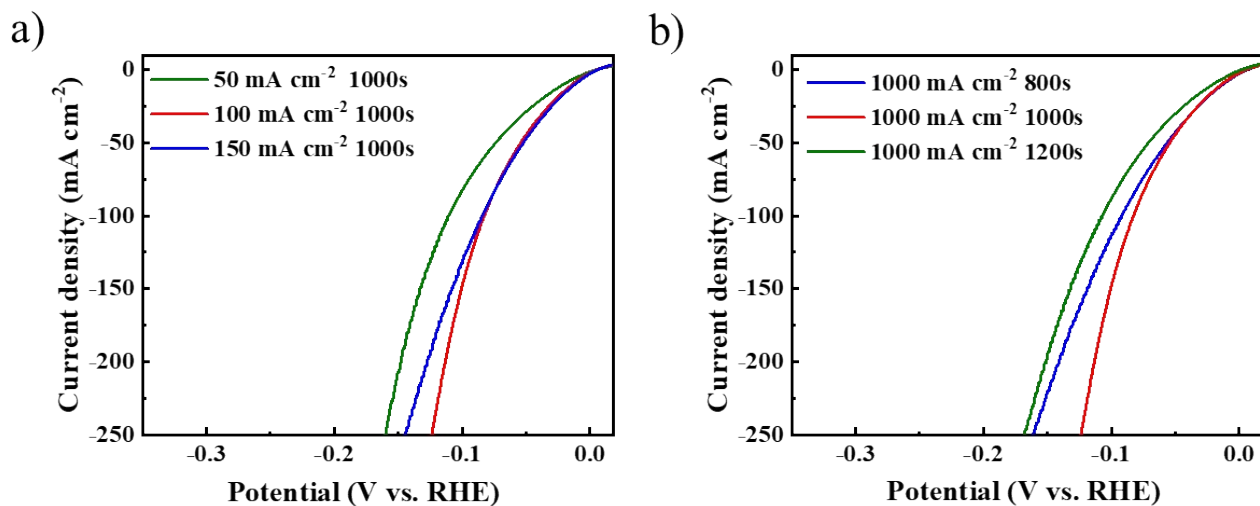


Figure S14. The LSV curves of NiCu/MoO_x with different deposition currents and times for HER in 1M KOH.

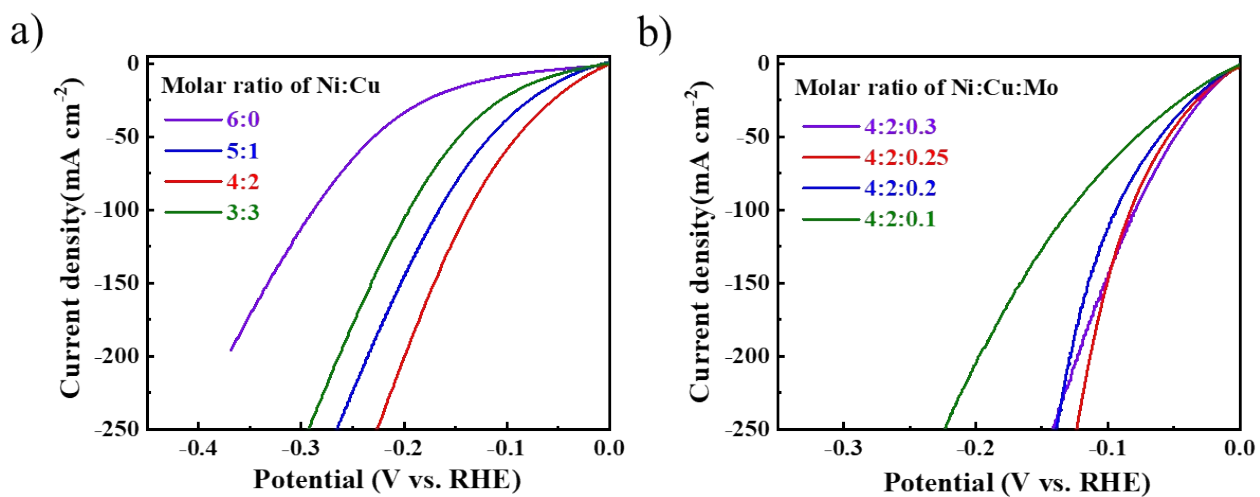


Figure S15. The LSV curves of different ratios of a) Ni/Cu and b) Ni/Cu/Mo toward HER with scan rates of 2 mV S⁻¹ in 1M KOH.

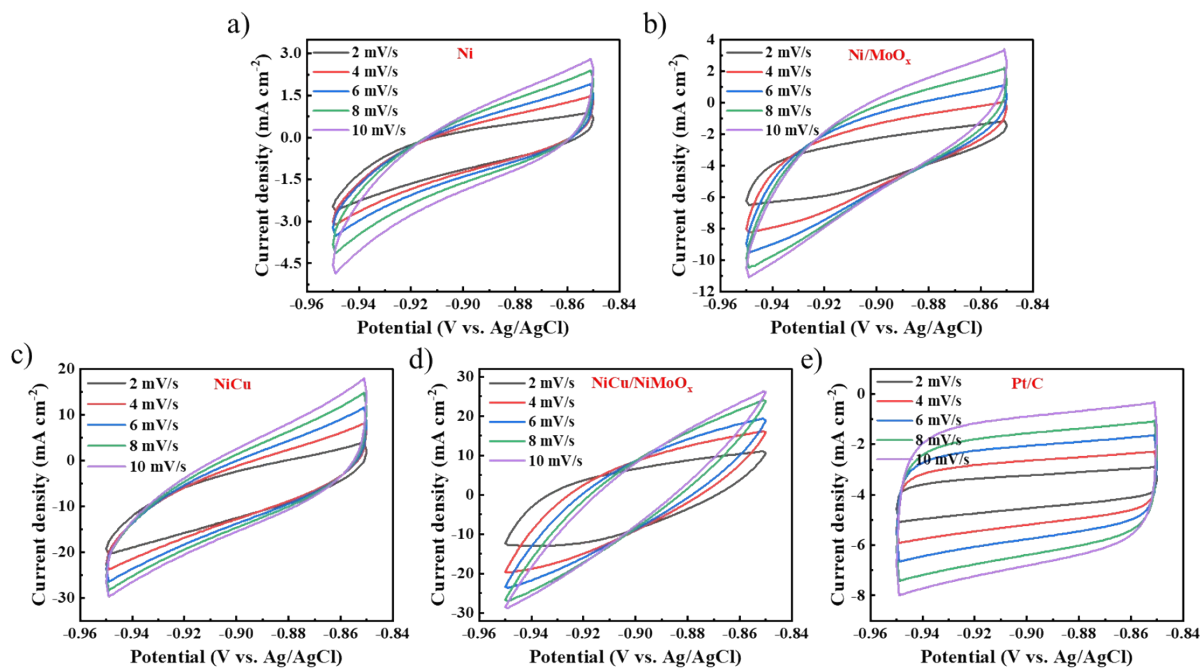


Figure S16. The cyclic voltammograms (CV) of (a) Ni, (b) Ni/MoO_x, (c) NiCu, (d) NiCu/MoO_x, (e) Pt/C with scan rates of 2-10 mV S⁻¹ in 1M KOH.

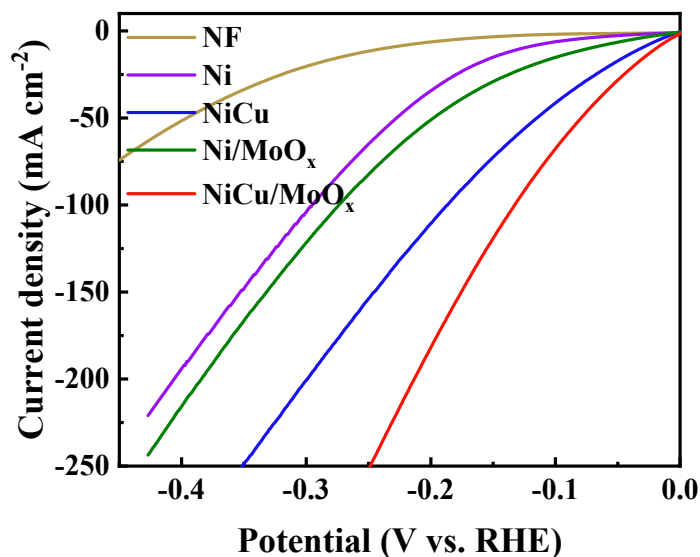


Figure S17. The LSV curves of the prepared NF, Ni, Ni/MoO_x, NiCu, NiCu/MoO_x without IR compensation with scan rates of 2 mV S⁻¹ in 1M KOH.

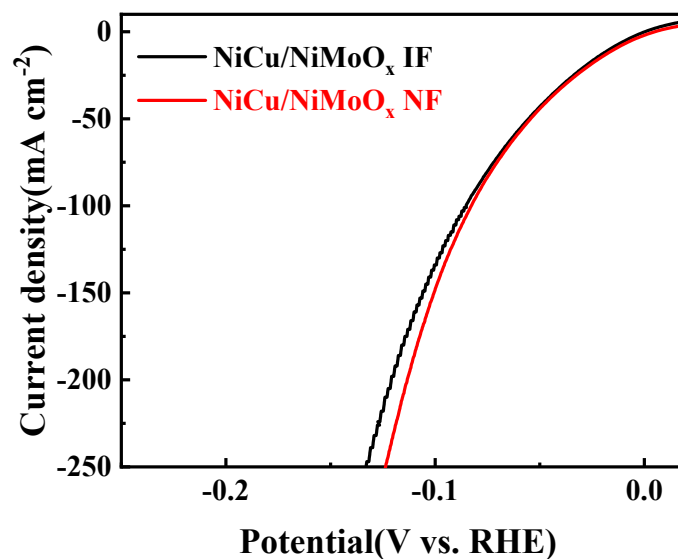


Figure S18. The LSV curves of loading NiCu/MoO_x catalysts onto different substrates (nickel foam and iron foam).

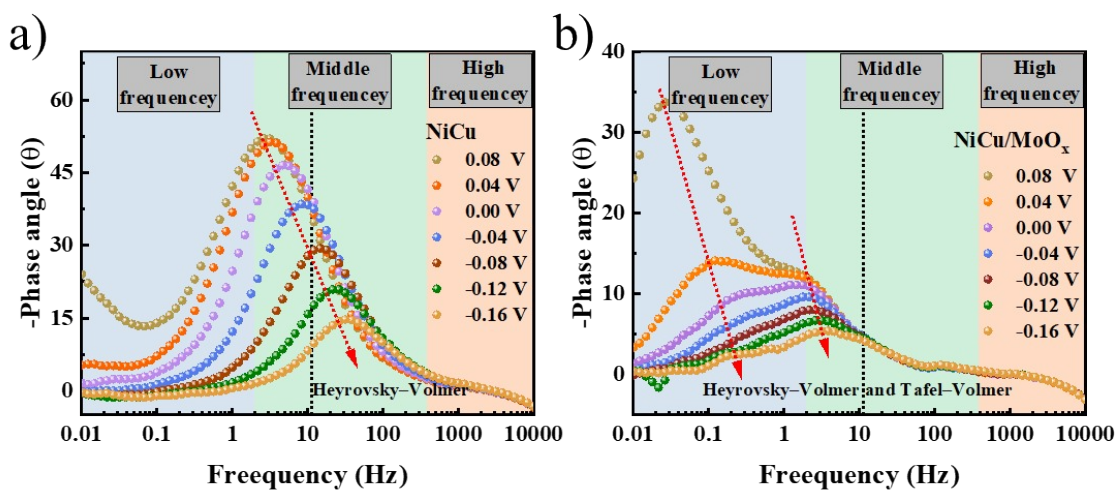


Figure S19. Bode plots for a) NiCu in 1 M KOH with Heyrovsky step as RDS, and b) NiCu/MoO_x with mixture mechanisms (Heyrovsky–Volmer and Tafel–Volmer).

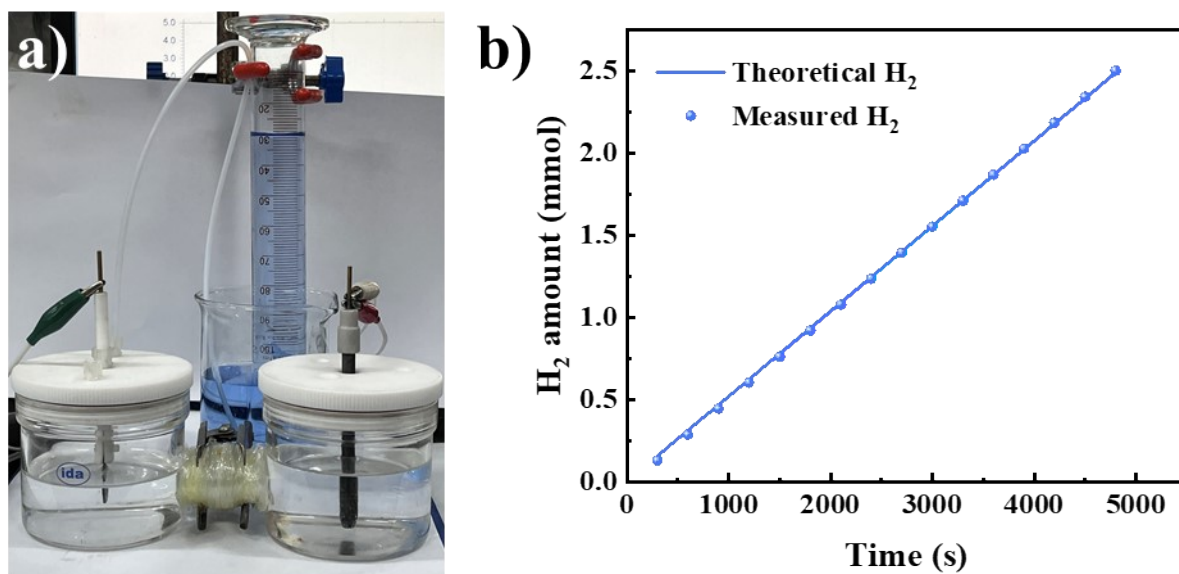


Figure S20. a) Physical picture of the device, b) The amount of H₂ collected by the water drainage method as a function of time for NiCu/MoO_x under a constant current density of 100 mA cm⁻².

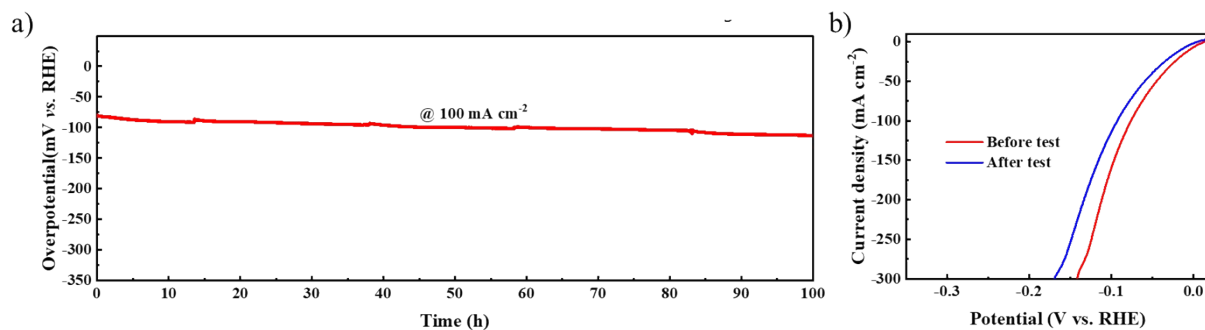


Figure S21. a) The chronopotentiometry (i-t) tests of the NiCu/MoO_x electrode at 100 mA cm⁻². b) The lsv before and after test.

Table S1. Ni, Cu and Mo atomic percentages obtained from ICP-OES results.

Samples	Chemical composition (mg/L)		
	Ni	Cu	Mo
NiCu	1.26	1.49	/
Ni/MoO _x	1.23	/	0.46
NiCu/MoO _x	1.41	0.96	0.92

Table S2. Comparison of HER performance for NiCu/MoO_x with other reported electrocatalysts in 1 M KOH.

Catalysts	Electrolyte	η (mV) $j=-10 \text{ mAcm}^{-2}$	Tafel slope (mV dec ⁻¹)	References
NiCu/MoO _x	1.0M KOH	14	38.3	this work
Pt/MgO	1.0M KOH	39	39	Nat. Commun. 2022. 13, 2024[8]
V-Ni ₂ MoN ₃	1.0M KOH	54	42.8	Electrochimica Acta 337(2020)135689[9]
NiCo LDH/NF	1.0M KOH	51	70	Adv. Funct. Mater. 28(2018)1704594[10]
Mo-NiO/Ni	1.0M KOH	50	86	ACS Energy Lett. 2019,4,3002-3010[11]
Sr ₂ RuO ₄	1.0M KOH	61	51	Nat. Commun. 2019, 10, 149[12]
P-Mo-Ni(OH) ₂	1.0M KOH	22	80	Appl. Catal. B-Environ. 260(2020)118154[13]
Ni ₃ N-V ₂ O ₃	1.0M KOH	57	50	Appl. Catal. B-Environ. (2020).119590[14]
Ru/Ni(OH) ₂ /NF	1.0M KOH	25	45	J. Mater. Chem. A 2019,7, 11062-11068[15]
Pt/NiRu-OH	1.0M KOH	38	39	Appl. Catal. B-Environ. 2020, 269, 118824[16]
Ni ₅ P ₄ -Ru/CC	1.0M KOH	54	52	Adv. Mater: 2020, 32, 1906972[17]
RuCo@N-C	1.0M KOH	28	31	Nat. Commun. 2017, 8, 14969[18]
Ru@SC-CDs	1.0M KOH	29	57	Nano Energy 2019, 65, 104023[19]
NiFeRu-LDH	1.0M KOH	29	31	Adv. Mater 2018, 30,

Ru@NG-750	1.0M KOH	40	35.9	1706279[20] ACS Catal. 2019, 9, 9897-9904[21]
Pt/Co(OH) ₂	1.0M KOH	32	70	ACS Catal. 2017, 7, 7131-7135[22]
Vs-Co ₃ S ₄ @NF	1.0M KOH	46	66	Appl. Catal. B-Environ. 322(2023)122104[23]
ReS ₂ /NiS	1.0M KOH	78	76	Chemical Engineering Journal 451(2023)138905[24]
Ni(Cu)/NF	1M KOH	27	33.3	Small 2018, 14, 1704137[25]
Pt _S A M-NiO/Ni	1M KOH	26	27.07	Nat Commun 12, 3783 (2021).[26]

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