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Supporting Information

Dual manipulation of light and shape based on nanoparticle-induced shape memory composites

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This PDF includes:

Fig. S1-Fig. S9

Captions for videos



Fig. S1 (a) Water contact angle of PI substrate without fluorination. (b) SiO_2 NPs are left on PI substrate without fluorination. (c) SEM image and digital photo of complex film peeled off the un-fluorinated PI substrate.

by, multifunctional and self-healing soft vet challenging to develo 7 mm under phototherma rosslinking of EVA molecular and chain mobili ng to develop fast 3D-assembly, multifu in ind he milti hit coroudrive Rowarns (Aglicace) and the East of the osslinking of EVA molecular and chain aling property, resulting in fast assembly

Fig. S2 An inhomogeneous composite film from the casting method.



Fig. S3 Optical images of crosslinked EVA film without SiO₂ NPs at specific strains.



Fig. S4 Transmittance spectra of crosslinked EVA film without SiO_2 NPs upon stretching.



Fig. S5 DSC second heating and cooling curves of SiO₂/EVA composite films.



Fig. S6 Cross-sectional SEM images of SiO_2 layer with different spray times, (a) 10 times, (b) 30 times, (c) 50 times.



Fig. S7 Optical images of SiO_2/EVA composite films with different spray times, (a) 10

times, (b) 30 times, (c) 50 times at specific strains. Scale bar: 5 mm.



Fig. S8 Transmittance at wavelength of 750 nm of SiO_2/EVA composite films versus NPs spray times as a function of applied strain.



Fig. S9 SEM images of initial state of SiO_2/EVA composite films in Fig. 3d (a) and Fig. 3e (b).

Captions for supporting videos

Video S1 Light modulation with the deformation under stretching

Video S2 Reversible transmittance change via thermal-driven shape reconfiguration

Video S3 Demo of SiO₂/EVA composite films for high temperature warning circuits