Supporting Information

Oxidative stress induced conformational changes of Human Serum Albumin

Debdip Brahma, Akshay Narayan Sarangi, Rupal Kaushik, and Amar Nath Gupta[1]*

[1] Biophysics and Soft Matter Laboratory, Department of Physics, Indian Institute of Technology Kharagpur, 721302, India

* Corresponding author, *Email address*: ang@phy.iitkgp.ac.in (A.N. Gupta)

S1. UV-Vis spectrum of $CuCl_2$ & Ascorbic acid

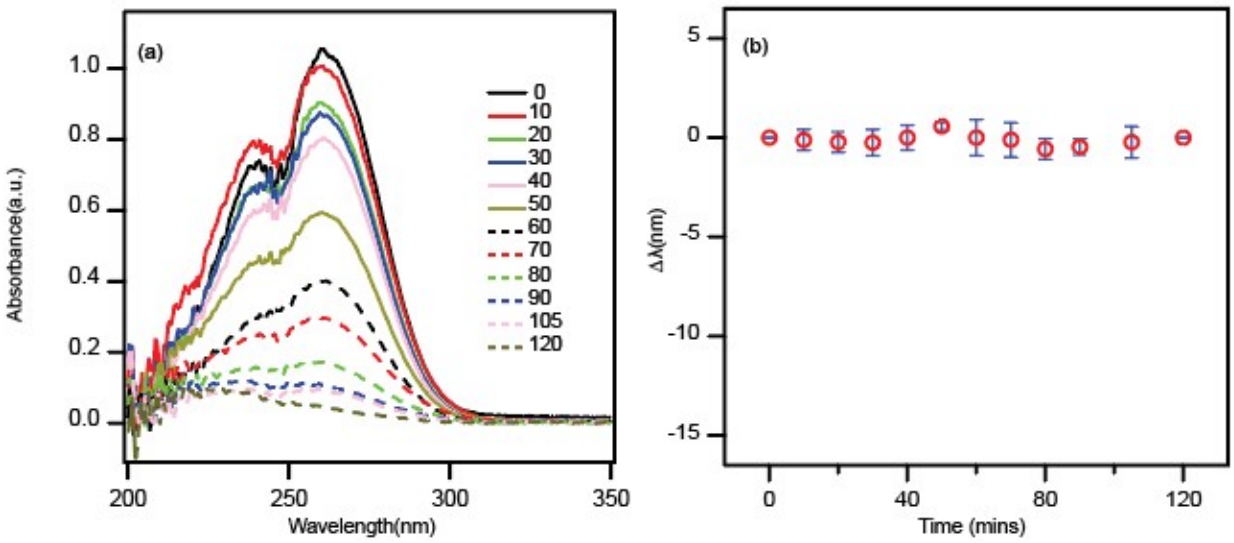

Fig S1. (a) UV-vis spectrum of $CuCl_2$ & Ascorbic acid at various time (in min); (b) Shift in the absorbance maxima in case of $CuCl_2$ & Ascorbic acid (mean ± sd of three independent scans).

Ascorbic acid exhibits an absorption maximum at around ~265 nm (Fig S1. panel a).

The intensity decreases with time, but the peak position remains constant (Fig S1. panel b).

S2. Matrix-Assisted Laser Desorption Ionization – Time of Flight (MALDI-TOF)

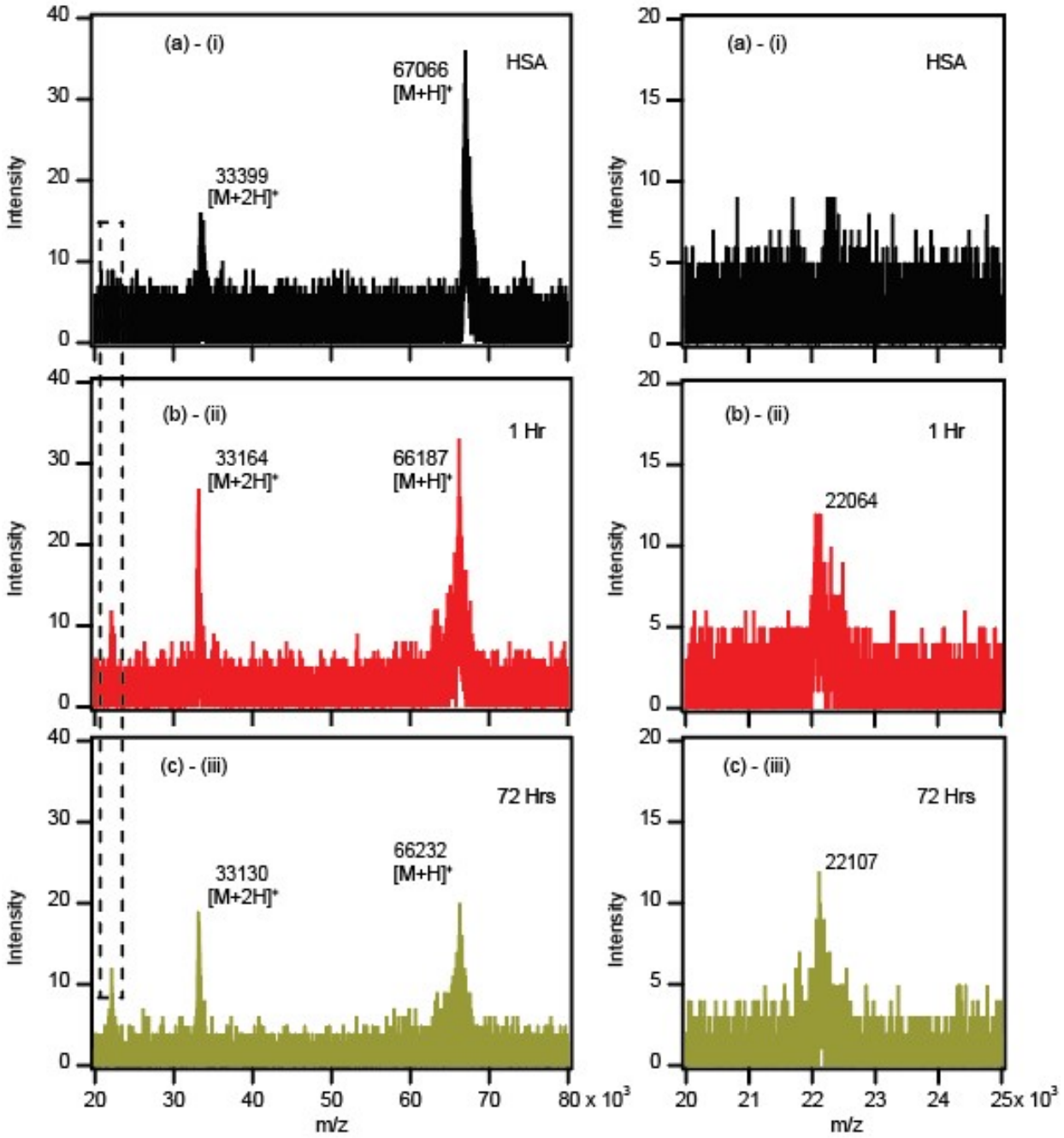

Fig S2. MALDI-TOF mass distribution of (a) bare HSA; (b) 1Hr oxidized sample; (c) 72Hr oxidized sample; subpanels are zoomed out of the dashed area.

MALDI-TOF mass distribution of bare HSA (Fig S2. panel a) and corresponding oxidized cases (Fig S2. 1 Hr (panel b) & 72 Hrs (panel c). The m/z value changes with oxidation with an appearance of a prominent peak around ~22000 m/z with oxidation.