

Supplementary information

Table S1. Subgroup analyses for the effects of the vegetarian diet on total cholesterol and total triglyceride (observational studies).

Group	N	WMD	TC, mmol/L					TG, mmol/L									
			95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)	N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)	
			lower	upper							lower	upper					
<b>Vegetarian type</b>																	
vegan	18	-0.48	-0.57	-0.39	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.514	< 0.001	81.7%	16	0.01	-0.07	0.08	0.821	0.030	0.003	56.6%	
lacto	6	-0.53	-0.97	-0.10	<b>0.016</b>				6	-0.02	-0.18	0.15	0.838		0.021	62.5%	
lacto-ovo	20	-0.52	-0.63	-0.41	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>				20	-0.15	-0.26	-0.04	<b>0.008</b>			< 0.001	74.1%
mixed	11	-0.66	-0.88	-0.44	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>				11	-0.27	-0.50	-0.03	<b>0.026</b>				
<b>Duration of vegetarian diet</b>																	
< 5 years	19	-0.48	-0.61	-0.35	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.191	< 0.001	70.3%	19	0.03	-0.05	0.10	0.467	0.002	0.002	54.6%	
≥ 5 years	24	-0.59	-0.70	-0.48	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>				24	-0.16	-0.26	-0.07	<b>0.001</b>				
<b>Health status</b>																	
healthy	49	-0.58	-0.66	-0.50	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.002	< 0.001	79.0%	48	-0.14	-0.20	-0.07	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.002	< 0.001	80.2%	
chronic diseases	6	-0.40	-0.48	-0.31	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>				5	0.10	-0.04	0.24	0.145				
<b>Region</b>																	
Asia	35	-0.49	-0.58	-0.41	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.002	< 0.001	79.8%	36	-0.07	-0.14	-0.003	<b>0.042</b>	0.160	< 0.001	81.7%	
Africa	1	-0.80	-1.24	-0.36	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>				-	-	-	-	-				
Europe	10	-0.44	-0.54	-0.34	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>				8	-0.19	-0.32	-0.05	<b>0.006</b>				
North America	4	-0.73	-0.98	-0.48	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>				4	-0.18	-0.40	0.03	0.096				
Oceania	1	-1.30	-1.87	-0.72	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>				1	-0.03	-0.41	0.35	0.861				
South America	4	-1.07	-1.56	-0.58	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>				4	-0.35	-0.61	-0.10	<b>0.007</b>				
<b>Research type</b>																	
case-control study	2	-0.52	-0.64	-0.39	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.206	< 0.001	87.1%	2	0.28	-0.38	0.94	0.407	0.384	0.053	73.2%	
cross-sectional study	45	-0.53	-0.61	-0.44	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>				44	-0.13	-0.22	-0.05	<b>0.001</b>				
cohort study	8	-0.73	-0.94	-0.51	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>				7	-0.08	-0.20	0.05	0.222				

Abbreviations: TC: total cholesterol; TG: triglyceride; WMD: weighted mean difference; mixed: vegan, lacto, lacto-ovo or a combination of two; We defined “vegan diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, seafood, eggs, and dairy, “lacto vegetarian diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, seafood, and eggs, and “lacto-ovo vegetarian diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, and seafood. The mixed diet was a combination of these vegetarian subtypes.

Table S2. Subgroup analyses for the effects of the vegetarian diet on total cholesterol and total triglyceride (randomized controlled trials).

Group		TC, mmol/L										TG, mmol/L									
		N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)	—	N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)			
				lower	upper								lower	upper							
Vegetarian type																					
	vegan	16	-0.22	-0.35	-0.08	<b>0.001</b>	0.190	< 0.001	78.3%	—	16	-0.001	-0.10	0.10	0.984	0.900	< 0.001	76.7%	—		
	lacto-ovo	1	-0.52	-0.95	-0.09	<b>0.018</b>					1	-0.02	-0.23	0.20	0.882						
Duration of vegetarian diet																					
	< 12 weeks	3	-0.33	-0.63	-0.02	<b>0.038</b>	0.563	0.364	0.9%	—	2	-0.02	-0.20	0.17	0.876	0.895	0.983	0	—		
	≥ 12 weeks	14	-0.23	-0.37	-0.09	<b>0.002</b>					15	-0.001	-0.10	0.10	0.991						
Health status																					
	healthy	2	-0.53	-0.82	-0.24	< 0.001	0.041	0.942	0	—	2	0.08	-0.11	0.27	0.422	0.398	0.210	36.4%	—		
	chronic diseases	15	-0.19	-0.33	-0.06	<b>0.005</b>					15	-0.02	-0.12	0.09	0.771						
Region																					
	Asia	1	< 0.001	-0.57	0.57	1.000	0.071	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	Europe	3	-0.71	-1.16	-0.25	<b>0.002</b>					4	-0.07	-0.22	0.08	0.362						
	North America	12	-0.17	-0.31	-0.04	<b>0.014</b>	0.299	< 0.001	78.7%	—	12	-0.004	-0.12	0.11	0.945	0.121	< 0.001	81.6%	—		
	Oceania	1	-0.40	-0.68	-0.12	<b>0.004</b>					1	0.20	-0.01	0.41	0.064						
Research type																					
	parallel design	13	-0.21	-0.35	-0.06	<b>0.005</b>	0.299	< 0.001	80.3%	—	14	-0.04	-0.14	0.07	0.489	0.097	< 0.001	77.4%	—		
	cross-over design	4	-0.35	-0.59	-0.17	<b>0.003</b>					3	0.14	-0.04	0.32	0.129						

Abbreviations: TC: total cholesterol; TG: triglyceride; WMD: weighted mean difference; We defined “vegan diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, seafood, eggs, and dairy, and “lacto-ovo vegetarian diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, and seafood.

Table S3. Subgroup analyses for the effects of the vegetarian diet on low-density lipoprotein and high-density lipoprotein (observational studies).

Group		LDL-C, mmol/L							HDL-C, mmol/L								
		N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)	N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)
				lower	upper							lower	upper				
<b>Vegetarian type</b>																	
vegan	13	-0.37	-0.54	-0.20	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.875	< 0.001	0.004	84.5%	14	-0.08	-0.11	-0.05	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.548	0.120	31.9%
lacto	6	-0.50	-0.88	-0.12	<b>0.009</b>					6	-0.09	-0.12	-0.06	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>			
lacto-ovo	16	-0.41	-0.51	-0.30	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>					20	-0.06	-0.09	-0.03	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>			
mixed	9	-0.46	-0.65	-0.26	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>					9	-0.06	-0.13	0.003	0.061			
<b>Duration of vegetarian diet</b>																	
< 5 years	16	-0.33	-0.46	-0.19	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.139	< 0.001	0.002	78.1%	19	-0.07	-0.10	-0.04	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.703	< 0.001	63.0%
≥ 5 years	21	-0.45	-0.53	-0.36	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>					21	-0.08	-0.11	-0.05	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>			
<b>Health status</b>																	
healthy	40	-0.44	-0.52	-0.36	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.037	< 0.001	0.002	79.8%	45	-0.06	-0.08	-0.05	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.076	< 0.001	59.2%
chronic diseases	4	-0.18	-0.41	0.04	0.113					4	-0.15	-0.23	-0.06	<b>0.001</b>			
<b>Region</b>																	
Asia	27	-0.34	-0.42	-0.26	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.019	< 0.001	0.626	84.5%	28	-0.10	-0.12	-0.08	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	< 0.001	0.008	43.7%
Europe	8	-0.39	-0.57	-0.20	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>					12	-0.02	-0.05	0.01	0.198			
North America	4	-0.58	-0.80	-0.35	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>					4	-0.08	-0.23	0.06	0.260			
Oceania	1	-0.93	-1.64	-0.23	<b>0.010</b>					1	-0.10	-0.28	0.07	0.241			
South America	4	-0.89	-1.31	-0.47	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>					4	-0.01	-0.07	0.05	0.722			
<b>Research type</b>																	
case-control study	2	-0.34	-0.59	-0.08	<b>0.009</b>	0.024	< 0.001	0.150	51.8%	2	-0.10	-0.15	-0.05	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.499	0.925	0
cross-sectional study	36	-0.37	-0.45	-0.28	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>					40	-0.07	-0.09	-0.04	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>			
cohort study	6	-0.80	-1.11	-0.50	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>					7	-0.08	-0.11	-0.04	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>			

Abbreviations: LDL-C: low-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; HDL-C: high-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; WMD: weighted mean difference; mixed: vegan, lacto, lacto-ovo or a combination of two; We defined “vegan diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, seafood, eggs, and dairy, “lacto vegetarian diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, seafood, and eggs, and “lacto-ovo vegetarian diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, and seafood. The mixed diet was a combination of these vegetarian subtypes.

Table S4. Subgroup analyses for the effects of the vegetarian diet on low-density lipoprotein and high-density lipoprotein (randomized controlled trials).

Group		LDL-C, mmol/L										HDL-C, mmol/L											
		N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)	N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)						
				lower	upper							lower	upper										
<b>Vegetarian type</b>																							
Duration of vegetarian diet	vegan	14	-0.24	-0.38	-0.10	<0.001	0.401	<0.001	70.9%	17	-0.07	-0.11	-0.04	<0.001	0.749	<0.001	70.5%						
	lacto-ovo	1	-0.41	-0.80	-0.03	0.034																	
Health status	< 12 weeks	2	-0.39	-0.72	-0.06	0.021	0.416	0.787	0	3	-0.04	-0.16	0.09	0.546	0.555	0.297	17.6%						
	≥ 12 weeks	13	-0.24	-0.38	-0.10	0.001																	
Region	healthy	2	-0.35	-0.59	-0.10	0.006	0.446	0.655	0	2	-0.14	-0.24	-0.04	0.007	0.182	0.325	0						
	chronic diseases	13	-0.24	-0.38	-0.10	0.001																	
Research type	Asia	-	-	-	-	-	0.143	-	-	1	0.10	-0.11	0.31	0.353	0.004	<0.001	64.0%						
	Europe	4	-0.51	-0.98	0.04	0.035		0.035	65.2%	4	-0.07	-0.18	0.04	0.196									
	North America	10	-0.18	-0.31	-0.05	0.006		0.003	63.8%	12	-0.06	-0.10	-0.03	0.001									
	Oceania	1	-0.40	-0.63	-0.17	0.001																	
	parallel design	12	-0.23	-0.39	-0.08	0.003	0.438	<0.001	72.9%	14	-0.07	-0.11	-0.03	<0.001	0.589	<0.001	70.4%						
	cross-over design	3	-0.33	-0.51	-0.14	<0.001																	

Abbreviations: LDL-C: low-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; HDL-C: high-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; WMD: weighted mean difference; We defined “vegan diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, seafood, eggs, and dairy, and “lacto-ovo vegetarian diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, and seafood.

Table S5. Subgroup analyses for the effects of the vegetarian diet on fasting blood glucose (observational studies).

Group		N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)
				lower	upper				
<b>Vegetarian type</b>									
	vegan	13	-0.19	-0.34	-0.04	<b>0.015</b>		0.002	62.0%
	lacto	2	-0.18	-0.49	0.14	0.277	0.304	0.002	89.3%
	lacto-ovo	10	-0.25	-0.34	-0.16	<0.001		0.048	47.1%
	mixed	6	-0.44	-0.66	-0.22	<0.001		<0.001	89.2%
<b>Duration of vegetarian diet</b>									
	< 5 years	14	-0.19	-0.30	-0.07	<b>0.001</b>	0.037	0.001	63.2%
	≥ 5 years	13	-0.36	-0.48	-0.24	<0.001		<0.001	85.2%
<b>Health status</b>									
	healthy	28	-0.26	-0.33	-0.18	<0.001	0.501	<0.001	77.2%
	chronic diseases	3	-0.37	-0.70	-0.05	<b>0.025</b>		0.049	66.9%
<b>Region</b>									
	Asia	21	-0.19	-0.25	-0.13	<0.001		<0.001	63.1%
	Africa	1	-0.40	-2.21	1.41	0.664		-	-
	Europe	3	-0.20	-0.72	0.33	0.460	0.052	0.129	51.2%
	North America	3	-0.45	-0.69	-0.21	<0.001		0.992	0
	South America	3	-0.89	-1.49	-0.29	<b>0.004</b>		<0.001	89.5%
<b>Research type</b>									
	case-control study	1	-0.17	-0.31	-0.03	<b>0.016</b>		-	-
	cross-sectional study	26	-0.25	-0.33	-0.17	<0.001	0.217	<0.001	62.9%
	cohort study	4	-0.46	-0.76	-0.16	<b>0.003</b>		<0.001	93.8%

Abbreviations: WMD: weighted mean difference; mixed: vegan, lacto, lacto-ovo or a combination of two; We defined “vegan diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, seafood, eggs, and dairy, “lacto vegetarian diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, seafood, and eggs, and “lacto-ovo vegetarian diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, and seafood. The mixed diet was a combination of these vegetarian subtypes.

Table S6. Subgroup analyses for the effects of the vegetarian diet on fasting blood glucose (randomized controlled trials).

Group		N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)	fasting blood glucose, mmol/L
				lower	upper					
<b>Vegetarian type</b>										
	vegan	9	-0.36	-0.49	-0.24	< 0.001	0.265	0.354	9.7%	
	lacto-ovo	2	-0.18	-0.47	0.11	0.222		0.427	0	
<b>Duration of vegetarian diet</b>										
	< 12 weeks	3	-0.21	-0.46	0.05	0.115	0.324	0.687	0	
	≥ 12 weeks	8	-0.35	-0.50	-0.21	< 0.001		0.271	20.1%	
<b>Health status</b>										
	healthy	2	-0.18	-0.47	0.11	0.222	0.265	0.427	0	
	chronic diseases	9	-0.36	-0.49	-0.24	< 0.001		0.354	9.7%	
<b>Region</b>										
	Europe	2	-0.03	-0.51	0.45	0.908		0.183	43.6%	
	North America	8	-0.38	-0.48	-0.28	< 0.001	0.352	0.605	0	
	Oceania	1	-0.52	-1.41	0.37	0.250		-	-	
<b>Research type</b>										
	parallel design	9	-0.36	-0.50	-0.22	< 0.001	0.362	0.346	10.6%	
	cross-over design	2	-0.24	-0.47	-0.01	0.045		0.355	0	

Abbreviations: WMD: weighted mean difference; We defined “vegan diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, seafood, eggs, and dairy, and “lacto-ovo vegetarian diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, and seafood.

Table S7. Subgroup analyses for the effects of the vegetarian diet on HbA1c (observational studies).

Group		N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)	HbA1c, %
				lower	upper					
<b>Vegetarian type</b>										
	vegan	1	0.15	-0.41	0.71	0.598		-	-	
	lacto	1	0.10	0.004	0.20	<b>0.040</b>	0.052	-	-	
	lacto-ovo	1	-0.30	-0.71	0.11	0.151		-	-	
	mixed	3	-0.13	-0.30	0.05	0.160		0.054	0.054	65.7%
<b>Duration of vegetarian diet</b>										
	< 5 years	4	-0.21	-0.31	-0.10	< 0.001	0.017	0.613	0	
	≥ 5 years	1	0.10	-0.13	0.33	0.392		-	-	
<b>Health status</b>										
	healthy	4	-0.07	-0.29	0.14	0.491	0.959	< 0.001	83.5%	
	chronic diseases	2	-0.06	-0.45	0.32	0.750		0.094	64.2%	
<b>Region</b>										
	Asia	3	0.05	-0.11	0.21	0.550		0.173	43.0%	
	Europe	1	0.15	-0.41	0.71	0.598	0.048	-	-	
	North America	1	-0.22	-0.36	-0.08	<b>0.002</b>		-	-	
	South America	1	-0.20	-0.37	-0.03	<b>0.023</b>		-	-	

Abbreviations: HbA1c: glycosylated hemoglobin; WMD: weighted mean difference; mixed: vegan, lacto, lacto-ovo or a combination of two; We defined “vegan diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, seafood, eggs, and dairy, “lacto vegetarian diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, seafood, and eggs, and “lacto-ovo vegetarian diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, and seafood. The mixed diet was a combination of these vegetarian subtypes.

Table S8. Subgroup analyses for the effects of the vegetarian diet on HbA1c (randomized controlled trials).

Group		N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)	HbA1c, %
				lower	upper					
<b>Duration of vegetarian diet</b>										
	< 12 weeks	3	-0.18	-0.90	0.55	0.639	0.940	0.973	0	
	≥ 12 weeks	9	-0.15	-0.28	-0.01	<b>0.034</b>		0.255	21.2%	
<b>Region</b>										
	Asia	1	-0.10	-1.10	0.90	0.845	-	-	-	
	Europe	3	-0.20	-1.01	0.60	0.619	0.969	0.984	0	
	North America	7	-0.17	-0.33	-0.01	<b>0.043</b>		0.133	38.8%	
	Oceania	1	-0.45	-1.62	0.72	0.450	-	-	-	
<b>Research type</b>										
	parallel design	9	-0.23	-0.44	-0.01	<b>0.041</b>	0.424	0.263	20.3%	
	cross-over design	3	-0.12	-0.26	0.02	0.083		0.967	0	
Abbreviations:	HbA1c:	glycosylated	hemoglobin;			WMD:	weighted	mean		difference.

Table S9. Subgroup analyses for the effects of the vegetarian diet on blood pressure (observational studies).

Group		SBP, mmHg							DBP, mmHg								
		N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)	N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)
				lower	upper							lower	upper				
<b>Vegetarian type</b>																	
	vegan	13	-0.83	-2.55	0.89	0.346	0.008	< 0.001	83.9%	12	-0.60	-1.46	0.27	0.175	0.011	< 0.001	72.2%
	lacto	6	-5.31	-10.38	-0.24	<b>0.040</b>				6	-2.83	-6.73	1.07	0.155			
	lacto-ovo	15	-6.11	-9.21	-3.01	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>				15	-3.90	-6.04	-1.77	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>			
	mixed	8	-5.87	-10.83	-0.91	<b>0.020</b>				7	-4.66	-9.03	-0.30	<b>0.036</b>			
<b>Duration of vegetarian diet</b>																	
	< 5 years	15	-3.66	-6.59	-0.73	<b>0.014</b>	0.608	< 0.001	77.8%	14	-1.61	-3.42	0.19	0.080	0.222	< 0.001	77.2%
	≥ 5 years	18	-4.69	-7.31	-2.07	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>				17	-3.23	-5.10	-1.36	<b>0.001</b>			
<b>Health status</b>																	
	healthy	37	-4.72	-6.43	-3.01	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.050	< 0.001	85.6%	35	-3.22	-4.40	-2.03	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.005	< 0.001	87.5%
	chronic diseases	5	-1.76	-4.18	0.66	0.153				5	0.15	-1.89	2.20	0.884			
<b>Region</b>																	
	Asia	27	-3.79	-5.30	-2.27	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.253	< 0.001	89.7%	27	-2.37	-3.28	-1.46	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>	0.001	< 0.001	87.1%
	Africa	2	-1.70	-5.66	2.26	0.401				2	1.90	-1.16	4.96	0.223			
	Europe	4	-3.40	-6.91	0.11	0.058				3	-0.87	-2.27	0.53	0.221			
	North America	7	-4.05	-7.27	-0.84	<b>0.013</b>				6	-2.26	-4.78	0.25	0.078			
	South America	2	-15.40	-26.47	-4.33	<b>0.006</b>				2	-11.96	-18.13	-5.79	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>			
<b>Research type</b>																	
	case-control study	2	-4.15	-6.97	-1.34	<b>0.004</b>	0.586	< 0.001	86.5%	2	-0.63	-2.26	1.00	0.450	0.078	< 0.001	86.3%
	cross-sectional study	33	-3.98	-5.80	-2.15	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>				31	-2.69	-3.93	-1.45	<b>&lt; 0.001</b>			
	cohort study	7	-6.48	-10.90	-2.07	<b>0.004</b>				7	-3.58	-6.37	-0.80	<b>0.012</b>			

Abbreviations: SBP: systolic blood pressure; DBP: diastolic blood pressure; WMD: weighted mean difference; mixed: vegan, lacto, lacto-ovo or a combination of two; We defined “vegan diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, seafood, eggs, and dairy, “lacto vegetarian diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, seafood, and eggs, and “lacto-ovo vegetarian diet” as a diet which excludes the consumption of any meat, fish, and seafood. The mixed diet was a combination of these vegetarian subtypes.

Table S10. Subgroup analyses for the effects of the vegetarian diet on blood pressure (randomized controlled trials).

Group		SBP, mmHg										DBP, mmHg											
		N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)	N	WMD	95% CI		p-value	p-value for between group heterogeneity	p for heterogeneity	I <sup>2</sup> (%)						
				lower	upper							lower	upper										
Duration of vegetarian diet																							
	< 12 weeks	2	-3.40	-11.09	4.29	0.386	0.254	0.239	28.0%	2	-1.77	-6.96	3.42	0.503	0.467	0.167	47.7%						
	≥ 12 weeks	11	1.23	-0.81	3.28	0.238				11	0.21	-1.09	1.51	0.749									
Region	Asia	1	1.00	-9.00	11.00	0.845	0.052	-	-	1	1.00	-4.54	6.54	0.724	0.677	-	-	-	-	-			
	Europe	2	-5.40	-11.32	0.52	0.074		0.632	0		2	-1.68	-6.87	3.51	0.526		0.152	51.3%					
	North America	9	1.05	-1.25	3.35	0.373		0.010	59.9%		9	-0.01	-1.67	1.65	0.991								
	Oceania	1	4.00	0.83	7.17	<b>0.014</b>			1	1.00	-0.46	2.46	0.179										
Research type	parallel design	11	0.67	-1.45	2.79	0.536	0.524	0.002	63.9%	11	-0.31	-1.59	0.98	0.640	0.046	0.005	60.3%						
	cross-over design	2	3.06	-3.98	10.11	0.394				2	2.70	0.04	5.35	0.046									

Abbreviations: SBP: systolic blood pressure; DBP: diastolic blood pressure; WMD: weighted mean difference.

Table S11. Begg's test and Egger's test for the observational studies.

	TC	TG	LDL-C	HDL-C	FBG	HOMA-IR	HbA1c	SBP	DBP
Begg's test	0.468	0.170	0.035	0.635	0.234	0.296	1.000	0.931	0.121
Egger's test	0.093	0.002	0.526	0.735	0.006	0.158	0.577	0.012	0.356

Abbreviations: TC: total cholesterol; TG: triglyceride; LDL-C: low-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; HDL-C: high-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; FBG: fasting blood glucose; HOMA-IR: homeostatic model assessment for insulin resistance; HbA1c: glycosylated hemoglobin; SBP: systolic blood pressure; DBP: diastolic blood pressure.

Table S12. Begg's test and Egger's test for the included randomized controlled trials.

	TC	TG	LDL-C	HDL-C	FBG	HOMA-IR	HbA1c	SBP	DBP
Begg's test	0.902	0.266	0.276	0.225	0.640	0.806	1.000	0.760	0.951
Egger's test	0.010	0.783	0.001	0.039	0.498	0.401	0.056	0.919	0.605

Abbreviations: TC: total cholesterol; TG: triglyceride; LDL-C: low-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; HDL-C: high-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; FBG: fasting blood glucose; HOMA-IR: homeostatic model assessment for insulin resistance; HbA1c: glycosylated hemoglobin; SBP: systolic blood pressure; DBP: diastolic blood pressure.

Table S13. Certainty of evidence for the included observational studies.

	Summary of findings			Certainty of evidence				Certainty of evidence (GRADE score)
	No. of participants (no. of studies)	Mean difference (95% CI)	Risk of Bias <sup>a</sup>	Publication bias <sup>b</sup>	Imprecision <sup>c</sup>	Inconsistency <sup>d</sup>		
Outcomes								
TC (mmol/L)	108409 (55)	-0.54 (-0.60 to -0.48)	●	○	○	○	●●●	Moderate
TG (mmol/L)	63618 (53)	-0.11 (-0.17 to -0.05)	●	○	○	○	○	Very Low
LDL-C (mmol/L)	62806 (44)	-0.41 (-0.48 to -0.34)	●	○	○	○	●●●	Moderate
HDL-C (mmol/L)	64610 (49)	-0.07 (-0.09 to -0.05)	●	○	○	○	●●●	Moderate
Fasting blood glucose (mmol/L)	61853 (31)	-0.26 (-0.34 to -0.19)	●	○	○	○	○○	Low
HOMA-IR	1301 (3)	-0.14 (-0.44 to 0.16)	●	○	○	○	○○	Low
HbA1c (%)	1361 (6)	-0.07 (-0.24 to 0.10)	●	○	○	○	○○	Low
SBP (mmHg)	107844 (42)	-4.30 (-5.63 to -2.97)	●	○	○	○	○○	Low
DBP (mmHg)	107705 (41)	-2.63 (-3.47 to -1.79)	●	○	○	○	●●●	Moderate

Abbreviations: CI: confidence interval; GRADE: Grading of Recommendations, Assessment, Development and Evaluations; TC: total cholesterol concentration; TG: triglyceride concentration; LDL-C: low-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; HDL-C: high-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; FBG: fasting blood glucose; HOMA-IR: homeostatic model assessment for insulin resistance; HbA1c: glycated hemoglobin; SBP: systolic blood pressure; DBP: diastolic blood pressure.

<sup>a</sup> Downgraded by one level if >25% of participants were from studies with a Newcastle-Ottawa Scale < 4.

<sup>b</sup> Downgraded by one level if the p-value of Egger's test < 0.05.

<sup>c</sup> Downgraded by one level if a wide confidence interval was observed.

<sup>d</sup> Downgraded by one level if a substantial heterogeneity.

Table S14. Certainty of evidence for the included randomized controlled trials.

	Summary of findings			Certainty of evidence				Certainty of evidence (GRADE score)
	No. of participants (no. of trials)	Mean difference (95% CI)	Risk of Bias <sup>a</sup>	Publication bias <sup>b</sup>	Imprecision <sup>c</sup>	Inconsistency <sup>d</sup>		
Outcomes								
TC (mmol/L)	1343 (17)	-0.24 (-0.37 to -0.10)	●	○	○	○	○	●● Low
TG (mmol/L)	1455 (17)	-0.002 (-0.09 to 0.09)	●	○	○	○	○	●● Low
LDL-C (mmol/L)	1289 (15)	-0.25 (-0.38 to -0.12)	●	○	○	○	○	●● Low
HDL-C (mmol/L)	1451 (18)	-0.07 (-0.11 to -0.04)	●	○	○	○	○	●● Low
Fasting blood glucose (mmol/L)	814 (11)	-0.50 (-0.80 to -0.20)	●	○	○	○	○	●●● Moderate
HOMA-IR	624 (5)	-0.96 (-1.37 to -0.55)	●	○	○	○	○	●●●● High
HbA1c (%)	847 (12)	-0.10 (-0.19 to -0.01)	●	○	○	○	○	●●●● High
SBP (mmHg)	983 (13)	0.88 (-1.10 to 2.85)	●	○	○	○	○	●● Low
DBP (mmHg)	983 (13)	0.04 (-1.20 to 1.28)	●	○	○	○	○	●● Low

Abbreviations: CI: confidence interval; GRADE: Grading of Recommendations, Assessment, Development and Evaluations; TC: total cholesterol concentration; TG: triglyceride concentration; LDL-C: low-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; HDL-C: high-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; FBG: fasting blood glucose; HOMA-IR: homeostatic model assessment for insulin resistance; HbA1c: glycated hemoglobin; SBP: systolic blood pressure; DBP: diastolic blood pressure.

<sup>a</sup> Downgraded by one level if >25% of participants were from trials at a high risk of bias.

<sup>b</sup> Downgraded by one level if the p-value of Egger's test < 0.05.

<sup>c</sup> Downgraded by one level if a wide confidence interval was observed.

<sup>d</sup> Downgraded by one level if a substantial heterogeneity.

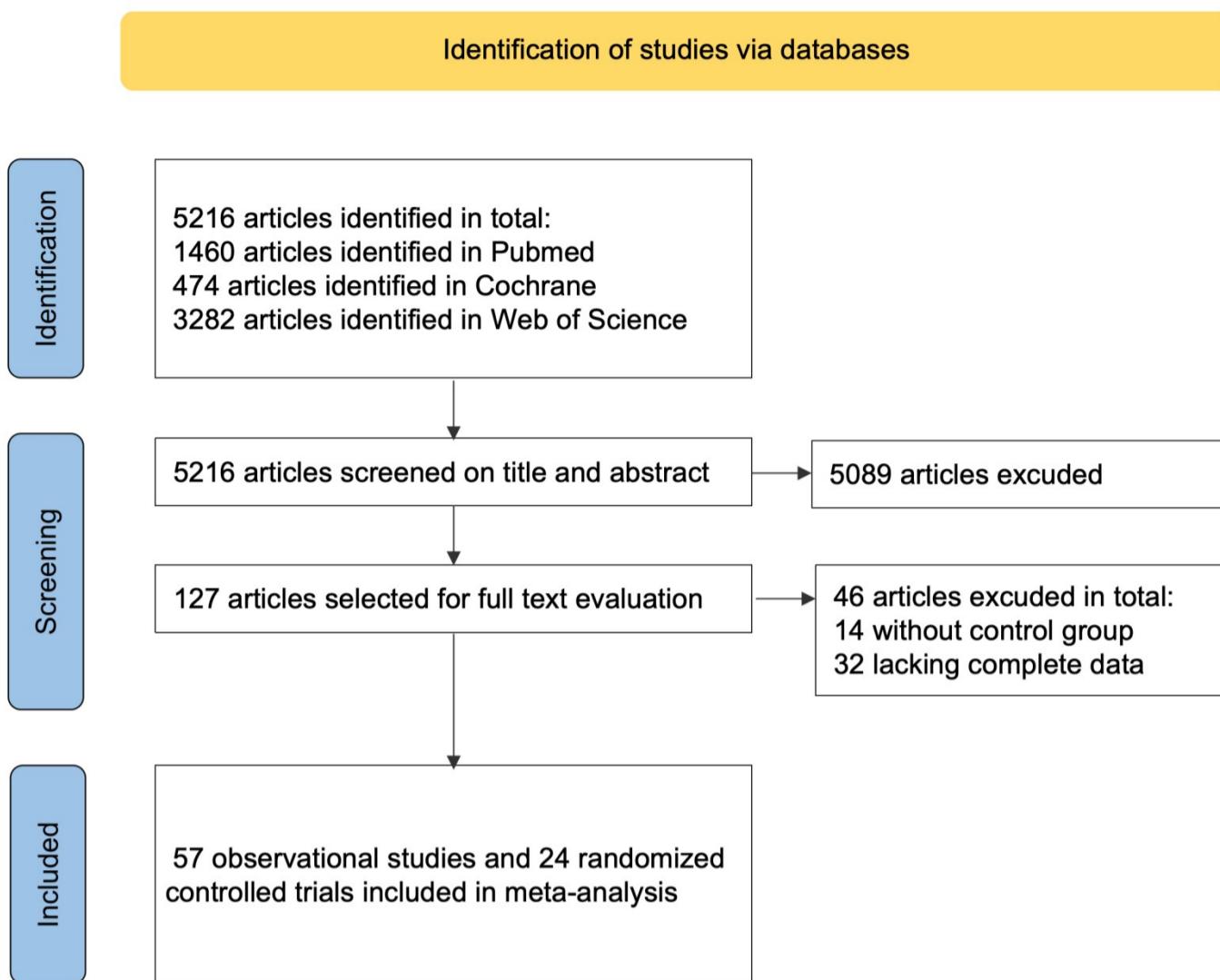


Figure S1. Flow diagram of the paper selection process.

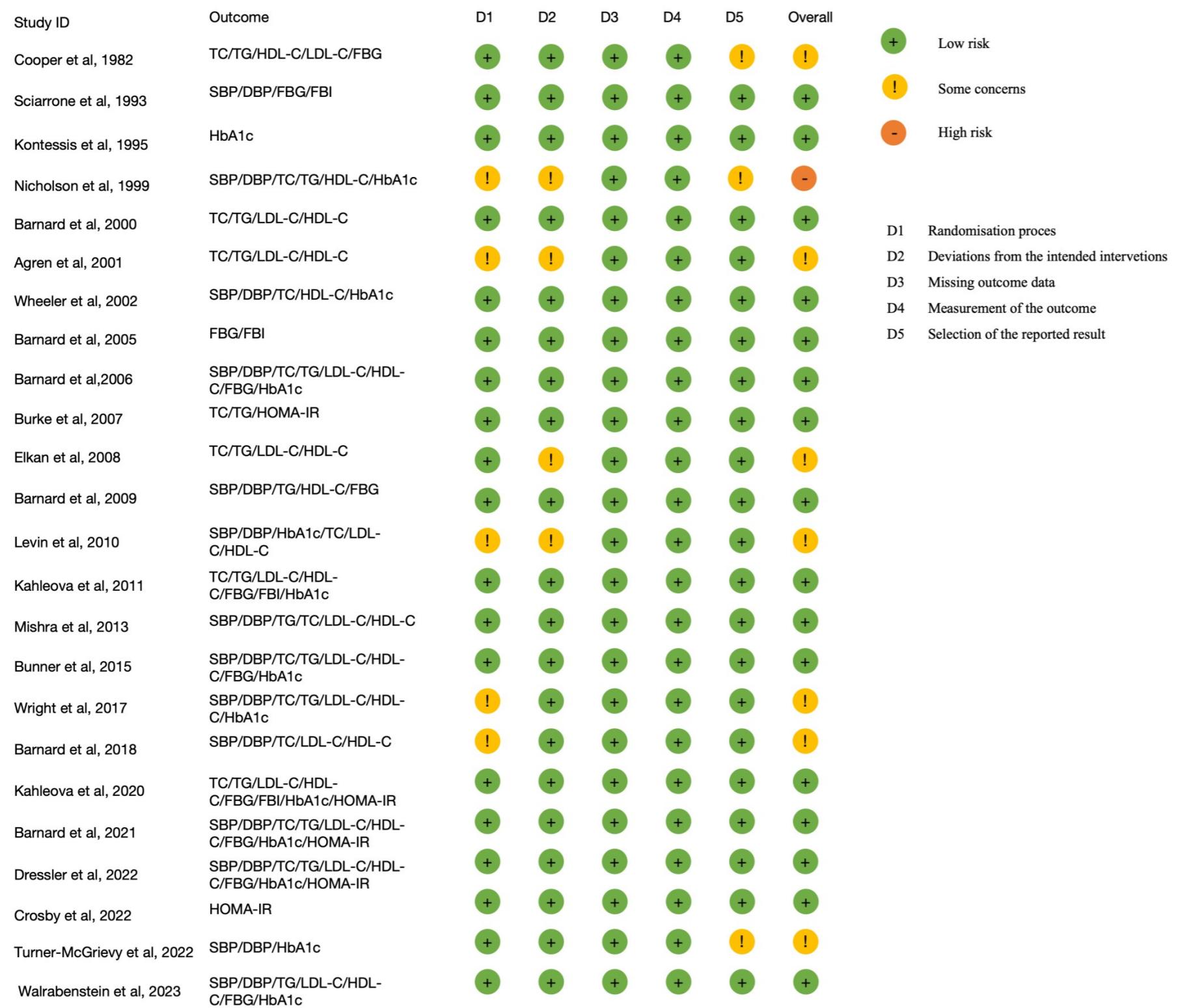
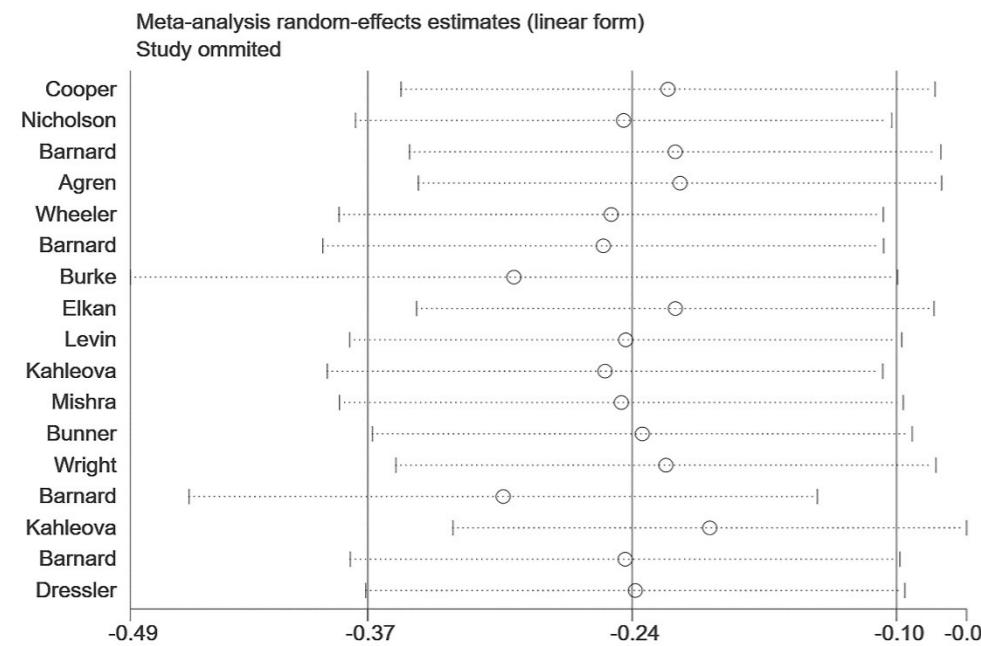
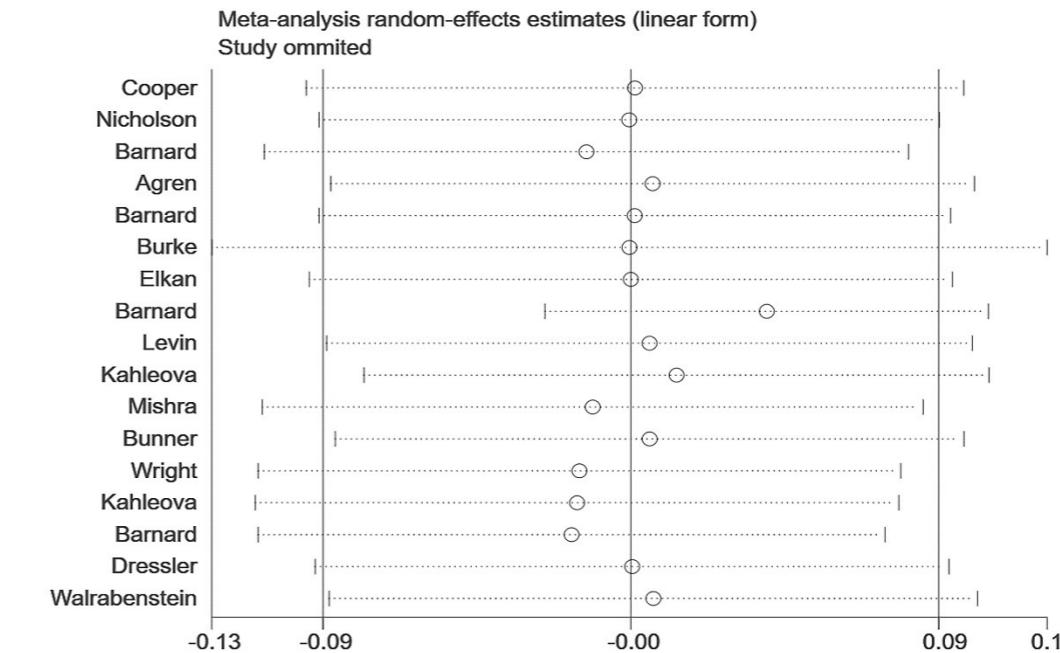
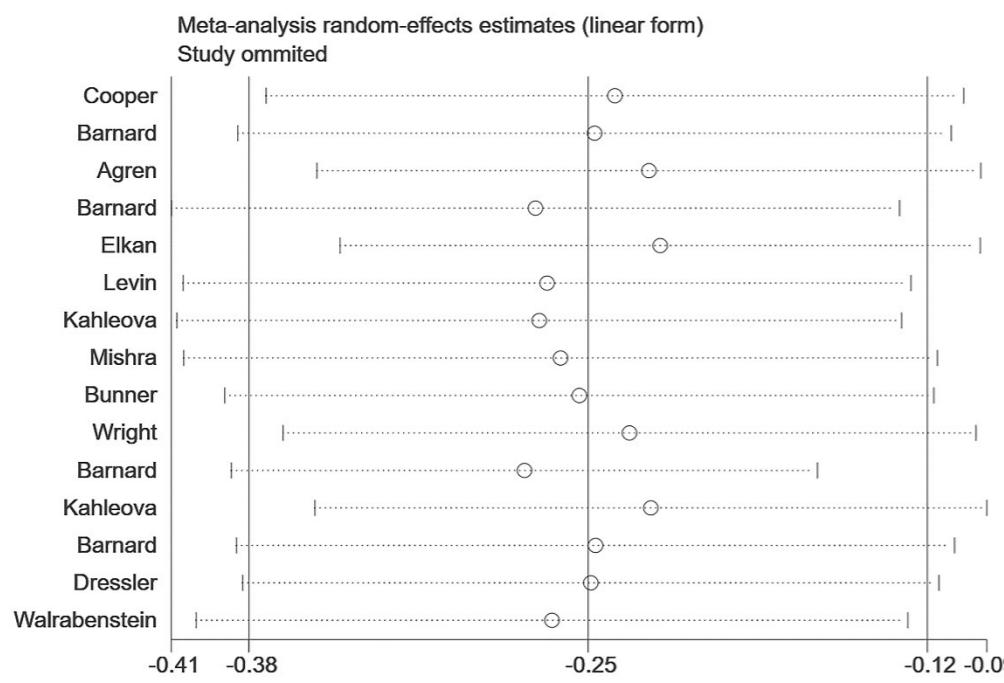
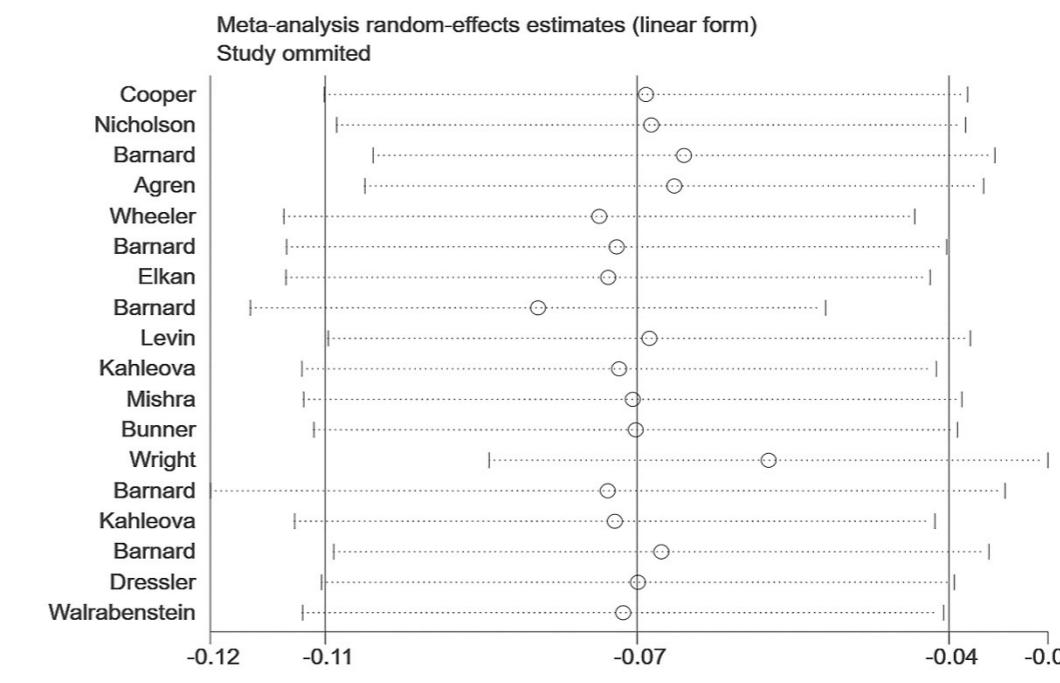
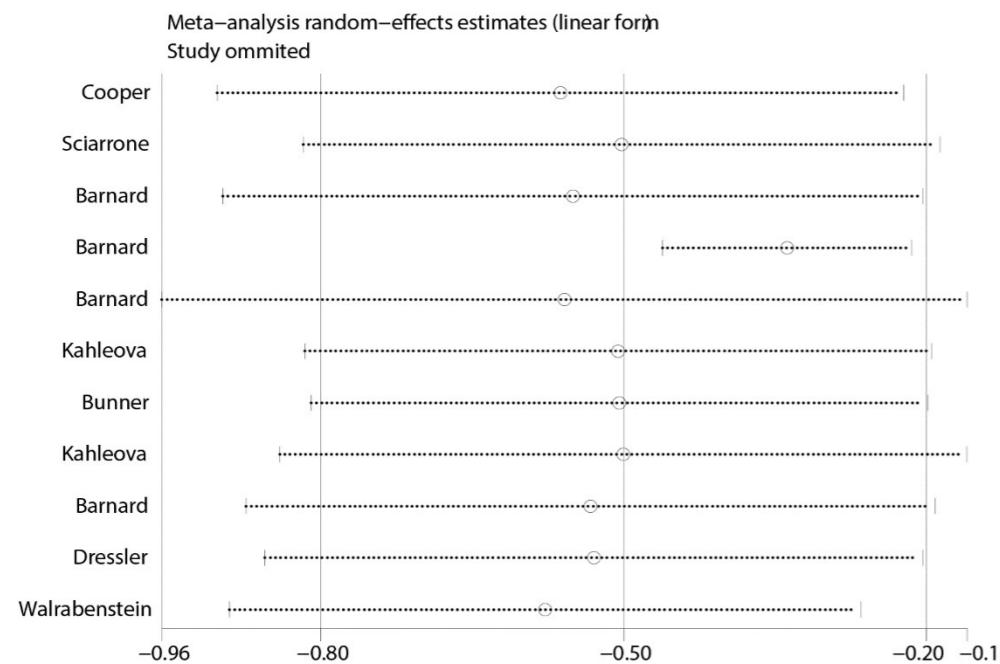
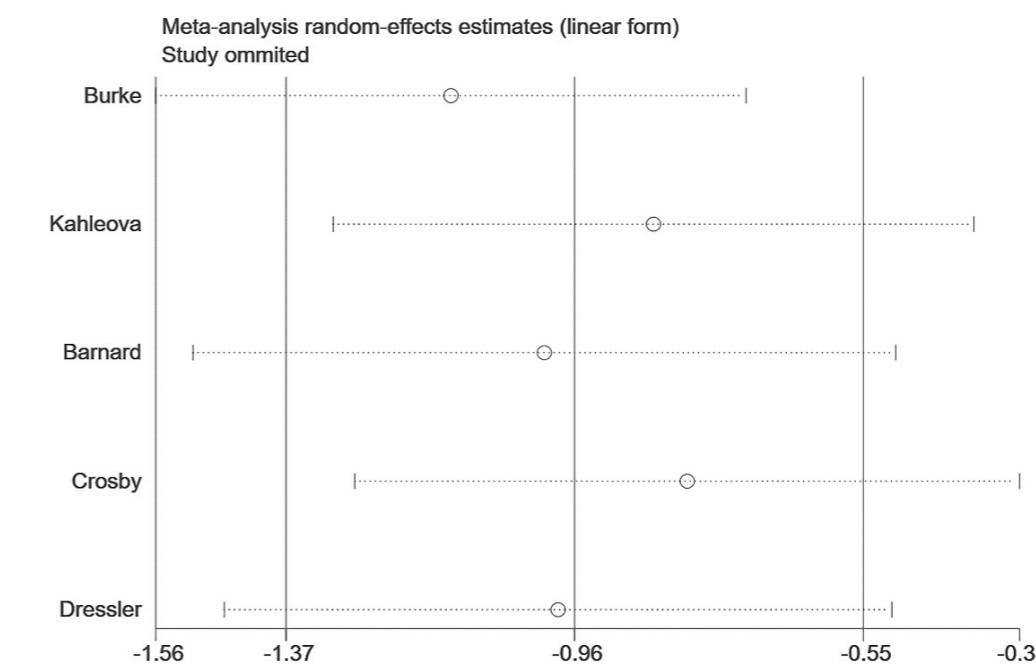
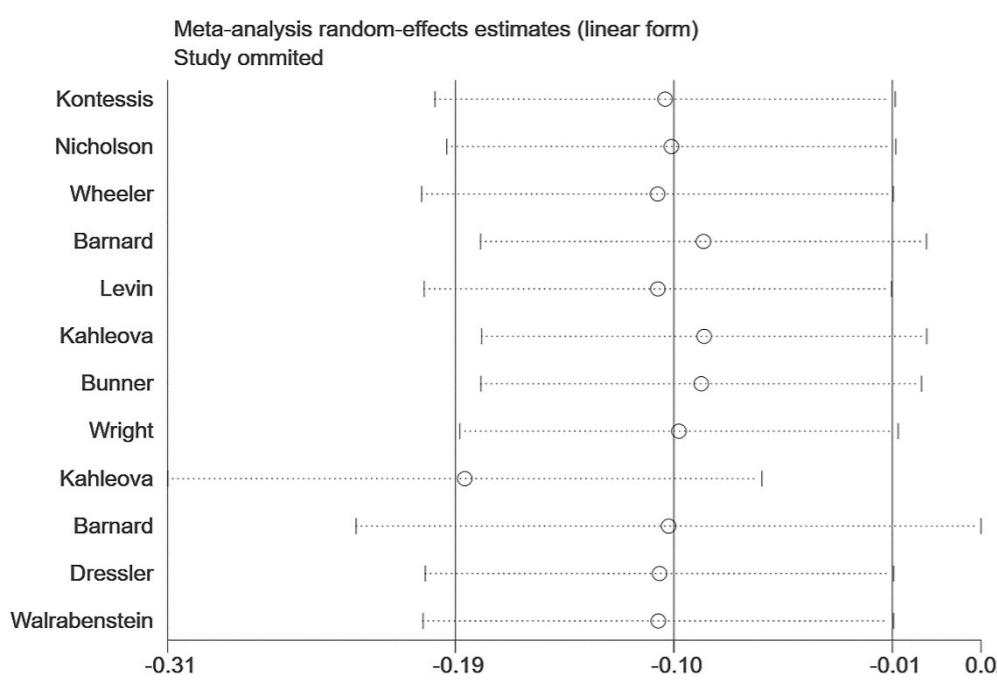
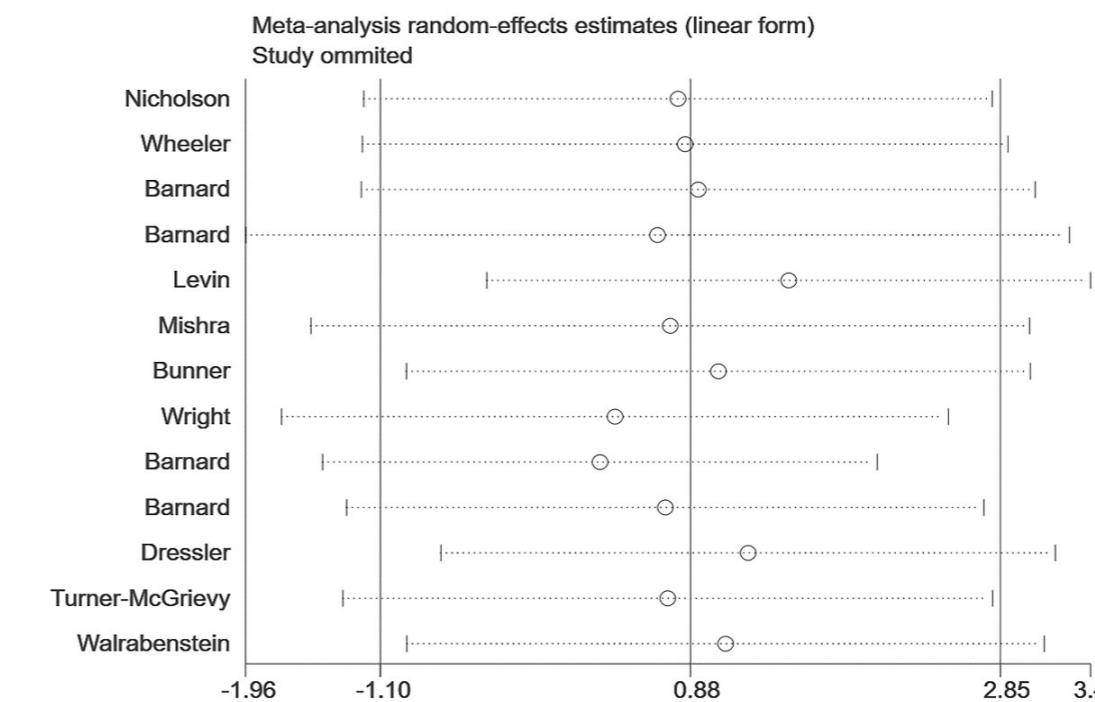


Figure S2. Risk of bias assessment for the included randomized controlled trials.

**A****B****C****D**

**E****F****G****H**

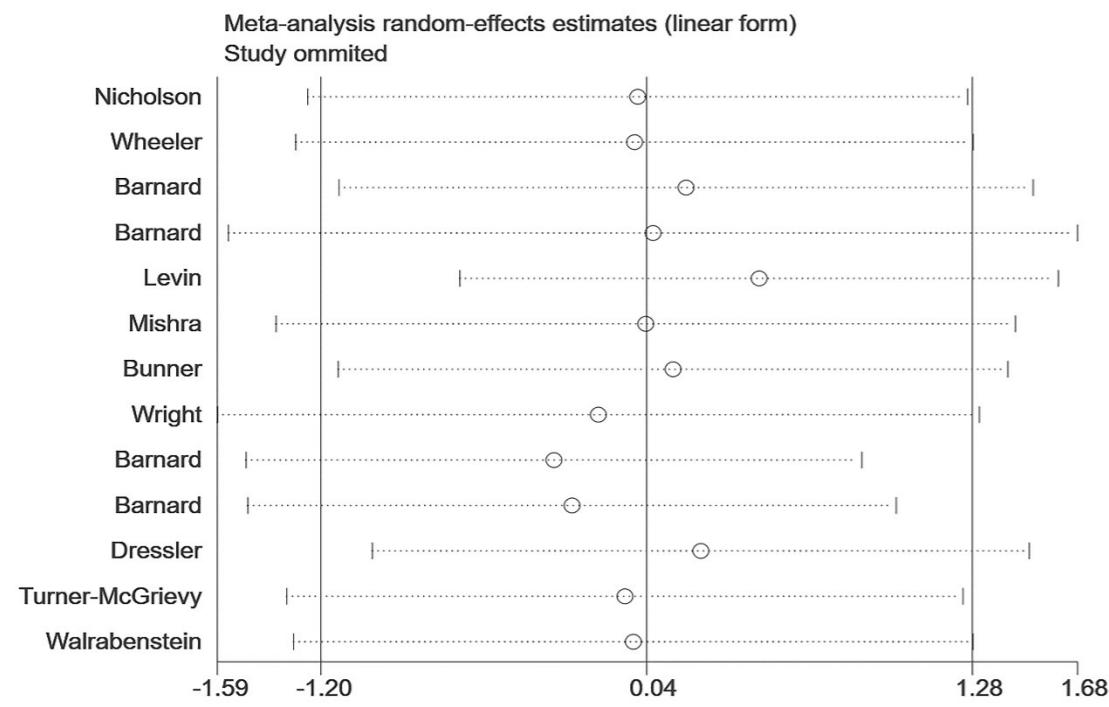
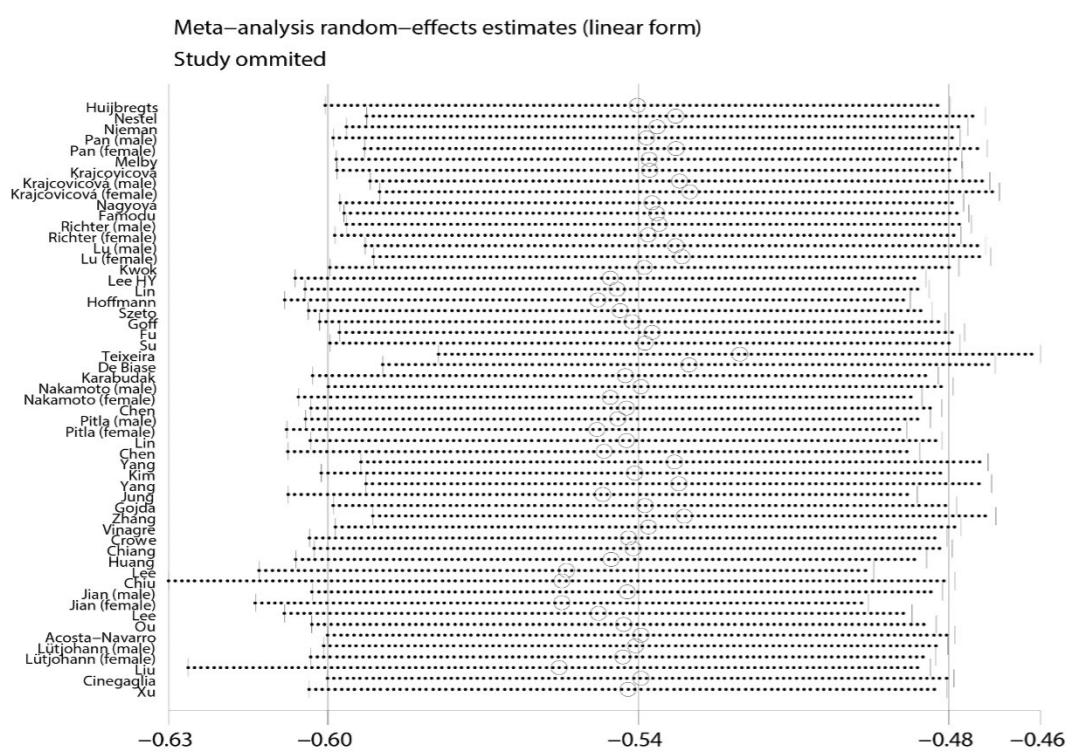
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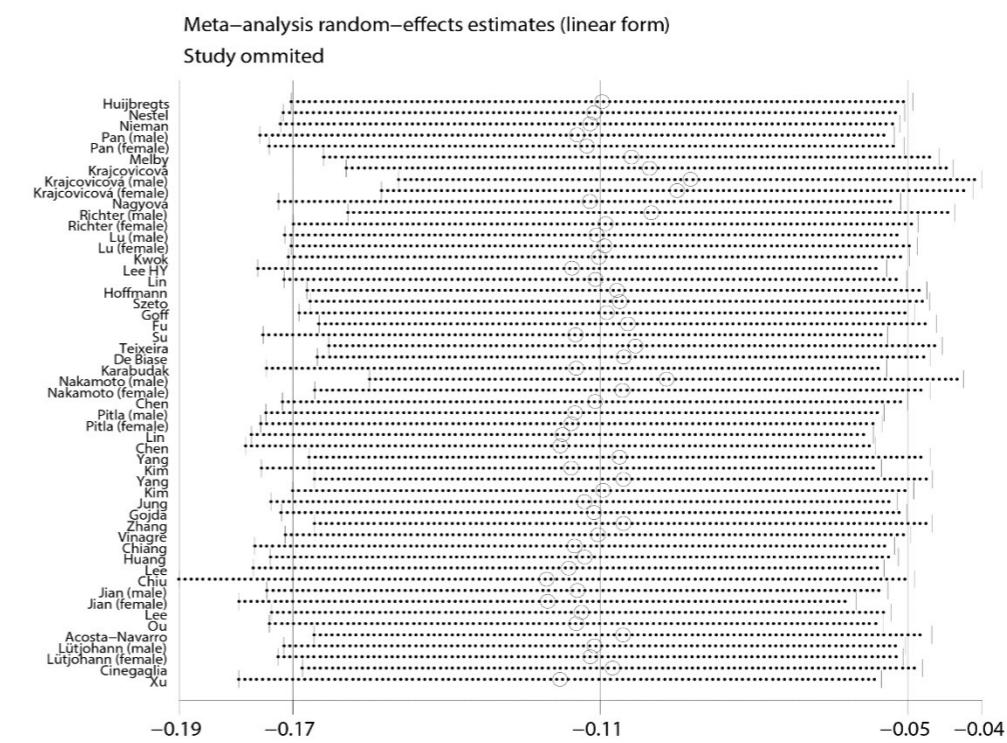
Figure S3. Sensitivity analysis for the included randomized controlled trials.

A. TC: total cholesterol; B. TG: triglyceride; C. LDL-C: low-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; D. HDL-C: high-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; E. FBG: fasting blood glucose; F. HOMA-IR: homeostatic model assessment for insulin resistance; G. HbA1c: glycosylated hemoglobin; H. SBP: systolic blood pressure; I. DBP: diastolic blood pressure.

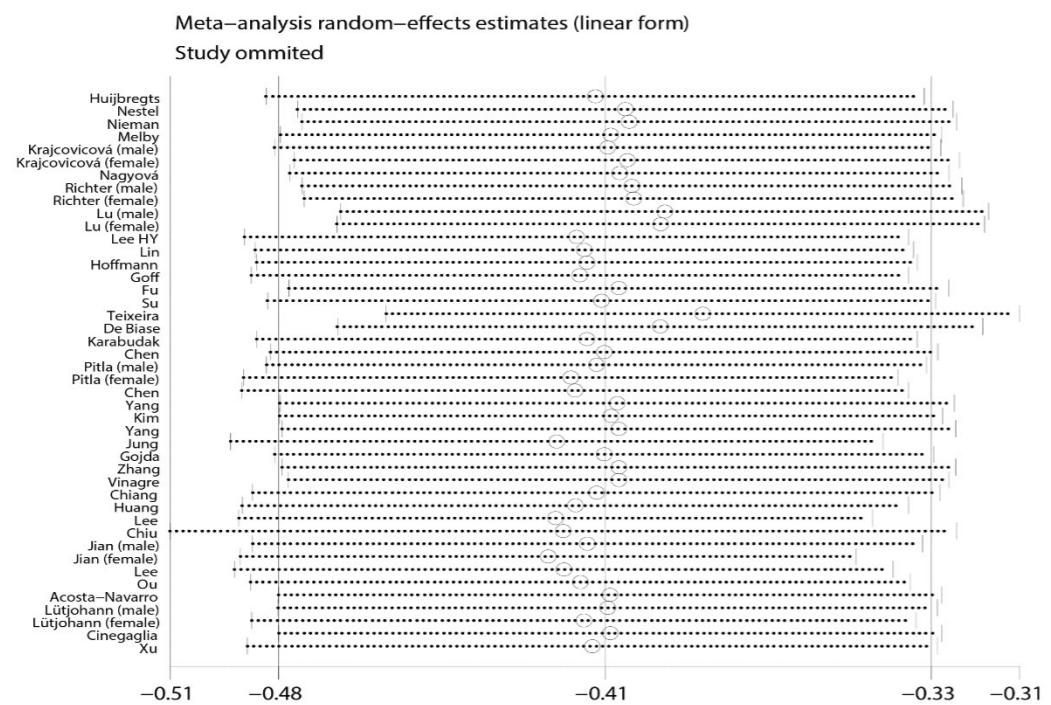
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**A**



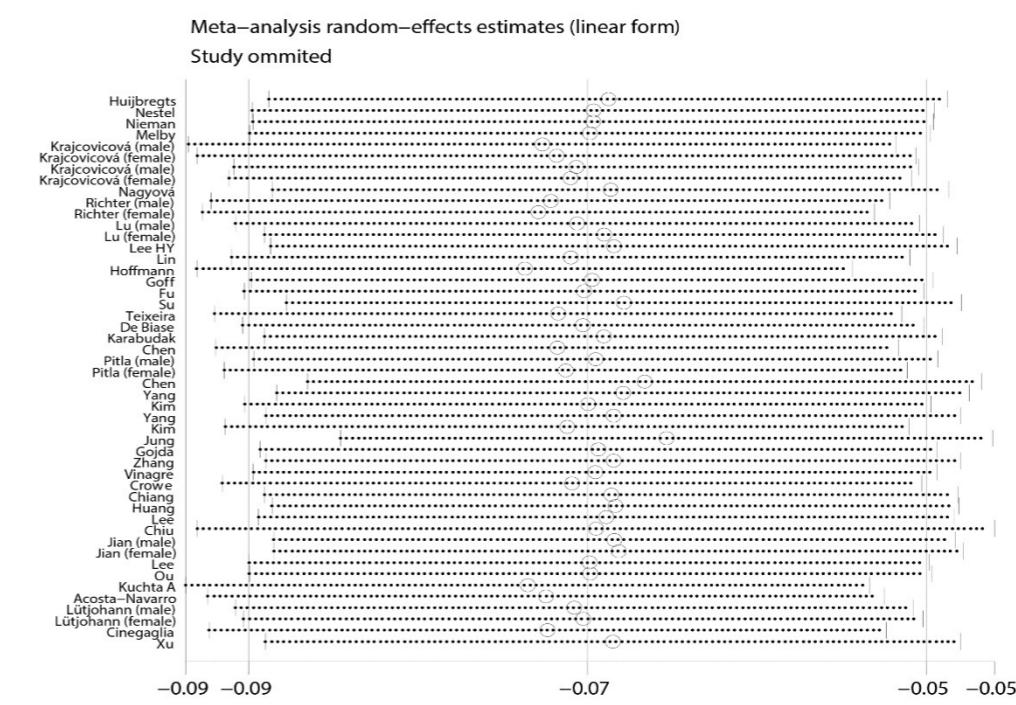
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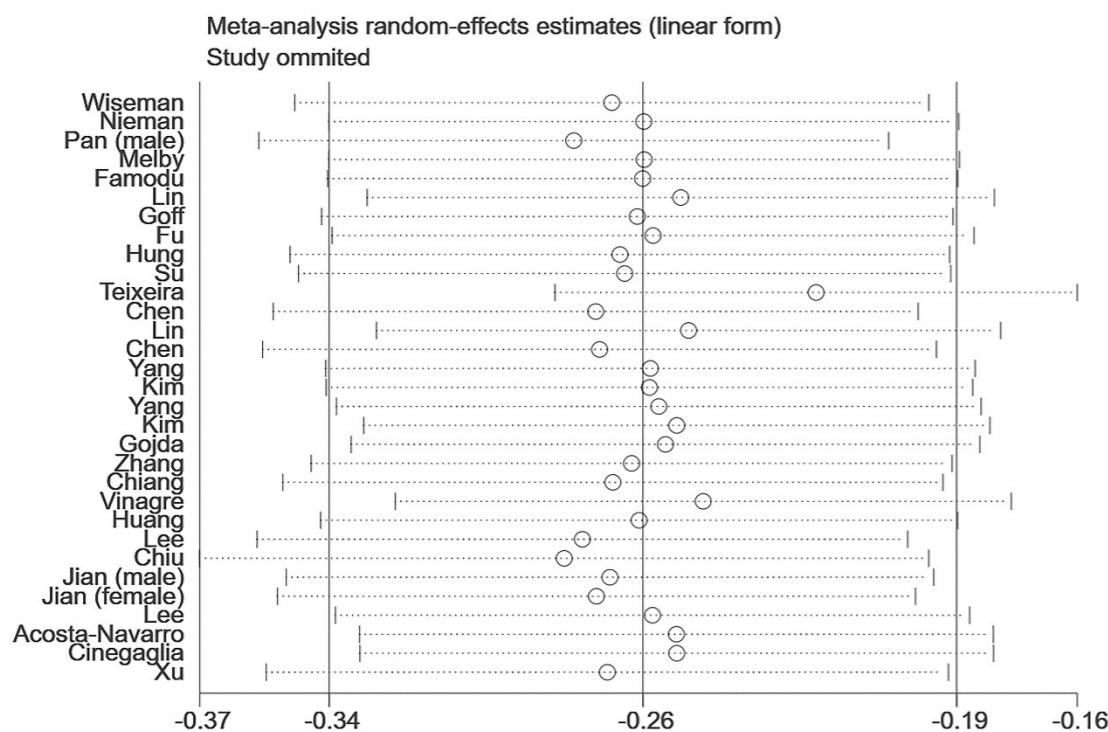
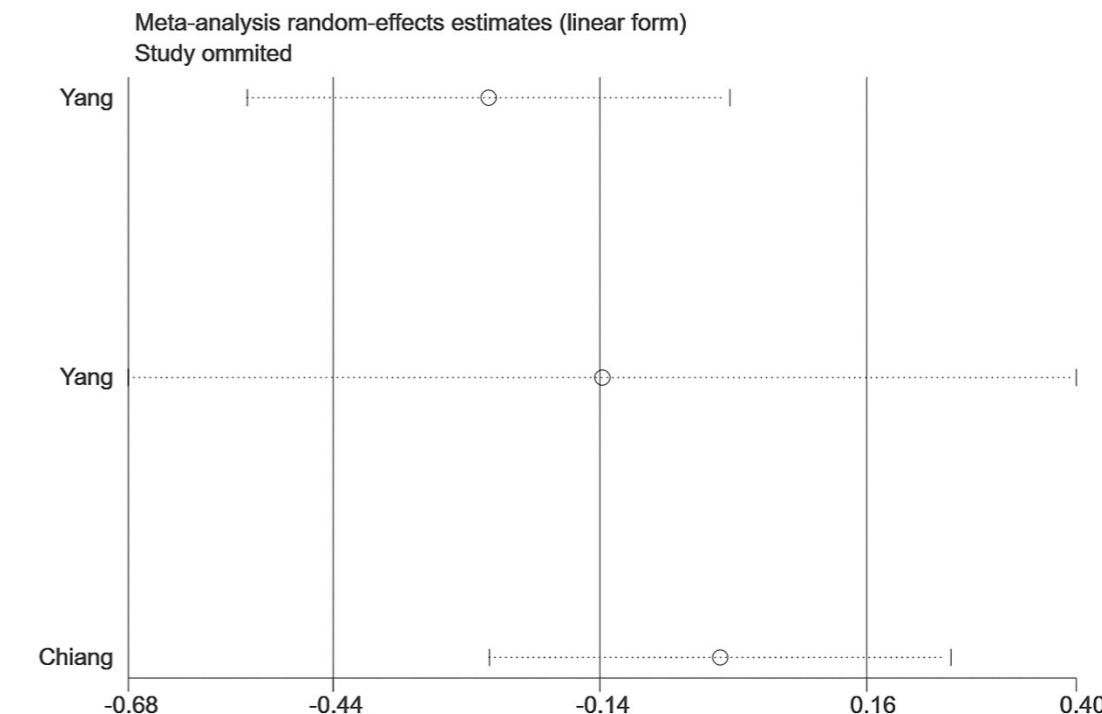
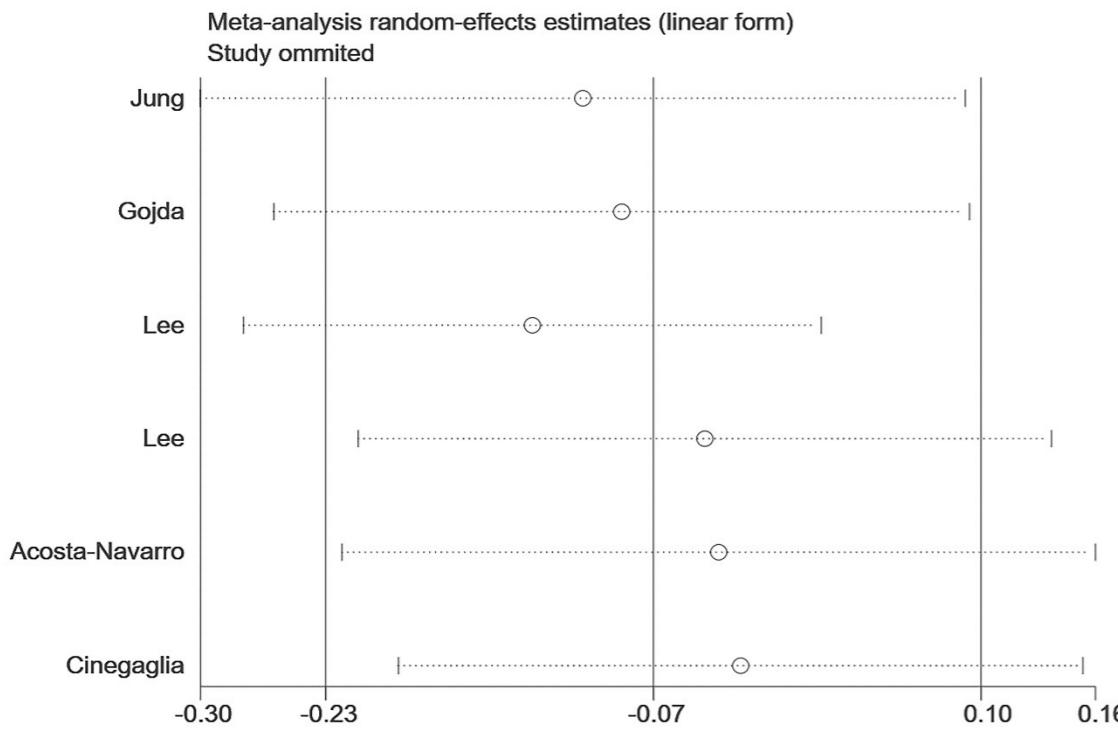
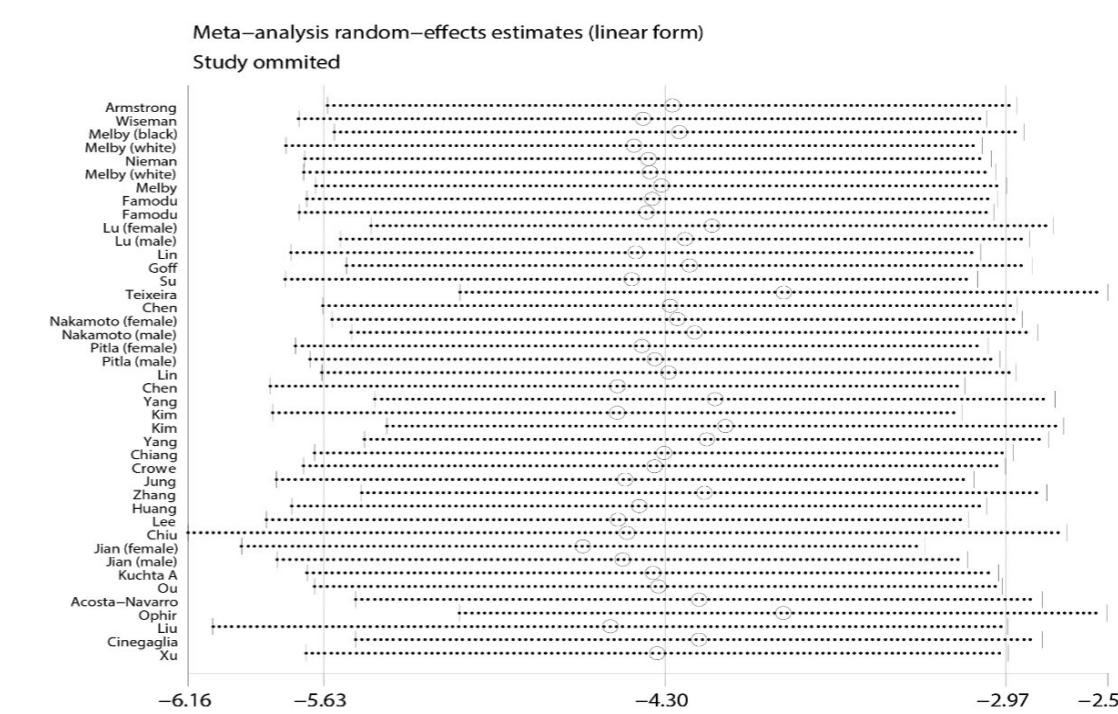


**C**



**D**



**E****F****G****H**

I

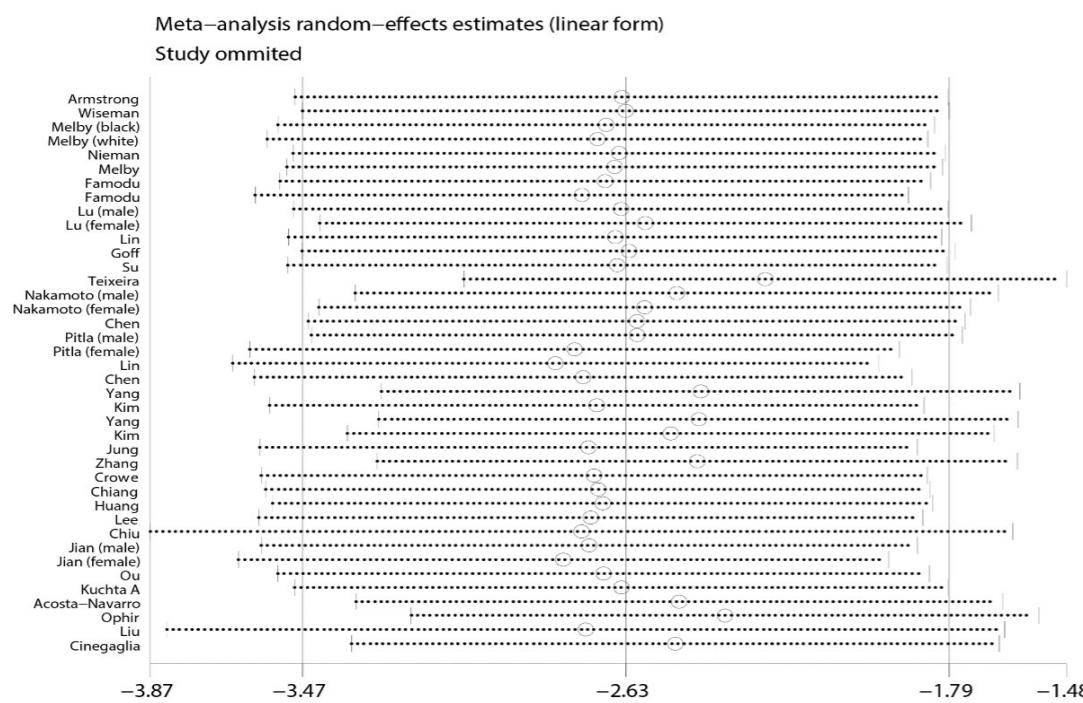
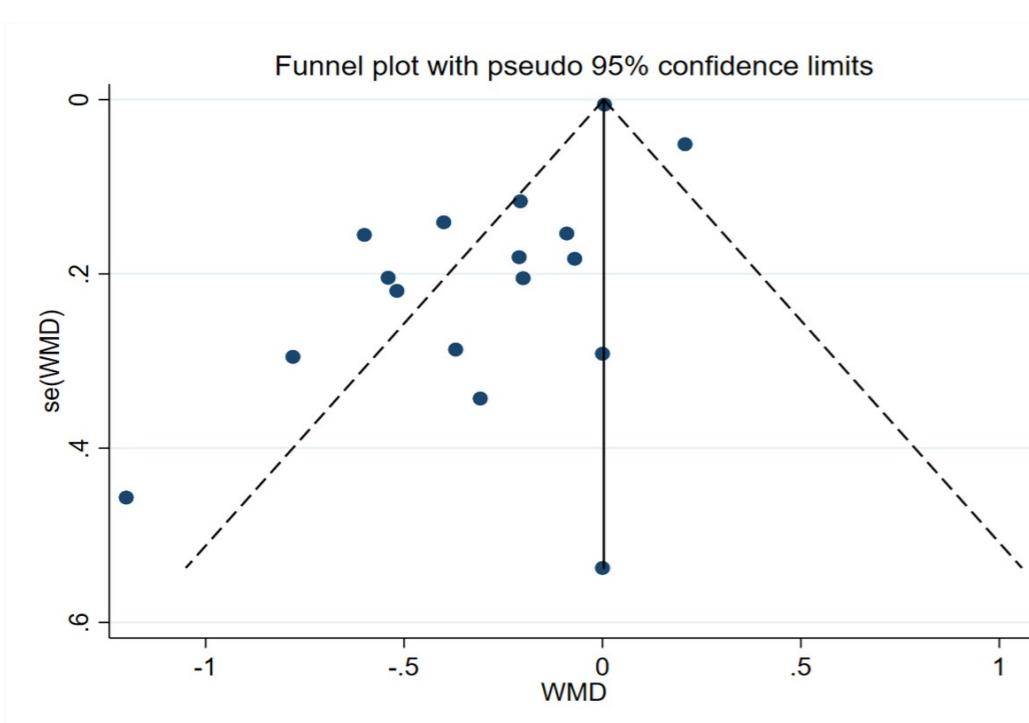
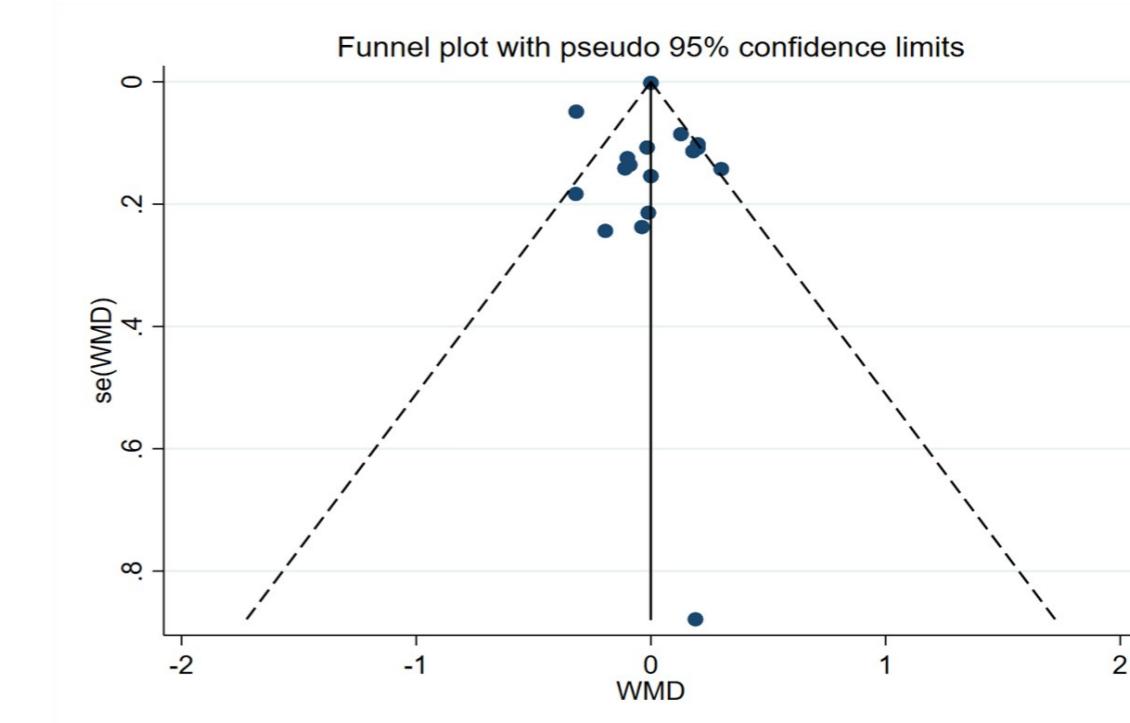
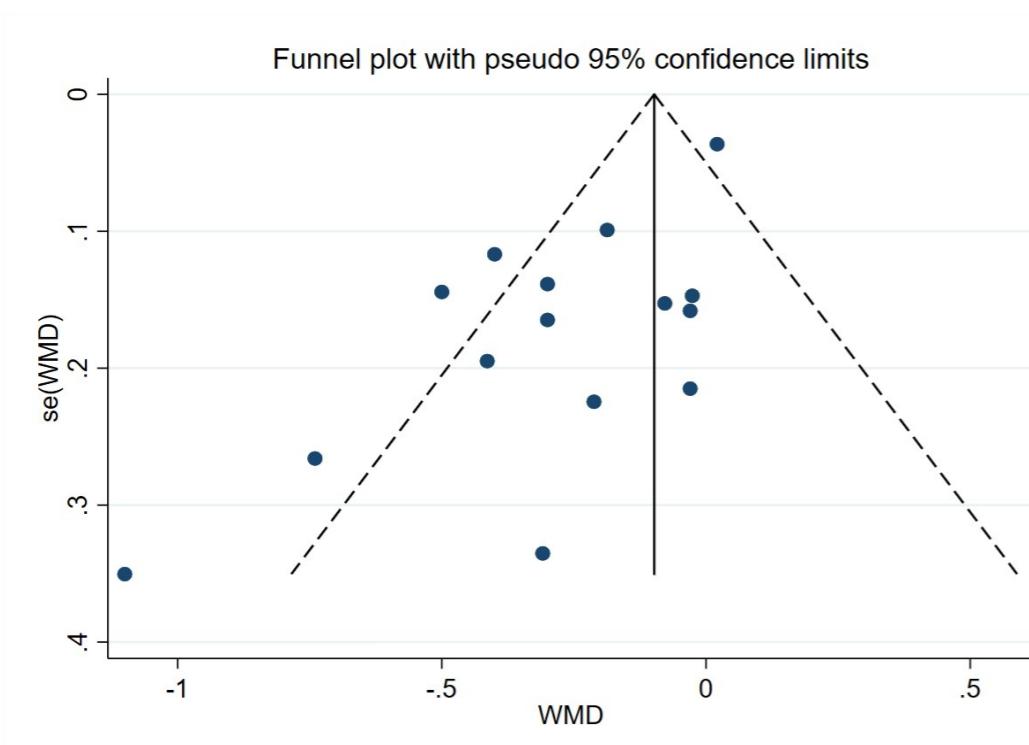
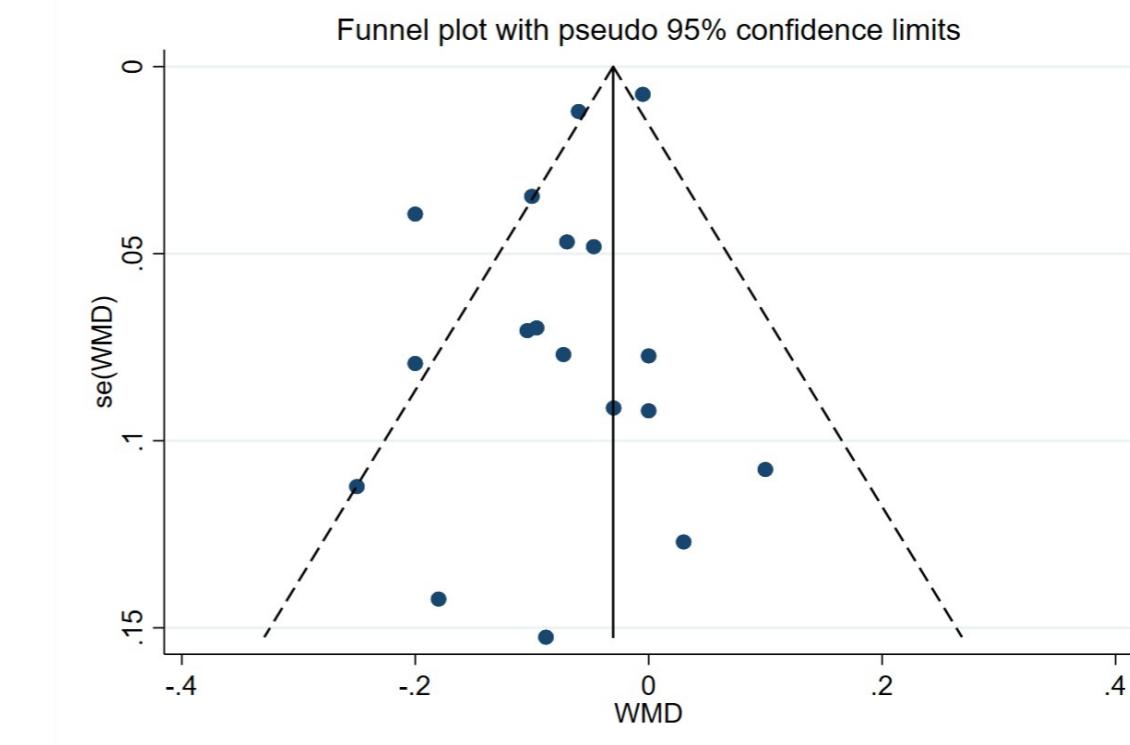
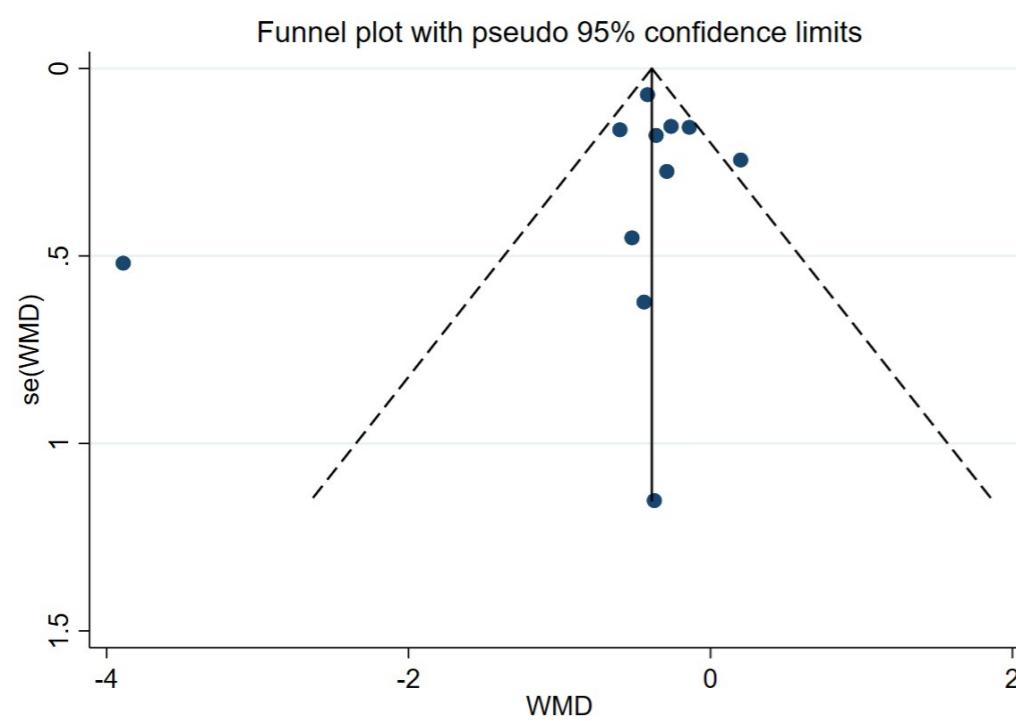
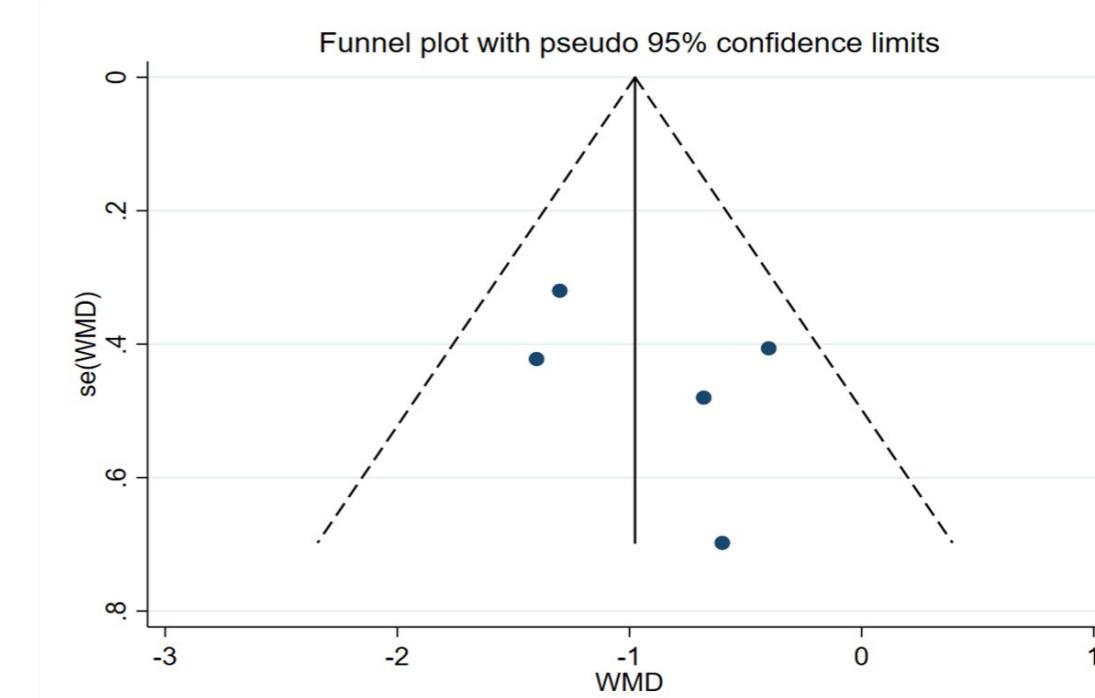
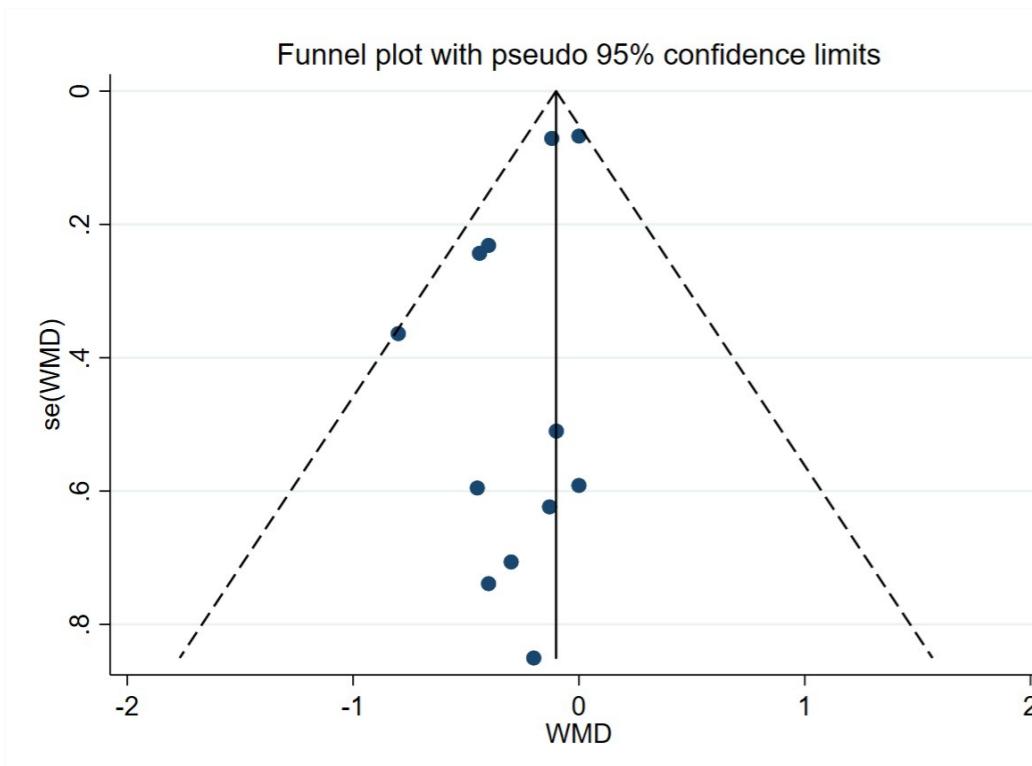
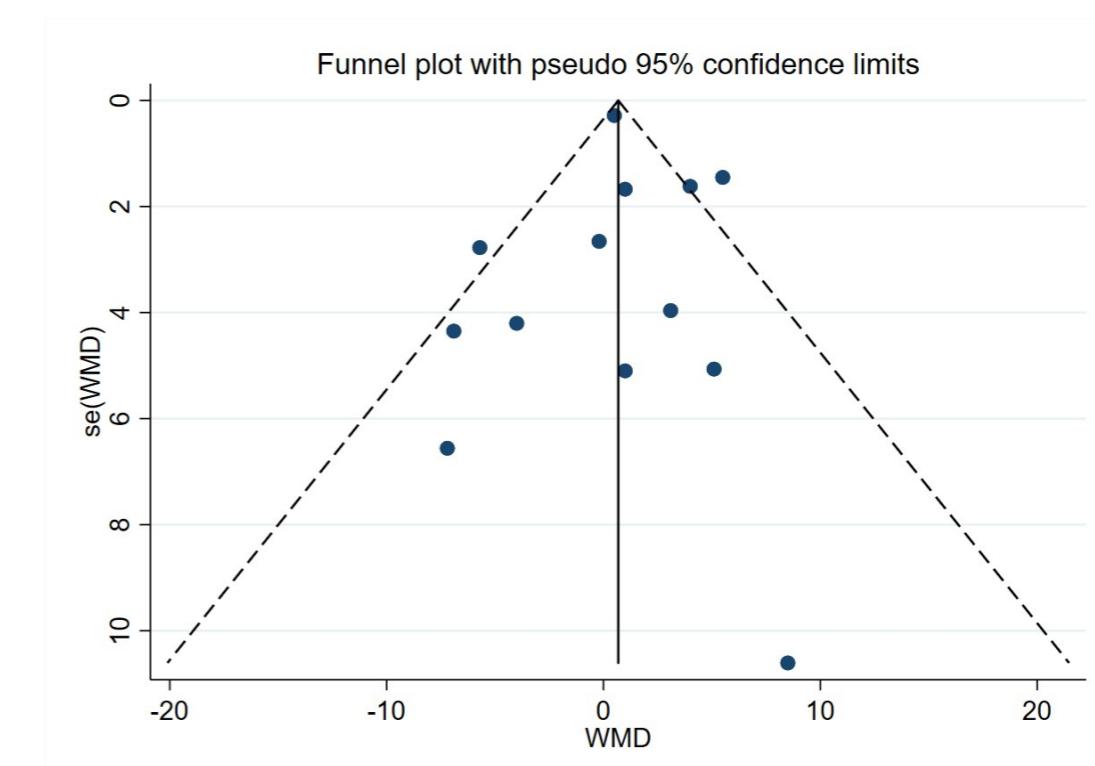


Figure S4. Sensitivity analysis for the included observational studies.

A. TC: total cholesterol; B. TG: triglyceride; C. LDL-C: low-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; D. HDL-C: high-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; E. FBG: fasting blood glucose; F. HOMA-IR: homeostatic model assessment for insulin resistance; G. HbA1c: glycosylated hemoglobin; H. SBP: systolic blood pressure; I. DBP: diastolic blood pressure.

**A****B****C****D**

**E****F****G****H**

I

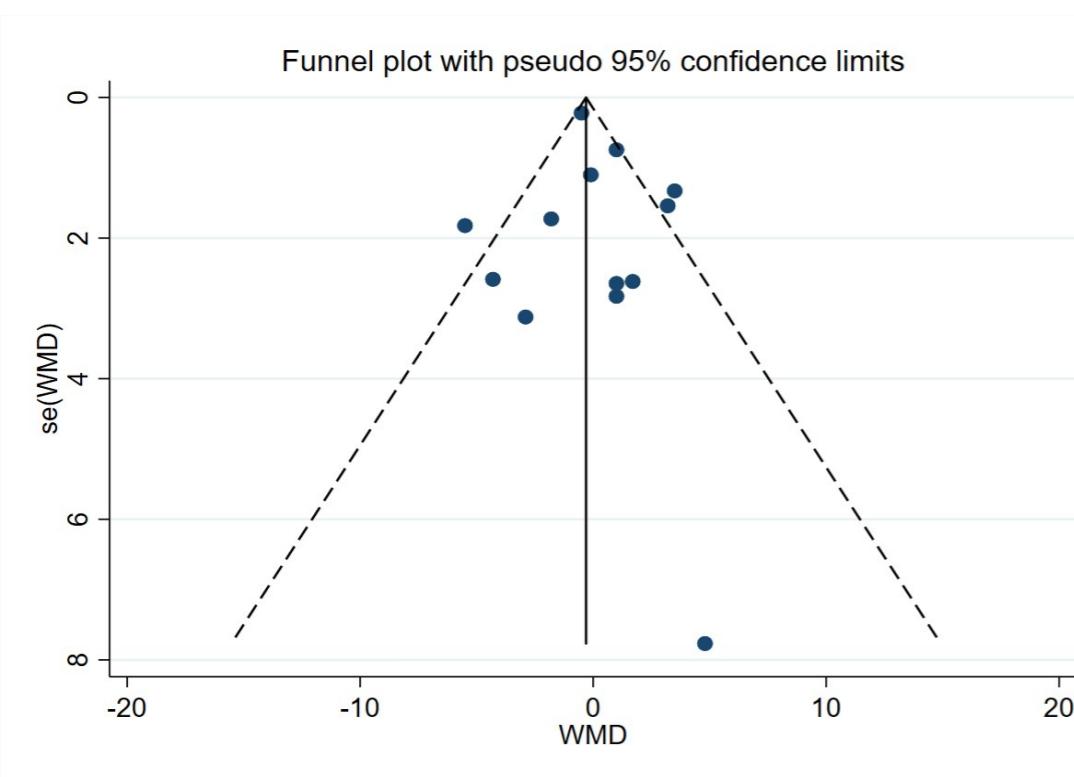
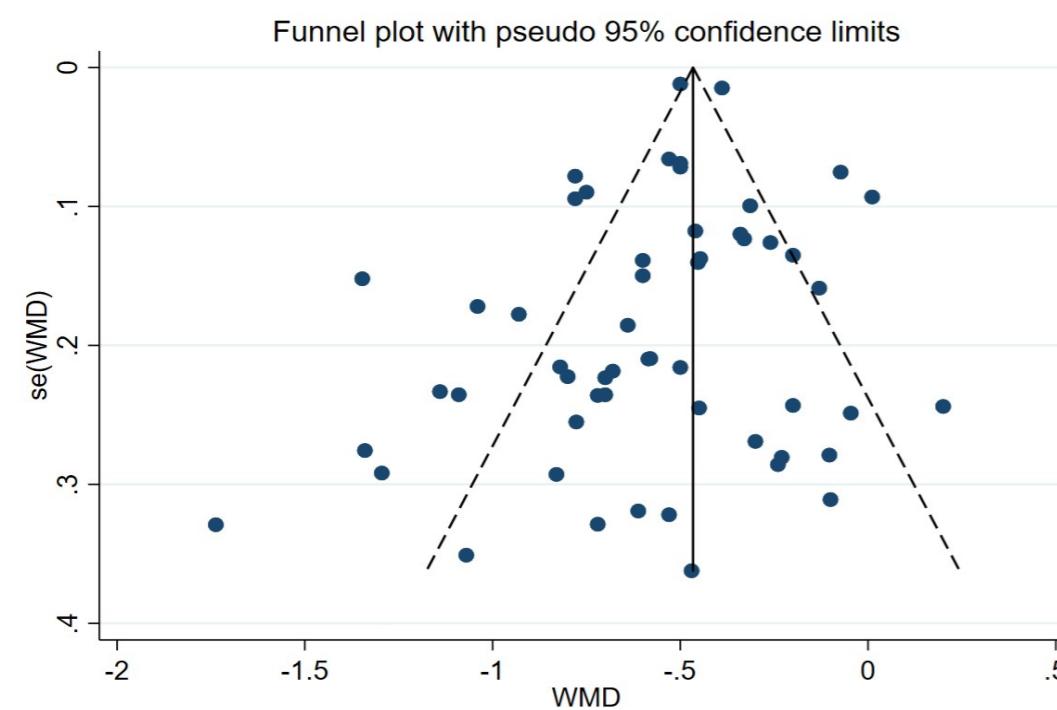
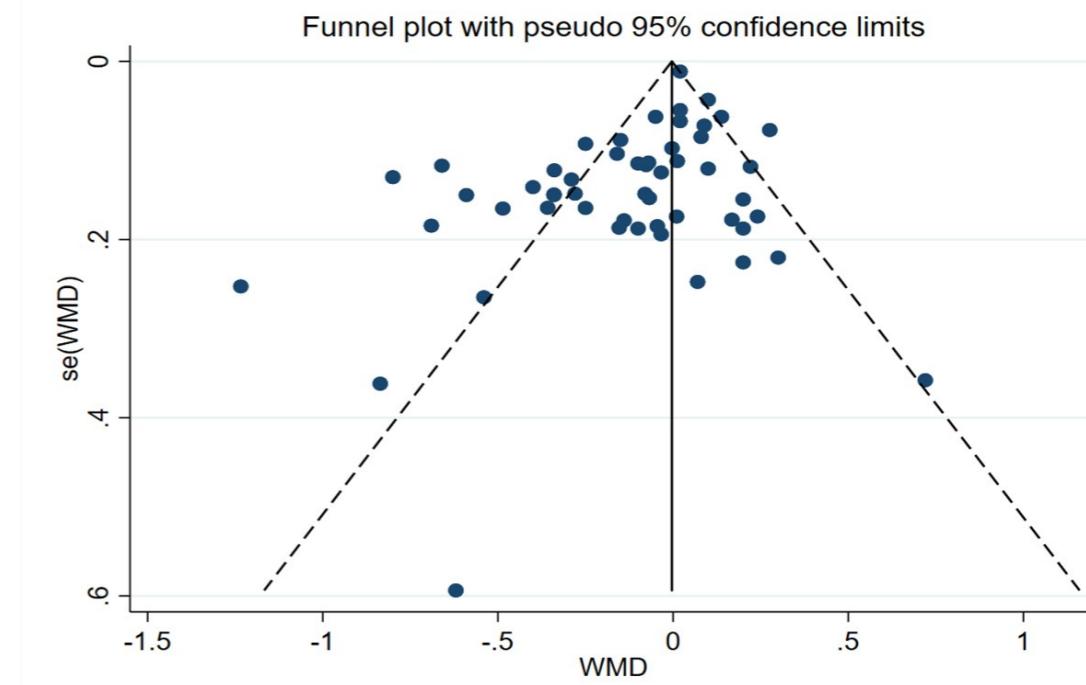
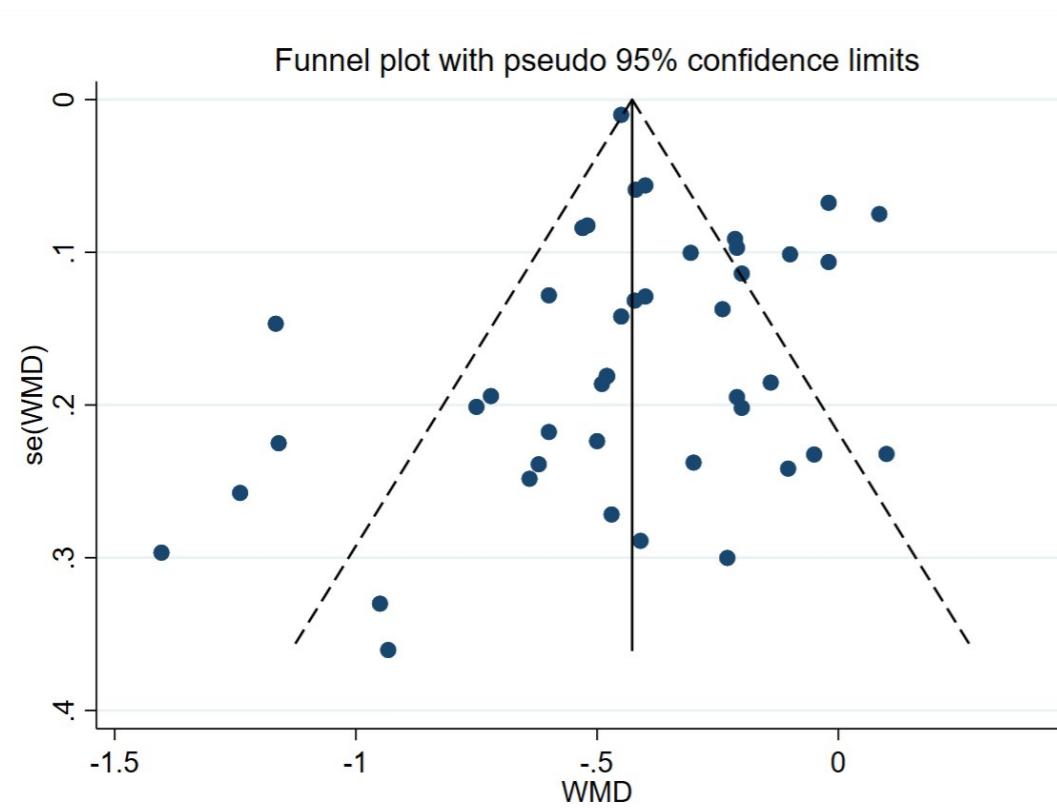
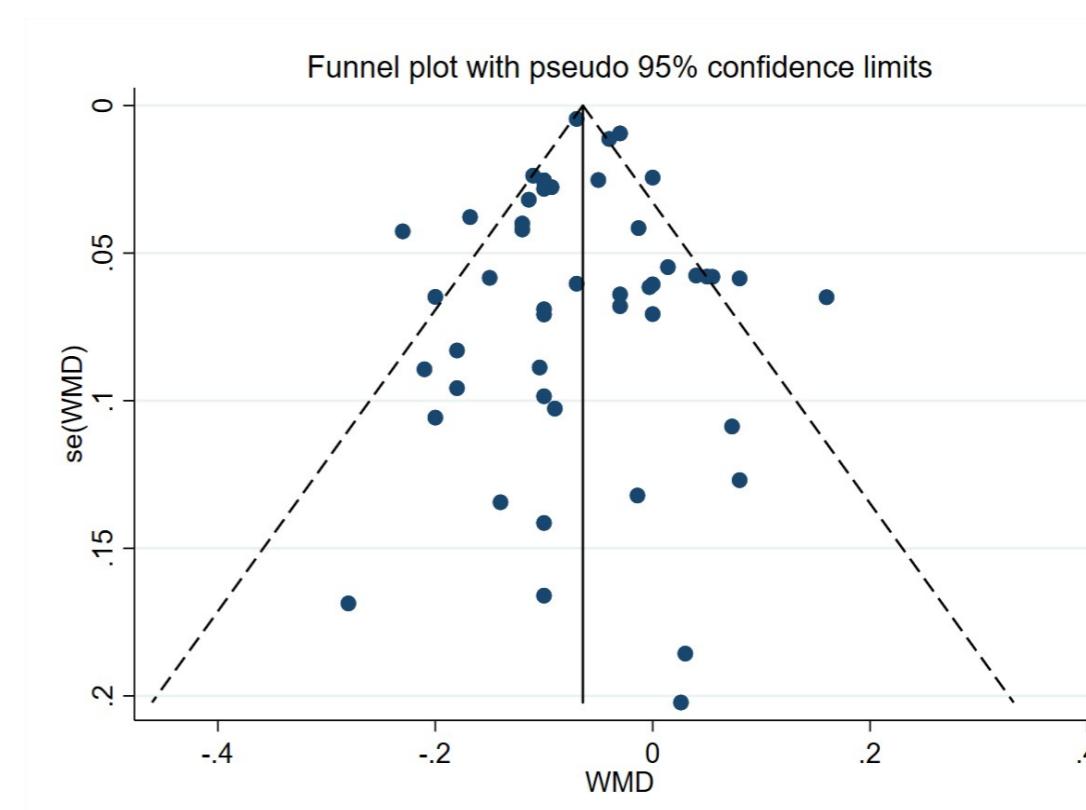
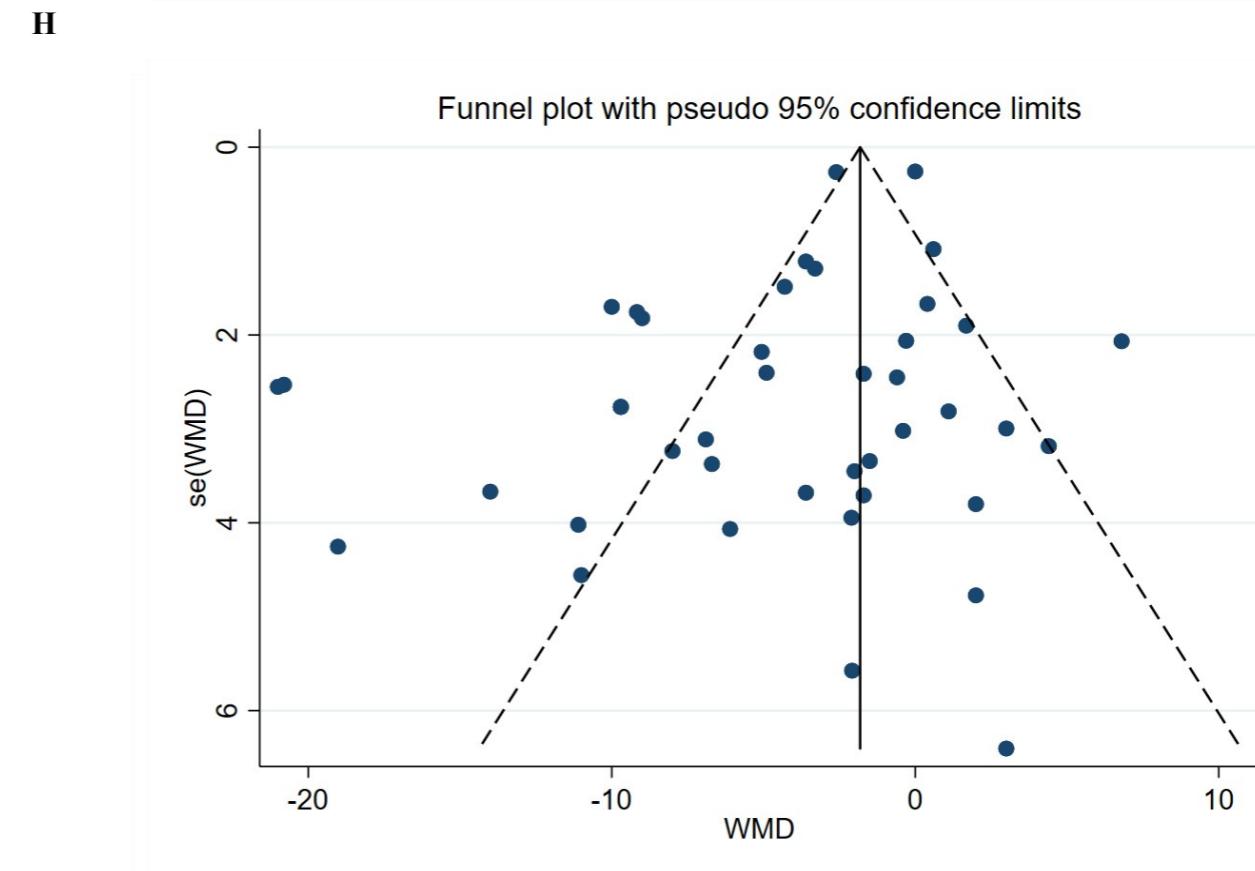
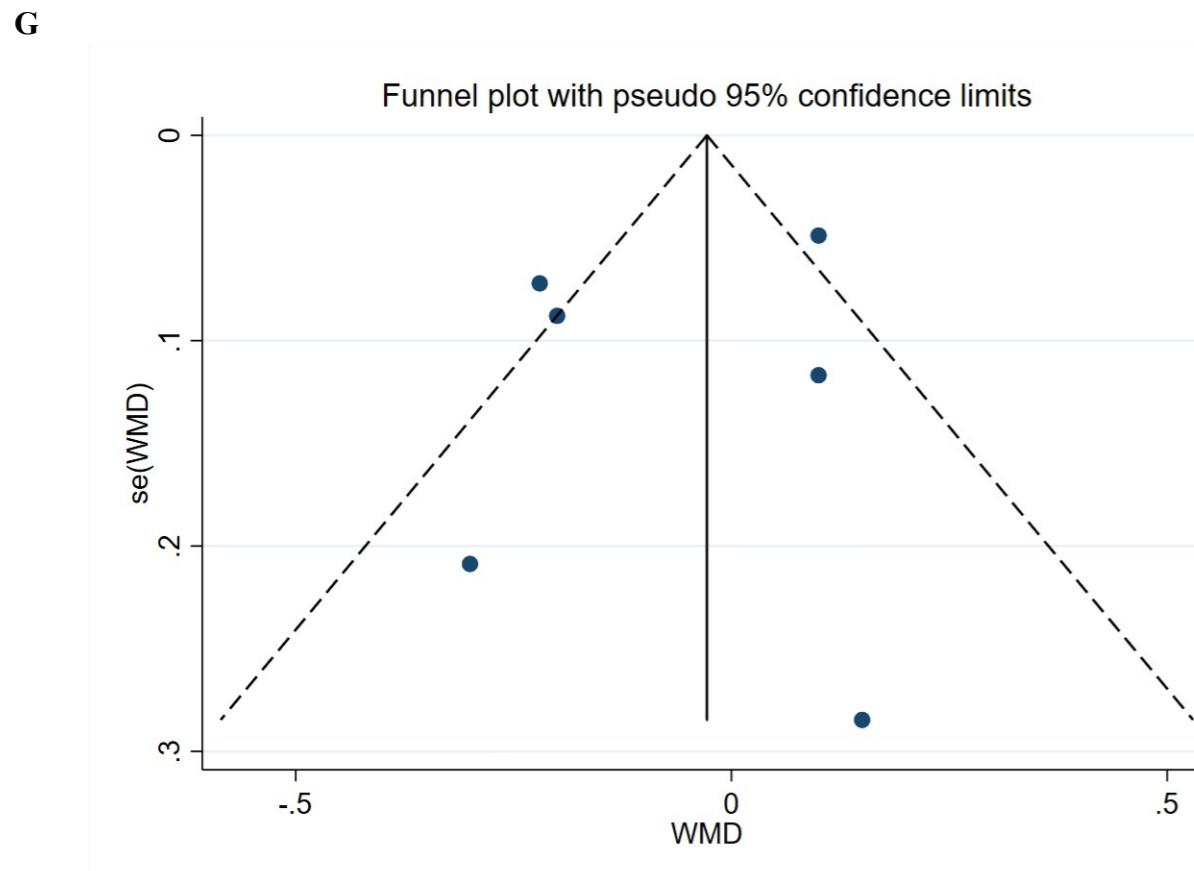
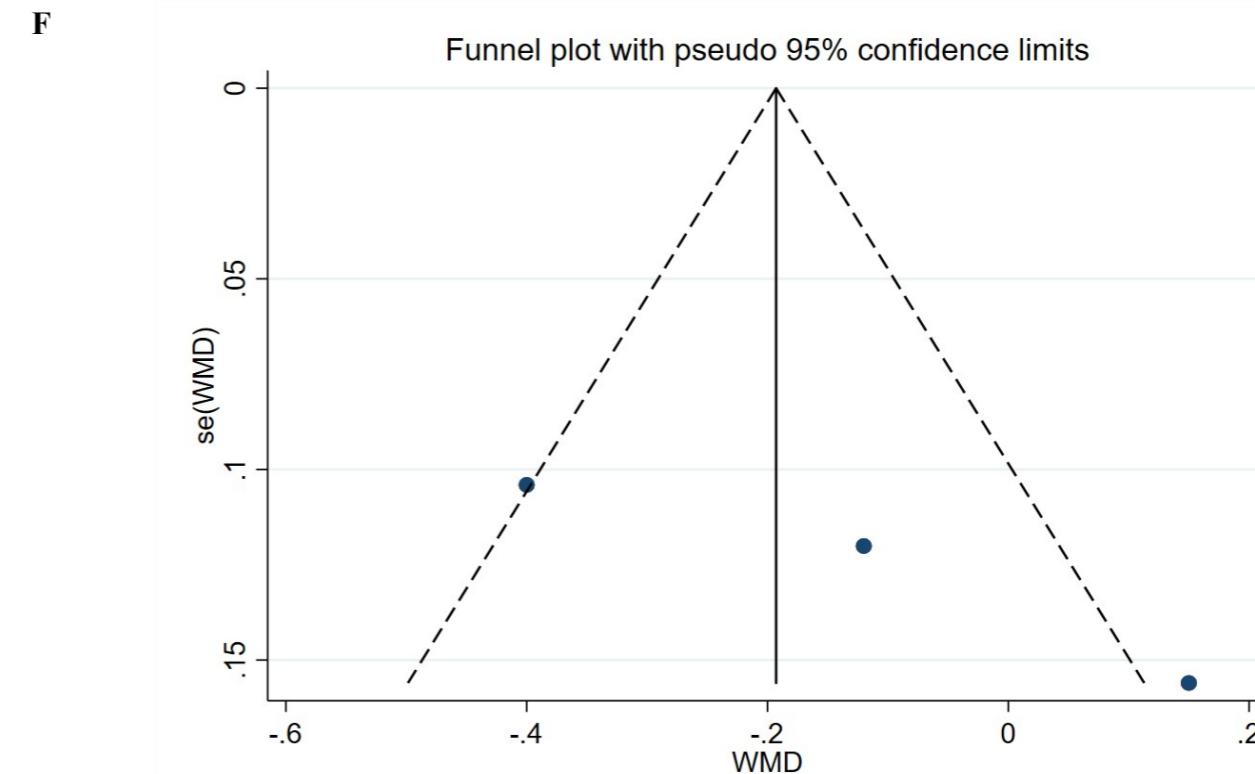
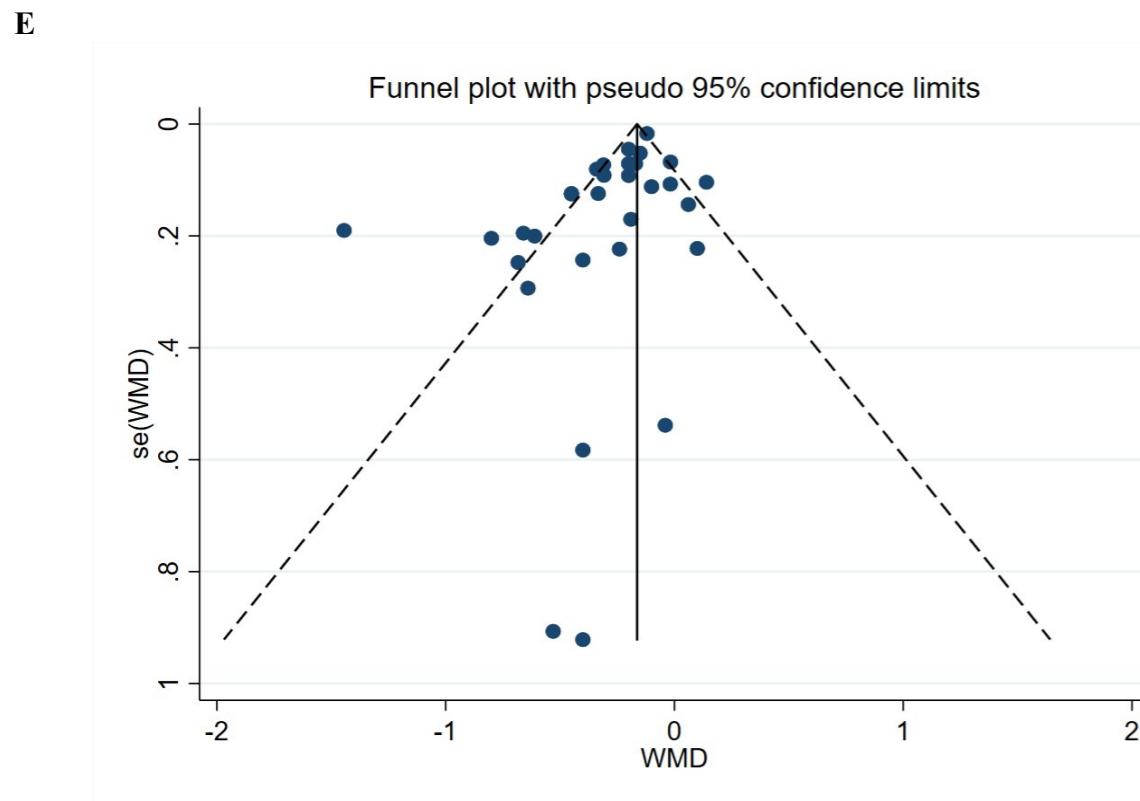


Figure S5. Funnel plots for the included randomized controlled trials.

A. TC: total cholesterol; B. TG: triglyceride; C. LDL-C: low-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; D. HDL-C: high-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; E. FBG: fasting blood glucose; F. HOMA-IR: homeostatic model assessment for insulin resistance; G. HbA1c: glycosylated hemoglobin; H. SBP: systolic blood pressure; I. DBP: diastolic blood pressure.

**A****B****C****D**



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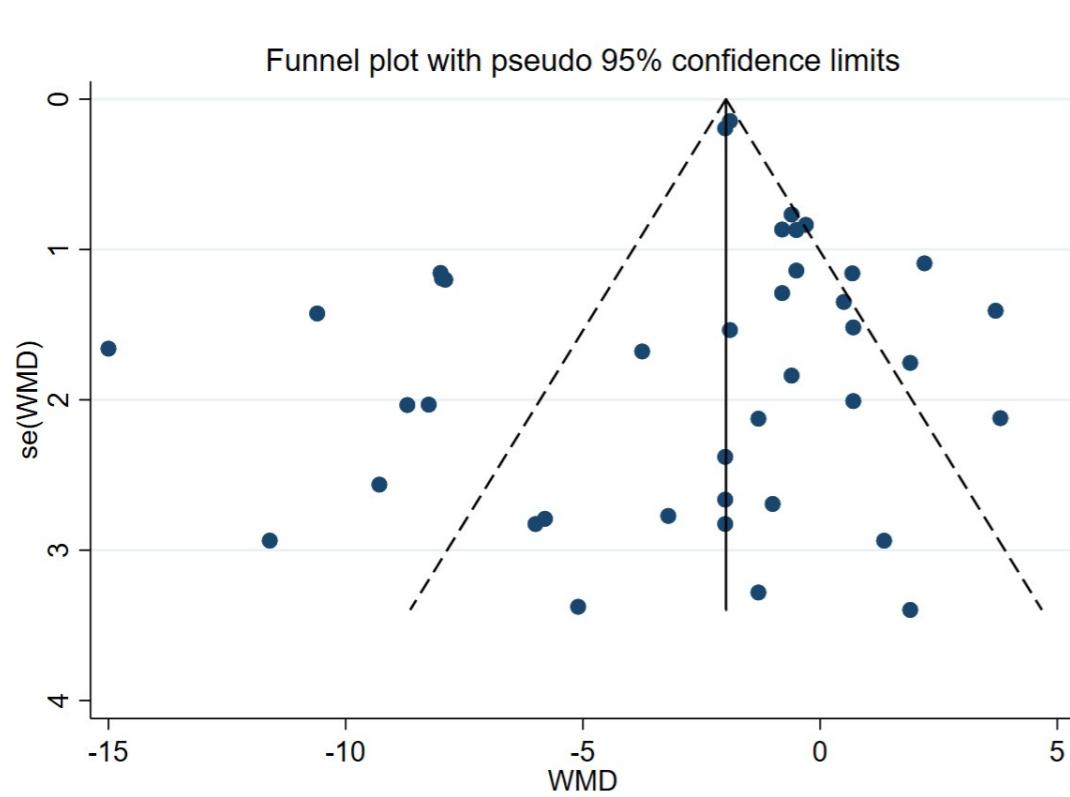


Figure S6. Funnel plots for the included observational studies.

A. TC: total cholesterol; B. TG: triglyceride; C. LDL-C: low-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; D. HDL-C: high-density lipoprotein-cholesterol; E. FBG: fasting blood glucose; F. HOMA-IR: homeostatic model assessment for insulin resistance; G. HbA1c: glycosylated hemoglobin; H. SBP: systolic blood pressure; I. DBP: diastolic blood pressure.