Supporting Information

Highly Stretchable, Supersensitive, and Self-Adhesive Ionohydrogel using Waterborne Polyurethane Micelles as Cross-linker for Wireless

Strain Sensor

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Scheme S1. Synthetic route to WPU micelles.





Fig. S2. Average size of WPU emulsions.

Table S1. Performance summary of representative hydrogel-based sensors.

Gel network	Gauge	Elongation at	Fracture	Adhesion	Resilience	Refs

components	factor	break	toughness	strength	(%)		
		(%)	(MJ/m ³)	(kPa)			
Acrylic	1.34	1100%	7.5	/	42.9% (300% strain;	S1	
uolus nong condiose					Waiting 15 min)*		
AAm/PGlu	~2.35	>1800%	>10	41.5 kPa (on copper)	~91.0% (First	S2	
					cycle; 500%		
					strain;		
					Immediately)**		
PVA/NaCl	~2.1	550%	4.7	/	/	S3	
PVA-GL-PANI	/	460%	12	/	/	S4	
Gelatin	/	320%	0.13	/	~92.5% (165%	S5	
					strain)**		
MXene/PHMP	7.17	667%	/	16 kPa	/	S 6	
	6.9	692%	23.13	/	78.3% (20°C;	S7	
					Waiting 20 min)*		
PVA/PANI	7.7	242%	/	/	/	S 8	
Aa (Ta) /AAm	/	2153%	1.5	/	76.2% (Waiting	S9	
					10 min)*		
РАА-НАСС	11.65	~1600%	5.06	/	/	S10	
Acrylic		10000/			~80% (100%		
acid/PEGDA	2	1200%	/	/	strain;	S11	

					Waiting 1	
					min)***	
PAM-WPU/IL	35	2927%	0.3	46.01kPa	80.01%	This
	20	_,_,,,	010		0000170	work

*, ** and *** denote the resilience represented by energy dissipation, strain or stress, respectively.

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