

Supporting information

Subnanometric Pt clusters dispersed over Cs-doped TiO₂ for CO₂ upgrading via low-temperature RWGS reaction: *operando* mechanistic insights to guide an optimal catalysts design

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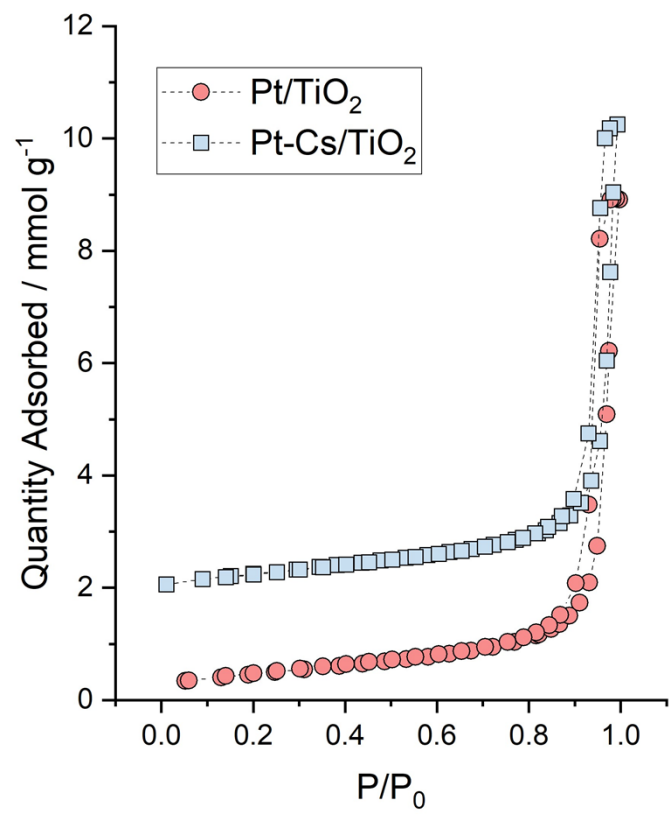


Figure S1. N₂ adsorption-desorption isotherms at 77 K for both Pt/TiO₂ and Pt-Cs/TiO₂ catalysts

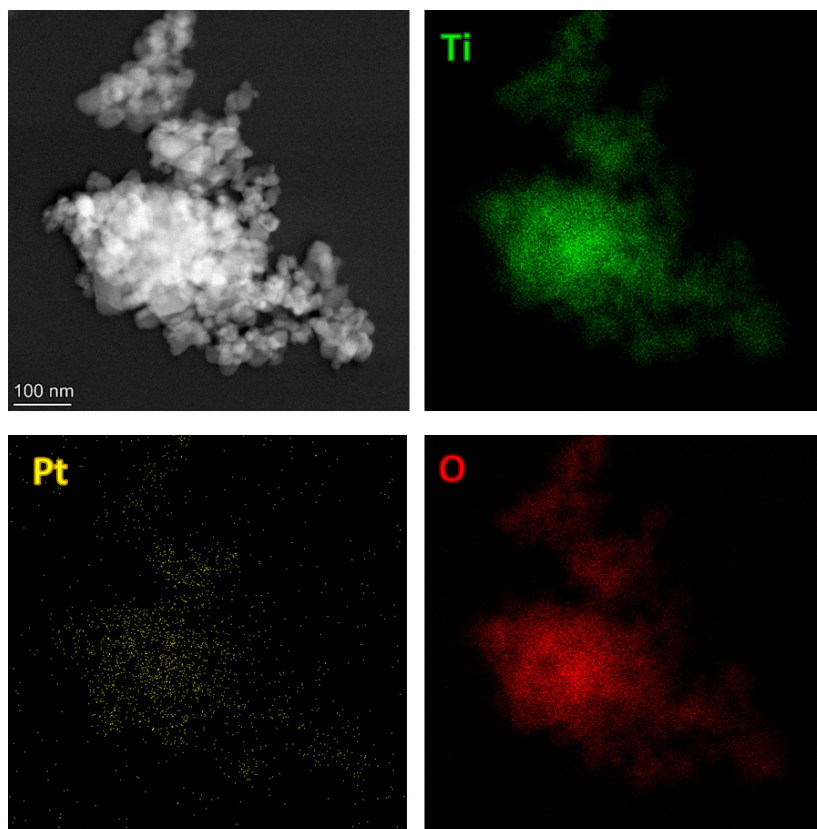


Figure S2. HAADF-STEM with elemental mapping images of Pt/TiO₂ catalyst after pre-treatment at 550 °C in 50 % H₂/N₂ for 3 h

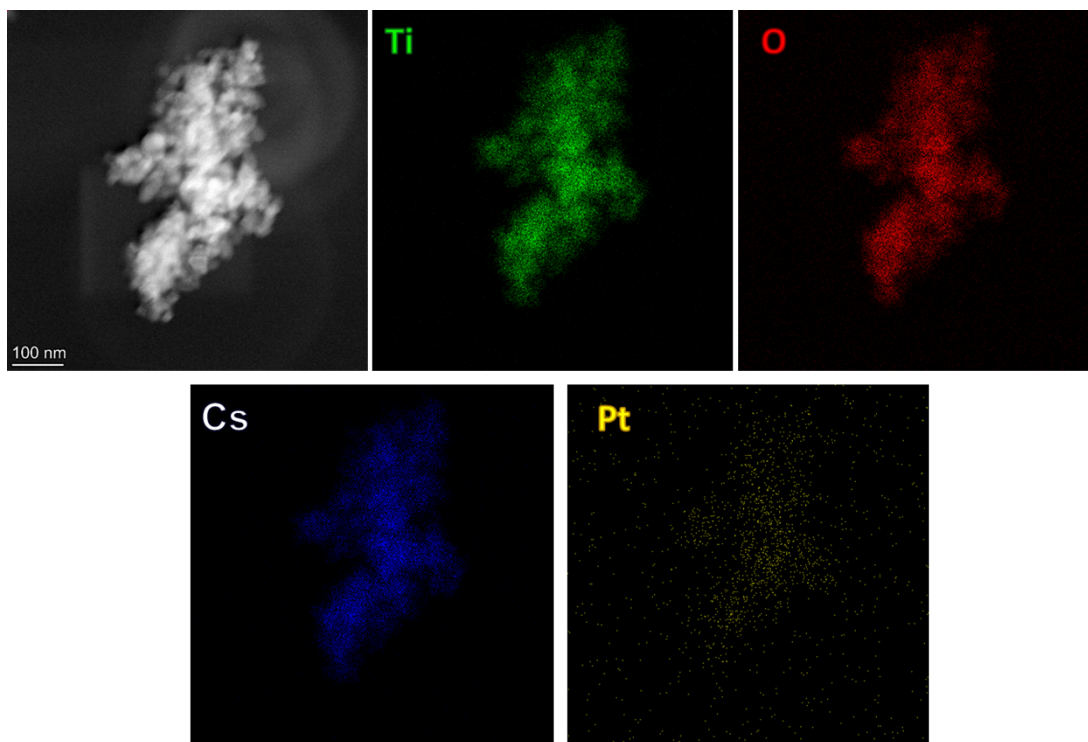


Figure S3. HAADF-STEM with elemental mapping images of Pt-Cs/TiO₂ catalyst after pre-treatment at 550 °C in 50 % H₂/N₂ for 3 h

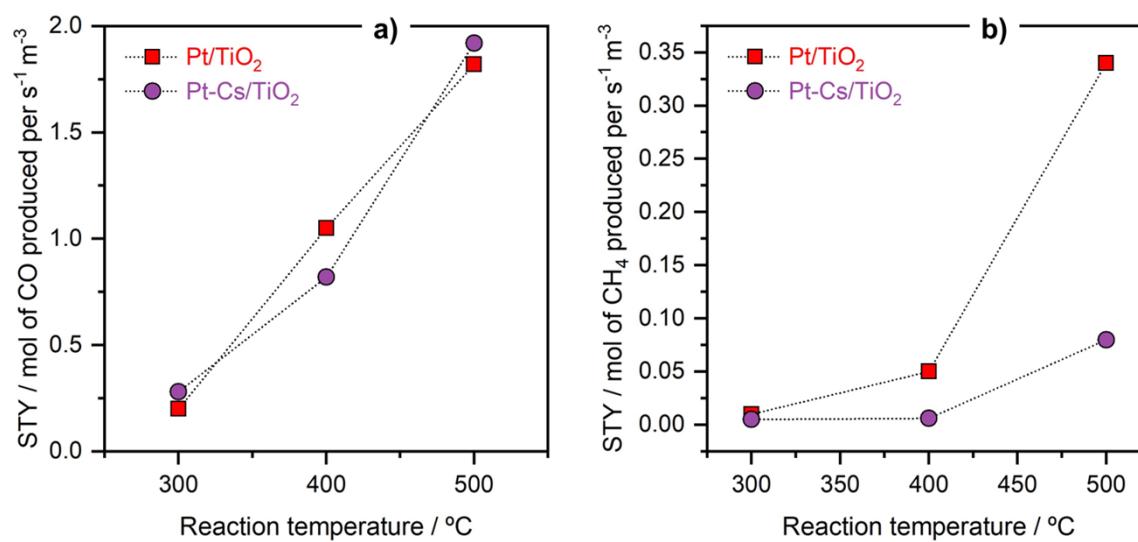


Figure S4. Space-time yield (STY) in terms of CO production **(a)** and CH₄ production **(b)** for Pt/TiO₂ and Pt-Cs/TiO₂ catalysts.

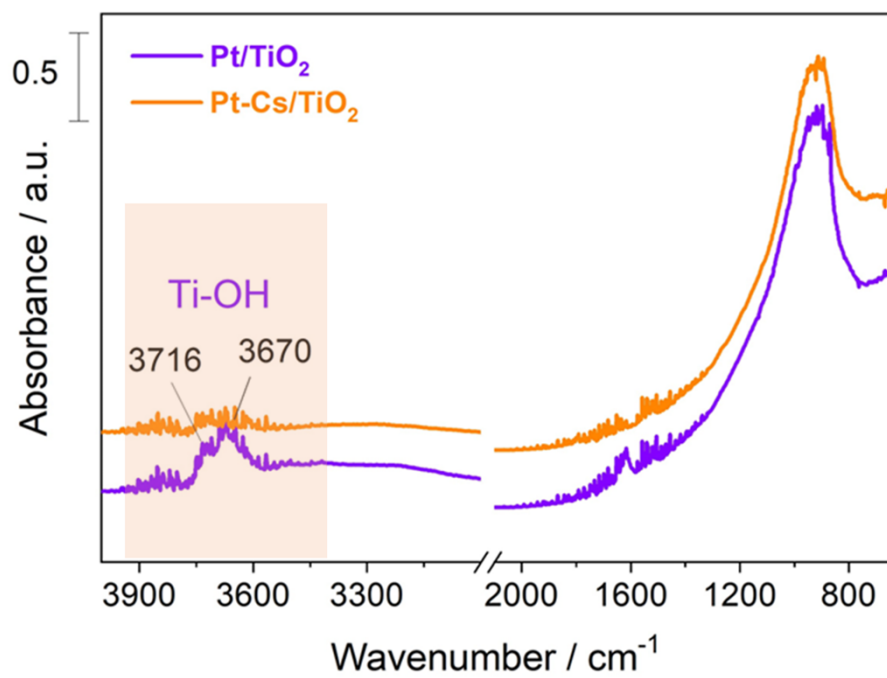


Figure S5. DRIFTS spectra of Pt/TiO₂ and Pt-Cs/TiO₂ after being activated at 400 °C for 1 h with a flow of 50 mL min⁻¹ of 10% H₂/Ar

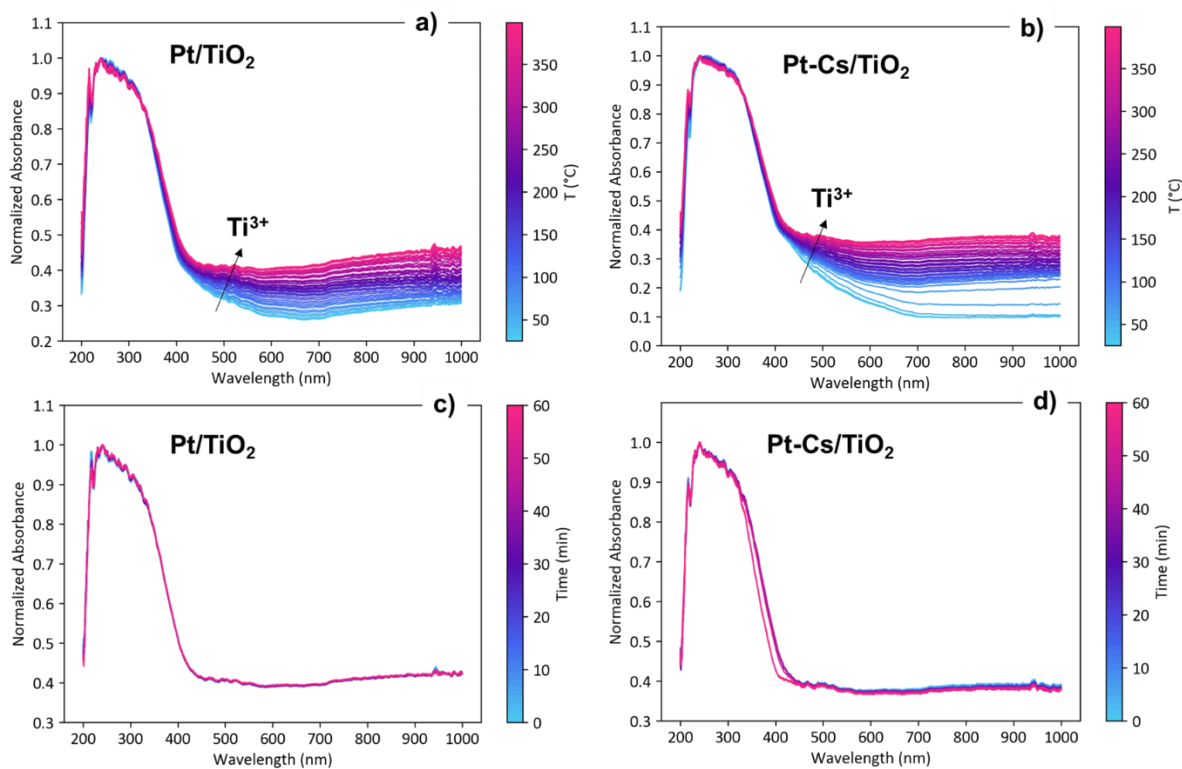


Figure S6. Evolution of UV-Vis spectra as a function of the temperature during the activation pretreatment in flow of 10% H₂/Ar (**a-b**) and as a function of the time during the RWGS reaction (5/20/25 mL min⁻¹ of CO₂/H₂/Ar, WHSV = 30 L g⁻¹ h⁻¹ and 1 bar) at 400 °C (**c-d**) for both catalysts.

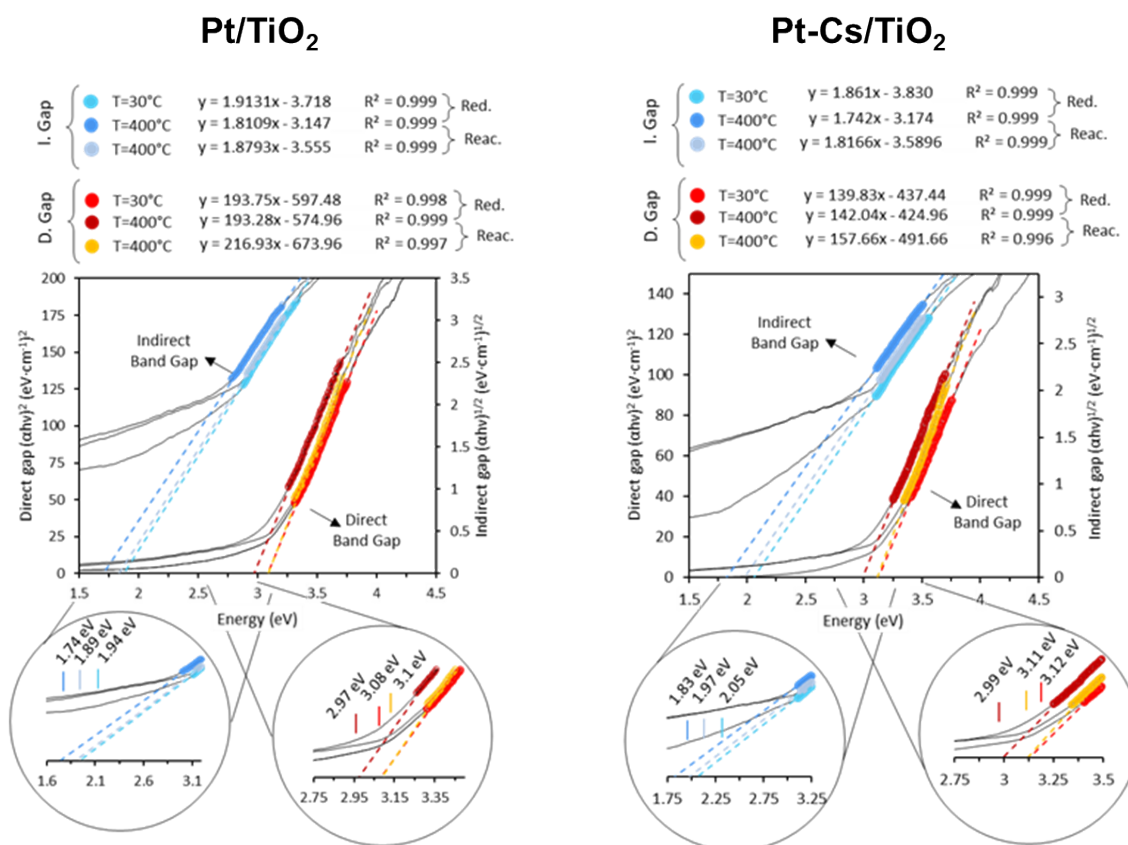


Figure S7. Estimation of direct and indirect energy band gaps using the Tauc plot method for both fresh catalysts, after activation (50 mL min⁻¹ 10% H₂/Ar, 400 °C, 1h) and after 1h of RWGS reaction (5/20/25 mL min⁻¹ of CO₂/H₂/Ar, WHSV = 30 L g⁻¹ h⁻¹, 400 °C and 1 bar)