Supplementary Information

Visible Light-Induced Sulfonylation with Sulfinates as Closed-Shell Radical Acceptors

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General Information

All reactions were performed under argon using flame-dried glassware unless otherwise noted. DMSO was distilled over CaH₂ and rigorously degassed by freeze/pump/thaw. All reagents and starting materials were commercially available and used without further purification unless indicated otherwise. Thin layer chromatographies were carried out on GF254 plates (0.25 mm layer thickness). Flash chromatographies were performed with 200 – 300 mesh silica gels. Reactions were monitored by TLC and visualized by KMnO4 stain. Yields reported were for isolated, spectroscopically pure compounds.

¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR and ¹⁹F NMR spectra were recorded on Bruker Avance 400 or 600 MHz spectrophotometers. Chemical shifts (δ) were expressed in ppm., and *J*-values are given in Hz. Chemical shifts in ¹H NMR spectra was reported in parts per million on the δ scale from an internal standard of residual chloroform (7.26 ppm). Data for ¹³C NMR spectra were presented in terms of chemical shift in ppm from the central peak of CDCl₃ (77.16ppm). ¹H NMR data was presented as follows: multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, dd = doublet of doublet, dt = doublet of triplet, m = multiplet, br s = broad singlet), coupling constant in Herts (Hz), and integration.

HR-ESI-MS were taken on Agilent 6540 Q-TOF spectrometer. UV-Vis measurements were carried out on a Hitachi UV-1900 UV-Visible spectrophotometer. EPR spectra were recorded by an ADANI SPINSCAN X spectrometer. Cyclic voltammetry studies were carried out on a CHI 760E electrochemical workstation (Shanghai CH Instruments Co., China). The emission spectra were recorded in a Hitachi F-7000 fluorescence spectrometer.

General Procedures for Photochemical Sulfonylation

To an oven dried 10.0 mL glass tube with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with aryl halide (0.20 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), sodium sulfinate (0.40 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), photocatalyst (0.02 mmol, 10 mol%), Cs₂CO₃ (0.40 mmol, 2.0 equiv.), and TBAI (0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv.). Then the reaction tube was allowed to be vacuumed and purged with Argon for three times. DMSO (2.0 mL) were carefully added to the reaction tube under Argon. The resulting mixture was stirred for 12 hours under four 35 W blue LED lamps (the distance was about 7.0 cm) irradiation at 45 °C unless noted otherwise. After irradiating for the indicated time, the reaction was diluted with water. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (10 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated. The crude product was subjected to column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether) on silica gel to afford the product.



Supplementary Figure 1. Experimental setup for Photocatalyzed Sulfonylation with Sulfinate as Radical Acceptors Enabled by Phenolate Photocatalysis



Supplementary Figure 2. Emission spectra of the 35 W blue LED lamp.

Supplementary Note 1. UV-Vis Spectroscopic Measurements

The UV-Vis absorption spectra of DMSO solutions (0.05 M or 0.0001M) of 4acetylbenzene bromide **1**, sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2**, and **DBPP6** with Cs₂CO₃ were recorded on Hitachi UV-1900 UV-Visible spectrophotometer (1 mm short light path cuvettes have been employed in order to avoid fast signal saturation). The absorption of DMSO solution of **1** (black line), and **2** (purple line) is about 380 nm. The colorless solution of **DBPP6** (red line) was immediately turned to a primrose yellow color upon addition of Cs₂CO₃ (blue line), and no new color change after **1** or both **1** and **2** was added to the solution of the phenolate anion of **DBPP6** (green and brown line), indicating that no EDA ground state association occurred and the photon-absorbing ability of the phenolate anion in the visible spectral region was responsible for triggering the aryl radical from its halide.



Supplementary Figure 3. UV-Vis absorption spectra (0.05 M in DMSO)



Supplementary Figure 4. UV-Vis absorption spectra (0.0001 M in DMSO)

Supplementary Note 2. ¹H NMR Spectroscopic Studies

The ¹H NMR analysis was made on the DMSO-*d*₆ solutions (0.1 M) of **1**, **DBPP6**, mixture of **DBPP6** and Cs₂CO₃, mixture of **DBPP6**, Cs₂CO₃ and **1**. Under these conditions, **DBPP6** was completely deprotonated by Cs₂CO₃, and no significant peak shifting of hydrogens were observed after **1** was added to the solution of the phenolate anion of **DBPP6**. On the contrary, in the previously reported cases, the formation of an EDA complex between the reaction components is typically accompanied by a significant shift of the signals.^{1, 2} Altogether, the possible formation of an EDA complex between **1** and the phenolate anion of **DBPP6** can be reasonably excluded.



Supplementary Figure 5. Comparison of ¹H NMR spectra of 1, DBPP6, mixtures of DBPP6 and Cs₂CO₃, mixtures of DBPP6, Cs₂CO₃ and 1 in DMSO-*d*6.

Supplementary Note 3. Electrochemical Measurements

Tetrabutylammonium hexafluorophosphate (34.9 mg, 0.09 mmol) was added to a 0.003 M solution of the phenolate anion of DBPP6 (generated in situ by the deprotonation of **DBPP6** with 1.1 equiv. Cs₂CO₃) in 3.0 mL of dry DMSO. The resulting solution was vigorously bubbled with N2 for 5 minutes prior to the measurement. The oxidation potential was measured using a glassy carbon working electrode, a platinum wire counter electrode, and a saturated calomel electrode (SCE) at 0.1 V/s scan rate.



Supplementary Figure 6. The cyclic voltammogram of the phenolate anion of DBPP6 vs SCE in DMSO at 0.1 V/s.

With this data in hand we calculated the redox potential of the excited phenolate anion of **DBPP6** employing the following equation³:

$$E_{1/2}(\mathbf{DBPP6^{-}}) = E_{1/2}(\mathbf{DBPP6^{-}}) - E_{0-0}(\mathbf{DBPP6^{-}}/\mathbf{DBPP6^{-}})$$

 $E_{1/2}$ (**DBPP6'/DBPP6**⁻) = 0.02 V vs SCE. E_{0-0} (**DBPP6**^{-*/}**DBPP6**⁻), the excited state energy of the phenolate anion of DBPP6, was estimated from the intersection of the normalized absorbance and emission spectra. This corresponds to 474 nm, which translates into an E₀₋₀(DBPP6^{-*}/DBPP6⁻) of 2.62 eV for the phenolate anion of DBPP6.

$$E_{1/2}(\mathbf{DBPP6^{-}}) = E_{1/2}(\mathbf{DBPP6^{-}}) - E_{0-0}(\mathbf{DBPP6^{-}}) - E_{0-0}(\mathbf{DBPP6^{-}})$$

= 0.02 -2.62 = - 2.60 V vs. SCE



Supplementary Figure 7. Normalized absorption and emission spectra of the phenolate anion of DBPP6 in dry DMSO (5×10^{-5} M), the intersect wavelength was considered to be 474 nm.

The cyclic voltammetry of target product **3** and phenolate photocatalyst **DBPP** were also carried out. Tetrabutylammonium hexafluorophosphate (34.9 mg, 0.09 mmol) was respectively added to a 0.003M solution of the phenolate anion of **DBPP** (generated in situ by the deprotonation of **DBPP** with 1.1 equiv. Cs_2CO_3) or **3** in 3.0 mL of dry DMSO. The resulting solution was vigorously bubbled with N₂ for 5 minutes prior to the measurement. The oxidation/reduction potential was measured using a glassy carbon working electrode, a platinum wire counter electrode, and a SCE at 0.1 V/s scan rate.



Supplementary Figure 8. The cyclic voltammogram of **3** and the phenolate anion of **DBPP** vs SCE in DMSO at 0.1 V/s.

Supplementary Note 4. Steady-State Luminescence Quenching Studies

The samples were prepared by mixing the phenolate anion of **DBPP6** (5×10^{-5} M, freshly prepared in situ by the deprotonation of **DBPP6** with 1.1 equiv. Cs₂CO₃) with the required amount of 4-acetylbenzene bromide **1** in a total volume of 1.0 mL of dry DMSO (rigorously degassed by freeze/pump/thaw) in a 10 × 10 mm light path quartz fluorescence cuvette under an argon atmosphere. The samples were vigorously bubbled with dry argon for 5 minutes prior to the measurement. The excitation wavelength was fixed at 445 nm, the emission light was acquired from 475 nm to 800 nm.



Supplementary Figure 9. Quenching of the phenolate anion of DBPP6 emission (5 \times 10⁻⁵ M in DMSO) in the presence of increasing amounts of 1.

The Stern-Volmer plot shows a linear correlation between the amounts of 1 and the ratio I₀/I.



Supplementary Figure 10. Stern-Volmer quenching plot.

Supplementary Note 5. Radical Trapping Experiments



To an oven dried 10.0 mL glass tube with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with 4-acetylbenzene bromide **1** (39.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.40 mmol), and TEMPOH (37.7 mg, 0.24 mmol). Then the reaction tube was allowed to be vacuumed and purged with Argon for three times. DMSO (2.0 mL) were carefully added to the reaction tube under Argon. The resulting mixture was stirred for 20 hours under four 35 W blue LED lamps (the distance was about 7.0 cm) irradiation at room temperature. Irradiation was stopped and the reaction was diluted with water. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (25 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated. The crude product was subjected to column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:50) on silica gel to afford **52** (31.6 mg, 57% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.44 – 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.25 (br, 2H), 2.54 (s, 3H), 1.73 – 1.54 (m, 5H), 1.52 – 1.37 (m, 1H), 1.24 (s, 6H), 0.99 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.9, 167.7, 130.2, 130.0, 113.9, 60.7, 39.7, 32.4, 26.3, 20.5, 17.0. HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₁₇H₂₆NO₂ [M + H]⁺, 276.1958, found 276.1954.

Supplementary Note 6. Radical Clock Experiments



To an oven dried 10.0 mL glass tube with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with 4-acetylbenzene bromide 1 (39.8 mg, 0.20 mmol), (1-cyclopropylvinyl)benzene 53 (144.3mg, 1.0 mmol), DBPP6 (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.40 mmol), and TEMPOH (37.7 mg, 0.24 mmol). Then the reaction tube was allowed to be vacuumed and purged with Argon for three times. DMSO (2.0 mL) were carefully added to the reaction tube under Argon. The resulting mixture was stirred for 20 hours under four 35W blue LED lamps (the distance was about 7.0 cm) irradiation at room temperature. Irradiation was stopped and the reaction was diluted with water. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (25 mL \times 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated. The crude product was subjected to column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:100) on silica gel to afford 54 (57.7 mg, 69% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (d, J = 8.30 Hz, 1H), 7.49 – 6.99 (m, 4H), 6.06 (t, J = 7.34 Hz, 1H), 4.76 – 3.52 (m, 2H), 3.18 – 2.15 (m, 3H), 1.55 – 1.33 (m, 2H), 1.16 (s, 4H), 1.11 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) & 197.9, 145.8, 142.6, 138.0, 135.1, 128.6, 128.45, 128.37, 128.3, 128.2, 126.8, 126.2, 75.8, 59.8, 39.6, 36.0, 33.1, 28.8, 26.5, 20.2, 17.1. HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₂₈H₃₈NO₂ $[M + H]^+$, 420.2897, found 420.2899.

Supplementary Note 7. Mechanism Experiments for Excluding the Formation of Sulfonyl Radicals

Steady-State Luminescence Quenching Studies of 2

The samples were prepared by mixing the phenolate anion of **DBPP6** (5×10^{-5} M, freshly prepared in situ by the deprotonation of **DBPP6** with 1.1 equiv. Cs₂CO₃) with the required amount of sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** in a total volume of 1.0 mL of dry DMSO (rigorously degassed by freeze/pump/thaw) in a 10 × 10 mm light path quartz fluorescence cuvette under an argon atmosphere. The samples were vigorously bubbled with dry argon for 5 minutes prior to the measurement. The excitation wavelength was fixed at 445 nm, the emission light was acquired from 475 nm to 800 nm. Experimental results showed that the excited **DBPP6**⁻ could not be quenched by *p*-toluenesulfinate **2**.



Supplementary Figure 11. Quenching of the phenolate anion of DBPP6 emission (5 $\times 10^{-5}$ M in DMSO) in the presence of increasing amounts of 2.

Radical Trapping Experiments



To an oven dried 10.0 mL glass tube with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (35.6 mg, 0.20 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (131.2 mg, 0.40 mmol), and TEMPOH (37.7 mg, 0.24 mmol). Then the reaction tube was allowed to be vacuumed and purged with Argon for three times. DMSO (2.0 mL) were carefully added to the reaction tube under Argon. The resulting mixture was stirred for 20 hours under four 35W blue LED lamps (the distance was about 7.0 cm) irradiation at room temperature. No desired product was detected.

Radical Clock Experiments



To an oven dried 10.0 mL glass tube with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (35.6 mg, 0.20 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.5 mg, 0.02 mmol), (1-cyclopropylvinyl)benzene **53** (144.3 mg, 1.0 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.40 mmol), and TEMPOH (37.7 mg, 0.24 mmol). Then the reaction tube was allowed to be vacuumed and purged with Argon for three times. DMSO (2.0 mL) were carefully added to the reaction tube under Argon. The resulting mixture was stirred for 20 hours under four 35W blue LED lamps (the distance was about 7.0 cm) irradiation at room temperature. No desired product was detected.

Supplementary Note 8. Light-dark Interval Experiments



The light-dark interval experiments were performed according the general procedure with 0.2 mmol 4-acetylbenzene bromide **1**. The yield of **3** was determined by ¹H NMR using diphenylacetonitrile as an internal standard. An aliquot was taken out of the reaction system via syringe for every 1 hour was achieved. The whole process was performed under argon with glass tube. The NMR spectra revealed that a radical chain process was not the major reaction pathway, while it could not be completely ruled out at the current stage.



Supplementary Figure 12. The yields of NMR from the light-dark interval experiments. Yields were inferred by area integration ratio.



Supplementary Figure 13. Light dark interval experiment of compound 3 yield changing with time.

Supplementary Note 9. Density Functional Theory (DFT) Calculations

DFT calculations were performed with the Gaussian 16 software package, A.03 version.⁵ B3LYP functional including Grimme empirical dispersion correction $(\text{GD3BJ})^6$ with split-valence basis sets 6-31+G(d, p)⁷⁻⁹ were used for the geometry optimizations in the gas phase. Harmonic vibrational frequency calculations were performed for the stationary point to determine whether it is the transition structure and to derive the thermochemical corrections for free energies. The transition state has only one imaginary frequency. Intrinsic reaction coordinates (IRC) calculations at the same level verified the connectivity of located intermediates and transition states. Based on the optimized structure, the single point energies were calculated at M06-2X¹⁰ /def2-TZVP¹¹ level in solution-phase with DMSO as the solvent using the SMD¹² solvation model. The reported free energy in solution includes Gibbs free energy correction at temperature of 318.15 K.



Supplementary Figure 10. Cartesian (Å) Coordinates and Energies of Optimized Structures

Cartesian Coordinates for the Stationary Points

A	C
0	2

 \odot

02	
С	-1.87976 1.31117 0.00009
С	-0.48068 1.20471 0.00005
С	0.13987 -0.05551 -0.00003
С	-0.64622 -1.22111 -0.00009
С	-2.04316 -1.13942 -0.00007
С	-2.58734 0.12902 0.00001
С	1.63043 -0.20866 0.00001
0	2.14318 -1.3201 0.00019
С	2.49572 1.03718 -0.00014
Н	-2.36544 2.28189 0.00015
Н	0.11422 2.11211 0.00014
Н	-0.14369 -2.18297 -0.00014
Н	-2.65546 -2.03577 -0.00012
Н	2.29392 1.65326 -0.88335
Н	2.29462 1.65291 0.88347
Н	3.54319 0.73512 -0.00059
0_0 ∶\$	

-11

С	0.32264	-1.2048	9 0.08945
С	1.71774	-1.2034	5 0.00042
С	2.43732	0	0.03706
С	1.71774	1.2034	5 0.00041
С	0.32264	1.2048	9 0.08944
С	-0.37901	0.	0.13589
S	-2.23743	0.	0.34097

0	-2.61251	-1.29286	-0.39477
0	-2.61252	1.29287	-0.39475
С	3.94813	00.	09338
Н	-0.24346	-2.13269	0.08496
Н	2.25826	-2.14819	-0.05247
Н	2.25825	2.14819	-0.05249
Н	-0.24347	2.13269	0.08494
Н	4.32834	-0.88613	-0.61411
Н	4.32834	0.88622	-0.61395
Н	4.38959	-0.00009	0.91285



-12

С	-2.6485 -0.78805	-0.9351
С	-3.07296 0.21358	-0.03745
С	-2.15907 0.67198	0.93519
С	-0.86794 0.14495	0.99395
С	-0.45316 -0.85314	0.11115
С	-1.35769 -1.31063	-0.85315
С	-4.44448 0.74964	-0.14293
С	-4.889 1.82631	0.8445
0	-5.247 0.3639 -0).99642
Н	-3.35539 -1.13913	-1.68248
Н	-2.45517 1.44444	1.64155
Н	-0.17396 0.53404	1.74103
Н	-1.04094 -2.09492	-1.53981
Н	-4.81686 1.46643	1.87662
Н	-4.25533 2.71647	0.76518

Н	-5.92337 2.09401 0.62213
С	2.75421 1.37497 -1.38989
С	3.06767 2.1664 -0.26867
С	2.91234 1.59028 0.99743
С	2.45108 0.28182 1.15868
С	2.0971 -0.46278 0.02586
С	2.28938 0.07261 -1.25886
S	1.70497 -2.20491 0.21753
0	1.21242 -2.85449 -1.0545
0	1.28759 -2.57849 1.61918
С	3.54075 3.59087 -0.43487
Н	2.8746 1.79381 -2.38758
Н	3.15943 2.17429 1.88229
Н	2.33849 -0.15789 2.14377
Н	2.03111 -0.52481 -2.12634
Н	4.34772 3.66641 -1.17456
Н	2.7305 4.25045 -0.77432
Н	3.91724 3.99483 0.51095
o o	
-1 2	~ ~
C	-2.48833 -0.00373 1.15645
С	-1 3252 -0 74426 1 19787

C	1.5252	0.71120	1.17707
С	-0.70674	-1.16467	-0.00805
С	-1.27791	-0.7829	-1.25385
С	-2.43789	-0.0432	-1.28331
С	-3.09536	0.37794	-0.08268
Н	-2.95302	0.28291	2.09481
Н	-0.88445	-1.0338	2.14607
Н	-0.79945	-1.10475	-2.17311

Н	-2.89465 0.23323 -2.22781
С	-4.31419 1.14751 -0.16336
0	-4.84138 1.4821 -1.25449
С	-4.99491 1.58026 1.13581
Н	-5.89814 2.13773 0.87855
Н	-5.27176 0.71921 1.75867
Н	-4.34208 2.22056 1.74419
С	2.02685 -0.50542 0.0216
С	2.43458 0.04618 -1.19883
С	2.40748 0.098 1.22677
С	3.22639 1.19271 -1.20531
Н	2.13412 -0.43318 -2.12386
С	3.19982 1.24314 1.2027
Н	2.08604 -0.34294 2.16383
С	3.62461 1.81098 -0.00966
Н	3.54313 1.61622 -2.15594
Н	3.49683 1.70592 2.14151
0	1.11531 -2.62556 -1.22572
0	1.07 -2.55629 1.34846
С	4.51227 3.03189 -0.02361
Н	5.57188 2.75884 0.07635
Н	4.40598 3.59064 -0.95921
Н	4.27242 3.70956 0.80298
S	0.87706 -1.88555 0.03823

Supplementary Note 10. Quantum Yield Measurements

The quantum yield for the model reaction was measured by using Melchiorre's procedure.¹

Determination of the Photon Flux:

A standard ferrioxalate actinometer solution was prepared by following the Hammond variation of the Hatchard and Parker procedure outlined in Handbook of Photochemistry. The ferrioxalate actinometer solution measures the decomposition of ferric ions to ferrous ions, which are complexed by 1,10-phenanthroline and monitored by UV/Vis absorbance at 510 nm. The moles of iron-phenanthroline complex Fe(phen)₃²⁺ formed are related to moles of photons absorbed.

The solutions were prepared and stored in dark:

1. Potassium ferrioxalate solution: 589.5 mg of potassium ferrioxalate (commercially available from Alfa Aesar), and 278 μ L of sulfuric acid (96%) were added to a 100 mL volumetric flask, and filled to the mark with water (HPLC grade).

2. Phenantroline solution: 0.2% by weight of 1,10-phenanthroline in water (200 mg in 100 mL volumetric flask).

3. Buffer solution: to a 100 mL volumetric flask, 4.94 g of NaOAc and 1 mL of sulfuric acid (96%) were added and filled to the mark with water (HPLC grade).

Procedure: 1 mL of the actinometer solution was added to a quartz cuvette (l = 10 mm). The cuvette was placed 10 cm away from the light source and irradiated at $\lambda = 450$ nm (emission slit width at 10.0 nm) at 45 °C. This procedure was repeated 3 times, quenching the reactions after different time intervals: 10, 15, 20, and 25 seconds.

The actinometer measurements were done as follows:

1. After irradiation, the actinometer solution was removed and placed in a 10 mL volumetric flask containing 0.5 mL of 1,10-phenanthroline solution and 2 mL of buffer solution. This flask was filled to the mark with water (HPLC grade).

2. The UV-Vis spectra of the complexed actinometer samples were recorded for each time interval. The absorbance of the complexed actinometer solution was monitored at 510 nm.

The moles of Fe²⁺ formed for each sample are determined according to the Beer's S22 Law:

$$mol \ \mathrm{Fe}^{2+} = \frac{\mathrm{V}_1 \cdot \mathrm{V}_1 \cdot \Delta \mathrm{A} \ (510 \ \mathrm{nm})}{10^3 \cdot \mathrm{V}_1 \cdot \mathrm{l} \cdot \varepsilon \ (510 \ \mathrm{nm})}$$

Where V₁ is the irradiated volume (1 mL), V₂ is the aliquot of the irradiated solution taken for the determination of the ferrous ions (1 mL), V₃ is the final volume after complexation with phenanthroline (10 mL), 1 is the optical path-length of the irradiation cell (1 cm), ΔA (510 nm) the optical difference in absorbance between the irradiated solution and the one stored in the dark, ϵ (510 nm) is that of the complex Fe(phen)₃²⁺ (11100 L mol⁻¹ cm¹).

The moles of Fe^{2+} formed (x) are plotted as a function of time (t). The slope of this line was correlated to the moles of incident photons by unit of time $(q^{0}_{n,p})$ by the use of the following Equation:

$$\Phi(\lambda) = \frac{dx/dt}{q_{n,p}^{0}[1-10^{-A(\lambda)}]}$$

Where dx/dt is the rate of change of a measurable quantity (spectral or any other property), the quantum yield (Φ) for Fe²⁺ at 450 nm is 0.9 and the absorbance A(λ) of the actinometer at $\lambda = 450$ nm was measured by UV/Vis spectroscopy to be 0.27. q⁰_{n,p}, which is the photon flux, was determined to be 4.80×10^{-8} einstein s⁻¹.



Supplementary Figure 15. The moles of Fe^{2+} formed are related to time (t).

The measurements for the reaction under study were done as follows: the moles of product **3** formed were determined by ¹H NMR spectroscopy. The moles of product per unit of time are related to the number of photons absorbed. The photons absorbed are correlated to the number of incident photons by the use of the equation displayed in the previous point. According to equation the slope (dx/dt) is equal to: $\Phi \cdot (1-10^{-A(450 \text{ nm})}) \cdot q^0_{n,p}$, where Φ is the quantum yield to be determined and the absorption A(450 nm) of the reaction was determined by UV/Vis spectroscopy to be more than 4, thus (1-10^{-A(450 nm)}) > 1 - 10⁻⁴ = 0.9999 (approximated to 1). The calculation yields the quantum yield (Φ) of the photoreaction = 0.0011.





Supplementary Note 11. Gram-Scale Synthesis of Compound 3



To an oven dried 30.0 mL glass tube with a magnetic stirring bar was charged with 4-acetylbenzene bromide 1 (398 mg, 2.0 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate 2 (712 mg, 2.0 mmol), **DBPP6** (85 mg, 0.2 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (1.31 g, 4.0 mmol), and TBAI (1.84 g, 5 mmol). Then the reaction tube was allowed to be vacuumed and purged with Argon for three times. DMSO (20.0 mL) were carefully added to the reaction tube under Argon. The resulting mixture was stirred for 48 hours under four 35W blue LED lamps (the distance was about 2.5 cm) irradiation at 45°C. After irradiating for the indicated time, the reaction was diluted with water. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl acetate (45 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, and concentrated. The crude product was subjected to column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = $50/1 \sim 5/1$) on silica gel to afford the product **3** (448.7 mg, 82% yield) as a white solid.



Supplementary Figure 17. Experimental setup for Gram-Scale Synthesis of Compound 3

Synthesis of Photocatalysts

The catalyst was prepared following the general procedure reported by our own group.⁴



3,5-Di-tert-butyl-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ol (DBPP1)⁴



DBPP1 was prepared according to the general procedure reported on 5.0 mmol scale of 2,6-dibutylphenol. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1/100) to give 1.09 g of **DBPP1** (77% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.38 (m, 4H), 7.33 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 5.27 (s, 1H), 1.50 (s, 18H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.5, 142.3, 136.2, 132.6, 128.6, 127.0, 126.4, 124.1, 34.5, 30.4. HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₂₀H₂₅O [M – H]⁻, 281.1911, found 281.1910.

3,5-Di-tert-butyl-4'-methoxy-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ol (DBPP2)⁴



DBPP2 was prepared according to the general procedure reported on 5.0 mmol scale of 2,6-dibutylphenol. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1/100) to give 1.17 g of **DBPP2** (75% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.35 (s, 2H), 7.00 – 6.93 (m, 2H), 5.22 (s, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 1.49 (s, 18H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.5, 153.1, 136.1, 134.9,

132.3, 128.0, 123.7, 114.1, 55.4, 34.5, 30.4. HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₂₁H₂₇O₂ [M – H]⁻, 311.2017, found 311.2019.

3,5-Di-tert-butyl-2',4',6'-trimethyl-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ol (DBPP3)¹³



DBPP3 was prepared according to the general procedure reported on 5.0 mmol scale of 2,6-dibutylphenol. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1/100) to give 748 mg of **DBPP3** (46% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.95 (s, 2H), 6.91 (s, 2H), 5.15 (s, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 6H), 1.44 (s, 18H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.2, 140.0, 136.6, 136.2, 135.5, 131.6, 128.0, 125.8, 34.4, 30.5, 21.0. HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₂₃H₃₁O [M – H]⁻, 323.2380, found 323.2378.

3,5-Di-tert-butyl-2',4',6'-trifluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ol (DBPP4)



DBPP4 was prepared according to the general procedure reported on 5.0 mmol scale of 2,6-dibutylphenol. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1/100) to give 624 mg of **DBPP4** (37% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.21 (m, 2H), 6.74 (t, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 5.35 (s, 1H), 1.46 (s, 18H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.6 (m), 159.1 (m), 153.9, 135.7, 127.1, 119.2,100.4 (m), 34.4, 30.3. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -110.6 (t, *J* = 5.7 Hz, 1F), -111.2 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 2F). HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₂₀H₂₂F₃O [M – H]⁻, 335.1628, found 335.1629.

3,5-Di-tert-butyl-4'-(trifluoromethyl)-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ol (DBPP5)¹⁴



DBPP5 was prepared according to the general procedure reported on 5.0 mmol scale of 2,6-dibutylphenol. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1/100) to give 1.26 g of **DBPP5** (72% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68 – 7.61 (m, 4H), 7.40 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 2H), 5.36 (s, 1H), 1.50 (s, 18H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.3, 145.7, 136.5, 131.1, 128.4 (q, *J* = 32.2 Hz), 127.1, 125.6 (q, *J* = 3.7 Hz), 124.5 (q, *J* = 270.0 Hz), 123.1, 34.5, 30.3. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -62.2 (s, 3F). HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₂₁H₂₄ F₃O [M – H]⁻, 349.1785, found 349.1784.

3,5-Di-tert-butyl-2',4'-bis(trifluoromethyl)-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-ol (DBPP6)



DBPP6 was prepared according to the general procedure reported on 5.0 mmol scale of 2,6-dibutylphenol. The crude product was purified by flash column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1/100) to give1.42 g of **DBPP6** (68% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (s, 2H), 5.35 (s, 1H), 1.46 (s, 18H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.0, 146.3, 135.4, 133.1, 129.5, 129.3 (q, *J* = 30.4 Hz), 129.2 (q, *J* = 30.2 Hz), 128.0 (d, *J* = 3.2), 123.7 (q, *J* = 270.6), 123.6 (d, *J* = 1.0 Hz), 123.5 (q, *J* = 272.6 Hz), 123.4 (m), 34.4, 30.3. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -57.1 (s, 3F), -62.6 (s, 3F), HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₂₂H₂₄F₆O [M – H]⁻: 417.1659, found: 417.1661.

Identification of Sulfonylation Products

1-(4-Tosylphenyl)ethan-1-one. (3)¹⁵



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 4-acetylbenzene bromide **1** (39.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **3** as a colorless solid (48.9 mg, 89% yield) (m.p. = 146.1–148.5 °C).¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08 – 7.98 (m, 4H), 7.87 – 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.36 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 2.62 (s, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.8, 145.8, 144.8, 140.2, 137.8, 130.1, 129.1, 127.9, 127.8, 26.9, 21.6. HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₁₅H₁₅O₃S [M + H]⁺, 275.0736, found 275.0741.

1-Methyl-4-(phenylsulfonyl)benzene. (4)¹⁶



Prepared according to the general procedure A using iodobenzene (22 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:20) on silica gel to afford product **4** as a colorless solid (36.8 mg, 79% yield) (m.p. = 126.2–128.5 °C). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.93 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.57 – 7.51 (m, 1H), 7.49 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.2, 142.0, 138.6, 133.0, 129.9, 129.2, 127.7, 127.5, 21.6. HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₁₃H₁₆ NO₂S [M + NH₄]⁺, 250.0896 , found 250.0897.

1-Fluoro-3-tosylbenzene. (5)¹⁷



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 1-fluoro-3-iodobenzene (23 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:15) on silica gel to afford product **5** as a colorless solid (m.p. = 98.7–100.4 °C) (41.0 mg, 82% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.74 – 7.70 (m, 1H), 7.64 – 7.58 (m, 1H), 7.53 – 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.5 (d, *J* = 252.1 Hz), 144.7, 144.1 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz), 138.0, 131.1 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz), 130.1, 127.9, 123.3 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz), 120.3 (d, *J* = 21.3 Hz), 114.9 (d, *J* = 24.3 Hz), 21.6. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -109.3 (s, 1F). HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₁₃H₁₁FO₂S [M + H]⁺, 251.0537, found 251.0539.

1-Tosyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)benzene. (6)¹⁷



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 1-trifluoromethyl-3-iodobenzene (29 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **6** as a colorless solid (46.2 mg, 77% yield) (m.p. = 98.3–99.6 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.19 (s, 1H), 8.13 – 8.08 (m, 1H), 7.87 – 7.83 (m, 2H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.9, 143.3, 137.6, 132.5 – 131.4 (m), 130.8, 130.2, 130.1, 129.7 (q, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 127.9, 124.5 (q, *J* = 3.8 Hz), 121.8, 21.6.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -62.8 (s, 3F). HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₁₄H₁₁F₃O₂S [M + H]⁺, 301.0505, found 301.0508.

1-Tosyl-3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzene. (7)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 1-trifluoromethoxy-3iodobenzene (31 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **7** as a colorless powder (57.6 mg, 91% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 – 7.76 (m, 4H), 7.54 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.43 – 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.33 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.4 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz), 144.8, 144.2, 137.8, 130.9, 130.2, 127.9, 125.8, 122.1(d, *J* = 257.5 Hz), 121.5, 120.1, 21.6. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -58.0 (s, 3F). HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₁₄H₁₂F₃O₃S [M + H]⁺, 317.0454, found 317.0457.

1-Tosyl-4-(trifluoromethoxy)benzene. (8)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 1-trifluoromethoxy-3iodobenzene (31 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **8** as a colorless powder (53.7 mg, 85% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.97 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.35 – 7.28 (m, 4H), 2.41 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.4, 144.6, 140.4, 138.1, 130.1, 129.7, 127.8, 121.06, 120.2 (d, *J* = 258.1 Hz), 21.6. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -57.7 (s, 3F). HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₁₄H₁₂F₃O₃S [M + H]⁺, 317.0454, found 317.0456.

4-Tosylbenzonitrile. (9)¹⁷



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 4-bromobenzonitrile (23 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:15) on silica gel to afford product **9** as a colorless solid (37.6 mg, 74% yield) (m.p. = 136.4–137.8 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.23 – 8.12 (m, 2H), 7.88 – 7.78 (m, 3H), 7.67 – 7.63 (m, 1H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.3, 143.9, 137.2, 136.1, 131.4, 131.1, 130.3, 128.0, 117.1, 113.9, 21.7. HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₁₄H₁₂NO₂S [M + H]⁺, 258.0583, found 258.0583.

4-Tosylpyridine. (10)¹⁸



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 3-iodopyridine (21 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **10** as a colorless solid (39.1 mg, 84% yield) (m.p. = 136.2–137.6 °C). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.80 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 2H), 7.84 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.76 – 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 150.1, 149.1, 144.4, 135.7, 129.3, 127.2, 119.5, 20.6. HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₁₂H₁₂NO₂S [M + H]⁺, 234.0583, found 234.0584.

3-Tosylpyridine. (11)¹⁹



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 3-iodopyridine (41 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **11** as a colorless solid (40.5 mg, 87% yield) (m.p. = 160.3–161.8 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.13 (s, 1H), 8.77 (dd, *J* = 4.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.23 – 8.18 (m, 1H), 7.88 – 7.83 (m, 2H), 7.44 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.5, 148.6, 145.0, 138.7, 137.8, 135.1, 130.2, 127.9, 123.8, 21.6. HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₁₂H₁₂NO₂S [M + H]⁺, 234.0583, found 234.0586.

2-Tosyl-4-(trifluoromethyl)pyridine. (12)



Prepared according the general procedure А using 2-bromo-4to (trifluoromethyl)pyridine (25 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate 2 (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), DBPP6 (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product 12 as a colorless powder (42.7 mg, 71% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.86 (d, J = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 8.41 (s, 1H), 7.97 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.68 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.7, 151.6, 140.6 (q, J = 35.3 Hz), 134.9, 130.0, 129.3, 123.3, 122.5 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 120.6, 118.0 (t, *J* = 3.7 Hz), 21.7. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl3) δ -64.7 (s, 3F). HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for $C_{13}H_{10}F_{3}NO_{2}S [M + H]^{+}: 302.0457$, found: 302.0454.

2-(Phenylsulfonyl)pyrazine. (13)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 2-iodopyrazine (20 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **13** as a colorless powder (41.9 mg, 95% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.38 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.76 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 8.65 – 8.62 (m, 1H), 7.96 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.1, 147.7, 145.7, 144.6, 143.0, 135.1, 130.1, 129.1, 21.7. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₁H₁₁N₂O₂S [M + H]⁺: 235.0536, found: 235.0535.

3-Tosylpyridazine. (14)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 3-bromopyridazine (20 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **14** as a colorless powder (37.1 mg, 79% yield). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.29 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.29 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 5.1 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.9, 152.8, 145.8, 134.8, 130.0, 129.4, 128.0, 124.6, 21.7. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₁H₁₁N₂O₂S [M + H]⁺: 235.0536, found: 235.0534.

2-Tosylpyrimidine. (15)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 2-iodopyrimidine (20 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **15** as a colorless powder (40.8 mg, 87% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.89 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 8.01 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.1, 158.7, 145.6, 134.4, 129.9, 129.7, 123.2, 21.8. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₁H₁₁N₂O₂S [M + H]⁺: 235.0536, found: 235.0538.

3-Tosylthiophene. (16)²⁰



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 3-iodothiophene (42 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:20) on silica gel to afford product **16** as a colorless solid (43.3 mg, 91% yield) (m.p. = 130.5–132.4 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (dd, *J* = 3.1, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.87 – 7.82 (m, 2H), 7.37 (dd, *J* = 5.2, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 7.35 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.3, 142.4, 138.7, 131.2, 129.9, 128.3, 127.5, 125.8, 21.6. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₂H₁₂NO₂S [M + H]⁺: 234.0583, found: 234.0587.

1-Tosylnaphthalene. (17)²¹



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 1-iodonaphthalene (21 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:15) on silica gel to afford product **17** as a colorless solid (50.8 mg, 81% yield) (m.p. = 101.4–103.7 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.64 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.50 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.63 – 7.51 (m, 3H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.0, 138.8, 136.2, 135.0, 134.2, 129.8, 129.0, 128.5, 128.3, 127.5, 126.8, 124.43, 124.39, 21.5. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₇H₁₅O₂S [M + H]⁺: 283.0787, found: 283.0788.

3-Tosylbenzo[*b*]thiophene. (18)²⁰



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 3-bromo-1-benzothiophene (26 μ L, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:15) on silica gel to afford product **18** as a colorless oil (38.6 mg, 67% yield). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.43 (s, 1H), 8.20 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.85 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.48 – 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.44 – 7.39 (m, 1H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.4, 140.6, 138.3, 135.6, 135.4, 133.6, 129.9, 127.5, 125.8, 125.7, 123.1, 122.9, 21.6. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₅H₁₃O₂S₂ [M + H]⁺: 289.0351, found: 289.0357.
7-Tosylbenzo[b]thiophen. (19)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 7-bromo-1-benzothiophene (42.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **19** as a colorless powder (47.8 mg, 83% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.07 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.02 – 7.93 (m, 3H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.5, 141.8, 137.9, 136.7, 135.4, 129.7, 129.2, 128.5, 127.7, 125.5, 124.5, 123.5, 21.6. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₅H₁₃O₂S₂ [M + H]⁺: 289.0351, found: 289.0356.

1-Tosylisoquinoline. (20)¹⁸



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 1-bromoisoquinoline (41.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **20** as a colorless solid (X = I, 50.5 mg, 89% yield; X = Br, 48.7 mg, 86% yield; X = Cl, 39.7 mg, 70% yield) (m.p. = 177.2–178.5 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.20 – 9.14 (m, 1H), 8.44 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.01 – 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.94 – 7.89 (m, 1H), 7.82 – 7.76 (m, 3H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.3, 144.8, 140.6, 137.8, 136.0, 131.1, 129.6, 129.3, 129.2, 127.6, 125.4, 125.0, 124.3, 21.7. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₆H₁₄NO₂S [M + H]⁺: 284.0740, found: 284.0740.

6-Tosylquinoline. (21)²¹



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 6-iodoquinoline (51.0 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **21** as a colorless solid (53.3 mg, 94% yield) (m.p. = 137.3–139.1 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.04 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 8.57 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.30 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.19 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 4.3 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.3, 149.4, 144.6, 139.7, 138.1, 137.4, 131.3, 130.1, 128.8, 127.9, 127.4, 126.4, 122.6, 21.6. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₆H₁₄NO₂S [M + H]⁺: 284.0740, found: 284.0739.

5-Tosylbenzo[d]thiazole. (22)²²



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 5-bromobenzothiazole (42.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **22** as a colorless solid (39.9 mg, 69% yield) (m.p. = 165.7–167.2 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.13 (s, 1H), 8.72 (d, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.92 – 7.84 (m, 2H), 7.31 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.5, 153.0, 144.4, 140.6, 138.7, 138.5, 130.0, 127.8, 123.7, 123.4, 123.0, 21.6. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₄H₁₂NO₂S₂ [M + H]⁺: 290.0304, found: 290.0305.

2-Tosylbenzo[d]thiazole. (23)¹⁸



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 2-bromo-1,3-benzothiazole (48.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **23** as a colorless solid (X = I, 49.8 mg, 86% yield; X = Br, 48.2 mg, 82% yield; X = Cl, 43.3 mg, 75% yield) (m.p. = 129.7–131.6 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.15 (d, *J* = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 8.00 – 7.90 (m, 1H), 7.61 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.7, 152.9, 145.9, 137.0, 135.5, 130.2, 129.0, 127.8, 127.5, 125.5, 122.2, 21.8. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₄H₁₂NO₂S₂ [M + H]⁺: 290.0304, found: 290.0304.

3-Tosyl-1*H*-pyrrolo[2,3-*b*]pyridine. (24)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 3-iodo-7-azaindole (48.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:3) on silica gel to afford product **24** as a colorless powder (43.0 mg, 79% yield). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 8.37 (d, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 8.28 – 8.23 (m, 2H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 4.7 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, Acetone-*d*₆) δ 148.6, 145.1, 143.5, 141.0, 131.0, 129.7, 127.6, 126.7, 118.0,

116.1, 116.0, 20.5. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for $C_{14}H_{14}N_2O_2S$ [M + H]⁺: 273.0692, found: 273.0689.

4-Tosyldibenzo[*b*,*d*]furan. (25)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 4-iododibenzofuran (59 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **25** as a colorless solid (47.7 mg, 74% yield) (m.p. = 184.1–185.8 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.15 – 8.07 (m, 4H), 7.94 – 7.91 (m, 1H), 7.68 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.54 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.42 – 7.33 (m, 1H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.4, 144.5, 138.3, 129.7, 128.3, 128.2, 126.6, 126.5, 126.1, 125.9, 123.6, 122.8, 122.7, 120.8, 112.3, 21.6. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₉H₁₄O₃S [M + H]⁺: 323.0736, found: 323.0738.

4-Tosyldibenzo[*b*,*d*]thiophene. (26)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 4-iododibenzothiophene (62 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:20) on silica gel to afford product **26** as a colorless powder (56.1 mg, 83% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.30 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.21 – 8.14 (m, 1H), 8.16 – 8.09

(m, 1H), 8.02 - 7.94 (m, 2H), 7.92 - 7.85 (m, 1H), 7.60 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.55 - 7.42 (m, 2H), 7.30 - 7.23 (m, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.6, 140.2, 138.0, 137.8, 137.5, 135.5, 133.9, 129.8, 127.8, 127.7, 127.4, 126.0, 124.89, 124.88, 122.6, 121.8, 21.6. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₉H₁₅O₂S₂ [M + H]⁺: 339.0508, found: 339. 0510.

1,2-Ditosylbenzene. (27)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 1-chloro-2-iodobenzene (47 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium *p*-toluenesulfinate **2** (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:5) on silica gel to afford product **27** as a colorless powder (43.2 mg, 56% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.46 (dd, *J* = 5.9, 3.4 Hz, 2H), 7.88 – 7.83 (m, 4H), 7.80 (dd, *J* = 5.9, 3.4 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.1 z, 4H), 2.40 (s, 6H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.2, 140.6, 138.6, 133.8, 133.1, 129.4, 128.2, 21.7. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₂₀H₁₉O4S₂[M + H]⁺: 387.0719, found: 387.0722.

1-(4-(Phenylsulfonyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one. (28)²³



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 1-bromo-4-acetyl-benzene **1** (39.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium benzenesulfinate (65.6 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **28** as a colorless solid (44.3 mg, 85% yield) (m.p. = 135.2–137.5 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 (m, 4H), 7.98 – 7.94 (m, 2H),

7.63 - 7.58 (m, 1H), 7.56 - 7.50 (m, 2H), 2.62 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.7, 145.5, 140.8, 140.4, 133.7, 129.5, 129.1, 128.0, 127.9, 26.9. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₄H₁₃O₃S[M + H]⁺: 261.0580, found: 261.0580.

2-(Phenylsulfonyl)pyrazine. (29)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 2-iodopyrazine (20 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium benzenesulfinate (65.6 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:15) on silica gel to afford product **29** as a colorless powder (33.1 mg, 75% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.40 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.77 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.65 (s, 1H), 8.15 – 8.05 (m, 2H), 7.71 – 7.63 (m, 1H), 7.58 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.8, 147.8, 144.6, 143.1, 138.1, 134.4, 129.4, 129.1. HR-ESI-MS (m/z): calcd. for C₁₀H₉N₂O₂S [M + H]⁺, 221.0379, found 221.0381.

3-(Phenylsulfonyl)benzo[b]thiophene. (30)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 3-bromo-1-benzothiophene (26 μ L, 0.2 mmol), sodium benzenesulfinate (65.6 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:5) on silica gel to afford product **30** as a colorless powder (33.5 mg, 61% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.46 (s, 1H), 8.24 – 8.17 (m, 1H), 8.06 – 8.01 (m, 2H), 7.90 – 7.83 (m, 1H), 7.56 – 7.40 (m, 5H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.2, 140.6, 135.9,

135.2, 133.6, 133.4, 129.3, 127.4, 125.9, 125.8, 123.1, 123.0. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₄H₁₀O₂S₂ [M + H]⁺: 275.0195, found: 275.0196.

1-(4-((4-Fluorophenyl)sulfonyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one. (31)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 4-acetylbenzene bromide **1** (39.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium 4-fluorobenzenesulfinate (72.8 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:15) on silica gel to afford product **31** as a colorless powder (37.8 mg, 68% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.10 – 7.93 (m, 6H), 7.25 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 2.63 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.6, 165.7 (d, *J* = 255.5 Hz), 145.3, 140.5, 136.9 , 130.7 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz), 129.2, 127.9, 116.9 (d, *J* = 22.7 Hz), 26.9. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -103.2 (s, F). HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₄H₁₂FO₃S [M + H]⁺: 279.0486, found: 279.0489.

1-(4-((4-Methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one. (32)¹⁵



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 4-acetylbenzene bromide **1** (39.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium 4-methoxybenzenesulfinate (72.6 mg, 0.4 mmol) (21 μ L, 0.2 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **32** as a colorless solid (45.8 mg, 79% yield) (m.p. = 130.3–132.0 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 – 7.96 (m, 4H), 7.91 – 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.02 – 6.91 (m, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 2.61 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.7, 163.8, 146.2, 140.1, 132.2, 130.1,

129.0, 127.6, 114.7, 55.7, 26.9. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for $C_{15}H_{15}O_4S$ [M + H]⁺: 291.0686, found: 291.0683.

1-((4-Methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)-3-(trifluoromethoxy)benzene. (33)²⁴



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 3-(trifluoromethoxy)iodobenzene (31 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium 4-methoxybenzenesulfinate (72.6 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:15) on silica gel to afford product **33** as a colorless oil (48.1 mg, 76% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 – 7.82 (m, 3H), 7.77 (s, 1H), 7.54 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.41 – 7.36 (m, 1H), 7.02 – 6.97 (m, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.8, 149.4 (d, *J* = 1.5 Hz), 144.6, 132.1, 130.9, 130.1, 125.6, 125.1, 120.3 (d, *J* = 257.6), 119.9, 114.8, 55.7. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ - 58.0 (s, 3F). HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₄H₁₂FO₃S [M + H]⁺: 279.0486, found: 279.0489.

1-((4-Methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)isoquinoline. (34)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 1-bromoisoquinoline (41.6 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium 4-methoxybenzenesulfinate (72.6 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol), and in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:15) on silica gel to afford product **34** as a colorless powder (48.4 mg, 81% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.25 – 9.07 (m, 1H), 8.43 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 7.94 – 7.88 (m, 1H), 7.82 – 7.75 (m, 3H), 7.03

(d, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.9, 157.6, 140.5, 137.8, 131.5, 131.1, 130.3, 129.2, 127.5, 125.5, 124.9, 124.2, 114.2, 55.7. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₆H₁₄NO₃S [M + H]⁺: 300.0689, found: 300.0683.

3-((4-Methoxyphenyl)sulfonyl)thiophene. (35)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 3-iodothiophene (42 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium 4-methoxybenzenesulfinate (72.6 mg, 0.4mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:15) on silica gel to afford product **35** as a colorless powder (35.6 mg, 70% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 (s, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.40 – 7.34 (m, 1H), 7.32 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 6.98 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.5, 142.8, 133.1, 130.8, 129.7, 128.2, 125.7, 114.5, 55.7. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₁H₁₀O₃S₂ [M + H]⁺: 255.0144, found: 255.0142

1-(4-(Naphthalen-2-ylsulfonyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one. (36)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 4-acetylbenzene bromide **1** (39.8, 0.2 mmol), sodium naphthalene-2-sulfinate (72.8 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:15) on silica gel to afford product **36** as a colorless powder (44.6 mg, 72% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.60 (s, 1H), 8.13 – 8.01 (m, 4H), 8.03 – 7.92 (m, 2H), 7.94 – 7.81 (m, 2H), 7.70 – 7.58 (m, 2H), 2.61 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.8, 145.4, 140.3, 137.5, 135.2, 132.2, 129.9, 129.6, 129.55, 129.50, 129.1, 128.1, 128.0,

127.9, 122.5, 26.9. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₈H₁₅O₃S [M + H]⁺: 311.0736, found: 311.0732.

3-(Naphthalen-2-ylsulfonyl)pyridine. (37)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 3-iodopyridine (41 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium naphthalene-2-sulfinate (72.8 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **37** as a colorless powder (38.2 mg, 71% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.21 (d, *J* = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 8.78 (dd, *J* = 4.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.61 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 1H), 8.30 – 8.23 (m, 1H), 8.04 – 7.93 (m, 2H), 7.92 – 7.83 (m, 2H), 7.72 – 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.49 – 7.40 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.7, 148.8, 138.4, 137.5, 135.3, 135.2, 132.2, 130.1, 129.58, 129.55, 129.5, 128.0, 127.9, 123.9, 122.4. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₅H₁₂NO₂S [M + H]⁺: 270.0583 found: 270.0578.

2-(Naphthalen-2-ylsulfonyl)pyrimidine. (38)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 2-iodopyrimidine (20 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium naphthalene-2-sulfinate (72.8 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **38** as a colorless powder (40.0 mg, 74% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.90 (d, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 2H), 8.74 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.11 – 8.04 (m, 1H), 8.00 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.71 – 7.59 (m, 2H), 7.47 (t, *J* = 4.9 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.9, 158.8, 135.7, 134.4,

132.1, 131.8, 129.6, 129.4, 128.0, 127.7, 123.9, 123.3. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for $C_{14}H_{11}N_2O_2S [M + H]^+$: 271.0536, found: 271.0531.

6-(Naphthalen-2-ylsulfonyl)quinoline. (39)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 5-iodoquinoline (51.0 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium naphthalene-2-sulfinate (72.8 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:20) on silica gel to afford product **39** as a colorless powder (40.2 mg, 63% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.06 – 9.00 (m, 1H), 8.68 – 8.61 (m, 2H), 8.34 – 8.27 (m, 1H), 8.22 – 8.09 (m, 2H), 8.02 – 7.98 (m, 1H), 7.96 – 7.85 (m, 3H), 7.63 (tt, *J* = 8.6, 6.1 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 4.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.3, 149.5, 139.4, 137.9, 137.4, 135.1, 132.2, 131.4, 129.8, 129.5, 129.46, 129.44, 129.1, 128.0, 127.8, 127.4, 126.5, 122.7. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₉H₁₄NO₂S [M + H]⁺: 320.0742, found: 320.0742.

1-(4-(Pyridin-3-ylsulfonyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one. (40)¹⁵



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 4-acetylbenzene bromide 1 (39.8, 0.2 mmol), sodium pyridine-3-sulfinate (66.0 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **40** as a colorless solid (38.6 mg, 74% yield) (m.p. = 139.3–140.3 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.2 – 9.1 (m, 1H), 8.9 – 8.8 (m, 1H), 8.2 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 8.1 – 8.0 (m, 4H), 7.5 (dd, *J* = 8.9, 4.9 Hz, 1H), 2.6 (s, 3H). ¹³C

NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.5, 154.1, 148.9, 144.5, 140.8, 137.6, 135.4, 129.3, 128.2, 124.0, 26.9. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₃H₁₂NO₃S [M + H]⁺: 262.0532, found: 262.0535.

3-(Naphthalen-1-ylsulfonyl)pyridine. (41)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 1-iodonaphthalene (21µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium pyridine-3-sulfinate (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:15) on silica gel to afford product **41** as a colorless powder (40.4 mg, 75% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.17 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 8.73 (dd, *J* = 4.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 8.62 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.56 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 8.28 – 8.21 (m, 1H), 8.14 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.68 – 7.52 (m, 3H), 7.41 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 4.9 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.5, 148.5, 138.4, 135.9, 135.0, 134.9, 134.3, 130.5, 129.3, 128.8, 128.3, 127.2, 124.5, 123.9, 123.7. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₅H₁₂NO₂S [M + H]⁺: 270.0583, found: 270.0588.

6-(Pyridin-3-ylsulfonyl)quinoline. (42)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 5-iodoquinoline (51.0 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium pyridine-3-sulfinate (71.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **42** as a colorless powder (32.4 mg, 60% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.24 – 9.19 (m, 1H), 9.07 (dd, *J* = 4.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.80 (dd, *J* =

4.8, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.61 (d, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 8.35 – 8.21 (m, 3H), 8.11 (dd, J = 8.9, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.57 (dd, J = 8.3, 4.2 Hz, 1H), 7.51 – 7.43 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.9, 153.7, 149.7, 148.9, 138.5, 137.9, 137.4, 135.4, 131.8, 129.6, 127.4, 126.2, 124.0, 122.9. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₄H₁₁N₂O₂S [M + H]⁺: 271.0536, found: 271.0533.

1-(4-(Thiophen-2-ylsulfonyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one. (43)¹⁵



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 4-acetylbenzene bromide **1** (39.8, 0.2 mmol), sodium thiophene-2-sulfinate (68.1 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **43** as a colorless solid (43.1mg, 81% yield) (m.p. = 132.0–133.3 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08(m, 4H), 7.74 –7.69 (m, 2H), 7.14 – 7.08 (m, 1H), 2.63 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.6, 145.8, 142.1, 140.4, 134.7, 134.1, 129.1, 128.1, 127.7, 26.9. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₂H₁₁O₃S₂ [M + H]⁺: 267.0144, found: 267.0146.

2-(Naphthalen-2-ylsulfonyl)thiophene. (44)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 2-iodonaphthalene (21 μ L, 0.2 mmol), sodium thiophene-2-sulfinate (68.1 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:20) on silica gel to afford product **44** as a colorless powder (37.9 mg, 69% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.60 (s, 1H), 8.02 – 7.86 (m, 4H), 7.78 – 7.72 (m, 1H), 7.69

- 7.58 (m, 3H), 7.12 - 7.05 (m, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 143.1, 138.9, 135.1, 133.9, 133.4, 132.2, 129.7, 129.5, 129.2, 128.7, 128.0, 127.9, 127.7, 122.4. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₄H₁₁O₂S₂ [M + H]⁺: 275.0195, found: 275.0198.

3-(Methylsulfonyl)dibenzo[b,d]furan. (45)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 4-iododibenzofuran (59 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium methanesulfinate (40.8 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:20) on silica gel to afford product **45** as a colorless powder (40.8 mg, 83% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.29 – 8.17 (m, 1H), 8.07 – 7.97 (m, 2H), 7.71 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.60 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.44 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.39 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.5, 151.7, 128.6, 126.6, 126.5, 126.3, 124.5, 123.9, 122.9, 122.7, 121.0, 112.4, 43.7. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₃H₁₁O₃S [M + H]⁺: 247.0423, found: 247.0421.

1-(4-(Ethylsulfonyl)phenyl)ethan-1-one. (46)¹⁵



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 4-acetylbenzene bromide **1** (39.8 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium ethanesulfinate (46.4 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:30) on silica gel to afford product **46** as a colorless solid (36.9 mg, 87% yield) (m.p. = 106.9–108.7 °C). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.17 – 8.10 (m, 2H), 8.05 – 7.99 (m, 2H), 3.16 (q, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.68 (s, 3H), 1.30 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100

MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.7, 142.3, 140.9, 129.0, 128.7, 50.5, 27.0, 7.4. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₀H₁₃O₃S [M + H]⁺: 213.0580, found: 213.0581.

4-(Cyclohexylsulfonyl)isoquinoline. (47)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 4-bromoisoquinoline (21 µL, 0.2 mmol), sodium cyclohexanesulfinate (68.0 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **47** as a colorless powder (46.7 mg, 85% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.47 (s, 1H), 9.13 (s, 1H), 8.75 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.98 – 7.87 (m, 1H), 7.78 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.11 (tt, *J* = 12.2, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.02 (d, *J* = 12.8 Hz, 2H), 1.95 – 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.69 – 1.53 (m, 3H), 1.28 – 1.11 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.6, 147.4, 133.0, 132.2, 129.0, 128.7, 128.5, 127.2, 123.9, 63.9, 25.2, 25.03, 25.00. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₅H₁₈NO₂S [M + H]⁺: 276.1053, found: 276.1054.

2-(Cyclohexylsulfonyl)benzo[d]thiazole. (48)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 2-bromo-1,3-benzothiazole (48.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium cyclohexanesulfinate (68.0 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:15) on silica gel to afford product **48** as a colorless powder (52.8 mg, 94% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.30 – 8.19 (m, 1H), 8.06 – 7.95 (m, 1H), 7.69 –

7.55 (m, 2H), 3.48 (tt, J = 12.2, 3.5 Hz, 1H), 2.24 – 2.12 (m, 2H), 1.98 – 1.84 (m, 2H), 1.74 – 1.52 (m, 3H), 1.41 – 1.12 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.1, 153.0, 137.0, 127.9, 127.6, 125.5, 122.3, 63.0, 25.1, 25.0, 25.0. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₃H₁₆NO₂S₂ [M + H]⁺: 282.0617, found: 282.0617.

3-((2-(Naphthalen-2-yl)ethyl)sulfonyl)pyridazine. (49)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 3-bromopyridazine (20 μ L, 0.2 mmol), sodium 2-(naphthalen-2-yl)ethane-1-sulfinate (96.9 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:10) on silica gel to afford product **49** as a colorless powder (38.7 mg, 65% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.31 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 8.13 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.83 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.75 – 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.61 – 7.53 (m, 1H), 7.54 – 7.45 (m, 1H), 7.39 – 7.35 (m, 2H), 4.08 – 4.00 (m, 2H), 3.67 – 3.60 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.0, 153.4, 133.9, 133.0, 131.2, 129.0, 128.1, 128.0, 127.0, 126.8, 126.0, 125.5, 124.4, 123.0, 52.8, 25.9. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₆H₁₅N₂O₂S [M + H]⁺: 299.0849, found: 299.0847.

7-(Cyclopropylsulfonyl)isoquinoline. (50)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 5-iodoquinoline (51.0 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium cyclopropanesulfinate (50.8 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:20) on silica gel to afford product **50** as a colorless powder (31.2 mg, 67% yield). ¹H

NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.43 (s, 1H), 8.73 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 8.66 – 8.52 (m, 1H), 8.11 (dd, J = 8.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.02 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (d, J = 5.7 Hz, 1H), 2.59 – 2.47 (m, 1H), 1.47 – 1.36 (m, 2H), 1.16 – 1.00 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.8, 145.9, 139.4, 137.6, 128.9, 128.4, 127.2, 120.4, 32.9, 29.7, 6.2. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₂H₁₂NO₂S [M + H]⁺: 234.0583, found: 234.0581.

4-(Cyclopropylsulfonyl)dibenzo[b,d]thiophene. (51)



Prepared according to the general procedure A using 4-iododibenzothiophene (62 mg, 0.2 mmol), sodium cyclopropanesulfinate (50.8 mg, 0.4 mmol), **DBPP6** (8.3 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (131.2 mg, 0.4 mmol), and TBAI (184.5 mg, 0.5 mmol) in DMSO (2.0 mL). The reaction was purified by column chromatography (acetone/petroleum ether = 1:30) on silica gel to afford product **51** as a colorless powder (36.9 mg, 64% yield). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.40 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 8.25 – 8.16 (m, 1H), 8.01 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.94 – 7.88 (m, 1H), 7.64 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.60 – 7.48 (m, 2H), 2.71 (t, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 1.69 (s, 1H), 1.47 (dd, *J* = 4.9, 2.3 Hz, 2H), 1.01 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 2.3 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.2, 138.0, 134.5, 134.0, 127.9, 127.4, 126.2, 125.0, 124.8, 122.6, 121.8, 32.4, 5.7. HR-ESI-MS (m/z) calcd. for C₁₅H₁₃O₂S₂ [M + H]⁺: 289.0351, found: 289.0350.

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Copies of NMR Spectra







S58





10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 f1 (ppm)



S61







10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 f1 (ppm)



S65





S67



20 10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 -2. f1 (ppm)



S69



10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 f1 (ppm)



0,0 F₃CO、 Me (**7**, CDCI_{3,} 376 MHz)

10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 f1 (ppm)
$\sum_{7.3653} 7.9853 \\ 7.9631 \\ 7.8352 \\ 7.8144 \\ 7.3295 \\ 7.3093 \\ 7.2961 \\$

F₃CO (**8**, CDCl₃, 400 MHz)



- 2.4083





10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 f1 (ppm)

8.1949 8.1906 8.1906 8.1693 8.1491 8.1452 7.18124 7.18124 7.16655 7.7.6655 7.7.6655 7.3426 7.3426

0, 0 NC (9, CDCl₃, 400 MHz)





S76

9,1311 8,7797 8,7797 8,7655 8,7675 8,7675 8,7675 8,7675 8,7675 8,1932 8,1932 8,1932 8,1932 7,8485 7,8485 7,8485 7,8485 7,8485 7,78485 7,78485 7,78485 7,78485 7,78485 7,73506 7,73506 7,23706 7,23706 7,23706 7,23706 7,23706 7,23706 7,23706 7,23706 7,23706 7,23706 7,23706 7,23706 7,74706 7,747060

N S Me

(**11**, CDCl₃, 400 MHz)









10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 f1 (ppm)

< 9.38029.3765 9.3765 8.7559 8.6436 8.63375 8.63375 8.63375 7.9716 < 7.9716< 7.9708

— 2.4382





90 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 f1 (ppm)

9.2918 9.2891 9.2893 9.2893 9.2893 9.2896 8.2770 7.2896 7.7286 7.7705 7.7705 7.7705 7.7705 7.3550 7.3550 7.3350

N S Me

(14, CDCl₃, 600 MHz)



0 0 Ме (**14**, CDCl₃, 150 MHz)



 $< \frac{8.9077}{8.8955}$ 8.0286
8.0077
8.0077
7.4827
7.4827
7.4584
7.3861
7.3861
7.3860
7.2718

0 0 ∡S∖ Me (15, CDCI₃, 400 MHz)

ili 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 -0.5 -1 1.03 2.18 1 2.00-≖ 2.17.T 7.0 6.5 6.0 5.5 5.0 4.5 4.0 f1 (ppm) 1.0 10.5 10.0 9.5 9.0 8.5 8.0 7.5 — 167.06 — 145.59 134.45
 129.90
 129.69
 123.16 — 158.68 — 21.78 Ме (15, CDCI₃, 100 MHz) 10 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 f1 (ppm) 80 70 60 20 0 -50 40 30 10



S Me

(16, CDCl₃, 400 MHz)



- 2.4120



O, O S Me

(17, CDCI₃, 400 MHz)





S85





(**19**, CDCl₃, 400 MHz)



- 2.3667

S86



















 $(23, CDCI_3, 400 \text{ MHz})$





8 8 4466 8 8 14456 8 8 17319 8 18 17319 8 18 17319 8 11243 8 1

0 0 Ме

(25, CDCI₃, 400 MHz)



- 2.3705

8.3103 8.82906 8.81545 8.81645 8.81645 8.81645 8.81645 7.9929 7.9929 7.9929 7.9929 7.9929 7.9929 7.9929 7.9929 7.9929 7.9929 7.9929 7.9929 7.9929 7.9929 7.9929 7.4925 7.75768 7.75768 7.4491 7.7449 7.7449 7.72741



(26, CDCI₃, 400 MHz)



- 2.3459





9.4013 9.3976 9.3976 9.3976 8.87714 8.8577 8.8557 8.8557 8.85517 8.85517 8.8553 8.9323 8.8038 8.8591 8.8591 8.8591 8.8593 8.8593 8.8553 8.8593 8.8554 8.8554</li





8,4452 8,8452 8,81753 8,1753 8,19565 8,19567 8,1957 8,1057

Ő Ö

(30, CDCI₃, 400 MHz)





0, 0 Ac (**31**, CDCl₃, 400 MHz)







— -103.18



- 3.8514







(**33**, CDCl₃, 400 MHz)





Ő Ö F₃CO OMe

(**33**, CDCI₃, 376 MHz)











921218 87851 87728 87728 87728 87728 827816 82667 82667 82665 822666 822666 822666 822666 822666 822666 822666 822666 822666 822666 822666 822666 822666 7.9909 7.9909 7.9907 82266 7.9907 82266 7.9907 82266 7.9907 82266 7.9907 82266 7.9907 82266 7.9907 82266 7.9907 82266 7.9907 82266 7.9907 82266 7.9907 82266 7.9907 82266 7.9907 82266 7.9907 82266 7.9907 7.9907 7.9078 7.9078 7.9078 7.9078 7.7917 7.9078 7.7917 7.9078 7.7917 7.7078 7.7917 7.7078 7.7917 7.7078 7.7



 $(\textbf{37}, \text{CDCI}_3, 400 \text{ MHz})$
















(41, CDCI₃, 400 MHz)



9.2206 9.2124 9.2124 9.0792 9.0792 9.0792 9.0792 9.0792 9.0792 8.87972 8.87972 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.83395 8.82514 8.82514 8.825614 8.776814 7.75614 7.75614 7.75614 7.75614 7.75614 7.75614 7.776823 7.74561 7.74562









(44, CDCI₃, 400 MHz)





S114





3.1335 3.1118 3.1118 3.1118 3.01453.0145 3.0145 3.01453.0145 3.0145 3.01453.











(49, CDCl₃, 400 MHz)







(51, CDCI₃, 400 MHz)





