

Supporting information

Axially chiral dimethylaminobenzimidazoles and their preliminary evaluation as acyl-transfer reagents

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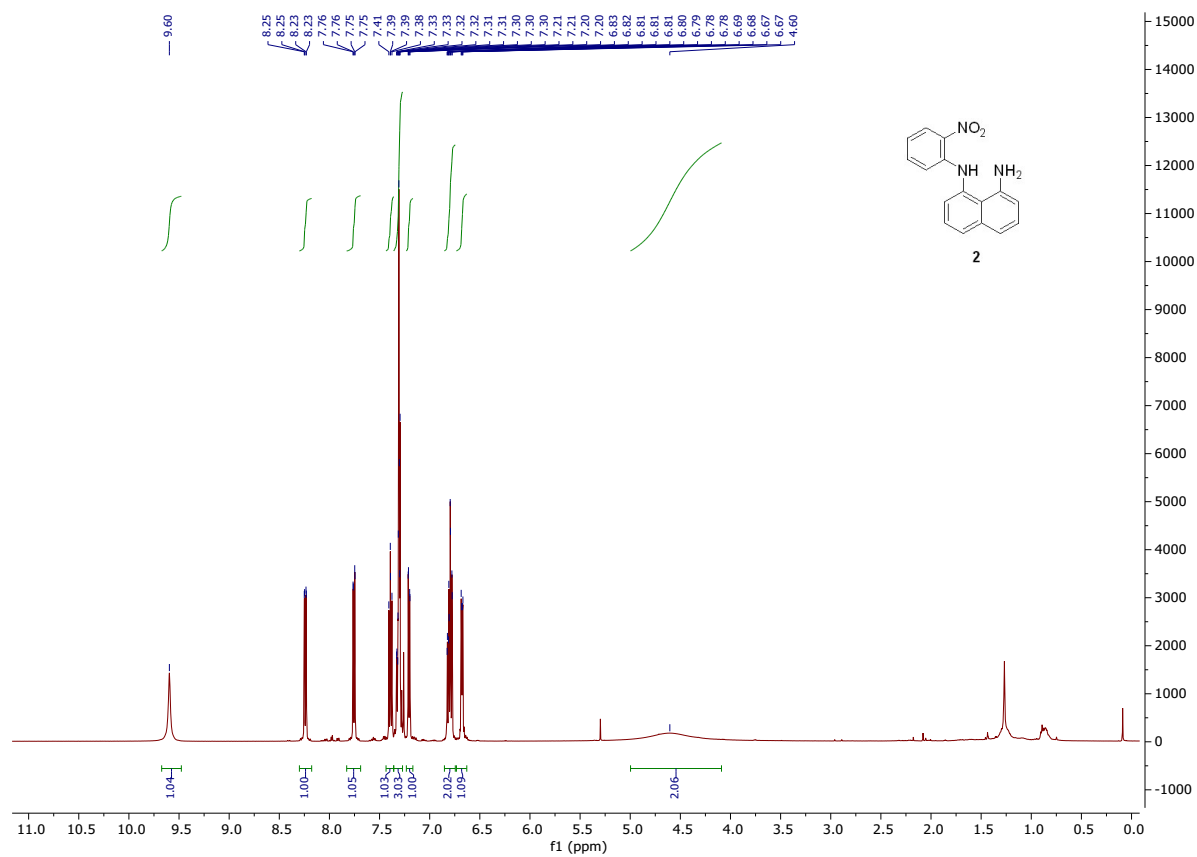
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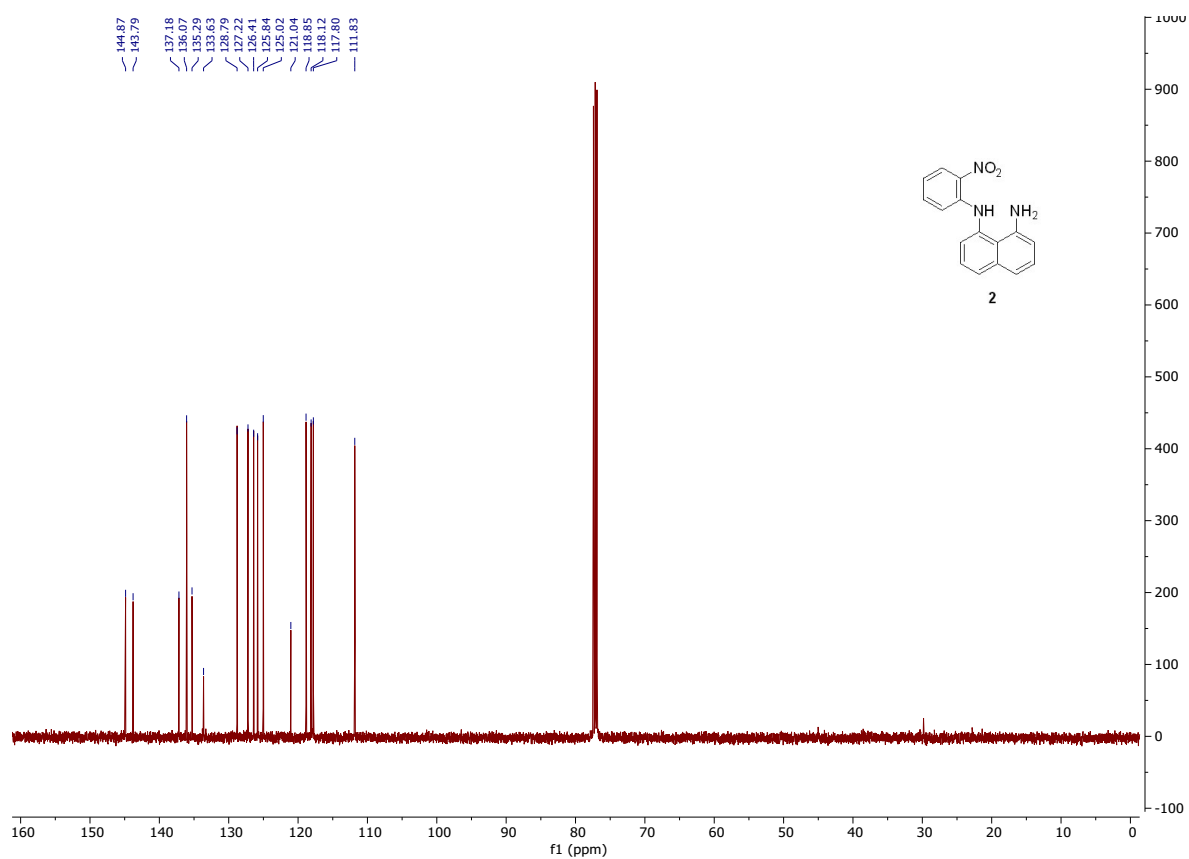
Copies of NMR spectra

*N*¹-(2-nitrophenyl)naphthalene-1,8-diamine **2**

¹H NMR

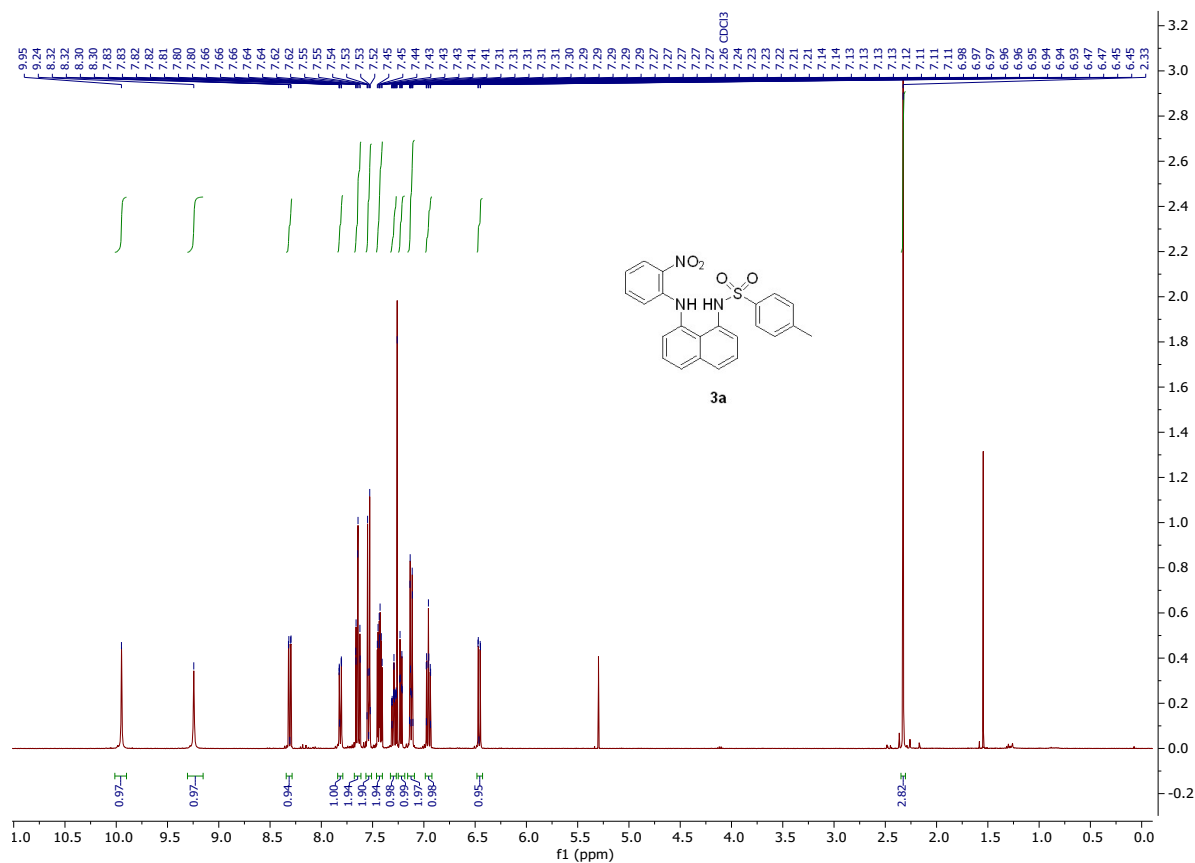


¹³C NMR

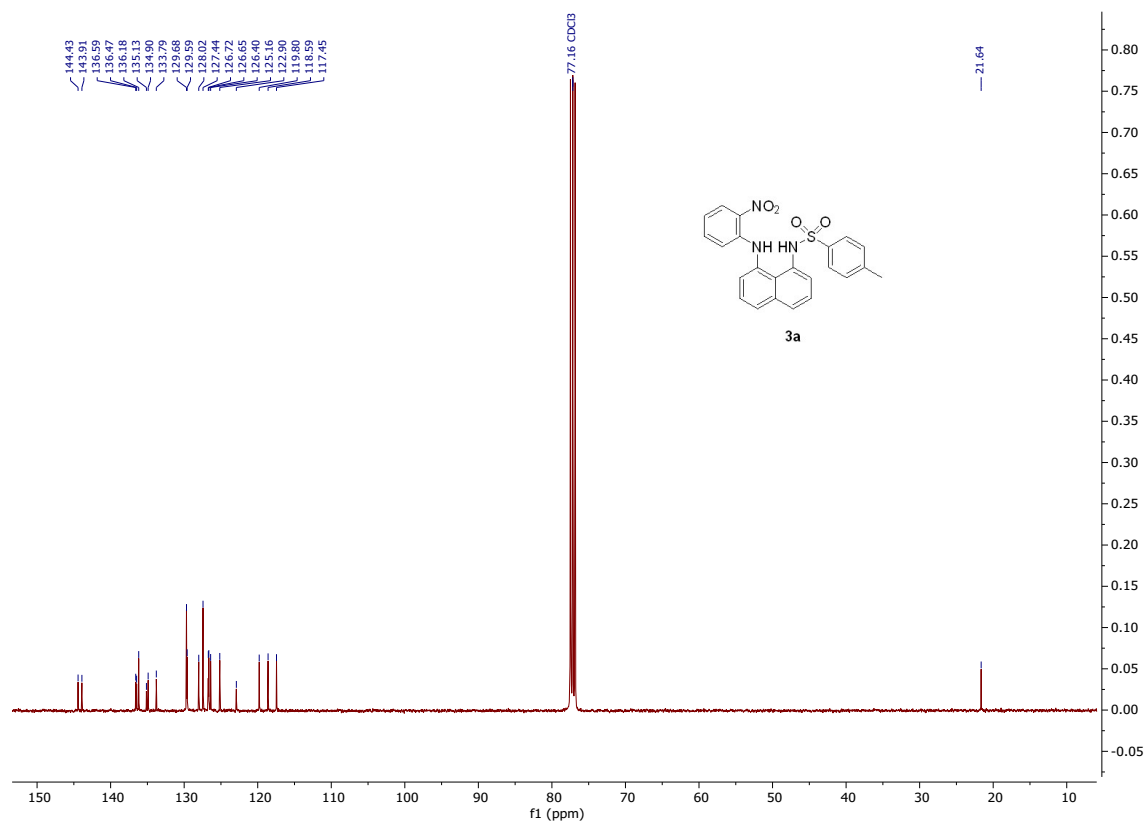


4-Methyl-*N*-(8-[(2-nitrophenyl)amino]naphthalen-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide 3a

¹H NMR

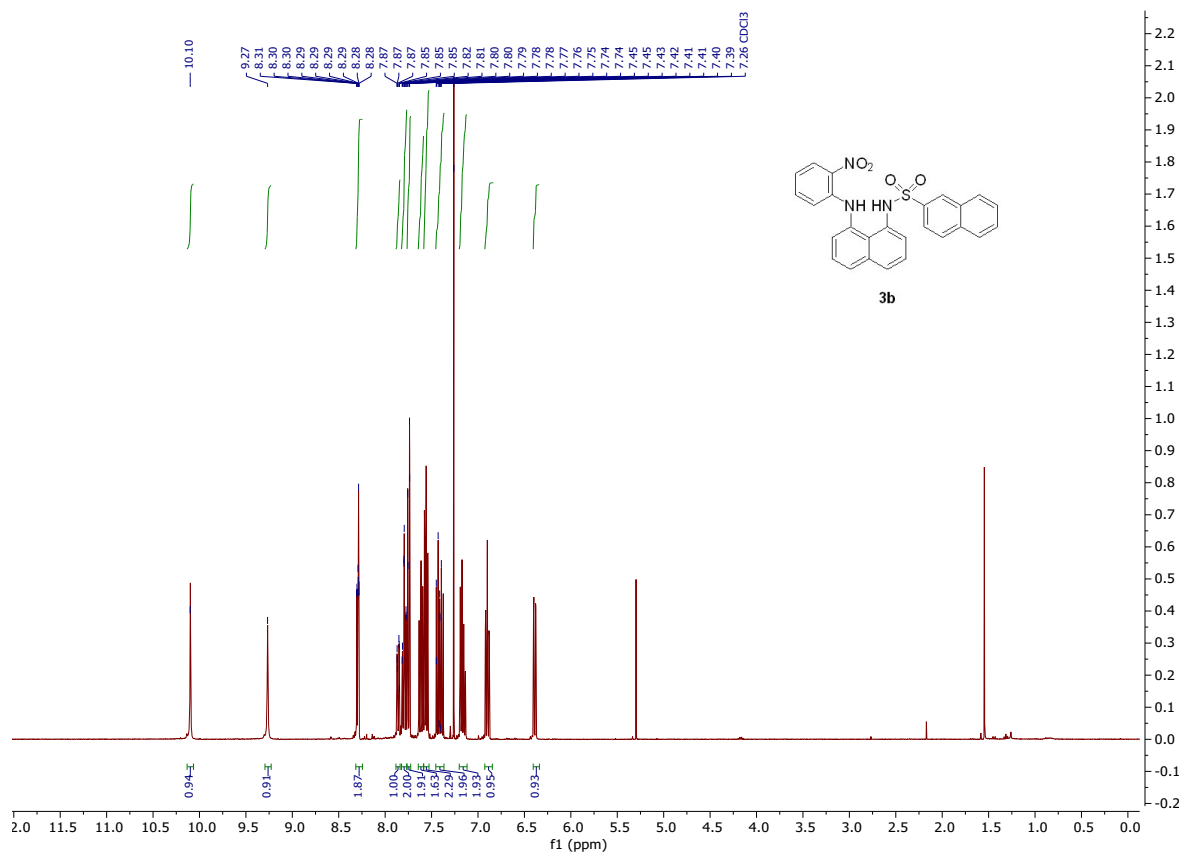


¹³C NMR

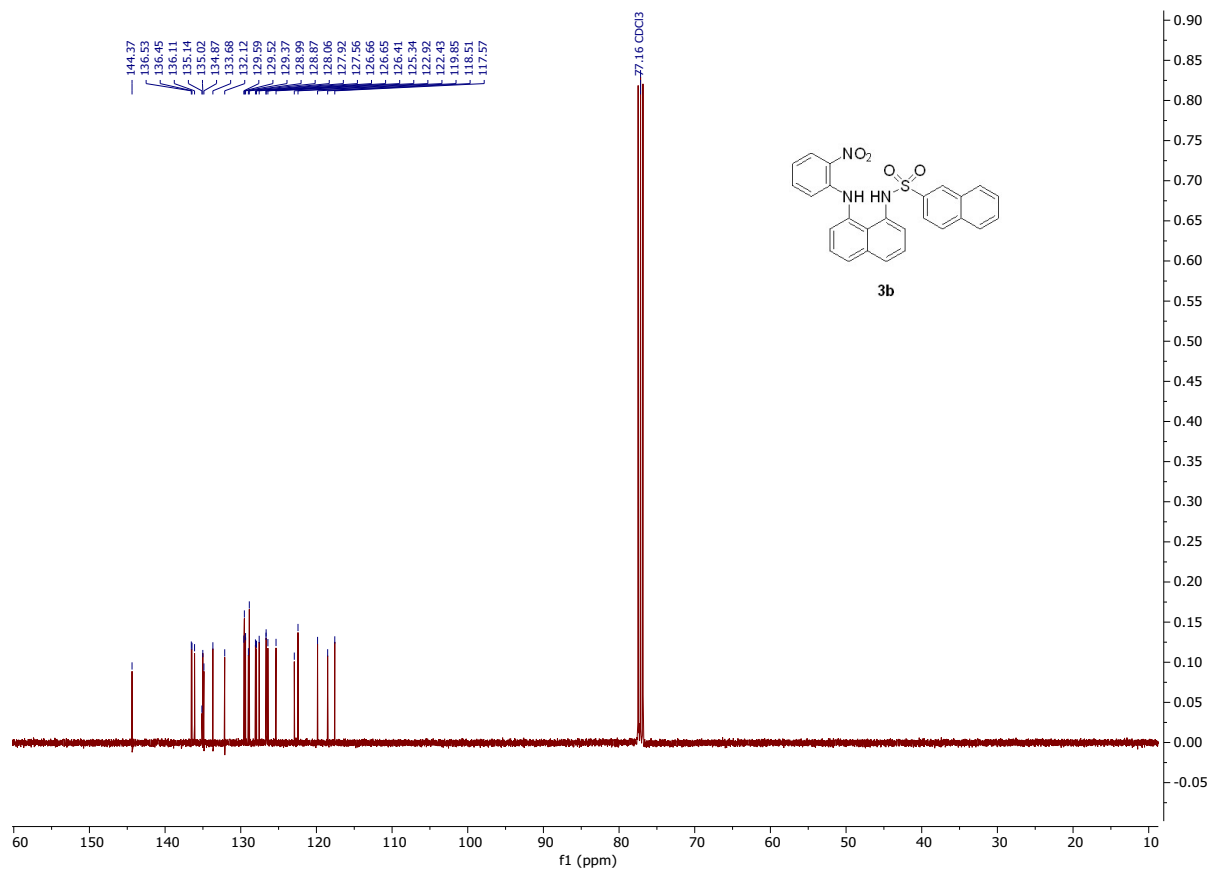


N*-(8-[(2-Nitrophenyl)amino]naphthalen-1-yl)naphthalene-2-sulfonamide **3b*

¹H NMR

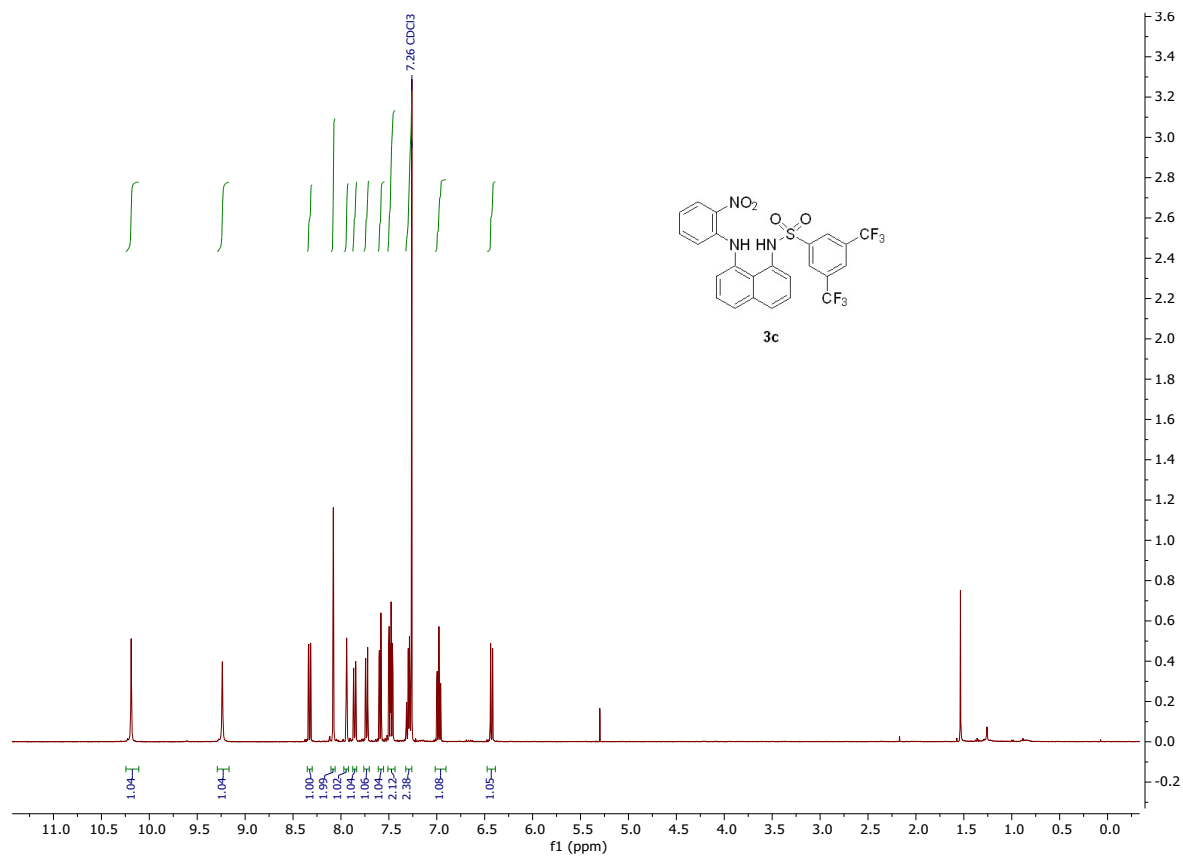


¹³C NMR

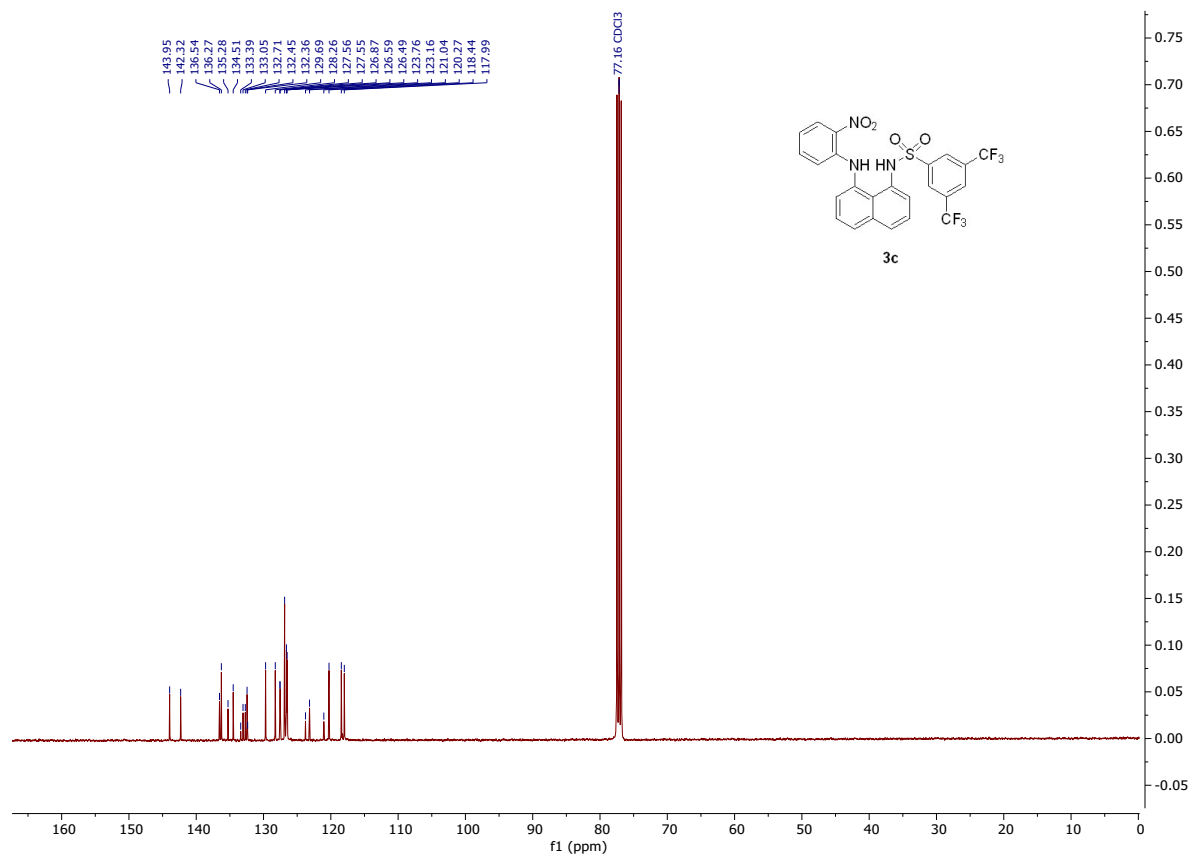


***N*-(8-[(2-Nitrophenyl)amino)naphthalen-1-yl]-3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide 3c**

¹H NMR

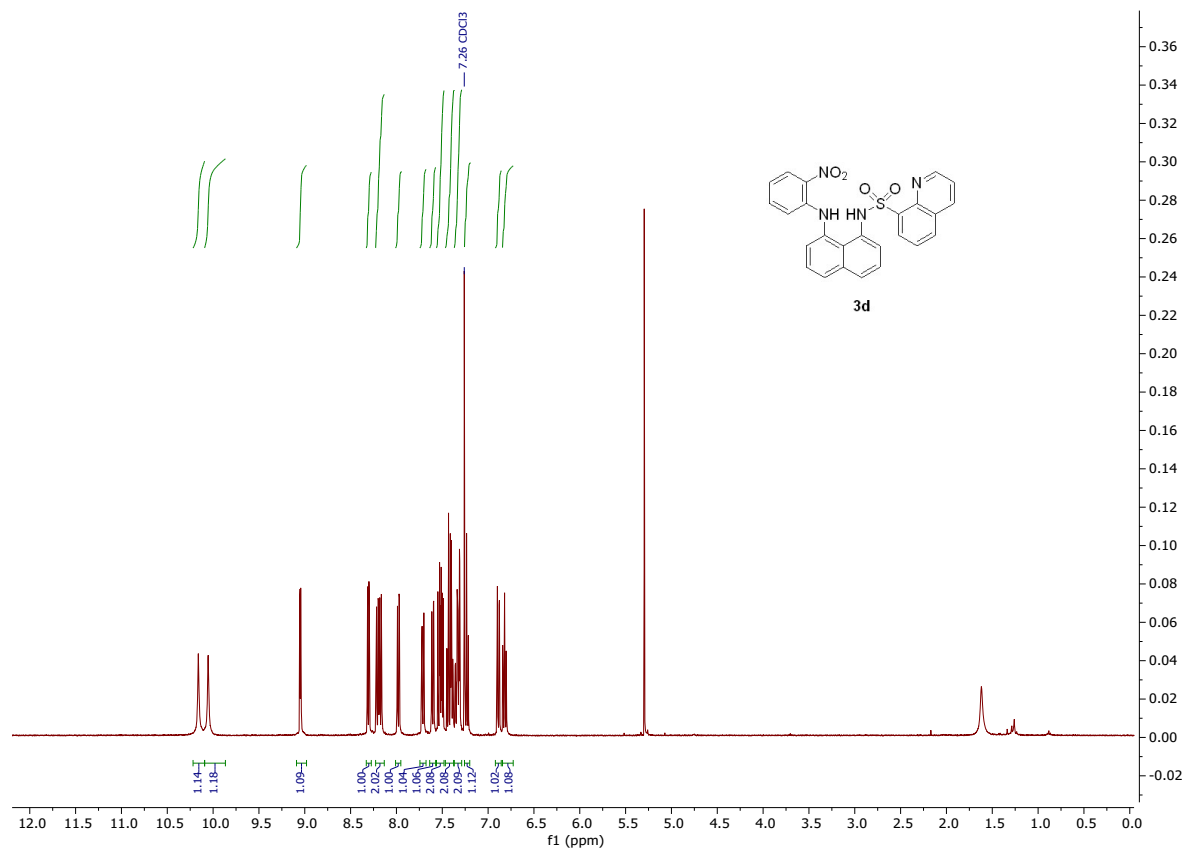


¹³C NMR

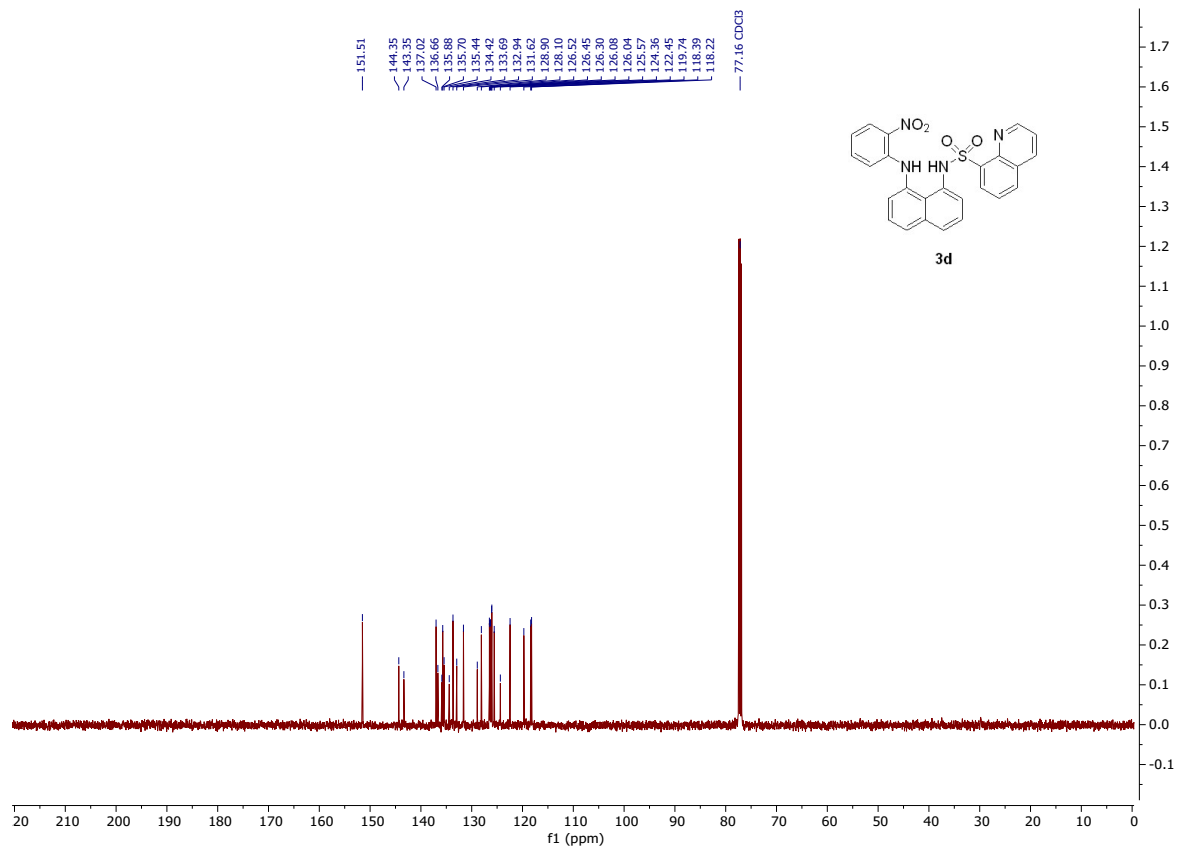


***N*-(8-((2-Nitrophenyl)amino)naphthalen-1-yl)quinoline-8-sulfonamide 3d**

¹H NMR

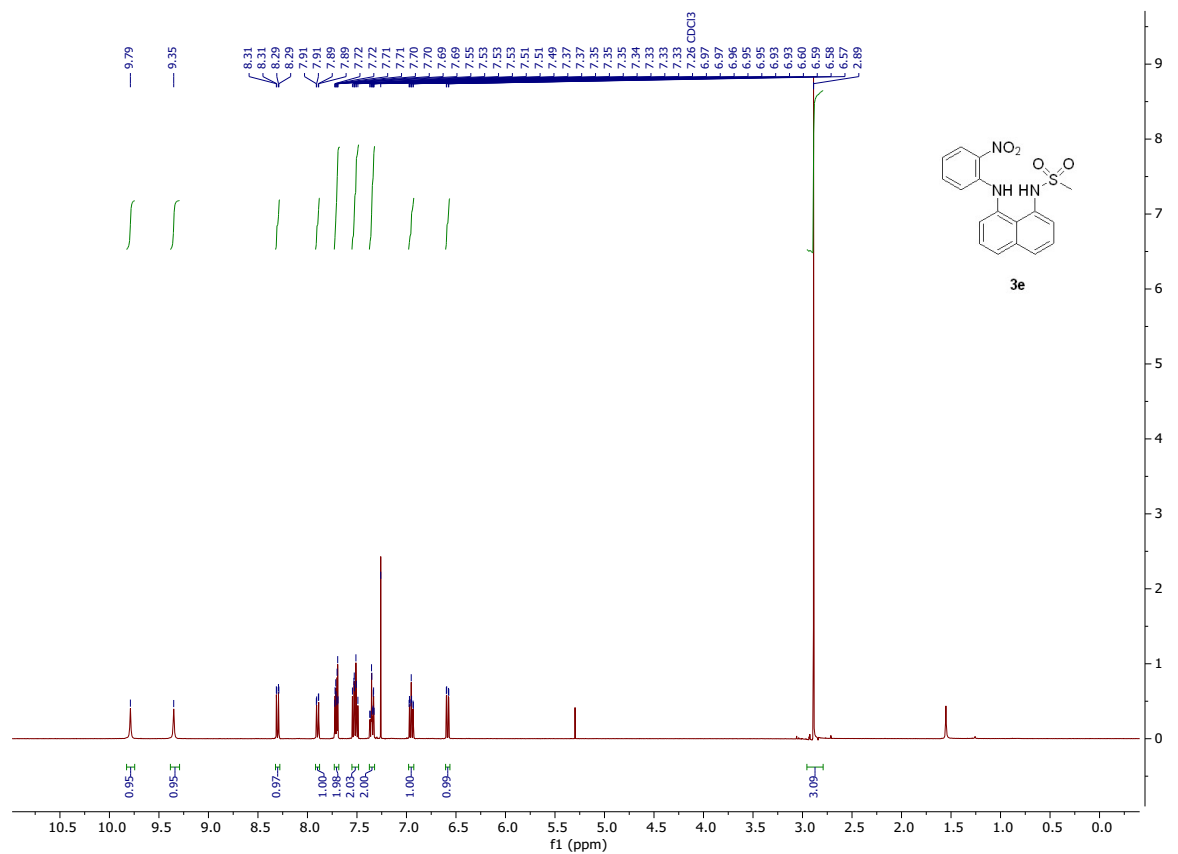


¹³C NMR

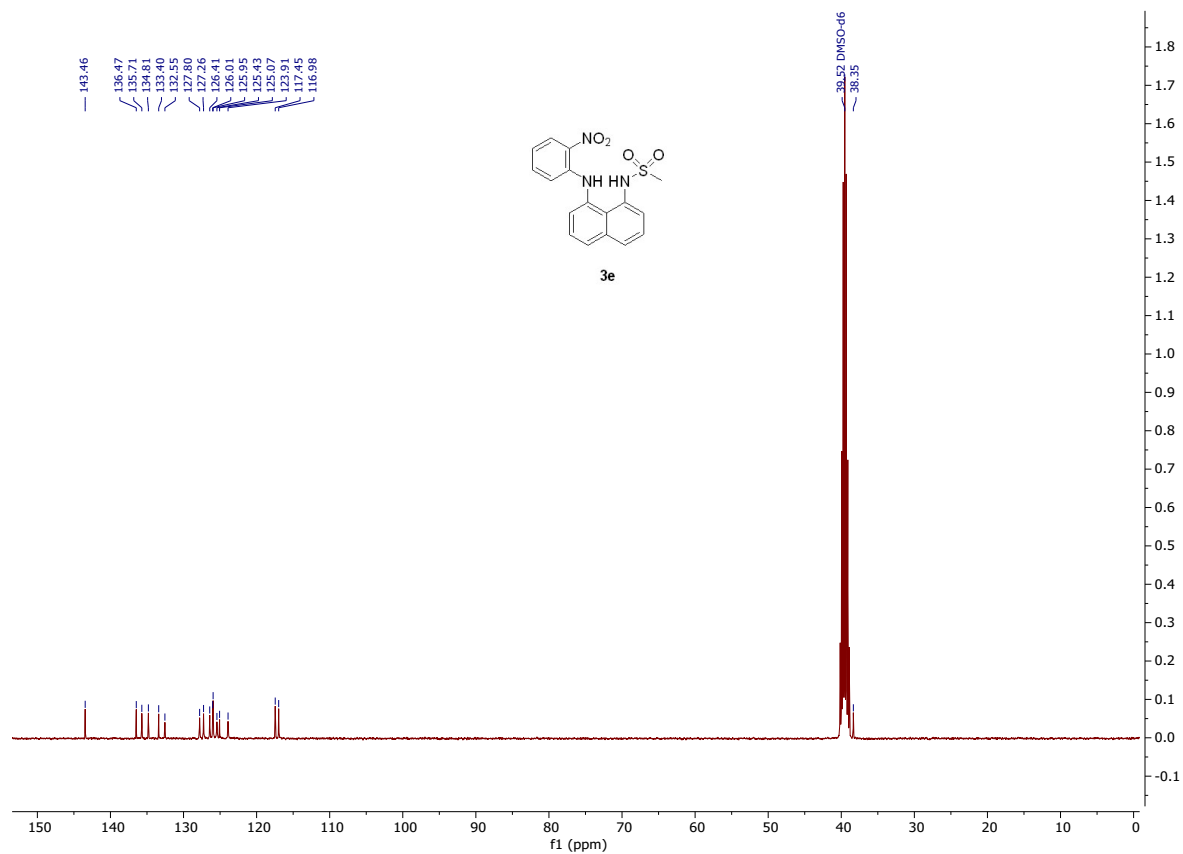


***N*-(8-[(2-Nitrophenyl)amino]naphthalen-1-yl)methanesulfonamide 3e**

¹H NMR

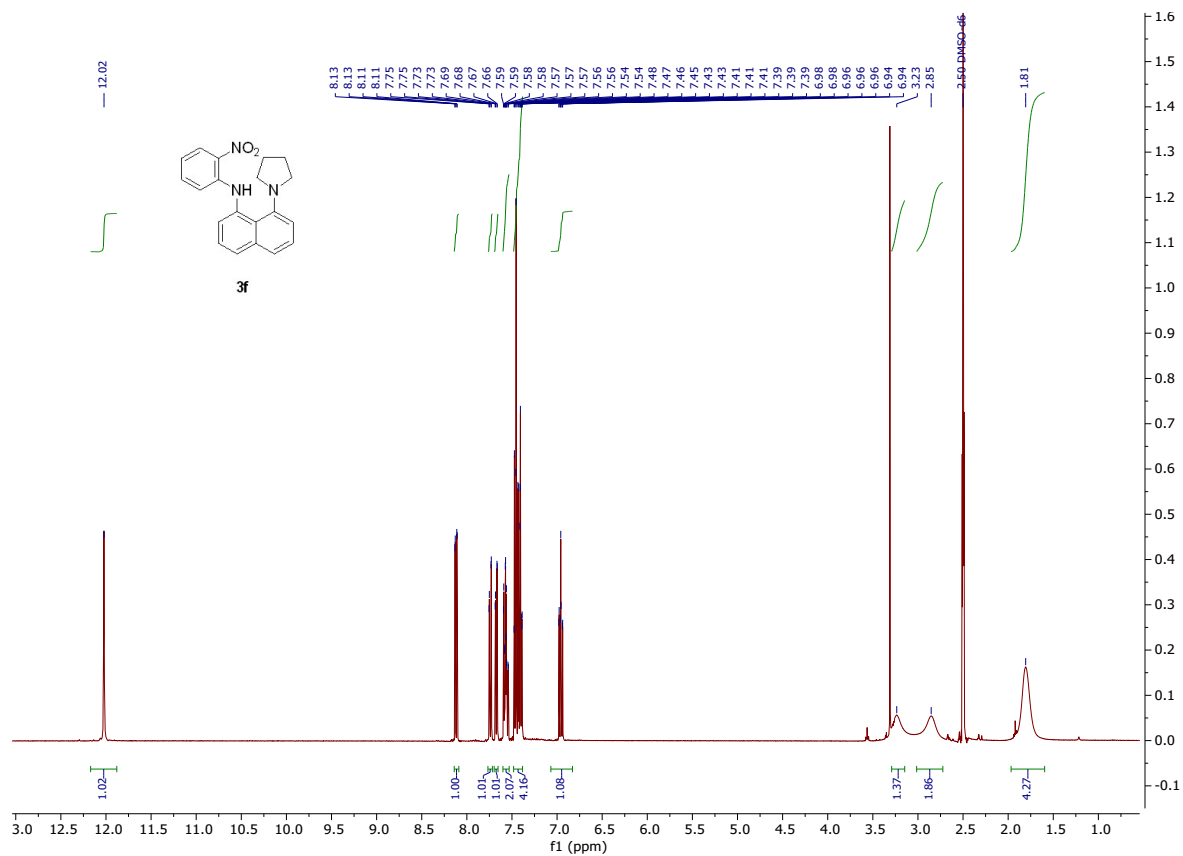


¹³C NMR

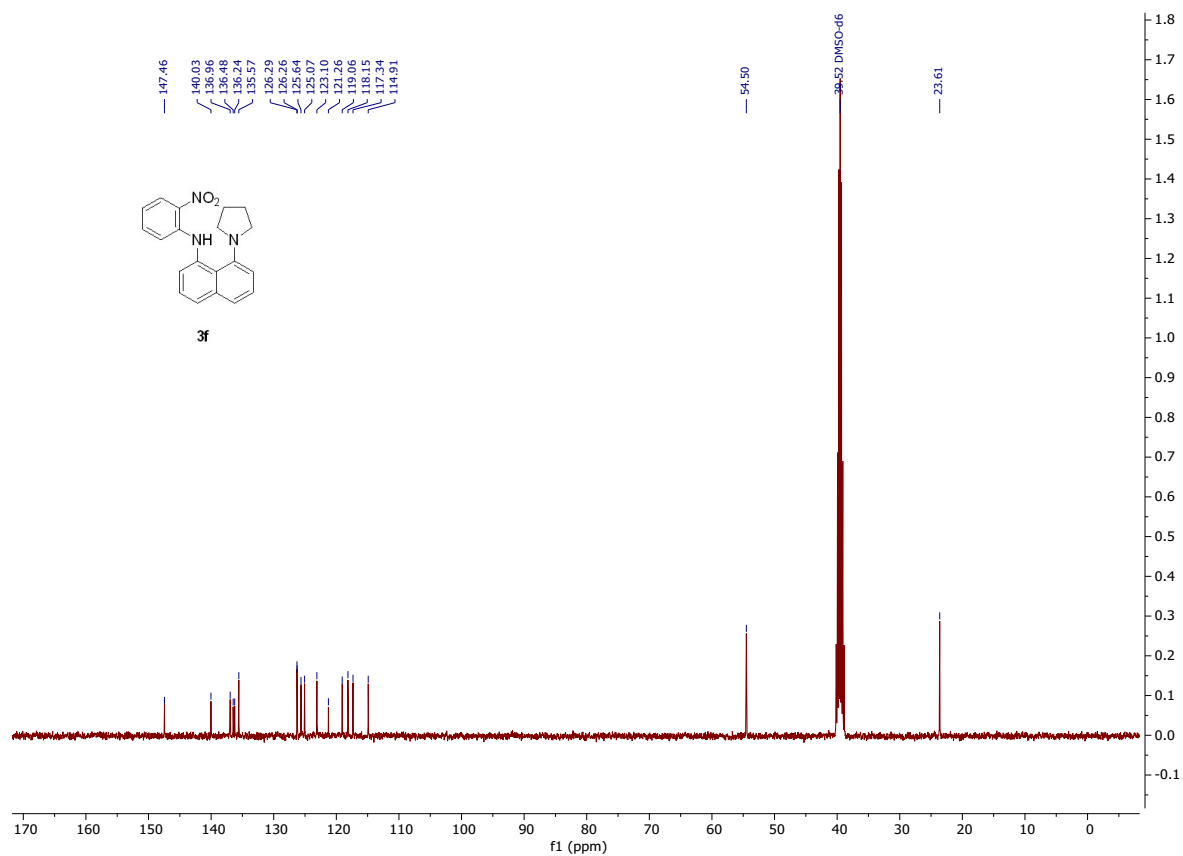


***N*-(2-Nitrophenyl)-8-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)naphthalen-1-amine 3f**

¹H NMR

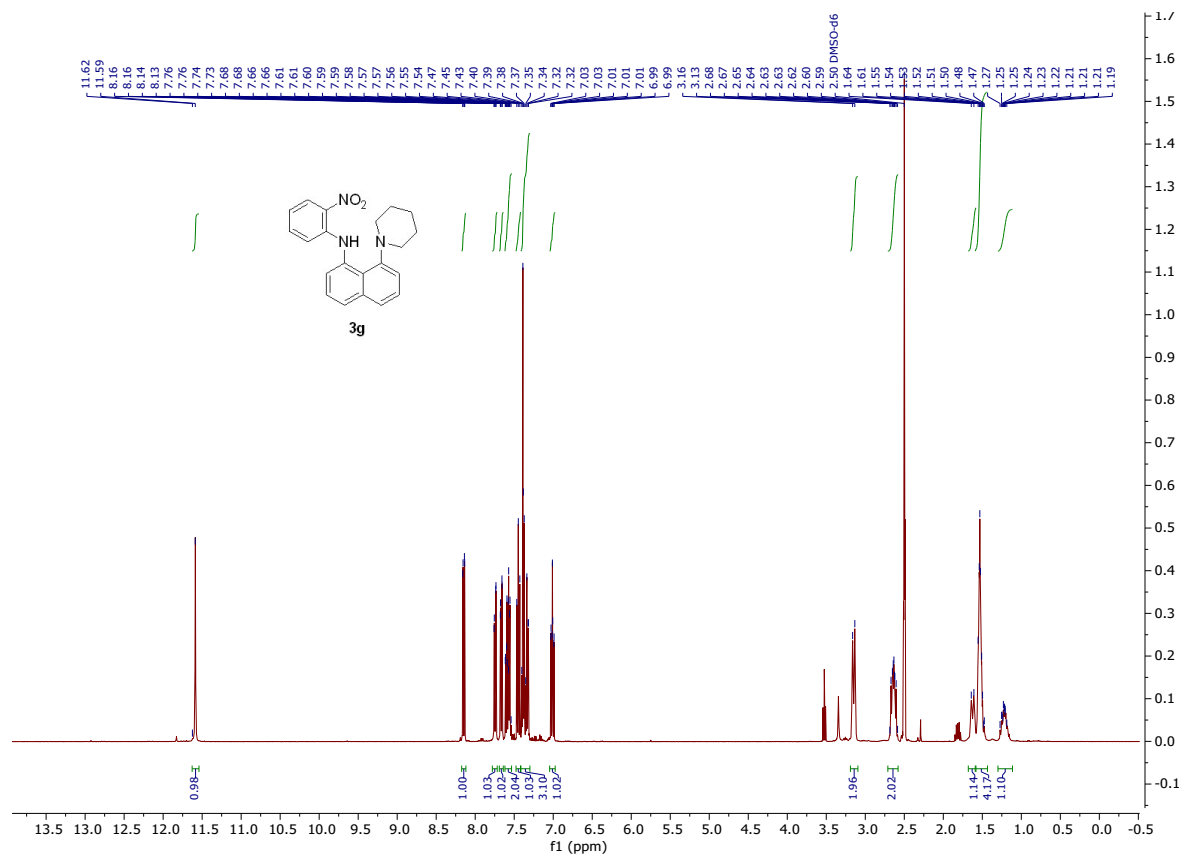


¹³C NMR

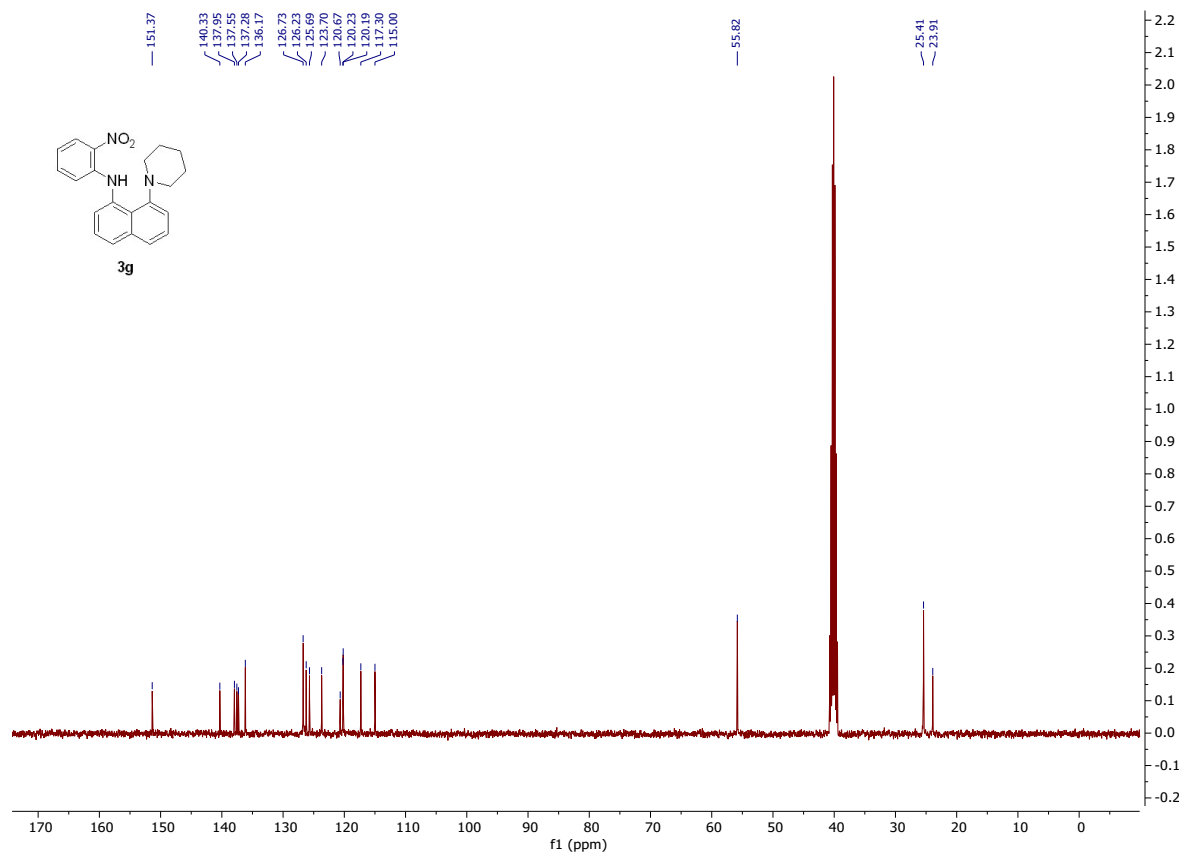


***N*-(2-Nitrophenyl)-8-(piperidin-1-yl)naphthalen-1-amine 3g**

¹H NMR

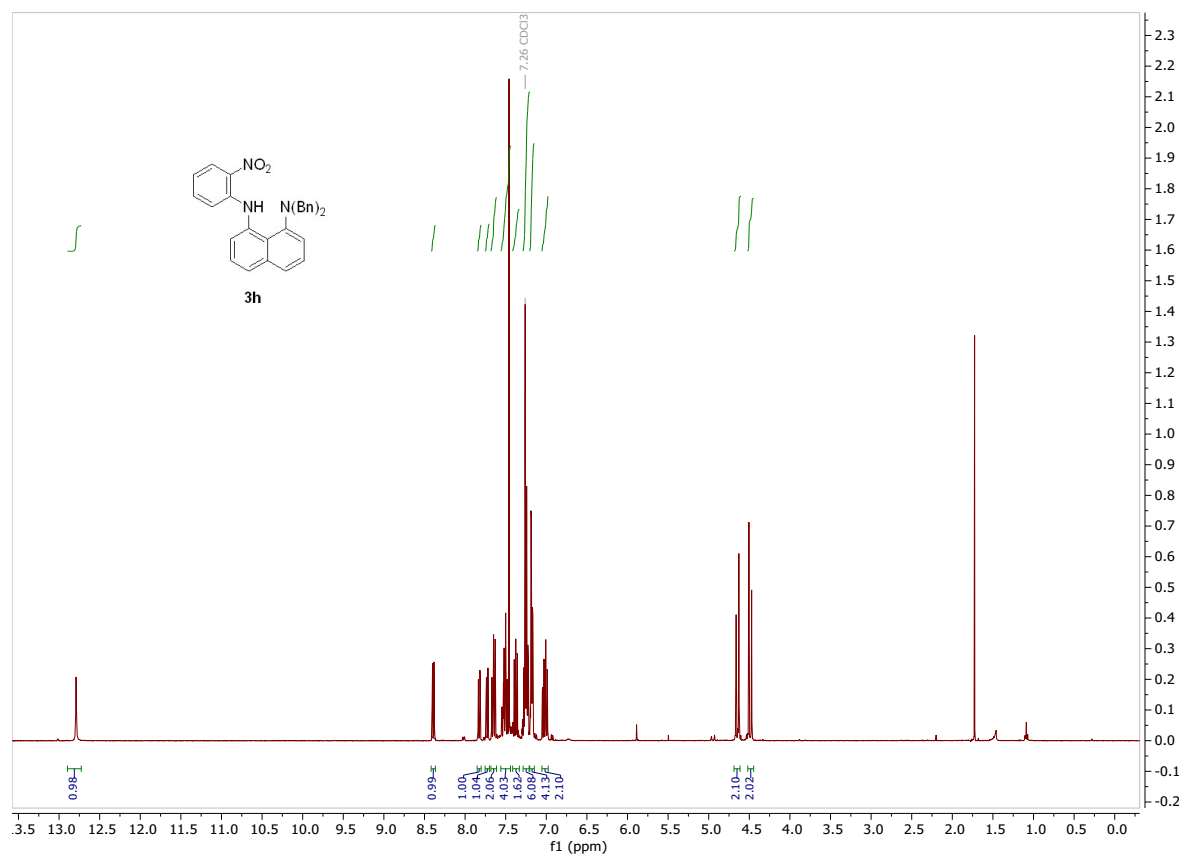


¹³C NMR

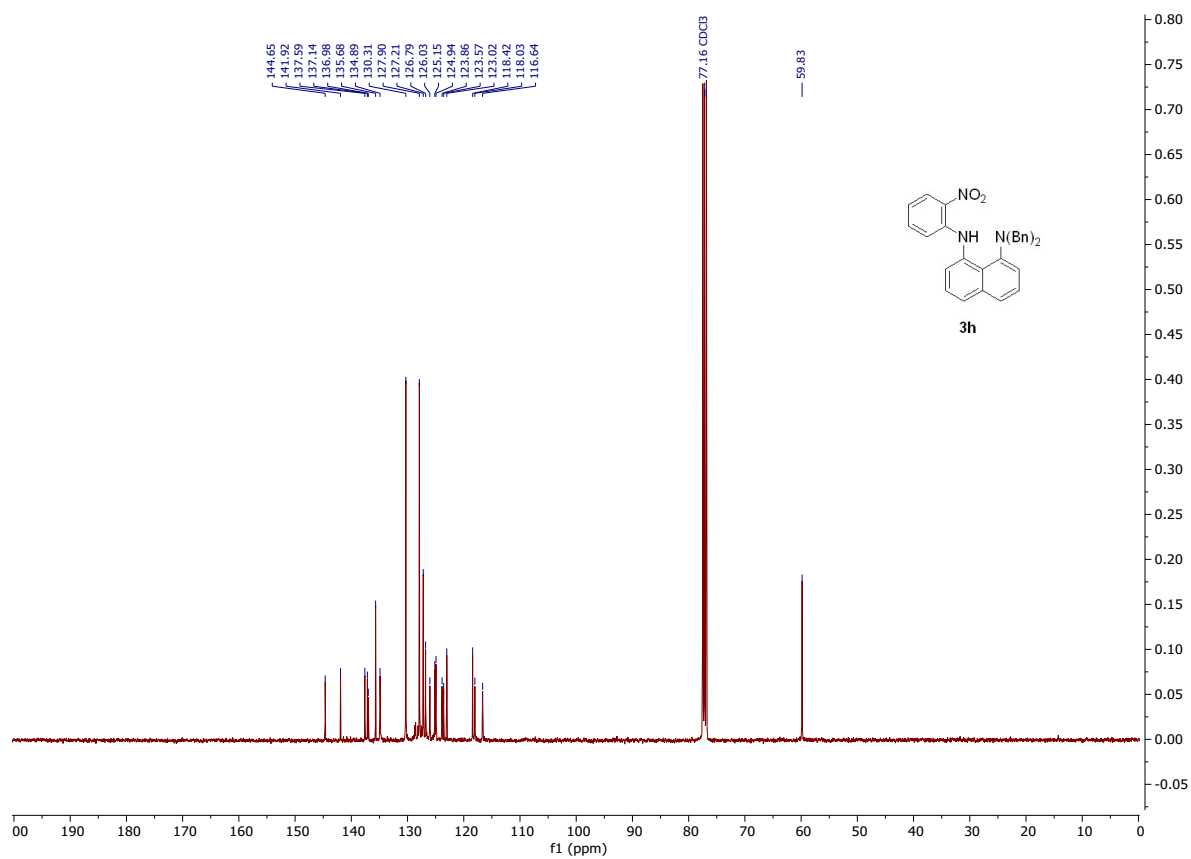


***N*¹,*N*¹-Dibenzyl-*N*⁸-(2-nitrophenyl)naphthalene-1,8-diamine 3h**

¹H NMR

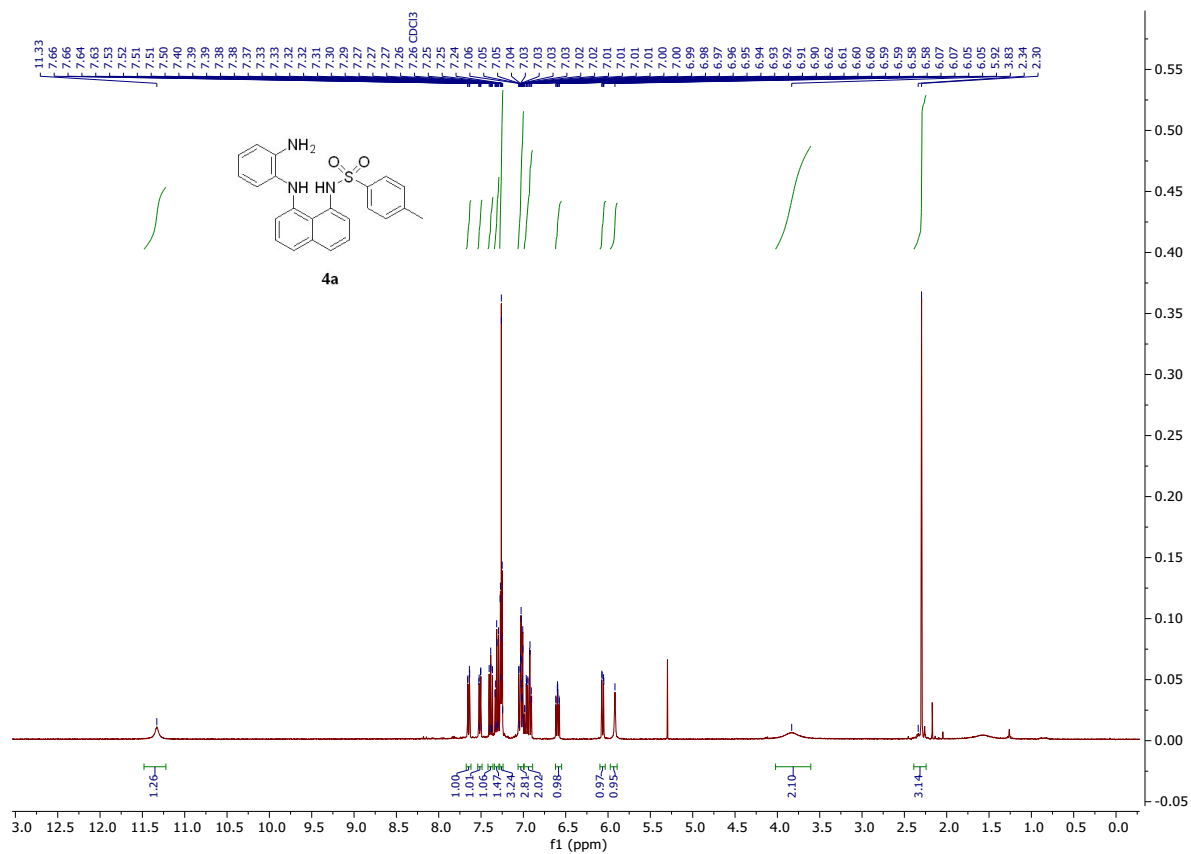


¹³C NMR

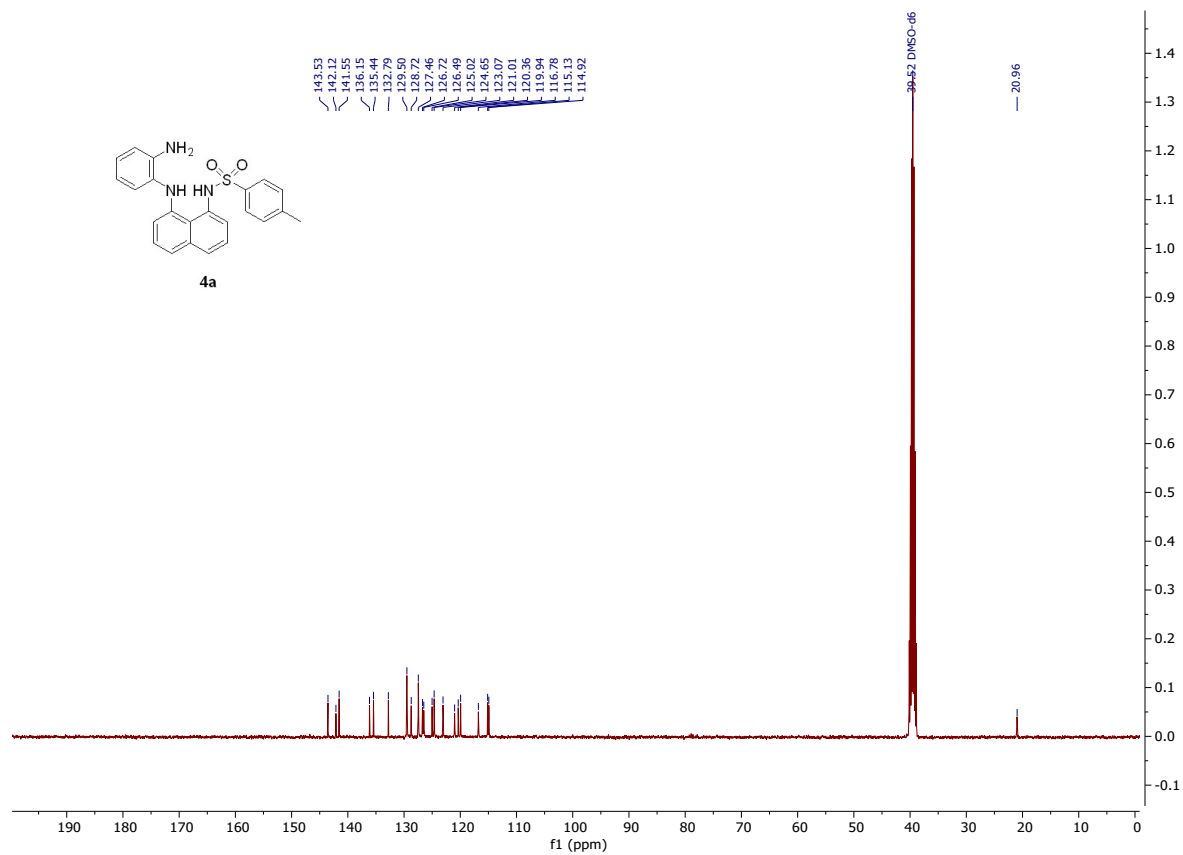


***N*-(8-((2-Aminophenyl)amino)naphthalen-1-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide 4a**

¹H NMR

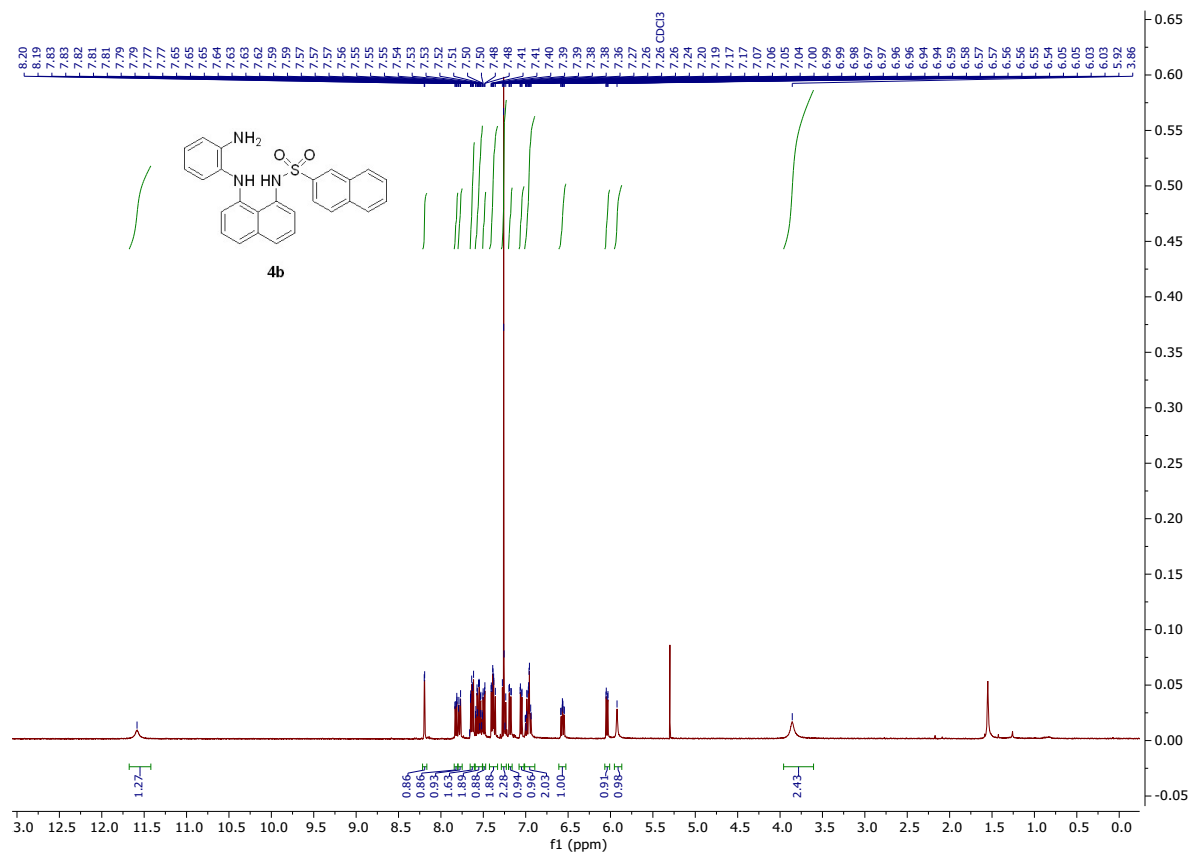


¹³C NMR

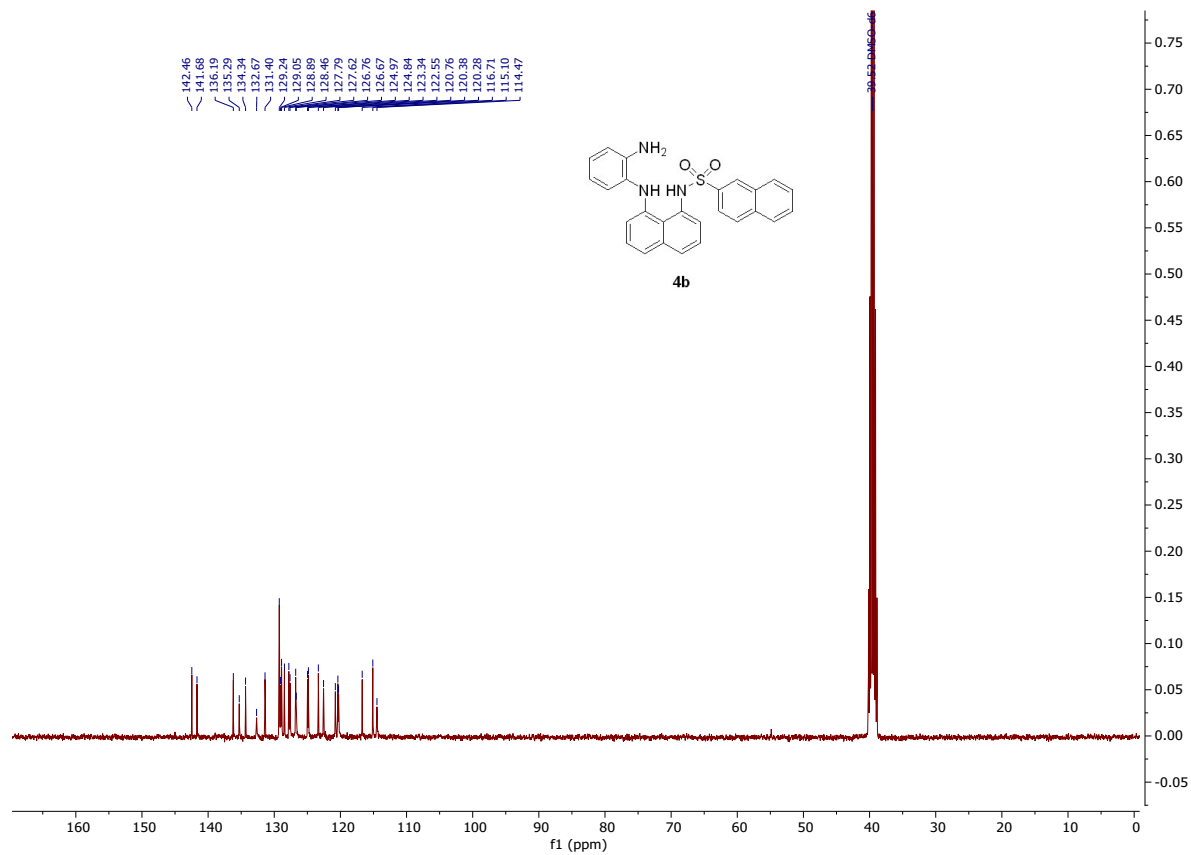


***N*-(8-((2-aminophenyl)amino)naphthalen-1-yl)naphthalene-2-sulfonamide 4b**

¹H NMR

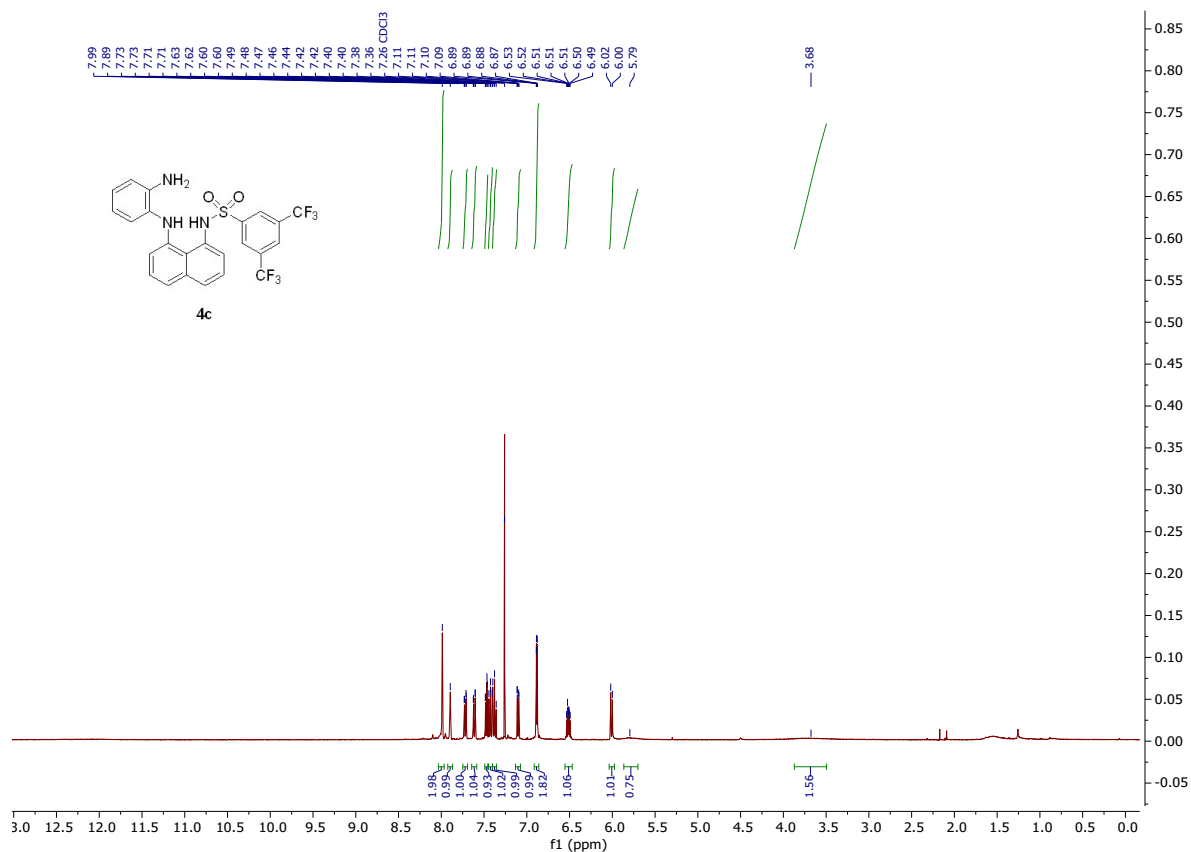


¹³C NMR

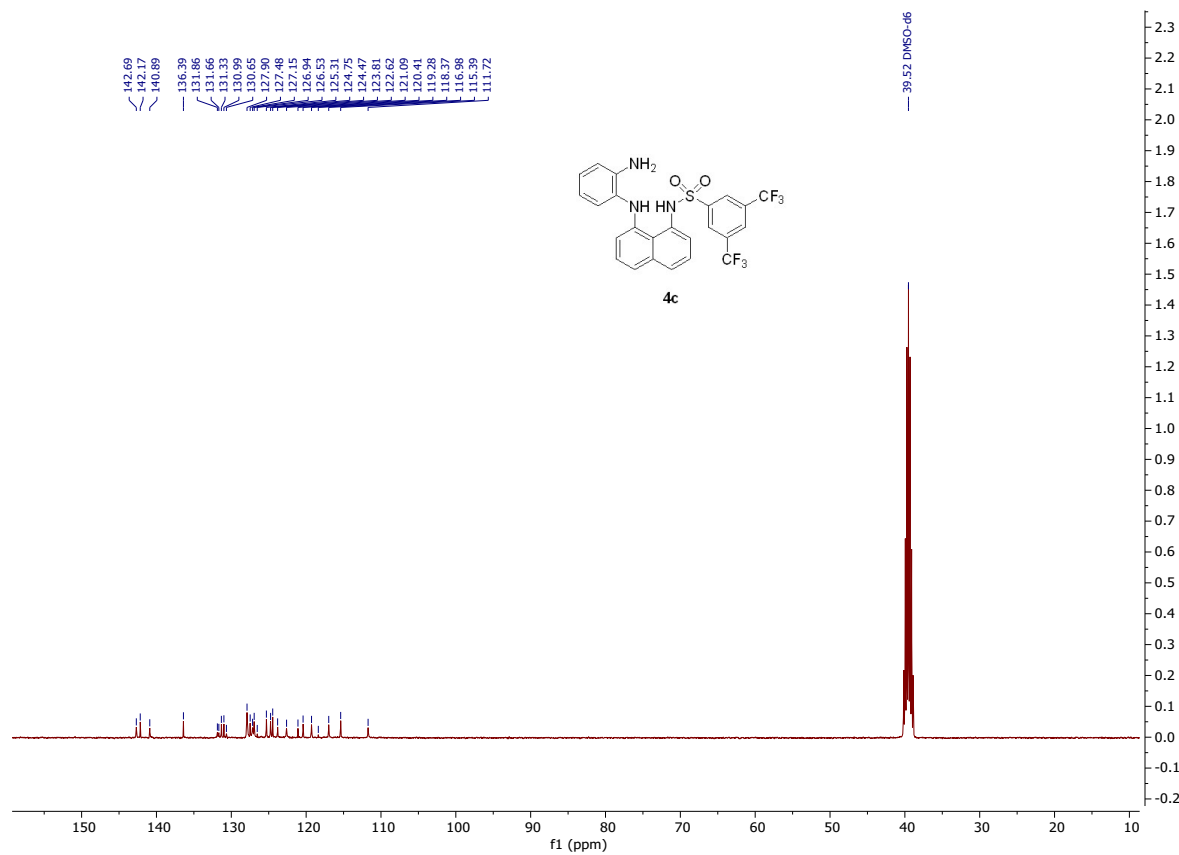


***N*-(8-((2-aminophenyl)amino)naphthalen-1-yl)-3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide 4c**

¹H NMR

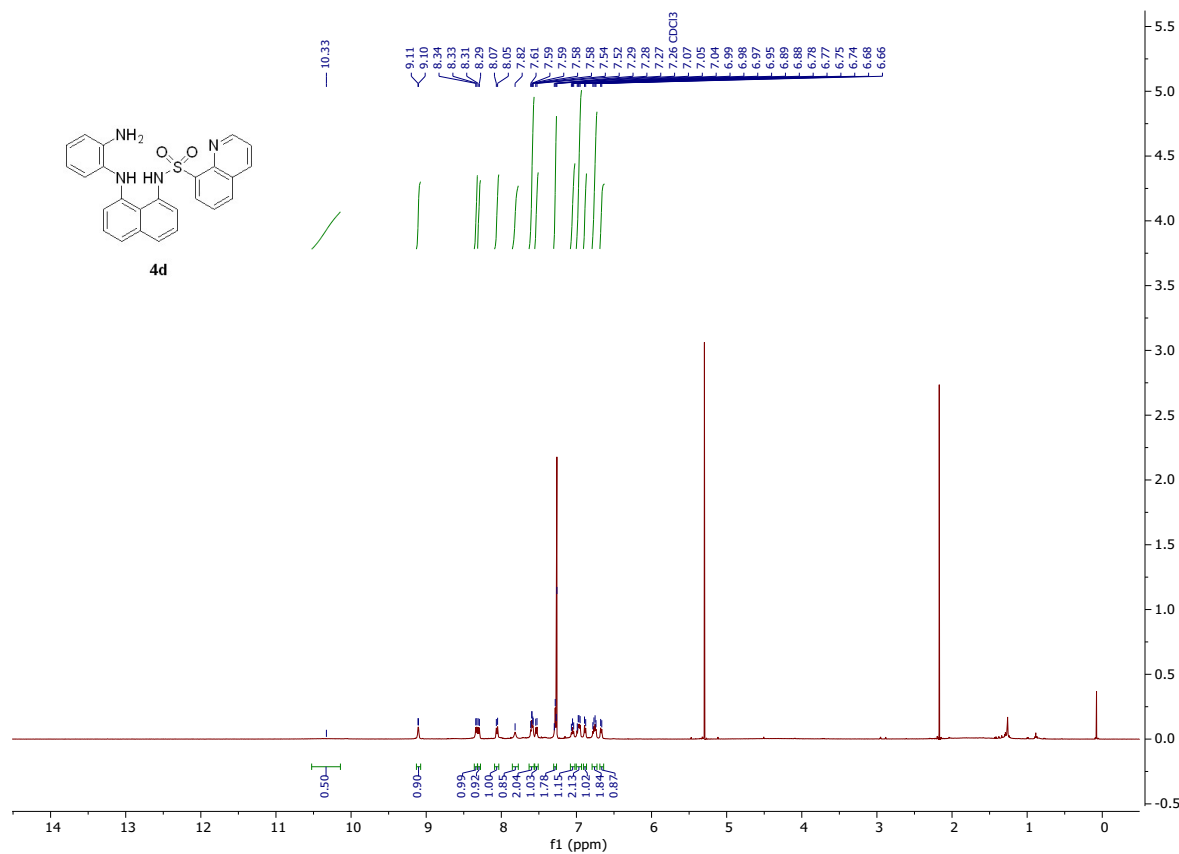


¹³C NMR

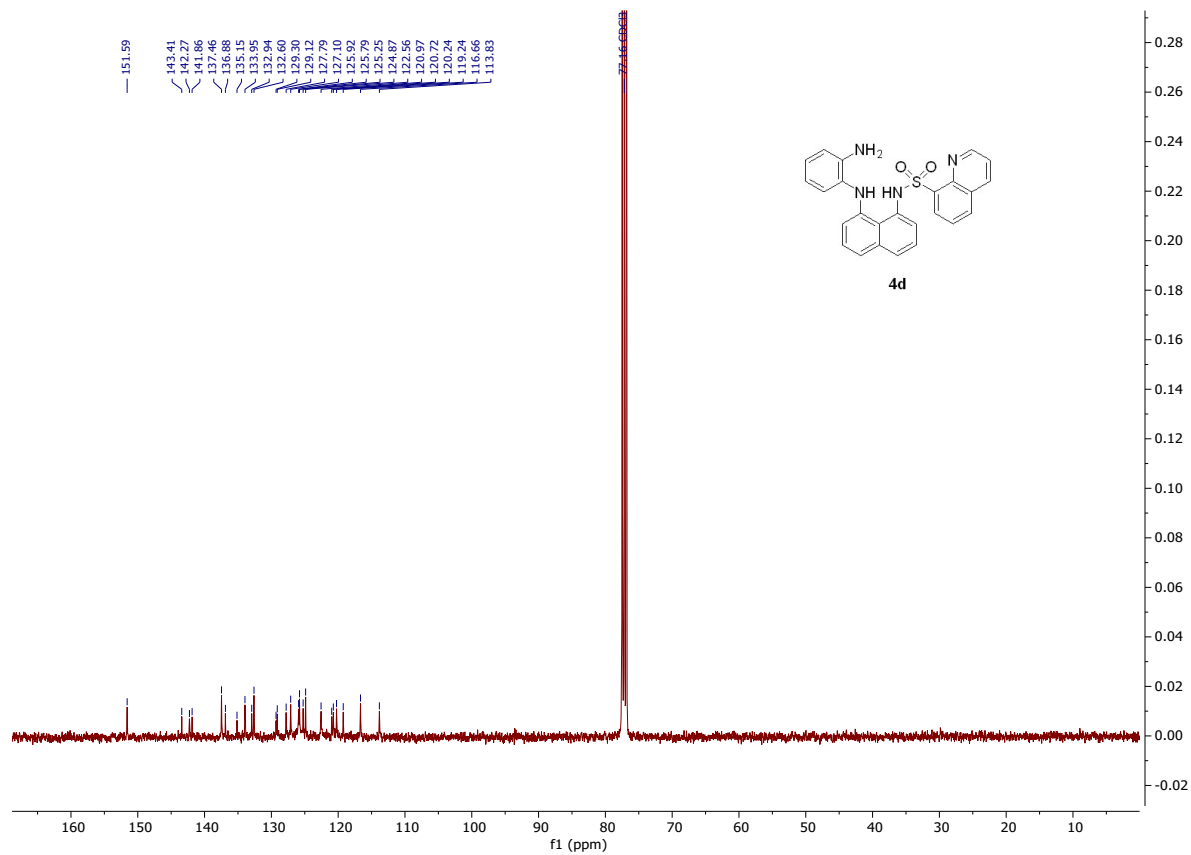


***N*-(8-((2-nitrophenyl)amino)naphthalen-1-yl)quinoline-8-sulfonamide 4d**

¹H NMR

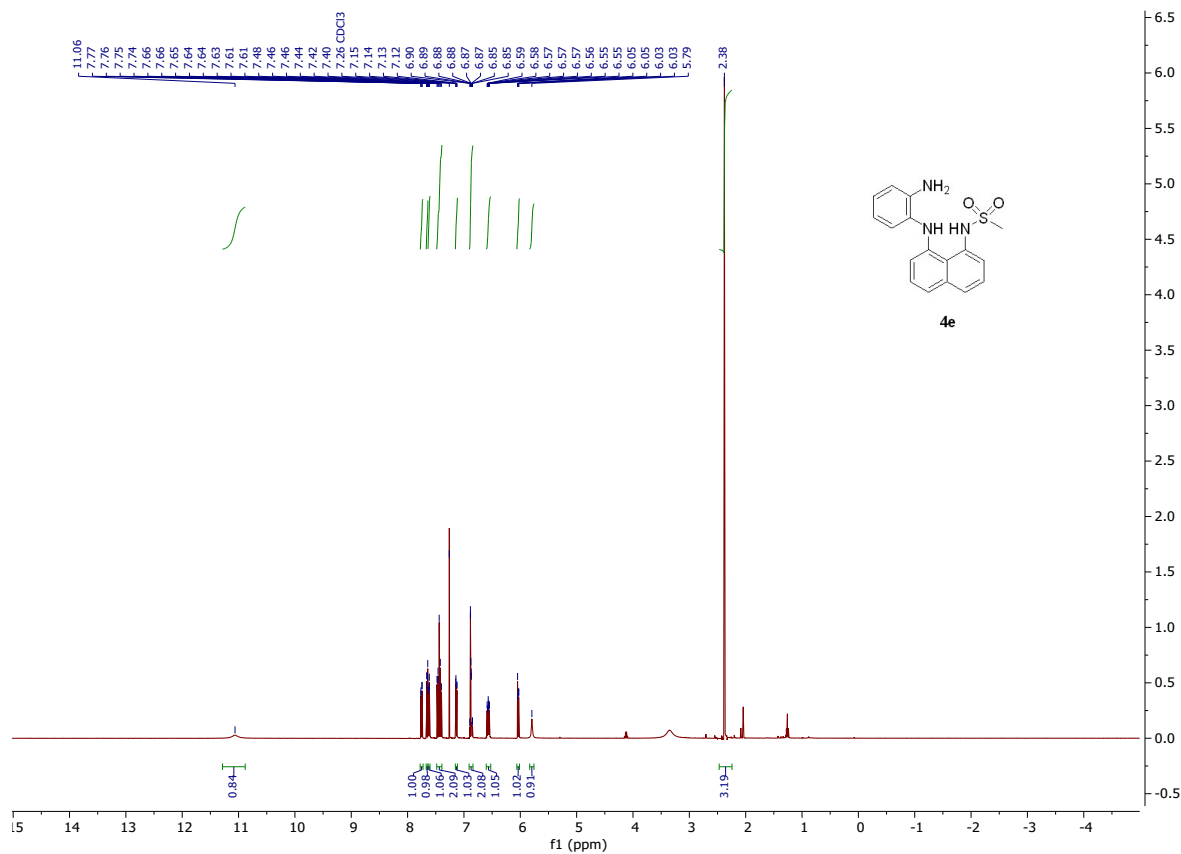


¹³C NMR

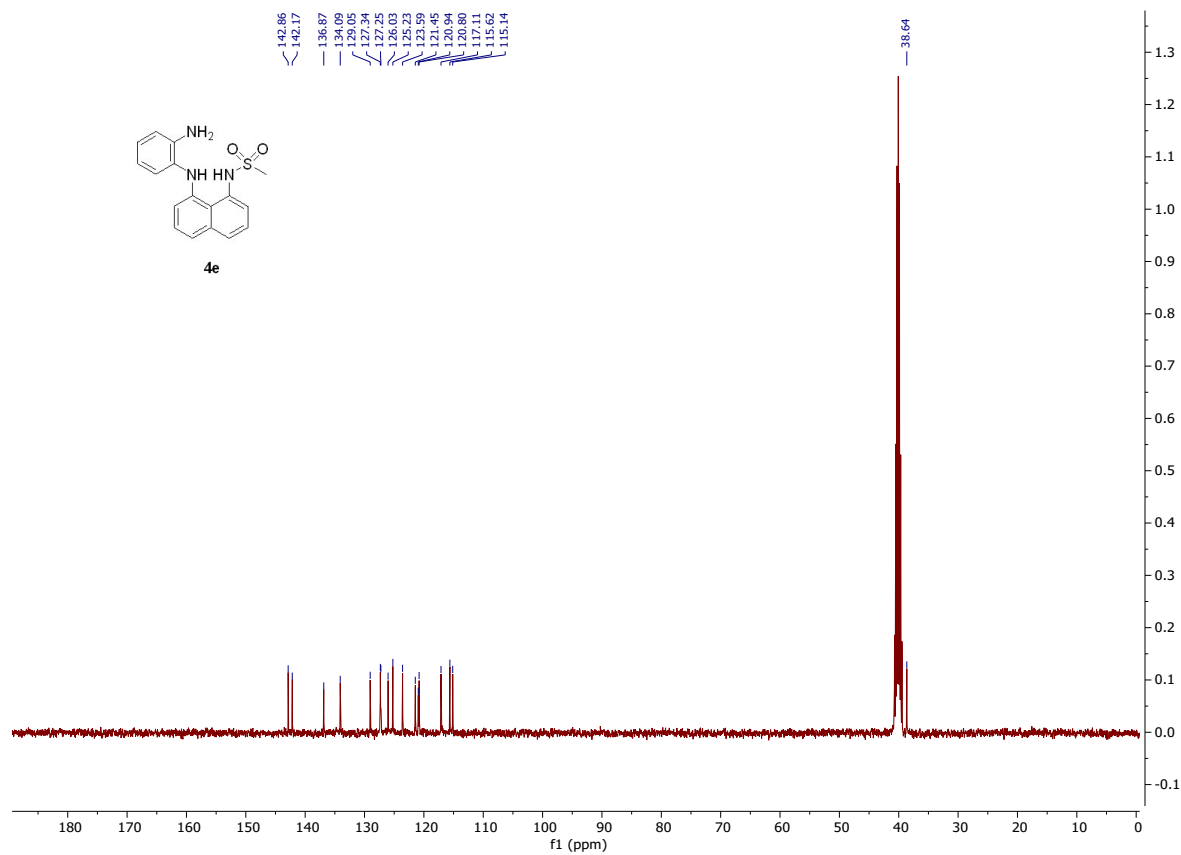


***N*-(8-((2-Aminophenyl)amino)naphthalen-1-yl)methanesulfonamide 4e**

¹H NMR

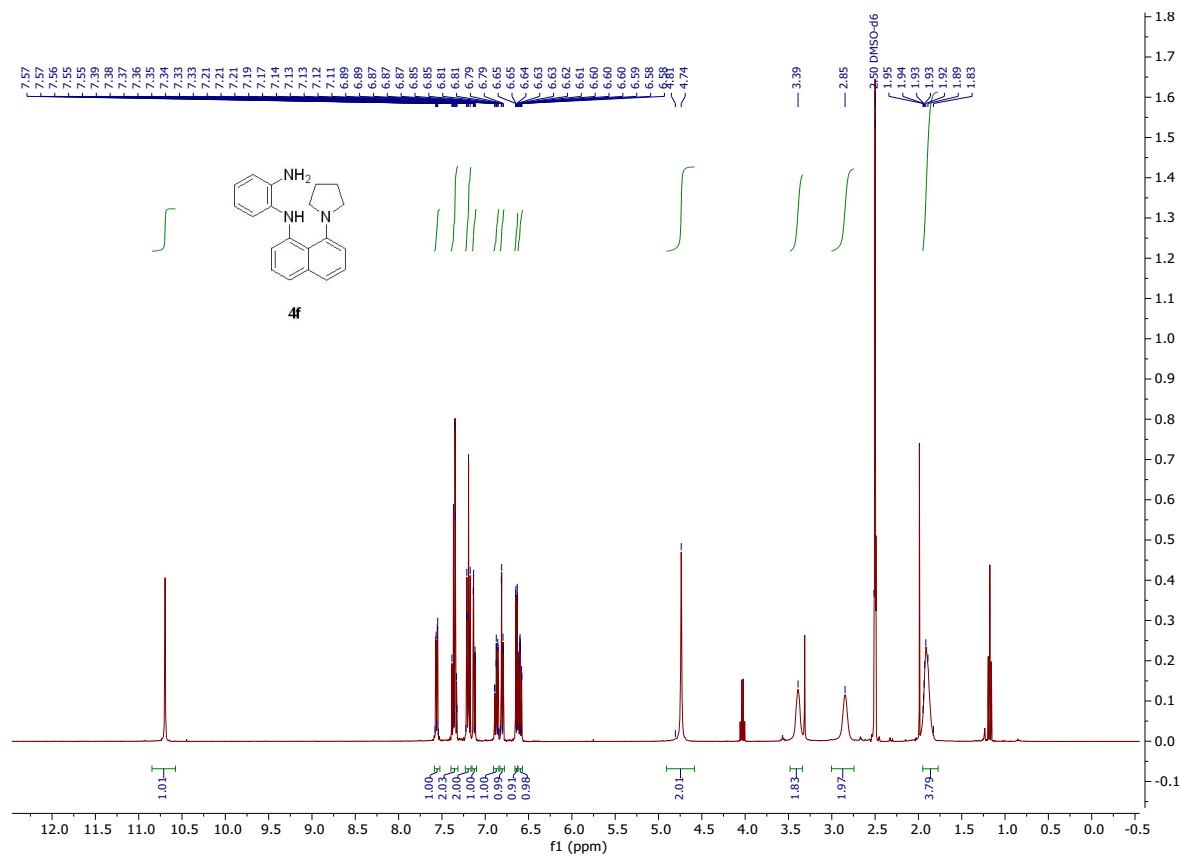


¹³C NMR

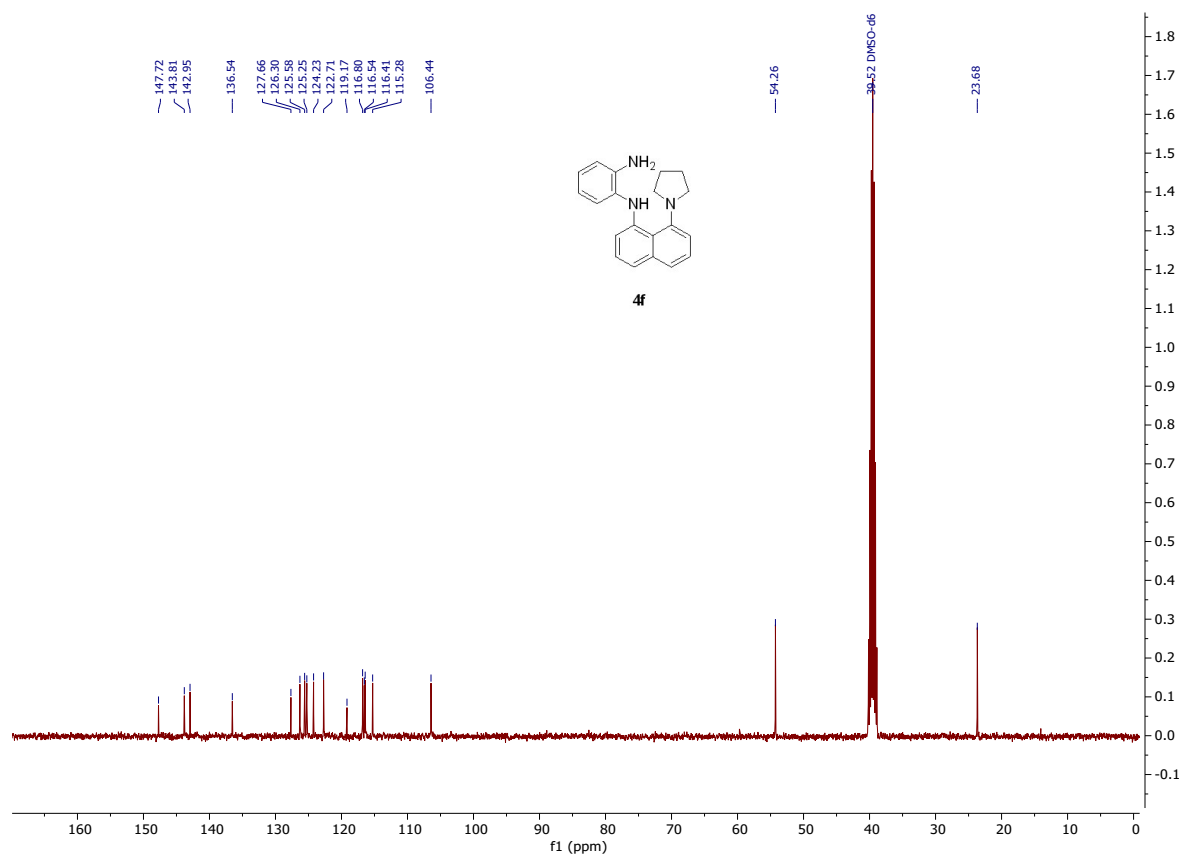


***N*¹-(8-(Pyrrolidin-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)benzene-1,2-diamine 4f**

¹H NMR

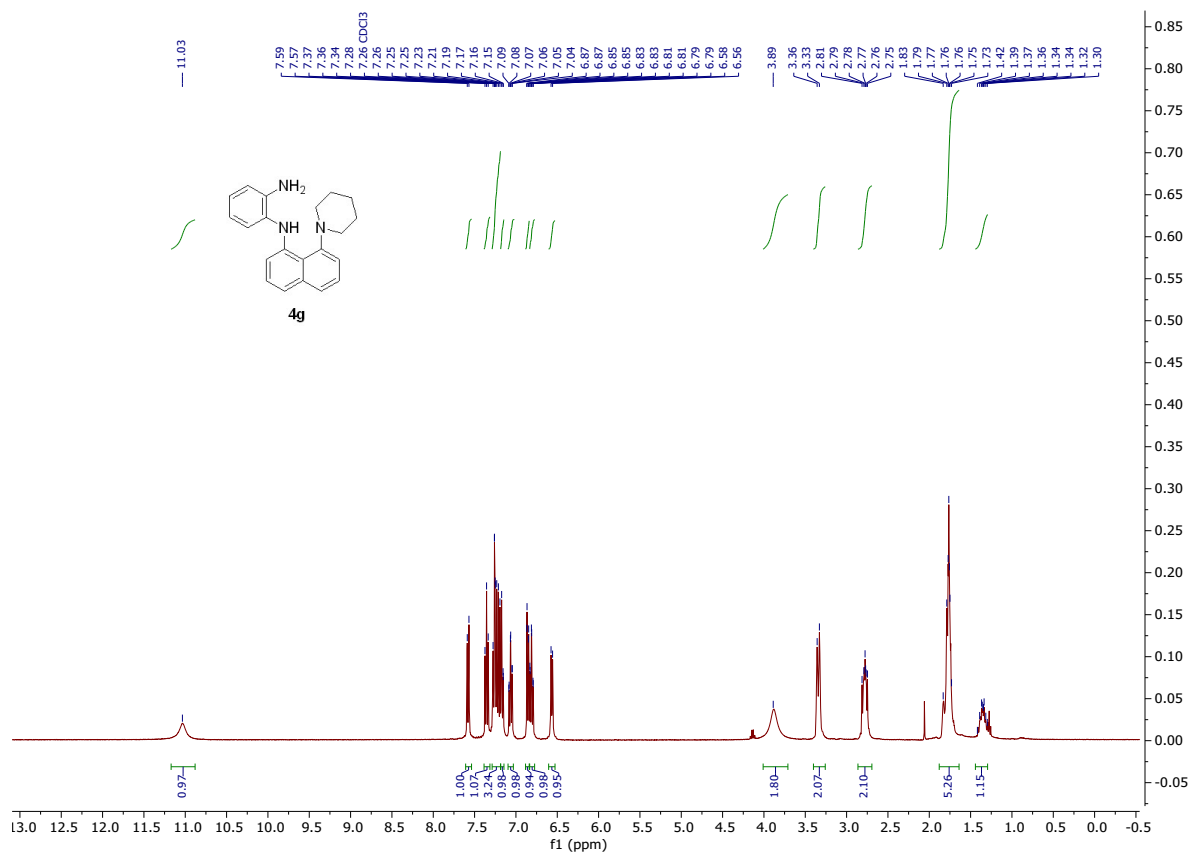


¹³C NMR

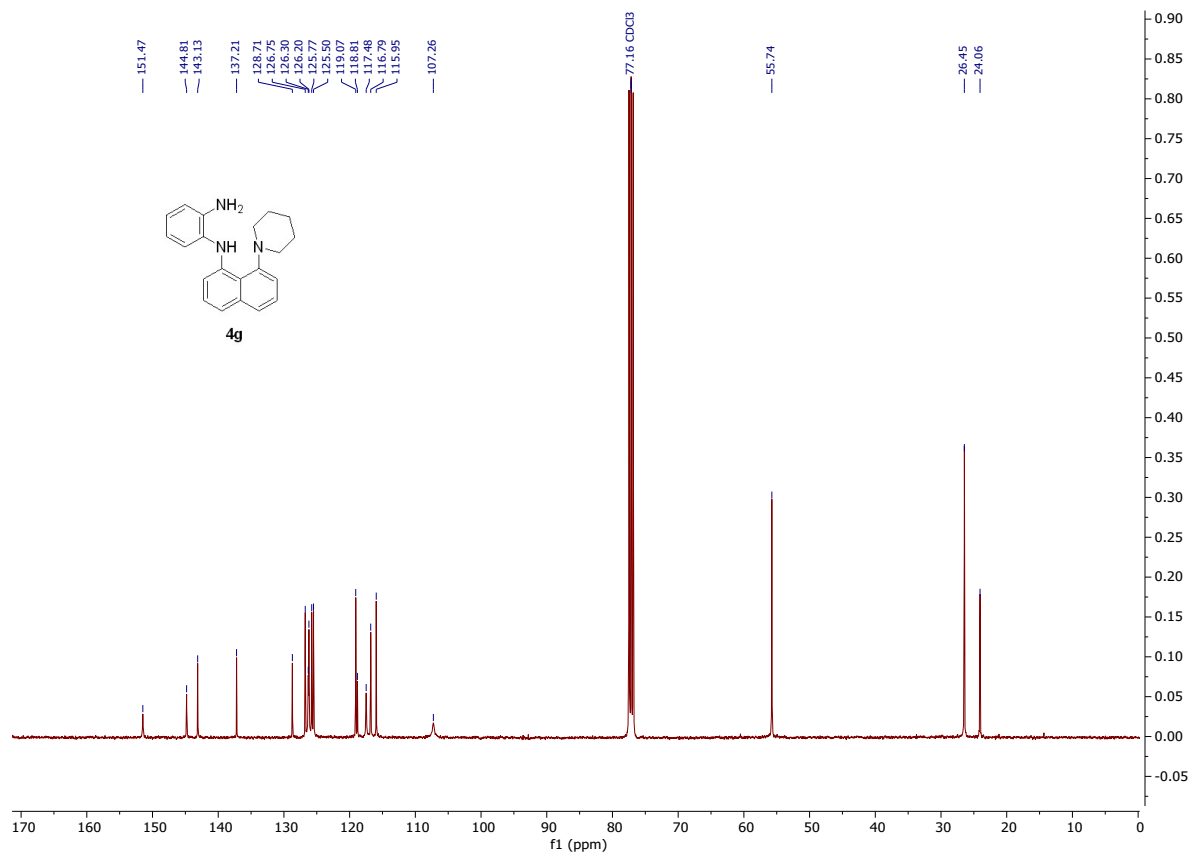


***N*¹-(8-(Piperidin-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)benzene-1,2-diamine 4g**

¹H NMR

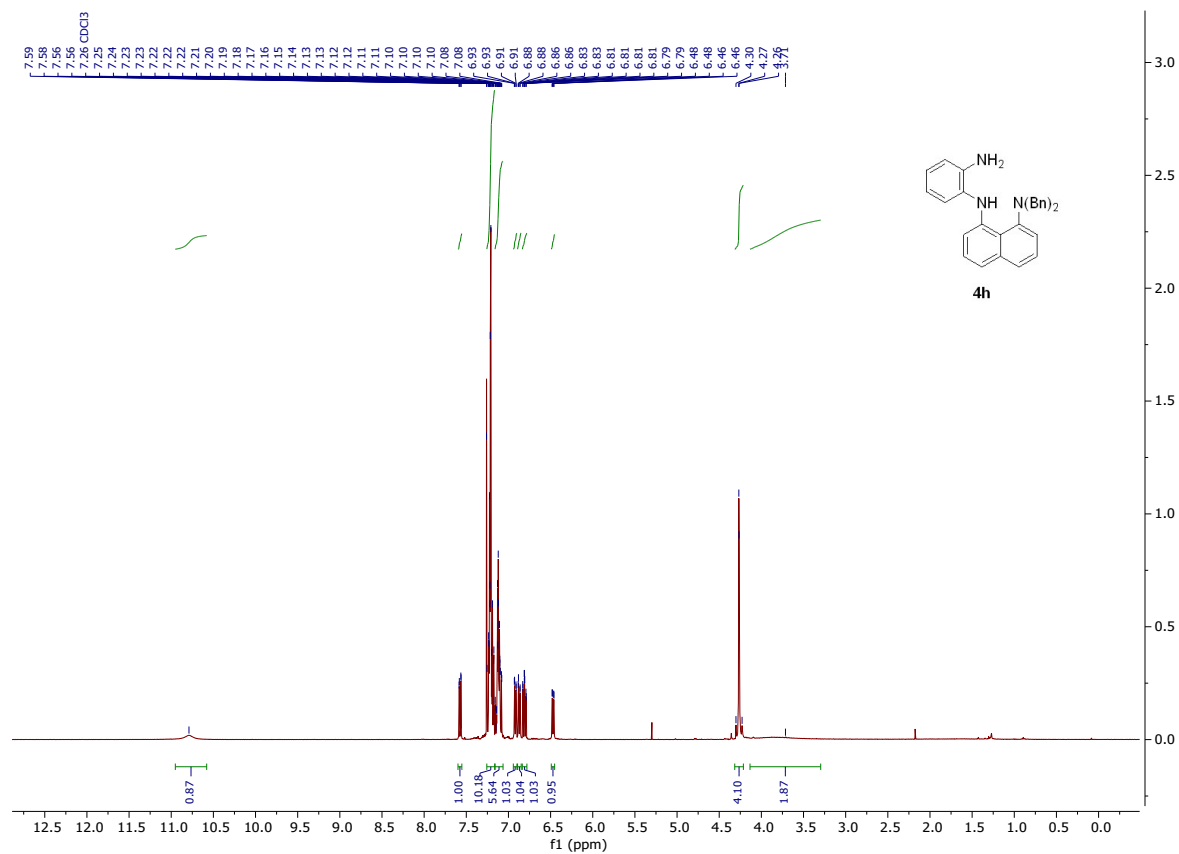


¹³C NMR

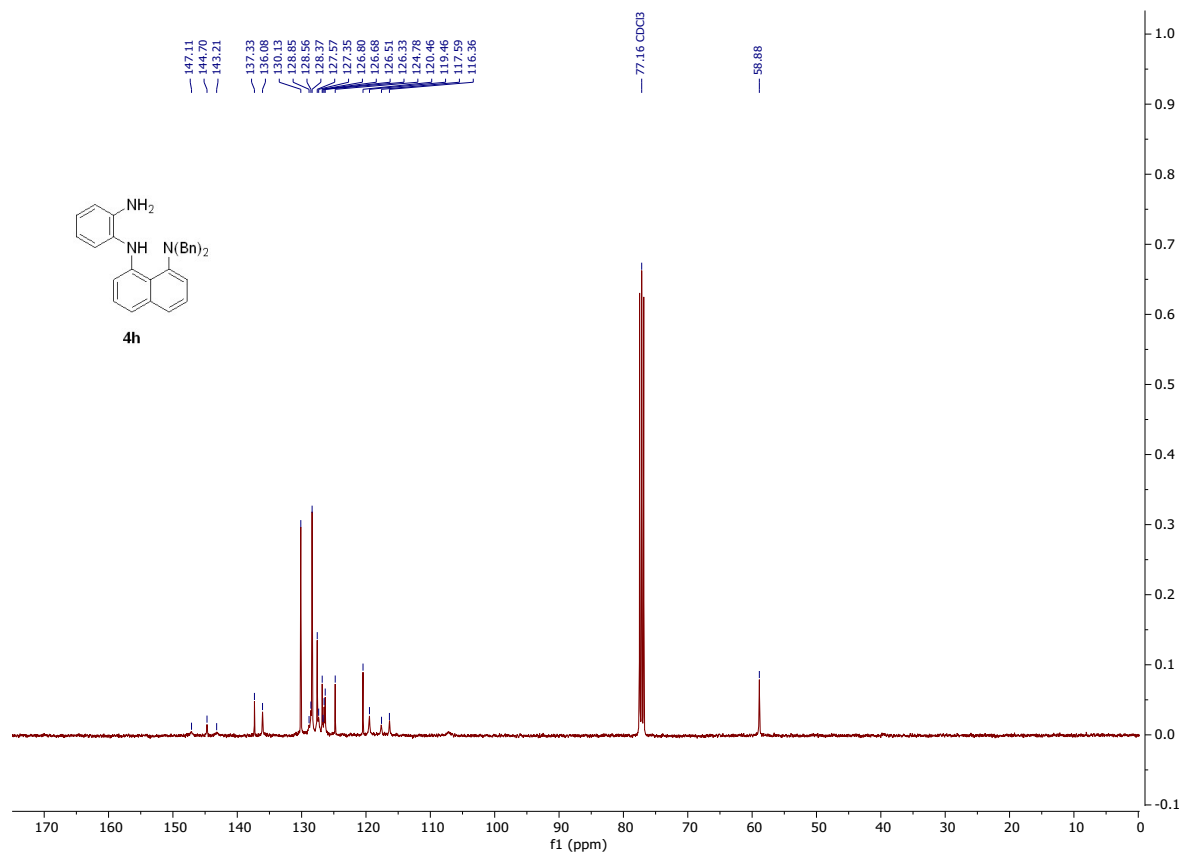


N*¹-(2-Aminophenyl)-*N*⁸,*N*⁸-dibenzyl naphthalene-1,8-diamine **4h*

¹H NMR

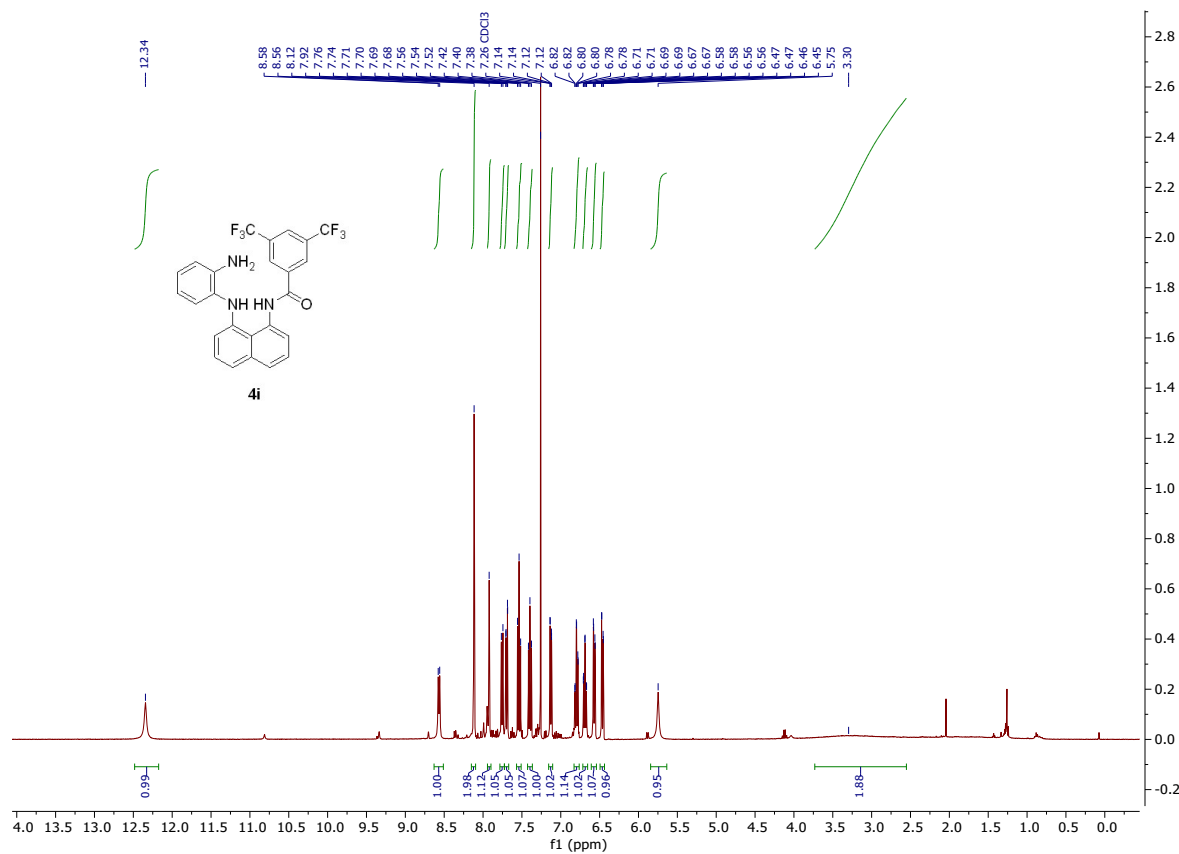


¹³C NMR

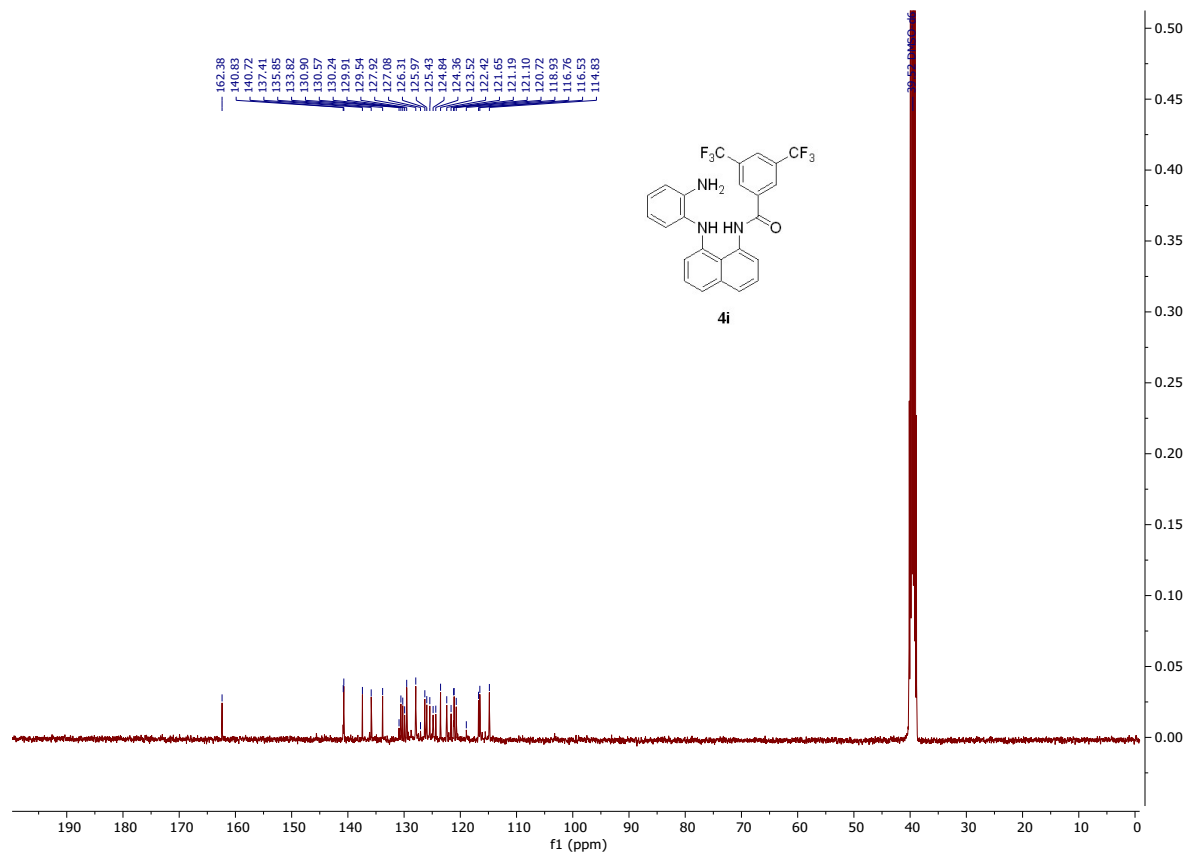


***N*-(8-((2-Aminophenyl)amino)naphthalen-1-yl)-3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzamide 4i**

¹H NMR

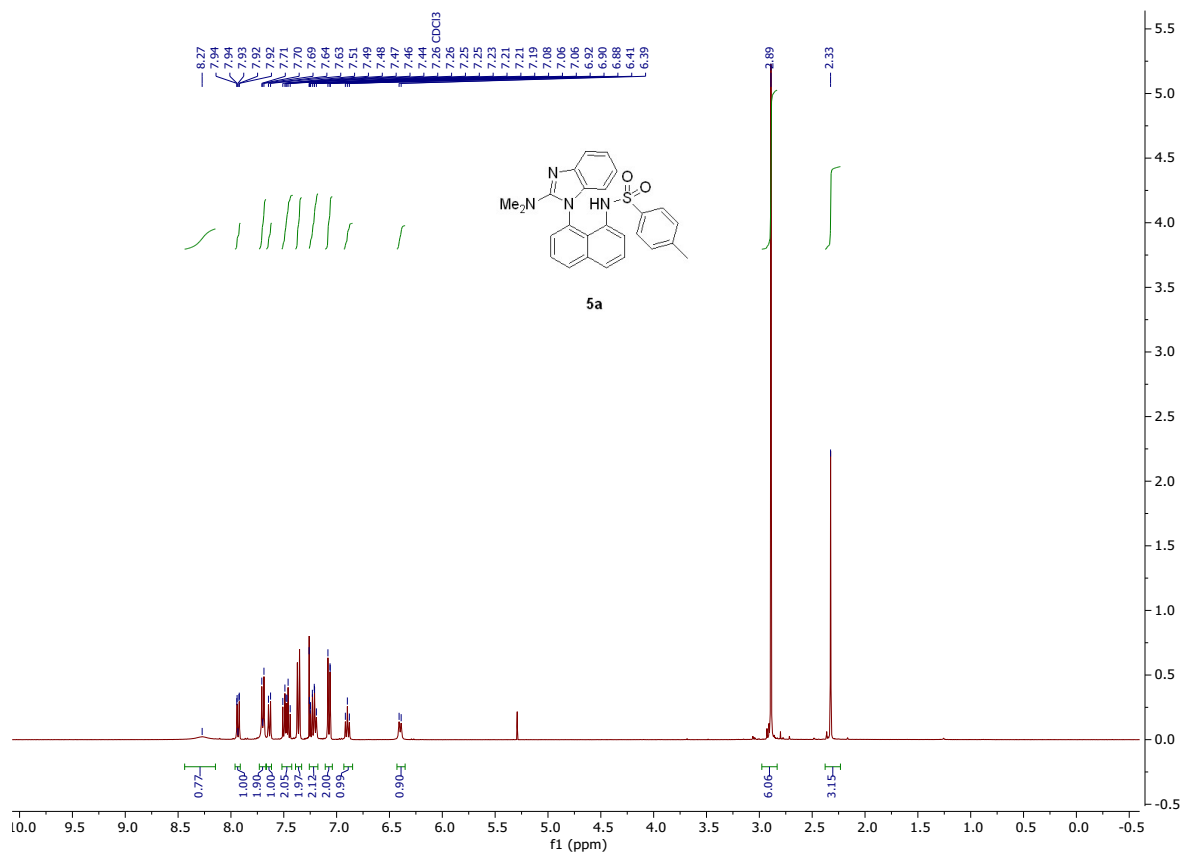


¹³C NMR

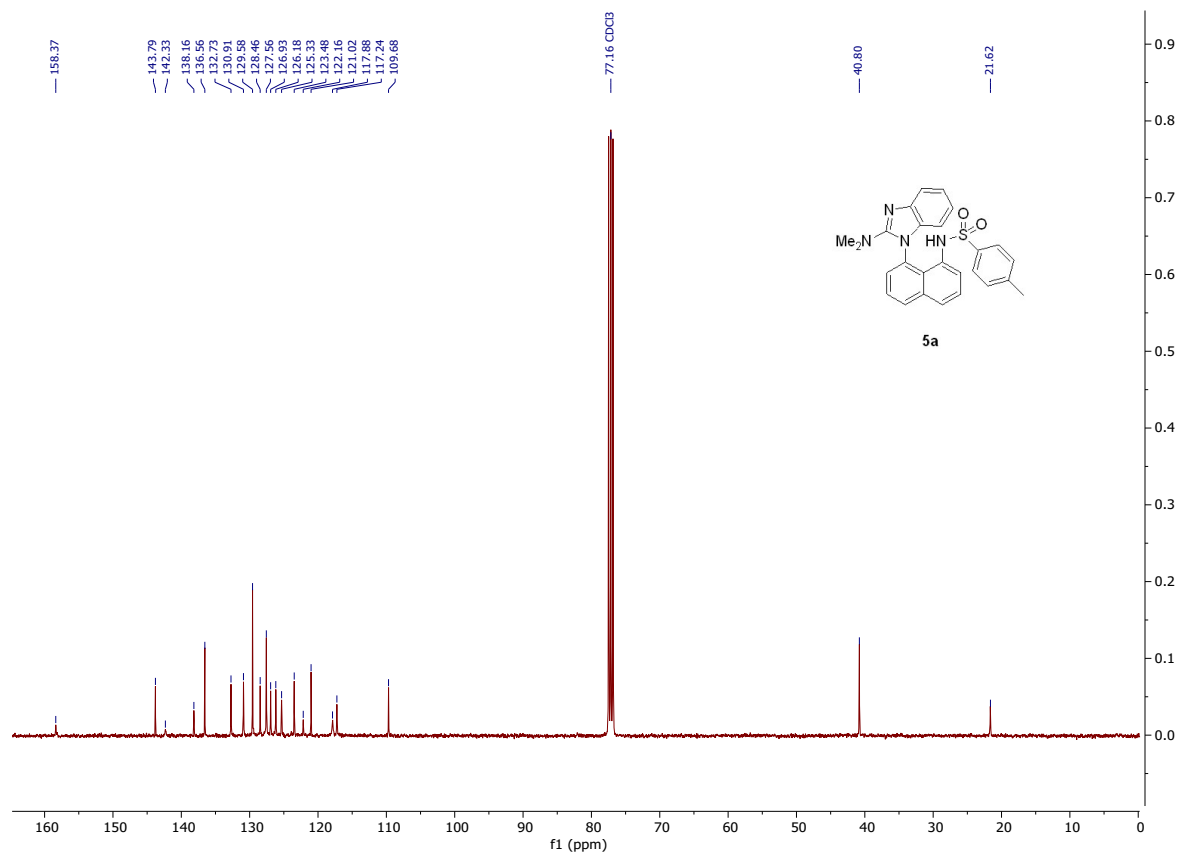


***N*-(8-(2-(dimethylamino)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide 5a**

¹H NMR

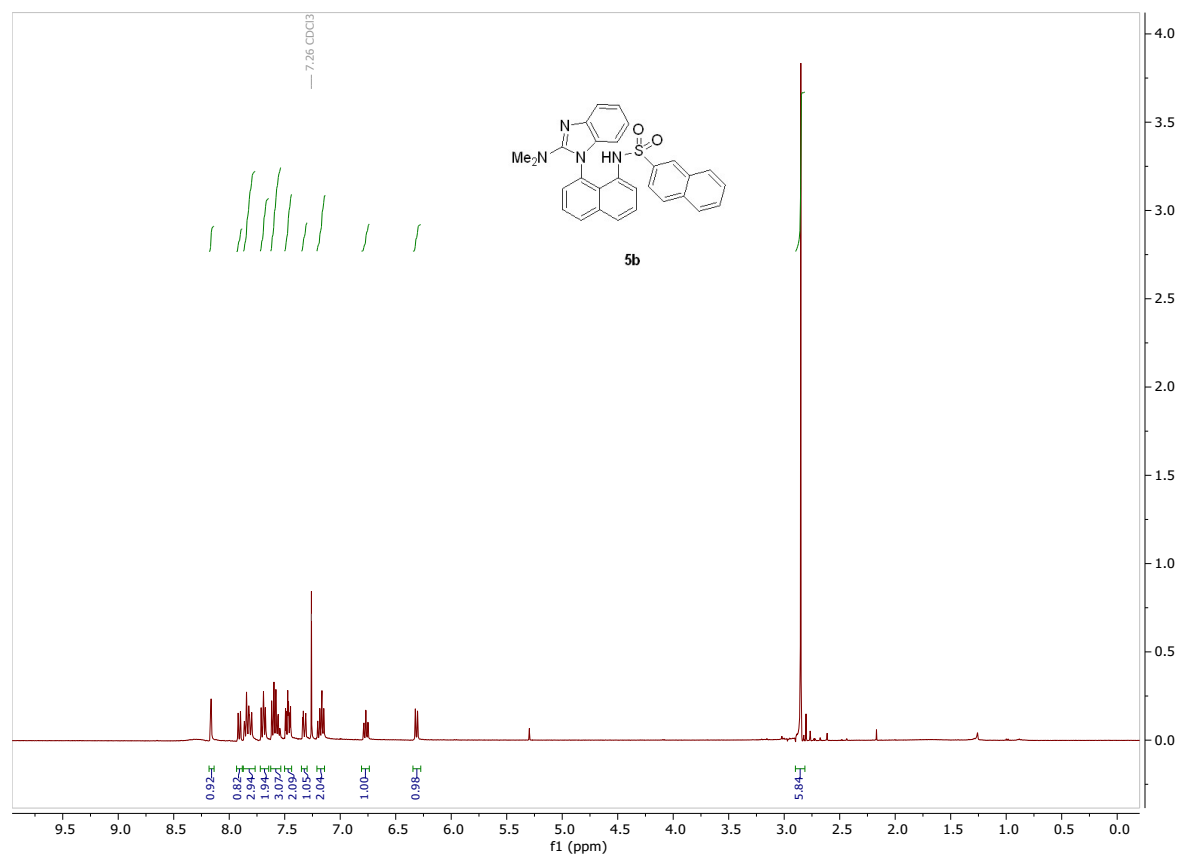


¹³C NMR

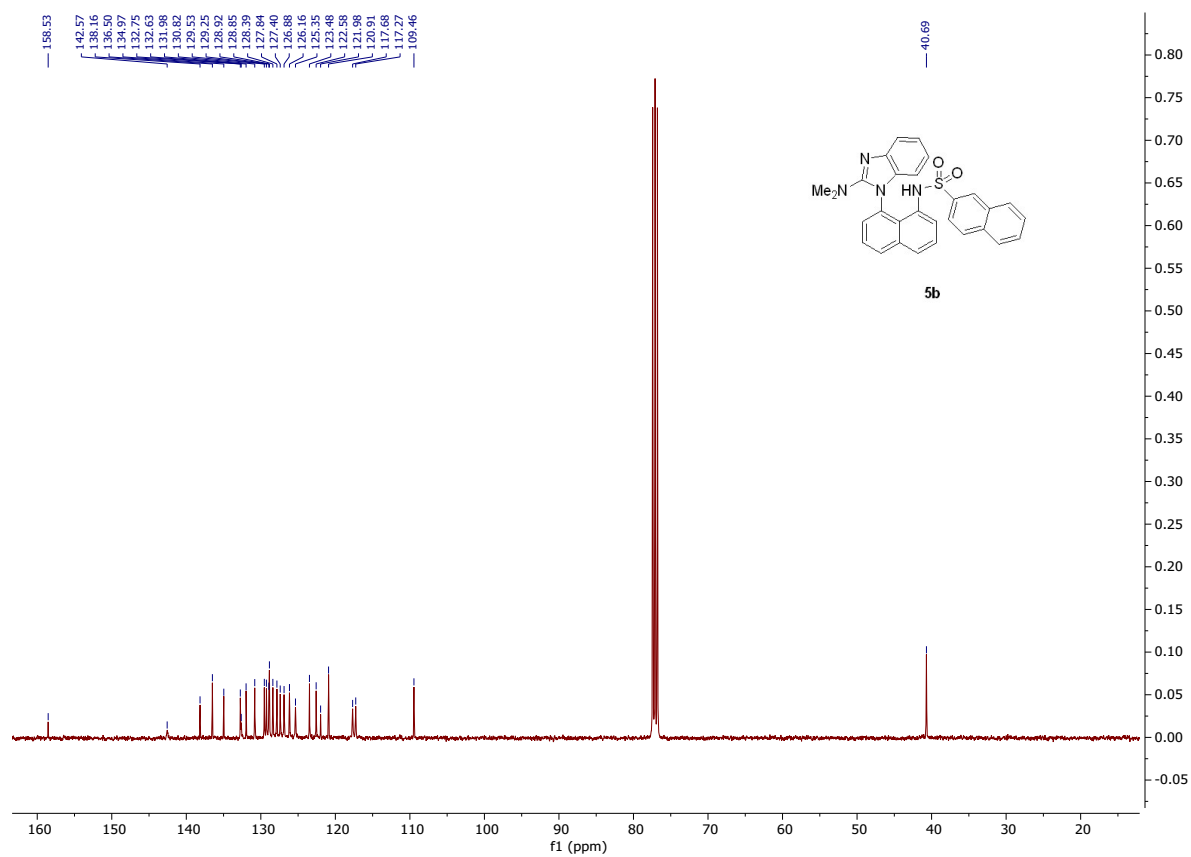


***N*-(8-(2-(dimethylamino)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)naphthalene-2-sulfonamide 5b**

¹H NMR

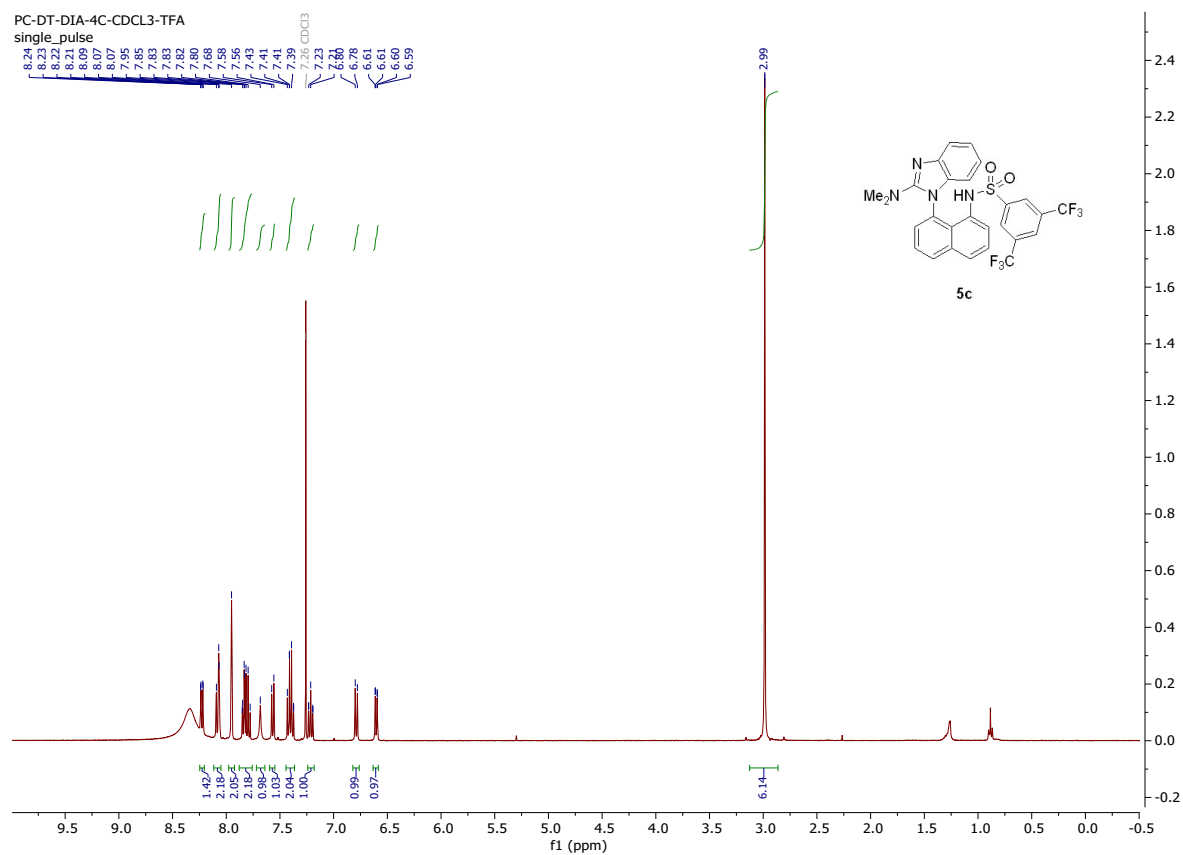


¹³C NMR

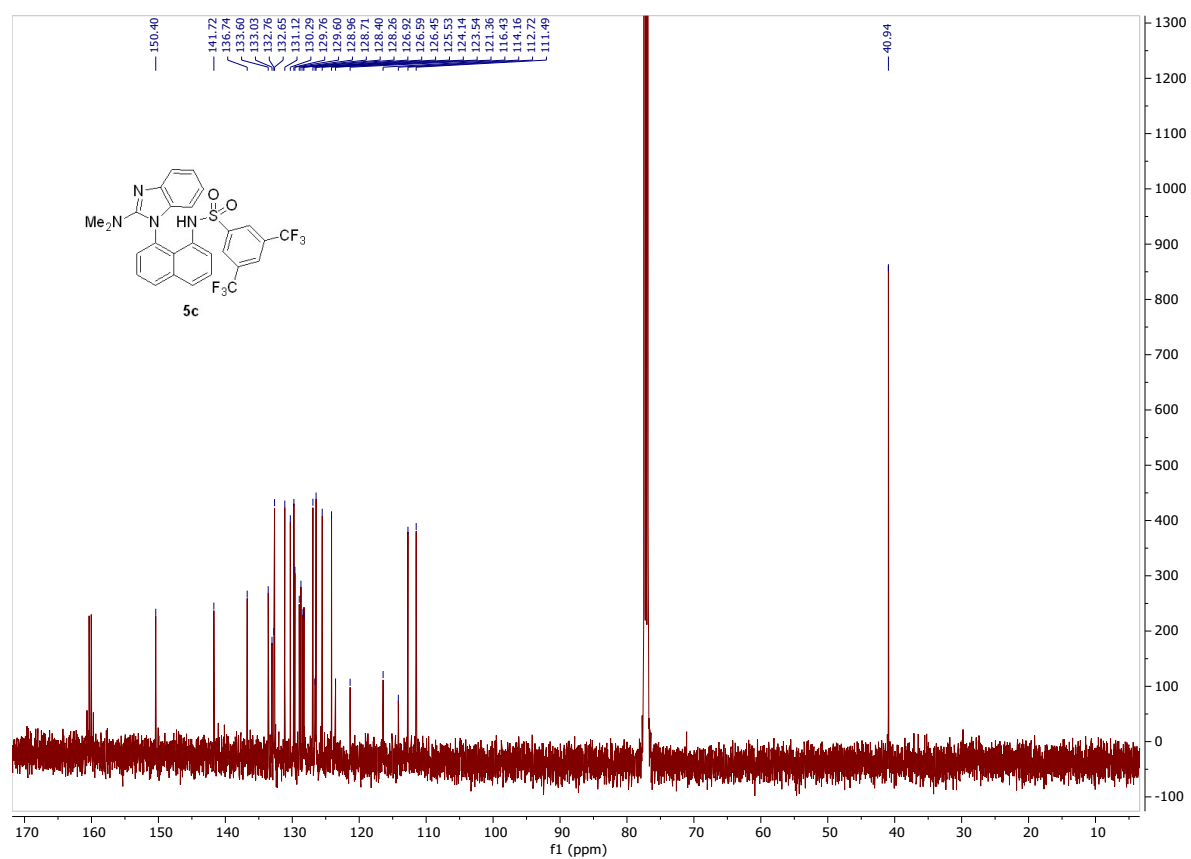


N*-(8-(2-(dimethylamino)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)-3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzenesulfonamide **5c*

¹H NMR (CDCl₃ + TFA):

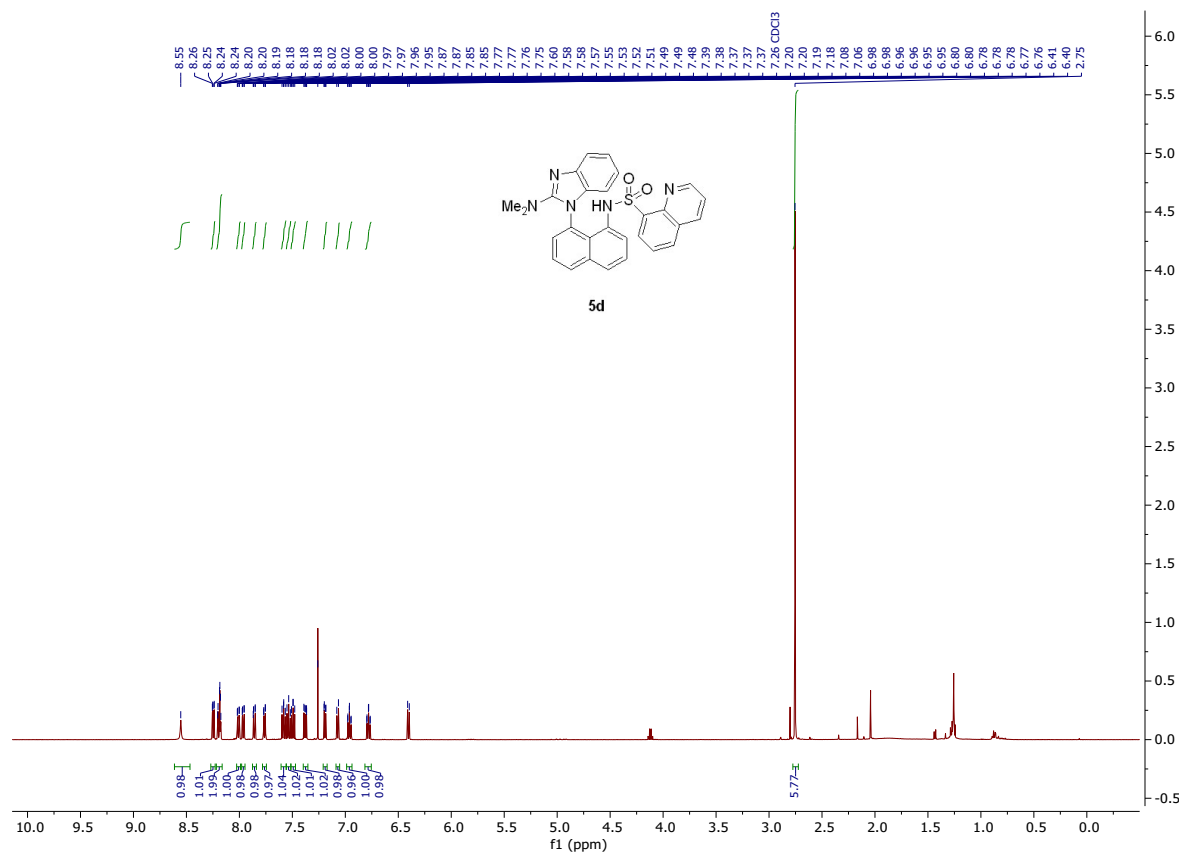


¹³C NMR

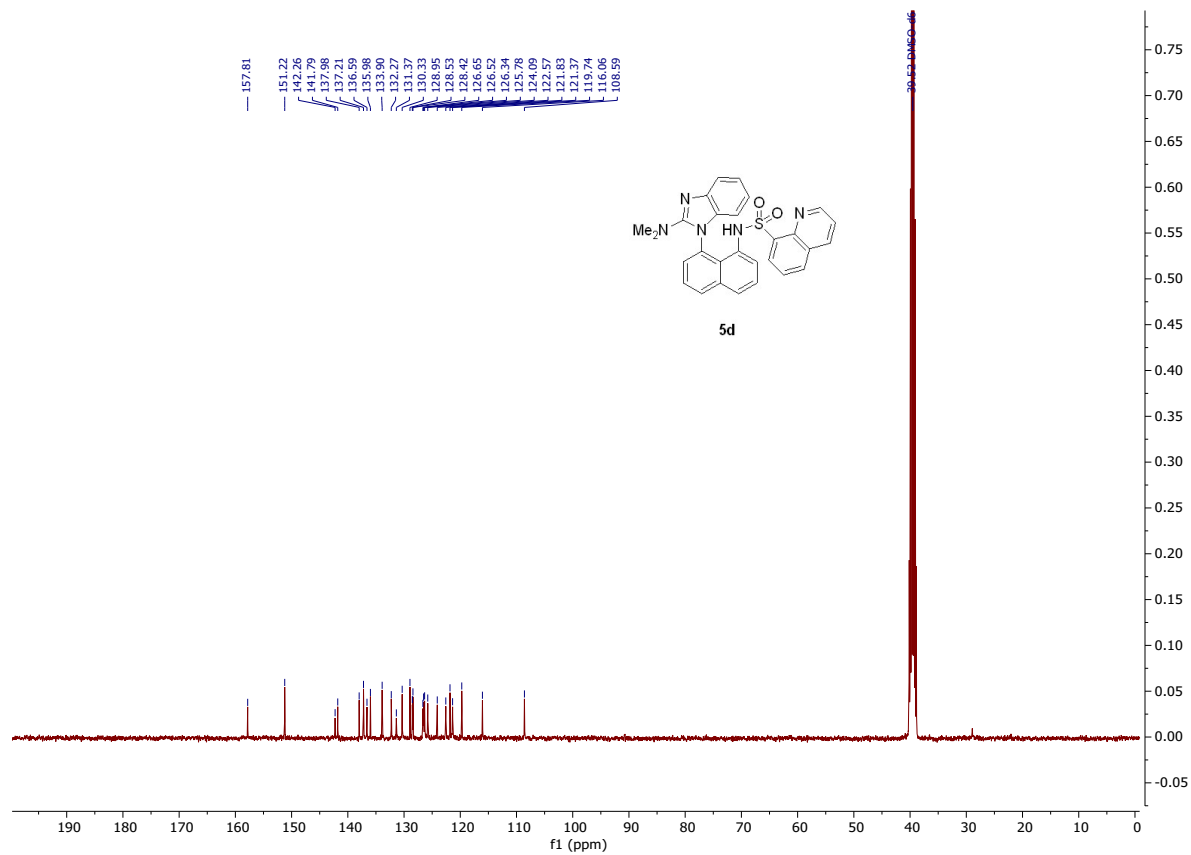


***N*-(8-(2-(dimethylamino)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)quinoline-8-sulfonamide 5d**

¹H NMR

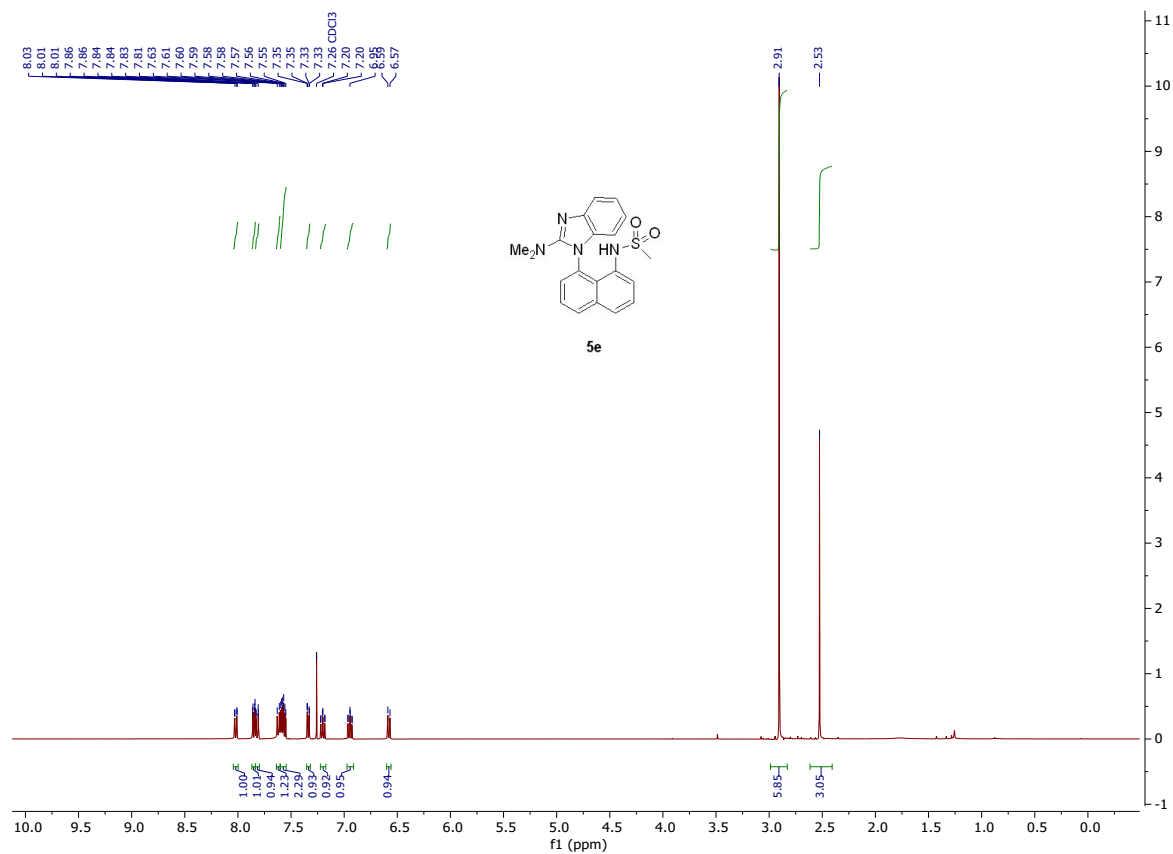


¹³C NMR

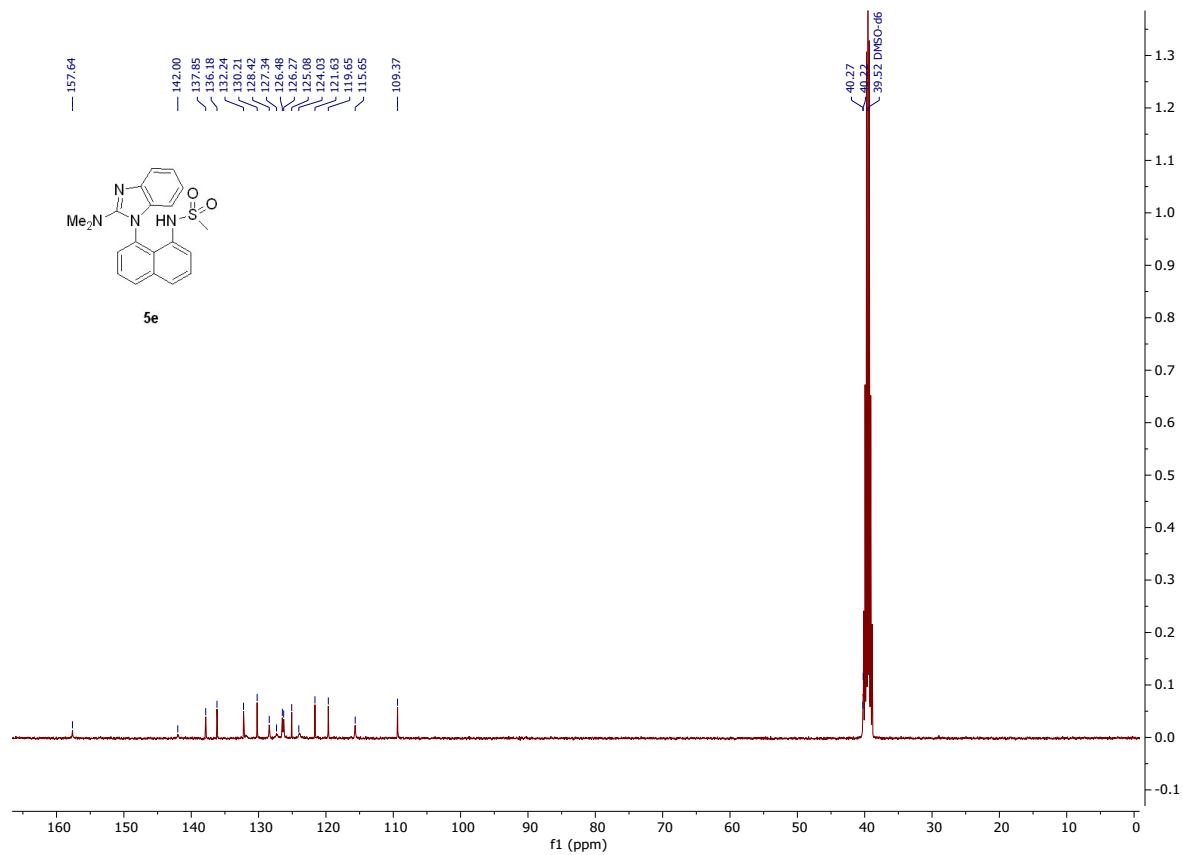


***N*-(8-(2-(dimethylamino)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)methanesulfonamide 5e**

¹H NMR

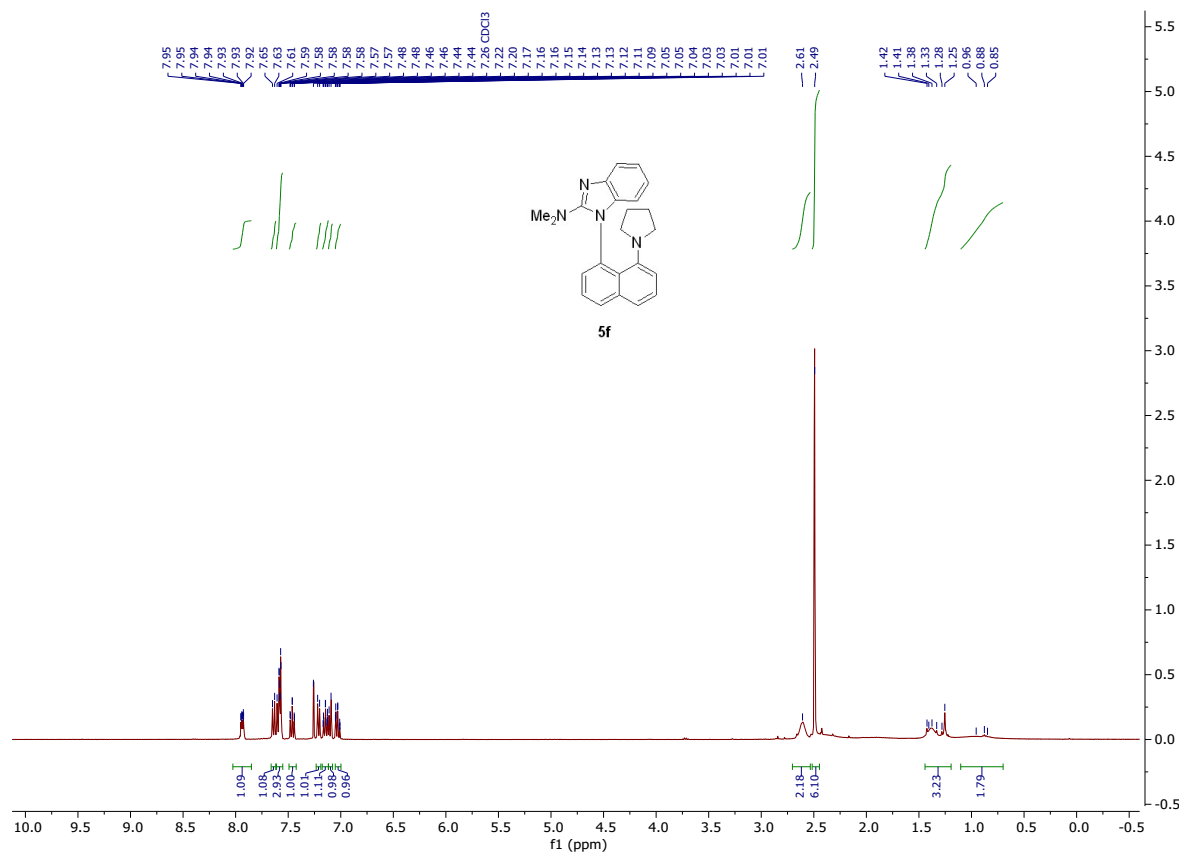


¹³C NMR

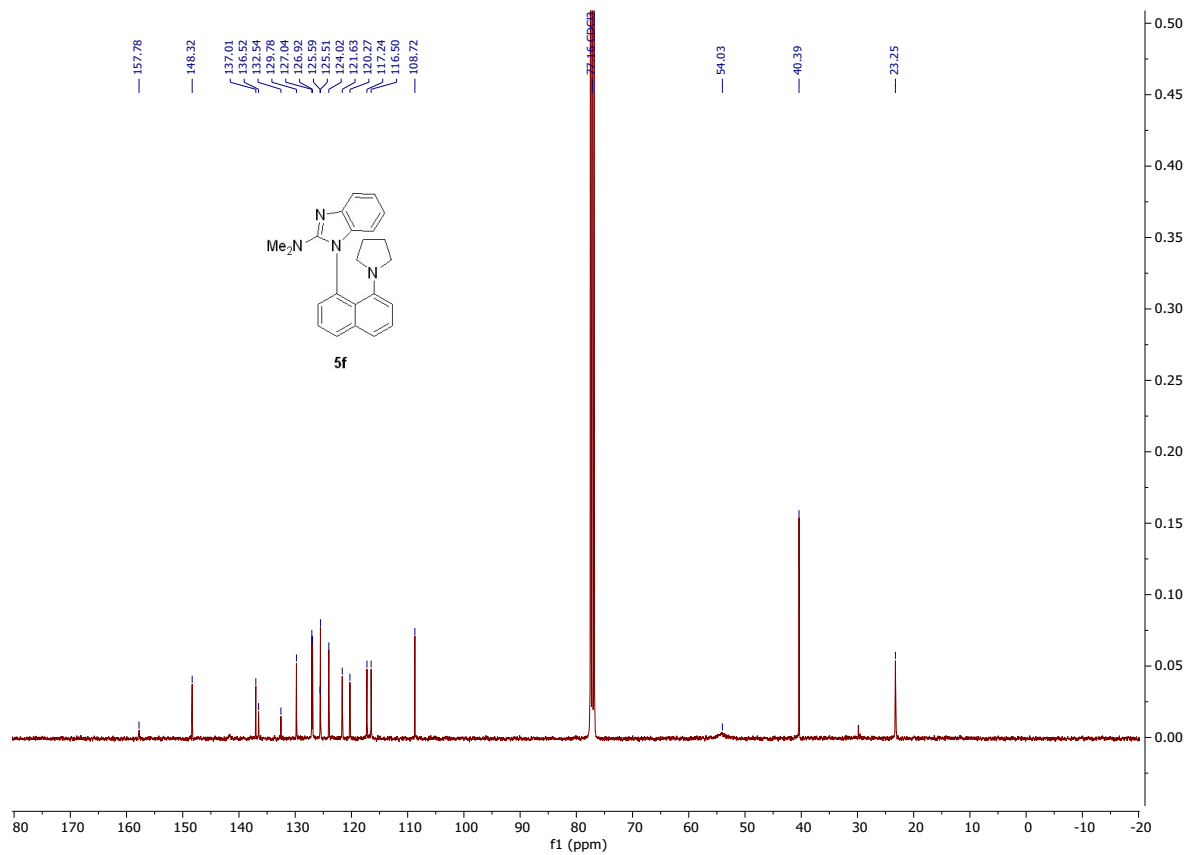


***N,N*-dimethyl-1-(8-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)-1*H*-benzimidazol-2-amine 5f**

¹H NMR

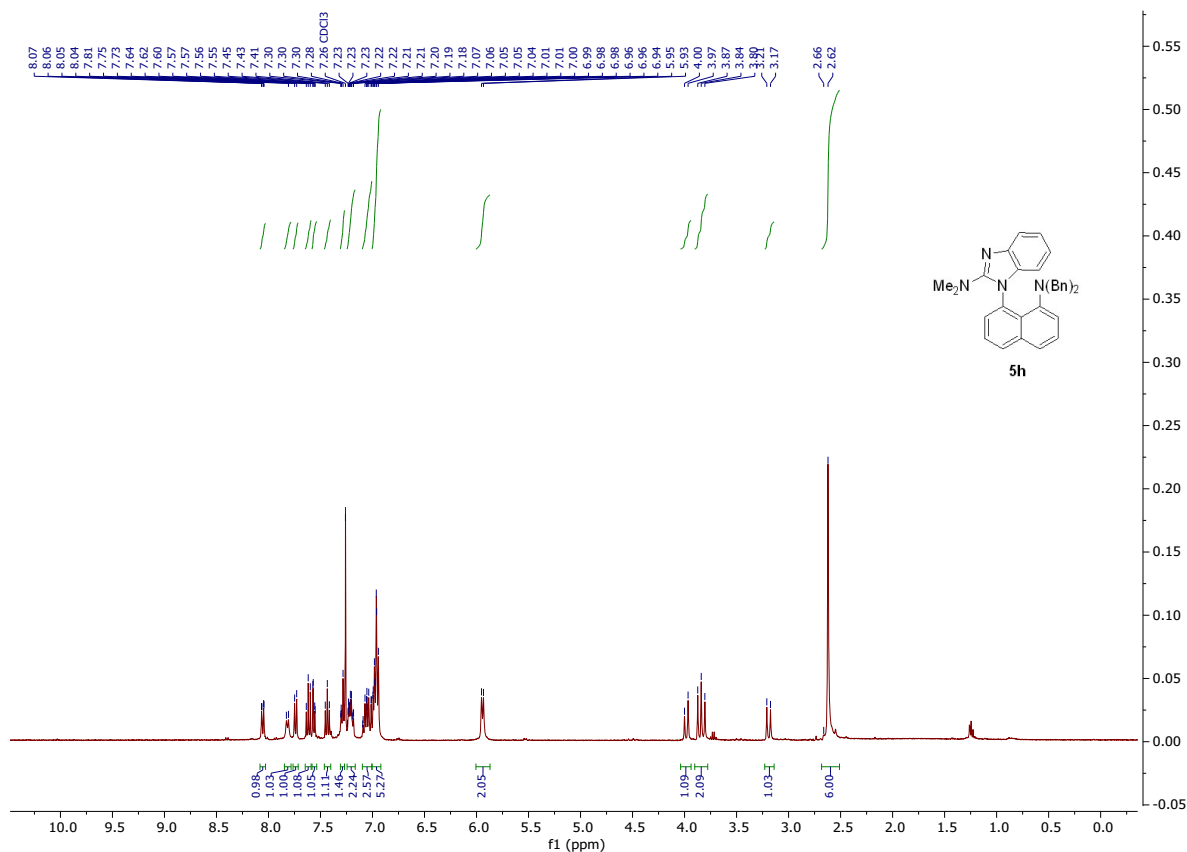


¹³C NMR

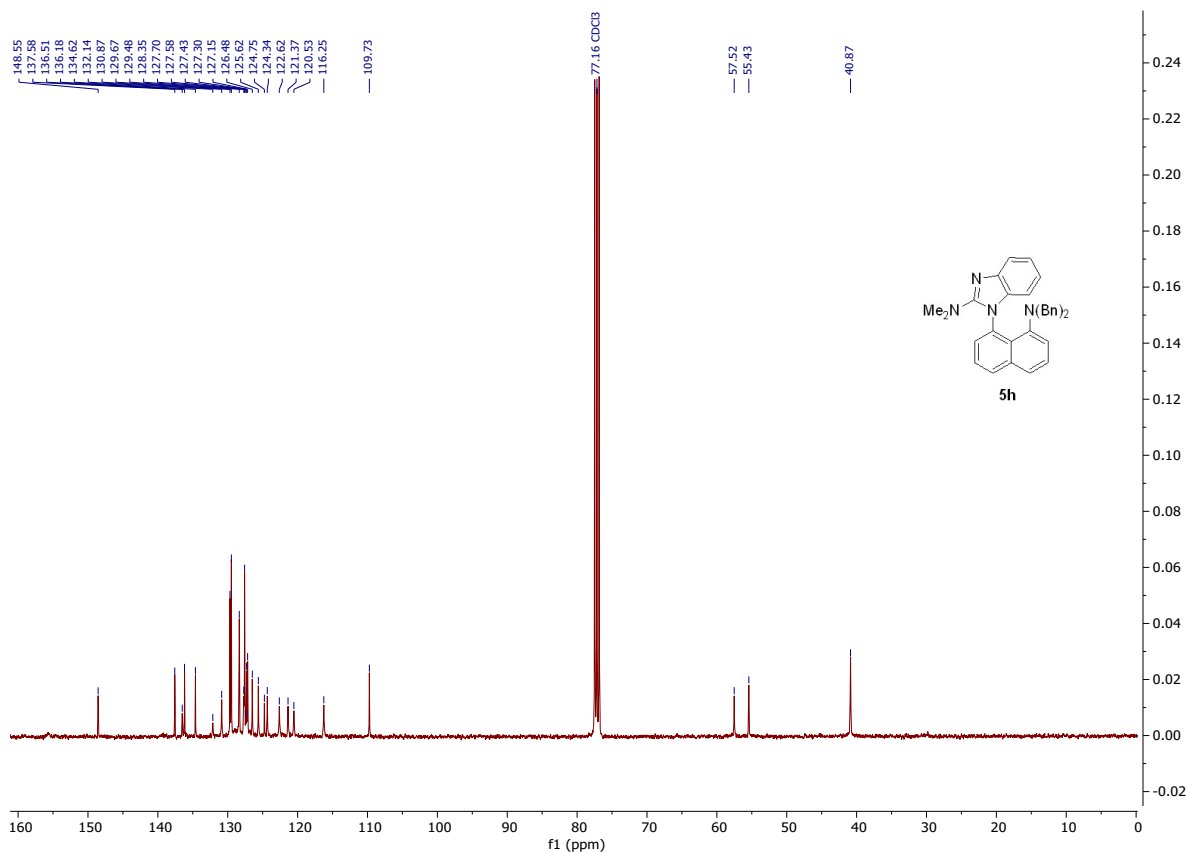


1-[8-(Dibenzylamino)naphthalen-1-yl]-*N,N*-dimethyl-1*H*-benzimidazol-2-amine 5h

¹H NMR

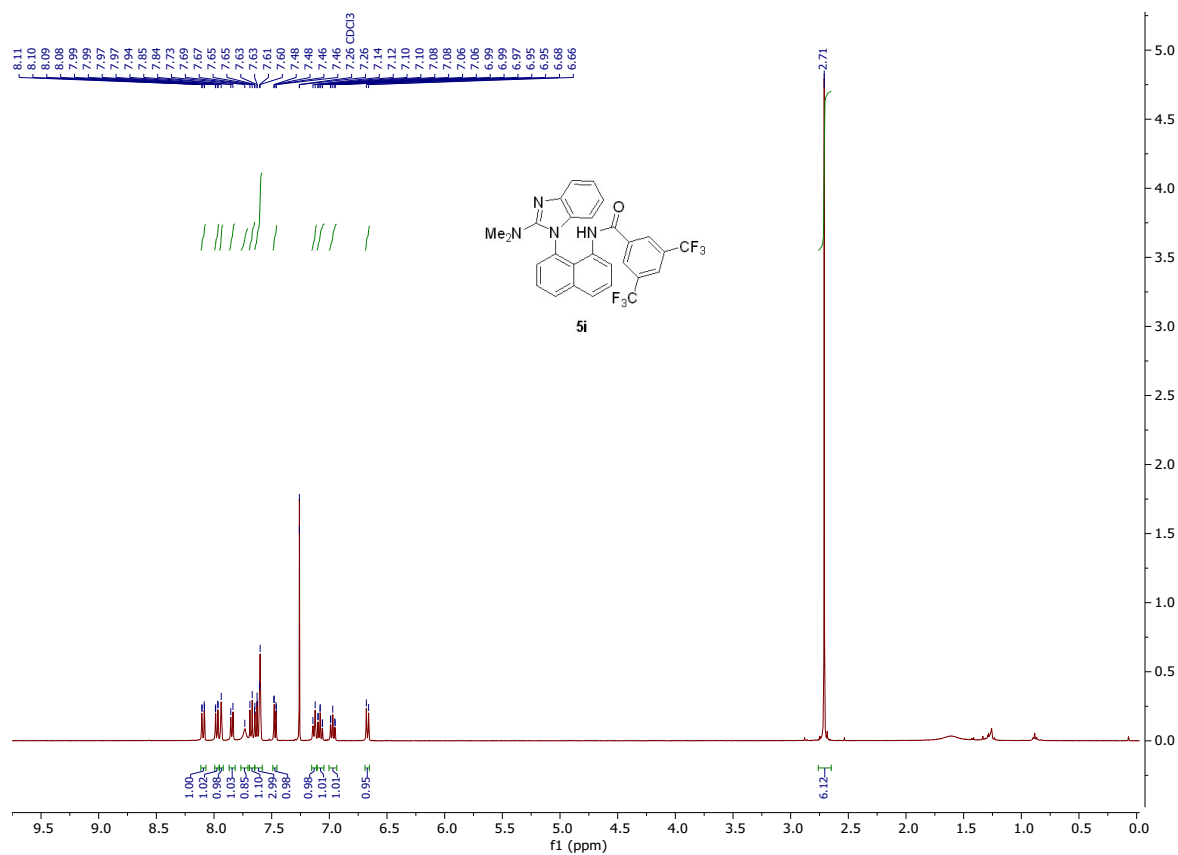


¹³C NMR

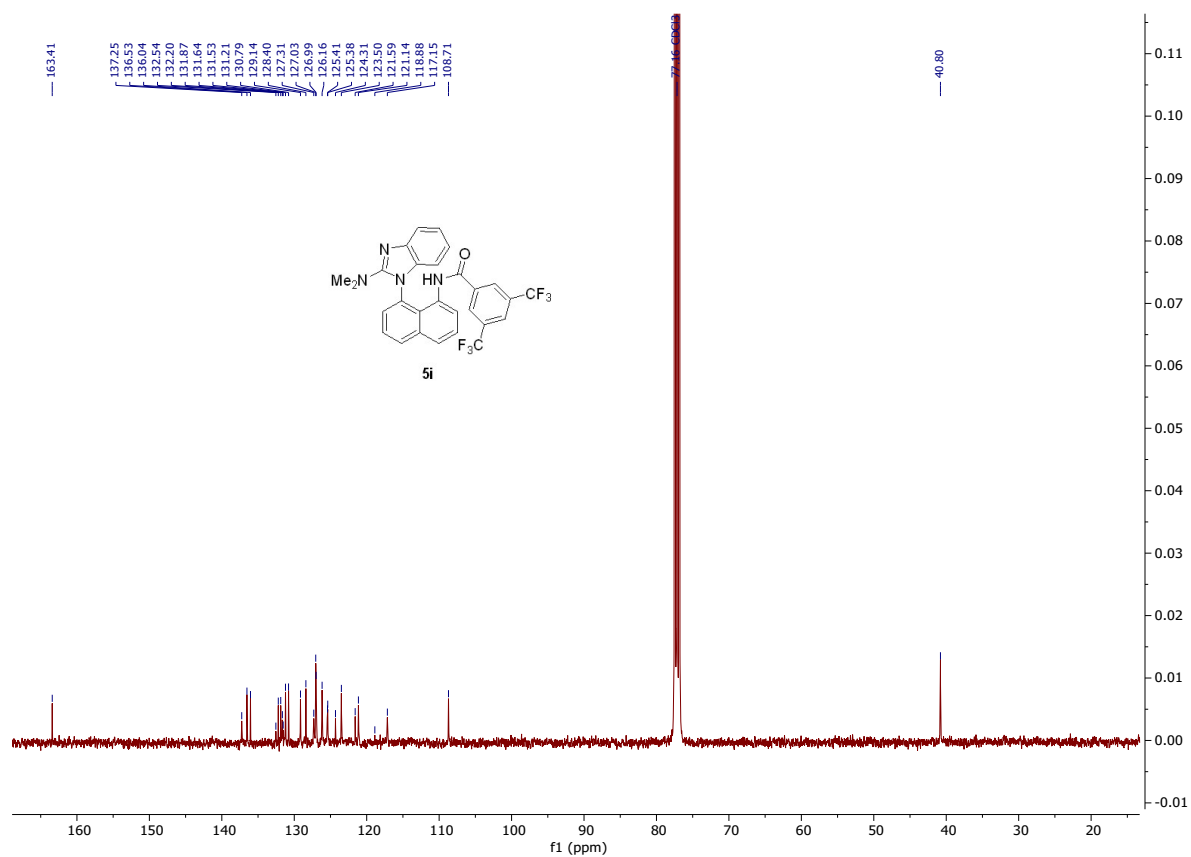


***N*-(8-(2-(Dimethylamino)-1*H*-benzimidazol-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)-3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzamide**
5i

¹H NMR

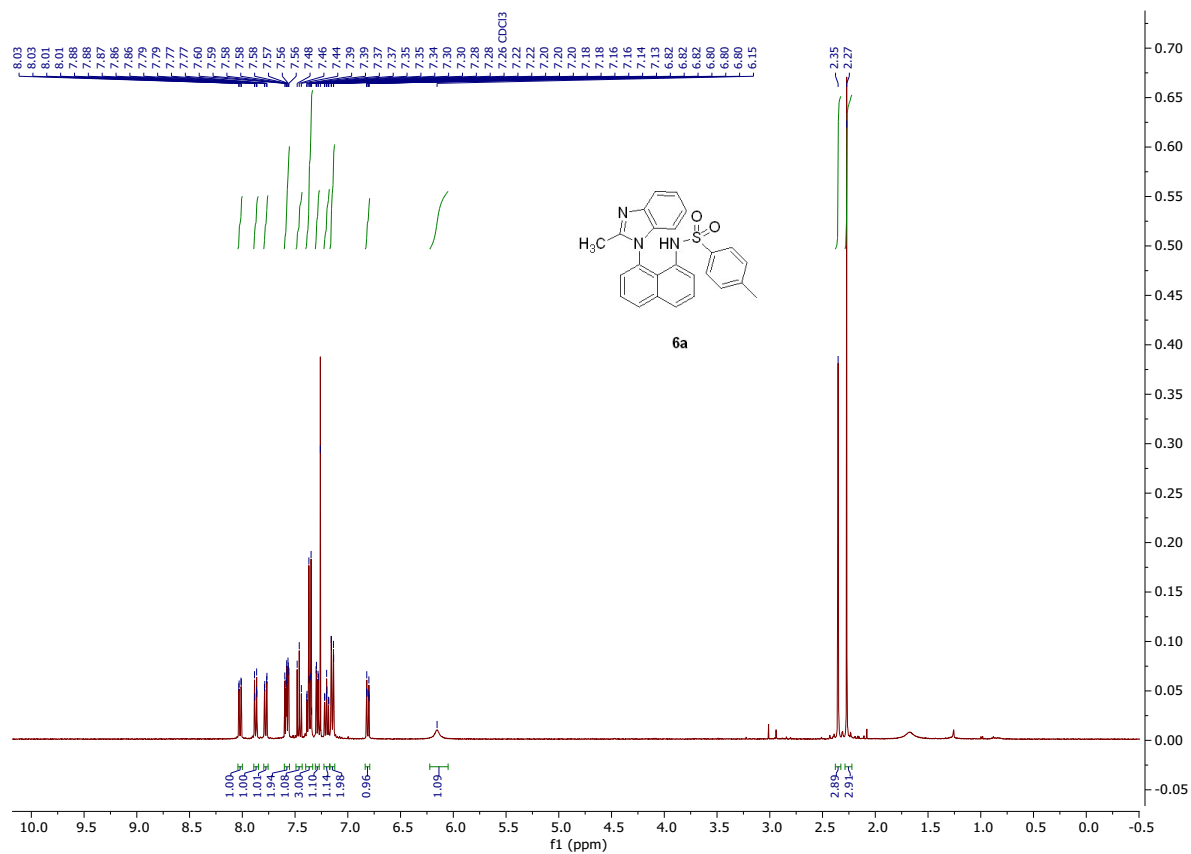


¹³C NMR

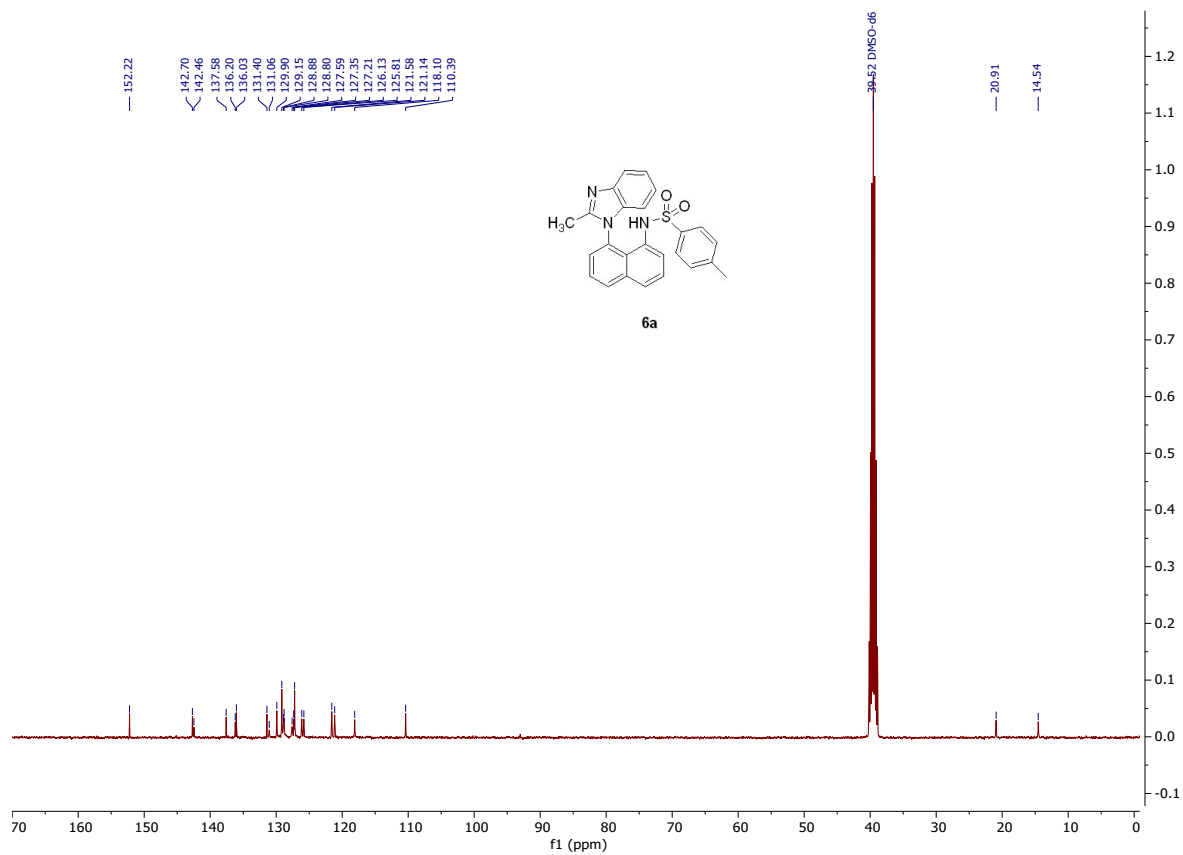


4-Methyl-*N*-(8-(2-methyl-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide 6a

¹H NMR

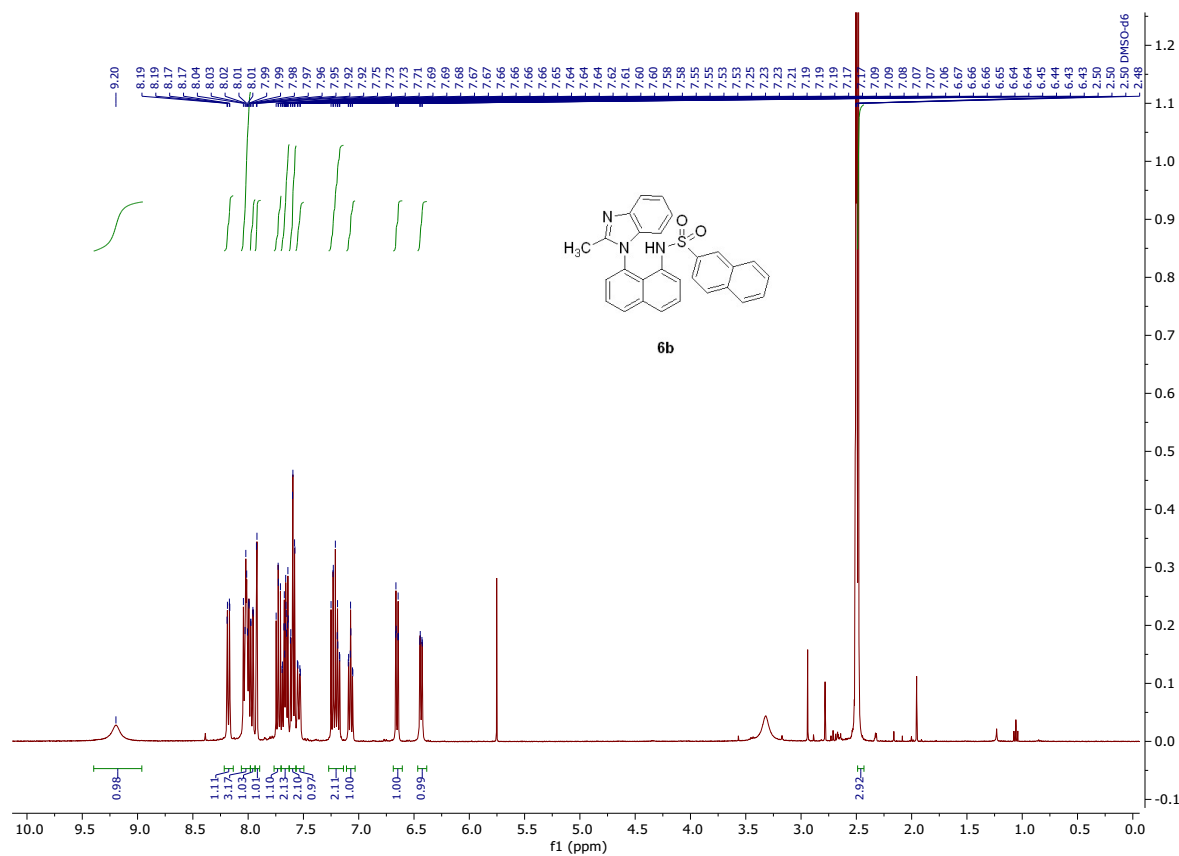


¹³C NMR

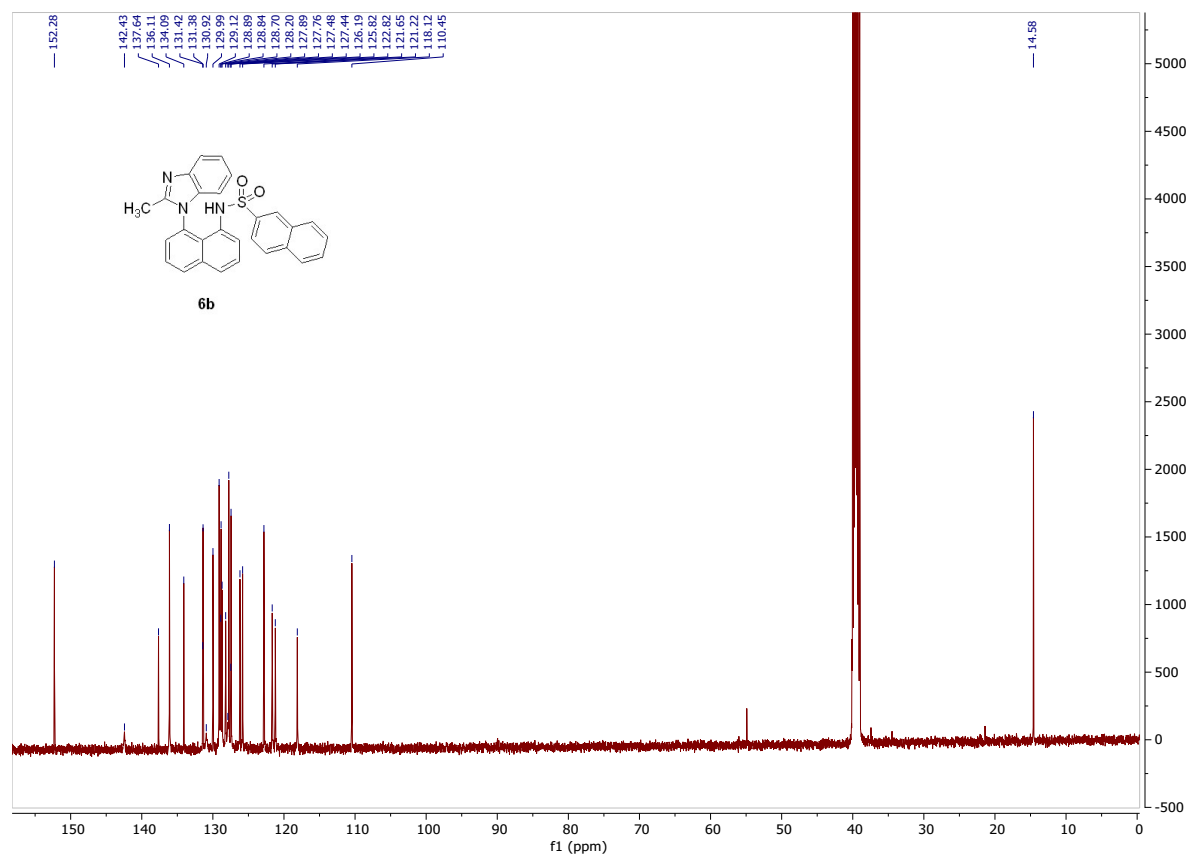


***N*-(8-(2-Methyl-1H-benzimidazol-1-yl)naphthalen-1-yl)naphthalene-2-sulfonamide 6b**

¹H NMR



¹³C NMR

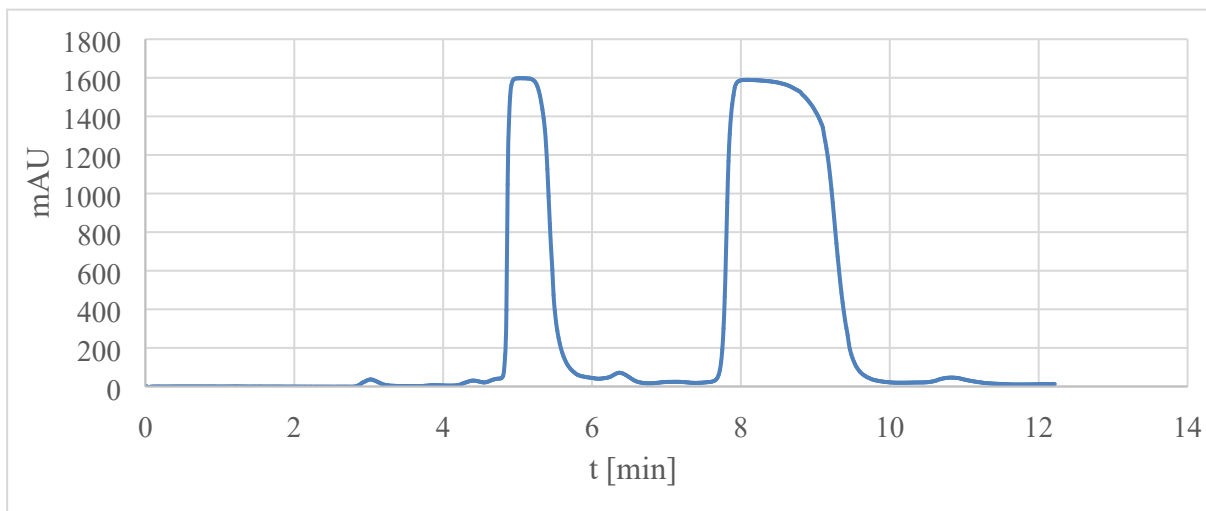


Chiral HPLC

Conditions for chiral resolution of **5f**

Both atropisomers of compound **5f** were isolated using semipreparative chiral HPLC. Column: Lux Cellulose-3, (250 × 10 mm; 5 μm), mobile phase: *n*-hexane:MeOH:EtOH 40:1:1 (v/v/v), Flow rate: 5 mL/min, T = 25 °C, loading: 1000 μl, UV detection: λ = 274 nm.

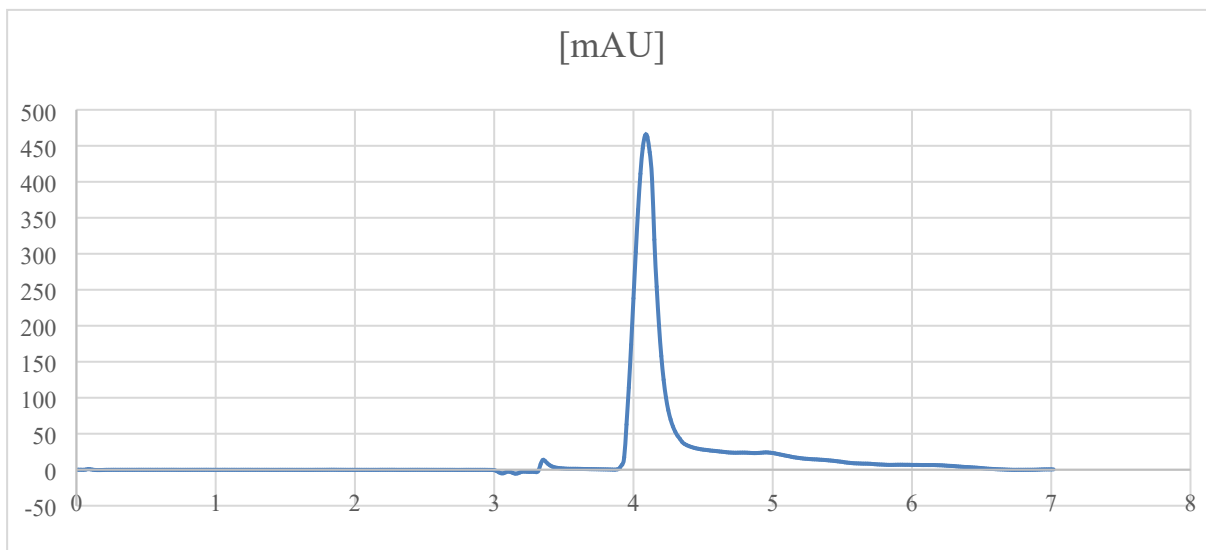
Semipreparative chromatogram (*n*-hexane:MeOH:EtOH 40:1:1)



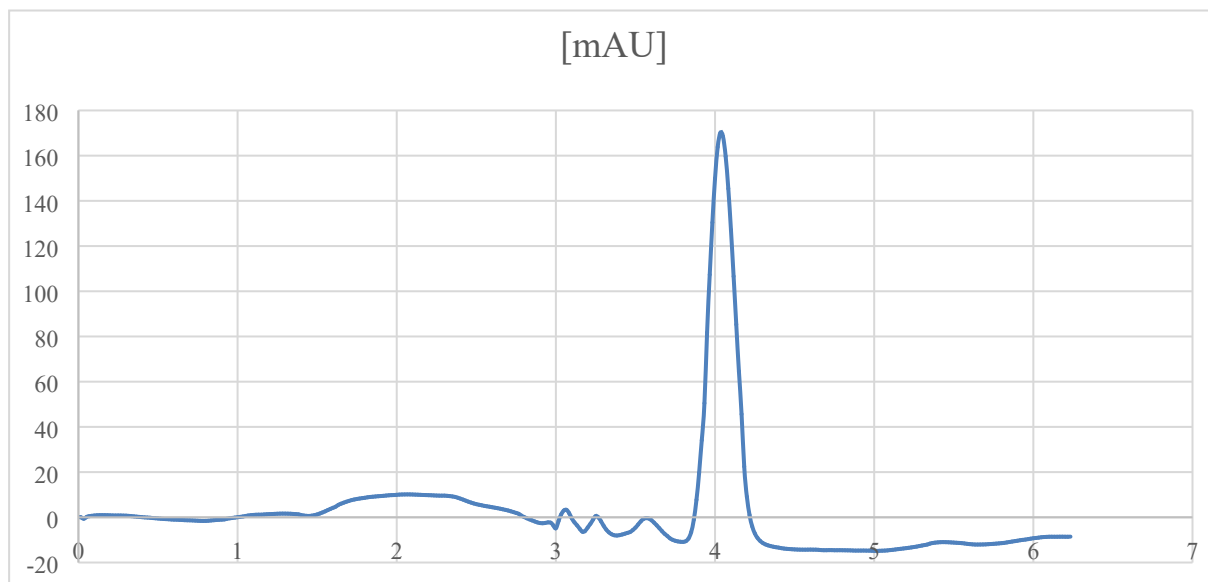
Stability of compound (-)-**5f**:

Study of optical stability of atropisomers was measured using analytical conditions. Column: Lux Cellulose-3, (250 × 4,6 mm; 5 μm), mobile phase: *n*-hexane:MeOH:EtOH 10:1:1 (v/v/v), flow rate: 1 mL/min, T = 25 °C, loading 20 μl, UV detection, λ = 274 nm.

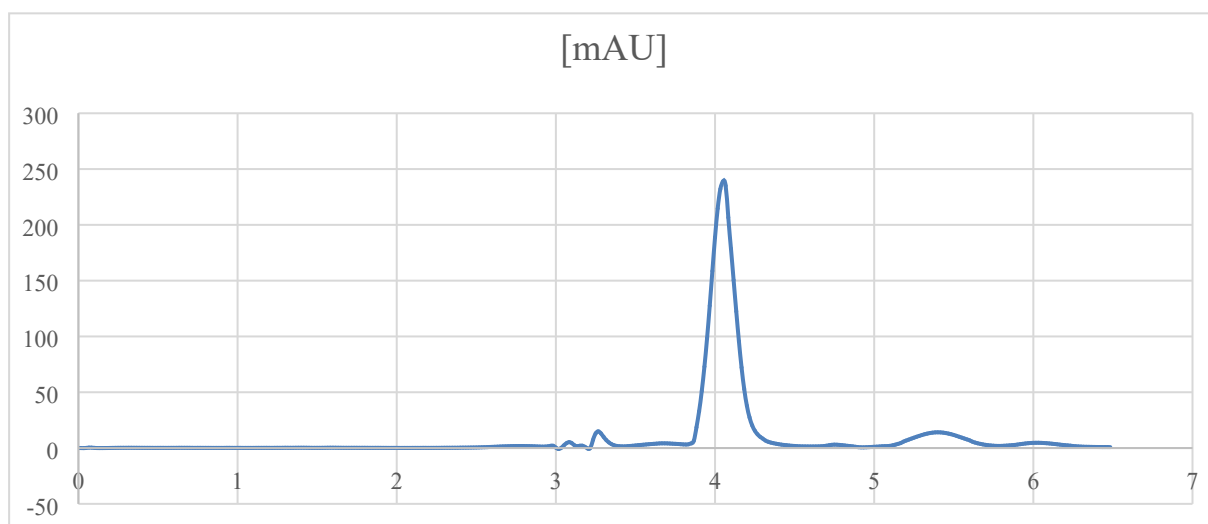
80 °C, 8 h:



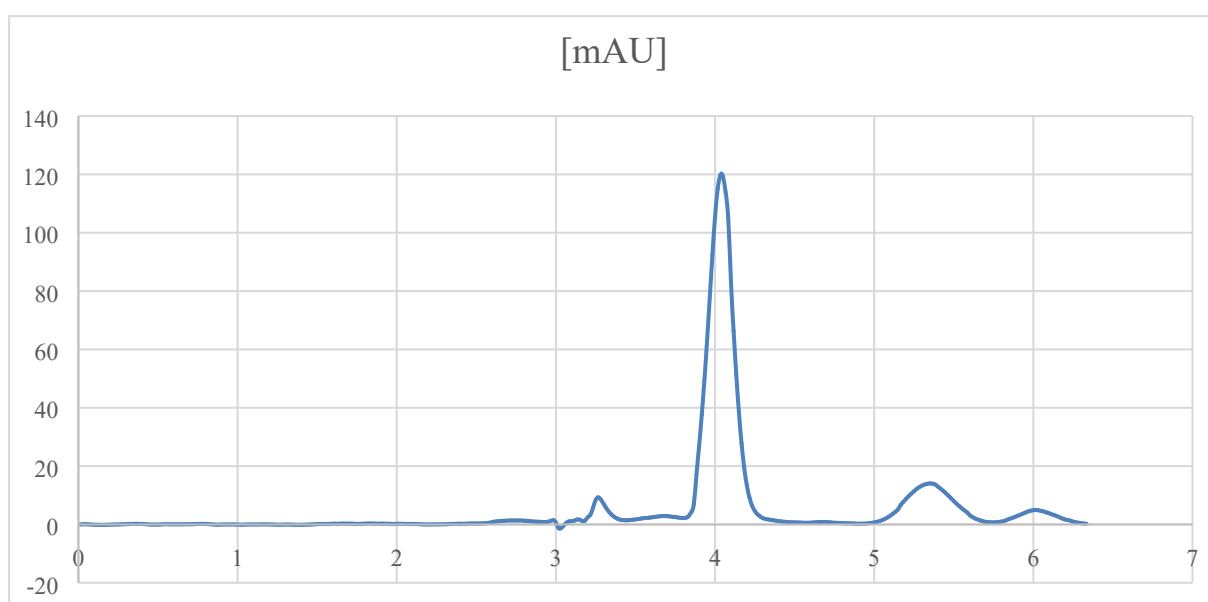
120 °C, 8 h:



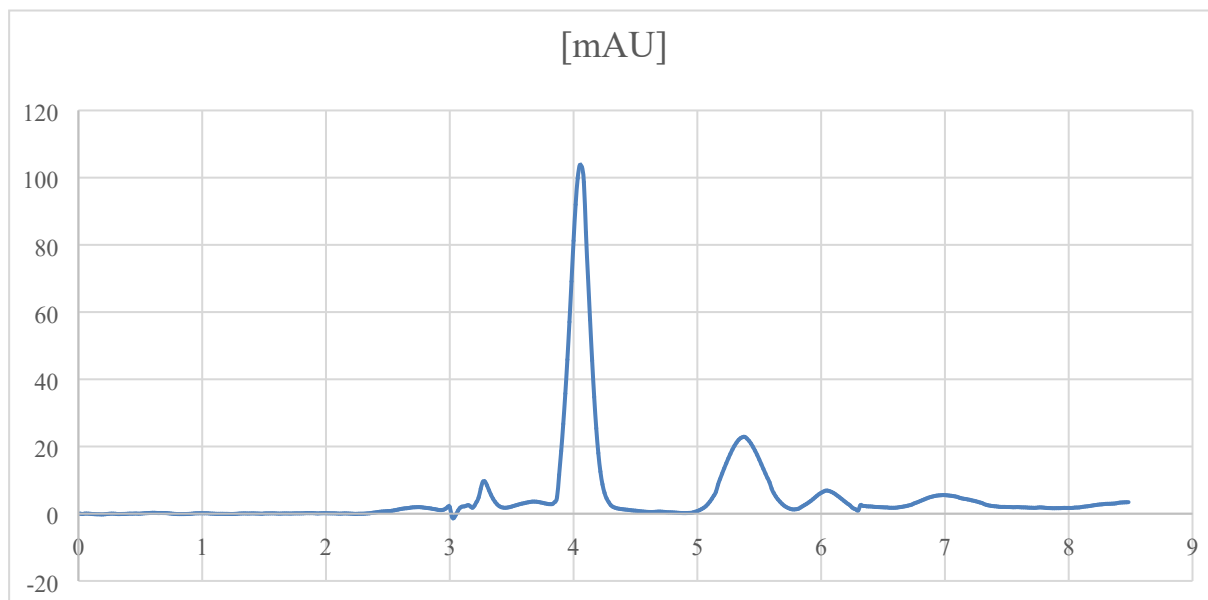
160 °C, 0.5 h:



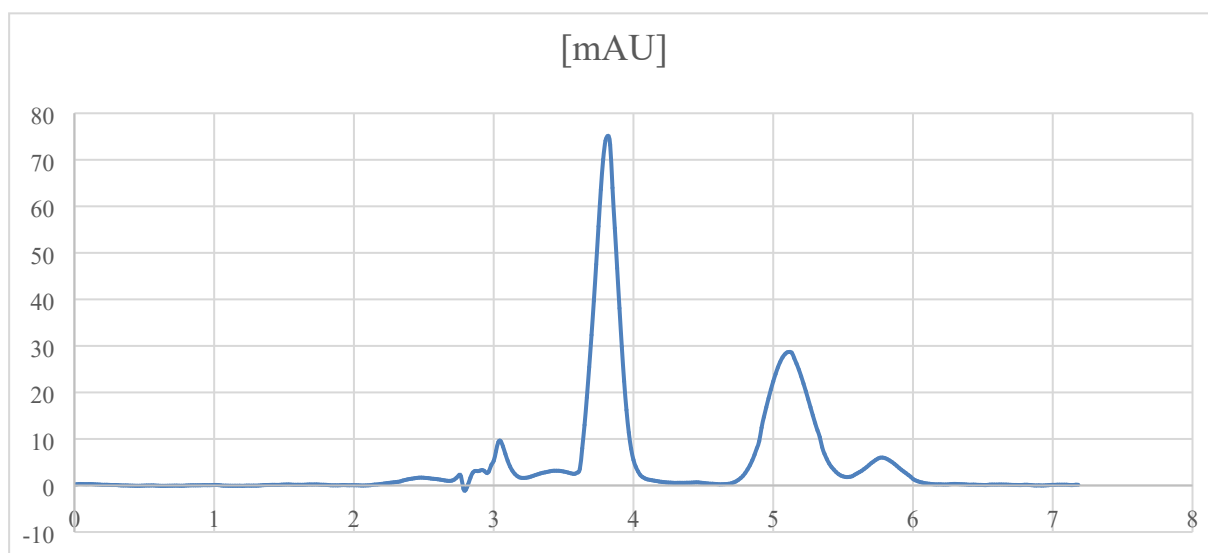
160 °C, 1 h:



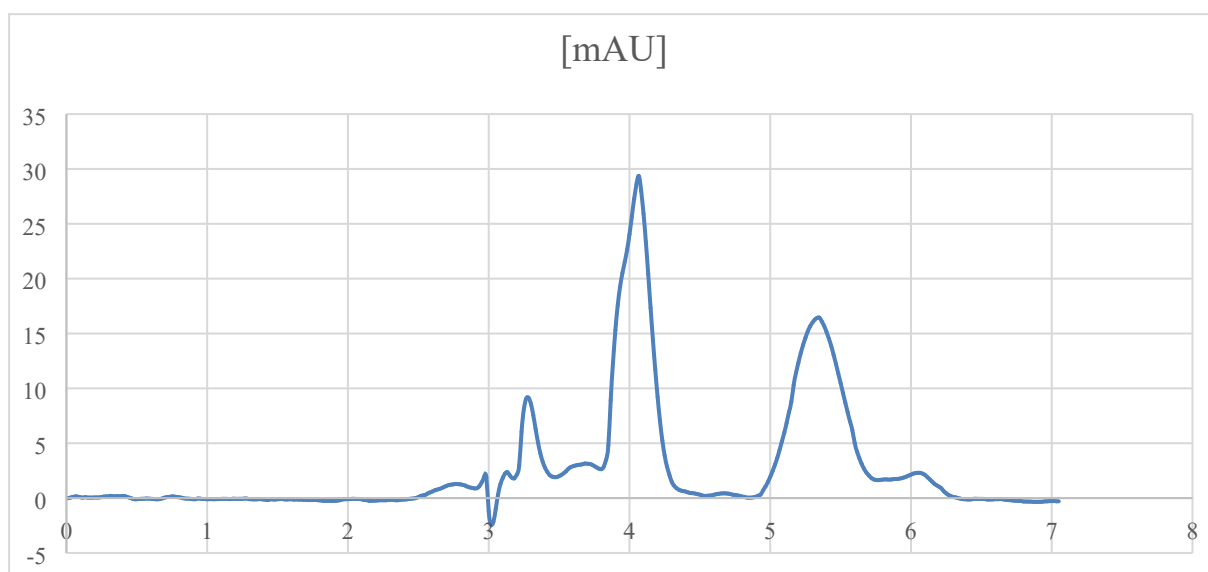
160 °C, 2 h:



160 °C, 4 h:



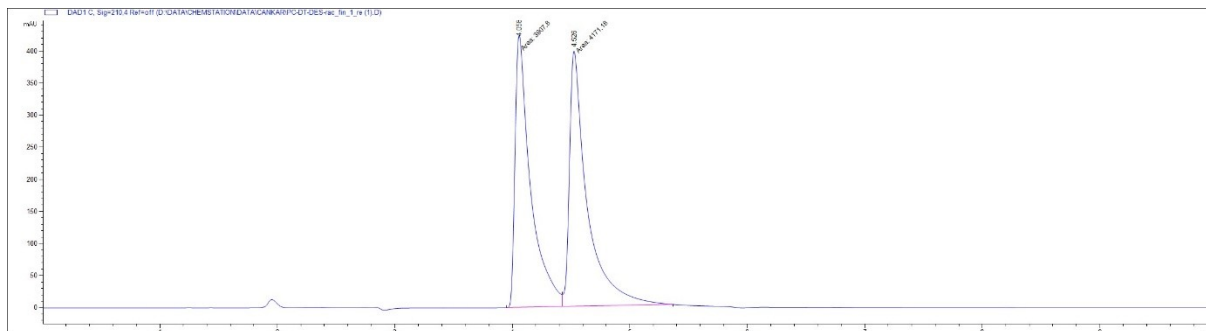
160 °C, 8 h:



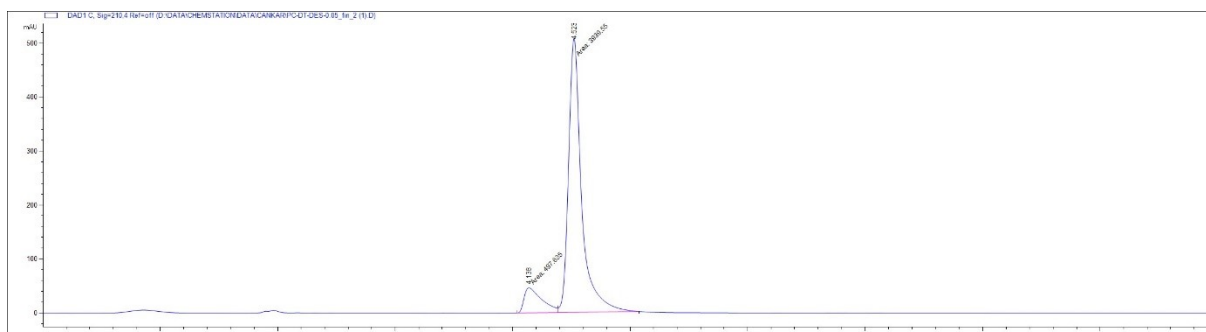
Chiral HPLC chromatograms of compound **7** after desymmetrization experiments with (+)-(*S_a*)-5f:

HPLC separation conditions: *n*-hexan/isopropanol 90:10, column Chiral Art Cellulose-SB (100x4.6 mm, 3 μ m), flow rate: 0.6 mL/min, T = 25 °C, loading 2 μ l, UV detection, λ = 210 nm.

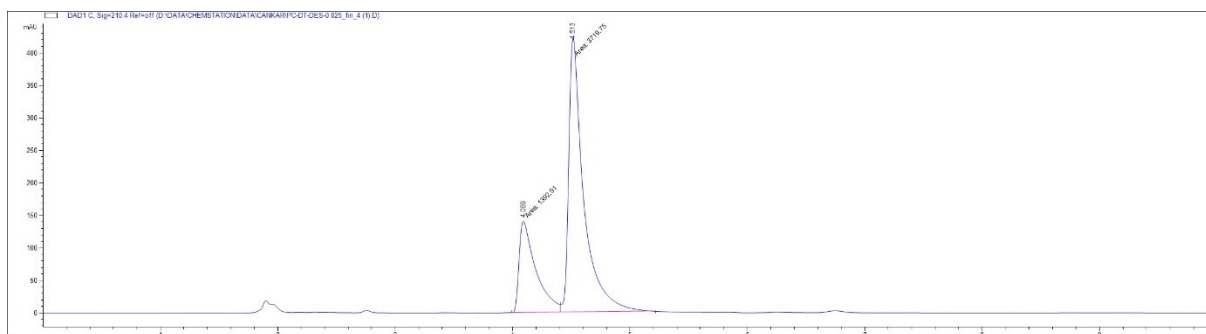
Racemic mixture of **7** (ratio 48:52):



Desymmetrization performed at concentration 0.05M (ratio 11:89):



Desymmetrization performed at concentration 0.025M (ratio 27:73):



Crystallography

All the diffraction data were collected using an XtaLAB Synergy-I diffractometer equipped with a HyPix3000 hybrid pixel array detector and a microfocused PhotonJet-I X-ray source (Cu K α , 1.54184 Å). Absorption corrections were applied using the program CrysAlisPro 1.171.40.82a [i]. The crystal structures were solved using SHELXT [ii] program and refined using the full matrix least-squares procedure with SHELXL [iii] in OLEX2 (version 1.3) [iv]. All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically, while hydrogen atoms were located from the Fourier difference map and refined using the “riding” model.

Both compounds, (-)-(*R_a*)-**5f** and (+)-(*S_a*)-**5f**, crystallize in the monoclinic *P*2₁ space group as ethanol solvates. This space group belongs to the Sohncke space groups; therefore, the measurement strategy was based on collecting intensities of Friedel pairs. The resulting crystal structures confirmed the expected axial chirality (**Fig.1**). Nevertheless, the elements constituting the molecules of (-)-(*R_a*)-**5f** and (+)-(*S_a*)-**5f** are weak anomalous scatterers. As a result, the Flack parameters exhibit inconclusive statistics.

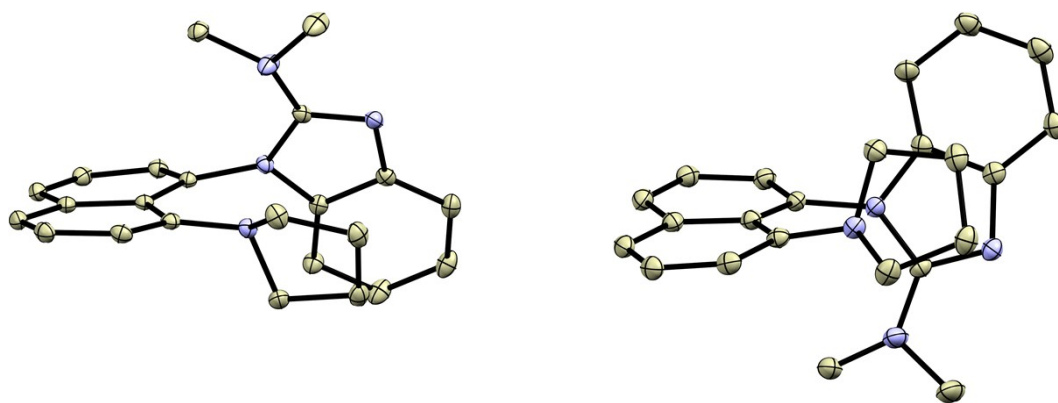


Fig.1 The molecular structures of (-)-(*R_a*)-**5f** (CCDC 2407034; *left*) and (+)-(*S_a*)-**5f** (CCDC 2407035; *right*). Colour code: carbon (light brown) and nitrogen (light blue). The thermal ellipsoids were drawn at a 30% probability level. The hydrogen atoms and ethanol molecules were omitted for clarity.

	(-)-(<i>R_a</i>)- 5f	(+)-(<i>S_a</i>)- 5f ,
Empirical formula	C ₂₅ H ₃₀ N ₄ O	C ₂₅ H ₃₀ N ₄ O
Formula weight	402.53	402.53
Temperature/K	89.9(4)	89.9(4)
Crystal system	monoclinic	monoclinic
Space group	<i>P</i> 2 ₁	<i>P</i> 2 ₁
<i>a</i> /Å	7.46170(10)	7.4550(2)
<i>b</i> /Å	13.90680(10)	13.9094(2)
<i>c</i> /Å	10.46010(10)	10.4634(2)
α /°	90	90
β /°	93.5230(10)	93.455(2)
γ /°	90	90
Volume/Å ³	1083.376(19)	1083.03(4)
<i>Z</i>	2	2
ρ_{calc} g/cm ³	1.234	1.234
μ /mm ⁻¹	0.602	0.603
<i>F</i> (000)	432.0	432.0
Reflections collected/indep.	23039/4030. [<i>R</i> _{int} = 0.0362]	23167/3941. [<i>R</i> _{int} = 0.0509]
Data/restraints/parameters	4030/1/275	3941/1/275
Goodness-of-fit on <i>F</i> ²	1.065	1.048

Final R indexes [$I \geq 2\sigma(I)$]	$R_1 = 0.0286$, $wR_2 = 0.0711$	$R_1 = 0.0366$, $wR_2 = 0.0942$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0297$, $wR_2 = 0.0717$	$R_1 = 0.0382$, $wR_2 = 0.0952$
Flack parameter	-0.09(9)	-0.17(13)
CSD number	2407034	2407035

Therefore, to include atoms with larger anomalous scattering, we recrystallized both compounds from ethanol solutions acidified with a few drops of HCl to adjust pH of the resulting solution to 4. The solutions were then left to crystallize isothermally over several days. The resulting colorless crystals consisted of protonated molecules, a chloride anion and co-crystallized water molecule. Both compounds crystallized in the orthorhombic Sohncke space group $P2_12_12_1$. The measurements unequivocally confirmed the expected axial chirality (**Fig.2**).

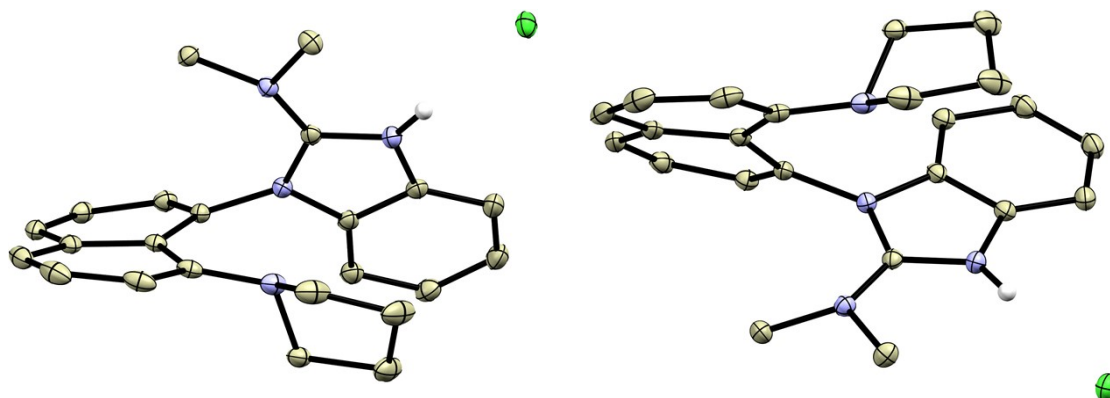


Fig.2 The molecular structures of (-)-(R_a)-**5f**·HCl·H₂O (CCDC 2407033; left) and (+)-(S_a)-**5f**·HCl·H₂O (CCDC 2407032; right). Colour code: carbon (light brown), chlorine (green) and nitrogen (light blue). The hydrogen atoms (except for the protonated benzimidazole hydrogen atom) and ethanol molecules were omitted for clarity. The thermal ellipsoids were drawn at a 30% probability level.

	(-)-(R_a)- 5f HCl H ₂ O	(+)-(S_a)- 5f HCl H ₂ O,
Empirical formula	C ₂₃ H ₂₇ ClN ₄ O	C ₂₃ H ₂₇ ClN ₄ O
Formula weight	410.93	410.93
Temperature/K	99.99(13)	99.99(13)
Crystal system	orthorhombic	orthorhombic
Space group	$P2_12_12_1$	$P2_12_12_1$
$a/\text{\AA}$	10.13790(5)	10.13520(10)
$b/\text{\AA}$	11.24899(6)	11.23990(10)
$c/\text{\AA}$	18.30377(9)	18.2950(2)
$\alpha/^\circ$	90	90
$\beta/^\circ$	90	90
$\gamma/^\circ$	90	90
Volume/ $\text{\AA}^3$	2087.382(18)	2084.14(4)
Z	4	4
$\rho_{\text{calc}}/\text{g/cm}^3$	1.308	1.310
μ/mm^{-1}	1.786	1.789
F(000)	872.0	872.0
Reflections collected/indep.	54502/3931. [$R_{\text{int}} = 0.0332$]	10810/3796. [$R_{\text{int}} = 0.0242$]
Data/restraints/parameters	3931/0/267	3796/0/268
Goodness-of-fit on F2	1.069	1.039
Final R indexes [$I \geq 2\sigma(I)$]	$R_1 = 0.0252$, $wR_2 = 0.0664$	$R_1 = 0.0260$, $wR_2 = 0.0681$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0256$, $wR_2 = 0.0666$	$R_1 = 0.0268$, $wR_2 = 0.0688$
Flack parameter	0.016(13)	0.022(13)
CSD number	2407033	2407032

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- [ⁱ] Rigaku Oxford Diffraction (2020) CrysAlisPro 1.171.40.82a.
- [ⁱⁱ] G. M. Sheldrick, *Acta Crystallogr. Sect. A* 71 (2015) 3–8.
- [ⁱⁱⁱ] L. J. Bourhis, O. V. Dolomanov, R. J. Gildea, J. A. K. Howard, H. Puschmann, *Acta Crystallogr. Sect. A* 71 (2015) 59–75, doi:10.1107/S2053273314022207.
- [^{iv}] O. V. Dolomanov, L. J. Bourhis, R. J. Gildea, J. A. K. Howard, H. Puschmann, *J. Appl. Crystallogr.* 42 (2009) 339–341.