# **Supporting Information**

# In-situ Coupled Nickel-based Layered Double Hydroxides with MXene to Enhance the Supercapacitor Performance

Guorong Wang\*+, Guiquan Liu+, Zhiliang Jin\*

School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Ningxia Key Laboratory of Solar Chemical Conversion Technology, Key Laboratory for Chemical Engineering and Technology, State Ethnic Affairs Commission, North Minzu University, Yinchuan 750021, P.R.China

Corresponding author: <u>guorongwang@nun.edu.cn (G. R. Wang);</u> <u>zl-jin@nun.edu.cn (</u>Z. L. Jin) + equal contribution

## **Results and Discussion**



1. Composition, Structures and Morphologies Characterization

Fig. S1. The EDX spectrum of (a) NiV-LDHs, (b)  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiV-LDHs, (c) NiCo-LDHs and (d)  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiCo-LDHs.



Fig. S2. Elements mapping of (a) NiV-LDHs, (b)  $Ti_3C_2@NiV-LDHs$ , (c) NiCo-LDHs and (d)  $Ti_3C_2@$  NiCo-LDHs.





**Fig. S3.** The XPS spectra of the NiV-LDHs,  $Ti_3C_2$  and the  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiV-LDHs: (a) Survey spectrum, (b) C 1s, (c) C 1s, (d) O 1s, (e) O 1s, respectively. (f) Survey spectrum of NiCo-LDHs,  $Ti_3C_2$  and  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiCo-LDHs. (g) C 1s XPS spectrum of NiCo-LDHs and  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiCo-LDHs. (h) C 1s XPS spectrum of  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiCo-LDHs. (i) O 1s XPS spectrum of NiCo-LDHs and  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiCo-LDHs. (j) O 1s XPS spectrum of  $Ti_3C_2$  and  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiCo-LDHs. (b) C 1s XPS spectrum of  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiCo-LDHs. (c) D 1s XPS spectrum of  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiCo-LDHs and  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiCo-LDHs. (c) D 1s XPS spectrum of  $Ti_3C_2$  NiCo-LDHs. (c) D 1s XPS spectrum of  $Ti_3C_2$  NiCo-LDHs. (c) D 1s XPS spectrum of  $Ti_3C_2$  NiCo-LDHs. (c) D 1s XPS spectr



#### 2. Three-Electrode System

Fig. S4. (a) The shaded area represents the capacitance contribution of NiV-LDHs at 10 mV s<sup>-1</sup>. (b) The shaded area indicates the capacitive contribution of  $Ti_3C_2@NiV$ -LDHs at 10 mV s<sup>-1</sup>. (c) The gray area represents the portion of the NiCo-LDHs surface control contribution. (d) The gray area represents the portion of the  $Ti_3C_2@NiCo$ -LDHs surface control contribution.



Fig. S5. (a) The cyclic voltammetry characteristic curve of NiV-LDHs at 5 to 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>. (b) The CV curve of Ti<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2</sub>@NiV-LDHs at 5 to 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>. (c) Cyclic characteristics curve of the NiCo-LDHs tested. (d) Cyclic characteristics curve of the Ti<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2</sub>@NiCo-LDHs tested.



### 3. Two-Electrode System

**Fig. S6. (a)** Cyclic voltammetry characteristic curves of Ti<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2</sub>@NiV-LDHs//AC ASC at 50 mV s<sup>-1</sup> of different voltage windows. **(b)** Constant current charge-discharge curves of Ti<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2</sub>@NiV-LDHs//AC ASC at 2 A g<sup>-1</sup> to 10 A

g<sup>-1</sup>. (c) Cyclic voltammetry curves of self-assembled  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiCo-LDHs//AC soft package devices under different voltage windows. (d) Constant current charge-discharge curve of the  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiCo-LDHs//AC device.



Fig. S7. (a) Charge transfer internal resistance curve of  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiV-LDHs//AC ASC. (b) EIS curves of the  $Ti_3C_2$ @NiCo-LDHs//AC device before and after long-term charge-discharge cycle test.