

Supporting information

High-performance Ambipolar Field-effect Transistors with Ph-BTBT-10/PMMA/ZnO structure

Xiangyu Ji ^a, Jiayuan Zheng ^a, Tianci Lin ^a, Lingyi Liu ^a, Huili Wei ^a, Chang Chen ^a,

Juan Xiong ^{b,*}, Xianbao Wang ^a, Jinhua Li ^{a,*} and Feng Yan ^{c,*}

^a*Hubei Collaborative Innovation Center for Advanced Organic Chemical Materials, Key Laboratory for the Green Preparation and Application of Functional Materials, Ministry of Education, Hubei Key Laboratory of Polymer Materials, School of Materials Science and Engineering, Hubei University, Wuhan 430062, P. R. China.*

^b*Hubei Key Laboratory of Ferro & Piezoelectric Materials and Devices, School of Microelectronics, Hubei University, Wuhan 430062, P. R. China.*

^c*Department of Applied Physics, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, Kowloon, Hong Kong, China.*

*corresponding authors

Email: jinhua_li@hubu.edu.cn (J. Li), juanxiong@hubu.edu.cn (J. Xiong) and feng.yan@polyu.edu.hk (F. Yan)

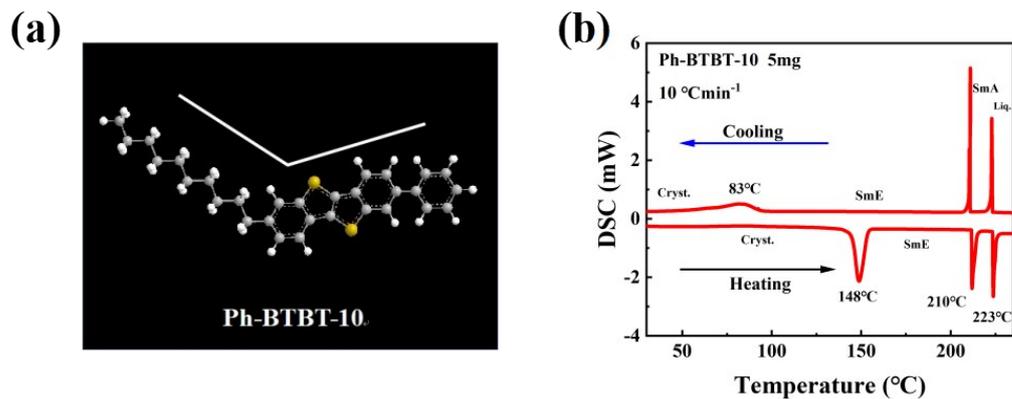


Figure S1 (a) The molecular simulation structure of liquid crystal molecule Ph-BTBT-10. (b) The differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) curve of 5 mg Ph-BTBT-10 obtained at $10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C min}^{-1}$.

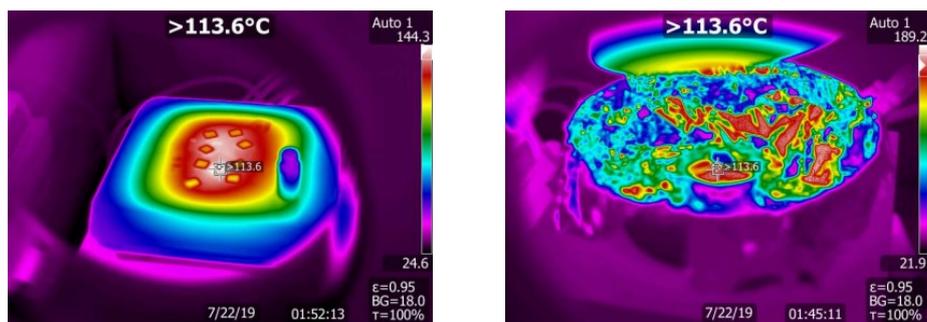


Figure S2 Infrared images of preparation environment. The temperature is controlled by the infrared light during the whole fabrication of the Ph-BTBT-10 thin film.

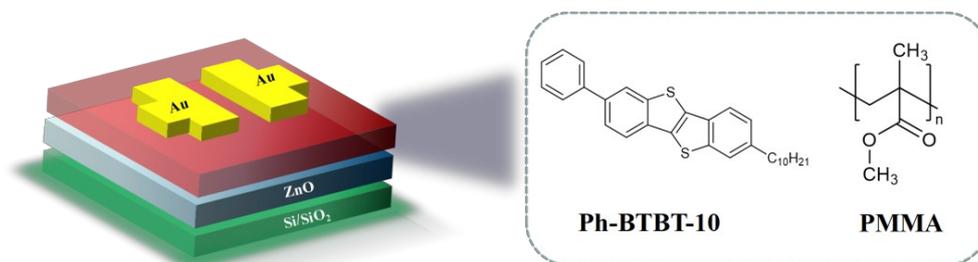


Figure S3 Schematic diagram of ambipolar FET based on Ph-BTBT-10/PMMA/ZnO architecture.

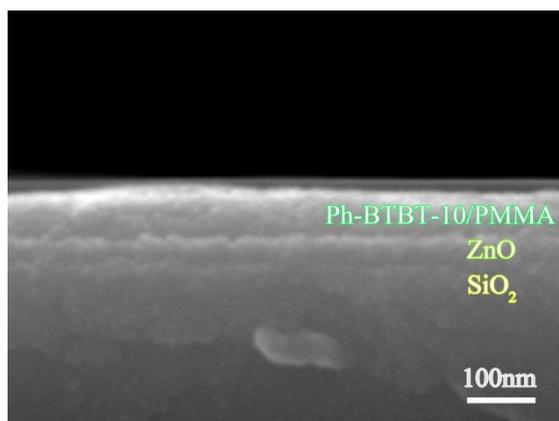


Figure S4 The cross-sectional image of the Ph-BTBT-10/PMMA/ZnO/SiO₂/Si⁺⁺ film.

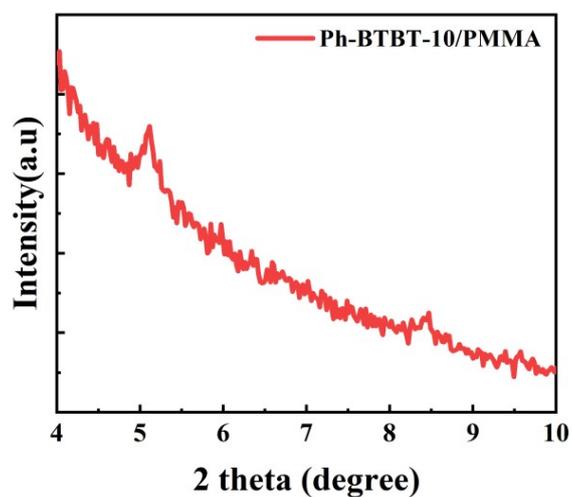


Figure S5 The XRD pattern of the Ph-BTBT-10/PMMA blend film. The blending ratio of PMMA and Ph-BTBT-10 is 2:1.

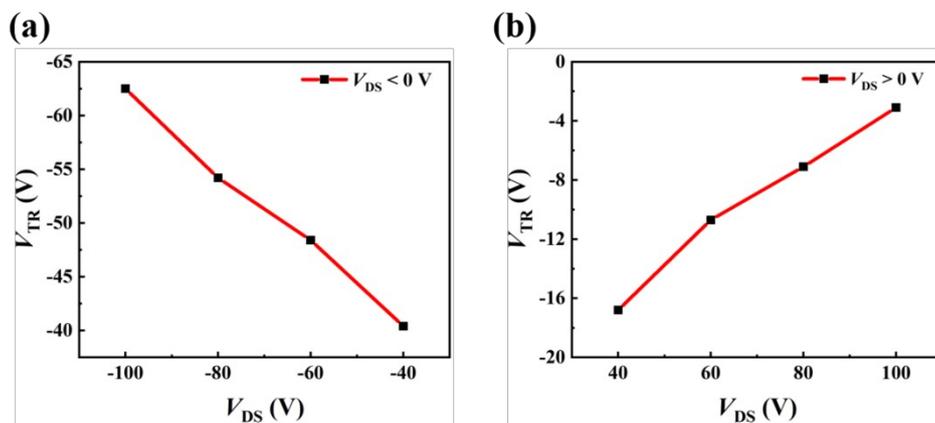


Figure S6 V_{TR} versus V_{DS} in (a) p-type and (b) n-type operation.

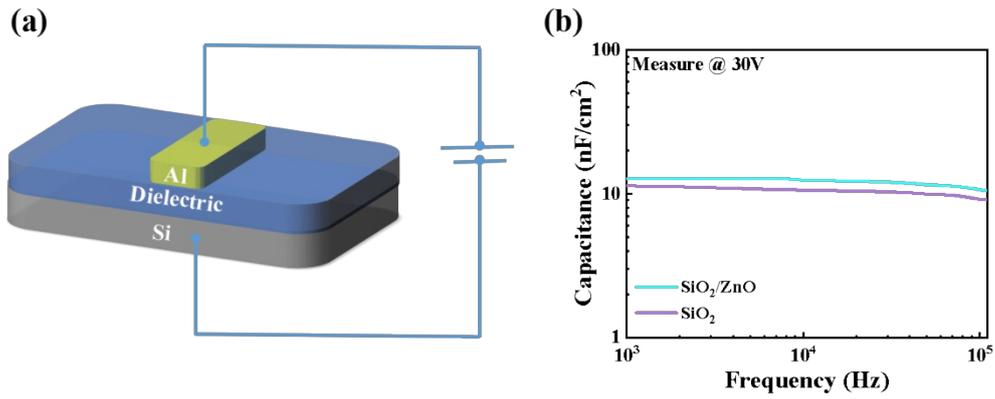


Figure S7 (a) Schematic diagram of capacitance measurement. (b) The capacitance values of SiO₂ and ZnO/SiO₂ from 1 kHz ~ 1 MHz.

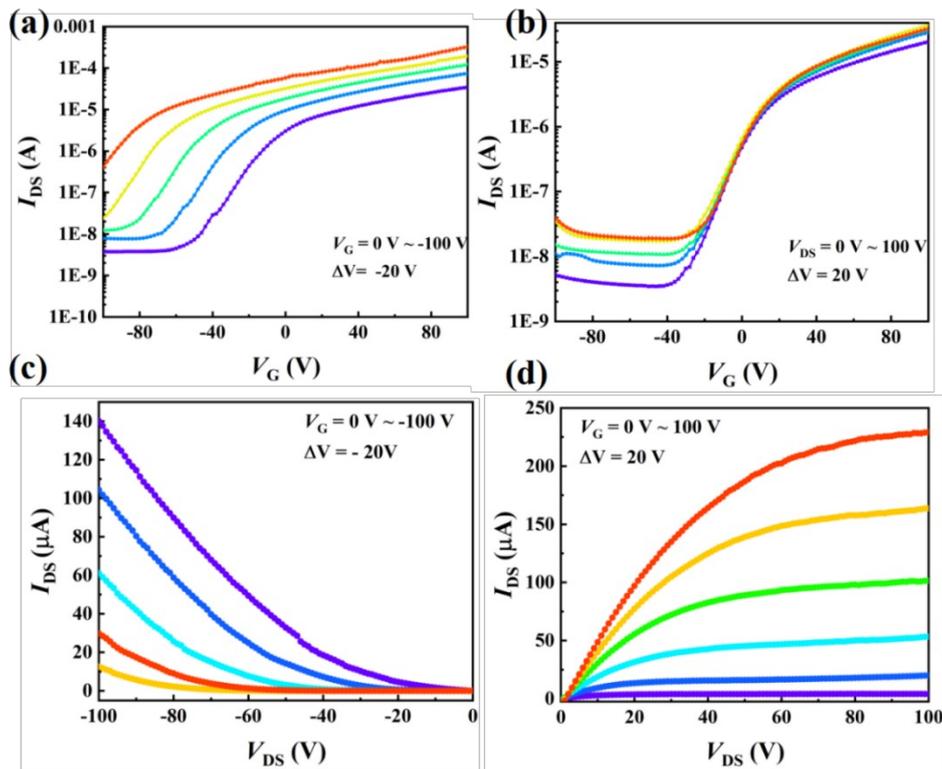


Figure S8 The transfer characteristic curves of ambipolar FET based on Ph-BTBT-10/ZnO structure in (a) n-type mode ($V_{DS} > 0 \text{ V}$) and (b) p-type mode ($V_{DS} < 0 \text{ V}$). The output characteristic curves of ambipolar FET based on Ph-BTBT-10/ZnO structure in (c) n-type mode and (d) p-type mode.

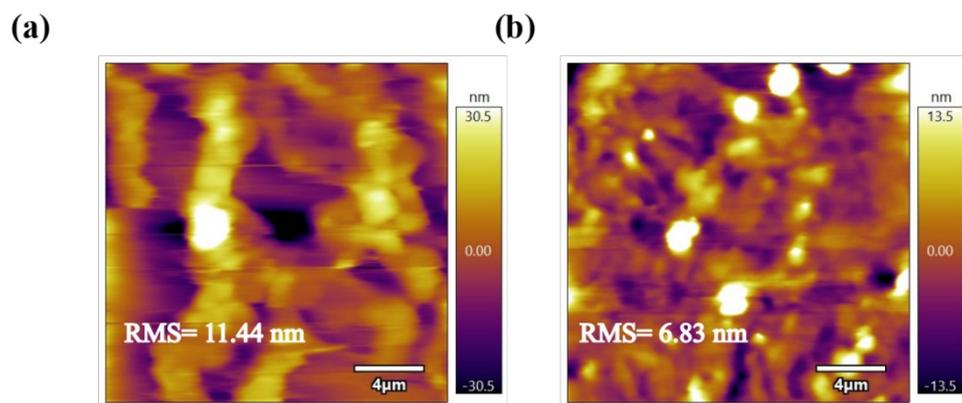


Figure S9 AFM images of (a) pure Ph-BTBT-10 film and (b) Ph-BTBT-10/PMMA blend film. The blending ratio of PMMA and Ph-BTBT-10 is 2:1.