Research on the energy storage performance of laminated composite based on

multidimensional co-design in a broad temperature region

Yipeng Tan[a,c,1], Jiayu Deng[a,1], Hang Gao[a,c], Ziwen Feng[a,c], Linfei Lu[a,b,c], Jiheng Wang[a], Zhongbin Pan[d], Lingmin Yao[a,b,c,*], Qinglin Deng[a,c,*].

[a] School of Physics and Materials Science, Guangzhou University, Guangzhou 510006, P. R. China

[b] Joint Institute of Guangzhou University & Institute of Corrosion Science and Technology, Guangzhou University, Guangzhou 510275, China

[c] Research Center for Advanced Information Materials, Huangpu Research & Graduate School of Guangzhou University, Guangzhou 510275, China

[d] School of Materials Science and Chemical Engineering, Ningbo University, Ningbo 315211, China.

[1] These authors contributed equally to this work and should be considered co-first authors

[*] Corresponding authors: Lingminyao@gzhu.edu.cn (Lingmin Yao), qldeng@gzhu.edu.cn (Qinglin Deng)
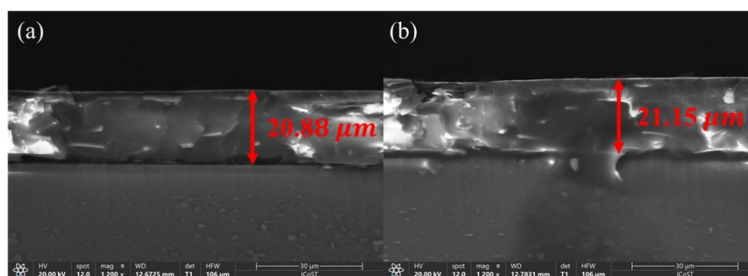
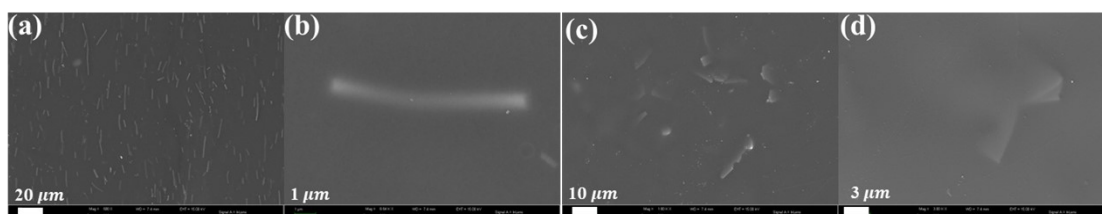Fig.S1 SEM result of (A-T-A)/PI composite cross section.

Fig.S2 (a, b) SEM images of the TiO_2/PI composite surface. (c, d) SEM images of the Al_2O_3/PI composite surface.
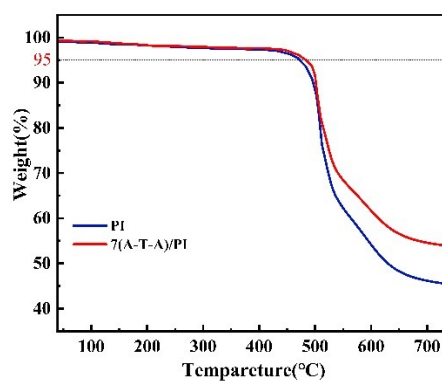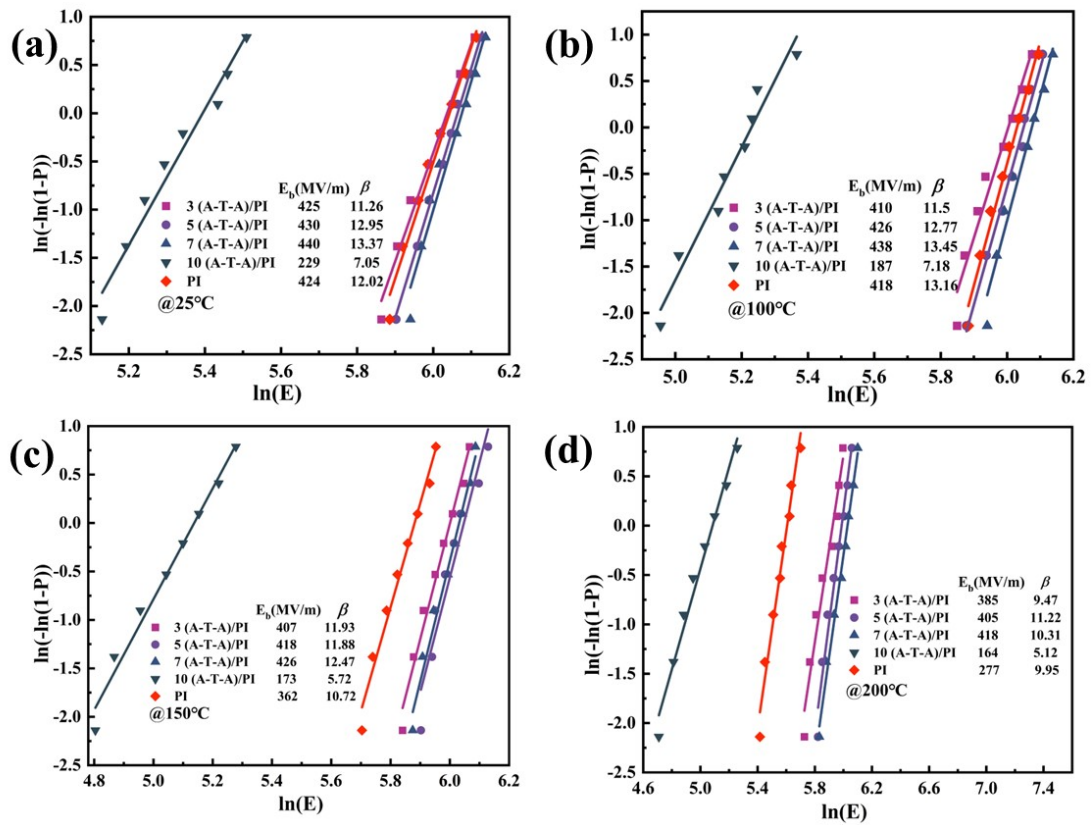

Fig. S3 TGA result of 7(A-T-A)/PI and pure PI.

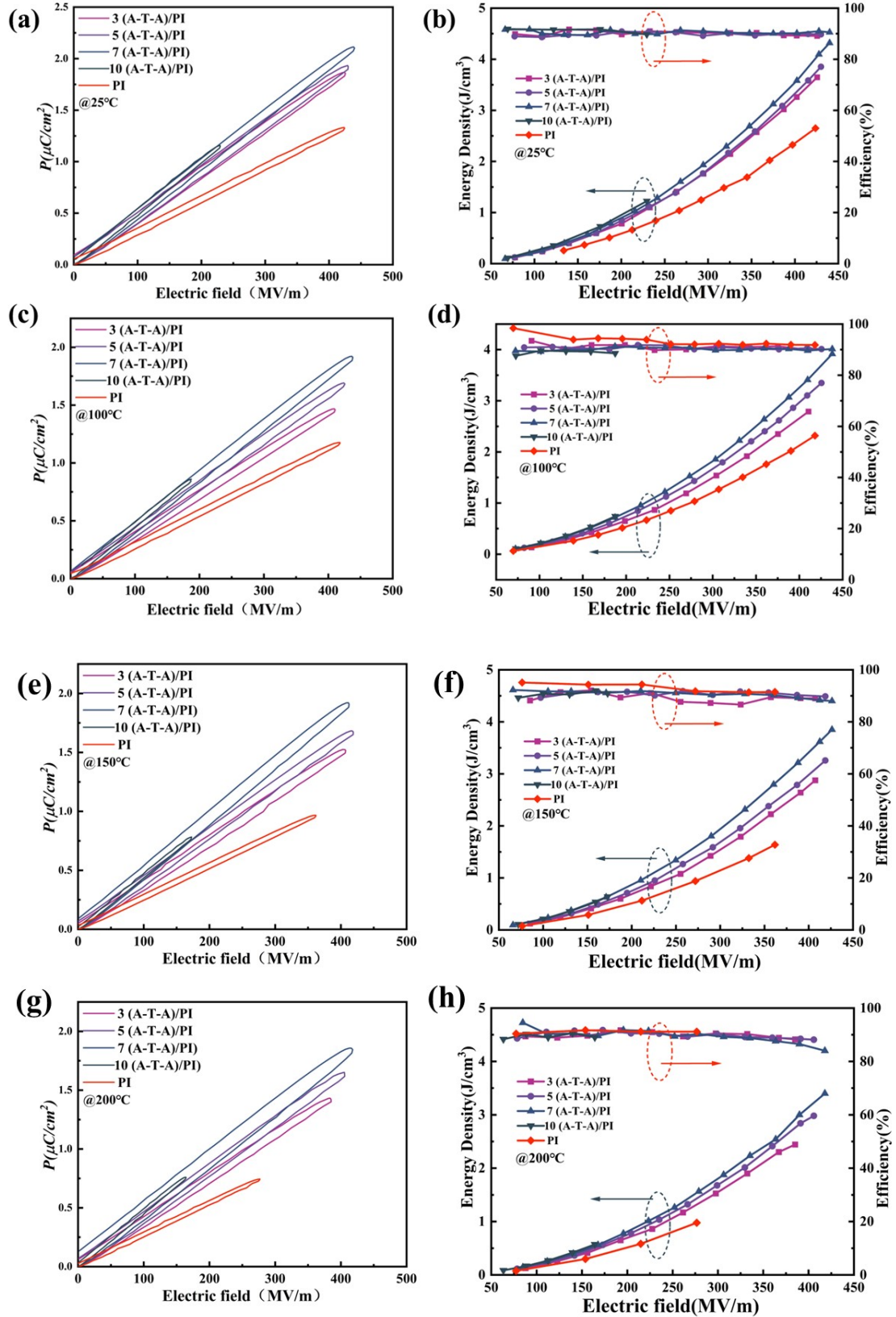Fig. S4 The E_b and β of the composite films at (a) 25 ℃, (b) 100 ℃, (c) 150 ℃, and (d) 200 ℃.

Fig. S5 (a) D–E loops and (b) energy storage performance at 25 ℃. (c) D–E loops and (d) energy storage performance at 100 ℃. (e) D–E loops and (f) energy storage performance at 150 ℃. (g) D–E loops and (h) energy storage performance at 200 ℃.