# Synthesis of Bis(indolyl)methanes Using N-Heterocyclic Carbene

## Salts as C1 Precursor

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#### **1. General Information**

Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out in flame-dried reaction vessels with Teflon screw caps under nitrogen. Solvents were purified and dried according to standard methods prior to use. All commercially available reagents were obtained from chemical suppliers and used after proper purification if necessary. Flash column chromatography was performed on silica gel (200-300 mesh) with the indicated solvent mixtures. TLC analysis was performed on pre-coated, glass-backed silica gel plates and visualized with UV light.

The <sup>1</sup>H NMR and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker 400 or 500 AV spectrometers. Chemical shifts ( $\delta$ ) were reported as parts per million (ppm) downfield from tetramethylsilane and the following abbreviations were used to identify the multiplicities: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet, dd = doublet of doublets, dt = doublet of triplets, dq = doublet of quartets, br = broad and all combinations thereof can be explained by their integral parts. Coupling constant (*J*) was reported in hertz unit (Hz). High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded with an Agilent 6210 LC/TOF spectrometer.

# 2. Preparation of Substrates

## 2.1 Preparation of NHC salts



The substrates **1a**, **1b** and **1d** are commercially available and used as received. The other substrates are prepared from the known literature.<sup>[1-6]</sup>

#### 2.2 List of indoles



All of the indoles are commercial available and used as received.

## 3. Synthesis Bis(indolyl)methanes from Indoles with NHC Salts



#### 3.1 Evaluation of the structurally varied NHC salts.

## 3.2 Optimization of reaction conditions

	_N <sub>↓</sub> N <sub>Bn</sub> + CI		Base, Acid Reductant Anisole 150 °C, 18 h	H H
1j		2a	За	
Entry	Base/equiv	Acid/equiv	Reductant/equiv	Yield/%
1	NaOAc/4.5	HOAc/3	Zn/7	53
2	NaOAc/4.5	HOAc/3	Zn/5	52
3	NaOAc /4.5	HOAc /3	Zn/3	45
4	NaOAc /4.5	HOAc /3	Zn/1	10
5	NaOAc /4.5	HOAc /3	Zn/0.5	5
6	NaOAc /4.5	HOAc /3	-	NR
7	NaOAc /4.5	HOAc/3	Sn/5	20
8	NaOAc /4.5	HOAc/3	Mg/5	NR
9	NaOAc /4.5	HOAc/3	$Zn(OAc)_2/5$	NR
10	NaOAc /4.5	HOAc/3	$ZnBr_2/5$	NR
11	NaOAc /3	HOAc/3	Zn/5	43
12	NaOAc /1	HOAc/3	Zn/5	30
13	-	HOAc/3	Zn/5	Trace
14	NaOAc /4.5	HOAc /1	Zn/5	12
15	NaOAc /4.5	-	Zn/5	NR
16	-	-	Zn/5	NR

17	<sup>t</sup> BuONa/4.5	<sup>t</sup> BuOH/3	Zn/5	NR
18	EtONa/4.5	EtOH/3	Zn/5	NR
19	AdCO <sub>2</sub> Na/4.5	AdCO <sub>2</sub> H/3	Zn/5	82
20	PivONa/4.5	$PivOH_2/3$	Zn/5	45
21	HCO <sub>2</sub> Na/4.5	HCOOH/3	Zn/5	72
22	HCO <sub>2</sub> Na/4.5	HCOOH/3	Zn/0.2	68
23	AdCO <sub>2</sub> Na/4.5	$AdCO_2H/3$	Zn/0.2	NR
24	HCO <sub>2</sub> Na/4.5	HCOOH/3	Zn/0.1	42
25	HCO <sub>2</sub> Na/4.5	HCOOH/3	$Zn(OAc)_2/0.2$	53
26	HCO <sub>2</sub> Na/4.5	HCOOH/3	$ZnBr_2/0.2$	55
27	HCO <sub>2</sub> Na/4.5	HCOOH/3	$Zn(OTf)_2/0.2$	20
28	-	HCOOH/3	Zn/0.2	Trace
29	HCO <sub>2</sub> Na/4.5	-	Zn/0.2	NR
30	HCO <sub>2</sub> Na/4.5	HCOOH/3	-	NR

<sup>a</sup>Conditions: **1j** (0.2 mmol), **2a** (0.4 mmol), Base, Acid, Reductant, Anisole (1 mL), at 150 °C for 18 h.

#### 3.3 Experimental details and characterization of products



To a 25 mL flame-dried Schlenk tube containing a stirring bar was added 1-(2,4,6-Trimethylphenyl)-3-(benzyl)imidazolium chloride **1j** (0.2 mmol), indole **2a** (0.4 mmol), Zn (0.04 mmol, 2.6 mg), HCO<sub>2</sub>Na (0.9 mmol), HCO<sub>2</sub>H (0.6 mmol) and anisole (1 mL) sequentially under nitrogen. The tube was sealed and stirred at 150 °C for 18 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by silica gel column chromatography to give the pure product.

#### 3,3'-Diindolylmethane (3a)<sup>[7]</sup>



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as white solid, 68% (33 mg).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 10.74 (s, 2H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 2H),

 $7.05 - 7.01 \ (m, 2H), \ 6.94 - 6.90 \ (m, 2H), \ 4.13 \ (s, 2H).$ 

#### 3,3'-Methylenebis[5-methyl-1H-indole] (3b)<sup>[7]</sup>



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as white solid, 58% (32 mg).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 9.46 (s, 2H), 5.95 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 5.71 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.46 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 4H), 3.25 (s, 2H), 1.34 (s, 6H).

#### 3,3'-Methylenebis[5-methoxy-1H-indole] (3c) [7]



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as white solid, 55% (34 mg).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-***d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 9.71 (s, 2H), 6.35 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.23 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 6.16 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2H),

5.83 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub> = 8.8 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 2.4 Hz, 2H), 3.20 (s, 2H), 2.85 (s, 6H).

#### 5,5'-chlorine-3,3'-diindolylmethane (3d)<sup>[7]</sup>



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as white solid, 45% (28 mg).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  10.14 (s, 2H), 6.67 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 6.50 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.45 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 2H),

6.18 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub> = 8.5 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 3.26 (s, 2H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO) δ 135.39, 128.71, 125.27, 123.29, 121.24, 118.37, 114.31, 113.41, 21.08.

5,5'-dibromo-3,3'-diindolylmethane (3e)<sup>[7]</sup>



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as white solid, 70% (58 mg).

<sup>1</sup>**H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)** δ 7.98 (s, 2H), 7.70 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.28 – 7.23 (m, 4H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 2.5 Hz, 2H), 4.14 (s, 2H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO) δ 135.62, 129.45, 125.10, 123.78, 121.43, 114.22, 113.91, 111.31, 21.09.

#### 5,5'-iodine-3,3'-diindolylmethane (3f)<sup>[7]</sup>



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as white solid, 48% (48 mg).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  10.12 (s, 2H), 6.99 (d, J =

1.5 Hz, 2H), 6.44 (dd,  $J_1 = 8.5$  Hz,  $J_2 = 2.0$  Hz, 2H), 6.35 (d, J

= 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.33 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 3.22 (s, 2H).

6,6'-fluorine-3,3'-diindolylmethane (3g)<sup>[7]</sup>



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as white solid, 62% (35 mg).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 10.86 (s, 2H), 7.50 (dd,

*J*<sub>1</sub> = 8.5 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 5.5 Hz, 2H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub> = 10.0 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 2.5 Hz, 2H), 6.82 - 6.78 (m, 2H), 4.12 (s, 2H).

#### 6,6'-dibromo-3,3'-diindolylmethane (3h)<sup>[7]</sup>



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as white solid, 52% (42 mg).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 10.08 (s, 2H), 6.66 (d,

*J* = 1.5 Hz, 2H), 6.59 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.33 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 6.19 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub> = 8.5 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 3.25 (s, 2H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO) δ 137.75, 126.62, 124.41, 121.45, 120.87, 114.77, 114.38, 114.14, 21.09.

3,3'-Methylenebis[4-methyl-1H-indole] (3i) [7]



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as yellow oil liquid, 65% (36 mg).

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## 4,4'-chlorine-3,3'-diindolylmethane (3j)<sup>[7]</sup>



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as yellow oil liquid, 46% (29 mg).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  10.27 (s, 2H), 6.49 (d, J =

8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.18 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.12 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H),

6.04 (s, 2H), 3.78 (s, 2H).

## 3-(1H-Indol-3-ylmethyl)-5-methoxy-1H-indole (3k)<sup>[8]</sup>



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as white solid, 40% (22 mg).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 10.73 (s, 1H), 10.57 (s, 1H),

7.53 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J =

8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (s, 1H), 7.07 – 7.00 (m, 3H), 6.93 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (s, 2H), 3.70 (s, 3H).

#### 5-Methoxy-3-[(5-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl) methyl]-1H-indole (3l)<sup>[8]</sup>



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as white solid, 39% (23 mg).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  10.59 (s, 1H), 10.55 (s, 1H),

7.33 (s, 1H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H),

7.09 (s, 1H), 7.05 (s, 1H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub> = 8.8 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub> = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.07 (s, 2H), 3.71 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H).

#### 3-[(6-Bromine-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl]-5-methoxy-1H-indole (3m)



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as white solid, 46% (33 mg).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  10.89 (s, 1H), 10.58 (s, 1H), 7.51 (s, 1H), 7.46 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 9.2

Hz, 2H), 7.07 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 6.70 – 6.67 (m, 1H), 4.07 (s, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H).

<sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 153.26, 137.73, 132.04, 127.88, 126.72, 124.34, 123.97, 121.36, 120.91, 115.06, 114.32, 114.06, 112.38, 111.20, 101.16, 60.22, 55.80, 21.21.

**HRMS (ESI)**: m/z [M-H]<sup>-</sup> calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>14</sub>BrN<sub>2</sub>O: 353.0295; found: 353.0289.

3-[(6-Fluoro-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl]-5-methoxy-1H-indole (3n)<sup>[8]</sup>



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as white solid, 42% (25 mg).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>) δ 10.80 (s, 1H), 10.57 (s,

1H), 7.48 (dd,  $J_1 = 8.8$  Hz,  $J_2 = 5.6$  Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (dd,  $J_1 = 10.4$  Hz,  $J_2 = 2.4$  Hz, 2H), 6.99 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.80 – 6.75 (m, 1H), 6.69 (dd,  $J_1 = 8.4$  Hz,  $J_2 = 2.4$  Hz, 2H), 4.07 (s, 2H), 3.69 (s, 3H).

5-Methoxy-3-[(4-methyl-1H-indol-3-yl)methyl]-1H-indole (30)



Purified by silica gel column chromatography as white solid, 52% (30 mg).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>) δ 10.74 (s, 1H), 10.59 (s, 1H),

7.26 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (s, 1H), 6.93 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 6.74 (dd,  $J_1 = 8.8$  Hz,  $J_2 = 2.0$  Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 4.27 (s, 2H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 2.54 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (126 MHz, DMSO- $d_6$ )  $\delta$  153.33, 137.44, 132.13, 130.35, 127.75, 126.33, 124.13, 123.87, 121.33, 120.13, 115.77, 115.03, 112.44, 111.31, 109.81, 101.06, 55.79, 23.46, 20.28.

**HRMS (ESI)**: m/z [M-H]<sup>-</sup> calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>17</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O: 289.1346; found: 289.1341.

#### 4. Mechanistic Studies

#### 4.1 Deuterium-labelling experiment



#### **Experimental procedure:**

To a 25 mL flame-dried Schlenk tube containing a stirring bar was added 1-(2,4,6-Trimethylphenyl)-3-(benzyl)imidazolium chloride **1j** (0.2 mmol, 63 mg), indole **2a** (0.4 mmol, 47 mg, 1 equiv), Zn (1 mmol, 65 mg, 5 equiv), AcONa (0.9 mmol, 74 mg, 4.5 equiv), AcOD (0.6 mmol, 37 mg, 3 equiv) and anisole (1 mL), sequentially under nitrogen. The tube was sealed and stirred at 150 °C for 18 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by silica gel column chromatography to provide the product **3a**-*d* (44% D). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (**400 MHz, DMSO***d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  10.74 (s, 2H), 7.49 (dd,  $J_1$  = 34.0 Hz,  $J_2$ = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (dd,  $J_1$  = 8.4 Hz,  $J_2$ =5.6 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (s, 2H), 7.06-6.99 (m, 2H), 6.95-6.84 (m, 2H), 4.14 (s, 1.12H).



To a 25 mL flame-dried Schlenk tube containing a stirring bar was added 1-(2,4,6-Trimethylphenyl)-3-(benzyl)imidazolium chloride **1j** (0.2 mmol, 63 mg, 1 equiv), indole **2a** (0.4 mmol, 47 mg, 1 equiv), Zn (1 mmol, 65 mg, 5 equiv), HCOONa (0.9 mmol, 61 mg, 4.5 equiv), anisole (1 mL), HCOOH (0.6 mmol, 24  $\mu$ L, 3 equiv) and D<sub>2</sub>O (0.4 mmol, 8  $\mu$ L, 2 equiv) sequentially under nitrogen. The tube was sealed and stirred at 150 °C for 18 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by silica gel column chromatography to provide the product **3a**-*d* (36% D). <sup>1</sup>**H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO**-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  10.73 (s, 2H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.05 – 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.92 (dd, *J*<sub>1</sub>=14.5 Hz, *J*<sub>2</sub>=7.5 Hz, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1.28H).





Indole **2a** (2.0 g, 17 mmol) and D<sub>2</sub>O (20 mL) of 0.01 M DCl were added to a 25 mL flame-dried Schlenk tube containing a stirring bar under N<sub>2</sub> atmosphere, and the mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 4 hours. After the reaction was cooled, it was extracted with anhydrous Et<sub>2</sub>O (20 mL) for three times. The organic layers were combined, dried with magnesium sulfate, filtered and reduced in vacuum. The obtained oil was ground in n-hexane to obtain a colorless solid. Ether (20 ml) and H<sub>2</sub>O (10mL) were mixed, and the obtained colorless solid was dissolved in the solution and stirred at room temperature for 2 hours. The layers were separated, and the aqueous layer was extracted three times with Et<sub>2</sub>O (20 mL). The organic layers were combined, dried with magnesium sulfate, filtered and reduced under vacuum to obtain white solids **2a**-*d*.<sup>[9]</sup> **1H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO**-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  11.07 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 7.10 – 7.06 (m, 1H), 7.00 – 6.97 (m, 1H), 6.42 (s, 0.03H).





To a 25 mL flame-dried Schlenk tube containing a stirring bar was added 1-(2,4,6-Trimethylphenyl)-3-(benzyl)imidazolium chloride **1j** (0.2 mmol, 63 mg, 1 equiv), **2a-d** (0.4 mmol, 47 mg, 1 equiv), Zn (0.04 mmol, 2.6 mg, 0.2 equiv), HCOONa (0.9 mmol, 61 mg, 4.5 equiv), anisole (1 mL) and HCOOH (0.6 mmol, 24  $\mu$ L, 3 equiv) sequentially under nitrogen. The tube was sealed and stirred at 150 °C for 18 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by silica gel column chromatography to provide the product **3a-d** (7% D). <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  10.72 (s, 2H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.91 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 4.13 (s, 1.86H).



Indole (1.0 g, 8.55 mmol) and MeOD (6 mL, 230 mmol) were added to a dried 25 mL Schlenk tube under nitrogen atmosphere and stirred at room temperature for 4 hours. After the reaction, the solvent was removed by vacuum concentration. MeOD (6 mL) was added to the Schlenk tube again and stirred at room temperature for another 4 hours. The MeOD was removed by vacuum concentration and the product **2a-***d* was obtained with deuteration rate of 57% D.<sup>[10]</sup> <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  8.13 (s, 0.43H), 7.65 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.22 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.12 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.56 (d, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 1H).

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To a 25 mL flame-dried Schlenk tube containing a stirring bar was added 1-(2,4,6-Trimethylphenyl)-3-(benzyl)imidazolium chloride **1j** (0.2 mmol, 63 mg, 1 equiv), **2a-d** (0.4 mmol, 47 mg, 1 equiv), Zn (0.04 mmol, 2.6 mg, 0.2 equiv), HCOONa (0.9 mmol, 61 mg, 4.5 equiv), anisole (1 mL), HCOOH (0.5 mmol, 24  $\mu$ L, 3 equiv), and D<sub>2</sub>O (18  $\mu$ L, 5 equiv) sequentially under nitrogen. The tube was sealed and stirred at 150 °C for 18 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by silica gel column chromatography to provide the product **3a-d** (14% D). <sup>1</sup>**H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-***d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  10.73 (s, 2H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.05 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.93 – 6.90 (m, 2H), 4.12 (m, 1.72H).





To a 25 mL flame-dried Schlenk tube containing a stirring bar was added 1-(2,4,6-Trimethylphenyl)-3-(benzyl)imidazolium chloride **1j** (0.2 mmol, 63 mg, 1 equiv), indole **2a** (0.4 mmol, 47 mg, 1 equiv), Zn (1 mmol, 65 mg, 5 equiv), DCOONa (0.9 mmol, 61 mg, 4.5 equiv), HCOOH (0.6 mmol, 24  $\mu$ L, 3 equiv) and anisole (1 mL), sequentially under nitrogen. The tube was sealed and stirred at 150 °C for 18 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by silica gel column chromatography to provide the product **3a**-*d* (24% D).<sup>1</sup>H **NMR** (**400 MHz, DMSO**-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  10.73 (s, 2H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.06-7.02 (m, 2H), 6.94-6.90 (m, 2H), 4.13 (s, 1.53H).





To a 25 mL flame-dried Schlenk tube containing a stirring bar was added 1-(2,4,6-Trimethylphenyl)-3-(benzyl)imidazolium chloride **1a-d** (0.2 mmol, 63 mg, 1 equiv), indole **2a** (0.4 mmol, 47 mg, 1 equiv), Zn (0.04 mmol, 2.6 mg, 0.2 equiv), HCOONa (0.9 mmol, 61 mg, 4.5 equiv), HCOOH (0.6 mmol, 24  $\mu$ L, 3 equiv) and anisole (1 mL) sequentially under nitrogen. The tube was sealed and stirred at 150 °C for 18 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by silica gel column chromatography to provide the product **3a-d** (14% D).<sup>1</sup>H **NMR** (**400 MHz, DMSO-***d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  10.75 (s, 2H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 2H), 7.06 – 7.02 (m, 2H), 6.95 – 6.91 (m, 2H), 4.14 (s, 1.72H).



To a 25 mL flame-dried Schlenk tube containing a stirring bar was added 1-(2,4,6-Trimethylphenyl)-3-(benzyl)imidazolium chloride **1a-d** (0.2 mmol, 63 mg, 1 equiv), Zn (0.04 mmol, 2.6 mg, 0.2 equiv), HCOONa (0.9 mmol, 61 mg, 4.5 equiv), HCOOH (0.6 mmol, 24  $\mu$ L, 3 equiv) and anisole (1 mL) sequentially under nitrogen. The tube was sealed and stirred at 150 °C for 18 h. After completion, product was decomposed.



**Experimental procedure:** 

To a 25 mL flame-dried Schlenk tube containing a stirring bar was added di(1Hindol-3-yl)methane 3a (0.2 mmol, 49 mg, 1 equiv), Zn (0.04 mmol, 2.6 mg, 0.2 equiv), HCOONa (0.9 mmol, 61 mg, 4.5 equiv),HCOOH (0.6 mmol, 24  $\mu$ L, 3 equiv) and D<sub>2</sub>O (0.4 mmol, 8  $\mu$ L, 2 equiv) and anisole (1 mL)sequentially under nitrogen. The tube was sealed and stirred at 150 °C for 18 h. After completion, the reaction mixture was concentrated and purified by silica gel column chromatography to provide the product 3a-d (0% D).<sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*<sub>6</sub>)  $\delta$  10.76 (s, 2H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 7.07 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 6.96 – 6.92 (m, 2H), 4.16 (s, 2H).



#### 4.1 The detection of the side product



To a 25 mL flame-dried Schlenk tube containing a stirring bar was added 1-(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-3-(benzyl)imidazolium chloride **1j** (0.2 mmol, 63 mg, 1 equiv), indole **2a** (0.4 mmol, 47 mg, 1 equiv), Zn (0.04 mmol, 2.6 mg, 0.2 equiv), HCOONa (0.9 mmol, 61 mg, 4.5 equiv), HCOOH (0.6 mmol, 24  $\mu$ L, 3 equiv) and anisole (1 mL) sequentially under nitrogen. The tube was sealed and stirred at 150 °C for 18 h. After completion, the unseparable mixture was isolated and the structure of side product **4** was determined by <sup>1</sup>H NMR analysis. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta$  6.73 (s, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 6H).



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# 6. <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra







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