

**Nitro group and K<sup>+</sup> based secondary building unit for the self-assembly of 3D coordination polymers  
built on dinuclear dianionic helicate connectors.**

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**Supplementary Information**

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## 1. X-ray analysis

### 1.1 Structural refinement details for complexes

X-ray diffraction measurements were collected on a Bruker D8 VENTURE diffractometer (PHOTON 100 detector), using multilayer mirror monochromator and MoK $\alpha$  source ( $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$ ). Data collection, cell refinement, and data reduction were done with Bruker APEX 3 suite. The structural refinement was carried out by a full-matrix least-squares method based on F2 and using SHELXL 2019/3 with SHELXLE (rev. 1569) graphical user interface.<sup>51</sup> Absorption corrections were performed by Multi-Scan. All non-hydrogen atoms were refined with anisotropic thermal displacement coefficients.

The structure of complex **1** at room temperature shows a methanol solvent molecule disordered over two positions, found in a 0.60/0.40 occupancy for C(42)-O(10)/C(43)-O(11), respectively. The SIMU and ISOR commands were applied for both parts of the disorder modeling. The crystal structure of **2** at room temperature shows a one-half acetonitrile molecule and no structural constraints were employed.

The check cif for complex **2** shows an alert A:

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PLAT601_ALERT_2_A Structure Contains Solvent Accessible VOIDS of . 219 Ang**3
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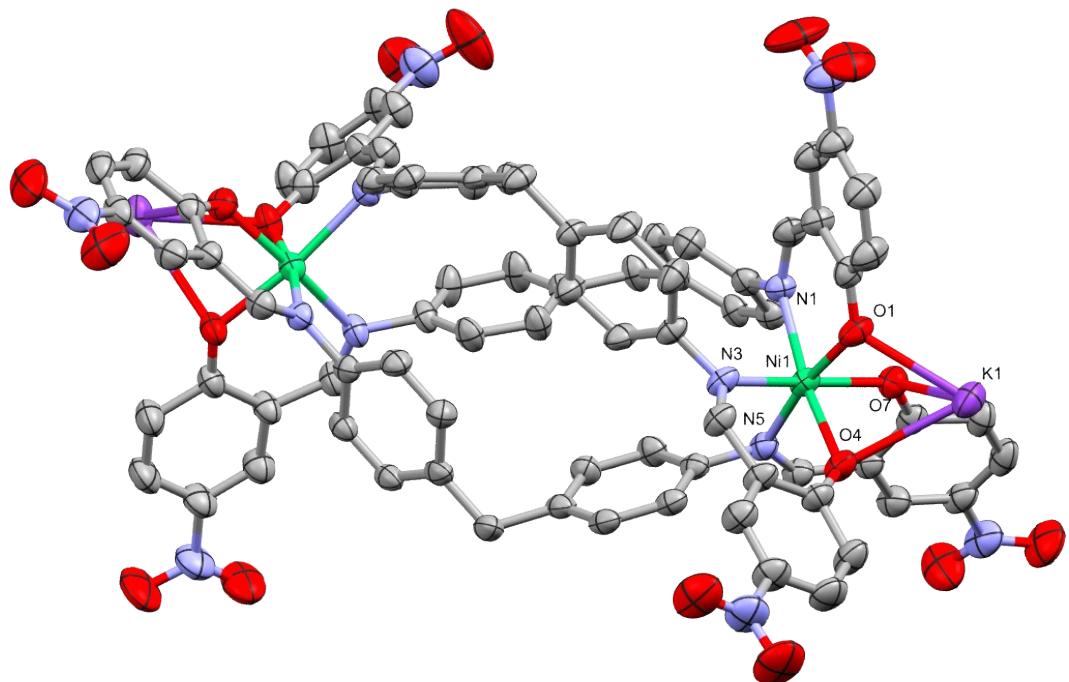
Which is due to the rigid reticular 3D structure.

**Table S1.** Crystal data and structure refinement for complex **1**

Identification code	AMR24TAKMeOH	
Empirical formula	$C_{83} H_{62} K_2 Mn_2 N_{12} O_{20}$	
Formula weight	1735.52	
Temperature	298(2) K	
Wavelength	0.71073 Å	
Crystal system	Monoclinic	
Space group	C2/c	
Unit cell dimensions	$a = 16.080(3)$ Å	$\alpha = 90^\circ$ .
	$b = 14.472(3)$ Å	$\beta = 100.611(8)^\circ$
	$c = 37.326(8)$ Å	$\gamma = 90^\circ$ .
Volume	8537(3) Å <sup>3</sup>	
Z	4	
Density (calculated)	1.350 Mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Absorption coefficient	0.469 mm <sup>-1</sup>	
F(000)	3568	
Crystal size	0.350 x 0.260 x 0.100 mm <sup>3</sup>	
Theta range for data collection	2.221 to 27.195°.	
Index ranges	$-20 \leq h \leq 20, -18 \leq k \leq 18, -47 \leq l \leq 47$	
Reflections collected	126744	
Independent reflections	9469 [R(int) = 0.1708]	
Completeness to theta = 25.242°	99.7 %	
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents	
Max. and min. transmission	0.7455 and 0.4820	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F <sup>2</sup>	
Data / restraints / parameters	9469 / 36 / 558	
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.026	
Final R indices [ $ I  > 2\sigma(I)$ ]	R1 = 0.0737, wR2 = 0.1871	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.1797, wR2 = 0.2480	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.851 and -0.356 e.Å <sup>-3</sup>	

**Table S2.** Crystal data and structure refinement for complex **2**

Identification code	JOAMR137B		
Empirical formula	$C_{83} H_{57} K_2 N_{13} Ni_2 O_{18}$		
Formula weight	1720.03		
Temperature	296(2) K		
Wavelength	0.71073 Å		
Crystal system	Monoclinic		
Space group	C2/c		
Unit cell dimensions	$a = 15.7610(11)$ Å	$\alpha = 90^\circ$	
	$b = 14.5644(9)$ Å	$\beta = 97.921(2)^\circ$	
	$c = 36.558(3)$ Å	$\gamma = 90^\circ$	
Volume	8311.7(10) Å <sup>3</sup>		
Z	4		
Density (calculated)	1.375 Mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Absorption coefficient	0.629 mm <sup>-1</sup>		
F(000)	3536		
Crystal size	0.384 x 0.217 x 0.056 mm <sup>3</sup>		
Theta range for data collection	2.250 to 25.026 °		
Index ranges	$-18 \leq h \leq 18$ $-17 \leq k \leq 17$ $-42 \leq l \leq 43$		
Reflections collected	204178		
Independent reflections	7322 [R(int) = 0.1132]		
Completeness to theta = 25.026°	99.6 %		
Absorption correction	Semi-empirical from equivalents		
Max. and min. transmission	0.7452 and 0.6704		
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F <sup>2</sup>		
Data / restraints / parameters	7322 / 0 / 551		
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.066		
Final R indices [ $ I  > 2\sigma(I)$ ]	$R_1 = 0.0642, wR_2 = 0.1671$		
R indices (all data)	$R_1 = 0.1076, wR_2 = 0.1879$		
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.795 and -0.267 e.Å <sup>-3</sup>		



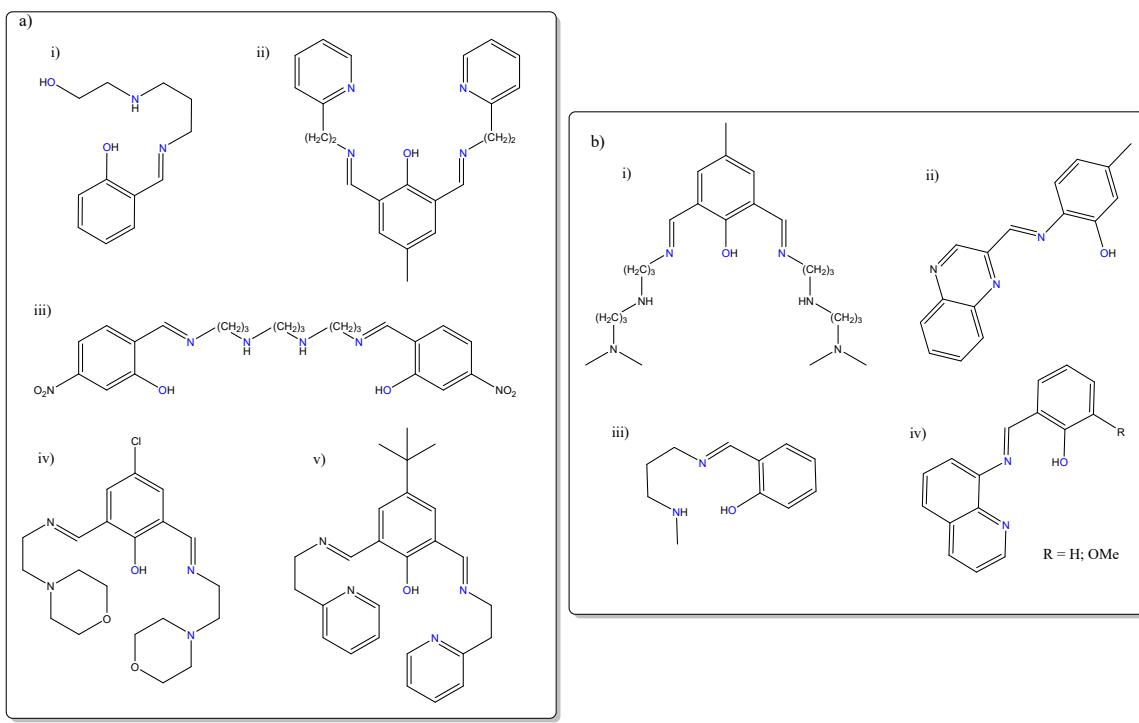
**Figure S1.** Perspective view of  $\text{K}_2[\text{Ni}^{\text{II}}\text{L}_3]\cdot\text{MeCN}$  (2) acquired at 296 K, with ellipsoids drawn at 40% probability level. Solvent molecule and hydrogen atoms are omitted for the sake of clarity.

**Table S3.** M<sup>II</sup>—N/O<sub>donors</sub> bond length and angles of the M<sup>II</sup>{N<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>} coordination sphere in **1** (left) and **2** (right).

Bond	Distance (Å) / Angle (°)	Bond	Distance (Å) / Angle (°)
Mn(1)-O(4)#3	2.106(3)	Ni(1)-O(4)#2	2.042(3)
Mn(1)-O(7)	2.119(3)	Ni(1)-O(7)	2.043(3)
Mn(1)-O(1)	2.123(3)	Ni(1)-O(1)	2.037(3)
Mn(1)-N(5)	2.274(4)	Ni(1)-Ni(5)	2.116(4)
N(1)-N(1)	2.285(4)	Ni(1)-N(1)	2.132(3)
Mn(1)-N(3)#3	2.321(4)	Ni(1)-N(3)#2	2.126(3)
O(4)#3-Mn(1)-O(7)	85.21(14)	O(1)-Ni(1)-O(4)#2	84.97(12)
O(4)#3-Mn(1)-O(1)	86.95(14)	O(1)-Ni(1)-O(7)	85.87(12)
O(7)-Mn(1)-O(1)	89.04(13)	O(4)#2-Ni(1)-O(7)	85.84(12)
O(4)#3-Mn(1)-N(5)	167.95(14)	O(1)-Ni(1)-N(5)	170.94(12)
O(7)-Mn(1)-N(5)	82.88(13)	O(4)#2-Ni(1)-N(5)	87.24(13)
O(1)-Mn(1)-N(5)	91.03(13)	O(7)-Ni(1)-N(5)	88.95(13)
O(4)#3-Mn(1)-N(1)	89.87(14)	O(1)-Ni(1)-N(3)#2	86.02(13)
O(7)-Mn(1)-N(1)	170.62(13)	O(4)#2-Ni(1)-N(3)#2	89.37(12)
O(1)-Mn(1)-N(1)	82.72(13)	O(7)-Ni(1)-N(3)#2	170.91(12)
N(5)-Mn(1)-N(1)	101.67(13)	N(5)-Ni(1)-N(3)#2	98.55(13)
O(4)#3-Mn(1)-N(3)#3	80.85(13)	O(1)-Ni(1)-N(1)	87.83(12)
O(7)-Mn(1)-N(3)#3	92.66(13)	O(4)#2-Ni(1)-N(1)	171.72(13)
O(1)-Mn(1)-N(3)#3	167.49(13)	O(7)-Ni(1)-N(1)	89.58(13)
N(5)-Mn(1)-N(3)#3	101.47(13)	N(5)-Ni(1)-N(1)	99.58(13)
N(1)-Mn(1)-N(3)#3	94.44(13)	N(3)#2-Ni(1)-N(1)	94.21(13)

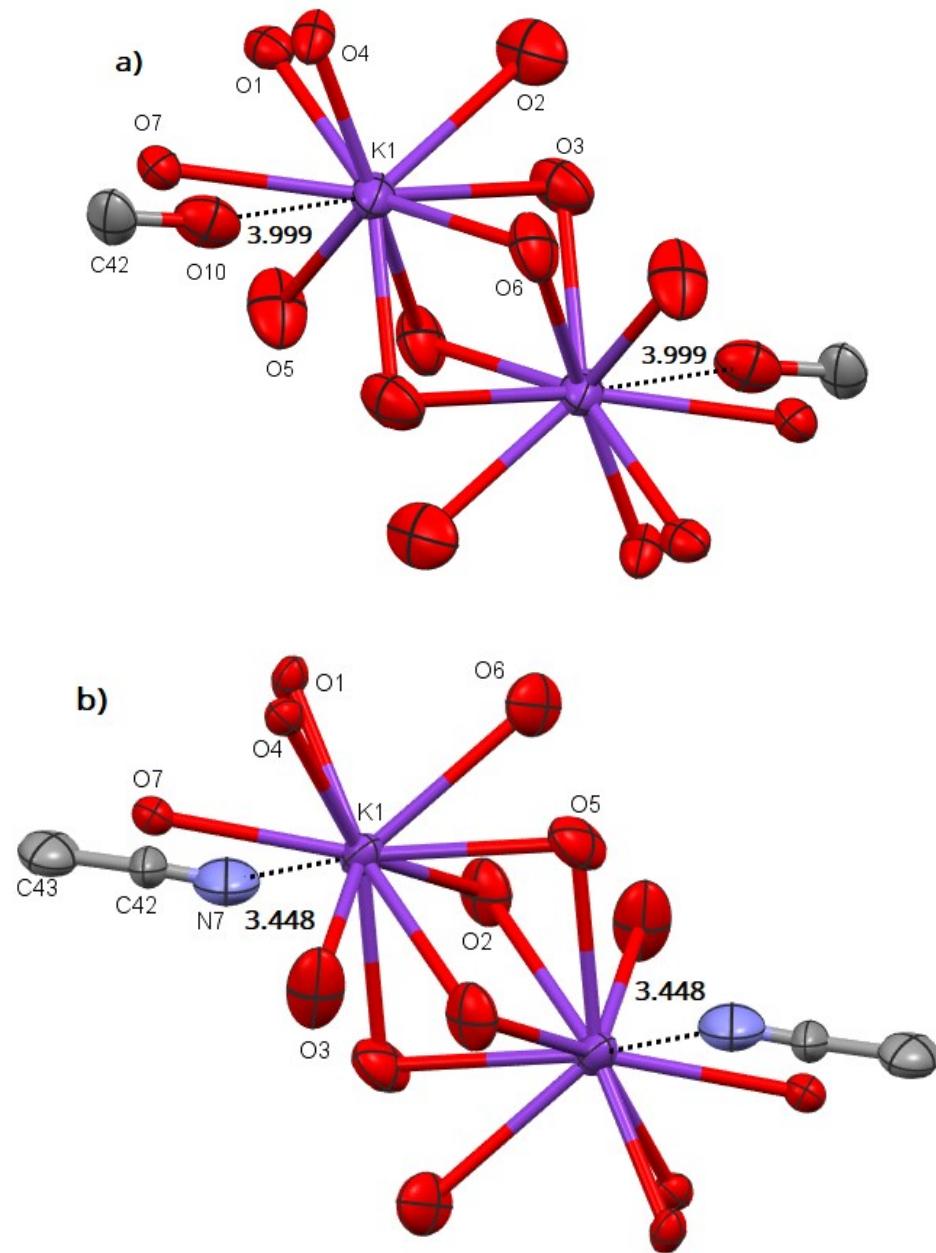
Symmetry transformations used to generate equivalent atoms:

In complex **1**: #3 -x+1,y,-z+1/2 ; In complex **2**: #2 -x+1,y,-z+1/2

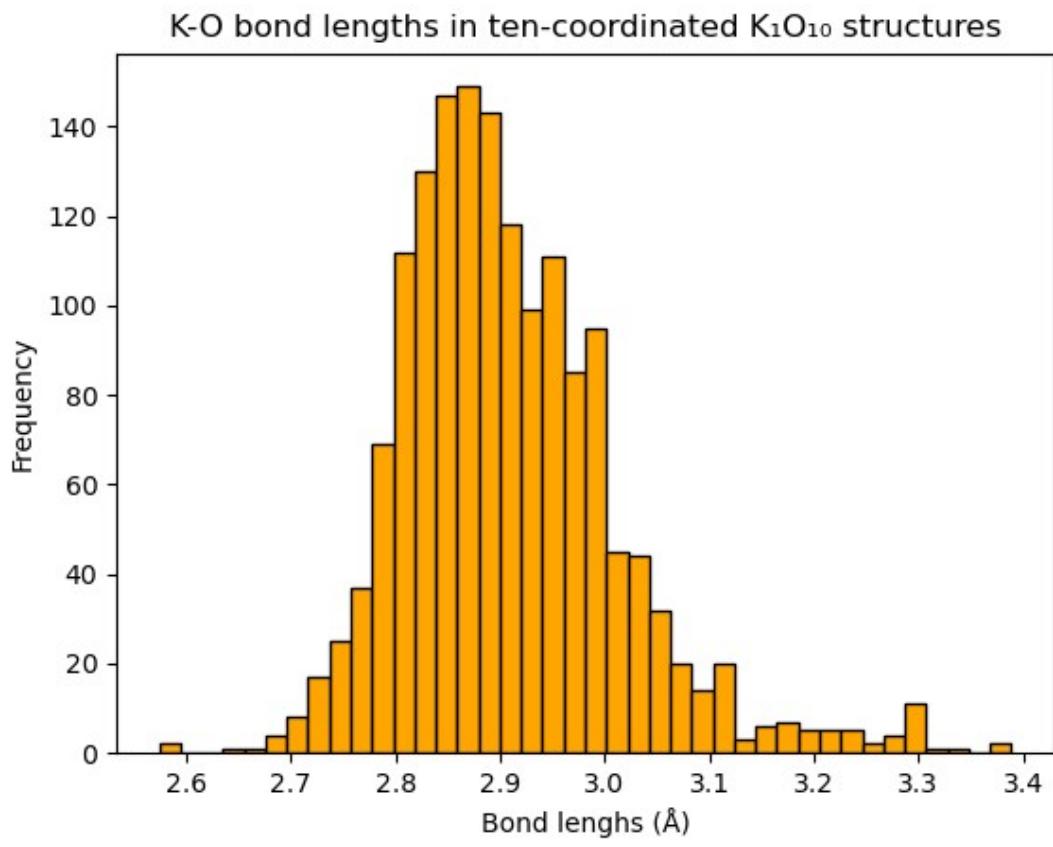


**Figure S2.** Salicylimine-based ligands used in six-coordinate complexes of (a) Mn<sup>II</sup> (high-spin,  $S = 5/2$ ) and (b) Ni<sup>II</sup>. In blue the donor atoms that participate in the coordination to the metal.<sup>S2, S3, S4, S5, S6, S7, S8, S9, S10</sup>

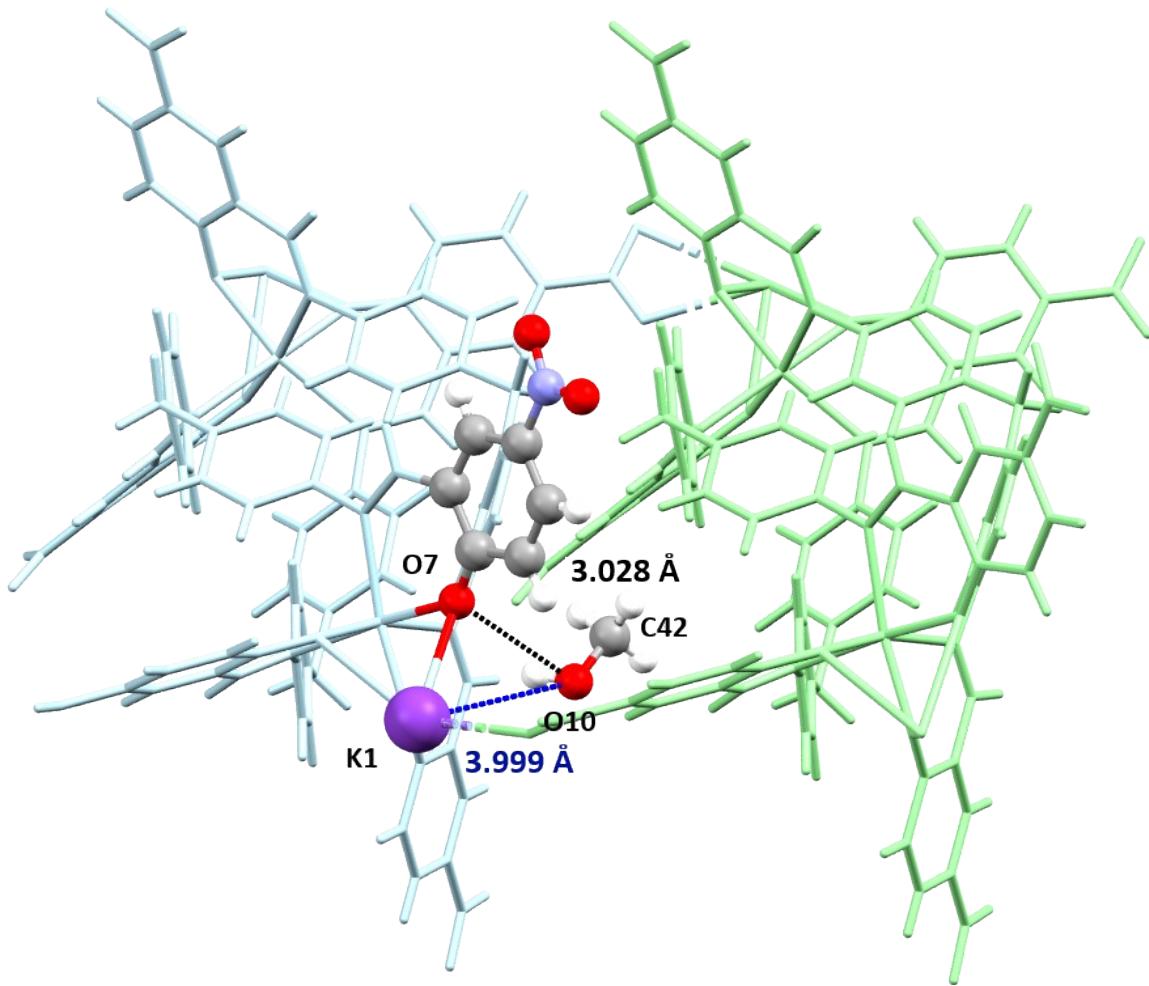
## 2. Solvent molecule-potassium interactions



**Figure S3.** Perspective view of nine-coordinate potassium atoms in (a) complex **1** and (b) complex **2**, with ellipsoids drawn at 30% probability level. Hydrogen atoms are omitted for the sake of clarity. Black dashed line as K—X<sub>solvent</sub> distance in Å (X = O<sub>MeOH</sub>, N<sub>MeCN</sub>).

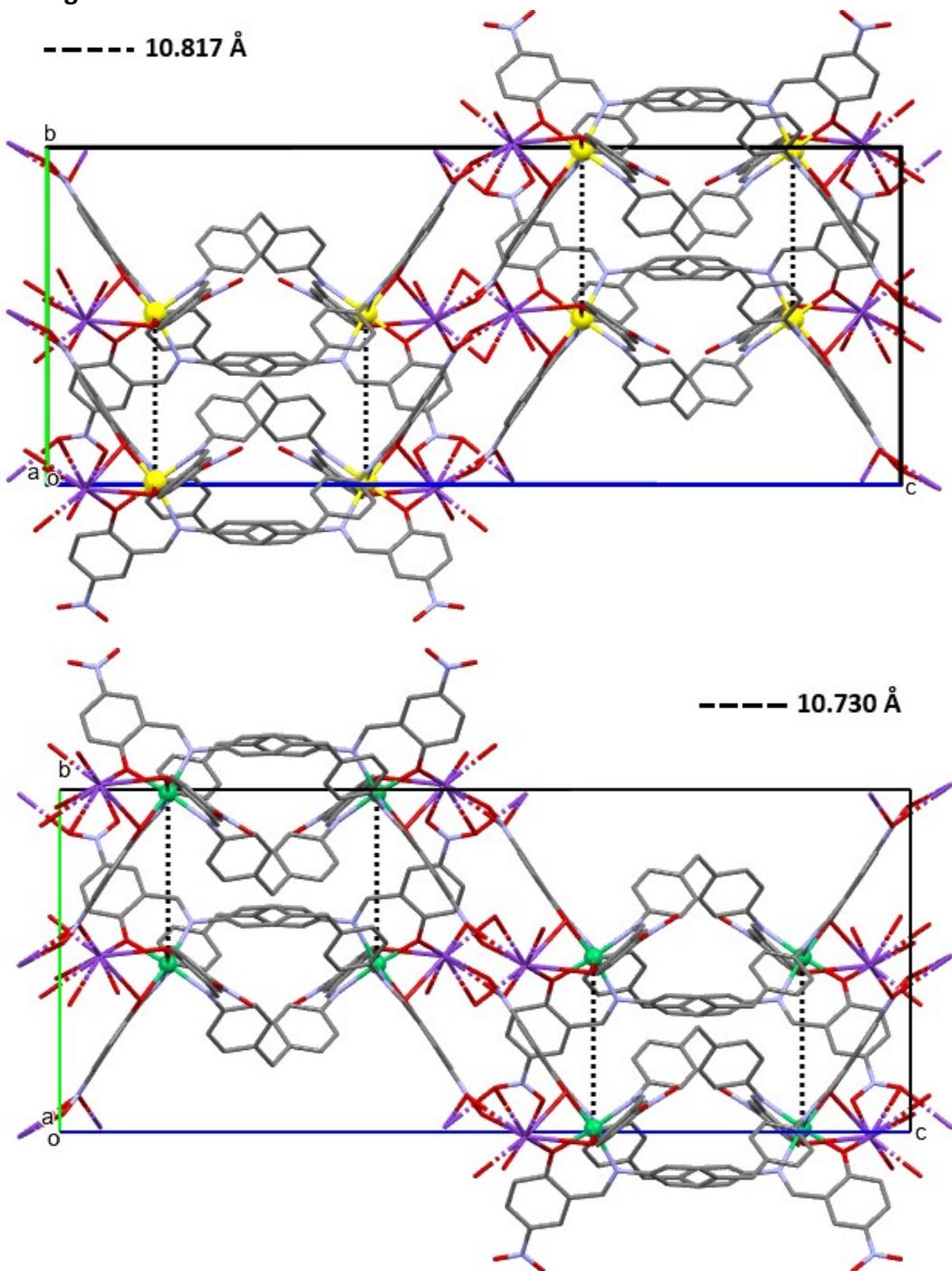


**Figure S4.** Histogram of K—O bond lengths (in Å) in ten-coordinated  $\text{KO}_{10}$  structures found in CSD database (update June 2023).

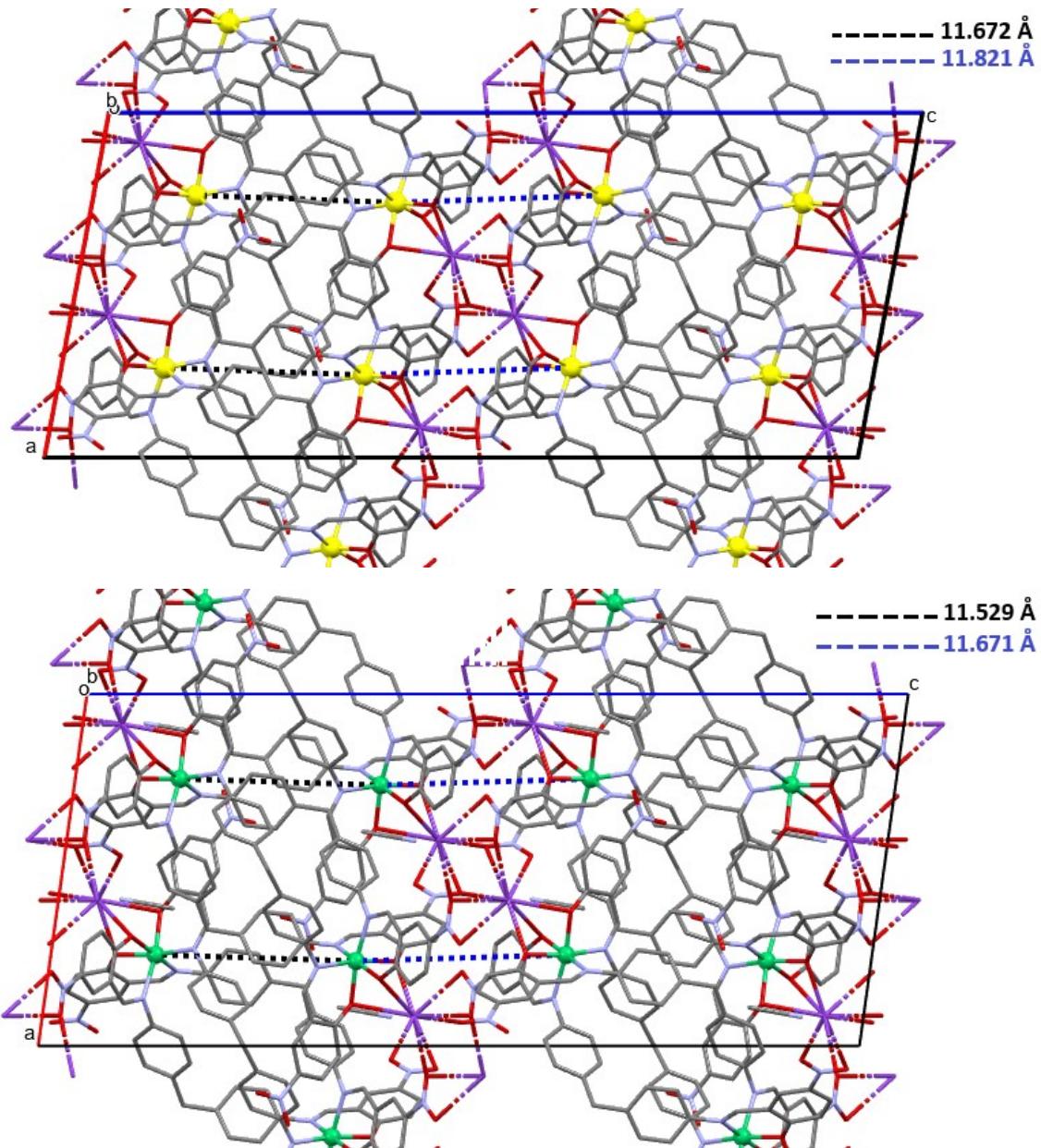


**Figure S5.** Non-covalent interactions of the methanol molecule in complex **1**: K—O<sub>MeOH</sub> (blue dashed line, 3.999(7) Å) and O<sub>10</sub>-H···O<sub>phenolate</sub> hydrogen bond (black dashed line, 3.028(7) Å). The MeOH molecule is located between two helicate units (green and blue capped stick-style structures) connected by the potassium atom.

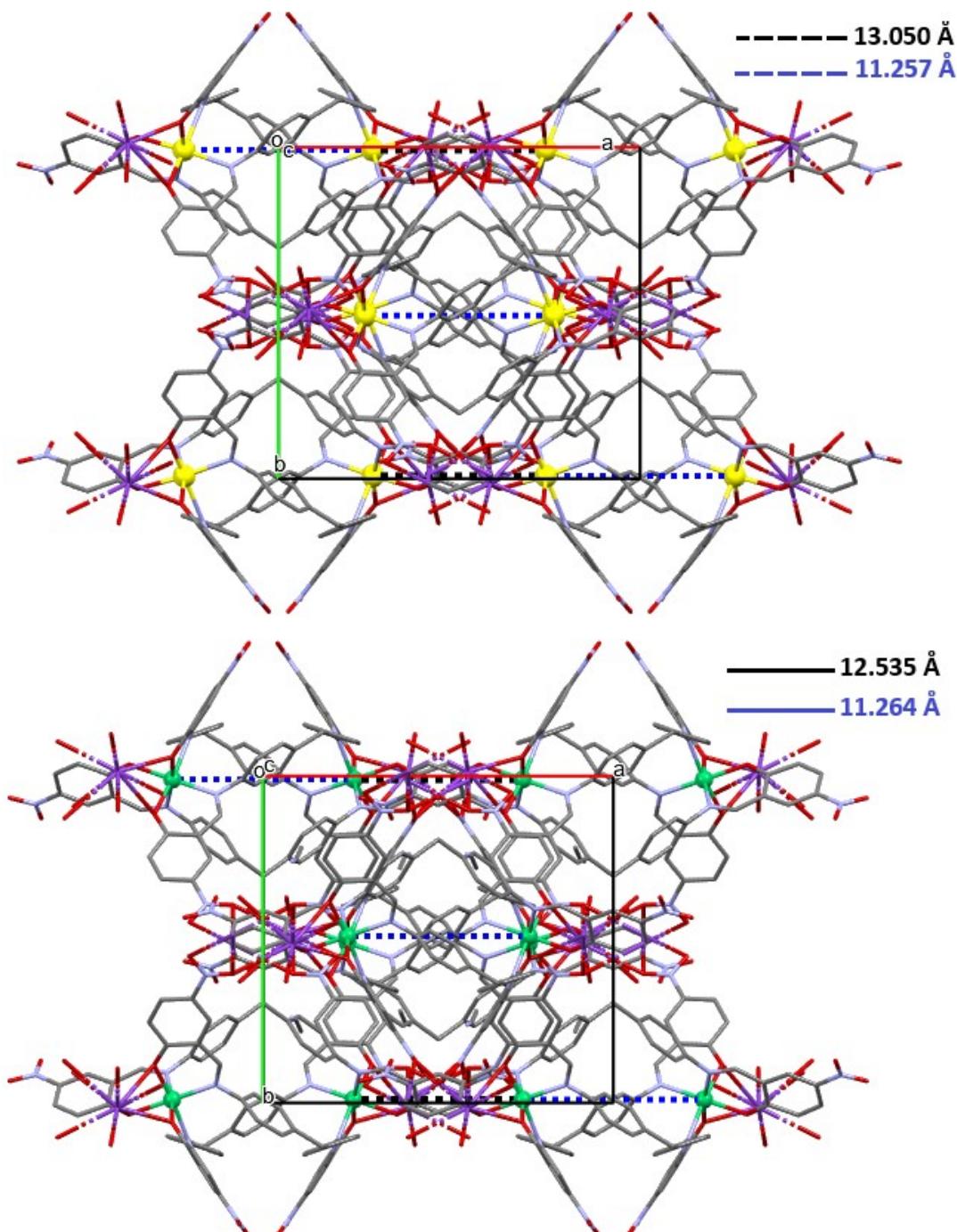
### 3. 3D packing and metal-metal distances



**Figure S6.** Intermolecular TM—TM interaction (black dashed line) parallel to the  $ab$  plane, seen along the  $a$  axis. Top: Complex 1, with distance of 10.817 Å. Bottom: Complex 2, with distance of 10.730 Å. The Mn and Ni atoms are in yellow and green balls, respectively, while the rest of the atoms are in a capped stick style. The hydrogen atoms and solvent molecule have been omitted for the sake of clarity.



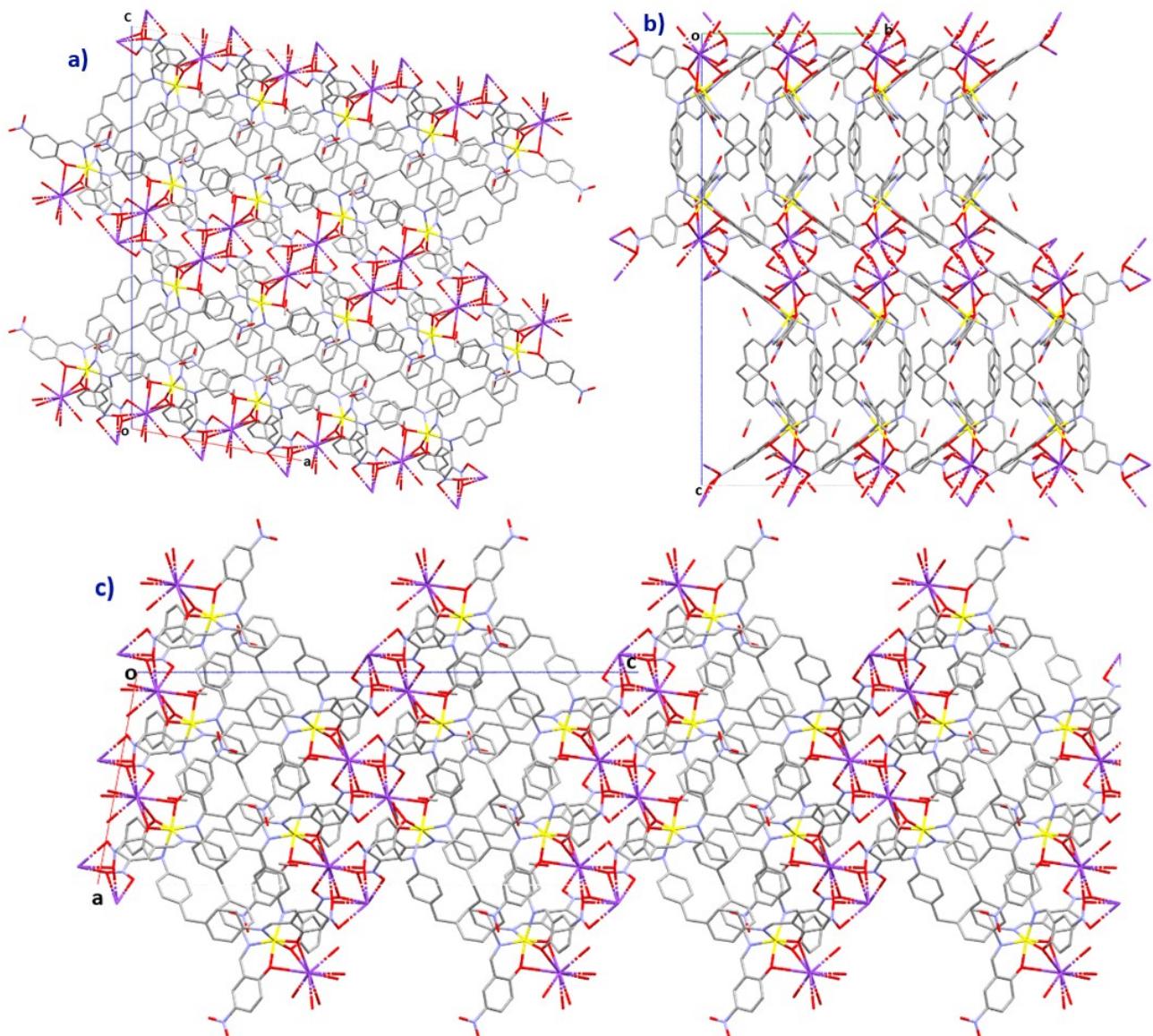
**Figure S7.** Intermolecular TM—TM interactions parallel to the *bc* plane, seen along the *b* axis. Top: Complex **1**, with distances of 11.672 Å and 11.821 Å (black and blue dashed lines, respectively). Bottom: Complex **2**, with distances of 11.529 Å and 11.671 Å (black and blue dashed lines, respectively). The Mn and Ni atoms are in yellow and green balls, respectively, while the rest of the atoms are in a capped stick style. The hydrogen atoms and solvent molecule have been omitted for the sake of clarity.



**Figure S8.** Inter- and intramolecular TM—TM interactions parallel to the ac plane, seen along the *c* axis. Top: complex **1**, with distances of 11.257 Å and 13.050(2) Å (blue and black dashed lines, respectively). Bottom: complex **2**, with distances of 11.264 Å and 12.535 Å (blue and black dashed lines, respectively). The Mn and Ni atoms are in yellow and green balls, respectively, while the rest of the atoms are in a capped stick style. The hydrogen atoms and solvent molecule have been omitted for the sake of clarity.

**Table S4.** M—M distances (in Å) of the closest contacts between the transition metals (Mn<sup>II</sup> or Ni<sup>II</sup>) in complexes **1** and **2**.

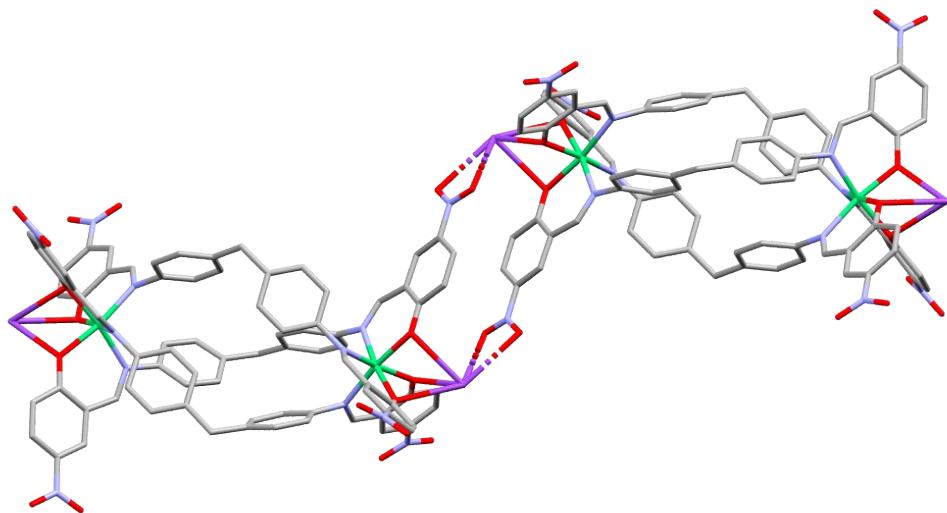
Complex	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
to <i>ab</i> plane	10.817(2)	10.730(1)
to <i>bc</i> plane	11.672(2)	11.529(1)
to <i>bc</i> plane	11.821(2)	11.671(1)
to <i>ac</i> plane	11.257(2)	11.264(1)
to <i>ac</i> plane	13.050(2)	12.535(1)

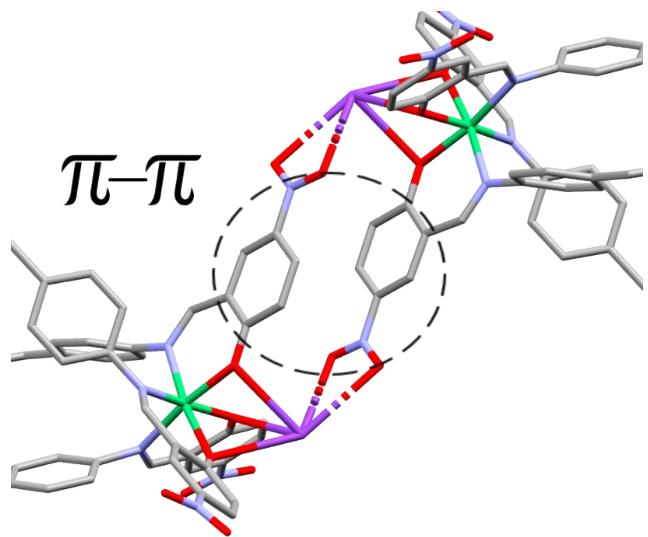


**Figure S9.** Crystalline packing of  $\text{K}_2[\text{Mn}^{\text{II}}\text{L}_3]\cdot\text{MeOH}$  (1), in a capped stick style. (a) Growth along the  $a$  axis, seen through the  $b$  axis; (b) growth along the  $b$  axis, seen through the  $a$  axis; (c) growth along the  $c$  axis, seen through the  $b$  axis. The hydrogen atoms have been omitted for the sake of clarity.

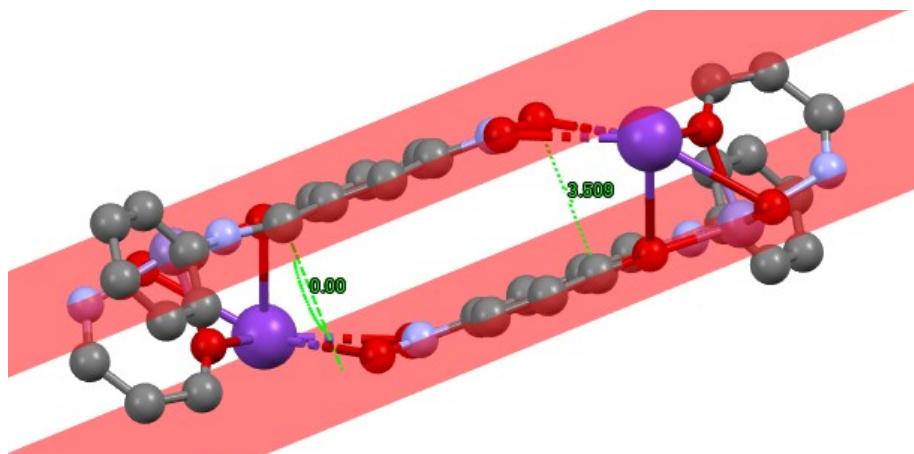
#### 4. Non-covalent interactions

There is another non-covalent interaction that promotes the 3D growth of the crystal structure, that is, the intermolecular  $\pi-\pi$  stacking between two aromatic rings of terminal nitrophenolate groups, as shown in Fig. S10. This interaction is an off-centered parallel stacking with an interplanar angle of  $0.0^\circ$ . There is an interplanar normal distance about  $3.51\text{--}3.53\text{ \AA}$  and a horizontal displacement (offset) of  $2.30\text{--}2.39\text{ \AA}$  (Figs. S11-S12). Both normal and offset distances agree with the range of typical distances reported in other  $\pi-\pi$  stacking systems.<sup>S<sup>11</sup>, S<sup>12</sup></sup> These  $\pi-\pi$  interactions, together with the coordinated K atoms, promote the structural growth of zigzag-type chains along the *c* axis, Fig. S13. Furthermore, intramolecular C-H/ $\pi$  interactions occur in complexes **1** and **2**, where a C(*sp*<sup>2</sup>)-H of a benzene ring from diphenylmethane moiety is directed towards the benzene center of and adjacent ligand strand (Figs. S14-S15). Both aromatic rings of a single diphenylmethane moiety act as the C-H/ $\pi$  acceptor, while the remaining two ligands act as the donors. The C-H/ $\pi$  distances are  $3.640$  and  $3.503\text{ \AA}$  for complexes **1** and **2**, respectively. The interplanar angles close to  $90^\circ$  ( $87.27^\circ$  and  $88.89^\circ$ ), as well as the C-H- $\pi$   $\alpha$  angle close to  $180^\circ$  ( $167.46^\circ$  and  $168.80^\circ$ ) indicate a *quasi*-perpendicular interaction (Fig. S16).

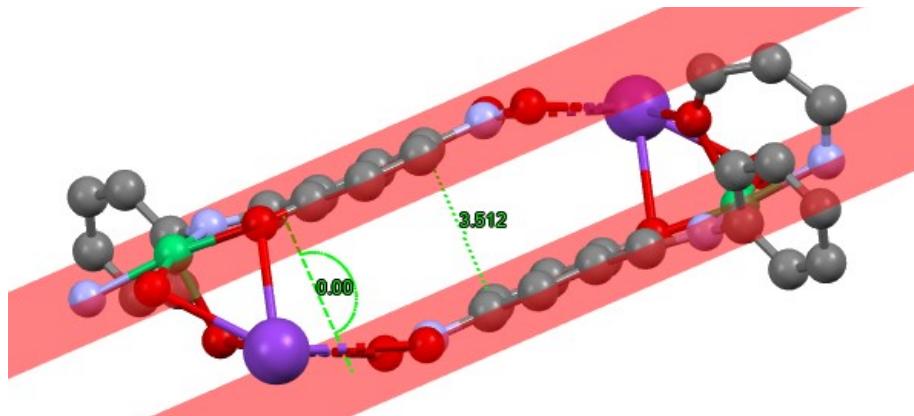




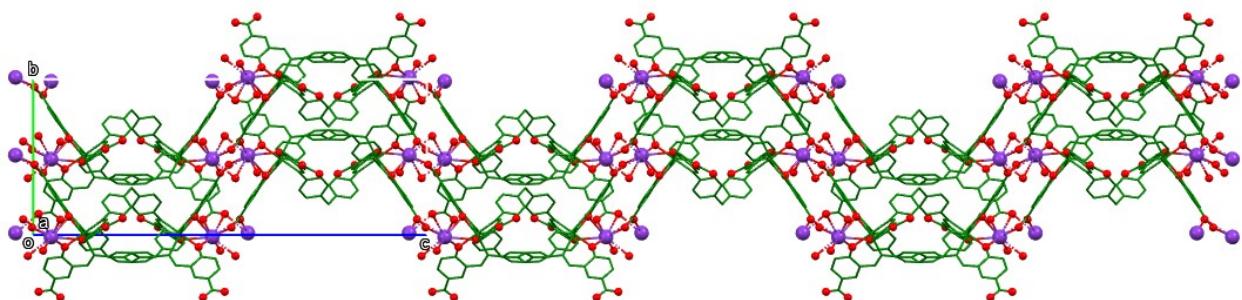
**Figure S10.** (a) Perspective view of two  $\text{K}_2[\text{Ni}^{\text{II}}\text{L}_3]\cdot\text{MeCN}$  (**2**) molecules, as example, showing the intermolecular  $\pi-\pi$  stacking between two aromatic rings from nitro-phenolate. (b) Close-up on  $\pi-\pi$  stacking. The capped sticks style and omission of hydrogen atoms was done for the sake of clarity. Atom color notation: O – red, N – blue, K – purple, Ni – green, C – gray.



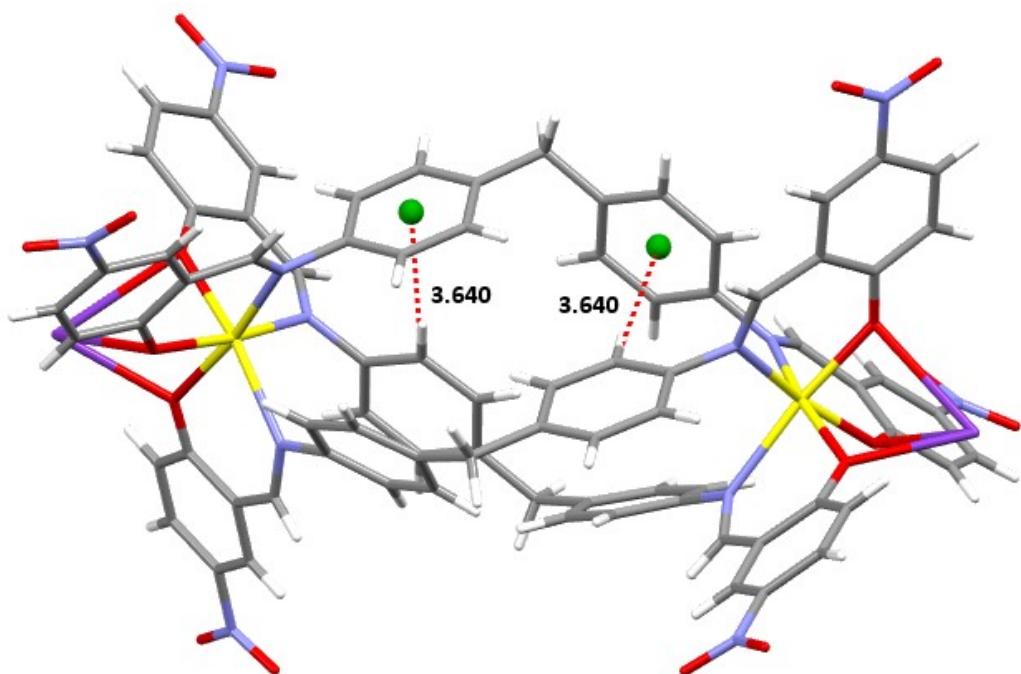
**Figure S11.** Planes formed by the  $\pi-\pi$  interacting phenyl units for complex **1**.



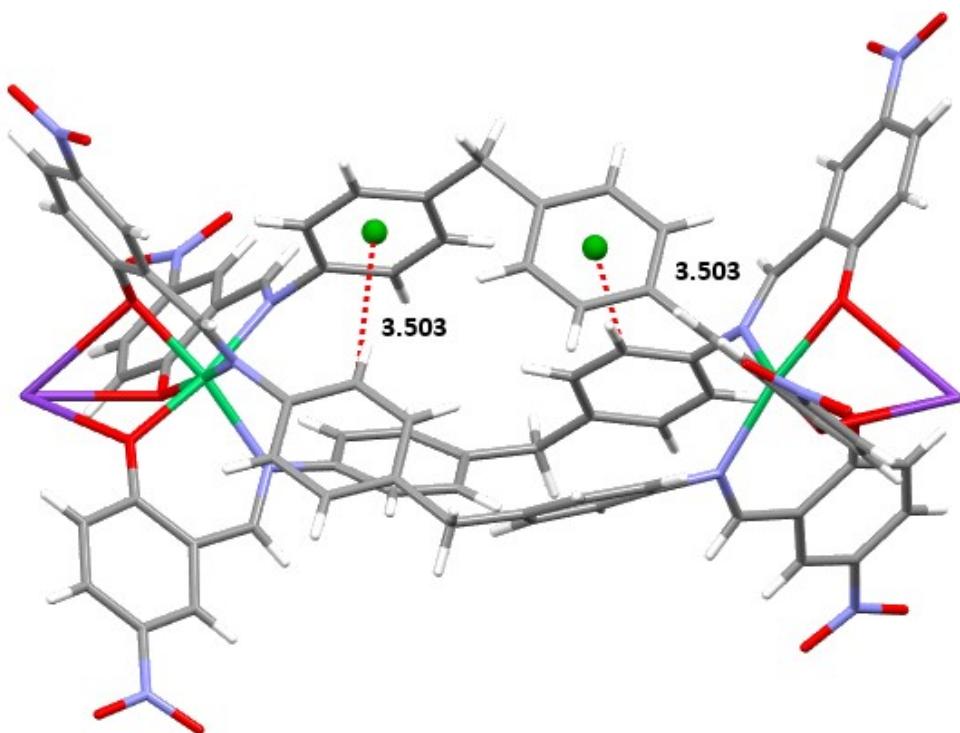
**Figure S12.** Planes formed by the  $\pi$ - $\pi$  interacting phenyl units for complex **2**.



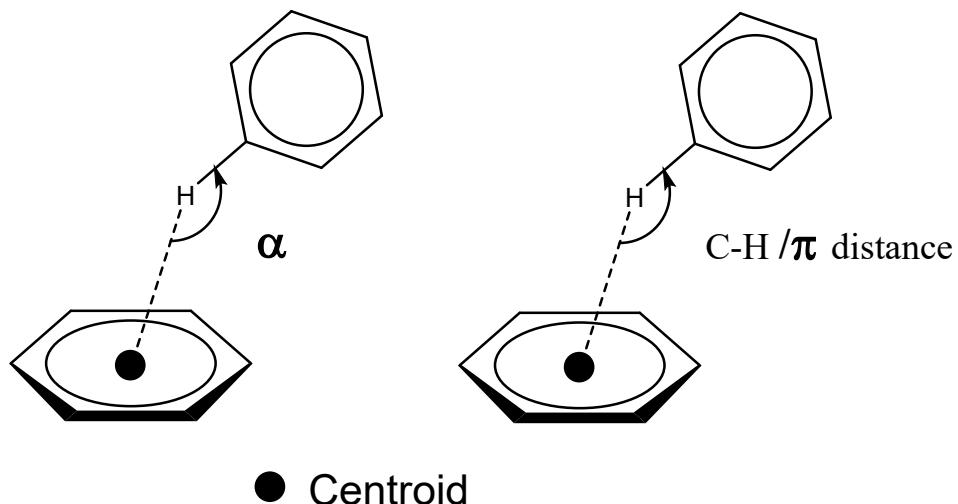
**Figure S13.** Structure seen along the  $a$  axis of the zigzag chain growing along the  $c$  axis (complex **1** as an example). Potassium-oxygen dinuclear units in balls and sticks style, while the rest of the atoms in green capped sticks. The solvent molecule and hydrogen atoms have been omitted.



**Figure S14.** C-H/ $\pi$  interaction in complex **1**. Green sphere as aromatic ring centroid and red dashed line as  $C_{\text{donor}}$ —centroid distance in  $\text{\AA}$ .



**Figure S15.** C-H/ $\pi$  interaction in complex **2**. Green sphere as aromatic ring centroid and red dashed line as  $C_{\text{donor}}$ —centroid distance in Å.



**Figure S16.** Schematic representation of the structural parameters that describe the C-H/  $\pi$  interaction: (left) C-H-  $\pi$   $\alpha$  angle and (right) distance from the C-H carbon to the ring centroid.

## 5. CSD Database Information

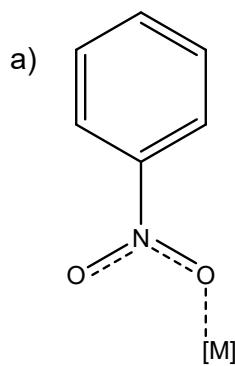
**Table S5.** Crystal structures that contain a nitro aromatic group coordinated to a metal atom. The structures containing metalloligands coordinated to the metal cation are highlighted in blue.

Metal	Coordination Mode	NO <sub>2</sub> groups per [M <sup>+</sup> ] <sup>a</sup>	Dimensional Arrangement	Is the multidimensional arrangement due to the NO <sub>2</sub> group?	CCDC number
Na	M, B	2	2D	Yes	961952
Na	M, B	2	3D	Yes	1001668
Na	B	1	3D	Yes	602007
Na	B	1	3D	Yes	885242
Na	B	1	2D	Yes	1430370
Na	B	1	2D	Yes	764992
Na	M, B	2	2D	Yes	2064919
Na	B	1	1D	Yes	1420542
Na	M, B	2	d <sup>b</sup>	Yes	2261695
Na	B, μ <sup>1,1</sup> , μ <sup>1,3</sup>	2	1D	Yes	1590315
Na	M, B	2	3D	Yes	1286014
Na	M, B	4	2D	Yes	1286015
Na	M, B	2	3D	Yes	1401350
Na	B	1	1D	Yes	266141
Na, Cs	B, μ <sup>1,1</sup> , μ <sup>1,3</sup>	5	3D	Yes	704680
K	B, μ <sup>1,1</sup> , μ <sup>1,3</sup>	2	3D	Yes	204441
K	B	1	3D	Yes	2050882
K, (Co) <sup>d</sup>	M, B	2	3D	Yes	678031
K	B, μ <sup>1,1</sup> , μ <sup>1,3</sup>	2	3D	Yes	967696
K	B, μ <sup>1,1</sup> , μ <sup>1,3</sup>	2	3D	Yes	1010829
K	B	1	d <sup>b</sup>	-	237164
K	M, B	2	2D	Yes	901373
K	M, B, μ <sup>1,3</sup>	4	3D	Yes	270823
K	B	1	d <sup>b</sup>	-	264947
K	B, μ <sup>1,1</sup> , μ <sup>1,3</sup>	6	3D	Yes	1165709
K	B, μ <sup>1,1</sup> , μ <sup>1,3</sup>	6	3D	Yes	214455
K	B, μ <sup>1,1</sup> , μ <sup>1,3</sup>	6	3D	Yes	1007783
K	M, B, μ <sup>1,1</sup> , μ <sup>1,3</sup>	3	3D	Yes	637403

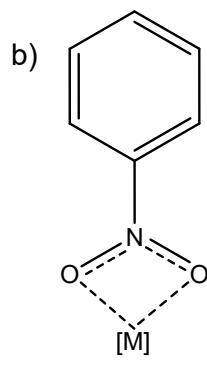
K	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	1	3D	Yes	601424
K	M, B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	7	3D	Yes	264106
K, (Zn) <sup>d</sup>	M, B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	4	2D	No	2226952
K	B	2	d <sup>b</sup>	-	1420543
K, (U) <sup>d</sup>	M, B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	3	3D	Yes	286236
K	B	1	3D	No	902017
K	B, $\mu^{1,1}$	3	2D	Yes	2261690
K	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	2	1D	Yes	1590316
K	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	2	1D	Yes	1590317
K	B	1	d <sup>b</sup>	-	1047335
K	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	4	3D	Yes	831174
K	M, B	2	3D	Yes	279861
K	B	1	2D	Yes	279863
K	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	1	3D	Yes	158300
K	B	3	3D	Yes	1022556
K	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	3	2D	Yes	781185
K	B	2	1D	Yes	290208
K	B	2	1D	Yes	605714
K	B	2	1D	Yes	974264
K	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	4	2D	Yes	1313529
K, Ba	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	1	3D	Yes	271589
K <sup>c</sup> (Mn) <sup>d</sup>	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	4	3D	Yes	2326580
K <sup>c</sup> (Ni) <sup>d</sup>	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	4	3D	Yes	2326581
Rb	M, B	3	1D	Yes	841082
Rb	B	1	3D	Yes	850376
Rb	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	3	3D	Yes	998206
Rb	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	3	3D	Yes	1010828
Rb	B	1	3D	Yes	834255
Rb	B	1	3D	Yes	1478712
Rb	B	1	d <sup>b</sup>	-	237165
Rb	B, $\mu_3^{1,1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	2	2D	Yes	1153701
Rb	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	2	3D	Yes	1153745
Rb	M, B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	3	3D	Yes	1153762
Rb	M, B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	5	1D	Yes	1153775
Rb	M	1	1D	Yes	1169943

Rb (V) <sup>d</sup>	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	1	3D	Yes	222520
Rb	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	7	3D	Yes	264107
Rb	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	2	3D	Yes	674252
Rb	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	4	3D	Yes	290623
Rb	B, $\mu_3^{1,1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	6	3D	Yes	979640
Rb	B, $\mu_3^{1,1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	6	3D	Yes	979638
Cs	M, B	2	1D	Yes	1144482
Cs	B	1	3D	Yes	1478716
Cs	M, B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	4	2D	Yes	1153763
Cs	M, B	2	1D	Yes	1169944
Cs	M, B	2	1D	Yes	2168841
Cs	B, $\mu_3^{1,1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	2	3D	Yes	271508
Cs	M, B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	3	3D	Yes	261542
Cs	B, $\mu_3^{1,1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	6	3D	Yes	1516437
Cs	M, B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	8	3D	Yes	264108
Sr	B	1	1D	No	1153815
Sr	B	1	d <sup>b</sup>	-	1153834
Sr	M, B	4	3D	Yes	610046
Ba	B	1	2D	Yes	1465130
Ba	B, $\mu^{1,1}$ , $\mu^{1,3}$	2	2D	Yes	1128228
Ba	M, B	4	d <sup>b</sup>	-	1153839
Ba	M, B	6	3D	Yes	610047
Zn (Te) <sup>d</sup>	M, B	2	d <sup>b</sup>	-	1194896
Zn (Te) <sup>d</sup>	M, B	2	d <sup>b</sup>	-	1194897
Ag	B	1	2D	Yes	1186901
Ag	B	2	2D	Yes	1186904
Ag	B	2	2D	Yes	1186905

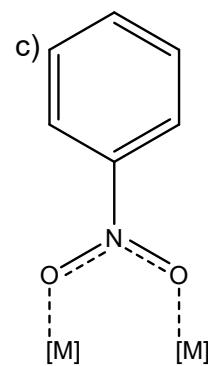
M = monodentate, B = bidentate,  $\mu$  = bridging ligand. <sup>a</sup> Number of nitro groups attached to the metal atom, regardless of the coordination mode; <sup>b</sup> discrete arrangement (0D); <sup>c</sup> this work; <sup>d</sup> Heterometallic structures where the element in round brackets does not interact with the nitro group.



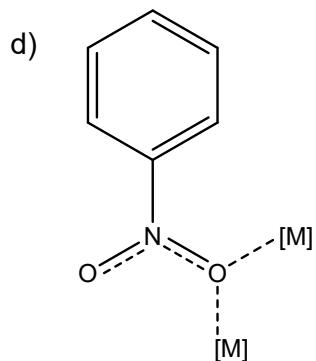
Monodentate (M)



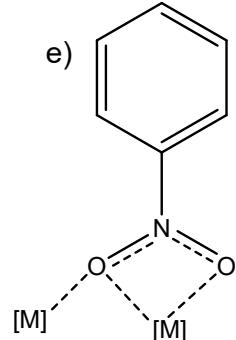
Bidentate (B)



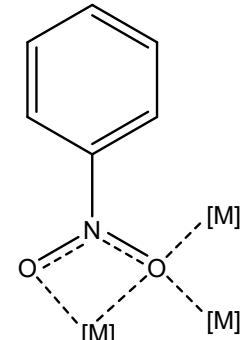
Bridging  $\mu^{1,3}$



Bridging  $\mu^{1,1}$



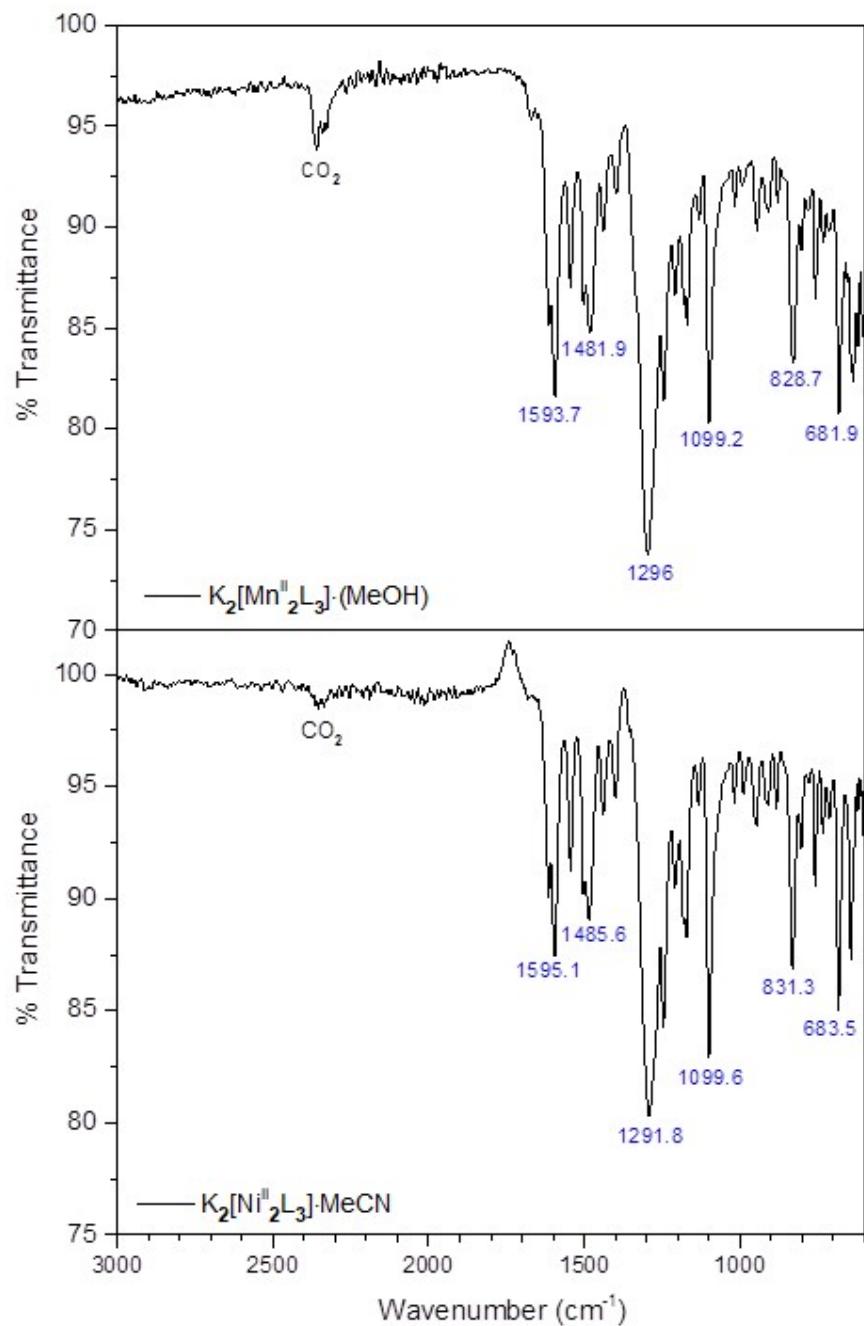
Bridging  $\mu^{1,1}$  and  $\mu^{1,3}$



Bridging  $\mu_3^{1,1,1}$  and  $\mu^{1,3}$

**Figure S17.** Main coordination modes of the nitro group (in nitrophenyl) present in the structures obtained from search in the CSD database (update June 2023).

## 6. IR spectroscopy characterization



**Figure S18.** IR(ATR) spectra of complexes  $\text{K}_2[\text{Mn}^{\text{II}}_2\text{L}_3]\cdot(\text{MeOH})$  (1) (top) and  $\text{K}_2[\text{Ni}^{\text{II}}_2\text{L}_3]\cdot(\text{MeCN})$  (2) (bottom), showing inside the wavenumber values ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) of the most representative peaks.

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