Supporting Information

Magnetic Nanoparticle Loaded Biodegradable Vascular Stents for Magnetic

Resonance Imaging and Long-Term Visualization

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Fig. S1 SEM image of the surface morphology of the unsprayed stent.



Fig. S2 Fe element mass in coatings of SPION-BDS with intact concentration gradient.



Fig. S3 T₂-weighted MR images of SPION-BDS with intact concentration gradient (a) and quantitative analysis of gray value in SPION-BDS region of T₂^{*} images (b). Error bars: mean \pm standard deviation (SD) (n = 3). *P < 0.05, **P < 0.01, and ***P < 0.001 (two-tailed Student's t-test).



Fig. S4 MR imaging monitoring of the degradation of SPION-BDS with intact concentration gradient.



Fig. S5 (a) Normalized quantitative analysis of SPION-BDS gray value of the intact concentration gradient with degradation time. (b) Normalized quantitative analysis of the gray value ratio of the intact concentration gradient SPION-BDS to the blank BDS.



Fig. S6 Hydrophilic characterization of stent coatings with intact gradient content of SPIONs. (a) Water contact angle images. (b) Quantitative analysis results. Error bars: mean \pm standard deviation (SD) (n = 3).



Fig. S7 SEM images of SPION-BDS with intact concentration gradient on 14th (a) and 90th (b) days after degradation.



Fig. S8 SEM characterization of HUVEC growth on SPION-BDS coating film with intact concentration gradient. Error bars: mean \pm standard deviation (SD) (n = 3). *P < 0.05, **P < 0.01, and ***P < 0.001 (two-tailed Student's t-test).