

Profound Importance of Conventional O-H...O Hydrogen Bond versus Considerable Blue Shift of C_{sp2}-H bond in the Complexes of Substituted Carbonyls and Carboxyls

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Table S1. Selected typically computational parameters at MP2/6-311++G(2d,2p), the DPE values of O-H and C_{sp2}-H bonds and PA at the O site of the C=O group in the isolated monomers at CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVTZ//MP2/6-311++G(2d,2p) and some experimental results (in parentheses) taken from NIST webpage

Monomer	HCOOH	FCOOH	ClCOOH	BrCOOH	CH ₃ COOH
r(O-H)/Å	0.9675	0.9645	0.9678	0.9689	0.9668
r(C=O)/Å	1.2050	1.1908	1.1939	1.1934	1.2099
σ*(O-H)/e	0.0309	0.0241	0.0296	0.0314	0.0295
ν(O-H) (cm ⁻¹)	3775.91	3828.55	3775.38	3757.87	3785.16
PA(O) _{C=O}	743.1 (742)	701.1	727.9	735.3	788.3 (783.7)
DPE(O-H)	1441.0 (1445.0)	1367.2	1293.3	1266.6	1456.5 (1457.0)
Monomer	CH ₃ CH ₂ COOH	NH ₂ COOH	HCHO	CH ₃ CHO	NH ₂ CHO
r(C/O-H)/Å	0.9668	0.963918	1.0988	1.1041	1.0986
r(C=O)/Å	1.2105	1.2125	1.2131	1.2155	1.2178
σ*(C/O-H)/e	0.0299	0.0255	0.0704	0.0814	0.08173
ν(C/O-H) (cm ⁻¹)	3784.9	3831.59	3009.51	2952.15	3021.26
PA(O) _{C=O}	797.8 (797.2)	816.0	712.0 (711.5)	771.3 (768.5)	832.6 (822.2)
DPE(O/C _{sp2} -H)	1454.0 (1454.0)	1453.9	1650.2 (1650.7)	1642.0 (1645.1)	1628.7 (1505.0)

PA: Proton Affinity, DPE: Deprotonation Enthalpy; energy given in kJ.mol⁻¹

Table S2. The intermolecular distances $R(H\cdots O)$, selected parameters at the BCPs of $H\cdots O$ contacts and individual hydrogen bond energies (E_{HB}) at MP2/6-311++G(2d,2p)

Complex	Contacts	$R(H\cdots O)$ (Å)	$\rho(r)$ (au)	$\nabla^2\rho(r)$ (au)	$H(r)$ (au)	E_{HB} (kJ.mol ⁻¹)
H-H	C1-H2...O6	2.37	0.0122	0.041	0.0011	-10.5
	O7-H8...O3	1.78	0.0362	0.106	-0.0022	-40.5
H-F	C1-H2...O6	2.41	0.0110	0.038	0.0011	-9.6
	O7-H8...O3	1.72	0.0415	0.118	-0.0037	-48.5
H-Cl	C1-H2...O6	2.41	0.0111	0.038	0.0011	-9.6
	O7-H8...O3	1.72	0.0415	0.116	-0.0038	-48.2
H-Br	C1-H2...O6	2.41	0.0111	0.038	0.0011	-9.6
	O7-H8...O3	1.72	0.0418	0.116	-0.0040	-48.6
H-CH₃	C1-H2...O6	2.34	0.0128	0.043	0.0012	-11.1
	O7-H8...O3	1.80	0.0347	0.100	-0.0018	-38.6
H-C₂H₅	C1-H2...O6	2.34	0.0128	0.044	0.0012	-11.2
	O7-H8...O3	1.80	0.0345	0.102	-0.0018	-38.4
H-NH₂	C1-H2...O6	2.31	0.0136	0.047	0.0014	-11.9
	O7-H8...O3	1.78	0.0357	0.106	-0.0021	-40.1

Table S2. Continued

Complex	Contacts	$R(H\cdots O)$ (Å)	$\rho(r)$ (au)	$\nabla^2\rho(r)$ (au)	$H(r)$ (au)	E_{HB} (kJ.mol ⁻¹)
CH₃-H	C1-H2...O6	2.37	0.0122	0.041	0.0011	-10.5
	O7-H8...O3	1.74	0.0395	0.112	-0.0032	-45.2
CH₃-F	C1-H2...O6	2.41	0.0110	0.038	0.0011	-9.6
	O7-H8...O3	1.68	0.0457	0.124	-0.0053	-54.6
CH₃-Cl	C1-H2...O6	2.40	0.0112	0.038	0.0011	-9.7
	O7-H8...O3	1.68	0.0458	0.122	-0.0055	-54.5
CH₃-Br	C1-H2...O6	2.40	0.0112	0.038	0.0011	-9.7
	O7-H8...O3	1.68	0.0463	0.122	-0.0057	-55.2
CH₃-CH₃	C1-H2...O6	2.35	0.0128	0.043	0.0012	-11.1
	O7-H8...O3	1.76	0.0378	0.109	-0.0027	-42.8
CH₃-C₂H₅	C1-H2...O6	2.34	0.0129	0.043	0.0012	-11.1
	O7-H8...O3	1.76	0.0376	0.108	-0.0027	-42.6
CH₃-NH₂	C1-H2...O6	2.31	0.0136	0.047	0.0013	-11.9
	O7-H8...O3	1.75	0.0387	0.111	-0.0030	-44.3
NH₂-H	C1-H2...O6	2.32	0.0132	0.046	0.0013	-11.5
	O7-H8...O3	1.69	0.0452	0.123	-0.0052	-53.8
NH₂-F	C1-H2...O6	2.36	0.0121	0.043	0.0014	-10.6
	O7-H8...O3	1.62	0.0528	0.135	-0.0082	-65.9
NH₂-Cl	C1-H2...O6	2.36	0.0121	0.043	0.0014	-10.6
	O7-H8...O3	1.62	0.0533	0.133	-0.0087	-66.5
NH₂-Br	C1-H2...O6	2.36	0.0121	0.043	0.0013	-10.5
	O7-H8...O3	1.61	0.0541	0.133	-0.0091	-67.5
NH₂-CH₃	C1-H2...O6	2.30	0.0138	0.048	0.0014	-12.1
	O7-H8...O3	1.71	0.0431	0.119	-0.0045	-50.8
NH₂-C₂H₅	C1-H2...O6	2.30	0.0139	0.048	0.0014	-12.2
	O7-H8...O3	1.71	0.0429	0.118	-0.0044	-50.5
NH₂-NH₂	C1-H2...O6	2.26	0.0147	0.052	0.0016	-13.03
	O7-H8...O3	1.70	0.0441	0.121	-0.0048	-52.4

Table S3. WBI of the examined complexes calculated at ω B97X-D/6-311++G(2d,2p)

Complex	H-H	H-F	H-Cl	H-Br	H-CH ₃	H-C ₂ H ₅	H-NH ₂
WBI(O \cdots H)/O-H \cdots O	0.0573	0.0706	0.0709	0.0715	0.0535	0.053	0.0558
WBI(H \cdots O)/C _{sp²} -H \cdots O	0.0054	0.0039	0.0041	0.0041	0.0057	0.0057	0.0063
Complex	CH ₃ -H	CH ₃ -F	CH ₃ -Cl	CH ₃ -Br	CH ₃ -CH ₃	CH ₃ -C ₂ H ₅	CH ₃ -NH ₂
WBI(O \cdots H)/O-H \cdots O	0.0659	0.082	0.0832	0.0842	0.0614	0.0609	0.0639
WBI(H \cdots O)/C _{sp²} -H \cdots O	0.0056	0.0041	0.0043	0.0043	0.0059	0.0059	0.0064
Complex	NH ₂ -H	NH ₂ -F	NH ₂ -Cl	NH ₂ -Br	NH ₂ -CH ₃	NH ₂ -C ₂ H ₅	NH ₂ -NH ₂
WBI(O \cdots H)/O-H \cdots O	0.0806	0.1005	0.1028	0.1046	0.0751	0.0745	0.0779
WBI(H \cdots O)/C _{sp²} -H \cdots O	0.0067	0.0049	0.005	0.005	0.0069	0.0069	0.0076

Table S4: Comparison of the interaction energies (in kJ.mol⁻¹) corrected by both ZPE and BSSE using different levels of theory, including two double hybrid functionals, CCSD(T) and CBS extrapolation.

Basis set	6-311++G(2d,2p)				aug-cc-pVTZ		CBS
	DSD-PBEP86		B2GP-PLYP+D2 Grimme's dispersion		CCSD(T)		
Functional	ΔE^*	BSSE	ΔE^*	BSSE	ΔE^*	BSSE	ΔE^*
Complex							
H-H	-32.5	3.9	-34.7	3.4	-31.3	3.5	-36.9
CH ₃ -H	-38.2	4.4	-40.4	3.8	-36.2	3.8	-41.8
NH ₂ -H	-47.1	4.7	-49.5	4.1	-44.2	4.3	-49.9

Table S5a. The parameters of the CBS exponential extrapolation in the form of $E^{\text{HF}}(X) = E_{\text{CBS}}^{\text{HF}} + B.\exp(-\alpha X)$, for the Hartree-Fock total energies of the structures involved in the H-H, CH₃-H and NH₂-H complexes, where $E^{\text{HF}}(X)$ is the total energy at HF/aug-cc-pVXZ (X=2 for DZ, X=3 for TZ and X=4 for QZ) corrected by the both ZPE and BSSE computed at the corresponding level and $E_{\text{CBS}}^{\text{HF}}$ is the HF total energy at the CBS limit.

Complex	Parameter	Structures involved in the complex		
		Aldehyde	HCOOH	Complex
H-H	α	1.35		1.30
	B	1547.4		3747.2
CH ₃ -H	α	1.37	1.32	1.32
	B	2126.8	2418.2	4303.5
NH ₂ -H	α	1.33		1.30
	B	2157.9		4340.9

Table S5b. The extrapolated HF total energies E_{CBS}^{HF} , CCSD(T) correlation energies E_{CBS}^{corr} and the CCSD(T) total energies extrapolated at the CBS limit $E_{CBS}^{CCSD(T)}$ for the structures involved in the **H-H**, **CH₃-H** and **NH₂-H** complexes, where $E_{CBS}^{CCSD(T)} = E_{CBS}^{HF} + E_{CBS}^{corr}$. All energetical values are in kJ.mol⁻¹.

<i>Structures involved in the complex</i>									
Complex	Aldehyde			HCOOH			Complex		
	E_{CBS}^{HF}	E_{CBS}^{corr}	$E_{CBS}^{CCSD(T)}$	E_{CBS}^{HF}	E_{CBS}^{corr}	$E_{CBS}^{CCSD(T)}$	E_{CBS}^{HF}	E_{CBS}^{corr}	$E_{CBS}^{CCSD(T)}$
H-H	-299036.3	-1209.3	-300245.6				-794826.2	-3125.3	-797951.5
CH₃-H	-401524.1	-1746.4	-403270.5	-495766.3	-1902.7	-497669.0	-897317.9	-3663.5	-900981.4
NH₂-H	-443638.8	-1835.7	-445474.5				-939439.6	-3753.8	-943193.4

The correlation energy at CCSD(T)/aug-cc-pVXZ is fitted with the expression of the power form:

$$E^{corr}(X) = E_{CBS}^{corr} + A.X^{-3}$$

Therefore, using the two-point fitting scheme for $X = 2$ and $X = 3$ and eliminating the fitting parameter A , the CCSD(T) correlation energy at the CBS limit can be obtained by the expression:

$$E_{CBS}^{corr} = \frac{E^{corr}(DZ).2^3 - E^{corr}(TZ).3^3}{2^3 - 3^3}$$

in which, the CCSD(T) correlation energies are obtained using the two basis sets aug-cc-pVDZ and aug-cc-pVTZ on the MP2/6-311++G(2d,2p) geometries:

$$E^{corr}(DZ) = E^{CCSD(T)}(DZ) - E^{HF}(DZ); E^{corr}(TZ) = E^{CCSD(T)}(TZ) - E^{HF}(TZ)$$

Table S6. Contributions of different components in the overall interaction energy calculated by using SAPT2+ approach, (ΔE_{SAPT2+} , kJ.mol⁻¹) with the aug-cc-pVDZ basis set

Complex	E_{elst}	E_{ind}	E_{disp}	$\delta E_{int,r}^{HF}$	E_{exch}	ΔE_{SAPT2+}
H-H	-65.3(47.7)	-39.0(28.5)	-21.8(15.9)	-10.9(7.9)	86.5	-50.5
H-F	-71.2(47.4)	-44.2(29.4)	-22.2(14.8)	-12.7(8.4)	93.3	-57.0
H-Cl	-70.8(46.6)	-44.9(29.6)	-23.0(15.1)	-13.2(8.7)	95.9	-55.9
H-Br	-71.1(46.2)	-45.8(29.8)	-23.4(15.2)	-13.5(8.8)	97.9	-55.9
H-CH₃	-63.6(47.8)	-37.2(27.9)	-22.1(16.6)	-10.2(7.7)	84.1	-49.0
H-C₂H₅	-63.3(47.6)	-37.1(27.9)	-22.3(16.8)	-10.2(7.7)	84.1	-48.7
H-NH₂	-66.5(48.0)	-38.6(27.9)	-22.6(16.4)	-10.6(7.7)	87.1	-51.3
CH₃-H	-71.8(47.1)	-44.1(28.9)	-23.9(15.7)	-12.6(8.3)	96.6	-55.7
CH₃-F	-79.7(46.9)	-50.9(29.9)	-24.4(14.4)	-14.9(8.8)	105.8	-64.1
CH₃-Cl	-79.5(46.1)	-51.9(30.1)	-25.4(14.8)	-15.6(9.0)	109.3	-63.2
CH₃-Br	-80.1(45.7)	-53.1(30.3)	-25.9(14.8)	-16.1(9.2)	111.9	-63.4
CH₃-CH₃	-69.3(47.2)	-41.8(28.4)	-24.1(16.4)	-11.7(8.0)	93.5	-53.6

CH₃-C₂H₅	-69.0(47.0)	-41.7(28.4)	-24.3(16.6)	-11.7(8.0)	93.4	-53.3
CH₃-NH₂	-72.0(47.4)	-43.2(28.4)	-24.6(16.2)	-12.1(8.0)	96.2	-55.7
NH₂-H	-87.8(47.2)	-55.0(29.6)	-27.1(14.5)	-16.2(8.7)	118.8	-67.3
NH₂-F	-98.3(46.9)	-63.8(30.5)	-27.9(13.3)	-19.4(9.3)	131.1	-78.3
NH₂-Cl	-98.5(46.0)	-65.8(30.8)	-29.2(13.6)	-20.5(9.6)	136.4	-77.6
NH₂-Br	-99.4(45.5)	-67.6(31.0)	-29.8(13.6)	-21.3(9.9)	140.1	-78.0
NH₂-CH₃	-84.4(47.3)	-52.0(29.1)	-27.2(15.2)	-15.0(8.4)	114.3	-64.3
NH₂-C₂H₅	-83.9(47.1)	-51.9(29.1)	-27.4(15.4)	-15.0(8.4)	114.3	-64.0
NH₂-NH₂	-87.3(47.5)	-53.4(29.1)	-27.7(15.0)	-15.4(8.4)	117.2	-66.7

Values in parentheses are the percentages (%) of the corresponding energy components contributing to interaction energy of the complexes

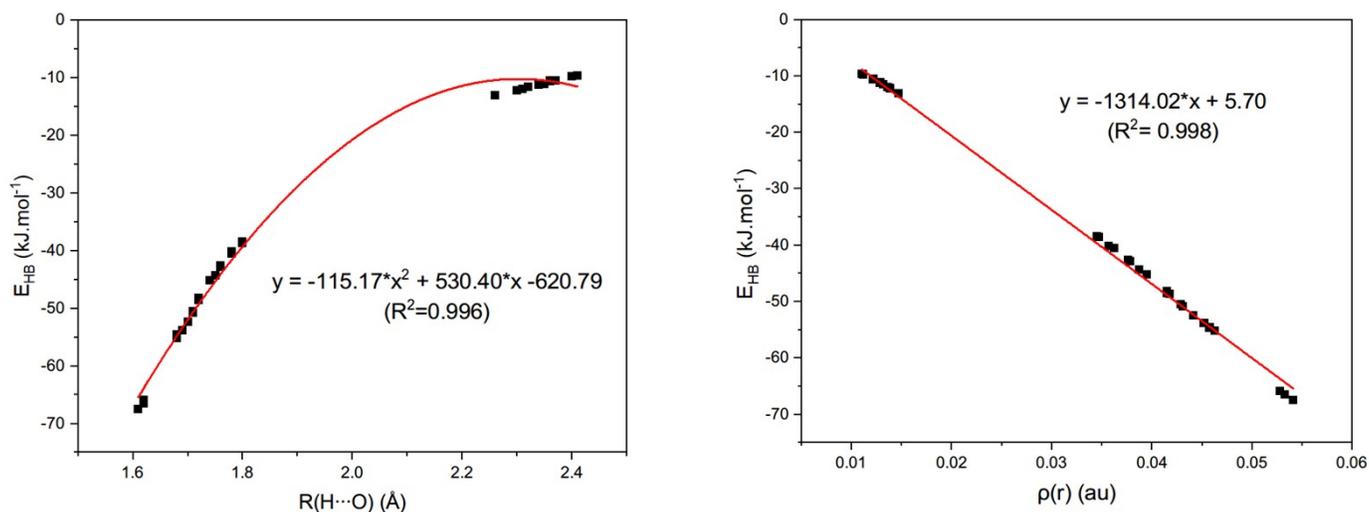
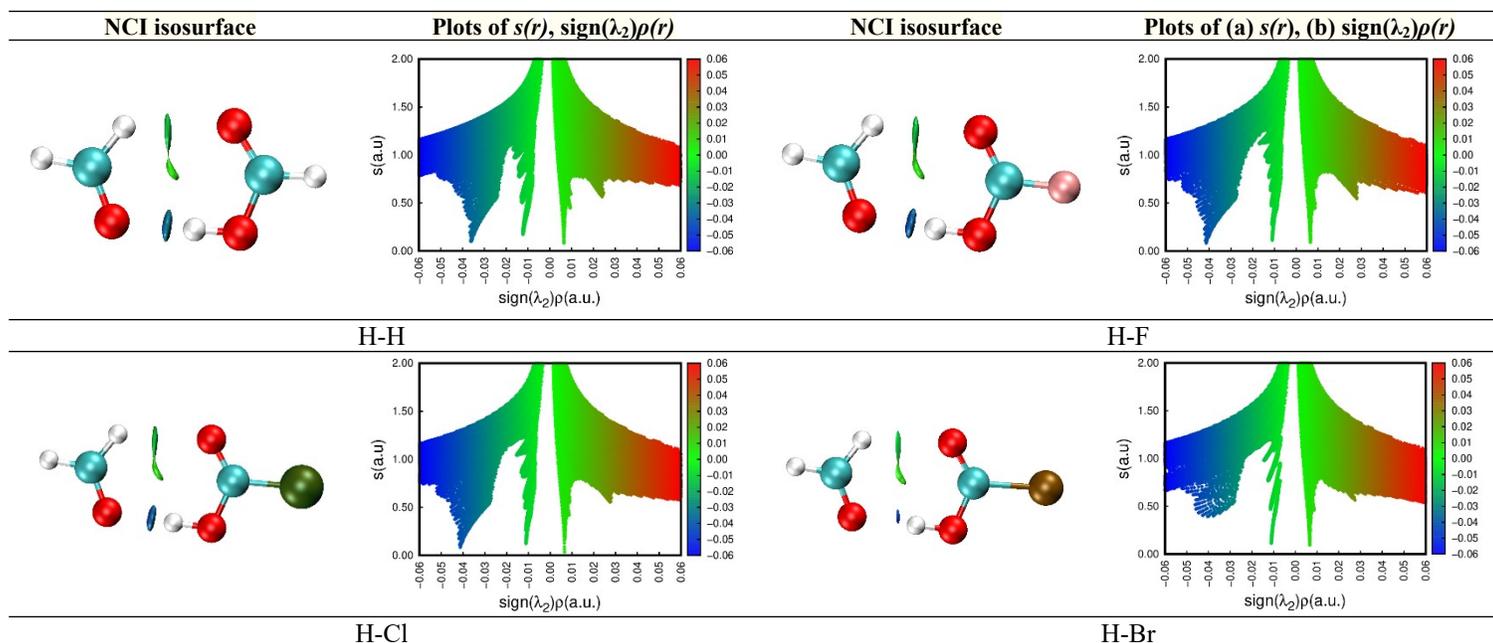


Figure S1. The high correlations between individual hydrogen-bonded energies (E_{HB} , $\text{kJ}\cdot\text{mol}^{-1}$) and the intermolecular distances ($R(\text{H}\cdots\text{Z})$, Å) and electron density ($\rho(r)$, au)



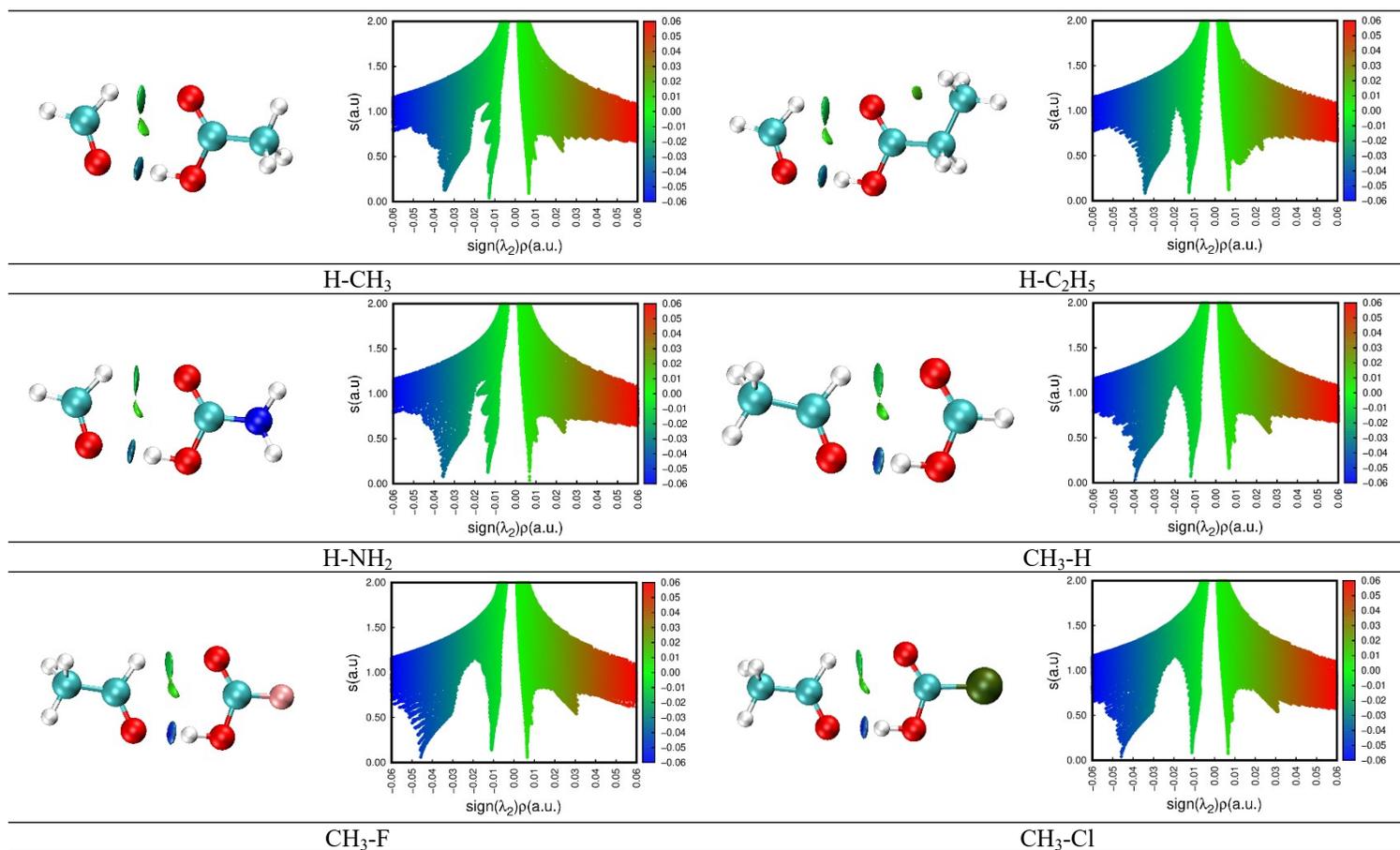
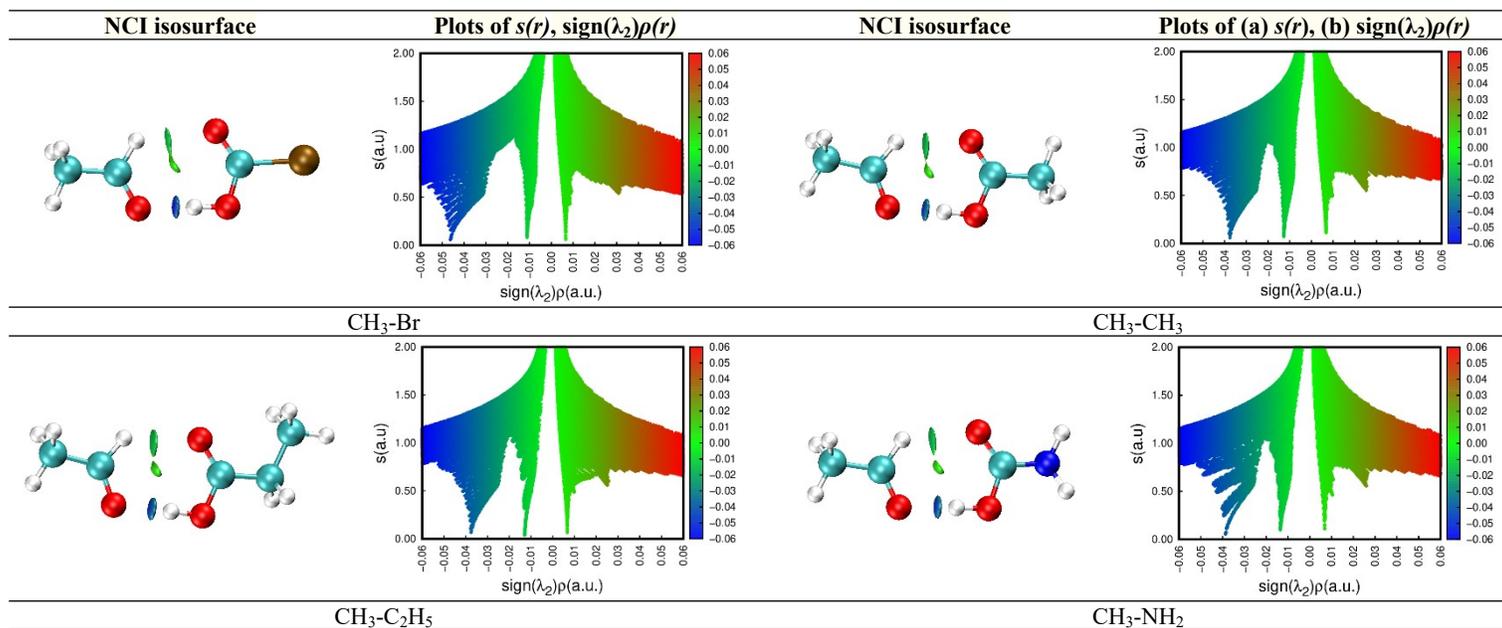


Figure S2a. NCI isosurface and plots of $s(r)$ as a function of $\text{sign}(\lambda_2)\rho(r)$ for all complexes
 (The surfaces are colored on a blue-green-red scale according to the values of $\text{sign}(\lambda_2)\rho(r)$ ranging from -0.04 to 0.04 au)



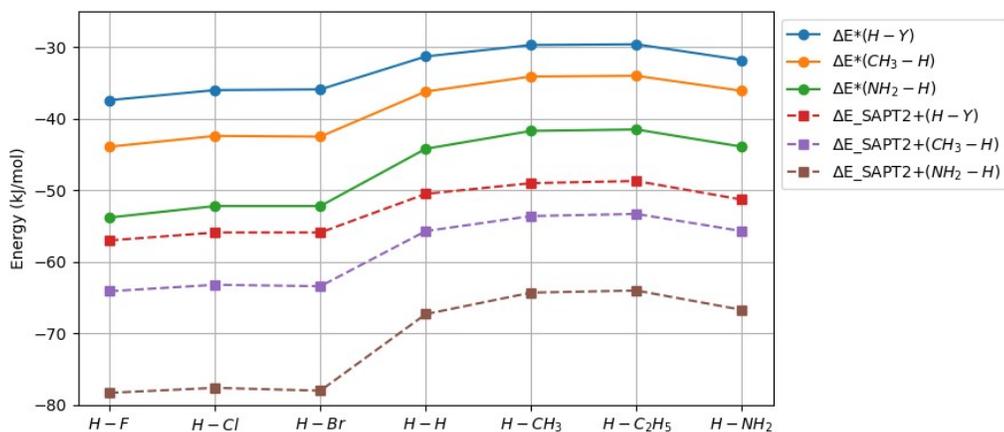
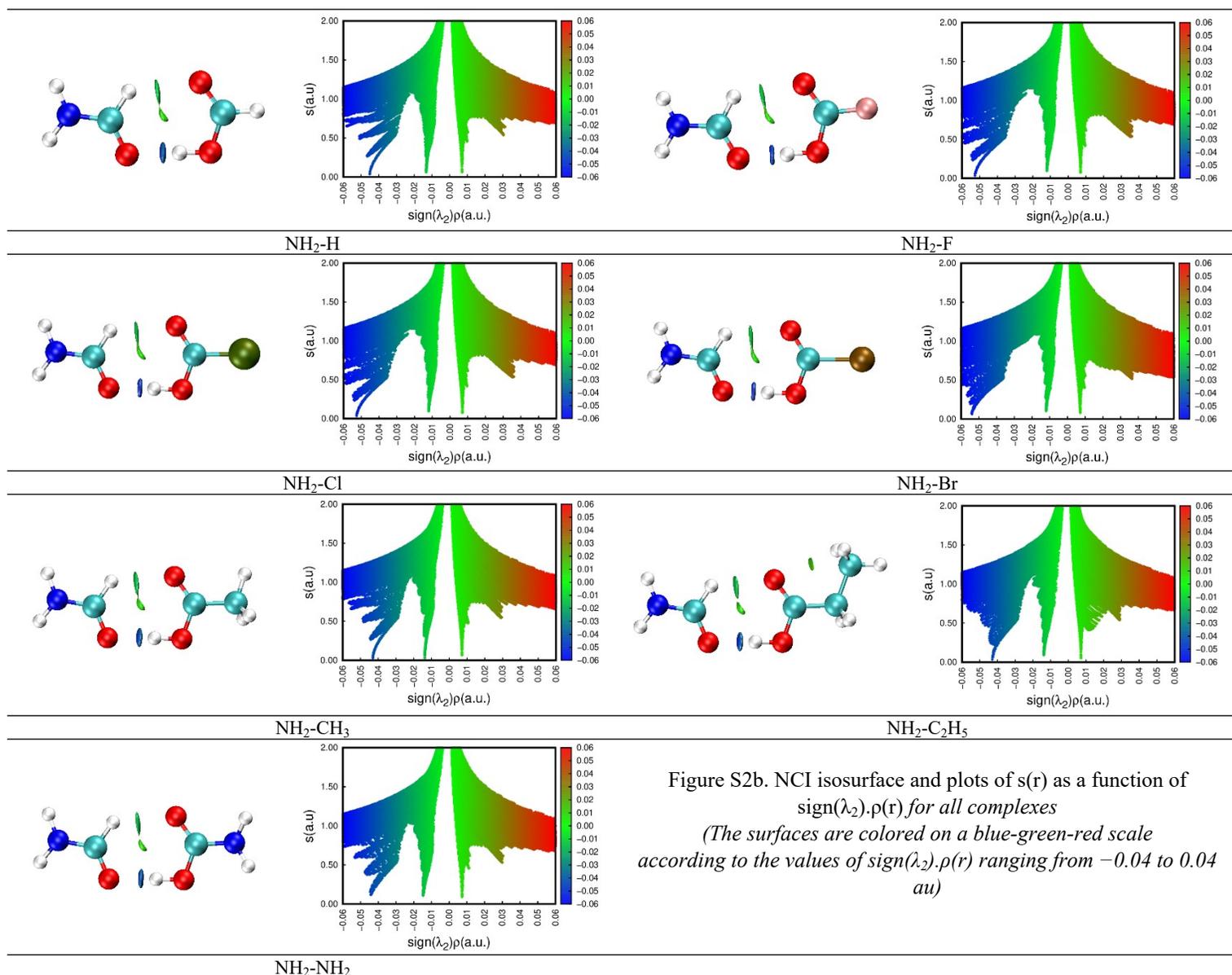


Figure S3. Relationships of the interaction energies (ΔE^* and ΔE_{SAPT2+}) and the substituent Y for the investigated complexes

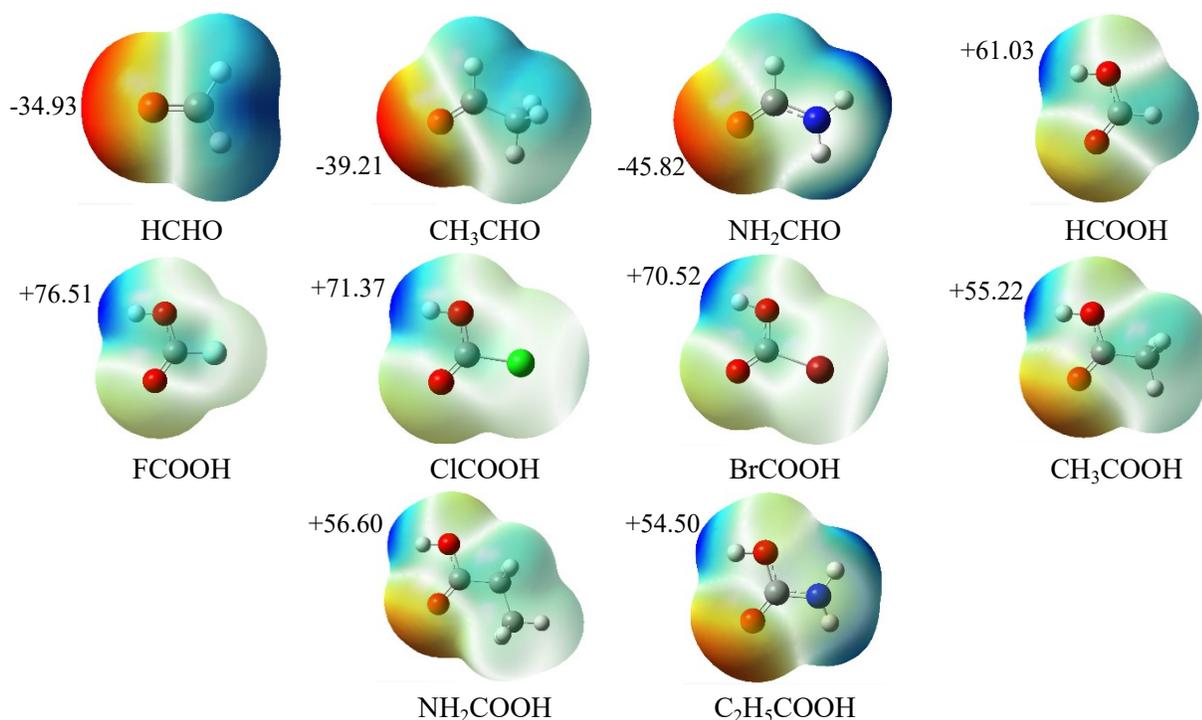


Figure S4. MEP on the surface of monomers plotted at MP2/6-311++G(2d,2p) (isovalue = 0.0004 au) with the values of the maximum surface electrostatic potential ($V_{s,max}$) at H atom of OH group in YCOOH and the minimum surface electrostatic potential ($V_{s,min}$) at O atom of C=O group in XCHO

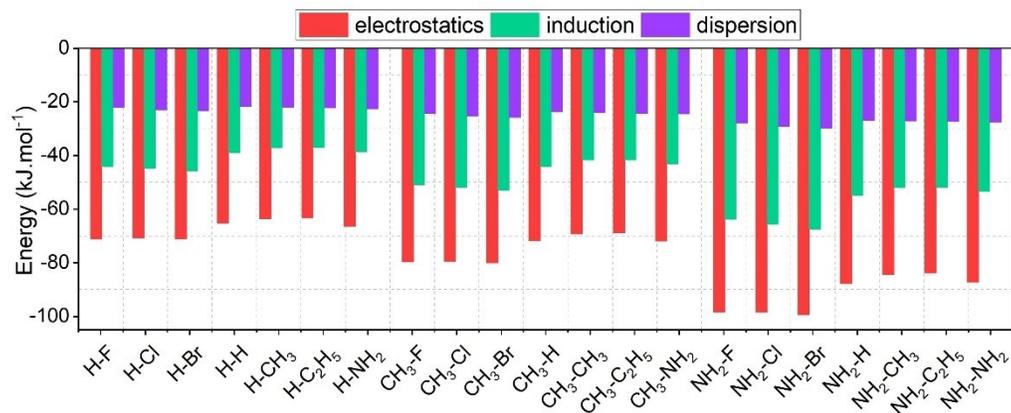
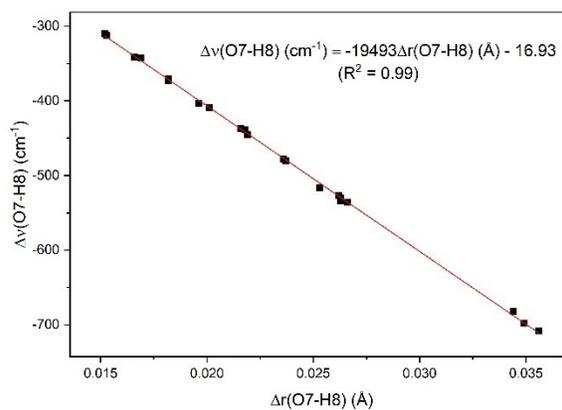
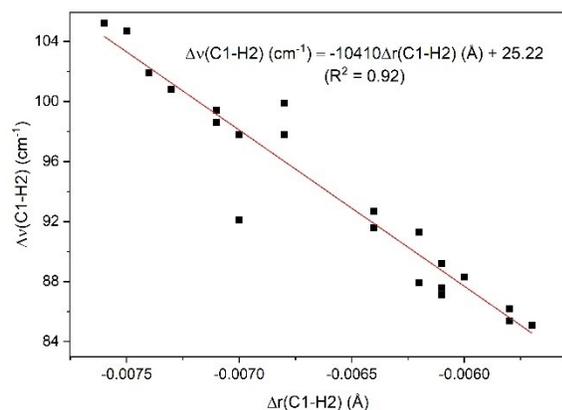


Figure S5. Contributions of different energetic components into interaction energy of the complexes



(a)

(b)

Figure S6. The linear correlations of the changes of the C_{sp^2} -H and O-H stretching vibrational frequencies versus the changes of their corresponding bond lengths

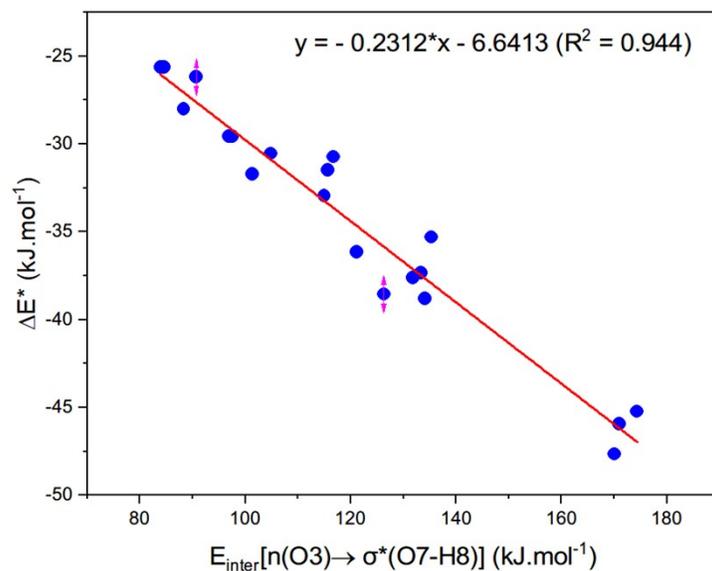


Figure S7. The linear correlation between the interaction energy of complexes and intermolecular hyperconjugation energy of the charge-transfer interaction derived from $n(O3)$ lone pair to $\sigma^*(O7-H8)$ orbital

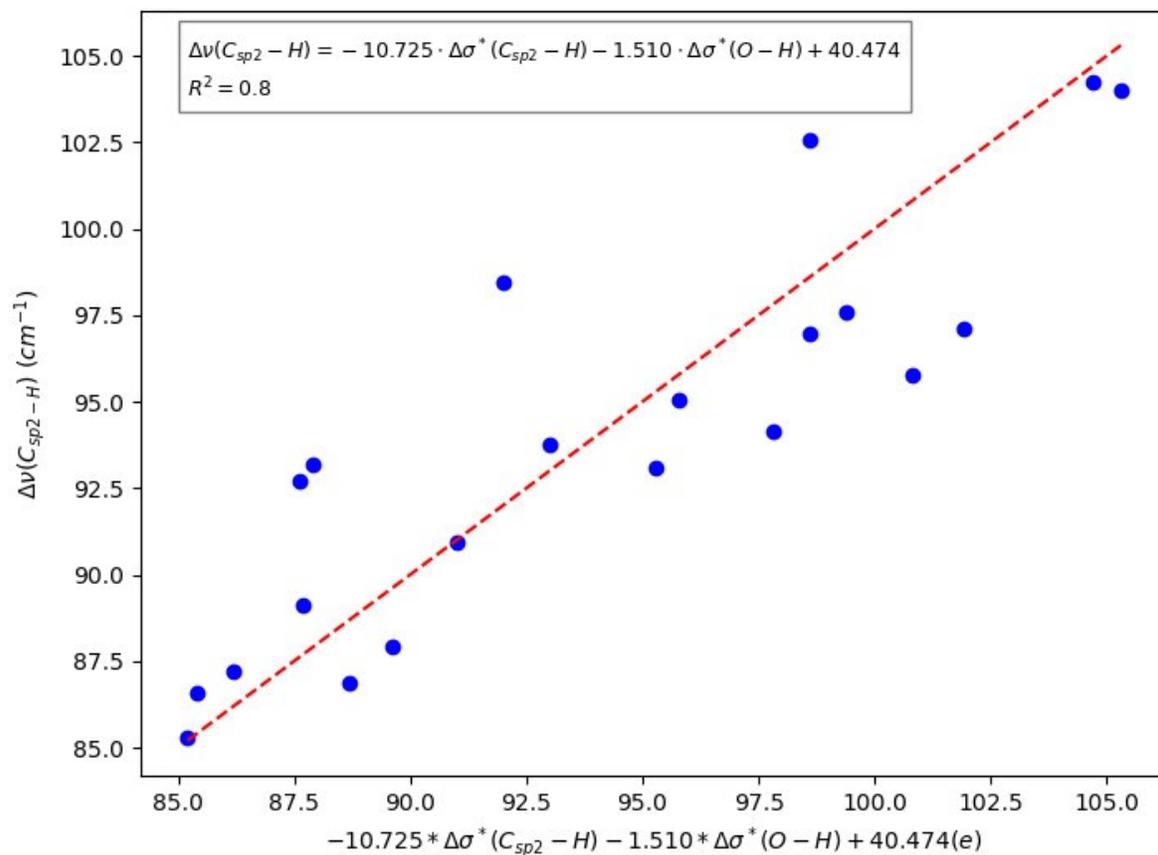


Figure S8. The linear correlation between changes of C_{sp2}-H stretching frequency $\Delta\nu(\text{C}_{\text{sp}2}\text{-H})$ versus $\Delta\sigma^*(\text{C}_{\text{sp}2}\text{-H})$ and $\Delta\sigma^*(\text{O-H})$ values