Supporting Information A Mass-Producible Polyoxovanadate Cathode for Ultrafast-Kinetics Zinc-Ion Batteries

Ming Chen,^{a,b} Cuihong He,^a Qin Liu,^a Wenzhuo Deng, ‡*^a and Chuan-Fu Sun‡*^{a,b}

Part 1: Experimental Procedures and Theoretical Methods

Part 2: Supporting Figures

Part 1: Experimental Procedures and Theoretical Methods

Synthesis of KZVO-MPs and KZVO-NPs

10 mmol Zn(CH₃COO)₂ and 10 mmol KVO₃ were dissolved in 50 and 100 mL deionized water, respectively. Subsequently, the KVO₃ solution was added into Zn(CH₃COO)₂ solution and the pH value of the mixture was adjusted to approximately 5 with acetic acid. The yielded microscale precipitate (KZVO-MPs) after magnetically stirring for 2 h at room temperature was collected by centrifugation, washing for three times with deionized water, and then drying at 80 °C in air. The nanoparticles (KZVO-NPs) were obtained after ball milling of KZVO-MPs for 50 hours.

The synthesis path of KZVO can be depicted through the following chemical reaction^{1, 2}:

$$2K^{+} + 2Zn^{2+} + (V_{10}O_{28})^{6-} + nH_2O \rightarrow K_2Zn_2V_{10}O_{28} \cdot nH_2O$$

The pH plays a key role in the preparation of KZVO. The polyvanadate ions survive in the pH range between 2 and 6.5. The chemical equilibria pivotal to this process are as follows: $10VO_{1}^{+} + 0V_{2}O_{2}^{+} + 0V_{2}O_{2}^{+} + 14V_{1}^{+}$

$$10VO_{2}^{+} + 8H_{2}O \leftrightarrow H_{2}V_{10}O_{28}^{+-} + 14H$$
$$H_{2}V_{10}O_{28}^{+-} \leftrightarrow HV_{10}O_{28}^{-5-} + H^{+}$$
$$HV_{10}O_{28}^{-5-} \leftrightarrow V_{10}O_{28}^{-6-} + H^{+}$$

By carefully adjusting the concentration of H⁺ through the addition of acetic acid, we can successfully make the existence of abundant decavanadate ions possible, which will be instrumental for the subsequent fabrication of the final product KZVO materials.

Material Characterizations

The crystallographic structure of the as-prepared product was identified by the powder X-ray diffractometer (XRD,

Ultima IV, Rigaku) with the Cu-Kα radiation. The morphology and elemental mapping of KZVO were characterized by the scanning electron microscopy (SEM, Phenom LE), the energy dispersive spectroscopy (EDS), and the transmission electron microscope (TEM, Tecnai F20). X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (XPS, ESCALAB 250Xi, Thermo Scientific Instrument) was conducted to analyze the oxidation states. Thermogravimetric analysis (TGA, STA 449F3, Netzsch) was performed at a heating rate of 10 °C min⁻¹ under Ar flow. The batteries were disassembled after discharging/charging to certain voltages at different cycles and the cathodes were washed thoroughly with deionized water prior to ex-situ XRD and XPS characterizations.

Fabrication of ZIBs

The 2032 coin-type batteries were fabricated using Zn foil anodes of 10 mm in diameter, aqueous electrolytes of 4 M Zn(CF₃SO₃)₂, Whatman glass-fiber separators/NKK cellulose membranes(TF4050), and the KZVO-containing cathodes. The complexed cathode was prepared by rolling the active material, Ketjen Black (KB) conductive agent, and polytetrafluoroethylene(PTFE) binder in a weight ratio of 70: 20: 10 onto a titanium mesh (200 mesh) with a massloading of ~ 2.5 mg cm⁻², and then cut into discs with the diameter of 1 cm after drying under vacuum at 80 °C for 12 h.

Electrochemical Measurements

The cyclic voltammetry (CV) experiments were performed using the CHI600E electrochemical workstation at a scan rate of 0.1 mV s⁻¹ in a voltage range of 0.2 to 1.8 V. The galvanostatic charge/discharge tests were conducted on the LANHE CT2001 battery testing system within a voltage range of 0.2-1.8 V at a constant temperature of 28 °C. Linear-scan CV measurements and electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) were carried out on the Bio-Logic SP-300 electrochemical workstation. The galvanostatic intermittent titration technique (GITT) was performed using the LANHE CT2001 battery testing instrument, current pulses of 30 minutes at a rate of 20 mA g⁻¹ followed by a three-hour rest step were applied and the process was repeated until the cell voltage reached 0.2 V/1.8 V. Prior to the GITT test, the batteries were activated through eight cycles of galvanostatic cycling at 20 mA g⁻¹ within the voltage range of 0.2-1.8 V. The Zn²⁺-ion diffusion coefficients were calculated by the following equation³:

$$D_{Zn^{2+}} = \frac{4}{\tau\pi} (\frac{n_M V_M}{S})^2 (\frac{\Delta E_s}{\Delta E_t})^2$$

where τ is the constant current pulse duration; V_M represents the mole volume of active materials, n_M refers to the mole number of active materials, S is the effective contact area of active materials (herein, geometry area is adopted for estimation), ΔE_s and ΔE_t represent the change in steady-state voltage and overall cell voltage, respectively, when a current pulse is applied during a single step GITT experiment.

DFT calculations

The initial structural model Zn₂V₅O₁₄·4H₂O was created by substituting Zn for K in KZnV₅O₁₄·8H₂O (ICSD# 94840). We employed density functional theory (DFT) to fully relax the produced configuration. The projector-augmented wave (PAW) pseudopotentials⁴ was adopted to describe the ionic shell, and the Perdew, Burke, and Ernzerhof (PBE)⁵ functional of general gradient approximation (GGA) was applied to account for the exchange and correlation interactions of the valence electrons. We used a plane wave energy cutoff of 520 eV and a Γ-centered Monkhorst-Pack k-grid 4 x 3 x 5 to integrate the Brillouin zones (BZ). D3 scheme proposed by Grimme⁶ was utilized to take the dispersion interactions into consideration. A Hubbard U value of 3.25 eV⁷ was selected to account for the on-site repulsion of the localized V 3d electrons. The convergence criteria for the energy difference between each electronic iteration and the force exerted on each atom are 1x10⁻⁶ eV and 0.03 eV/Å, respectively. We searched the transition state using the climbing image-nudged elastic band (Cl-NEB) method. Initial six images between the endmembers were generated using the atomic simulation environment (ASE)⁸, and a saddle point was obtained until the energy and force were converged to 1x10⁻⁶ eV and 0.05 eV/Å, respectively. All the spin-polarized computations were conducted using the Vienna ab initio simulation package (VASP)⁹.

Part 2: Supporting Figures



Figure S1. SEM images of KZVO NPs.



Figure S2. XRD and Rietveld refinement of KZVO-MPs (Rwp=10.59%, Rp=8.00%).



Figure S3. Thermogravimetric analysis of KVP-NPs.



Figure S4. SEM and EDS results for KZVO-MPs, and the obtained atomic ratio of K, Zn and V is 1:1:5.02.



Figure S5. (a) The XPS survey spectrum and (b) the derived atomic percentage of K, Zn and V.



Figure S6 (a) Voltage (V) vs. time (t) profile of the ZVO cathode during GITT measurement. (b) The linear behavior of the transient voltage changes E vs. $\tau^{1/2}$ during the discharge.



Figure S7 Capacity contribution analysis at scan rates of 0.02, 0.04, 0.06, 0.08, 0.12, 0.15 mV s⁻¹.



Figure S8. equivalent circuit of EIS.



Figure S9. XRD patterns of the KZVO electrode at the initial state and after soaking for 12 h.



Figure S10. SEM and EDS mapping of the electrode at the initial state and after charging to 1.8 V.



Figure S11. XRD patterns of the KZVO electrode at the initial state and full charge state after 1000 cycles at the current of 1 A g⁻¹.



Figure S12. (a) SEM images of KZVO electrode at initial state. (b) SEM images of KZVO electrode after 500 cycles at 1 A g⁻¹. (c-d) TEM and HRTEM images of KZVO electrode after 500 cycles at 1 A g⁻¹.

 Table S1. Comparison of cycling stability and specific capacities.

Ref.	Cathode	Specific capacity (mAh g- Current (A g- Cathode 1)@ current (A g-1) 1)/C-rate		Cycle number (n)/Cycle time(days)	Retenti on (%)	
	This work	275@0.02	0.3/1.2C	400/25	~80.8	
10	Na ₆ [V ₁₀ O ₂₈] 2.6H ₂ O	228.5@0.1	0.3/~1.31C	100/~1.3	~85.6	
11	$K_{1.1}V_3O_8$	386@0.1	0.2/~1.2C	50/~7.5	~91.35	
11	$Na_{1.16}V_3O_8$	266.9@0.1	0.2/~0.75C	50/~4.5	~78.8	
12	$Ag_{0.4}V_2O_5$	367@0.1	0.5/~1.36C	50/~2.1	~78.8	
13	Na _{1.1} V ₃ O _{7.9} @rGO	240@0.05	0.3/~1.25C	100/~5.5	~74.8	
14	$Zn_3V_2O_7(OH)_2\cdot 2H_2O$	213@0.05	0.2/~0.94C	300/~13.9	~63.8	
15	$Ba_{1.2}V_6O_{16}{\cdot}3H_2O$	345.5@0.1	0.5/~1.44C	200/~7	~75.9	
16	$Zn_2V_2O_7$	248@0.05	0.3/~1.2C	200/~11.8	~86	
17	V ₆ O ₁₃	360@0.2	0.4/~1.1C	200/~13.7	~80	
18	KV ₂ O ₄ PO ₄ ·3.2H ₂ O	226@0.02	0.2/~0.88C	100/~16.1	~83	
19	ZnV ₆ O ₁₆ ·8H ₂ O	365@0.5	0.5/~1.37C	300/~17.3	~86	

20	LiV ₂ (PO ₄) ₃	198@0.136	0.136/~1C	200/~18.8	~86
21	$NH_4V_4O_{10}$	147@0.05	0.2/~1.36C	200/~10.2	~97.6
22	Mn ₃ O ₄	239.2@0.1	0.2/~0.84C	70/~4.6	~64.7
23	$Cu[Fe(CN)_6]_{2/3} \cdot nH_2O$	60@0.06	0.06/~1C	60/~5	~90.9
24	ZnHCFs	65.4@0.06	0.06/~1C	100/~8	~76
25	K ₂ MnFe(CN) ₆	138@0.2	0.2/~1.45C	400/~17.3	~72.5

 Table S2. Comparison of the rate performance.

Ref	Cathode	Rate performance
		capacities of 262, 255, 247, 238, 228, 220, 212, 207, 200, 191, 186, 180, 167,
	This work	160 and 150 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of 0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 5,
		8, 10, 12, 15, 18 and 20 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
26	V ₂ Or	capacities of 242, 217, 192, 171, and 156 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of 0.05,
	•205	0.1, 0.2, 0.5, and 1 A g^{-1} , respectively.
27	Ϻϩͺ៴ͻϹͼ·ͷឣͽϹ	capacities of 353, 330, 291, 264, 221, 167 and 81 mAh $g^{\text{-1}}$ at current densities
		of 0.05, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, and 5 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
28	KV₂O₀·0.75H₂O	capacities of 381, 375, 310, 290, 250, and 206 mAh $g^{\text{-1}}$ at current densities of
		0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, and 5 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
29	Zn₀₁V₂O₅∙nH₂O	capacities of 450, 422, 408, 362, 317, and 280 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of
	0.1 2 - 5 2 -	0.3, 0.6, 1, 2, 4, and 6 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
30	V5012.6H2O	capacities of 467, 439, 404, 381, 365, 337, 297 and 263 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current
	5 12 2	densities of 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10 and 20 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
31	$NaCa_{0.6}V_6O_{16}\cdot 3H_2O$	capacities of 347, 310, 279, 243, 202, and 154 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of
	0.0 0 10 1	0.1, 0.3, 0.6, 1.2, 2.4, and 5 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
32	Mn _{0.15} V₂O₅∙nH₂O	capacities of 299, 268, 238, 222, 193, and 150 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of
		0.5, 1, 2, 3, 5, and 10 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
33	Co _{0.247} V ₂ O ₅ 0.944H ₂ O	capacities of 421, 380, 323, 260, 223, 184, 176, 165 and 163 mAh g ⁻¹ at
	0.2.0 2 5 2	current densities of 0.1, 0.3, 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 A g^{-1} , respectively.
34	Mg ²⁺ doping NH ₄ V ₄ O ₁₀	capacities of 410, 368, 338, 306, 253, 200, 165, and 140 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current
		densities of 0.1, 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10, 15 and 20 A g^{-1} , respectively.
10	$Na_{6}[V_{10}O_{28}] nH_{2}O$	capacities of 228.5, 191, 151.7, 129.7, 112.7, 96.7, and 86.4 mAh g $^{-1}$ at
		current densities of 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 5 and 10 A g^{-1} , respectively.
11	K _{1.1} V ₃ O ₈	capacities of 349, 308, 280, 253, 214 and 184 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of
		0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 5, and 10 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
12	$Ag_{0.4}V_2O_5$	capacities of 353, 282, 253, 218 and 186 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of 0.1,
		0.3, 0.5, 1 and 2 A g^{-1} , respectively.
35	$Na_2V_6O_{16}\cdot 3H_2O$	capacities of 361, 341, 319, 301, 277, 230 174 and 114 mAh g ⁻¹ at current
		densities of 0.1, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 3, 6, 9, and 20 A g ⁻¹ , respectivel.
36	$K_{2}Zn_{2}V_{10}O_{28}$	capacities of 225.7, 200.8, 161.2, 126.4, 100.8 and 71.7 mAh g ⁻¹ at current
		densities of 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, and 2 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
37	NaV ₃ O ₈	capacities of 400, 303, 270, 231,166 and 105 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current densities of
		0.1, 0.5, 1, 2, 5 and 10 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.

38	Na-V ₄₂ O ₂₂	capacities of 290.6, 244.5, 199, 121.3 and 59.7 mAh $g^{\rm -1}$ at current densities of
	1005 0 120 32	0.3, 0.5, 1, 2 and 5 A g^{-1} , respectively.
38		capacities of 362, 296, 208, 141 and 78 mAh g ⁻¹ at current densities of 0.3,
	11100 60 16 41 120	0.5, 1, 2 and 5 A g^{-1} , respectively.
		capacities of 397, 383, 358, 335, 313, 285, 268, 243, 220, 175 and 133 mAh
39	$K_{10}[V^{IV}_{16}V^{V}_{18}O_{82}]$	g^{-1} at current densities of 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 and 9 A $g^{-1},$
		respectively.
14 -	7m)/ O (OU) 200 O	capacities of 200, 166, 145, 122, 105, 84, 75 and 54 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current
	211 ₃ v ₂ O ₇ (OH) ₂ ·2H ₂ O	densities of 0.05, 0.1, 0.3, 0.5, 0.8, 1, 2 and 3 A $g^{\rm -1},$ respectively.
15		capacities of 321, 277, 247, 223, 198, 168, 151, 130 and 109 mAh g $^{-1}$ at
15	Ba _{1.2} V ₆ O ₁₆ ·3H ₂ O	current densities of 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 5 and 10 A $g^{\text{-1}},$ respectively.
40		capacities of 395, 259, 333, 305, 252, 204 and 154 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current
10	(INH4) _{0.5} V ₂ U ₅	densities of 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10 and 20 A g^{-1} , respectively.
41		capacities of 107, 102, 99, 96, 88 and 82 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of 0.05,
	Na ₃ V ₂ (PO ₄) ₃ /GO	0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1 and 2 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
47		capacities of 410.3, 297.4, 240.5, 155 and 113.9 mAh $\rm g^{-1}$ at current densities
	$H_2V_3U_8$	of 0.1, 0.5, 1, 3 and 5 A g^{-1} , respectively.
43	75.14.0	capacities of 232, 213, 194, 173, 160, 150 and 141 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current
	2n ₃ v ₃ 0 ₈	densities of 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 A g^{-1} , respectively.
16		capacities of 250, 248, 231, 223, 248, 213, 209, 205, 190 and 170 mAh $g^{\text{-1}}$ at
	$Zn_2V_2O_7$	current densities of 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5, 0.7,0.9, 1.1, 2.2 and 4.4 A $\rm g^{-1}$
		respectively.
44		capacities of 97, 89, 79 and 58 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of 0.05, 0.1, 0.5
	Na ₃ v ₂ (PO ₄) ₃	and 1 A g^{-1} , respectively.
45		capacities of 451, 430, 407, 384, 362, 300 and 224 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current
	V2O5 2.2H2O	densities of 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 5 and 10 A g^{-1} , respectively.
46		capacities of 466, 403, 373, 336, and 313 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current densities of 0.1,
	Ca _{0.67} v ₈ O ₂₀ S. 511 ₂ O	0.4, 0.8, 1.6 and 2.4 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
		capacities of 226, 223, 219, 210, 195, 181, 172, 167, 160, 152 and 135 mAh
18	$KV_2O_4PO_4$ ·3.2H ₂ O	g^{-1} at current densities of 0.02, 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 5, 7 and 9 A $g^{-1},$
		respectively.
47		capacities of 367, 252, 173, 145, 137 and 96 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current densities of
	Na _{0.33} v ₂ O ₅	0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 0.8, 1 and 2 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
19	701/0 94 0	capacities of 400, 355, 328, 295, 238, 198 and 167 mAh g^{-1} at current
	211v ₆ U ₁₆ ·on ₂ U	densities of 0.3, 0.6, 1, 2, 5, 10 and 15 A g^{-1} , respectively.
48		capacities of 286, 260, 235, 202, 153, 115 and 78 mAh g^{-1} at current densities
		of 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10 and 20 A g^{-1} , respectively.
21	$NH_4V_4O_{10}$	capacities of 147, 137, 127, 118, 105, 98, 91, 80 and 72 mAh g ⁻¹ at current

		densities of 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.6, 0.8, 1, 1.5 and 2 A $g^{-1},$ respectively.
49	7n V O 15H O	capacities of 426, 400, 389, 369, 335 and 265 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of
	2110.3 V 205 1.3 1120	0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 5 and 10 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
50	KV-Oco'nH-O	capacities of 444, 428, 411, 388, 370, 357, 336, 323 and 313 mAh g $^{-1}$ at
	KV5013 III120	current densities of 0.5, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8 and 10 A $g^{-1},$ respectively.
51	Zna azVaOz`nHaO	capacities of 300, 278, 270, 260, 260, and 250 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of
	2110.25 \$ 205 11120	0.05, 0.3, 0.6, 1.2, 2.4, and 3 A g^{-1} , respectively.
52	Li.V2Oc'nH2O	capacities of 470, 386, 316, 236, 190 and 170 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of
		0.5, 1, 2, 5, 8 and 10 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
53		capacities of 340, 289, 260, 250, 220 and 200 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current densities of
		0.05, 0.3, 0.6, 0.9, 1.4 and 2.9 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
17	VcO12	capacities of 370, 333, 275, 252, 205 and 142mAh g $^{-1}$ at current densities of
	V 6 O 13	0.2, 0.4, 4, 6, 12 and 24 A g^{-1} , respectively.
54		capacities of 361, 316, 285, 256 and 217 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current densities of 0.2,
		0.5, 1, 2 and 5 A g^{-1} , respectively.
55	V ₂ O ₂ :nH ₂ O	capacities of 481.8, 450.2, 404.7, 352.9, 280.6 and 162.5 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current
	v307 m120	densities of 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2 and 5 A g^{-1} , respectively.
56	KaVeOa4	capacities of 247, 226, 183, 139 and 92 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current densities of 0.3,
	11208021	0.4, 1, 2 and 4 A g^{-1} , respectively.
57		capacities of 486, 461, 427, 398, 352 and 256 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of
	0.3 - 2 - 5	0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1, 2 and 5 A g^{-1} , respectively.
58	K4Na2V10O28	capacities of 127.6, 120.3, 106.3, 91.4, 85.8 and 84.4 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current
		densities of 0.05, 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 0.8 and 1 A g^{-1} , respectively.
59	Mn₂O₄@C	capacities of 323.2, 270.1, 209.6, 130.5 and 102.3 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current
		densities of 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1 and 2 A g^{-1} , respectively.
60	δ-MnO ₂	capacities of 232, 187, 161, 145, 134, 125, 111 and 103 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current
		densities of 0.76, 1.52, 2.28, 3.04, 3.8, 4.56, 6.08 and 7.6 A $g^{-1},$ respectively.
61	MnO	capacities of 267, 247, 216, 172, 126 and 95 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of
	-	0.1, 0.2, 0.4, 0.6, 0.8 and 1 A g^{-1} , respectively.
62	ZnMn₂O₄	capacities of 127, 132, 129, 118, 98, 83 and 70 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of
	2 - 4	1, 0.2, 0.4, 0.8, 1.6, 2.4 and 3.2 A g^{-1} , respectively.
24	ZnHCF	capacities of 65.4, 60.4, 56.8, 52.5, 45.5, 39.1 and 32.3 mAh g $^{-1}$ at current
		densities of 0.06, 0.12, 0.18, 0.3, 0.6, 0.9 and 1.2 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
63	β-MnO ₂	capacities of 312, 247, 193, 157, 123 and 86 mAh g^{-1} at current densities of
	1 - 2	0.03, 0.06, 0.13, 0.26, 0.53 and 1.06 A g ⁻¹ , respectively.
		capacities of 323, 273, 231, 197, 163, 120, 79 and 47 mAh g ⁻¹ at current
64	α -MnO ₂	densities of 0.016, 0.033, 0.066, 0.133, 0.266, 0.533, 1.066 and 1.666 A $g^{-1},$
		respectively.

Ref.	Cathode materials	energy barrier (eV)
-	This work	0.58
65	MgV ₂ O ₆ 1.7H ₂ O	0.896
65	Mg _{0.55} V ₂ O ₅ 0.8H ₂ O	1.16
66	V ₂ O ₅ 1.75H ₂ O	0.81
67	VO ₂	0.78
31	NaCa _{0.6} V ₆ O ₁₆ 3H ₂ O	0.53
17	V ₆ O ₁₃	0.87
11	Li _{1.2} V ₃ O ₈	0.64
11	Na _{1.16} V ₃ O ₈	0.64
68	(Na,Mn)V ₈ O ₂₀ ⋅nH2O	0.72
17	V_6O_{13} nH ₂ O	0.87

Table S3. Comparison of the Zn^{2+} -ion migration energy barriers.

Table	S4.	The SEM-ED	5 mapping	at	different	state
Table	54.		mapping	uι	uniciciit	state

Area	Initial			Initial 1 st -dis.0.2V 1 st -cha.1.8V 2 nd -dis.0.5			dis.0.2	v	2 nd -	nd -cha.1.8V					
	к	Zn	V	к	Zn	V	к	Zn	V	к	Zn	V	к	Zn	V
1	1	1.04	5	0.38	3.8	5	0	1.76	5	0.02	3.76	5	0	1.89	5
2	0.99	1.04	5	0.39	3.64	5	0.02	1.78	5	0	3.85	5	0	1.84	5
3	0.97	0.98	5	0.47	3.66	5	0	1.85	5	0.02	3.89	5	0	1.93	5
4	0.99	1.03	5	0.41	3.42	5	0	1.75	5	0	3.74	5	0	1.96	5
5	1.01	1.07	5	0.38	3.67	5	0.01	1.86	5	0.02	3.86	5	0	2.02	5
average	1	1	5	0.4	3.6	5	0	1.8	5	0	3.8	5	0	1.9	5

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