

Aerobic Bimetallic Catalysis for Oxy-alkynylation of Allenes

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Supporting Information

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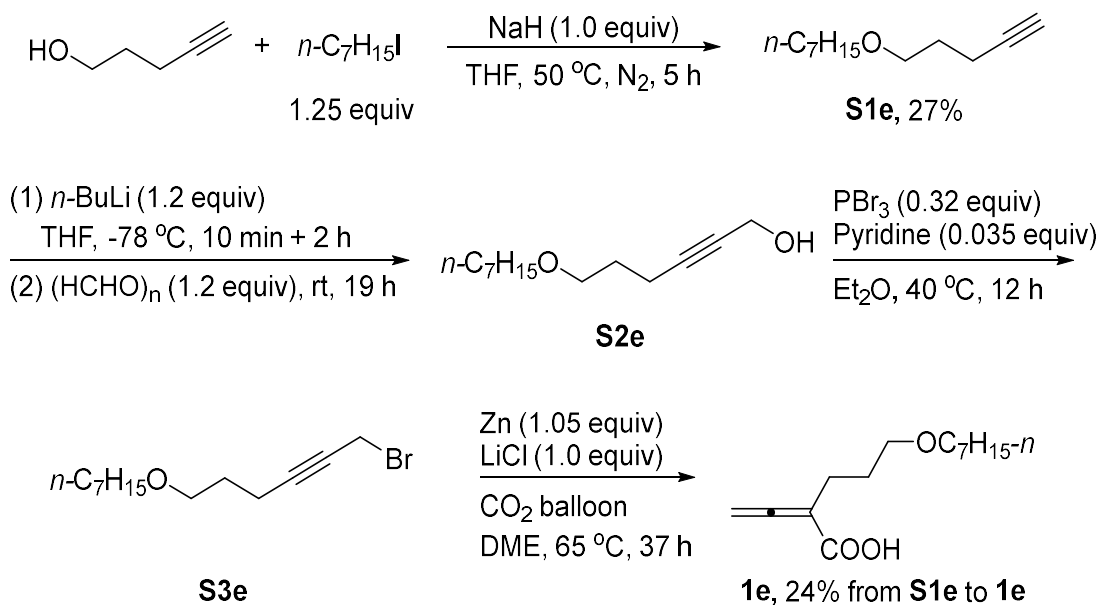
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General Information

^1H NMR, ^{13}C NMR, and ^{19}F NMR spectra were recorded using a Bruker AM 300 MHz NMR spectrometer (^1H at 300 MHz, ^{13}C at 75 MHz, ^{19}F at 282 MHz) unless noted otherwise: All ^1H NMR spectra were measured with TMS (0 ppm) in CDCl_3 ; all ^{19}F NMR spectra were measured with CFC_3 (0 ppm) as the internal standard; all ^{13}C NMR spectra were recorded in relative to the signal of CDCl_3 (77.0 ppm). IR spectra were recorded with a Perkin–Elmer 983G instrument. Elemental analyses were conducted with a Carlo-Erba EA1110 elementary analysis instrument. Mass spectrometry was performed with an HP 5989A system. High-resolution mass spectrometry was determined with a Finnigan MAT 8430 or Bruker APEXIII instrument. $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ was purchased from *HWRK CHEM* and Laajoo. The range of boiling point of the petroleum ether used for chromatography was 60-90 °C unless noted otherwise. 2,3-Butadienoic acids **1a-1c**,¹ **1f-1p**,¹ **1d**,² and **1e**² were prepared according to the literature procedures. Other commercially available reagents were purchased and used as received.

1 Synthesis of Starting Materials

1.1 Synthesis of 2-(3-heptyloxypropyl)-2,3-butadienoic acid **1e**.² (fjj-2-123, fjj-2-139, fjj-2-143, and fjj-4-093)



To an over dried three-necked flask were added NaH (3.2733 g, 60% dispersion in mineral oil, 81.8 mmol), THF (100 mL), and 1-iodoheptane (16.8 mL, *d* = 1.3791 g/mL, 23.1689 g, 102.5 mmol) sequentially under N₂ atmosphere at room temperature. Then 4-pentynol (7.65 mL, *d* = 0.904 g/mL, 6.9156 g, 82.2 mmol) were added dropwise for 15 min at room temperature. The reaction was complete after stirring in an oil bath preheated at 50 °C for 5 h as monitored by TLC. The resulting mixture was cooled to room temperature, quenched with a saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution, and extracted with ethyl ether (20 mL × 3). The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated. The crude residual was purified via chromatography on silica gel [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 50/1 (1500 mL)] to afford **S1e** (4.0305 g, 27%) as a liquid: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.50 (t, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.41 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 2.29 (td, *J*₁ = 7.0 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.4 Hz,

2 H, CH₂), 1.95 (t, J = 2.6 Hz, 1 H, ≡CH), 1.85-1.72 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.61-1.72 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.40-1.18 (m, 8 H, CH₂ × 2), 0.88 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 84.1, 71.1, 69.0, 68.3, 31.8, 29.7, 29.1, 28.6, 26.1, 22.6, 15.2, 14.1. **S1e** was used for the next step without further identification.

To an over dried three-necked flask were added **S1e** (3.9858 g, 21.7 mmol) and THF (80 mL) sequentially under N₂ atmosphere at room temperature. Then the resulting mixture was cooled to -78 °C. *n*-BuLi (13.0 mL, 2.5 M in hexane, 32.5 mmol) were added dropwise for 10 min at -78 °C. After being stirred for 2.5 h at -78 °C, and removing the ethanol bath, polyformaldehyde (990.0 mg, 33 mmol) was added under N₂ atmosphere. The reaction was complete after stirring for 19 h as monitored by TLC. The resulting mixture was quenched with a saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution (50 mL) and HCl (3 M). After the separation of the organic phase, the aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl ether (30 mL × 3). The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated. The crude residual was purified via chromatography on silica gel [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 15/1 (500 mL) to 10/1 (1000 mL)] to afford **S2e** as a liquid (2.8011 g). **S2e** was used for the next step without further purification.

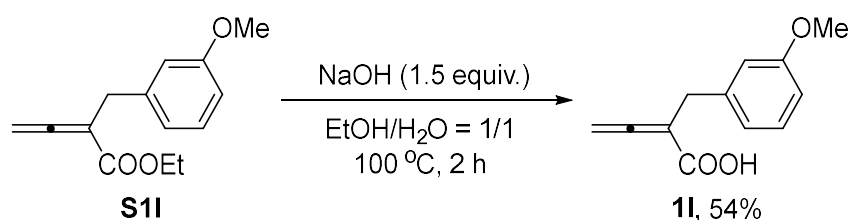
To an over dried three-necked flask were added **S2e** (2.7599 g) and Et₂O (15 mL). Then PBr₃ (0.4 mL, d = 2.85 g/mL, 1.14 g, 4.2 mmol,) and pyridine (36.0 mg, 0.46 mmol) were added dropwise sequentially. After being refluxed at 40 °C for 12 h, the resulting mixture was cooled to room temperature and then poured into an ice-water mixture (50 g). After the separation of the organic phase, the aqueous phase was

extracted with diethyl ether (30 mL $\times$ 3). The combined organic phase was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated. The crude residual was purified via chromatography on silica gel [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 50/1 (800 mL)] to afford **S3e** as a liquid (3.2199 g). **S3e** was used for the next step without further purification.

To an over dried Schlenk tube were added zinc powder (590.0 mg) and anhydrous LiCl (365.0 mg, 8.6 mmol) sequentially under N₂ atmosphere. The Schlenk tube was then dried under vacuum with a heating gun. After cooling to room temperature, **S3e** (2.3600 g, 8.6 mmol) and DME (43 mL) were added sequentially under N₂ atmosphere. The resulting mixture was then frozen with a liquid nitrogen bath and the N₂ atmosphere was completely replaced with CO₂ via a balloon. After being thawed, the resulting mixture was put into an oil bath preheated at 65 °C and stirred at 65 °C for 37 h. The resulting mixture was quenched with an aqueous solution of HCl (3 M), and extracted with ethyl acetate (40 mL $\times$ 5). The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated. The crude residual was purified via chromatography on silica gel [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5/1 (600 mL)] to afford **1e** (0.9302 g, 24% from **S1e** to **1e**) as a solid, m.p. < 30 °C (determined without recrystallization): ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.8 (bs, 1 H, COOH), 5.20 (t, J = 3.0 Hz, 2 H, =CH₂), 3.74-3.10 (m, 4 H, OCH₂ $\times$ 2), 2.45-2.15 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.84-1.65 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.64-1.48 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.43-1.15 (m, 8 H, CH₂ $\times$ 4), 0.88 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.6, 172.6, 99.6, 79.4, 71.0, 69.8, 31.7, 29.6, 29.1, 27.8, 26.0, 24.4, 22.6, 14.0; IR (KBr) ν (cm⁻¹) 2936,

2852, 1961, 1921, 1676, 1465, 1419, 1378, 1287, 1270, 1244, 1116; MS (EI): m/z (%) 195 [(M-COOH)⁺, 2.16), 57 (100); Anal. Calcd. for C₁₄H₂₄O₃ (%): C, 69.96; H, 10.07; Found: C, 70.01; H, 10.24.

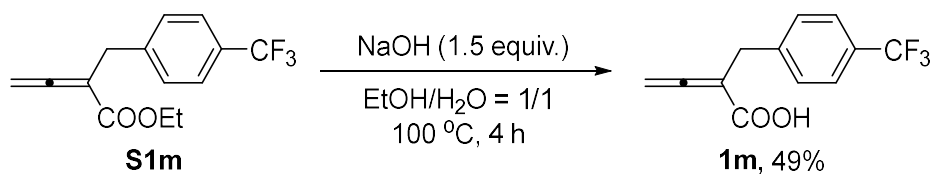
1.2 Synthesis of 2-(3-methoxybenzyl)-2,3-butadienoic acid **11**.¹ (zdj-1-118)



To a round bottomed flask equipped with a magnetic stirring bar were added 2-(3-methoxybenzyl)-2,3-butadienoic acid ethyl ester **S11**³ (2.9373 g, 12.6 mmol), EtOH (10 mL), H₂O (10 mL), and NaOH (0.7624 g, 19.1 mmol) sequentially. The reaction flask was then equipped with a condenser and put into an oil bath preheated at 100 °C. The reaction was complete after being stirred for 2 h at 100 °C as monitored by TLC. The resulting mixture was then cooled to room temperature, quenched with an aqueous solution of HCl (3 M), and extracted with ethyl acetate (20 mL × 5). The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residual was purified via chromatography on silica gel [eluent: dichloromethane (300 mL) to dichloromethane/methanol = 200/1 (800 mL), then 150/1 (900 mL)] to afford **11** (1.3848 g, 54%) as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.63 (bs, 1 H, COOH), 7.18 (t, J = 7.8 Hz, 1 H, ArH), 6.92-6.68 (m, 3 H, ArH), 5.17 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 2 H, =CH₂), 3.77 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 3.51 (s, 2 H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 215.5, 172.7, 159.4, 140.2, 129.2, 121.1, 114.5, 111.7, 99.6,

79.5, 55.0, 34.3; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 3437-2538, 1963, 1929, 1683, 1600, 1585, 1490, 1465, 1455, 1435, 1384, 1287, 1263, 1152, 1048; MS (EI): m/z (%) 204 (M⁺, 69.02), 159 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₁₂H₁₂O₃ (M⁺): 204.0786; Found: 204.0786.

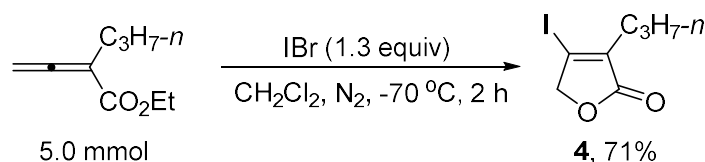
1.3 Synthesis of 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)-2,3-butadienoic acid **1m**.¹ (zdj-1-087)



To a round-bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stirring bar were added ethyl 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)buta-2,3-dienoic acid ethyl ester **S1m**⁴ (1.4371 g, 5.3 mmol), EtOH (25 mL), H₂O (25 mL), and NaOH (0.3279 g, 8.2 mmol) sequentially. The reaction flask was then equipped with a condenser and put into an oil bath preheated at 100 °C. The reaction was complete after being stirred for 4 h at 100 °C as monitored by TLC. The resulting mixture was cooled to room temperature and quenched with an aqueous solution of HCl (3 M), and extracted with ethyl acetate (50 mL × 3). The combined organic layer was washed with brine, dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residual was purified by recrystallization (dichloromethane/petroleum ether) to afford **1m** (629.1 mg, 49%) as a white solid: m.p. 118.6-120.3 °C (dichloromethane/petroleum ether); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.42 (bs, 1 H, COOH), 7.53 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 7.34 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 5.22 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 2 H, =CH₂), 3.59 (s, 2 H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 215.4, 172.2, 142.8, 129.1, 128.9 (q, J = 32.2 Hz), 125.3 (q, J = 3.7 Hz), 124.2 (q, J = 270.2 Hz), 99.1, 80.0, 34.3; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 62.9; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 3351-2211,

1963, 1927, 1686, 1617, 1424, 1327, 1304, 1283, 1261, 1196, 1175, 1101, 1066, 1016;
 MS (EI): m/z (%) 242 (M^+ , 23.92), 197 (100); Anal. Calcd. for $C_{12}H_9F_3O_2$ (%): C, 59.51;
 H, 3.75; Found: C, 59.41; H, 3.83.

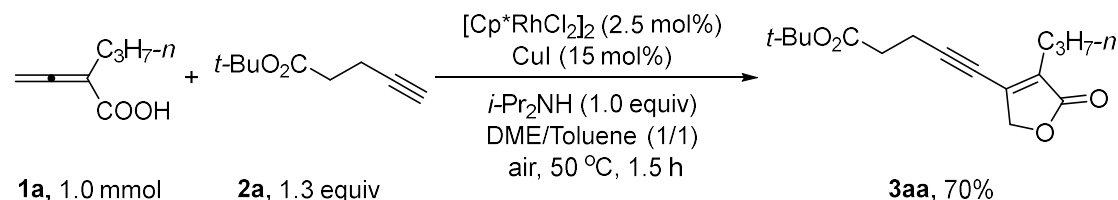
1.4 Synthesis of 4-iodo-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **4**.⁵ (zdj-1-013)



To a dried three-necked flask were added ethyl 2-vinylidenepentanoate (774.9 mg, 5.0 mmol) and freshly distilled CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling to $-70\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, a solution of IBr (1.3463 g, 6.5 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (9.3 mL) was added. The resulting mixture was stirred at $-70\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ for 2 h, then removed cold bath. After returned to room temperature, the resulting mixture was quenched with 30 mL of water, extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (50 mL $\times$ 3), washed with a saturated aqueous solution of $\text{Na}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_3$, dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 , filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residual was purified via chromatography on silica gel [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 100/1 (1000 mL) to 30/1 (300 mL)] to afford 4-iodo-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **4** (897.2 mg, 71%) as a white solid, m.p. $82.3\text{--}82.5\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (dichloromethane/ petroleum ether): ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.79 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.32 (t, $J = 7.5\text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 1.68-1.46 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 0.96 (t, $J = 7.2\text{ Hz}$, 3 H, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 169.8, 138.4, 114.2, 76.1, 28.6, 20.3, 13.6; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 2971, 2954, 2928, 2868, 1734, 1633, 1463, 1440, 1336, 1312, 1270, 1220, 1118, 1103, 1047, 1010; MS (EI): m/z (%) 252 (M^+ , 48.71), 125 (100); Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_7\text{H}_9\text{IO}_2$ (%): C, 33.36; H, 3.60; Found: C, 33.39; H, 3.59.

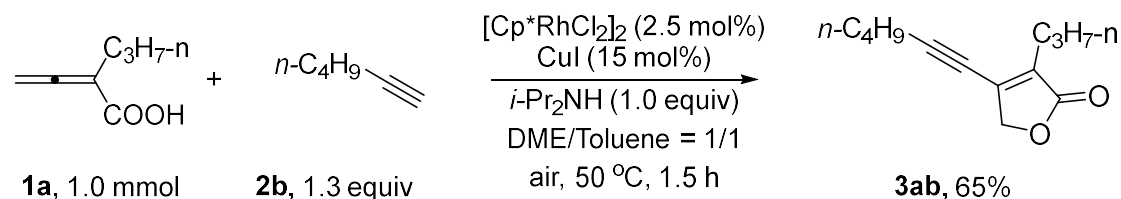
2. Aerobic Bimetallic Catalysis for Oxy-alkynylation of Allenes

2.1 Synthesis of 4-(5-(*tert*-butoxy)-5-oxopentynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3aa**. (zdj-1-053 and zdj-1-023)



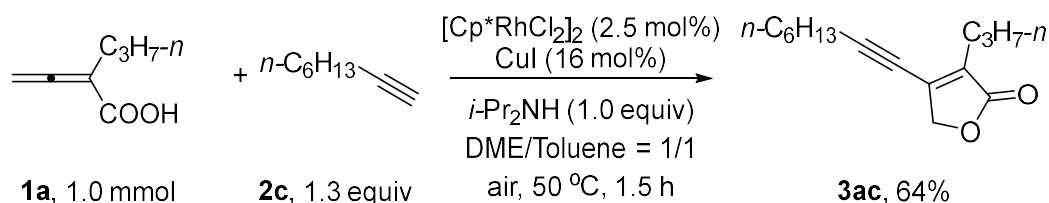
Typical Procedure: To a 100 mL dry Schlenk tube were added $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.6 mg, 0.15 mmol), **1a** (126.1 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2a** (200.9 mg, 1.3 mmol), *i*-Pr₂NH (0.14 mL, *d* = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol), toluene (2.5 mL), and DME (2.5 mL) sequentially. After being stirred at 50 °C under air atmosphere for 1.5 h, the reaction was complete as monitored by TLC. The resulting mixture was filtrated through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl acetate (10 mL × 3). The combined filtrate was then concentrated in vacuo and the crude residue was purified via chromatography on silica gel [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1 (400 mL) to 15/1 (300 mL)] to afford **3aa** (193.8 mg, 70%) as a yellow oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.66 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 2.75 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.53 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.35 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 1.67-1.52 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.47 (s, 9 H, CH₃ × 3), 0.94 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.2, 170.5, 140.1, 135.1, 105.3, 81.0, 71.8, 71.1, 33.9, 27.9, 26.7, 20.7, 15.8, 13.7; IR (neat) *ν* (cm⁻¹) 2966, 2934, 2874, 2227, 1760, 1732, 1641, 1456, 1368, 1343, 1248, 1152, 1085, 1038, 1006; MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 223 [(M-C₄H₈) + H]⁺, 100]; HRMS Calcd for C₁₂H₁₅O₄ [(M-C₄H₈) + H]⁺: 223.0970; Found: 223.0970.

2.2 Synthesis of 4-(hexynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3ab**. (fjj-4-070)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.2 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2b** (106.8 mg, 1.3 mmol), $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.4 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.6 mg, 0.15 mmol), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (140 μL , $d = 0.718 \text{ g/mL}$, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3ab** (133.6 mg, 65%) as a brown oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 60/1 (600 mL)]: $^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.67 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.48 (t, $J = 6.9 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 2.36 (t, $J = 7.5 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 1.68-1.53 (m, 4 H, $\text{CH}_2 \times 2$), 1.53-1.37 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 1.03-0.86 (m, 6 H, $\text{CH}_3 \times 2$); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.4, 140.7, 134.6, 107.6, 71.5, 71.2, 30.1, 26.7, 21.8, 20.8, 19.5, 13.8, 13.4; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 2961, 2934, 2873, 2223, 1761, 1640, 1456, 1369, 1339, 1193, 1084, 1041, 1009; MS (EI): m/z (%) 207 $[(\text{M} + \text{H})^+]$, 12.29], 206 (M^+ , 17.59), 119 (100); HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$ (M^+): 206.1307; Found: 206.1306.

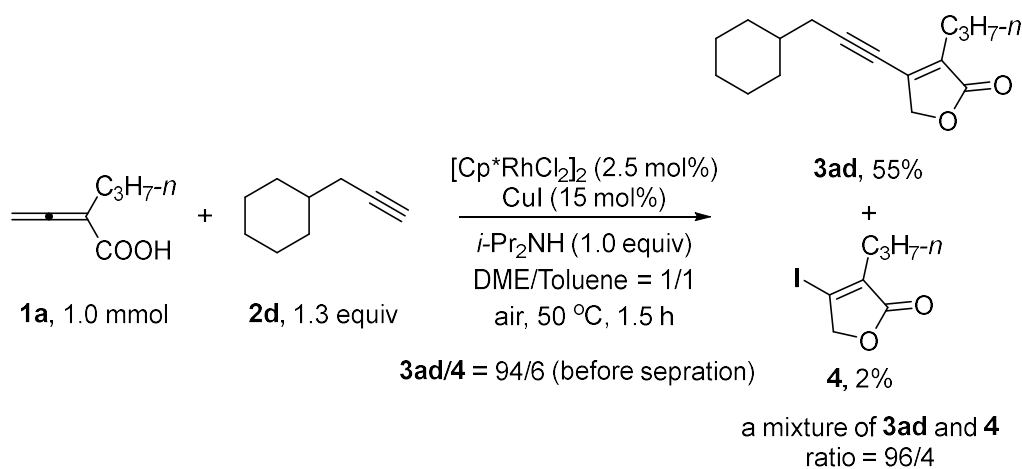
2.3 Synthesis of 4-(octynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3ac**. (zdj-1-003, fjj-3-196)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.0 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2c** (146.6 mg, 1.3 mmol), $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (30.7 mg, 0.16 mmol), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (0.14 mL, $d = 0.718 \text{ g/mL}$, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in (0.65 mL) and toluene

(0.65 mL) afforded **3ac** (149.5 mg, 64%) as a light yellow oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 60/1 (600 mL) to 50/1 (200 mL)]: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.67 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.47 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 2.36 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 1.70-1.51 (m, 4 H, $\text{CH}_2 \times 2$), 1.50-1.19 (m, 6 H, $\text{CH}_2 \times 3$), 1.11-0.84 (m, 6 H, $\text{CH}_3 \times 2$); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.4, 140.7, 134.6, 107.7, 71.5, 71.2, 31.1, 28.4, 28.0, 26.7, 22.4, 20.8, 19.8, 13.9, 13.8; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 2960, 2933, 2872, 2223, 1761, 1640, 1456, 1369, 1338, 1192, 1084, 1042; MS (EI): m/z (%) 234 (M^+ , 2.56), 91 (100); HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_2$ (M^+): 234.1620; Found: 234.1619.

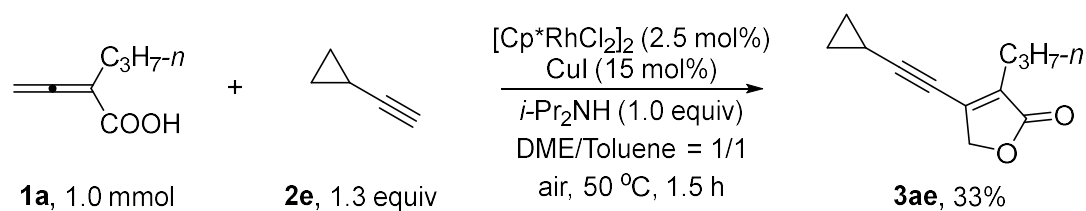
2.4 Synthesis of 4-(3-cyclohexylpropynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5H)-one **3ad**. (fjj-4-041)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.3 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2d** (160.0 mg, 1.3 mmol), $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.7 mg, 0.15 mmol), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (140 μL , $d = 0.718$ g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded a mixture of **3ad** (55%) and **4** (2%) (139.8 mg, $\text{3ad/4} = 94/6$ according to the ^1H NMR spectrum of the crude product, $\text{3ad/4} = 96/4$ after being purified via chromatography on silica gel) as a red oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl

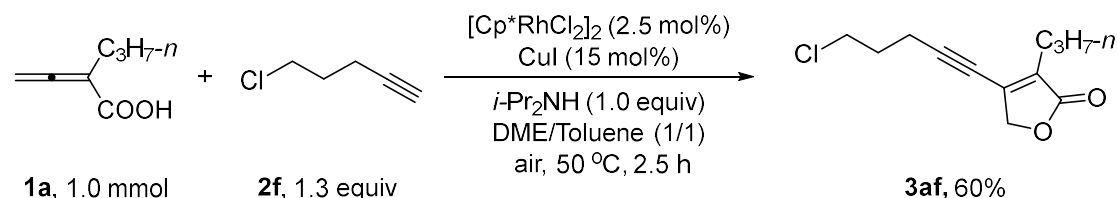
acetate = 100/1 (600 mL) to 50/1 (300 mL)]: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.67 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.50-2.20 (m, 4 H, $\text{CH}_2 \times 2$), 1.90-1.46 (m, 8 H, $\text{CH}_2 \times 4$), 1.39-0.77 (m, 8 H, CH, $\text{CH}_2 \times 2$ and CH_3); the following signal is discernible for **4**: δ 4.78 (s, 0.08 H, OCH_2); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.4, 140.8, 134.5, 106.7, 72.4, 71.2, 37.0, 32.5, 27.5, 26.7, 26.0, 25.9, 20.8, 13.8; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 2960, 2926, 2852, 2221, 1762, 1639, 1450, 1370, 1339, 1116, 1084, 1041, 1001; MS (EI): m/z (%) 247 [$(\text{M} + \text{H})^+$, 23.63], 246 (M^+ , 30.48), 164 (100); HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_2$ (M^+): 246.1620; Found: 246.1618.

2.5 Synthesis of 4-(cyclopropylethynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5H)-one **3ae**. (fjj-4-104)



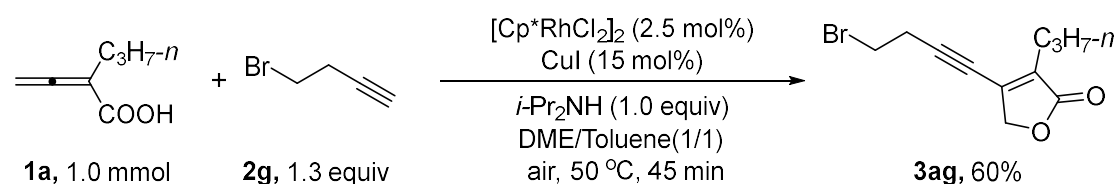
Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.0 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2e** (85.0 mg, 1.3 mmol), $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.3 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.5 mg, 0.15 mmol), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (140 μL , $d = 0.718$ g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3ae** (63.6 mg, 33%) as a yellow oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 50/1 (800 mL)]: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.64 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.33 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 1.70-1.42 (m, 3 H, CH_2 and CH), 1.07-0.78 (m, 7 H, CH_3 and $\text{CH}_2 \times 2$); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.4, 140.6, 134.2, 110.9, 71.1, 66.7, 26.7, 20.7, 13.7, 9.4, 0.5; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 3014, 2962, 2934, 2873, 2217, 1755, 1638, 1454, 1386, 1344, 1202, 1073, 1037; MS (EI): m/z (%) 190 (M^+ , 44.01), 91 (100); HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$ (M^+): 190.0994; Found: 190.0995.

2.6 Synthesis of 4-(5-chloropentynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3af**. (zdj-1-024, zdj-1-054)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.2 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2f** (133.8 mg, 1.3 mmol), $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.4 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.6 mg, 0.15 mmol), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (0.14 mL, $d = 0.718 \text{ g/mL}$, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3af** (135.3 mg, 60%) as a yellow oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1 (800 mL)]: $^1\text{H NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.68 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 3.67 (t, $J = 6.2 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 2.70 (t, $J = 6.9 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 2.36 (t, $J = 7.5 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 2.16-1.93 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 1.75-1.53 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 0.95 (t, $J = 7.4 \text{ Hz}$, 3 H, CH_3); $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.2, 140.0, 135.4, 105.0, 72.3, 71.1, 43.2, 30.7, 26.8, 20.8, 17.3, 13.8; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 2962, 2933, 2873, 2226, 1756, 1640, 1453, 1370, 1340, 1116, 1085, 1043, 1014; MS (EI): m/z (%) 228 [$\text{M}(^{37}\text{Cl})^+$, 2.71], 226 [$\text{M}(^{35}\text{Cl})^+$, 5.90], 164 (100); HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{15}^{35}\text{ClO}_2$ (M^+): 226.0761; Found: 226.0759.

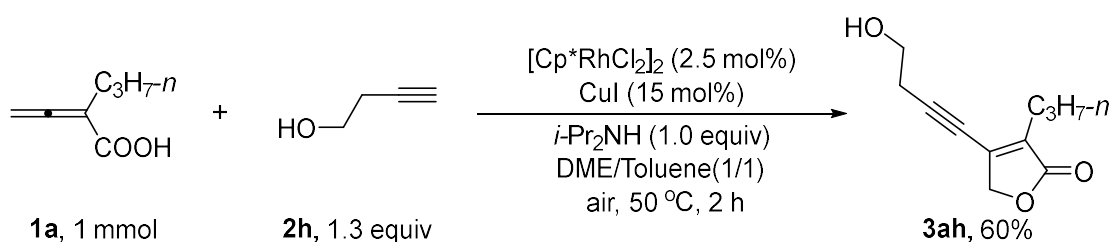
2.7 Synthesis of 4-(4-bromobutynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3ag**. (zdj-1-079)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.4 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2g** (172.9

mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp*RhCl₂]₂ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.4 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (0.14 mL, d = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3ag** (155.1 mg, 60%) as a brown oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 30/1 (300 mL) to 15/1 (750 mL)]: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.70 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.51 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2 H, CH₂Br), 3.06 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.38 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 1.73-1.49 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.0, 139.5, 136.1, 103.1, 73.2, 71.0, 28.5, 26.8, 24.1, 20.8, 13.8; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 2962, 2933, 2872, 2232, 1755, 1640, 1451, 1409, 1370, 1339, 1272, 1216, 1194, 1116, 1086, 1044, 1021; MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 258 [M(⁸¹Br)⁺, 15.29], 256 [M(⁷⁹Br)⁺, 15.49], 177 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₁₁H₁₃O₂⁷⁹Br (M⁺): 256.0099; Found: 256.0098.

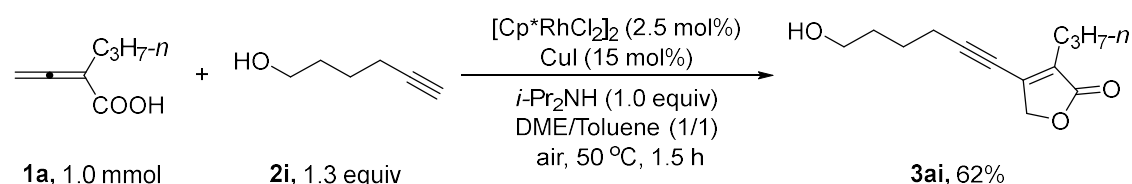
2.8 Synthesis of 4-(4-hydroxybutynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3ah**. (fjj-3-180, zdj-1-192)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.3 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2h** (91.3 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp*RhCl₂]₂ (15.3 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.5 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μL, d = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3ah** (116.5 mg, 60%) as a brown oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4/1 (1500 mL)]: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.69 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.83 (q,

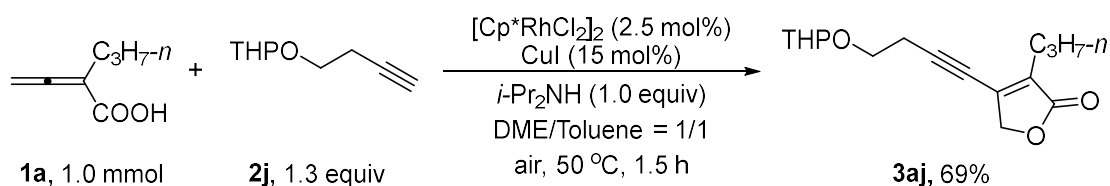
$J = 6.1$ Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 2.76 (t, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.63 (t, $J = 5.4$ Hz, 1 H, OH), 2.36 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 1.69-1.50 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 0.94 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.5, 140.4, 135.0, 104.2, 72.5, 71.2, 60.4, 26.7, 24.0, 20.7, 13.7; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 3445, 2962, 2929, 2874, 2262, 1747, 1639, 1455, 1372, 1344, 1192, 1040; MS (EI): m/z (%) 194 (M⁺, 5.69), 91 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₁₁H₁₄O₃ (M⁺): 194.0943; Found: 194.0942.

2.9 Synthesis of 4-(6-hydroxyhexynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5H)-one **3ai**. (zdz-1-059)



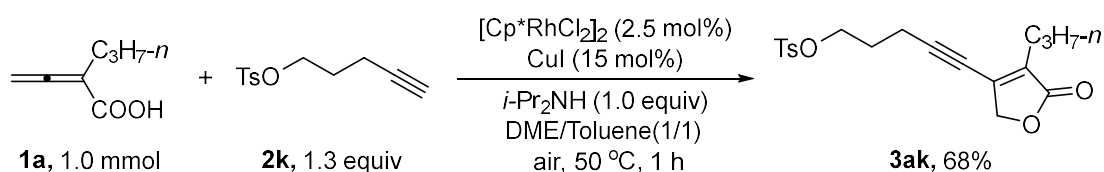
Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.3 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2i** (128.0 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp*RhCl₂]₂ (15.3 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.8 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (0.14 mL, $d = 0.718$ g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3ai** (138.0 mg, 62%) as a yellow oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4/1 (1000 mL) to 3/1 (400 mL)]: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.67 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.70 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 2.53 (s, 2 H, CH₂), 2.35 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 1.88-1.42 (m, 7 H, CH₂ $\times$ 3 and OH), 0.94 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.4, 140.6, 134.8, 107.1, 71.8, 71.2, 62.0, 31.6, 26.8, 24.5, 20.8, 19.7, 13.8; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 3435, 2955, 2935, 2872, 2222, 1755, 1638, 1454, 1371, 1342, 1192, 1117, 1086, 1066, 1041; MS (EI): m/z (%) 223 (M⁺ + 1, 75.97), 91 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₁₃H₁₈O₃ (M⁺): 222.1255; Found: 222.1256.

2.10 Synthesis of 3-propyl-4-(4-((tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy)butynyl)furan-2(5H)-one **3aj**. (fjj-4-071)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.1 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2j** (200.5 mg, 1.3 mmol), $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.6 mg, 0.15 mmol), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (140 μL , $d = 0.718 \text{ g/mL}$, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3aj** (193.1 mg, 69%) as a yellow oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5/1 (800 mL)]: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.80-4.52 (s, 3 H, OCH_2 and OCH), 4.00-3.80 (m, 2 H, OCH_2), 3.71-3.46 (m, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.78 (t, $J = 6.6 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 2.36 (t, $J = 7.5 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 1.95-1.45 (m, 8 H, $\text{CH}_2 \times 4$), 0.94 (t, $J = 7.4 \text{ Hz}$, 3 H, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.2, 140.2, 135.0, 104.3, 98.7, 72.1, 71.1, 64.9, 62.1, 30.4, 26.7, 25.2, 21.3, 20.7, 19.2, 13.7; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 2941, 2873, 2227, 1760, 1641, 1454, 1343, 1201, 1122, 1081, 1035; MS (EI): m/z (%) 279 $[(\text{M} + \text{H})^+]$, 6.14], 278 (M^+ , 3.71), 85 (100); HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_4$ (M^+): 278.1518; Found: 278.1517.

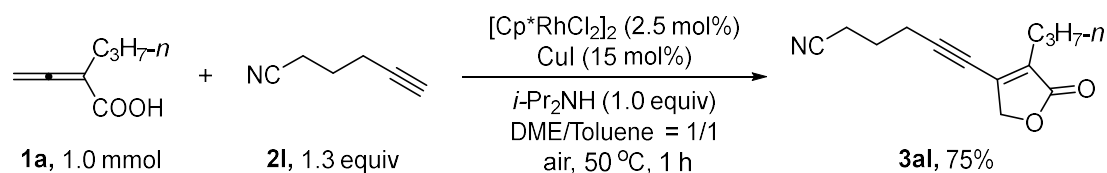
2.11 Synthesis of 4-(5-(tosyloxy)pentynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5H)-one **3ak**. (zdj-1-094)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.0 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2k** (310.1

mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp*RhCl₂]₂ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.7 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μL, d = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded impure **3ak** (287.0 mg) after chromatography on silica gel [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 8/1, 900 mL to 6/1, 700 mL]. The impure **3ak** was further purified via chromatography on silica gel [eluent: dichloromethane/ethyl acetate = 500/1 (1000 mL)] to afford pure **3ak** (247.4 mg, 68%) as a colorless oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 4.62 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 4.15 (t, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 2.59 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.45 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 2.31 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.04-1.87 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.68-1.48 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 0.92 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.0, 144.9, 139.9, 135.0, 132.6, 129.8, 127.7, 104.6, 72.3, 71.0, 68.3, 27.3, 26.6, 21.4, 20.7, 16.1, 13.7; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 2962, 2932, 2873, 2226, 1755, 1640, 1598, 1493, 1454, 1363, 1304, 1292, 1189, 1176, 1118, 1097, 1038, 1013; MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 363 [(M + H)⁺, 27.25], 362 (M⁺, 7.30), 91 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₁₉H₂₂O₅S (M⁺): 362.1188; Found: 362.1190.

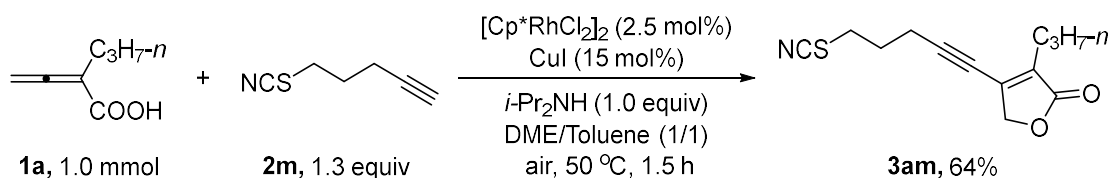
2.12 Synthesis of 4-(5-cyanopentynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3al**. (zdj-2-083, zdj-1-090)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.1 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2l** (120.9 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp*RhCl₂]₂ (15.6 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.7 mg, 0.15 mmol), and

i-Pr₂NH (140 μ L, *d* = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3a** (162.9 mg, 75%) as a brown oil [eluent: petroleum ether/dichloromethane = 1/2 (900 mL) to dichloromethane (300 mL)]: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.69 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 2.69 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.54 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.36 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.08-1.91 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.69-1.52 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.0, 139.6, 135.6, 118.6, 103.7, 73.0, 71.0, 26.8, 23.9, 20.7, 18.8, 16.2, 13.7; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 2962, 2925, 2873, 2254, 2227, 1755, 1640, 1454, 1429, 1370, 1341, 1315, 1191, 1116, 1087, 1039, 1010; MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 217 (M⁺, 20.52), 91 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₁₃H₁₅NO₂Na (M + Na)⁺: 240.9995; Found: 240.9994.

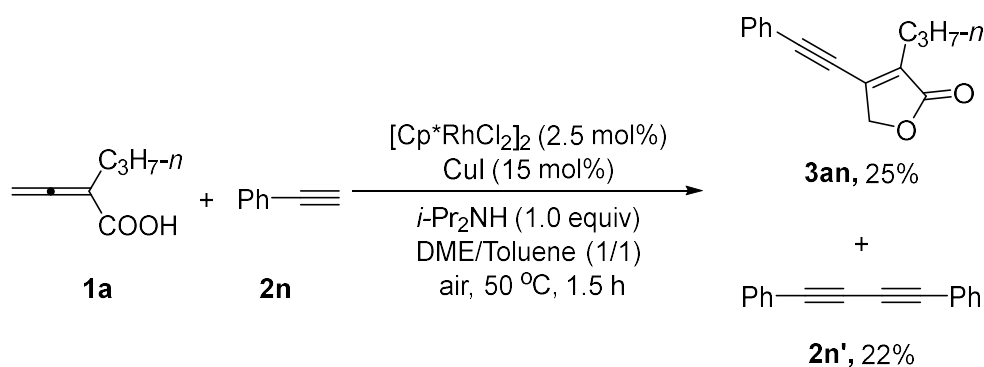
2.13 Synthesis of 3-propyl-4-(5-thiocyanatopentynyl)furan-2(5*H*)-one **3am**. (zdz-1-115)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.2 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2m** (162.8 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp^{*}RhCl₂]₂ (15.6 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.7 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μ L, *d* = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3am** (159.5 mg, 64%) as a red oil [the reaction crude was afforded by filtrated through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl acetate (15 mL $\times$ 3); eluent: petroleum ether/dichloromethane = 2/3 (1200 mL)]: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.69 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.10 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.73 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.36 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.24-2.07 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.70-1.48 (m, 2 H,

CH₂), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.9, 139.6, 135.5, 111.4, 103.9, 72.9, 71.0, 32.5, 28.0, 26.8, 20.7, 18.1, 13.7; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 2962, 2933, 2873, 2225, 2154, 1755, 1640, 1451, 1369, 1340, 1283, 1261, 1192, 1116, 1086, 1041, 1011; MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 249 (M⁺, 14.03), 91 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₁₃H₁₅NO₂SNa (M + Na)⁺: 272.0716; Found: 272.0717.

2.14 Synthesis of 4-(phenylethynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3an**. (zdj-2-080, zdj-1-199)

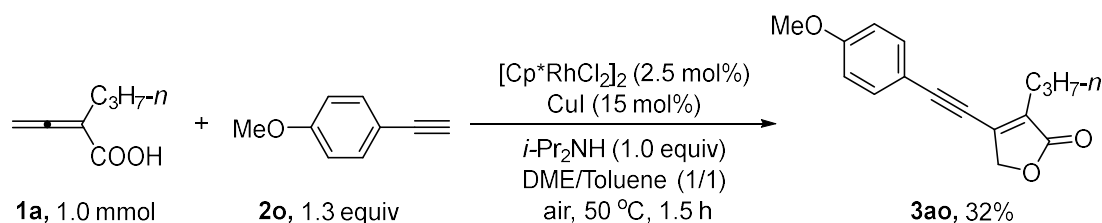


Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.1 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2n** (132.8 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp^{*}RhCl₂]₂ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.6 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μL, d = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded 1,4-diphenylbutadiyne **2n'** (28.9 mg, 22%) and **3an** (56.4 mg, 25%) [eluent: petroleum ether (200 mL) to petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 30/1 (600 mL)]:

2n': light yellow solid, m.p. 81.4–82.2 °C (determined without recrystallization) (reported value for **2n'**⁶: 84–86 °C); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61–7.47 (m, 4 H, ArH), 7.45–7.28 (m, 6 H, ArH); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 132.5, 129.2, 128.4, 121.7, 81.5, 73.9; IR (KBr) ν (cm⁻¹) 3049, 2150, 1592, 1564, 1485, 1439; MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 202 (M⁺, 100).

3an: brown oil; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.59-7.48 (m, 2 H, ArH), 7.46-7.33 (m, 3 H, ArH), 4.81 (t, $J = 1.2$ Hz, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.47 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 1.80-1.59 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 0.99 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.0, 139.5, 135.7, 131.8, 129.9, 128.6, 121.3, 104.7, 79.5, 70.9, 27.0, 20.9, 13.9; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 2962, 2932, 2872, 2206, 1759, 1640, 1490, 1444, 1373, 1339, 1213, 1114, 1071, 1036; MS (EI): m/z (%) 227 $[(\text{M} + \text{H})^+]$, 23.65], 226 (M^+ , 100); HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{14}\text{O}_2$ (M^+): 226.0994; Found: 226.0996.

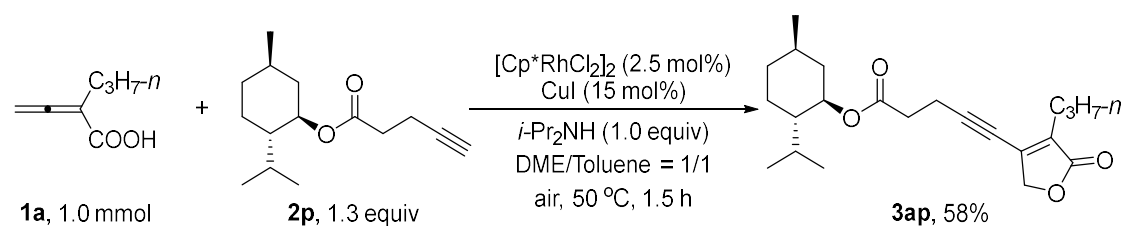
2.15 Synthesis of 4-((4-methoxyphenyl)ethynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5H)-one **3ao**. (zdj-1-088)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.2 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2o** (171.8 mg, 1.3 mmol), $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.7 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.8 mg, 0.15 mmol), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (140 μL , $d = 0.718$ g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3ao** (80.8 mg, 32%) as a brown oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1 (1000 mL)]: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.46 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 2 H, ArH), 6.91 (d, $J = 8.7$ Hz, 2 H, ArH), 4.79 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 3.85 (s, 3 H, OCH_3), 2.45 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 1.76-1.59 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 0.99 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.0, 160.8, 139.9, 134.4, 133.4, 114.2, 113.2, 105.3, 78.6, 70.9, 55.2, 26.9, 20.8, 13.8; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 2961, 2933, 2872, 2840, 2201, 1754,

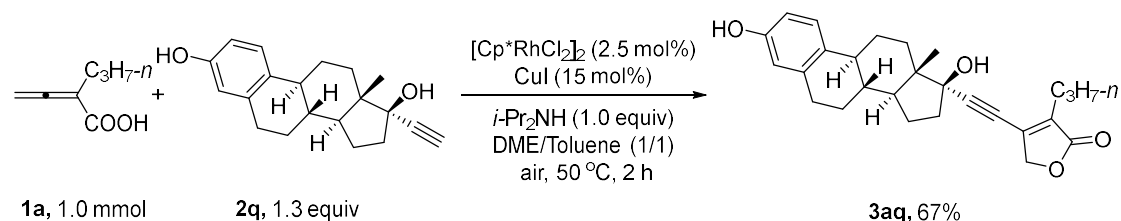
1639, 1602, 1568, 1510, 1462, 1418, 1375, 1342, 1294, 1252, 1218, 1173, 1111, 1073, 1034; MS (EI): m/z (%) 257 [(M + H)⁺, 25.35], 256 (M⁺, 100); HRMS Calcd for C₁₆H₁₆O₃ (M⁺): 256.1099; Found: 256.1100.

2.16 Synthesis of **3ap**. (fjj-4-025)



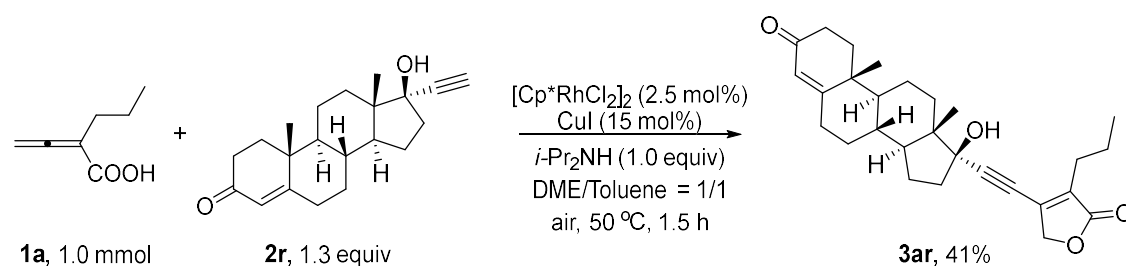
Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.1 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2p** (307.5 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp^{*}RhCl₂]₂ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.5 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μL, d = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3ap** (207.6 mg, 58%) as a brown oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 25/1 (1000 mL)]: [α]_D²⁰ = -47.4 (*c* = 1.00, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.73 (td, *J*₁ = 10.8 Hz, *J*₂ = 4.5 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 4.65 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 2.80 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.60 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.35 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.04-1.92 (m, 1 H, CH), 1.91-1.77 (m, 1 H, one proton of CH₂), 1.76-1.20 (m, 7 H, CH₂, CH × 2, and one proton of CH₂ × 3), 1.19-0.80 (m, 11 H, CH₃ × 3, and CH₂ × 2), 0.75 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 174.1, 170.8, 140.0, 135.3, 105.1, 74.8, 72.0, 71.1, 46.9, 40.9, 34.1, 33.2, 31.3, 26.8, 26.3, 23.4, 21.9, 20.8, 20.7, 16.3, 15.8, 13.8; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 2958, 2932, 2872, 2227, 1761, 1732, 1642, 1456, 1371, 1340, 1258, 1176, 1083, 1039; MS (EI): m/z (%) 361 [(M + H)⁺, 10.6], 178 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₂₂H₃₂O₄ (M⁺): 360.2301; Found: 360.2298.

2.17 Synthesis of **3aq**. (zdj-1-055)



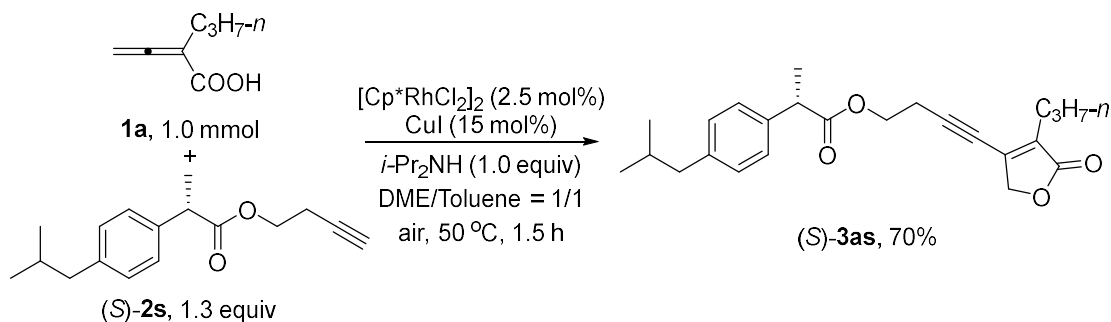
Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.1 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2q** (385.4 mg, 1.3 mmol), $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.6 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.5 mg, 0.15 mmol), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (0.14 mL, 0.718 g/mL, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3aq** (280.8 mg, 67%) as a red oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4/1 (500 mL) to 3/1 (800 mL)]: $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} = -48.6$ ($c = 1.00$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.15 (d, $J = 8.4$ Hz, 1 H, ArH), 6.65 (dd, $J_1 = 8.4$ Hz, $J_2 = 2.7$ Hz, 1 H, ArH), 6.59 (d, $J = 2.4$ Hz, 1 H, ArH), 5.49 (bs, 1 H, OH), 4.73 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.91-2.77 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 2.47-2.29 (m, 4 H, CH_2 , CH and OH), 2.22-2.05 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 1.95-1.18 (m, 12 H, $\text{CH}_2 \times 6$), 1.04-0.80 (m, 6 H, $\text{CH}_3 \times 2$); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.4, 153.7, 139.8, 137.9, 135.8, 131.7, 126.3, 115.3, 112.8, 109.3, 80.7, 76.5, 71.1, 50.1, 47.8, 43.6, 39.3, 39.0, 33.0, 29.5, 27.2, 27.0, 26.3, 22.8, 21.0, 13.9, 12.7; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 3389, 2931, 2871, 2249, 1737, 1636, 1611, 1584, 1500, 1448, 1381, 1369, 1347, 1315, 1287, 1248, 1144, 1097, 1060, 1034; MS (EI): m/z (%) 421 $[(\text{M} + \text{H})^+]$, 16.18], 420 (M^+ , 49.53), 84 (100); HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{32}\text{O}_4$ (M^+): 420.2301; Found: 420.2303.

2.18 Synthesis of **3ar**. (fjj-4-036)



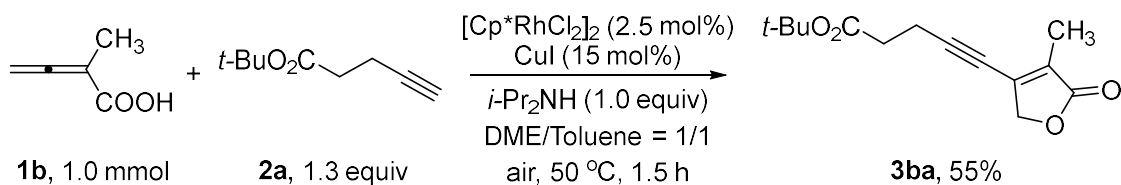
Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.2 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2r** (406.4 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp*RhCl₂]₂ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.7 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μ L, *d* = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3ar** (179.6 mg, 41%) as a light yellow oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 2/1 (800 mL)]: [α]_D²⁰ = -18.8 (*c* = 0.80, CHCl₃); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.74 (s, 1 H, =CH), 4.71 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.54 (bs, 1 H, OH), 2.59-2.23 (m, 7 H, CH₂ $\times$ 3 and one proton of CH₂), 2.22-1.98 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.97-1.33 (m, 12 H, CH₂ $\times$ 4, CH $\times$ 3 and one proton of CH₂), 1.22 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 1.14-0.80 (m, 8 H, CH₂ and CH₃ $\times$ 2); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.5, 173.8, 171.2, 139.6, 135.4, 123.6, 109.3, 79.9, 76.0, 70.8, 53.4, 50.3, 47.1, 38.7, 38.4, 35.9, 35.4, 33.6, 32.5, 32.4, 31.3, 26.8, 22.9, 20.8, 20.5, 17.1, 13.8, 12.5; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 3419, 2945, 2872, 2214, 1755, 1661, 1454, 1273, 1232, 1125, 1058, 1037; MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 437 [(M + H)⁺, 18.01], 436 (M⁺, 32.31), 364 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₂₈H₃₆O₄ (M⁺): 436.2614; Found: 436.2613.

2.19 Synthesis of (*S*)-**3as**. (fjj-4-027)



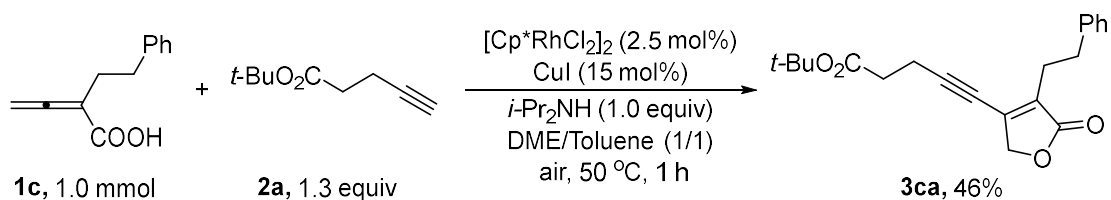
Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (126.2 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2s** (335.5 mg, 1.3 mmol), $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.6 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.4 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μL , $d = 0.718 \text{ g/mL}$, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3as** (267.6 mg, 70%) as a yellow oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 25/1 (1000 mL) to 20/1 (200 mL)]: $[\alpha]_{\text{D}}^{20} = +14.8$ ($c = 1.00$, CHCl_3); ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.20 (d, $J = 8.1 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, ArH), 7.08 (d, $J = 8.1 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, ArH), 4.58 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 4.24 (t, $J = 6.3 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, OCH_2), 3.72 (q, $J = 7.2 \text{ Hz}$, 1 H, CH), 2.77 (t, $J = 6.6 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 2.44 (d, $J = 7.2 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 2.33 (t, $J = 7.5 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 1.92-1.75 (m, 1 H, CH), 1.66-1.52 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 1.50 (d, $J = 7.2 \text{ Hz}$, 3 H, CH_3), 0.99-0.82 (m, 9 H, $\text{CH}_3 \times 3$) ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.3, 174.0, 140.6, 139.7, 137.3, 135.5, 129.2, 127.0, 102.3, 72.6, 71.0, 61.6, 44.90, 44.87, 30.1, 26.7, 22.2, 20.7, 20.3, 18.4, 13.8; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 2960, 2933, 2871, 2229, 1760, 1641, 1512, 1456, 1383, 1338, 1162, 1091; MS (EI): m/z (%) 383 $[(\text{M} + \text{H})^+]$, 7.38], 382 (M^+ , 20.29), 161 (100); HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{30}\text{O}_4$ (M^+): 382.2144; Found: 382.2147.

2.20 Synthesis of 4-(5-(*tert*-butoxy)-5-oxopentynyl)-3-methylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3ba**. (fjj-4-030)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1b** (98.1 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2a** (201.0 mg, 1.3 mmol), $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.7 mg, 0.15 mmol), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (140 μL , $d = 0.718 \text{ g/mL}$, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3ba** (140.0 mg, 55%) as a brown oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 25/1 (500 mL) to 20/1 (500 mL)]: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.66 (d, $J = 1.8 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.75 (t, $J = 7.2 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 2.54 (t, $J = 7.2 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH), 1.94 (s, 3 H, CH_3), 1.47 (s, 9 H, $\text{CH}_3 \times 3$) ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.5, 170.5, 140.0, 131.4, 105.7, 81.1, 71.7, 71.2, 34.0, 28.0, 15.8, 9.9; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 2979, 2933, 2226, 1762, 1731, 1648, 1393, 1367, 1337, 1248, 1210, 1152, 1076, 1037; MS (EI): m/z (%) 251 $[(\text{M} + \text{H})^+]$, 7.84], 194 (100); HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_4$ (M^+): 250.1205; Found: 250.1207.

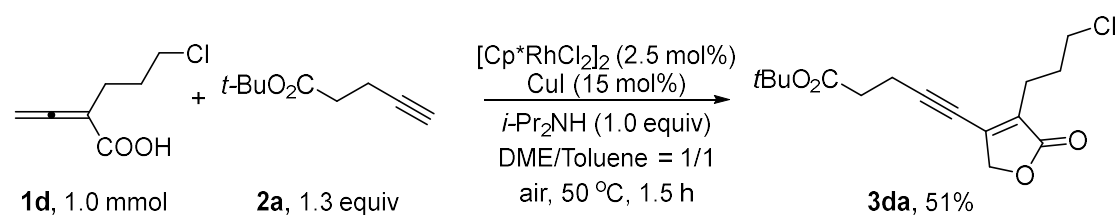
2.21 Synthesis of 4-(5-(*tert*-butoxy)-5-oxopentynyl)-3-phenethylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3ca**.(zdj-1-109)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1c** (188.2 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2a** (201.1 mg, 1.3 mmol), $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.6 mg, 0.15 mmol), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (140 μL , $d = 0.718 \text{ g/mL}$, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene

(2.5 mL) afforded **3ca** (158.1 mg, 46%) as a yellow oil [the reaction crude was afforded by filtrated through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl acetate (15 mL $\times$ 3); eluent: petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate = 20/1 (1200 mL)]: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.34-7.24 (m, 2 H, ArH), 7.24-7.14 (m, 3 H, ArH), 4.63 (m, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.89 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 2.73-2.63 (m, 4 H, $\text{CH}_2 \times 2$), 2.49 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 1.45 (s, 9 H, $\text{CH}_3 \times 3$); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.9, 170.5, 140.7, 140.6, 134.1, 128.4, 128.3, 126.1, 105.8, 81.1, 71.5, 71.1, 33.9, 33.2, 28.0, 26.7, 15.7; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 3062, 3032, 2978, 2929, 2865, 2227, 1758, 1731, 1642, 1455, 1392, 1367, 1343, 1247, 1210, 1151, 1079, 1038; MS (EI): m/z (%) 284 [$(\text{M} - t\text{-Bu} + \text{H})^+$, 15.94], 91 (100); Anal. Calcd. for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_4$ (%): C, 74.09; H, 7.11; Found: C, 74.15; H, 7.21.

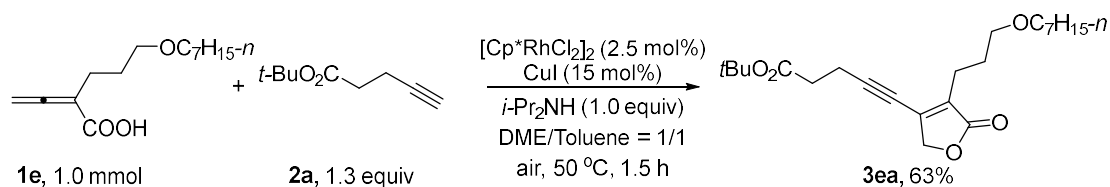
2.22 Synthesis of 4-(5-(*tert*-butoxy)-5-oxopentynyl)-3-(3-chloropropyl)furan-2(5*H*)-one **3da**. (fjj-4-079)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1d** (160.7 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2a** (200.5 mg, 1.3 mmol), $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.6 mg, 0.15 mmol), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (140 μL , $d = 0.718\text{ g/mL}$, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3da** (158.4 mg, 51%) as a brown oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 50/1 (1000 mL)]: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.68 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 3.55 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2 H, CH_2Cl), 2.75 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 2.60-2.48 (m, 4 H, $\text{CH}_2 \times 2$),

2.14-1.98 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.47 (s, 9 H, CH₃ × 3); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.9, 170.5, 141.2, 133.7, 106.6, 81.2, 71.4, 71.2, 44.1, 33.9, 30.0, 28.0, 22.2, 15.9; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 2978, 2931, 2228, 1760, 1731, 1642, 1368, 1152, 1092, 1071, 1039; MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 259 [(M(³⁷Cl) – C₄H₇)⁺, 20.22], 257 [(M(³⁵Cl) – C₄H₇)⁺, 54.72], 57 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₁₆H₂₁³⁵ClO₄Na (M + Na)⁺: 335.1021; Found: 335.1024.

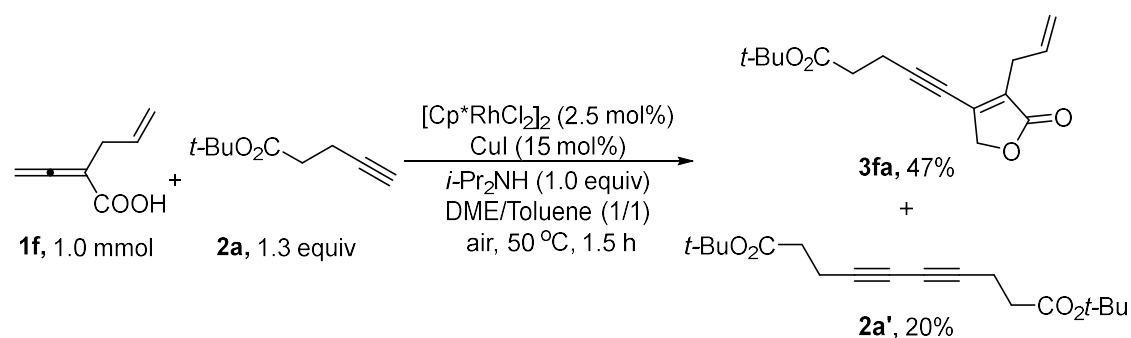
2.23 Synthesis of 4-(5-(*tert*-butoxy)-5-oxopentynyl)-3-(3-(heptyloxy)propyl)furan-2(5*H*)-one **3ea**. (fjj-4-103)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1e** (240.2 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2a** (200.6 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp*RhCl₂]₂ (15.6 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.6 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μL, d = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3ea** (248.1 mg, 63%) as a brown oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1 (500 mL) to 15/1 (500 mL)]: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.65 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.49-3.30 (m, 4 H, OCH₂ × 2), 2.74 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.53 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.45 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 1.93-1.78 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.63-1.40 (m, 11 H, CH₂ and CH₃ × 3), 1.37-1.21 (m, 8 H, CH₂ × 4), 0.88 (m, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.9, 170.4, 139.9, 134.8, 105.6, 80.9, 71.6, 71.0, 70.8, 69.8, 33.8, 31.6, 29.6, 29.0, 27.9, 27.2, 26.0, 22.4, 21.7, 15.7, 13.9; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 2931, 2857, 2228, 1762, 1732, 1643, 1456, 1368, 1152, 1116, 1083, 1039; MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 335 [(M – *t*-Bu)⁺, 9.13], 57 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₂₃H₃₇O₅ (M + H)⁺: 393.2636; Found:

393.2634.

2.24 Synthesis of 4-(5-(*tert*-butoxy)-5-oxopentynyl)-3-allylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3fa**. (zdj-1-132)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1f** (124.1 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2a** (200.4 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp*RhCl₂]₂ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.5 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μ L, $d = 0.718$ g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL), afforded **2a'** (39.5 mg, 20%) and **3fa** (129.9 mg, 47%) [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1 (1200 mL)].

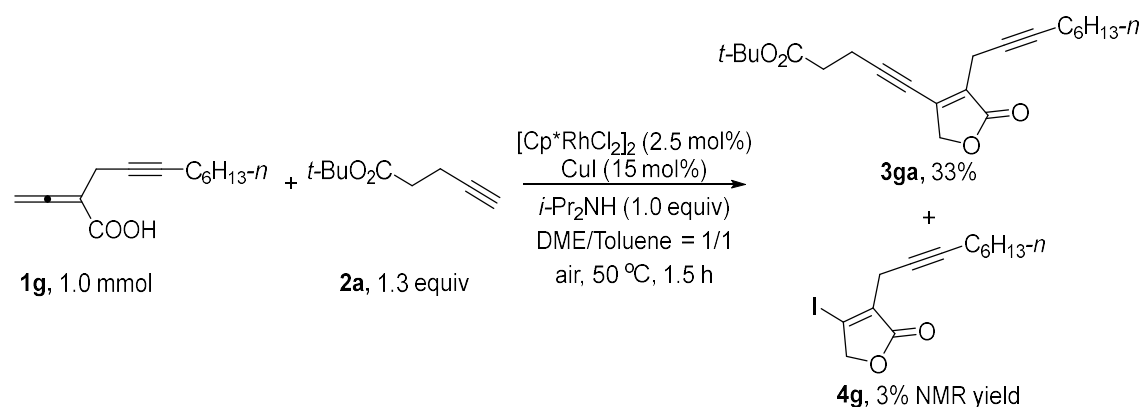
2a': white solid, m.p. 56.0-58.4 °C (determined without recrystallization); ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.60-2.33 (m, 8 H, CH₂ $\times$ 4), 1.45 (s, 18 H, CH₃ $\times$ 6); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 170.8, 80.9, 75.8, 65.6, 34.1, 28.0, 15.2; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 3006, 2979, 2932, 2142, 1728, 1455, 1428, 1388, 1366, 1293, 1254, 1205, 1158; MS (EI): m/z (%) 250 [(M - *t*-Bu + H)⁺, 2.14], 57 (100); Anal. Calcd. for C₁₈H₂₆O₄ (%): C, 70.56; H, 8.55; Found: C, 70.30; H, 8.35.

3fa: light yellow oil; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.99-5.76 (m, 1 H, =CH), 5.21-5.01 (m, 2 H, =CH₂), 4.68 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.12 (d, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.75 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.53 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 1.47 (s, 9 H, CH₃ $\times$ 3); ¹³C NMR

(75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.6, 170.4, 140.6, 132.8, 132.4, 117.0, 106.2, 81.1, 71.5, 71.2, 33.8, 29.0, 27.9, 15.8; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 3075, 2979, 2933, 2228, 1760, 1730, 1643, 1455, 1425, 1393, 1367, 1342, 1298, 1248, 1211, 1152, 1082, 1037; MS (EI): m/z (%) 219 [(M - *t*-Bu)⁺, 7.01], 57 (100); Anal. Calcd. for C₁₆H₂₀O₄ (%): C, 69.55; H, 7.30; Found: C, 69.58; H, 7.32.

2.25 Synthesis of 4-(5-(*tert*-butoxy)-5-oxopentynyl)-3-(non-2-ynyl)furan-2(5*H*)-one

3ga. (fjj-4-120)

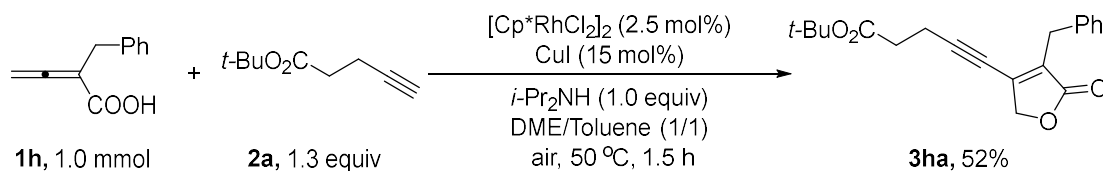


Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1g** (206.3 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2a** (200.5 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp^{*}RhCl₂]₂ (15.6 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.6 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μ L, *d* = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3ga** (118.6 mg, 33%) as a brown oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 50/1 (500 mL) to 25/1 (1000 mL)] together with 3% NMR of **4g**, which was analyzed by ¹H NMR using 46 μ L of mesitylene as the internal standard.

3ga: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.68 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.24 (s, 2 H, CH₂), 2.76 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.54 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.20-2.05 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.57-1.13 (m, 17 H, CH₃ $\times$ 3 and CH₂ $\times$ 4), 0.88 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75

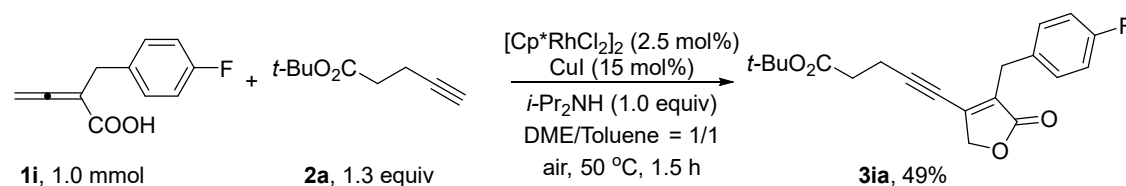
MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.9, 170.4, 140.9, 130.6, 107.3, 81.8, 81.1, 73.5, 71.2, 33.8, 31.2, 28.7, 28.4, 28.0, 22.4, 18.7, 15.9, 14.9, 13.9; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 2932, 2859, 2228, 1764, 1732, 1649, 1368, 1342, 1152, 1037; MS (EI): m/z (%) 301 [(M - *t*-Bu)⁺, 4.00], 57 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₂₂H₃₀O₄Na (M+Na⁺): 381.2036; Found: 381.2039.

2.26 Synthesis of 4-(5-(*tert*-butoxy)-5-oxopentynyl)-3-benzylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3ha**. (zdz-1-083)



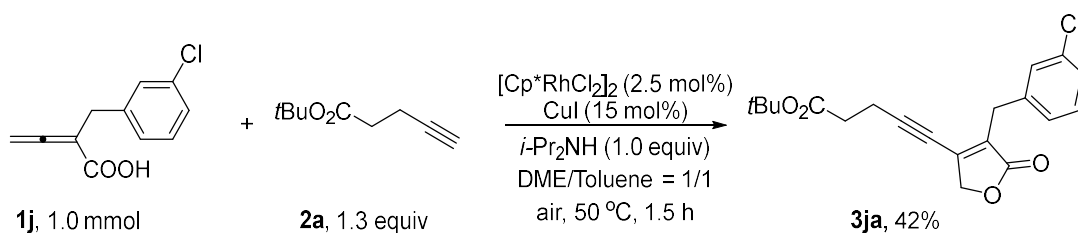
Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1h** (174.2 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2a** (200.9 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp^{*}RhCl₂]₂ (15.4 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.5 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (0.14 mL, d = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL), afforded **3ha** (170.5 mg, 52%) as a yellow oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 15/1 (900 mL) to 10/1 (200 mL)]: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37-7.16 (m, 5 H, ArH), 4.65 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.68 (s, 2 H, CH₂), 2.73 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.51 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 1.46 (s, 9 H, CH₃ × 3); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.7, 170.4, 140.5, 137.2, 134.1, 128.8, 128.4, 126.6, 106.3, 81.1, 71.7, 71.1, 33.8, 30.8, 27.9, 15.8; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 3062, 3029, 2978, 2931, 2226, 1758, 1729, 1642, 1598, 1495, 1455, 1429, 1393, 1367, 1343, 1247, 1211, 1152, 1085, 1035; MS (EI): m/z (%) 327 [(M + H)⁺, 40.36], 57 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₂₀H₂₂O₄Na (M + Na)⁺: 349.1410; Found: 349.1408.

2.27 Synthesis of 4-(5-(*tert*-butoxy)-5-oxopentynyl)-3-(4-fluorobenzyl)furan-2(5*H*)-one **3ia**. (fjj-4-086)



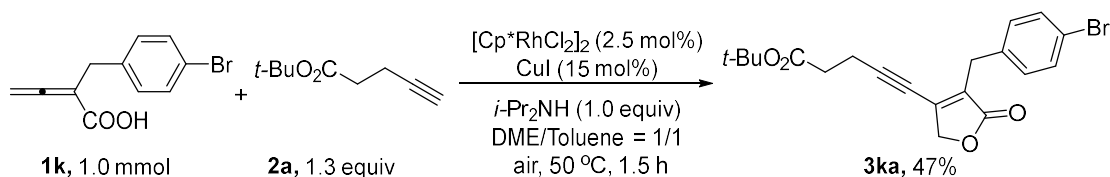
Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1i** (192.2 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2a** (202.0 mg, 1.3 mmol), $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.5 mg, 0.15 mmol), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (140 μL , $d = 0.718 \text{ g/mL}$, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3ia** (168.4 mg, 49%) as a brown oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1 (1000 mL) to 15/1 (500 mL)]: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.28 (t, $J = 6.9 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, ArH), 6.97 (t, $J = 8.7 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, ArH), 4.67 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 3.65 (s, 2 H, CH_2), 2.75 (t, $J = 7.2 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 2.53 (t, $J = 7.2 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 1.46 (s, 9 H, $\text{CH}_3 \times 3$); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.6, 170.5, 161.7 ($J = 243.4 \text{ Hz}$), 140.6, 134.0, 133.0 ($J = 3.5 \text{ Hz}$), 130.4 ($J = 7.6 \text{ Hz}$), 115.3 ($J = 20.6 \text{ Hz}$), 106.5, 81.2, 71.6, 71.2, 33.8, 30.0, 28.0, 15.8; ^{19}F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -116.7; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 2979, 2930, 2226, 1759, 1729, 1509, 1367, 1343, 1222, 1154, 1036; MS (EI): m/z (%) 288 [($\text{M} - t\text{-Bu} + \text{H}$) $^+$, 41.98], 287 [($\text{M} - t\text{-Bu}$) $^+$, 32.05], 57 (100); HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{21}\text{FO}_4\text{Na}$ ($\text{M} + \text{Na}^+$): 367.1316; Found: 367.1317.

2.28 Synthesis of 4-(5-(*tert*-butoxy)-5-oxopentynyl)-3-(3-chlorobenzyl)furan-2(5*H*)-one **3ja**. (fjj-4-096)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1a** (208.6 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2e** (200.6 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp*RhCl₂]₂ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.6 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μL, d = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3ae** (151.5 mg, 42%) as a yellow oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1 (1000 mL) to 15/1 (500 mL)]: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36-7.14 (m, 4 H, ArH), 4.69 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.66 (s, 2 H, CH₂), 2.75 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.54 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 1.46 (s, 9 H, CH₃ × 3); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.5, 170.4, 141.1, 139.1, 134.1, 133.3, 129.7, 128.9, 127.0, 126.8, 106.9, 81.1, 71.5, 71.2, 33.7, 30.4, 27.9, 15.8; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 2979, 2932, 2226, 1760, 1729, 1642, 1475, 1432, 1367, 1341, 1152, 1082, 1036; MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 306 [(M(³⁷Cl) – *t*-Bu + H)⁺, 9.72], 305 [(M(³⁷Cl) – *t*-Bu)⁺, 13.06], 304 [(M(³⁵Cl) – *t*-Bu + H)⁺, 26.39], 304 [(M(³⁵Cl) – *t*-Bu)⁺, 16.73], 57 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₂₀H₂₂³⁵ClO₄ (M + H)⁺: 361.1201; Found: 361.1204.

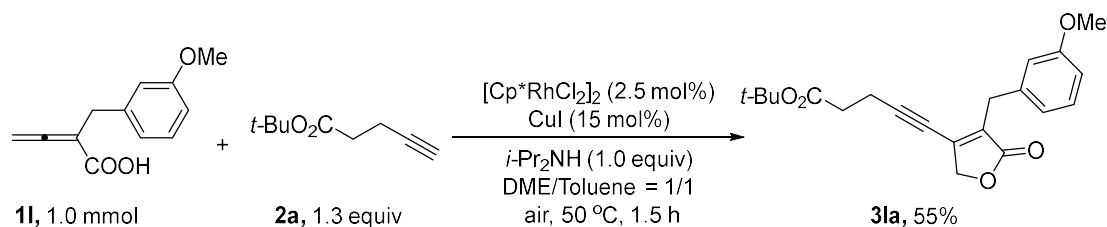
2.29 Synthesis of 4-(5-(*tert*-butoxy)-5-oxopentynyl)-3-(4-bromobenzyl)furan-2(5*H*)-one **3ka**. (syq-1-083, syq-1-088)



Following **typical procedure**: the reaction of **1k** (253.3 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2a** (199.6

mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp*RhCl₂]₂ (15.3 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.6 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μL, d = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded impure **3ka** (198.6 mg) after chromatography on silica gel [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1 (600 mL) to 10/1 (200 mL) then 8/1 (400 mL)]. The impure **3ka** was further purified via chromatography on silica gel [eluent: petroleum ether/dichloromethane = 1/3 (200 mL) to 1/6 (600 mL)] to afford pure **3ka** (189.8 mg, 47%) as an oil: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 7.19 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 4.66 (s, 2 H, CH₂), 3.62 (s, 2 H, CH₂), 2.74 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.51 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 1.46 (s, 9 H, CH₃ × 3); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.4, 170.3, 140.8, 136.2, 133.4, 131.4, 130.6, 120.5, 106.7, 81.1, 71.5, 71.2, 33.7, 30.2, 27.9, 15.8; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 2978, 2929, 2219, 1760, 1728, 1643, 1488, 1367, 1342, 1247, 1152, 1082, 1036, 1012; MS (EI) *m/z* (%): 350 [(M(⁸¹Br) – *t*-Bu)⁺, 6.87], 348 [(M(⁷⁹Br) – *t*-Bu)⁺, 7.04], 165 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₂₀H₂₁⁷⁹BrO₄Na (M + Na)⁺: 427.0515; Found: 427.0517.

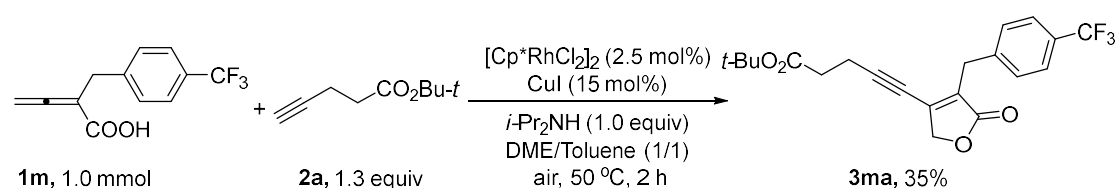
2.30 Synthesis of 4-(5-(*tert*-butoxy)-5-oxopentynyl)-3-(3-methoxybenzyl)furan-2(5*H*)-one **3la**. (zdj-1-129)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1l** (204.1 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2a** (200.6 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp*RhCl₂]₂ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.6 mg, 0.15 mmol), and

i-Pr₂NH (140 μ L, *d* = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3la** (194.6 mg, 55%) as a brown oil [eluent: petroleum ether/dichloromethane = 1/50 (900 mL)]: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.20 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1 H, ArH), 6.98-6.83 (m, 2 H, ArH), 6.80-6.70 (m, 1 H, ArH), 4.66 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.79 (s, 3 H, OCH₃), 3.65 (s, 2 H, CH₂), 2.74 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.52 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 1.46 (s, 9 H, CH₃ $\times$ 3); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.7, 170.4, 159.6, 140.6, 138.7, 134.0, 129.4, 121.1, 114.5, 112.0, 106.3, 81.1, 71.7, 71.1, 55.0, 33.8, 30.8, 28.0, 15.8; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 3058, 2977, 2932, 2834, 2225, 1759, 1729, 1641, 1600, 1585, 1490, 1455, 1436, 1393, 1367, 1341, 1260, 1211, 1151, 1082, 1036; MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 356 (M⁺, 8.88), 57 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₂₁H₂₄O₅Na (M + Na)⁺: 379.1516; Found: 379.1515.

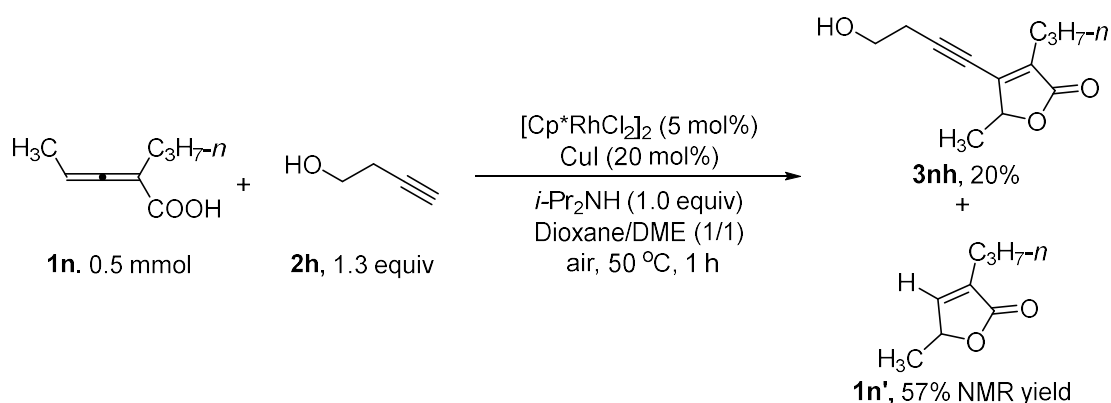
2.31 Synthesis of 4-(5-(*tert*-butoxy)-5-oxopentynyl)-3-(4-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)furan-2(5*H*)-one **3ma**. (zdj-1-092)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1m** (242.3 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2a** (200.5 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp^{*}RhCl₂]₂ (15.3 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.4 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μ L, *d* = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded impure **3ma** (169.5 mg) as a solid after chromatography on silica gel [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 15/1 (1200 mL)]. The impure **3ma** was further purified via recrystallization (petroleum ether) at -20 °C to afford pure **3ma**

(93.2 mg). The mother liquid was further purified via recrystallization (petroleum ether) at -20 °C to afford pure **3ma** (36.1 mg). Repeat it again to afford pure **3ma** (8.0 mg). Total afforded pure **3ma** (137.3 mg, 35%) as a light yellow solid, m.p. 70.3-71.2 °C (petroleum ether): ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 7.43 (t, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2 H, ArH), 4.69 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.74 (s, 2 H, CH₂), 2.73 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.50 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 1.45 (s, 9 H, CH₃ × 3); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.5, 170.4, 141.3, 133.1, 129.2, 129.0 (q, *J* = 32.2 Hz), 125.4 (q, *J* = 3.7 Hz), 124.1 (q, *J* = 270.3 Hz), 107.0, 81.2, 71.5, 71.3, 33.8, 30.6, 27.9, 15.8; ¹⁹F NMR (282 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -63.0; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 2981, 2931, 2226, 1759, 1729, 1644, 1618, 1581, 1420, 1368, 1326, 1248, 1157, 1123, 1111, 1066, 1037, 1020; MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 337 [(M - *t*-Bu)⁺, 46.75], 57 (100); Anal. Calcd. for C₂₁H₂₁F₃O₄ (%): C, 63.95; H, 5.37; Found: C, 63.71; H, 5.43.

2.32 Synthesis of 4-(4-hydroxybutynyl)-5-methyl-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3nh**. (zdj-2-003)

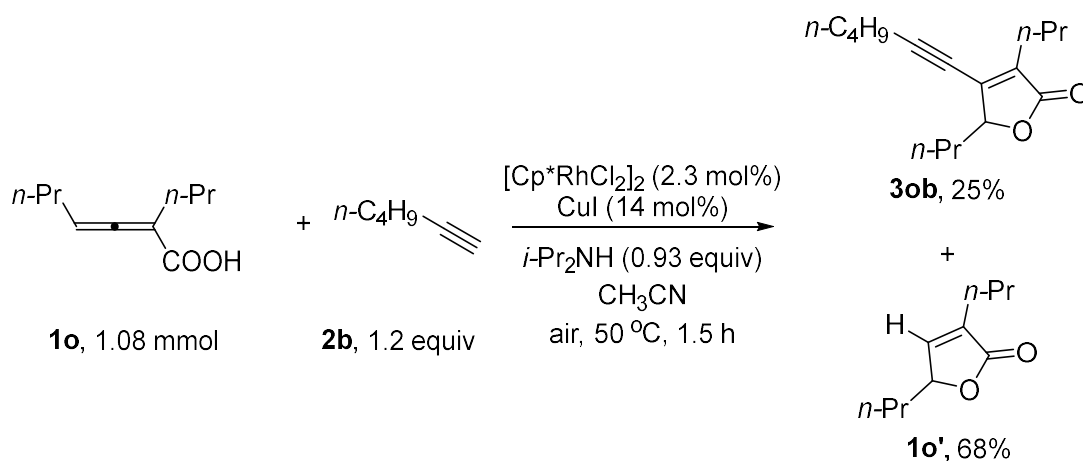


Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1n** (70.1 mg, 0.5 mmol), **2h** (49 μL, d = 0.926 g/mL, 45.4 mg, 0.65 mmol), [Cp*RhCl₂]₂ (15.6 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (19.0

mg, 0.1 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (70 μ L, *d* = 0.718 g/mL, 50.3 mg, 0.5 mmol) in dioxane (3.5 mL) and DME (3.5 mL) afforded **3nh** (20.4 mg, 20%) [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4/1 (1000 mL)] together with 57% NMR of **1n'**, which was analyzed by ¹H NMR using 23 μ L of mesitylene as the internal standard.

3nh: colorless oil; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.87 (q, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 1 H, OCH), 3.84 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 2.77 (t, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.34 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 1.97 (s, 1 H, OH), 1.71-1.52 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.47 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 0.94 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.6, 145.2, 135.0, 104.6, 78.7, 73.0, 60.6, 26.8, 24.1, 20.8, 18.9, 13.8; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 3446, 2962, 2933, 2874, 2224, 1756, 1639, 1455, 1365, 1316, 1191, 1112, 1047; MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 208 (M⁺, 5.35), 91 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₁₂H₁₆O₃ (M⁺): 208.1099; Found: 208.1101.

2.33 Synthesis of 4-(hexynyl)-3,5-dipropylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3ob**. (fjj-6-096)



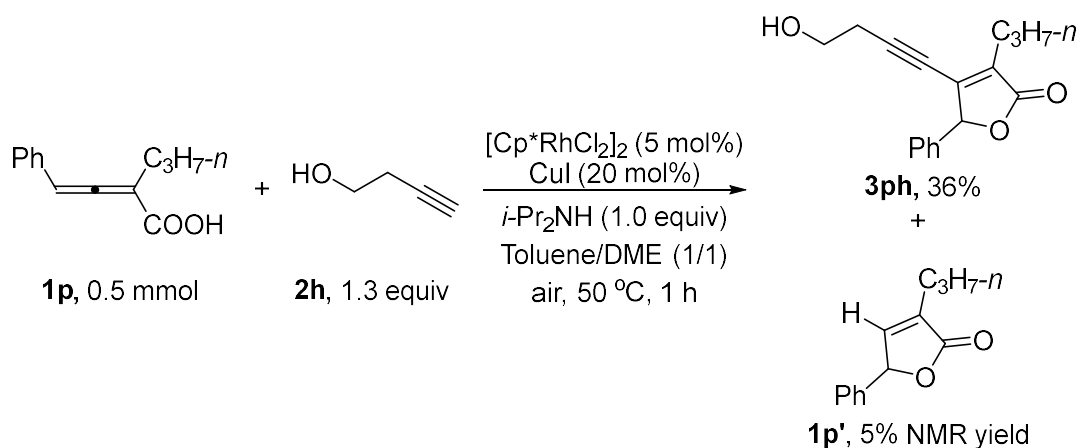
To a 100 mL dry Schlenk tube were added [Cp*RhCl₂]₂ (15.6 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.6 mg, 0.15 mmol), **1o** (182.1 mg, 1.08 mmol), CH₃CN (2.5 mL), **2b** (107.0 mg, 1.3 mmol), CH₃CN (2.5 mL), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μ L, *d* = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0

mmol) sequentially. After being stirred at 50 °C under air atmosphere for 1.5 h, the reaction was complete as monitored by TLC. The resulting mixture was filtrated through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl acetate (20 mL $\times$ 3). The combined filtrate was then concentrated in vacuo and the crude residue was purified via chromatography on silica gel [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1 (400 mL) to 15/1 (300 mL)] to afford **3ob** (70.1 mg, 25%, 95% purity) and **1o'** (123.0 mg, 68%).

3ob: brown oil; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.78 (dd, $J_1 = 7.2$ Hz, $J_2 = 3.3$ Hz, 1 H, OCH), 2.49 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 2.33 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 1.97-1.87 (m, 1 H, one proton of CH_2), 1.66-1.37 (m, 9 H, $\text{CH}_2 \times 4$ and one proton of CH_2), 1.02-0.88 (m, 9 H, $\text{CH}_3 \times 3$); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.9, 144.7, 134.6, 108.4, 82.1, 71.9, 34.9, 30.2, 26.8, 21.8, 20.9, 19.5, 17.7, 13.7, 13.4; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 2961, 2934, 2874, 2223, 1760, 1640, 1464, 1365, 1333, 1189, 1114, 1093, 1061, 1022; MS (EI): m/z (%) 248 (M^+ , 3.44), 177 (100); HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_2\text{Na}$ ($\text{M} + \text{Na}$) $^+$: 271.1669; Found: 271.1669.

1o': oil; ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.06 (s, 1 H, =CH), 5.02-4.82 (m, 1 H, OCH), 2.25 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 1.77-1.68 (m, 1 H, one proton of CH_2), 1.67-1.54 (m, 3 H, CH_2 and one proton of CH_2), 1.54-1.38 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 1.03-0.89 (m, 6 H, $\text{CH}_3 \times 2$); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 173.8, 148.1, 133.8, 80.8, 35.3, 26.9, 20.5, 18.1, 13.5, 13.4; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 2962, 2935, 2875, 1755, 1465, 1337, 1200, 1114, 1061, 1026; MS (EI): m/z (%) 168 (M^+ , 38.16), 97 (100); HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}_2\text{Na}$ ($\text{M} + \text{Na}$) $^+$: 191.1043; Found: 191.1042.

2.34 Synthesis of 4-(4-hydroxybutynyl)-5-phenyl-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3ph**. (fjj-3-177)

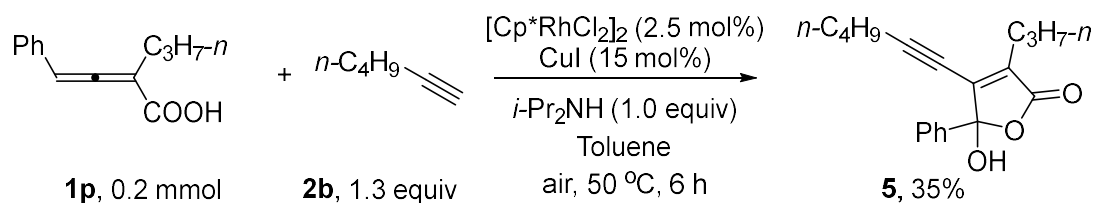


Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1p** (101.5 mg, 0.5 mmol), **2h** (49 μL , $d = 0.963 \text{ g/mL}$, 47.2 mg, 0.65 mmol), $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (19.2 mg, 0.1 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (70 μL , $d = 0.718 \text{ g/mL}$, 50.3 mg, 0.5 mmol) in toluene (3.5 mL) and DME (3.5 mL) afforded **3ph** (48.7 mg, 36%) [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1 (500 mL) to 5/1 (1000 mL)] together with 5% NMR of **1p'**, which was analyzed by ¹H NMR using 23 μL of mesitylene as the internal standard.

3ph: yellow oil; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44-7.33 (m, 3 H, ArH), 7.33-7.22 (m, 2 H, ArH), 5.72 (s, 1 H, OCH), 3.68 (t, $J = 6.3 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH₂), 2.63 (t, $J = 6.3 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH₂), 2.41 (t, $J = 7.5 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH₂), 1.87 (bs, 1 H, OH), 1.74-1.56 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 0.96 (t, $J = 7.4 \text{ Hz}$, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.8, 143.9, 134.72, 143.65, 129.2, 128.7, 126.5, 105.1, 83.4, 73.3, 60.5, 26.9, 24.1, 20.9, 13.8; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 3459, 2962, 2874, 2228, 1753, 1637, 1456, 1364, 1001; MS (EI): m/z (%) 270 (M^+ , 11.83), 105 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₁₇H₁₈O₃ (M^+): 270.1256; Found: 270.1256.

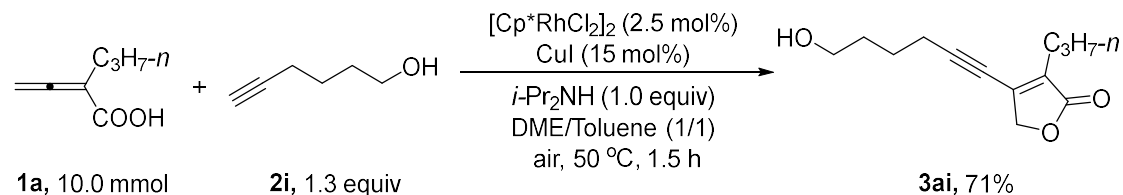
2.35 Synthesis of 4-(hexynyl)-5-hydroxy-5-phenyl-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **5**. (fjj-6-

094)



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1p** (40.4 mg, 0.2 mmol), **2b** (22.0 mg, 0.26 mmol), $[Cp^*RhCl_2]_2$ (3.1 mg, 0.005 mmol), CuI (5.6 mg, 0.03 mmol), and $i-Pr_2NH$ (28 μ L, $d = 0.718$ g/mL, 20.1 mg, 0.2 mmol) in toluene (1 mL) afforded **5** (20.8 mg, 35%) as an oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 10/1 (500 mL)]: 1H NMR (500 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 7.66-7.48 (m, 2 H, ArH), 7.48-7.30 (m, 3 H, ArH), 3.92 (s, 1 H, OH), 2.44 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 2.35 (t, $J = 7.8$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 1.67-1.57 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 1.57-1.47 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 1.43-1.33 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 0.98-0.84 (m, 6 H, $CH_3 \times 2$); ^{13}C NMR (125 MHz, $CDCl_3$) δ 171.9, 145.0, 137.1, 134.8, 129.4, 128.4, 125.8, 110.3, 104.2, 71.6, 30.1, 26.8, 21.8, 20.9, 19.7, 13.8, 13.4; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 3367, 2961, 2933, 2873, 2222, 1764, 1647, 1452, 1362, 1213, 1142, 1072; MS (EI): m/z (%) 298 (M^+ , 10.51), 176 (100); HRMS Calcd for $C_{19}H_{22}O_3Na$ ($M + Na$) $^+$: 321.1461; Found: 321.1462.

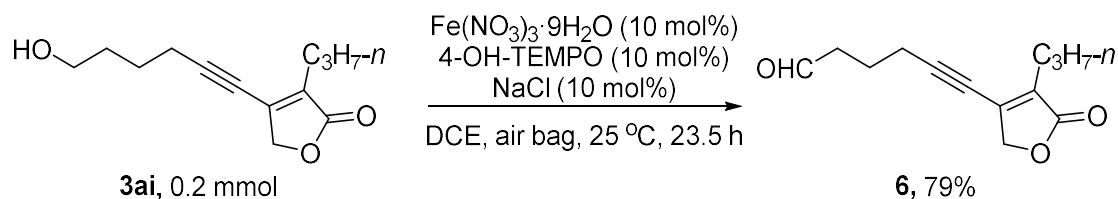
3. Gram-Scale Reaction (zdj-1-148)



To a 1000 mL three-necked flask equipped with a magnetic stirring bar were added $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (154.3 mg, 0.25 mmol), CuI (285.8 mg, 1.5 mmol), **1a** (1.2625 g, 10.0 mmol), **2i** (1.2741 g, 13.0 mmol), toluene (25 mL), DME (25 mL), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (1.4 mL, $d = 0.718 \text{ g/mL}$, 1005.2 mg, 10.0 mmol) sequentially. The reaction flask was put into an oil bath preheated at $50 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ and the reaction was complete after being stirred for 1.5 h as monitored by TLC. The resulting mixture was filtered through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl acetate ($100 \text{ mL} \times 3$) and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residual was purified via chromatography on silica gel to afford **3ai** (1.5718 g, 71%) as a yellow oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4/1 (2500 mL) to 2/1 (600 mL)]: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.68 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 3.69 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.53 (t, $J = 6.5 \text{ Hz}$, 2 H, CH_2), 2.43-2.16 (m, 3 H, CH_2 and OH), 1.82-1.43 (m, 6 H, $\text{CH}_2 \times 3$), 0.94 (t, $J = 7.2 \text{ Hz}$, 3 H, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.5, 140.7, 134.5, 107.3, 71.6, 71.2, 61.8, 31.5, 26.6, 24.4, 20.7, 19.6, 13.7.

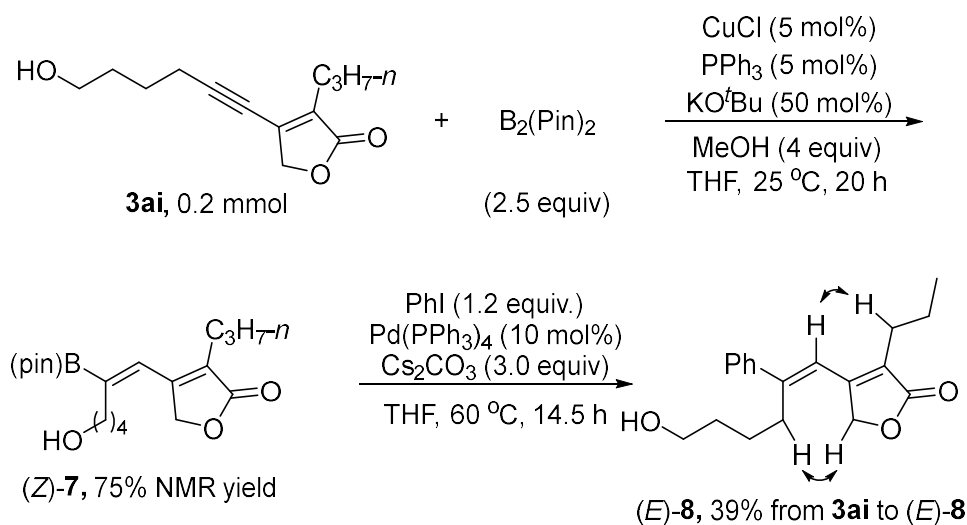
4. Synthetic Applications.

4.1 Synthesis of 4-(6-oxohexynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **6**.⁷ (zdj-1-180)



To a 25 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stirring bar were added Fe(NO₃)₃·9H₂O (8.1 mg, 0.02 mmol), 4-OH-TEMPO (3.5 mg, 0.02 mmol), NaCl (1.2 mg, 0.02 mmol), **3ai** (44.3 mg, 0.2 mmol), and DCE (0.8 mL) sequentially. The Schlenk tube was then connected with an air bag. The resulting mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 23.5 h as monitored by TLC, filtered through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl ether (10 mL × 3), and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residual was purified via chromatography on silica gel to afford **6** (32.1 mg, 79%) as a colorless oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl ether = 3/1 (600 mL)]: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.83 (s, 1 H, CHO), 4.67 (s, 2 H, OCH₂), 2.73-2.46 (m, 4 H, CH₂ × 2), 2.36 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.05-1.86 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.69-1.50 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 0.94 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3 H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.1, 174.2, 140.1, 135.2, 105.7, 72.4, 71.1, 42.5, 26.8, 20.8, 20.5, 19.2, 13.8; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 2963, 2874, 2219, 1754, 1637, 1452, 1370, 1344, 1085, 1028; MS (EI): *m/z* (%) 191 [(M - CHO)⁺, 67.20], 91 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₁₃H₁₆O₃ (M⁺): 220.1099; Found: 220.1099.

4.2. Synthesis of (*E*)-4-(5-hydroxy-2-phenylpentenyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one (*E*)-**8**.⁸ (zdj-1-169, zdj-1-170)



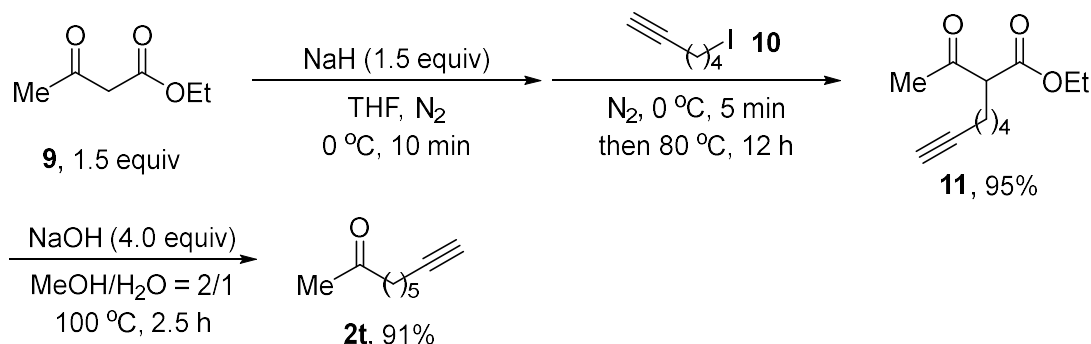
To a 25 mL Schlenk tube with polytetrafluoroethylene plug were added PPh_3 (2.5 mg, 0.01 mmol), KO^tBu (11.1 mg, 0.1 mmol), $\text{B}_2(\text{pin})_2$ (127.0 mg, 0.5 mmol), and CuCl (1.1 mg, 0.01 mmol) THF (1 mL) sequentially under nitrogen atmosphere. The resulting mixture was stirred for 5 min, followed by the addition **3ai** (44.5 mg, 0.2 mmol), THF (1 mL), and MeOH (32 μL , $d = 0.7918 \text{ g/mL}$, 25.3 mg, 0.8 mmol) under nitrogen atmosphere. The resulting mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 20 h, filtered through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl acetate (10 mL $\times$ 3), and concentrated in vacuo. To the crude residue was added 9.2 μL of mesitylene as the internal standard: 75% NMR yield of **(Z)-7** was determined by ^1H NMR analysis of the crude product. After removing CDCl_3 in vacuo, the crude product **(Z)-7** was used without further purification.

To a 25 mL flame-dried Schlenk tube were added $\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (23.2 mg, 0.02 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (196.1 mg, 0.6 mmol), a solution of the above crude product **(Z)-7** in THF (2 mL), and PhI (27 μL , $d = 1.82 \text{ g/mL}$, 49.2 mg, 0.24 mmol) sequentially under nitrogen atmosphere. The resulting mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 14.5 h, filtered through a

short column of silica gel (3 cm) eluted with ethyl acetate (10 mL $\times$ 3), and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residual was purified via chromatography on silica gel to afford (*E*)-**8** (23.5 mg, 39% from **3ai** to (*E*)-**8**) as a colorless oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 4/1 (1000 mL)]: ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.55-7.30 (m, 5 H, ArH), 6.50 (s, 1 H, =CH), 5.12 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 3.62 (t, J = 6.0 Hz, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.62 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 2.36 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 1.80-1.32 (m, 7 H, OH and $\text{CH}_2 \times 3$), 0.94 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3 H, CH_3); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 174.7, 153.6, 149.9, 142.0, 129.0, 128.6, 128.4, 126.6, 118.1, 70.9, 62.1, 32.30, 32.25, 25.8, 25.6, 21.5, 13.9; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 3446, 2959, 2932, 2871, 1747, 1626, 1445, 1375, 1344, 1192, 1114, 1074, 1038; MS (EI): m/z (%) 300 (M^+ , 56.14), 91 (100); HRMS Calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_3$ (M^+): 300.1725; Found: 300.1725.

5. Synthesis of naturally occurring *Appenolide A*.

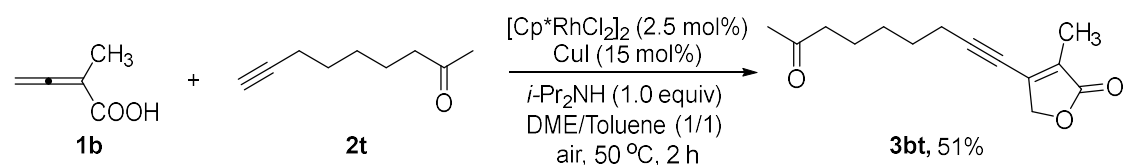
5.1 Synthesis of non-8-yn-2-one **2t**. (zdj-2-035, zdj-2-037)



To an over dried three-necked flask equipped with a magnetic stirring bar were added NaH (0.6021 g, 60% dispersion in mineral oil, 15 mmol). After degassing under vacuum and backfilling with nitrogen for three times, THF (15 mL) was added. Then the resulting mixture was put into an ice-water bath, cooled to 0 °C. Ethyl acetoacetate **9** (1.9 mL, d = 1.0282 g/mL, 1953.6 mg, 15 mmol) was added dropwise for 10 min and 6-iodohexyne **10** (2.0804 g, 10 mmol) was added dropwise for 5 min at 0 °C sequentially under nitrogen atmosphere. Then the resulting mixture was put into an oil bath preheated at 80 °C. The reaction was complete after being stirred for 12 h as monitored by TLC, quenched with a saturated aqueous NH₄Cl solution, and extracted with dichloromethane (30 mL × 3). The combined organic extract was washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated. The crude residual was purified via chromatography on silica gel [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 20/1 (1000 mL)] to afford **11**^{9a} as a liquid (2.0067 g, 95%): ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.20 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 3.42 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1 H, CH), 2.31-2.14 (m, 5 H, CH₃ and CH₂), 1.95 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1 H, ≡CH), 1.92-1.79 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.62-1.48 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.48-1.33 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.28 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3 H, CH₃).

To a round-bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stirring bar were added **11** (2.0020 g, 9.5 mmol), MeOH (30 mL), H₂O (15 mL), and NaOH (1.5469 g, 38 mmol) sequentially. The reaction was complete after stirring in an oil bath preheated at 100 °C for 2.5 h as monitored by TLC. The resulting mixture was cooled to room temperature, evaporated under vacuum, extracted with ethyl ether (20 mL × 3). The combine organic extract was washed with brine three times, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtered, and concentrated to afford **2t**^{9b} as a liquid (1.1975 g, 91%): ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.45 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.22 (td, *J*₁ = 6.9 Hz, *J*₂ = 2.7 Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.14 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 1.94 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1 H, ≡CH), 1.66-1.47 (m, 4 H, CH₂ × 2), 1.47-1.33 (m, 2 H, CH₂).

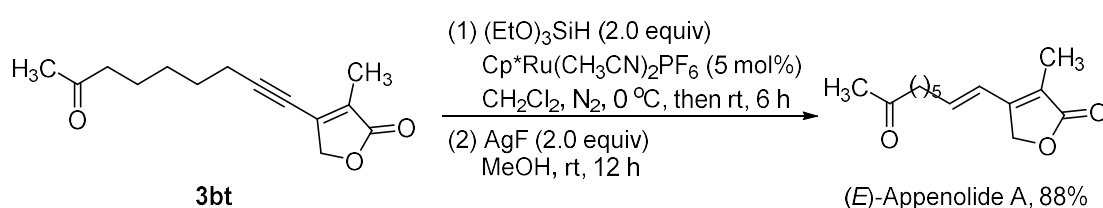
5.2 Synthesis of 3-methyl-4-(8-oxononyl)-furan-2(5*H*)-one **3bt** (zjd-2-032).



Following **Typical Procedure**, the reaction of **1b** (98.2 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2t** (179.8 mg, 1.3 mmol), [Cp*RhCl₂]₂ (15.5 mg, 0.025 mmol), CuI (28.7 mg, 0.15 mmol), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μL, *d* = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) in DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL) afforded **3bt** (119.0 mg, 51%) as a colorless oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 5/1 (900 mL)]: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.71-4.63 (m, 2 H, OCH₂), 2.54-2.42 (m, 4 H, CH₂ × 2), 2.15 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 1.95 (s, 3 H, CH₃), 1.68-1.56 (m, 4 H, CH₂ × 2), 1.50-1.36 (m, 2 H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.8, 174.6, 140.5, 130.8, 107.5, 71.5, 71.2, 43.3, 29.8, 28.2, 27.9, 23.0, 19.6, 9.9; IR (neat) *ν* (cm⁻¹) 2936,

2862, 2222, 1759, 1714, 1646, 1452, 1338, 1210, 1160, 1076, 1038; MS (EI): m/z (%) 234 (M^+ , 46.3), 149 (100); HRMS Calcd for $C_{14}H_{18}O_3$ (M^+): 234.1256; Found: 234.1254.

5.3 Synthesis of (*E*)-Appenolide A. (fjj-5-045)

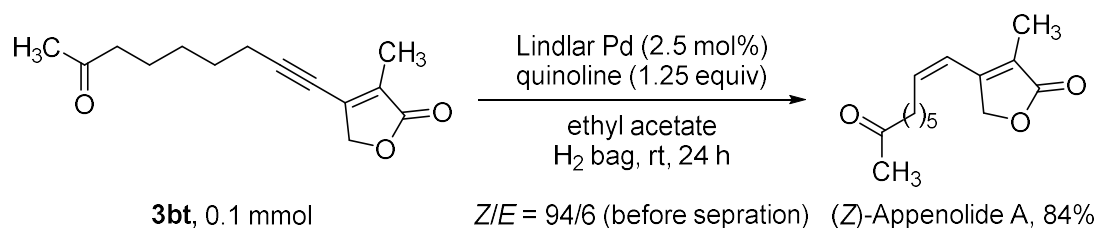


To a 25 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stirring bar were added **3bt** (68.9 mg, 0.3 mmol) and CH_2Cl_2 (3 mL) under nitrogen atmosphere. After cooling down to 0 °C, $\text{Cp}^*\text{Ru}(\text{CH}_3\text{CN})_2\text{PF}_6$ (7.6 mg, 0.015 mmol) and $(\text{EtO})_3\text{SiH}$ (111 μL , $d = 0.89\text{ g/mL}$, 98.8 mg, 0.6 mmol,) were added sequentially. Then the reaction was stirring at room temperature for 6 h, filtered through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl acetate (10 mL $\times$ 3), and concentrated in vacuo to afford crude residual.

To a 25 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stirring bar were added the crude residual, MeOH (6 mL), and AgF (76.0 mg, 0.6 mmol) sequentially under nitrogen atmosphere. The reaction was complete after stirring at room temperature for 12 h as monitored by TLC. The resulting mixture was filtered through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl acetate (20 mL $\times$ 3), and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residual was purified via chromatography on silica gel to afford (*E*)-Appenolide A¹⁰ (60.9 mg, 88%) as a colorless oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate = 4/1 (500 mL)

to 3/1 (500 mL)]: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.39 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz, 1 H, =CH), 6.02 (dt, $J_1 = 16.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.0$ Hz, 1 H, =CH), 4.85 (d, $J = 1.2$ Hz, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.45 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 2.25 (q, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 2.15 (s, 3 H, CH_3), 1.90 (s, 3 H, CH_3), 1.65-1.54 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 1.54-1.42 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 1.39-1.28 (m, 2 H, CH_2); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 208.9 175.5, 153.4, 139.0, 121.3, 120.6, 69.3, 43.3, 33.0, 29.8, 28.5, 28.3, 23.3, 8.5; IR (neat) ν (cm^{-1}) 2931, 2858, 1748, 1713, 1661, 1344, 1082, 1033; MS (EI): m/z (%) 236 (M^+ , 44.25), 43 (100).

5.4 Synthesis of (*Z*)-Appenolide A. (fjj-5-086 and fjj-5-036)

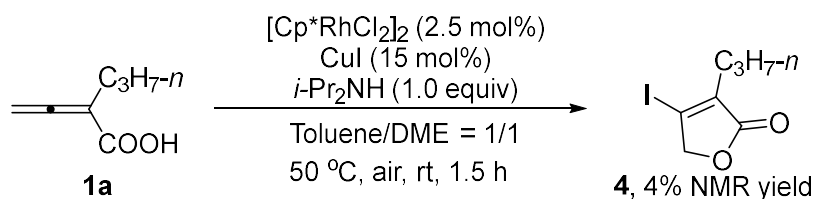


To a 25 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a magnetic stirring bar were added 5 wt.% Lindlar Pd (5.4 mg, 0.0025 mmol), **3bt** (23.0 mg, 0.1 mmol), ethyl acetate (2 mL), and quinoline (16.1 mg, 0.125 mmol) sequentially. The Schlenk tube was then connected with a hydrogen bag. After degassing under vacuum and backfilling with hydrogen for three times, the resulting mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 h as monitored by TLC, filtered through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl acetate (20 mL $\times$ 3), and concentrated in vacuo. The crude residual ($Z/E = 94/6$) was purified via chromatography on silica gel to afford (*Z*)-Appenolide A (19.5 mg, 84%) as a colorless oil [eluent: petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate = 7/1 (500 mL) to 5/1 (300 mL)]: ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.24 (d, $J = 12.0$ Hz, 1 H, =CH), 5.87 (dt, $J_1 = 11.6$ Hz, $J_2 = 7.6$

Hz, 1 H, =CH), 4.95 (d, $J = 1.2$ Hz, 2 H, OCH₂), 2.45 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2 H, CH₂), 2.22-2.08 (m, 5 H, CH₂ and CH₃), 1.89 (t, $J = 1.6$ Hz, 3 H, CH₃), 1.64-1.54 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.54-1.43 (m, 2 H, CH₂), 1.38-1.29 (m, 2 H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.8, 175.0, 153.5, 139.8, 124.0, 119.0, 71.2, 43.3, 30.0, 29.9, 29.2, 28.7, 23.4, 8.9; IR (neat) ν (cm⁻¹) 2931, 2858, 1748, 1714, 1650, 1360, 1084, 1032; MS (EI): m/z (%) 236 (M⁺, 74.0), 151 (100); HRMS Calcd for C₁₄H₂₀O₃Na (M+Na)⁺: 259.1305; Found: 259.1304.

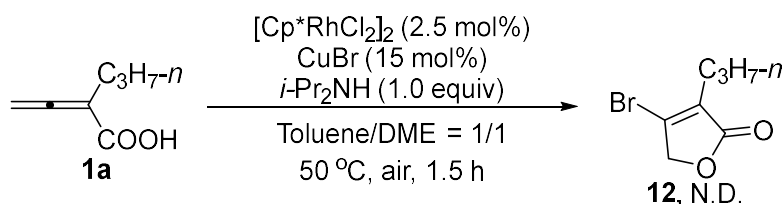
6. Mechanistic Studies

6.1 The reaction of **1a** under the standard conditions without terminal alkyne. (zdj-1-123)



To a 25 mL dried Schlenk tube were added $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (3.1 mg, 0.005 mmol), CuI (5.8 mg, 0.03 mmol), **1a** (25.2 mg, 0.2 mmol), DME (0.5 mL), toluene (0.5 mL), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (28 μL , $d = 0.718 \text{ g/mL}$, 20.1 mg, 0.2 mmol) sequentially under air atmosphere. After being continuously stirred at 50 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 1.5 h, the reaction was complete as monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC). After filtration through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl acetate (10 mL $\times$ 3), the combined filtrate was concentrated in vacuo. To the crude residue was added 23 μL of mesitylene as the internal standard: 4% NMR yield of **4** was determined by ^1H NMR analysis of the crude product.

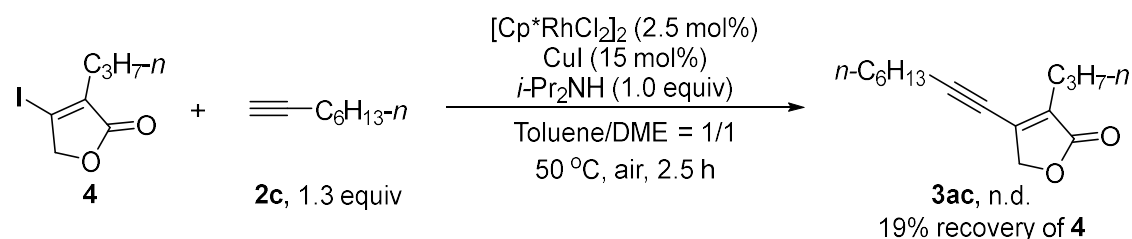
6.2 The reaction of **1a** under the Standard Conditions using CuBr. (zdj-1-128)



To a 25 mL dried Schlenk tube were added CuBr (4.1 mg, 0.03 mmol) in glove box. After being removed from the glove box, $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (3.1 mg, 0.005 mmol), **1a** (25.3 mg, 0.2 mmol), DME (0.5 mL), toluene (0.5 mL), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (28 μL , $d = 0.718 \text{ g/mL}$, 20.1 mg, 0.2 mmol) were added sequentially under air atmosphere. After being

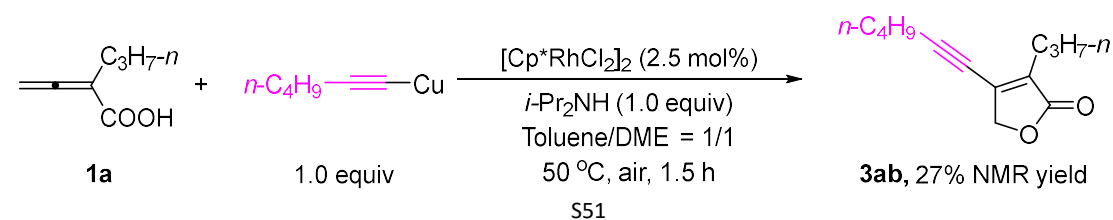
continuously stirred at 50 °C for 1.5 h, the reaction was complete as monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC). After filtration through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl acetate (10 mL $\times$ 3), the combined filtrate was then concentrated in vacuo and analyzed by ^1H NMR using 23 μL of mesitylene as the internal standard. No signal of 4-bromo-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **12** was found.

6.3 The reaction of **4** and **2c** under the Standard Conditions. (zdj-1-016)



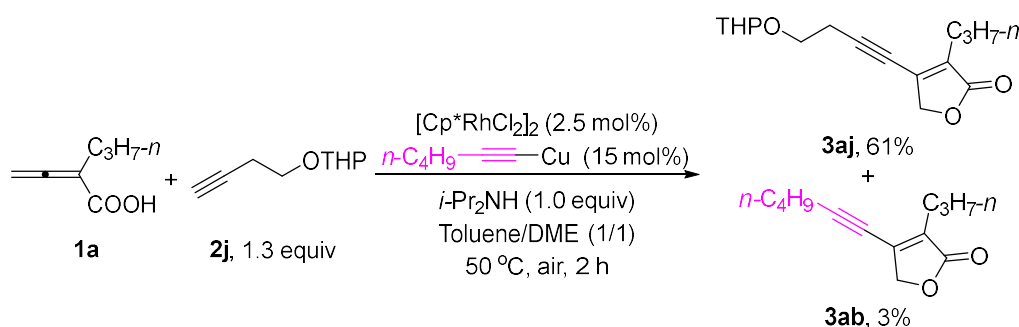
To a 25 mL dry Schlenk tube were added $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (3.1 mg, 0.005 mmol), CuI (5.8 mg, 0.03 mmol), **4** (50.5 mg, 0.2 mmol), **2c** (29.1 mg, 0.26 mmol), DME (0.5 mL), toluene (0.5 mL), and $i\text{-Pr}_2\text{NH}$ (28 μL , $d = 0.718 \text{ g/mL}$, 20.1 mg, 0.2 mmol) sequentially under air atmosphere. After being continuously stirred at 50 °C for 2.5 h, the resulting mixture was filtrated through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl acetate (10 mL $\times$ 3). The combined filtrate was then concentrated in vacuo and analyzed by ^1H NMR using 23 μL of mesitylene as the internal standard. No signal of 4-(octynyl)-3-propylfuran-2(5*H*)-one **3ac** was found, and 19% recovery of **4** was determined.

6.4 Synthesis of **3ab** using hexynylcopper instead of alkyne and CuI . (fjj-4-066)



To a 25 mL dry Schlenk tube were added $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (3.0 mg, 0.005 mmol), **1a** (25.0 mg, 0.2 mmol), hexynylcopper (30.1 mg, 0.2 mmol), toluene (0.5 mL), DME (0.5 mL), and *i*-Pr₂NH (28 μL , *d* = 0.718 g/mL, 20.1 mg, 0.2 mmol) sequentially under air atmosphere. After being continuously stirred at 50 °C for 1.5 h, the reaction was complete as monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC). After filtration through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl acetate (20 mL $\times$ 3), the combined filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and analyzed by ¹H NMR using 9.2 μL of mesitylene as the internal standard. The reaction afforded **3ab** in 27% NMR yield.

6.5 Synthesis of **3aj** using hexynylcopper instead of CuI. (zdj-1-193)



To a 100 mL dry Schlenk tube were added $[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (15.3 mg, 0.025 mmol), hexynyl copper (21.7 mg, 0.15 mmol), **1a** (125.9 mg, 1.0 mmol), **2j** (200.7 mg, 1.3 mmol)/DME (2.5 mL) and toluene (2.5 mL), and *i*-Pr₂NH (140 μL , *d* = 0.718 g/mL, 100.5 mg, 1.0 mmol) sequentially. After being continuously stirred at 50 °C under air atmosphere for 2 h, the reaction was complete as monitored by TLC. After filtration through a short column of silica gel eluted with ethyl acetate (10 mL $\times$ 3), the combined filtrate was then concentrated in vacuo and the crude residual was purified via chromatography on silica gel [eluent: petroleum ether/ethyl acetate = 60/1 (600 mL) to

20/1 (1600 mL)] to afford **3ab** (5.9 mg, 3%) and **3aj** (169.7 mg, 61%).

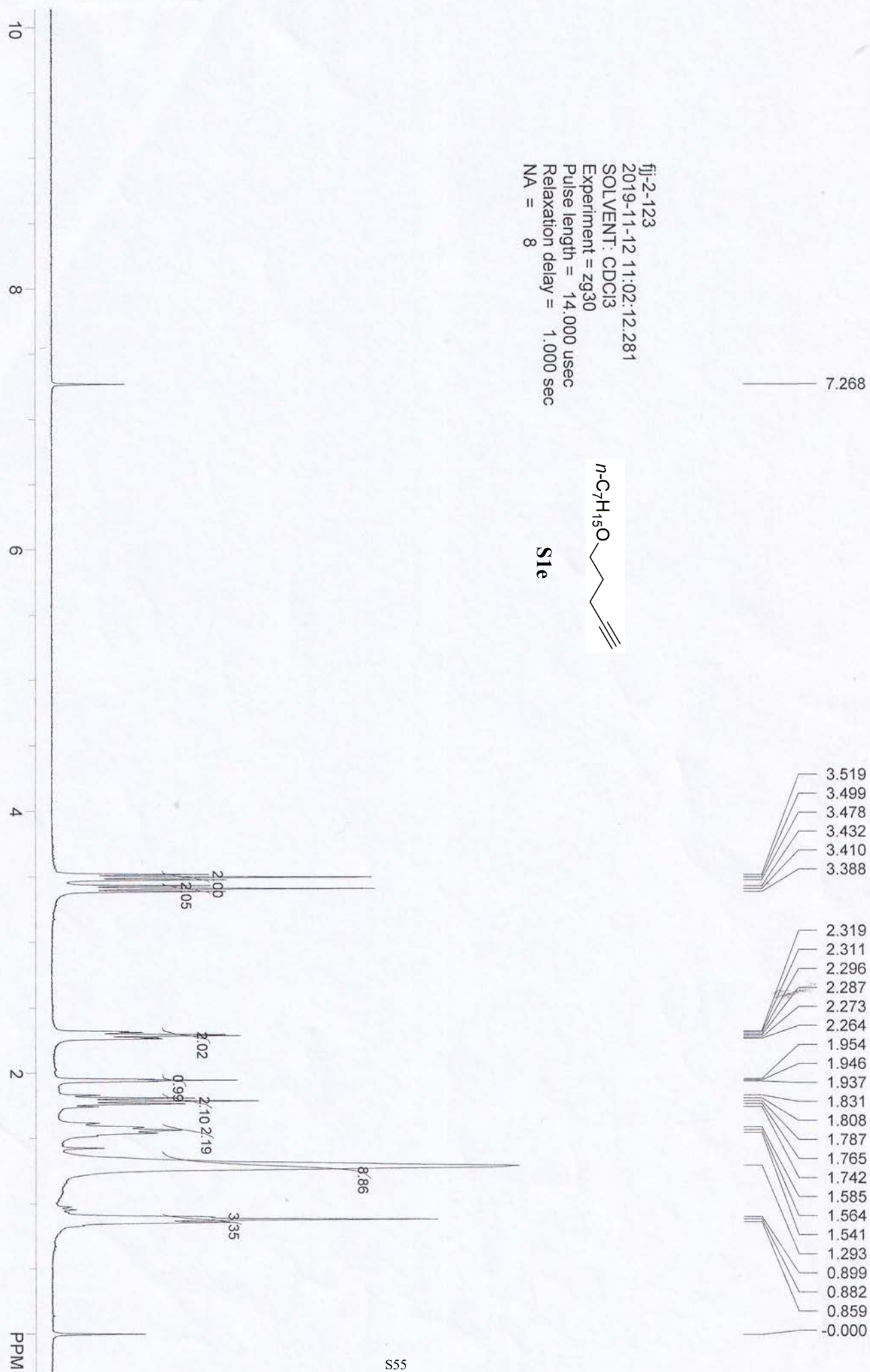
3ab: brown oil; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.66 (s, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.47 (t, $J = 6.9$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 2.36 (t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 1.68-1.53 (m, 4 H, $\text{CH}_2 \times 2$), 1.51-1.37 (m, 2 H, CH_2), 1.03-0.86 (m, 6 H, $\text{CH}_3 \times 2$).

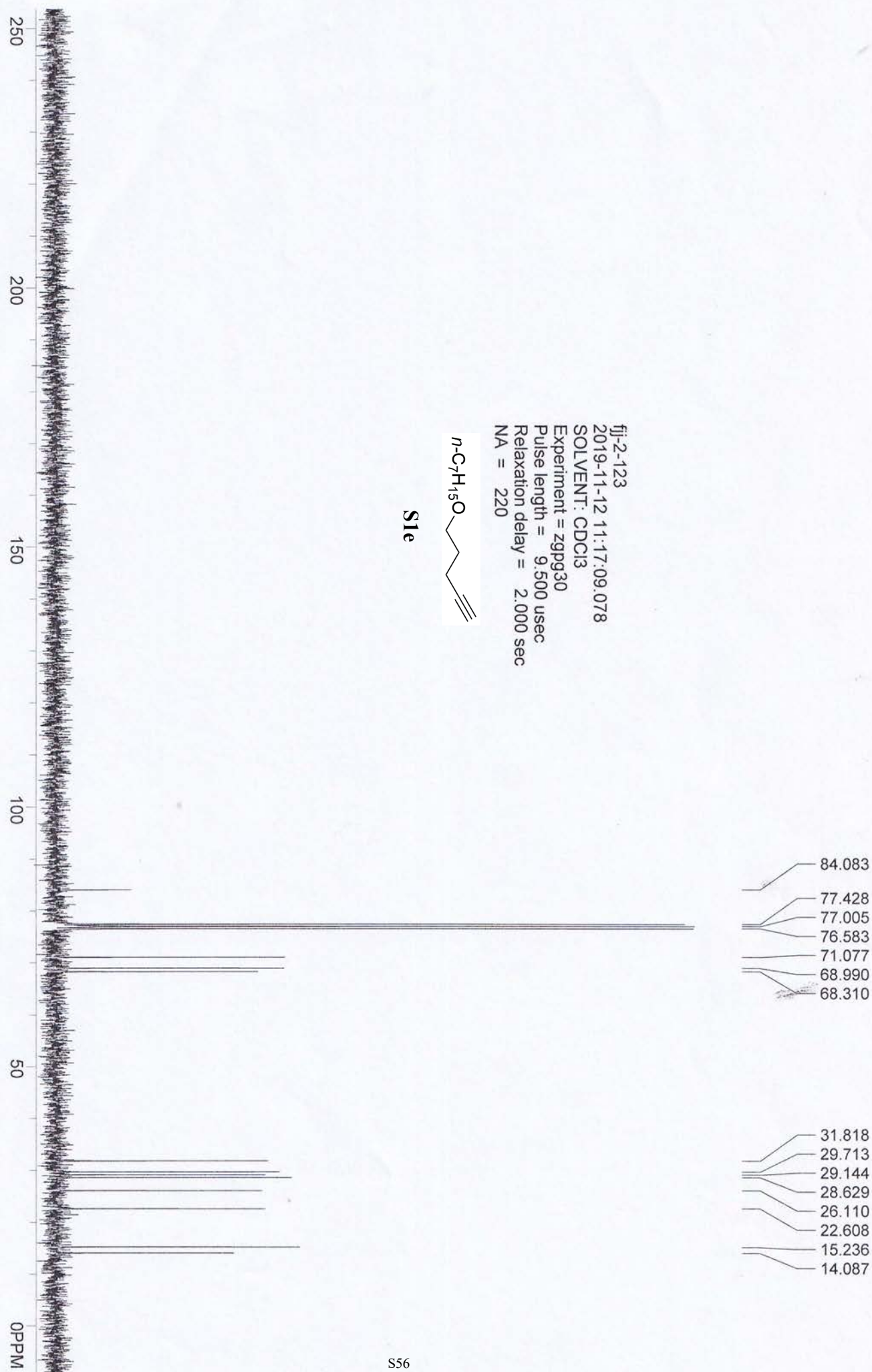
3aj: yellow oil; ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.67 (s, 3 H, OCH_2 and OCH), 4.00-3.80 (m, 2 H, OCH_2), 3.71-3.46 (m, 2 H, OCH_2), 2.79 (t, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 2.36 (t, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2 H, CH_2), 1.95-1.45 (m, 8 H, $\text{CH}_2 \times 4$), 0.94 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3 H, CH_3).

7. References

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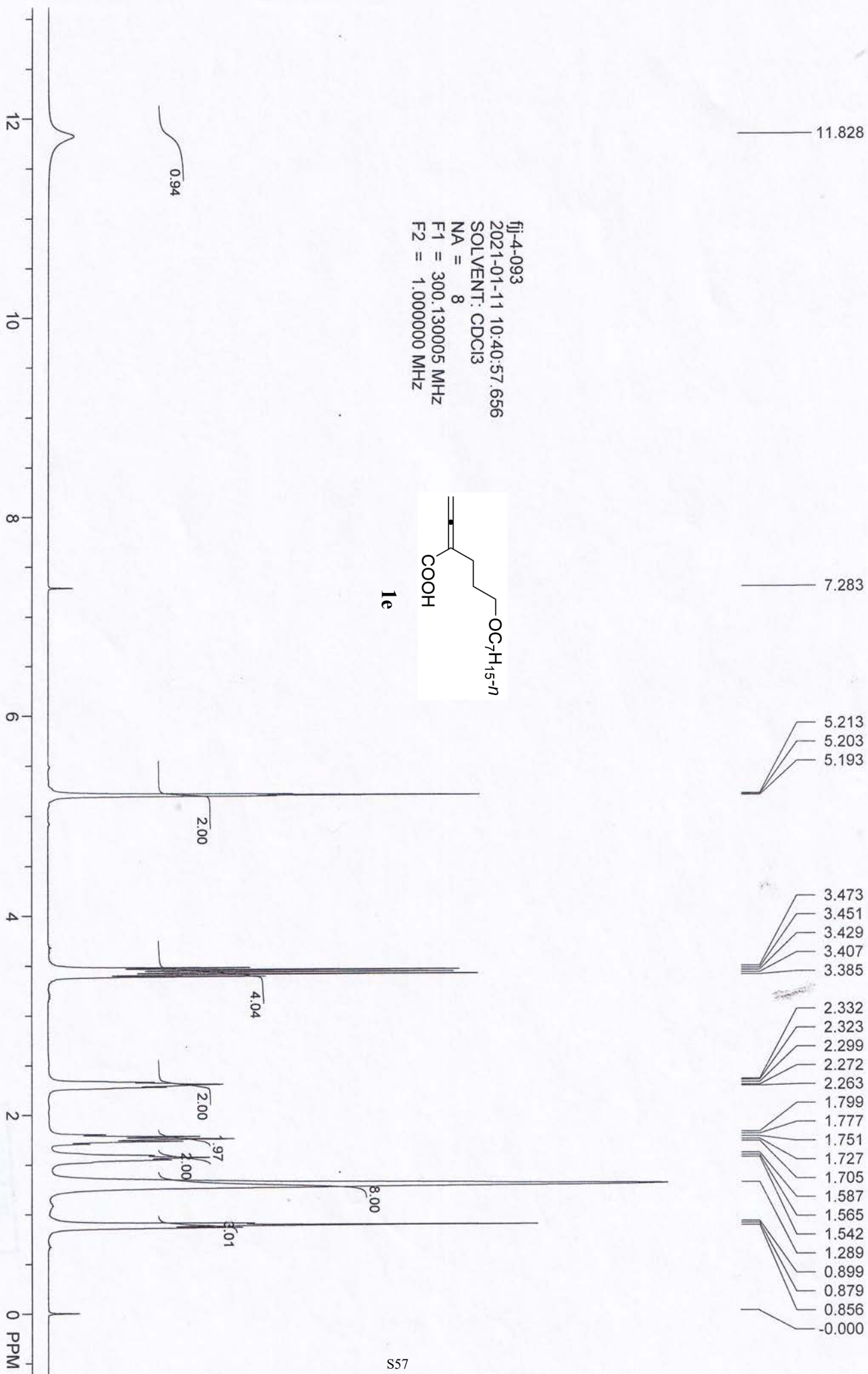
8. ^1H NMR, ^{13}C NMR, and ^{19}F NMR Spectra of the Compounds Prepared





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1e



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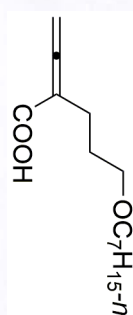
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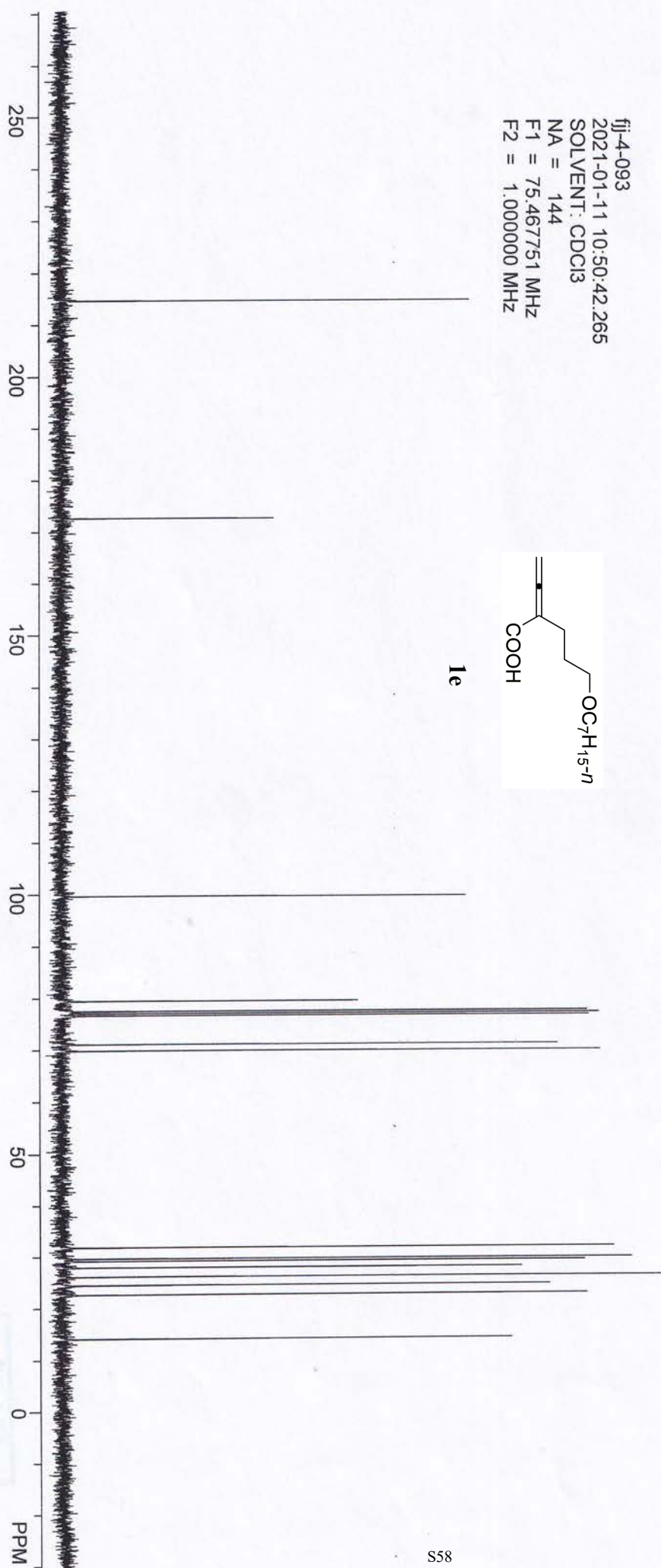
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fj4-093
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1e



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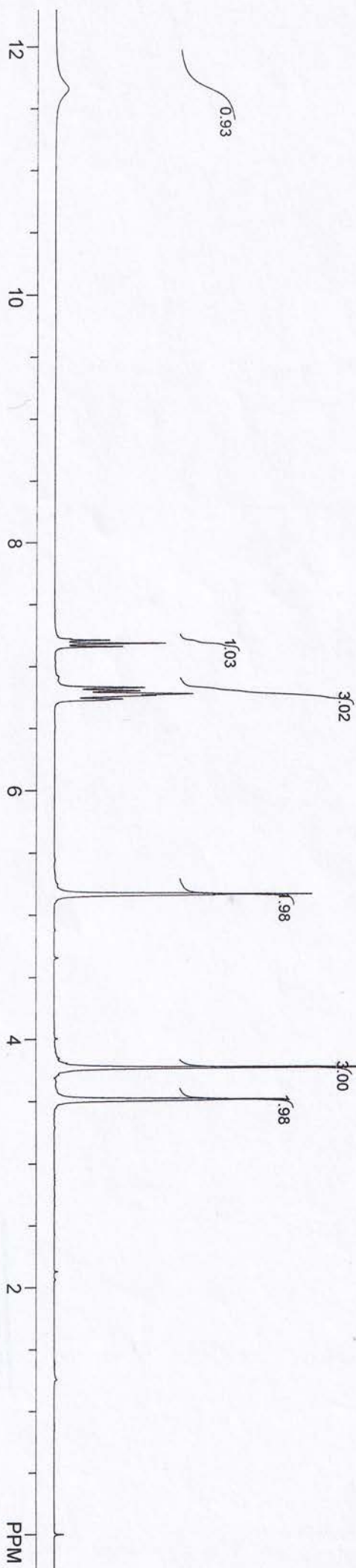
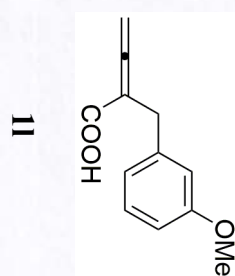
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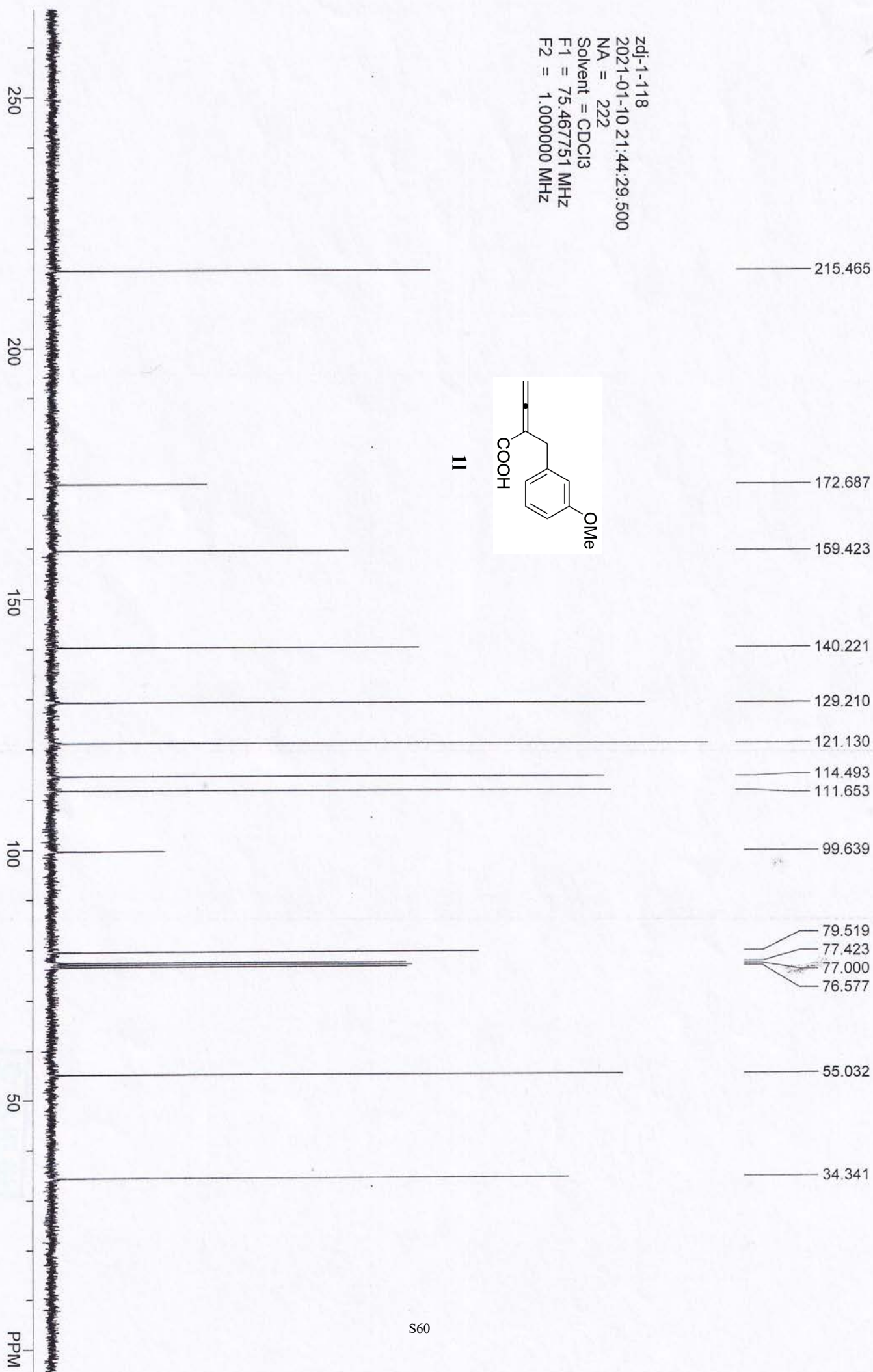
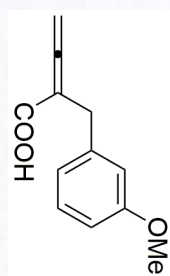
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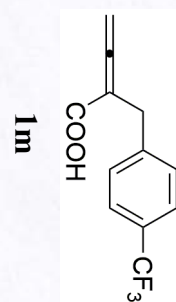
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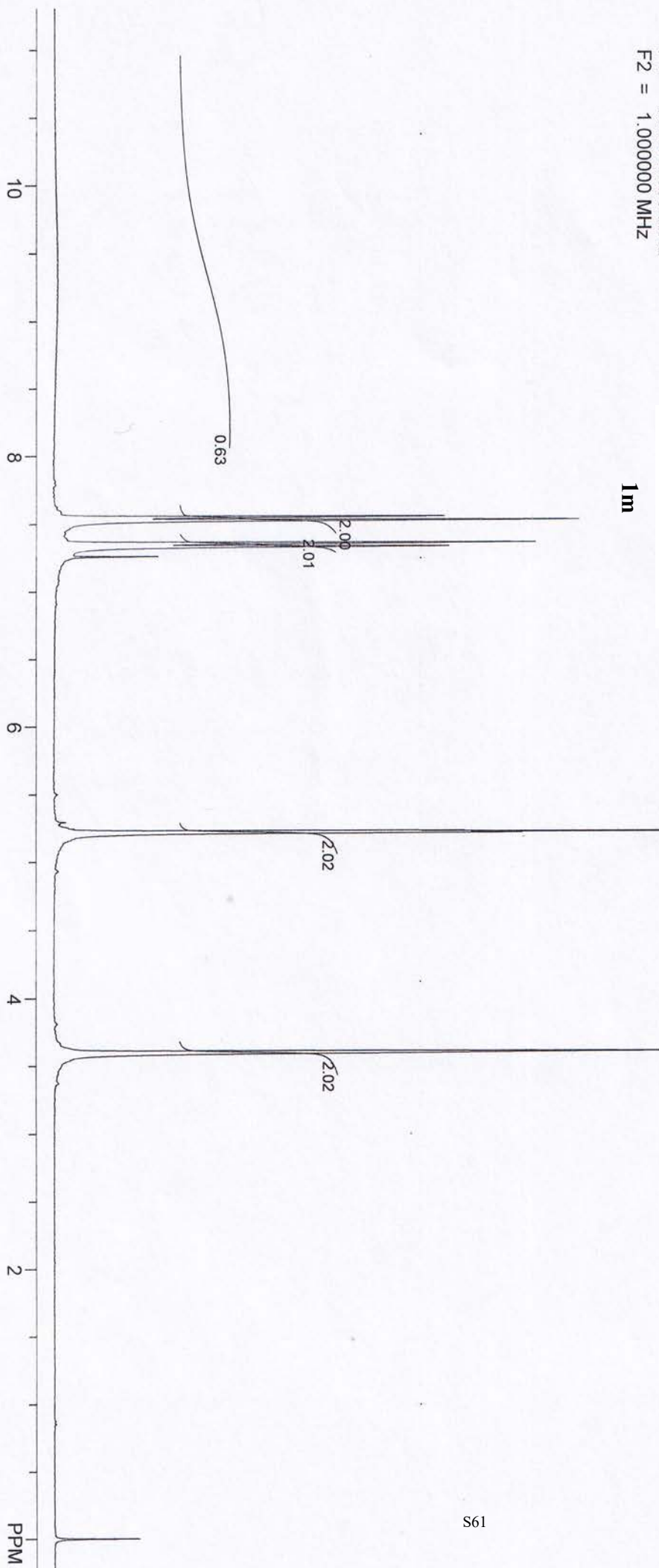
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7.256

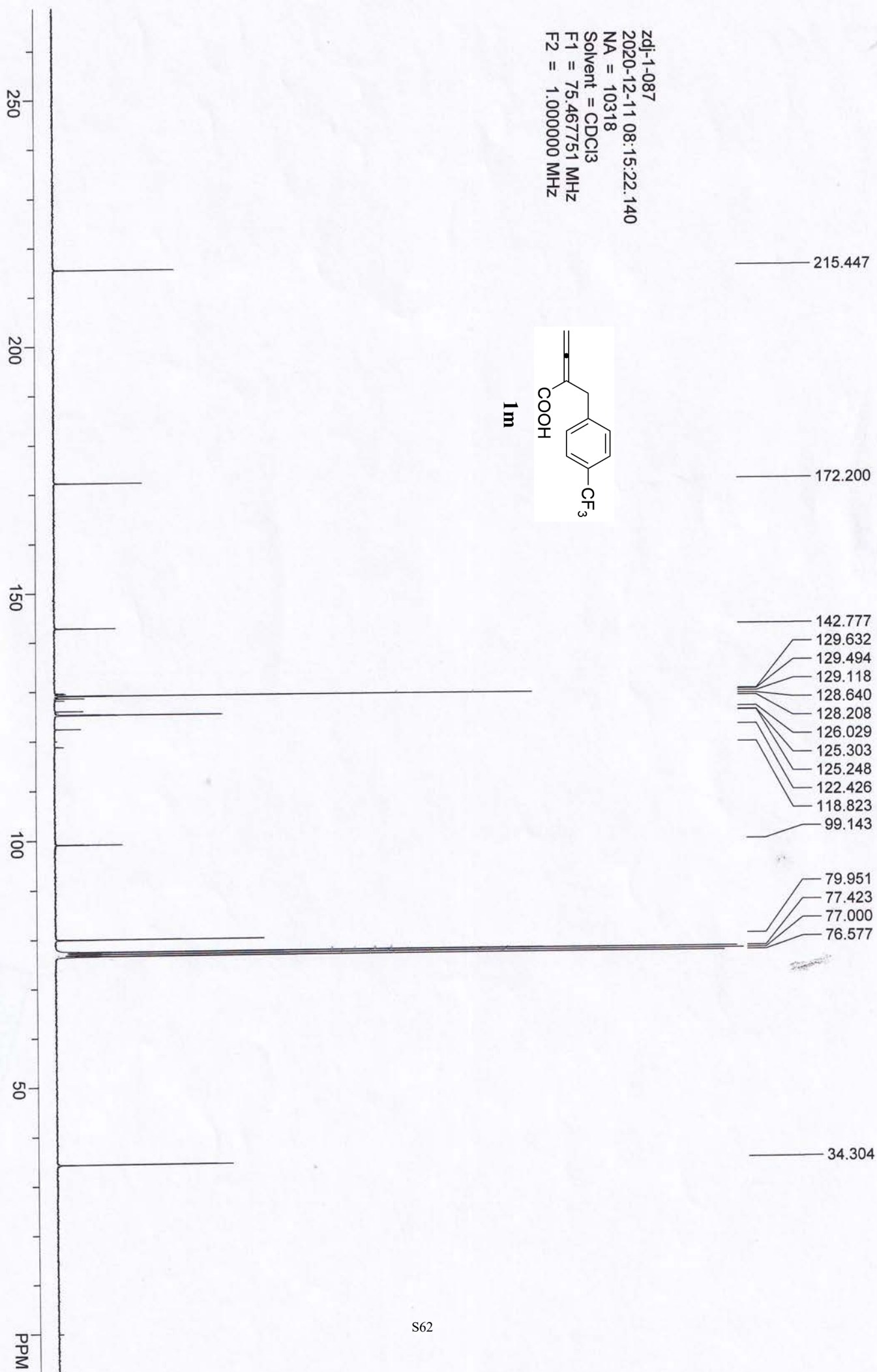
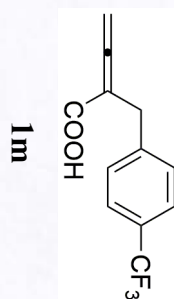
5.225
5.217
5.209

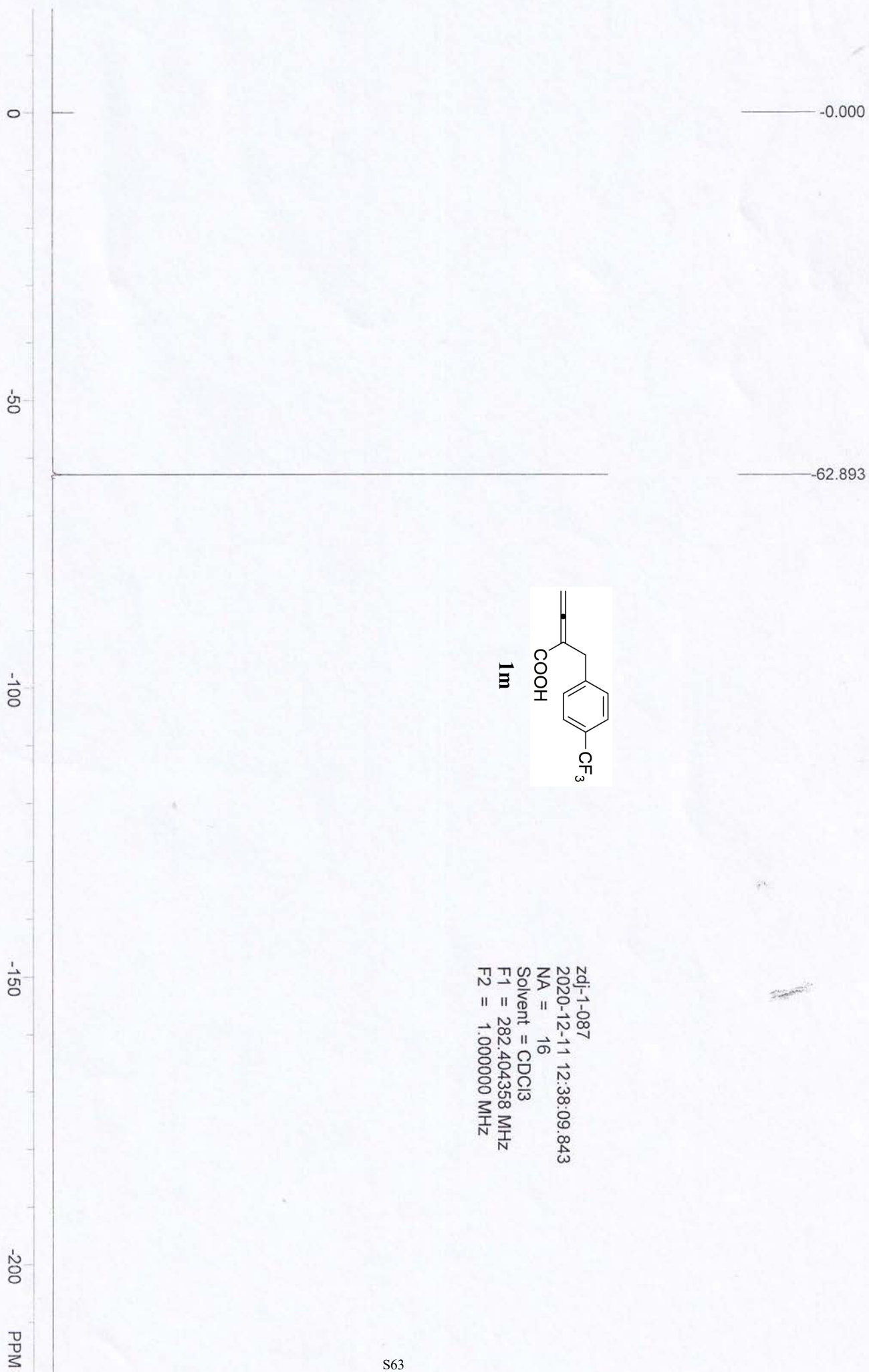
3.594

-0.000

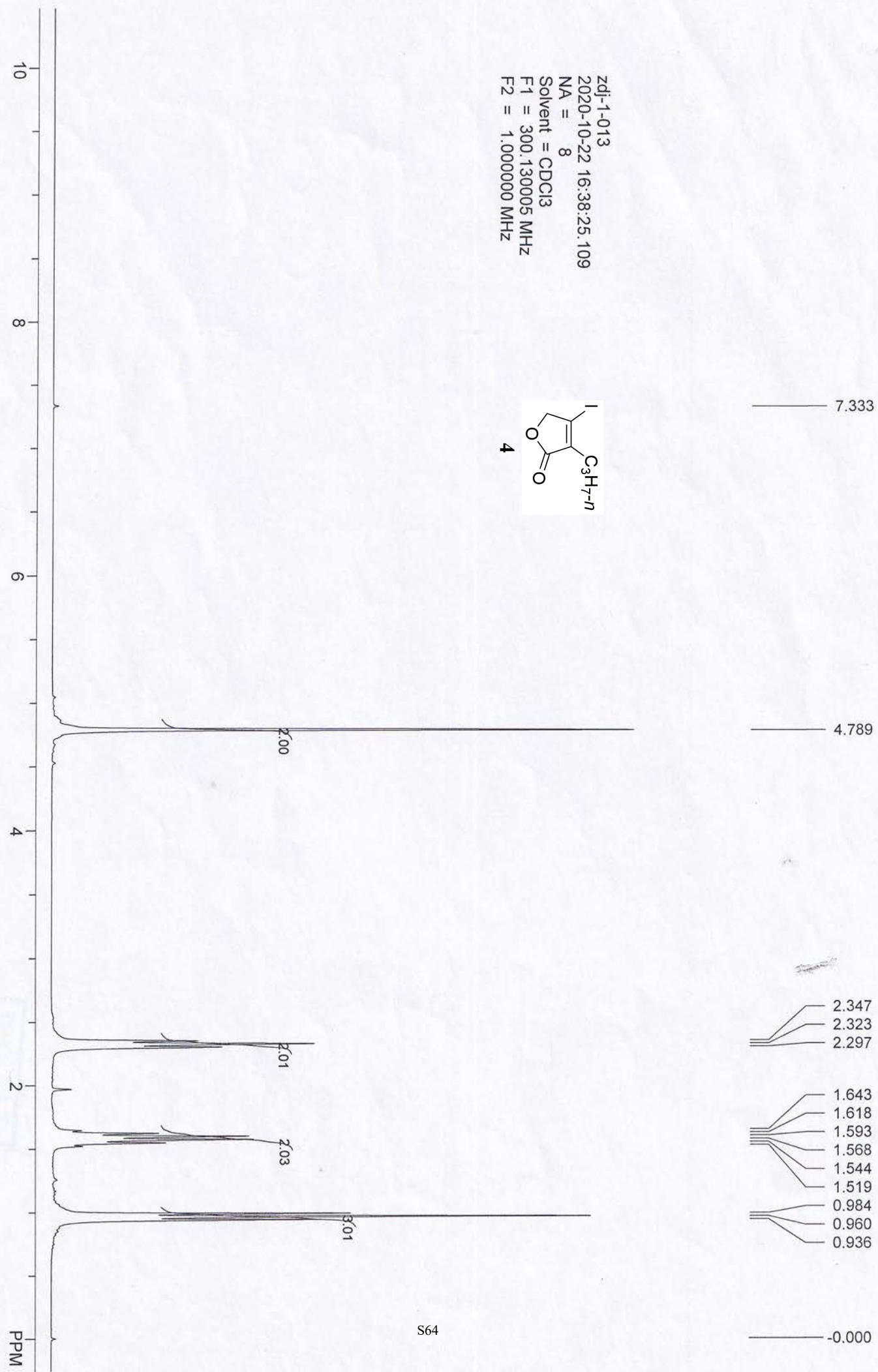
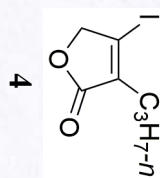


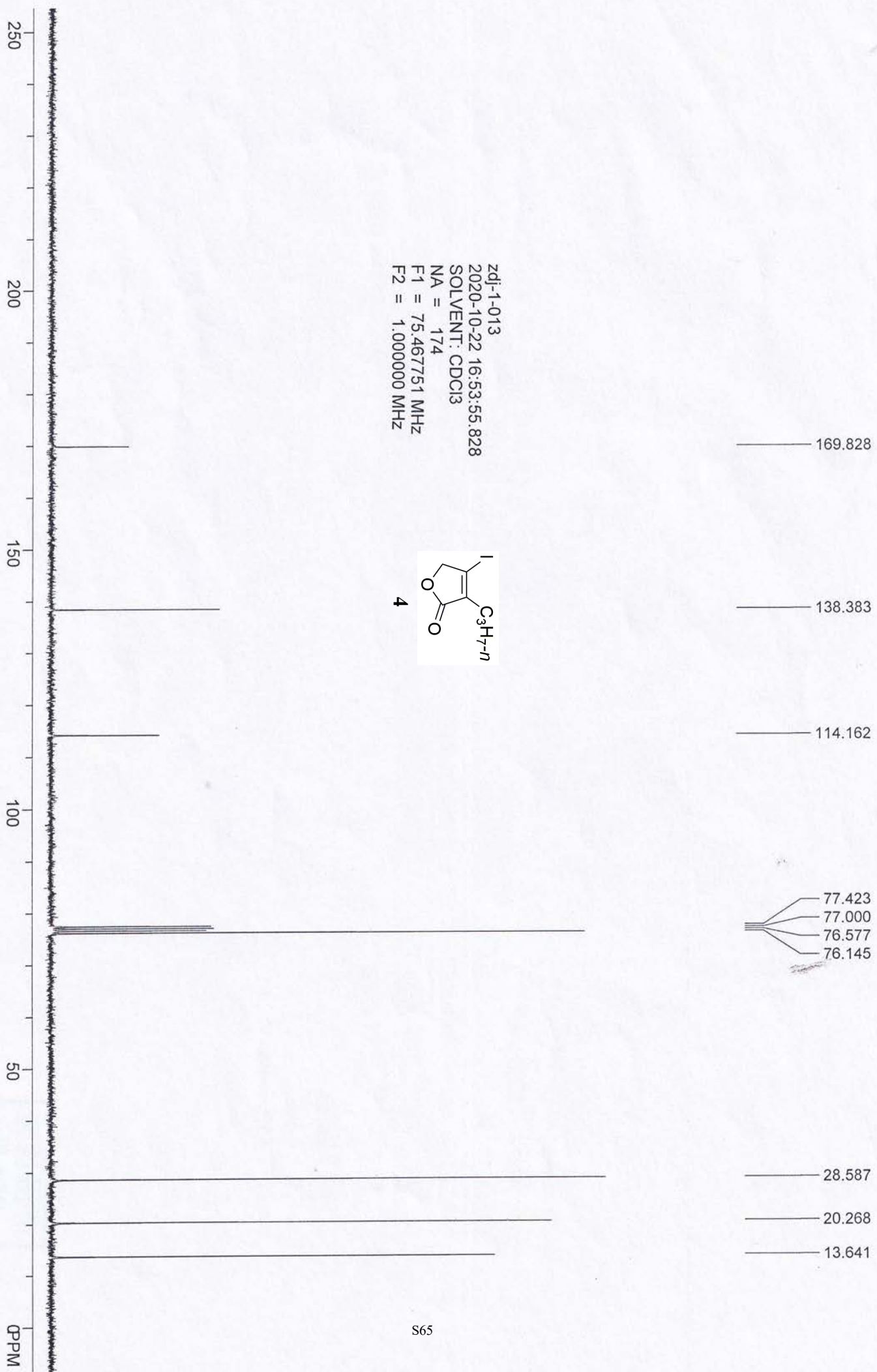
zdf-1-087
2020-12-11 08:15:22.140
NA = 10318
Solvent = CDCl₃
F1 = 75.467751 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz





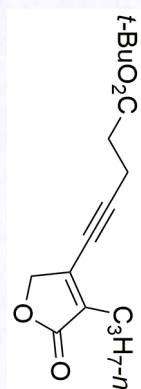
zdf-1-013
 2020-10-22 16:38:25.109
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz





zdl-1-023
 2020-10-31 19:37:56.671
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 PTS1d = 32768
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

3aa



7.305

4.660

2.769

2.745

2.721

2.555

2.531

2.508

2.371

2.346

2.321

1.665

1.639

1.615

1.589

1.565

1.541

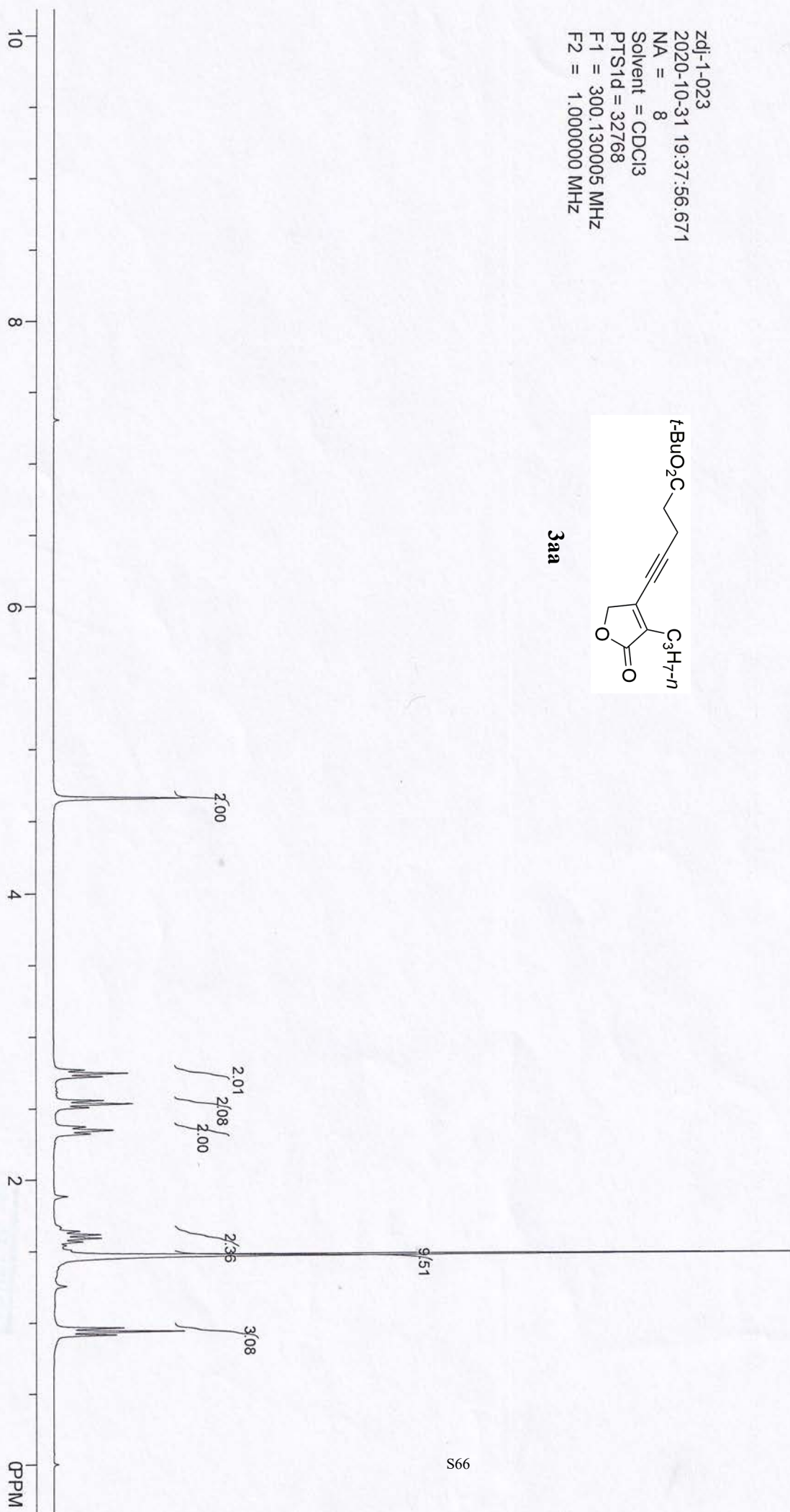
1.467

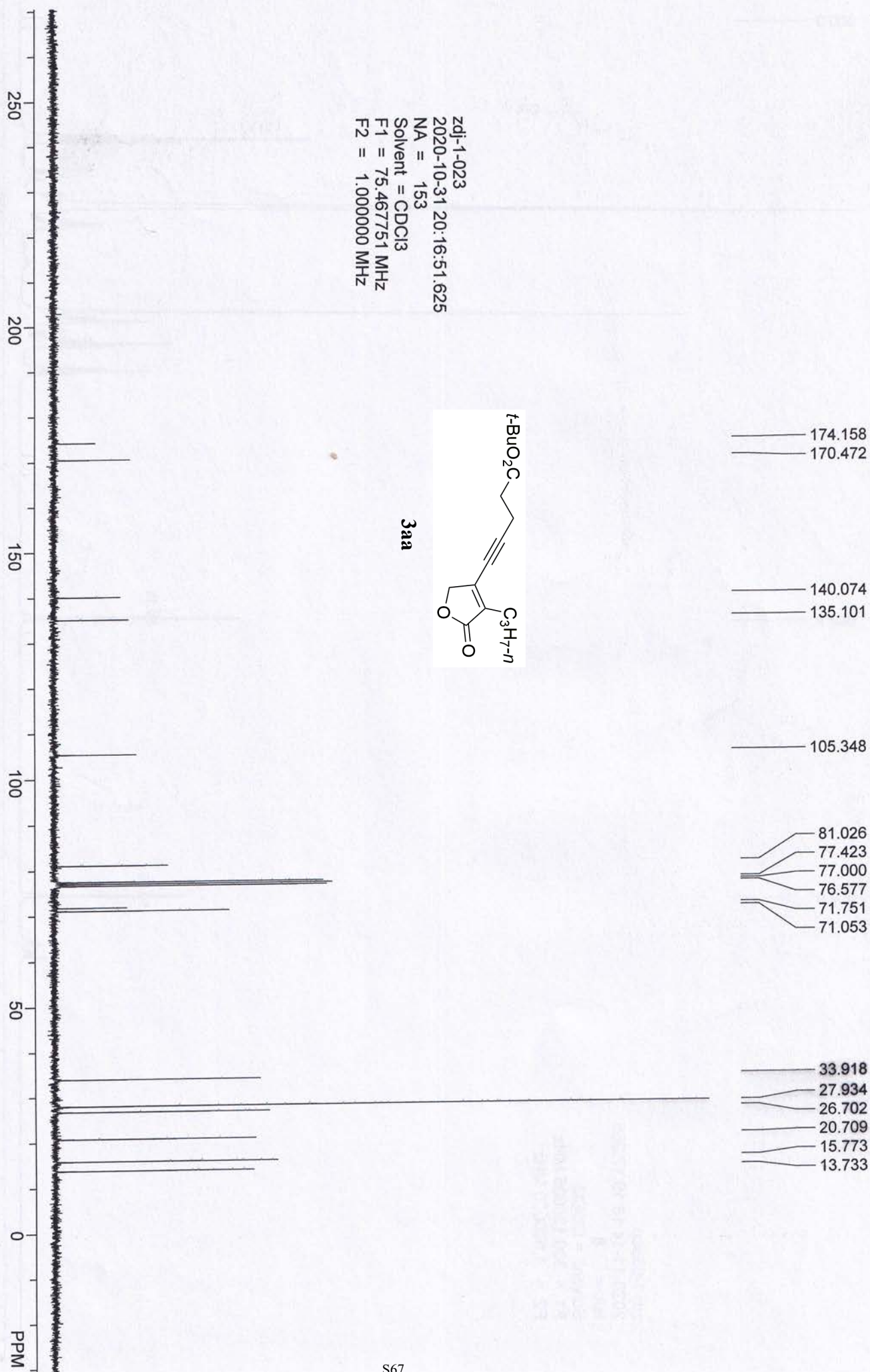
0.961

0.936

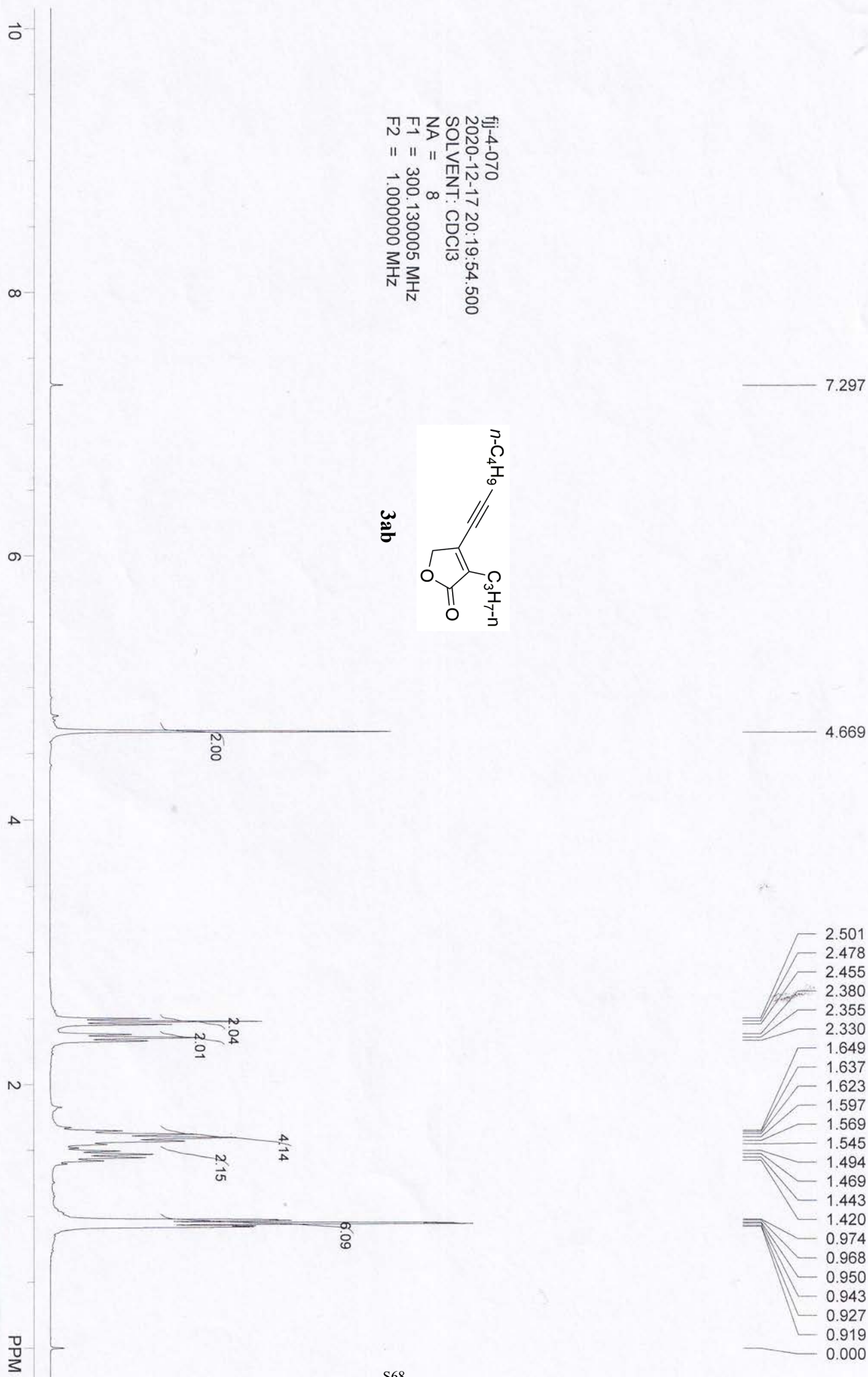
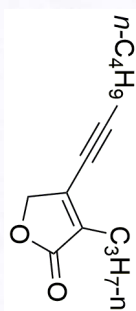
0.912

0.000

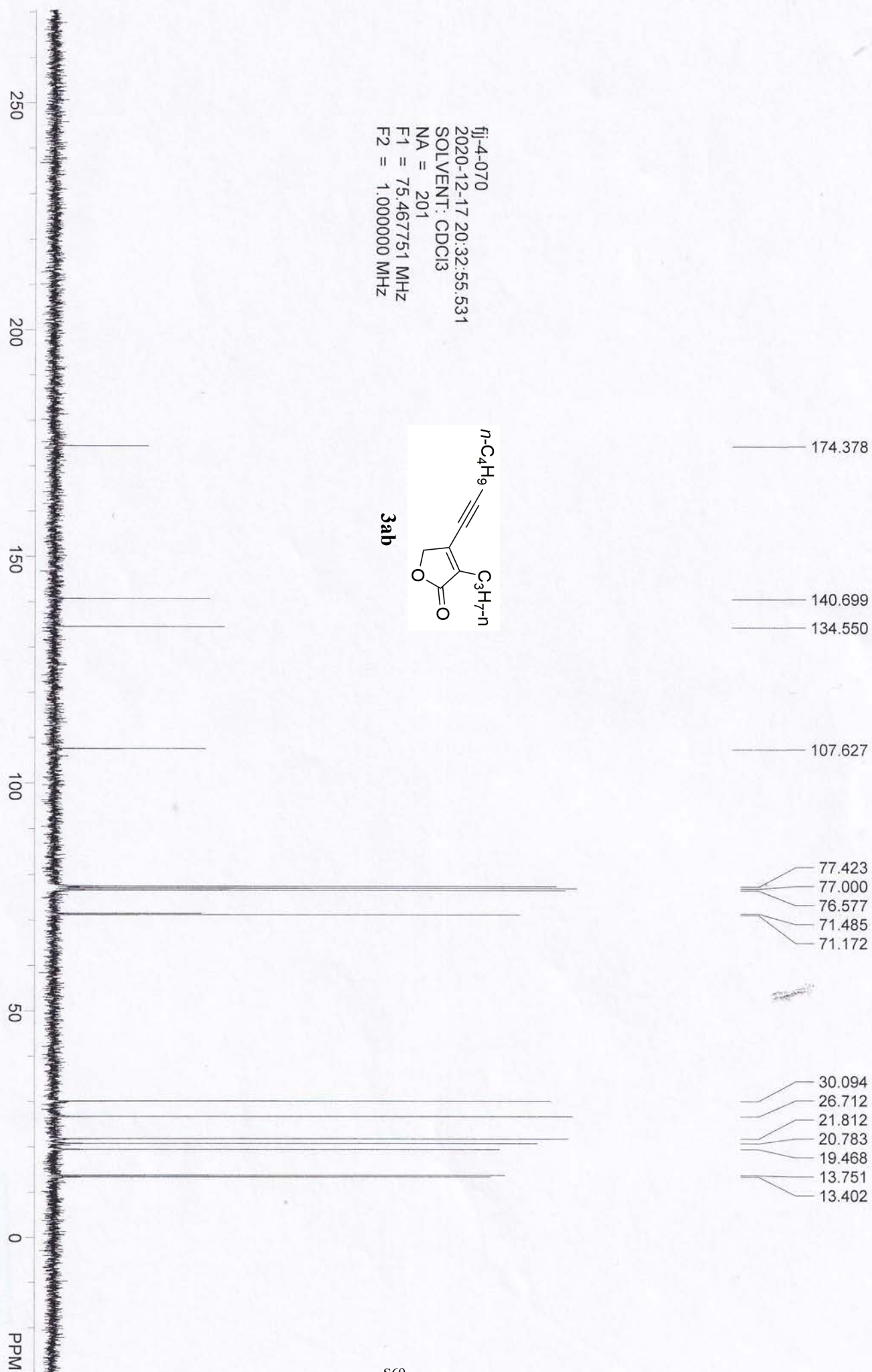
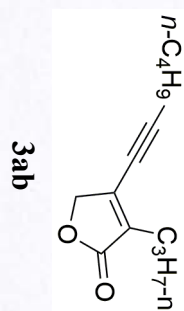




flj-4-070
 2020-12-17 20:19:54.500
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 8
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



fj-4-070
2020-12-17 20:32:55.531
SOLVENT: CDCl₃
NA = 201
F1 = 75.467751 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



7.289

4.665

2.491

2.468

2.445

2.380

2.355

2.330

1.649

1.624

1.599

1.574

1.550

1.450

1.428

1.404

1.381

1.335

1.323

1.313

0.966

0.941

0.926

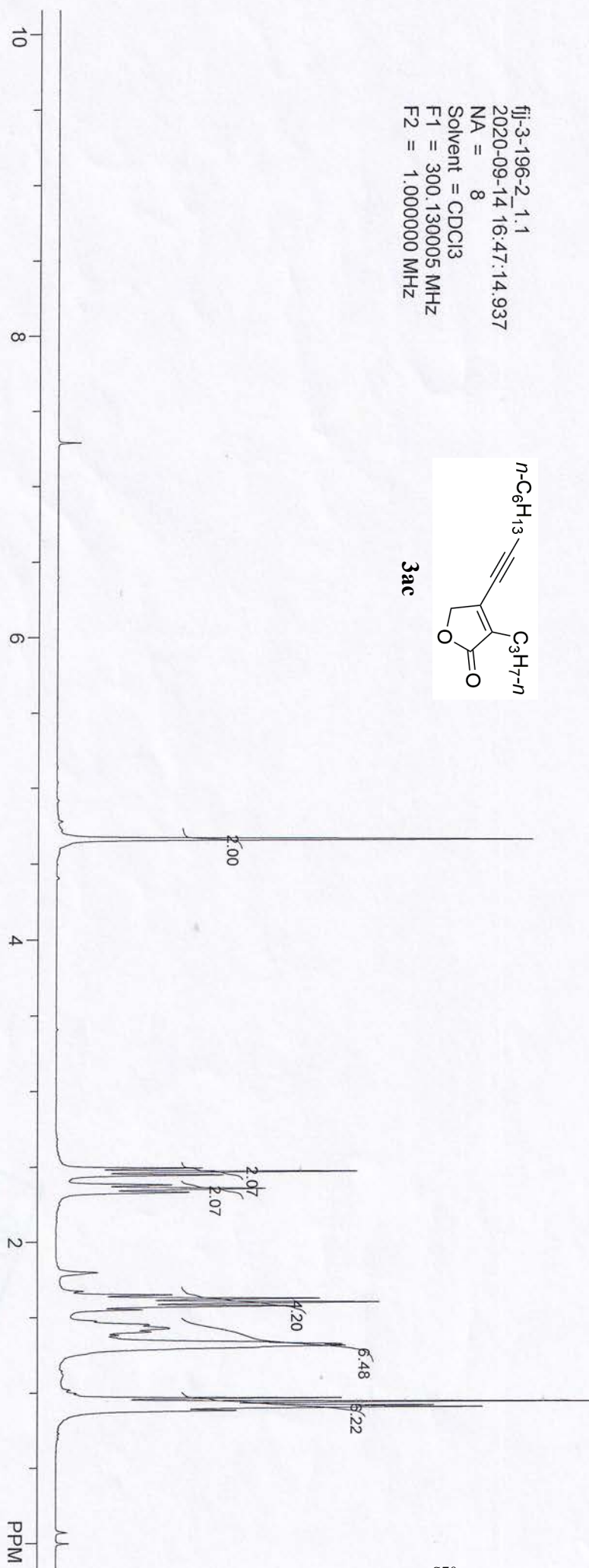
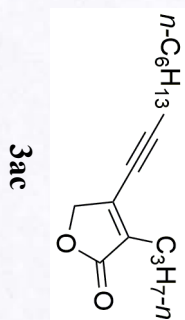
0.917

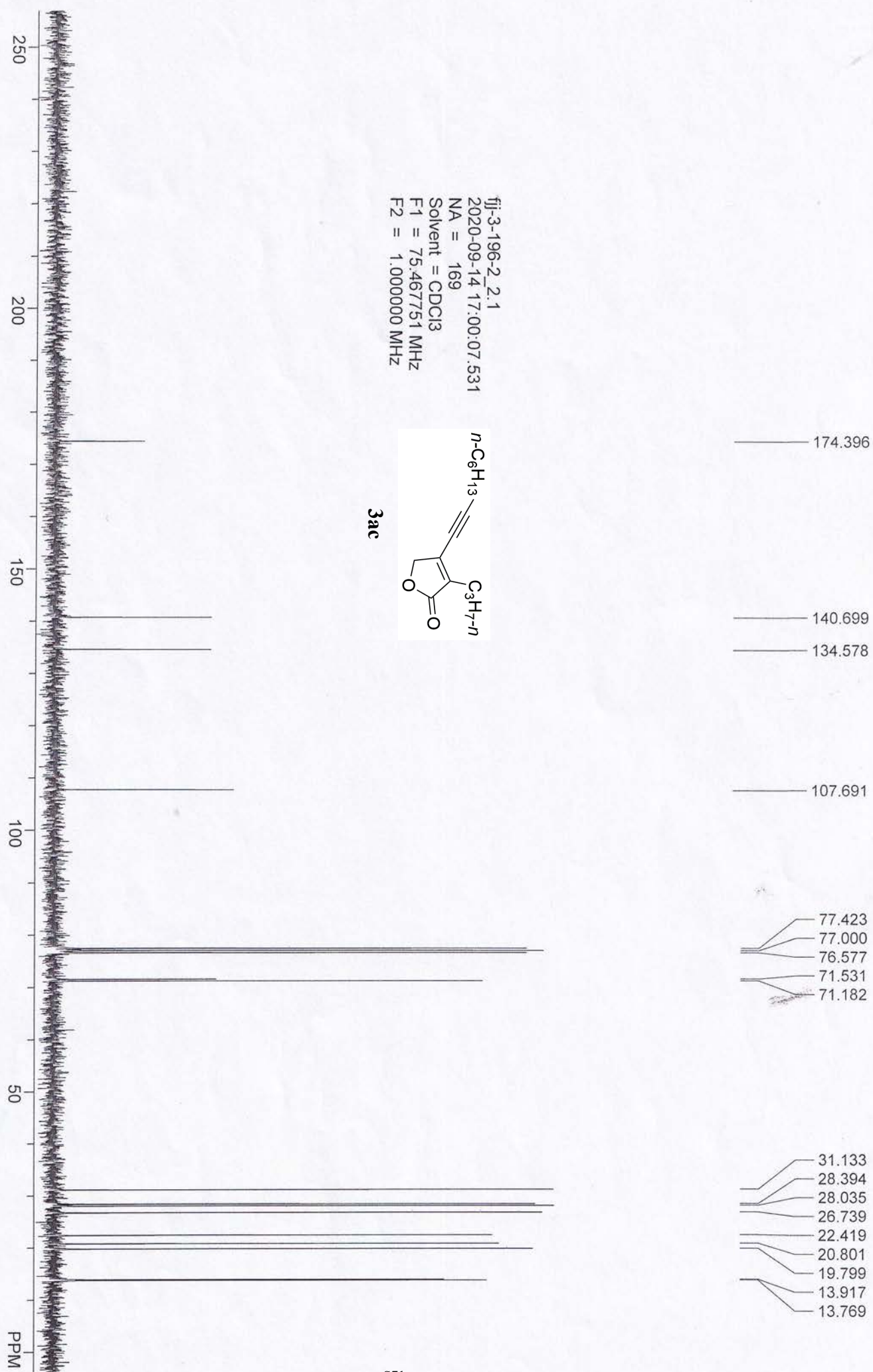
0.905

0.882

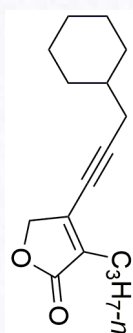
0.000

fjl-3-196-2_1.1
2020-09-14 16:47:14.937
NA = 8
Solvent = CDCl₃
F1 = 300.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz

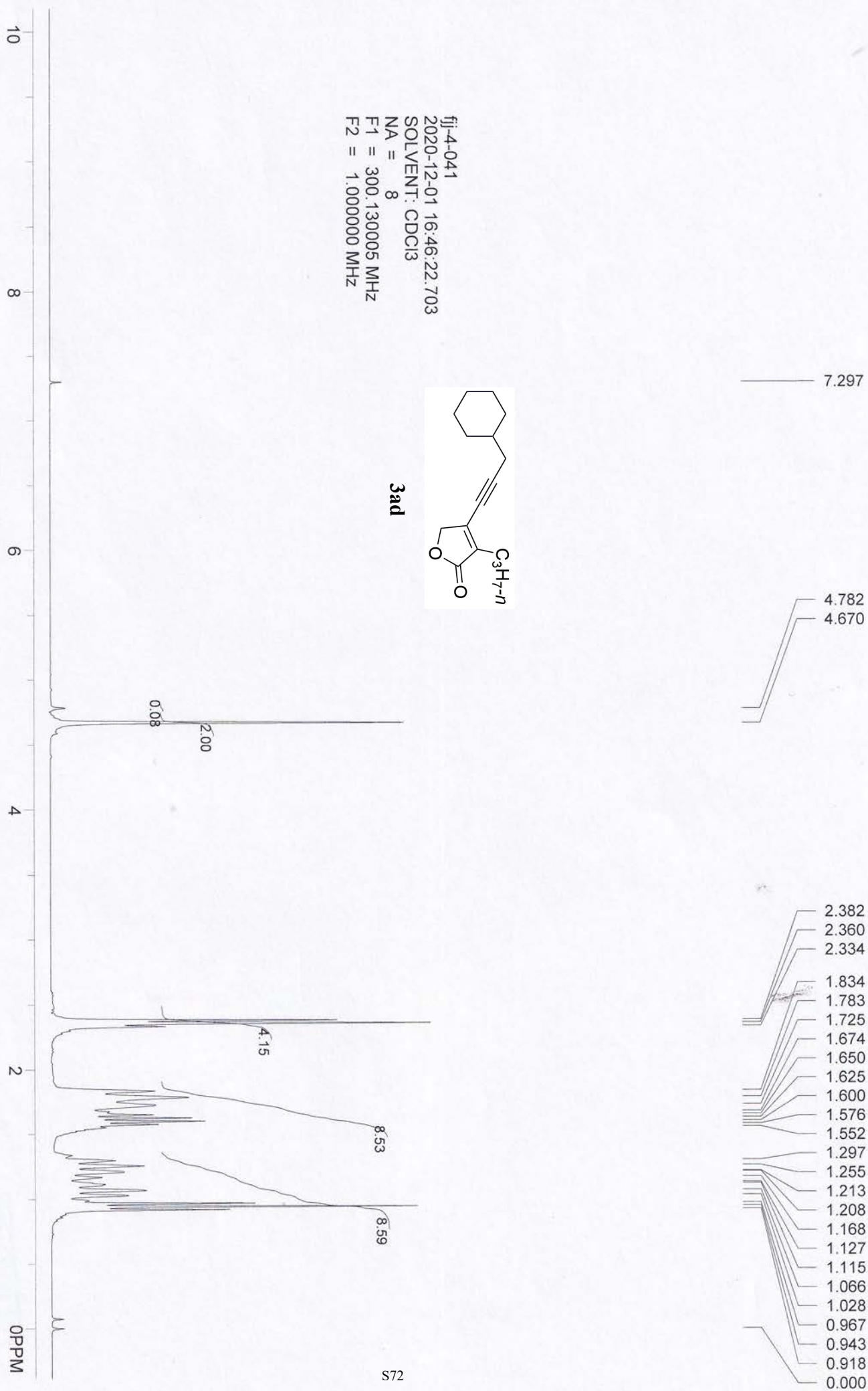




fjl-4-041
 2020-12-01 16:46:22.703
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 8
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



3ad

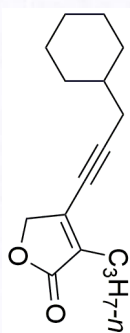


7.280

4.941

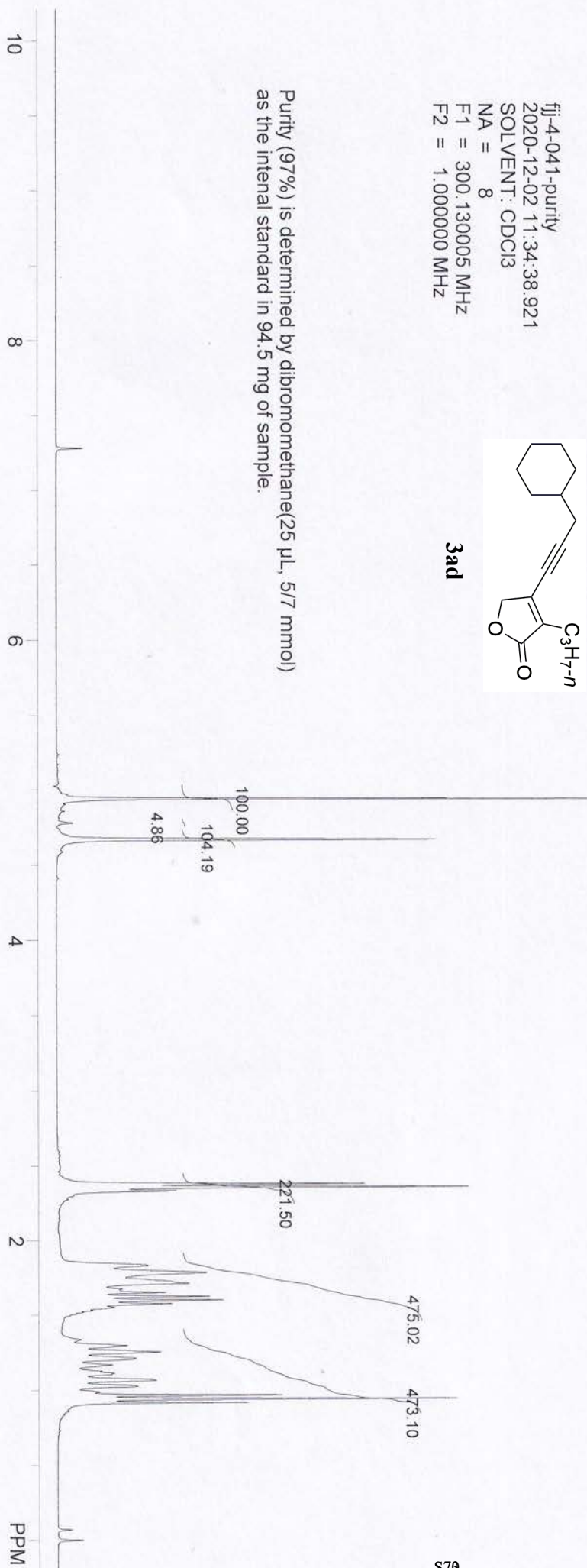
4.669

2.380
2.358
2.333
1.831
1.783
1.710
1.673
1.650
1.624
1.600
1.575
1.551
1.296
1.255
1.213
1.168
1.114
1.105
1.064
1.025
0.967
0.942
0.917
0.000

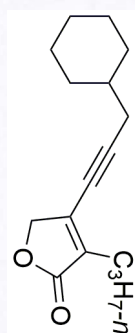
**3ad**

fj-4-041-purity
2020-12-02 11:34:38.921
SOLVENT: CDCl₃
NA = 8
F1 = 300.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz

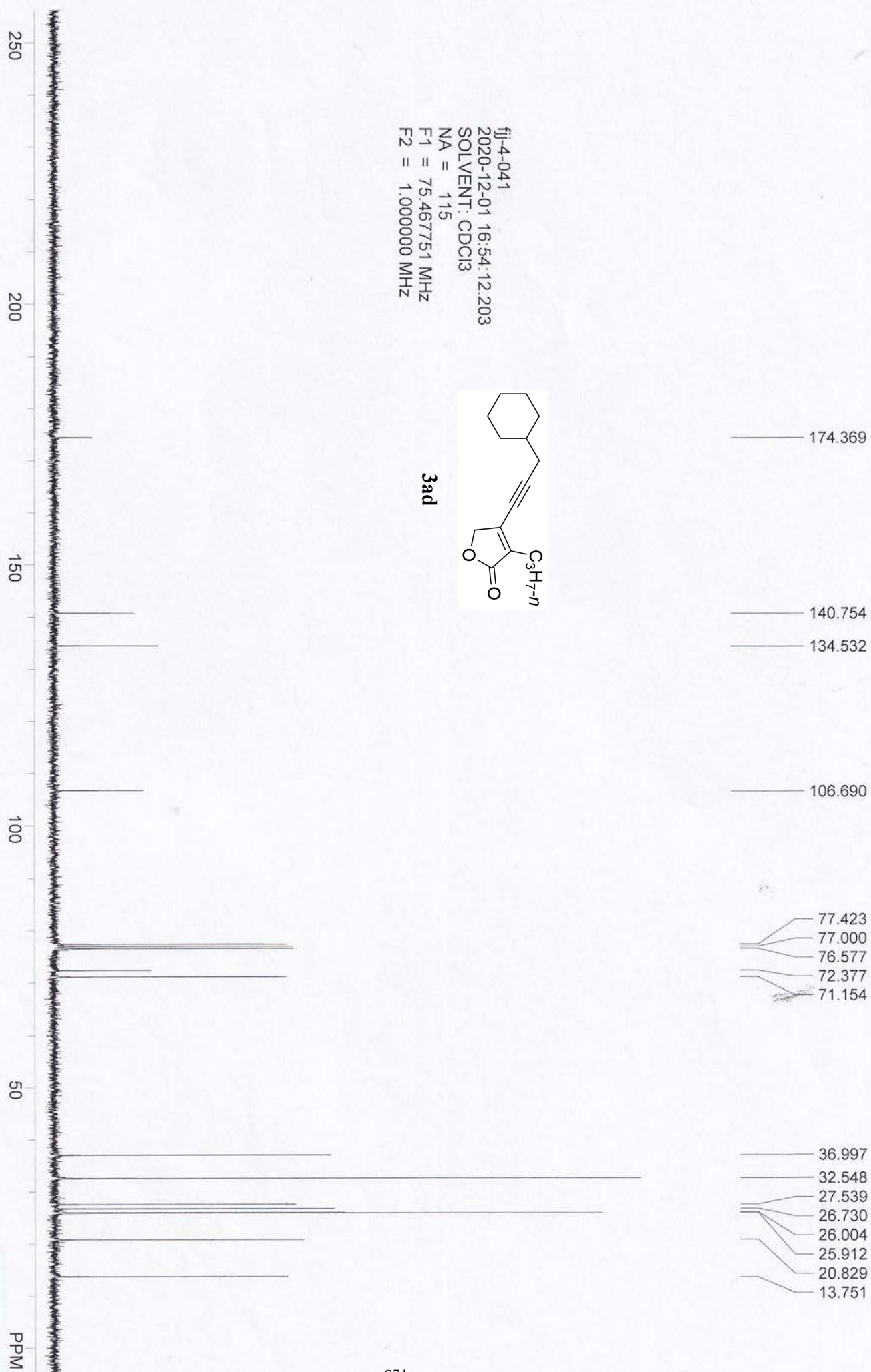
Purity (97%) is determined by dibromomethane(25 μ L, 5/7 mmol)
as the internal standard in 94.5 mg of sample.



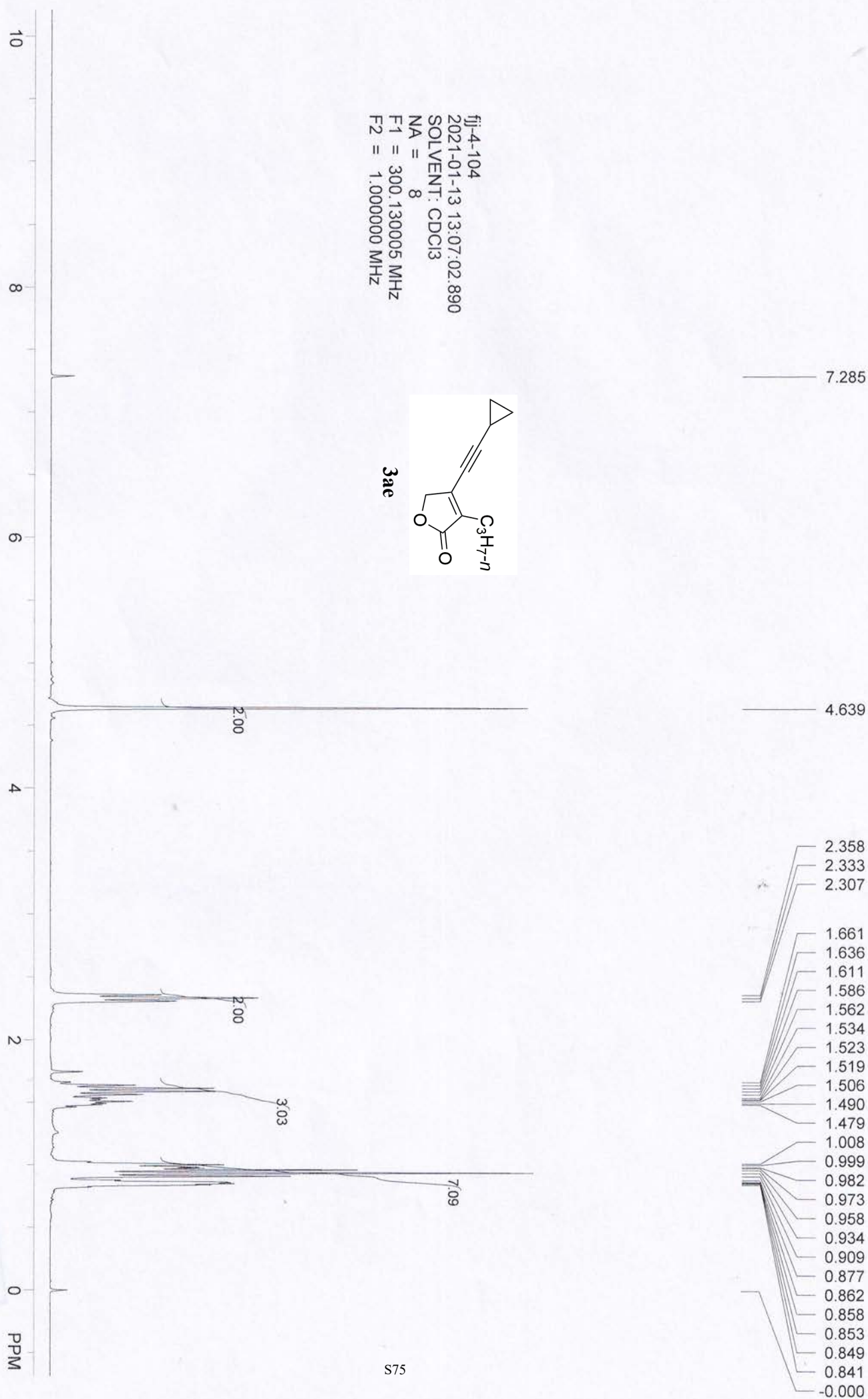
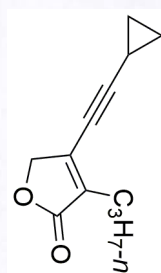
fj-4-041
 2020-12-01 16:54:12.203
 SOLVENT: CDCl3
 NA = 115
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



3ad

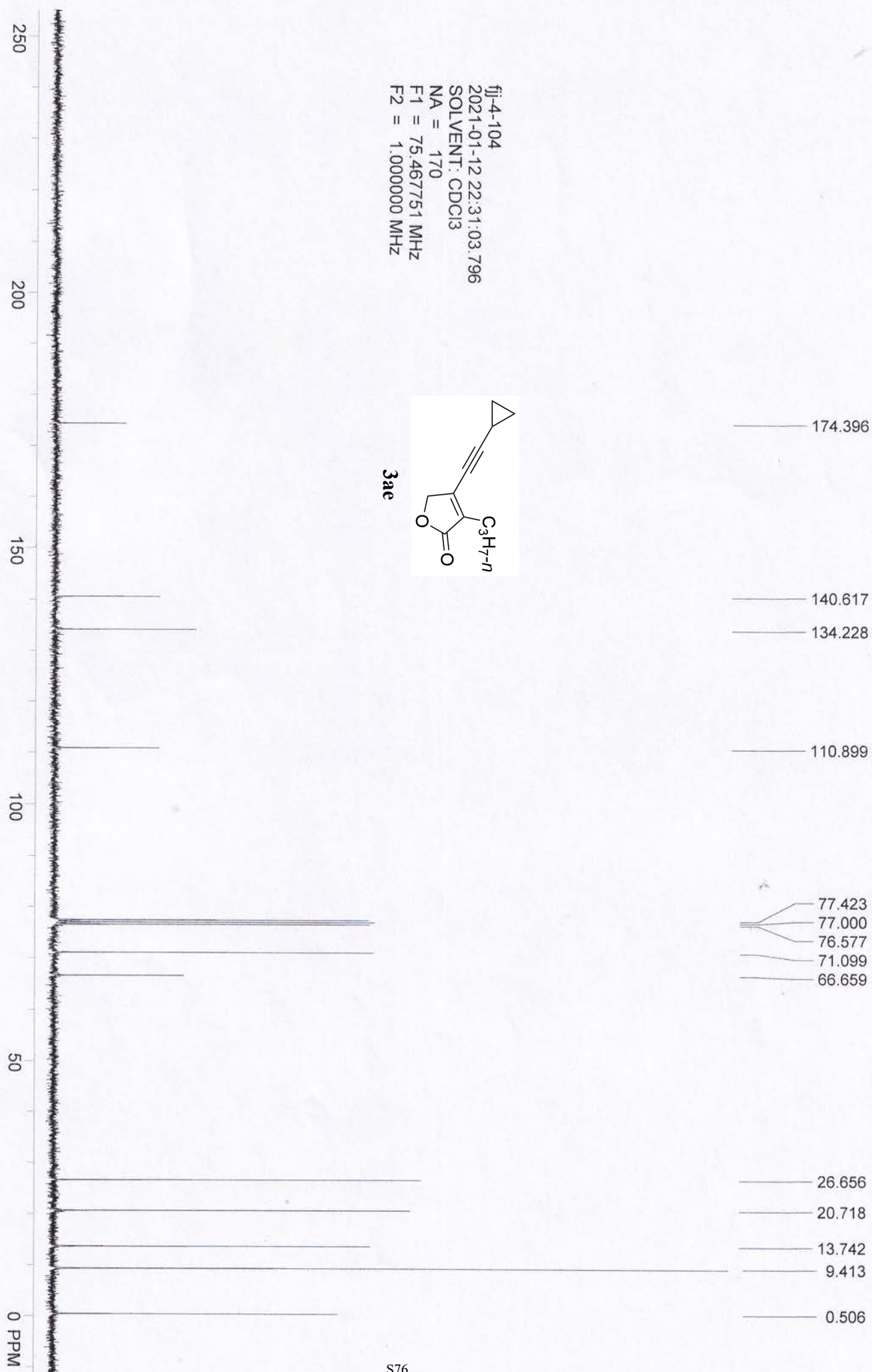
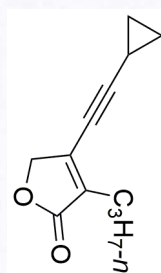


fj-4-104
 2021-01-13 13:07:02.890
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 8
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

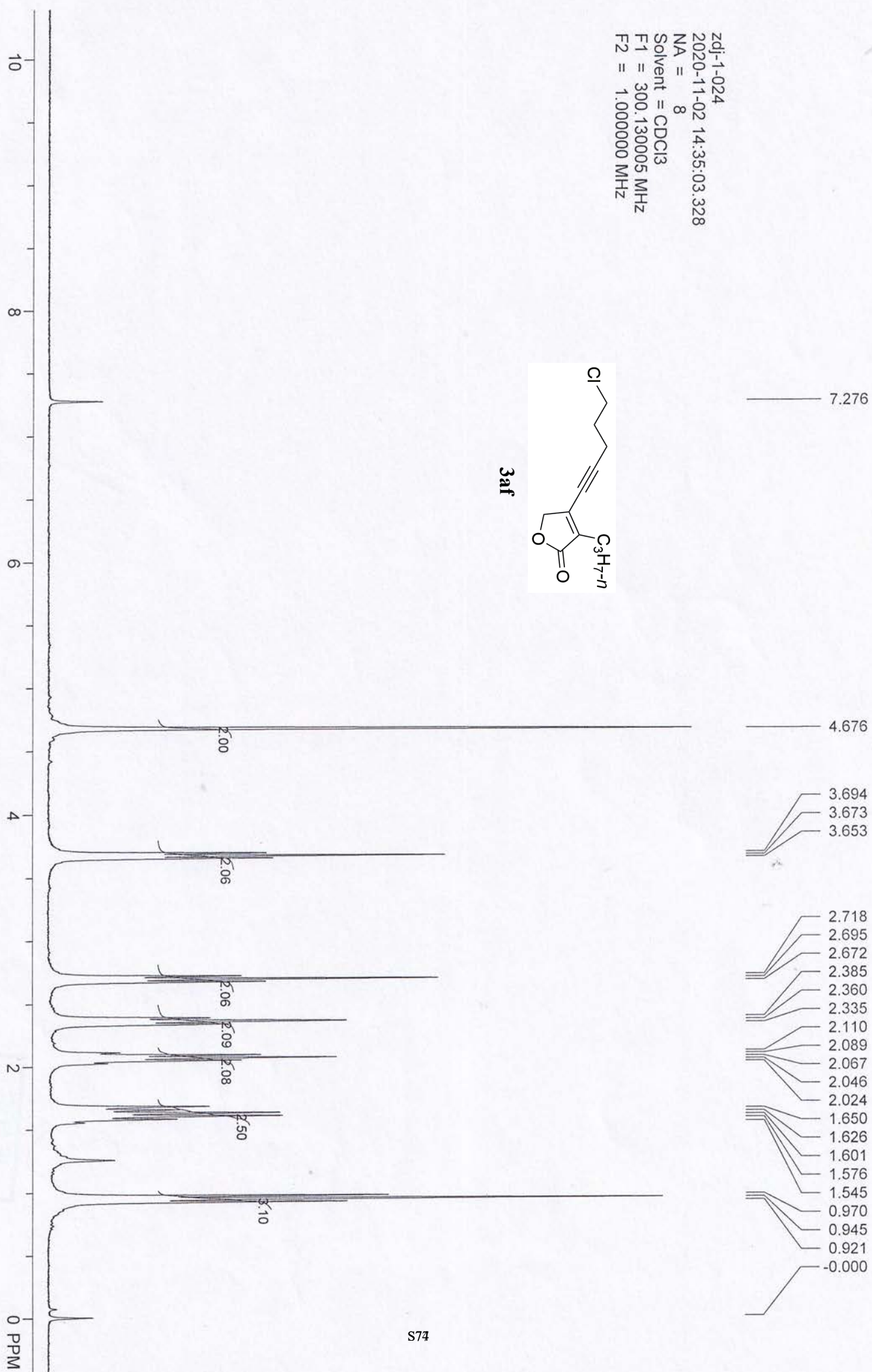
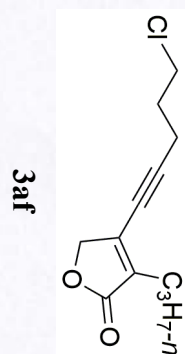


fj-4-104
 2021-01-12 22:31:03.796
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 170
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

3ae

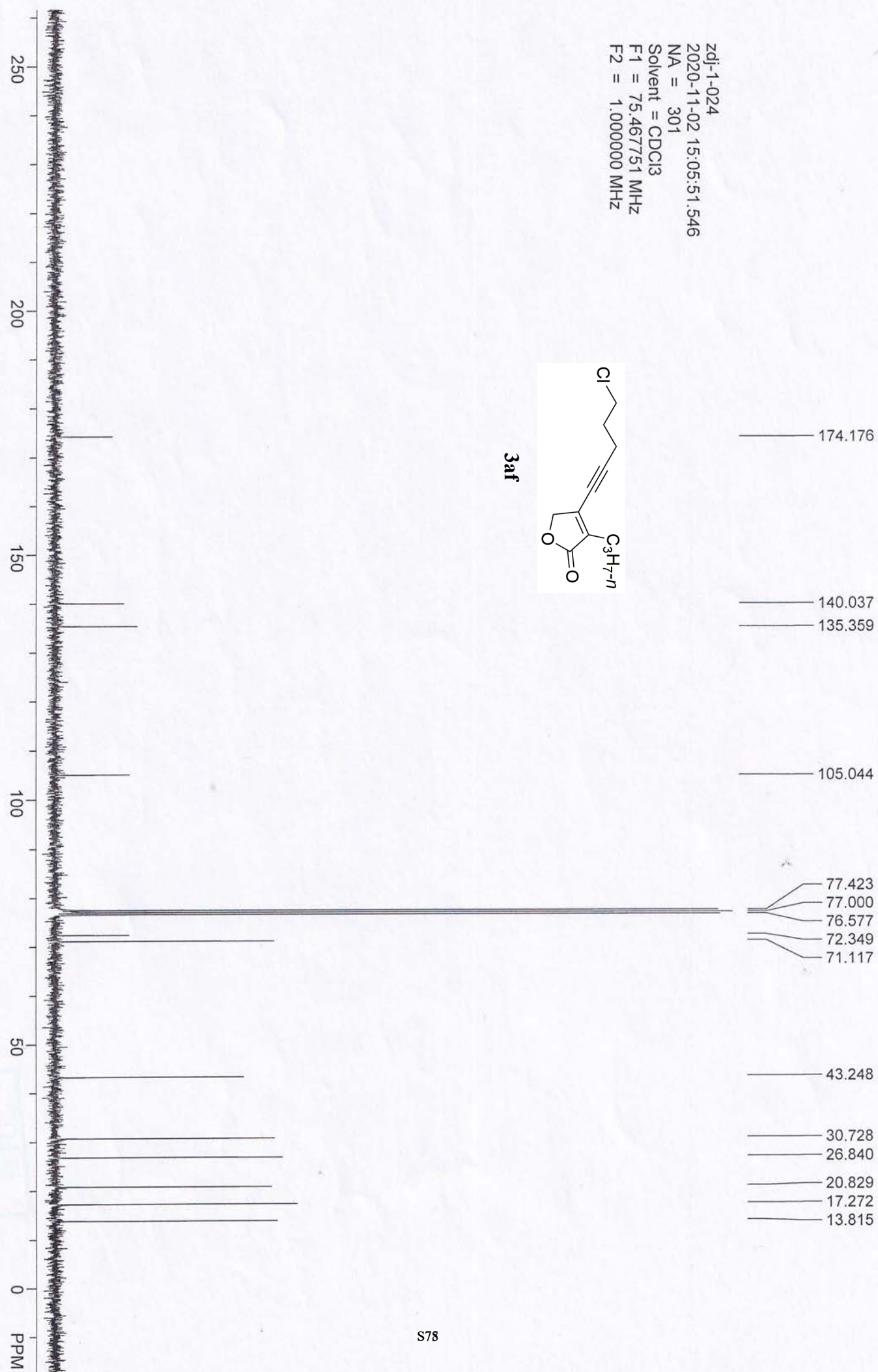
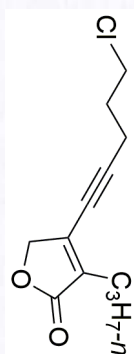


zdl-1-024
 2020-11-02 14:35:03.328
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

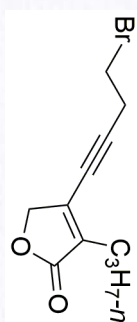


zdl-1-024
 2020-11-02 15:05:51.546
 NA = 301
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

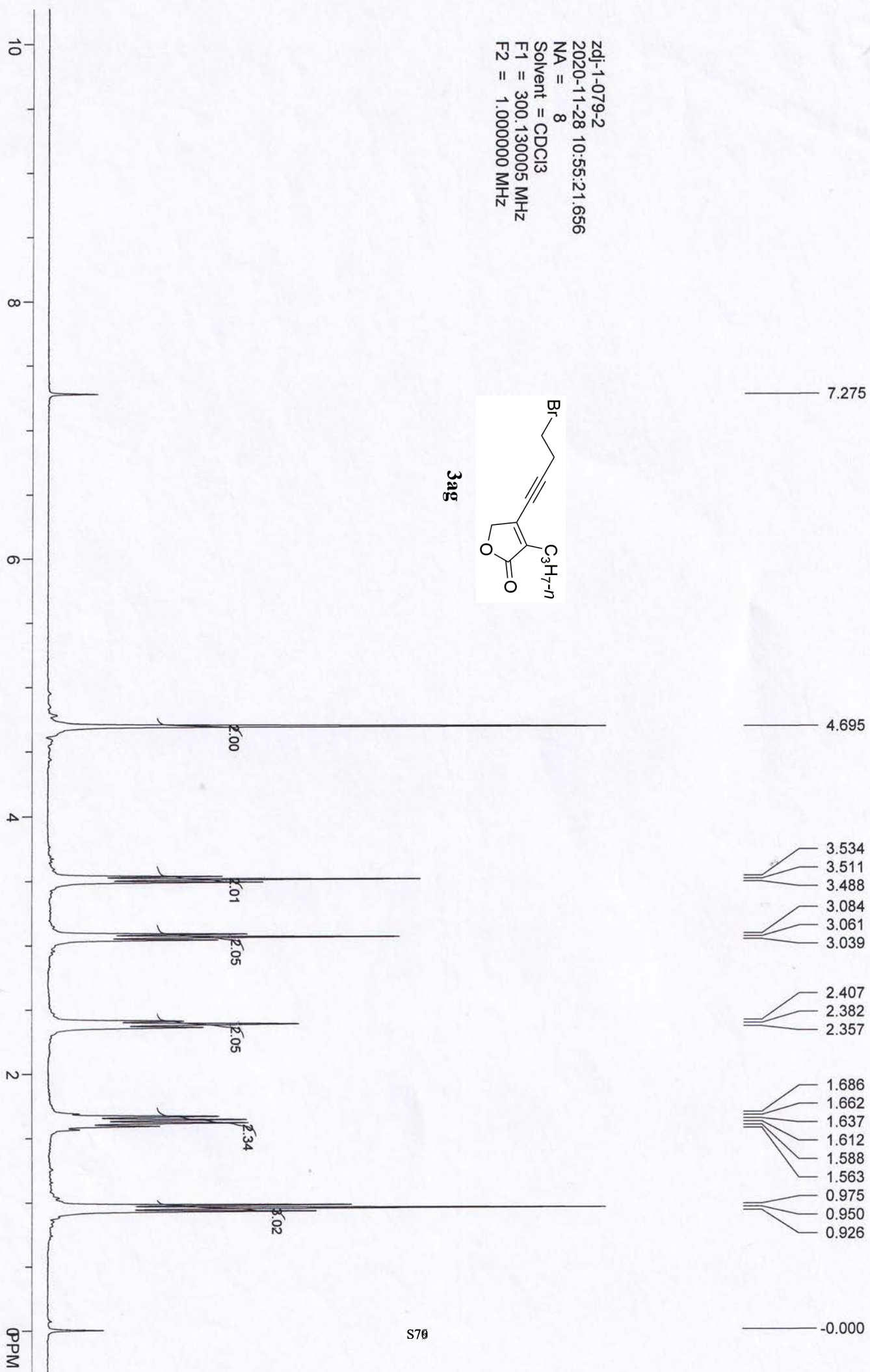
3af



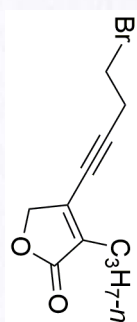
zdl-1-079-2
 2020-11-28 10:55:21.656
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



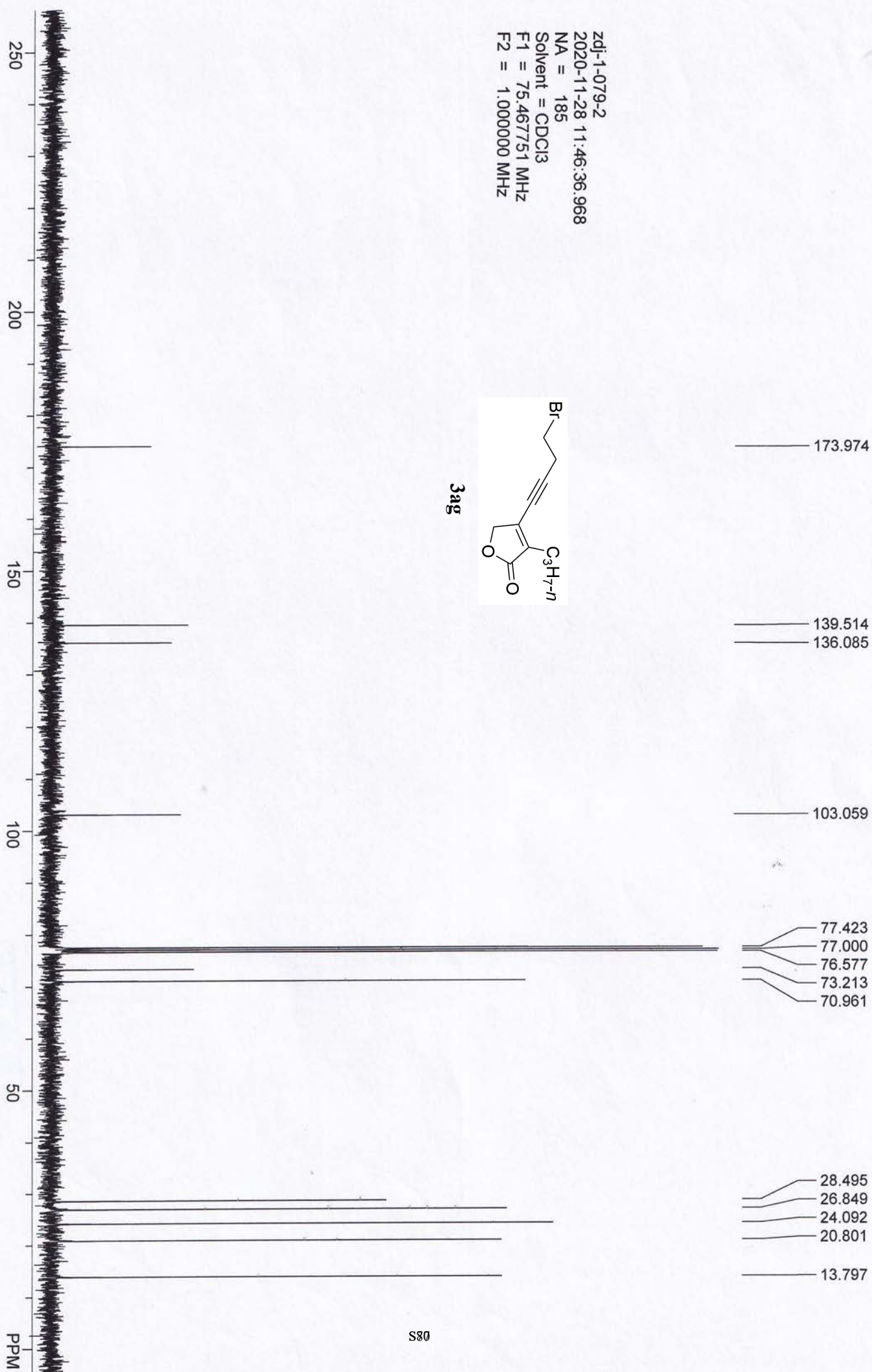
3ag



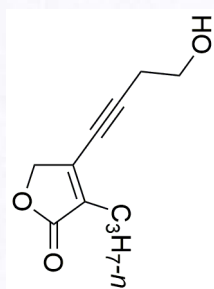
zdl-1-079-2
2020-11-28 11:46:36.968
NA = 185
Solvent = CDCl₃
F1 = 75.467751 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



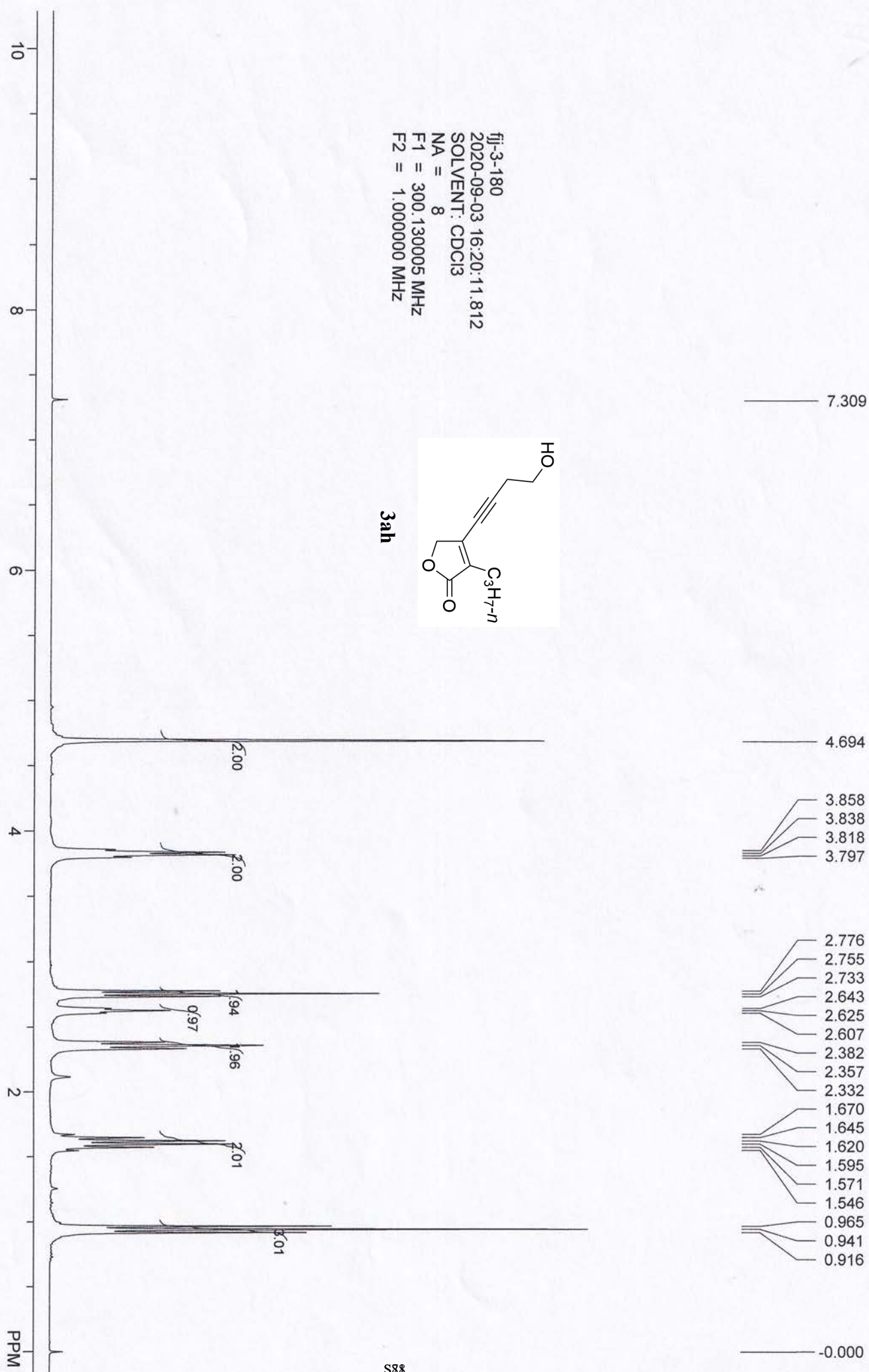
3ag

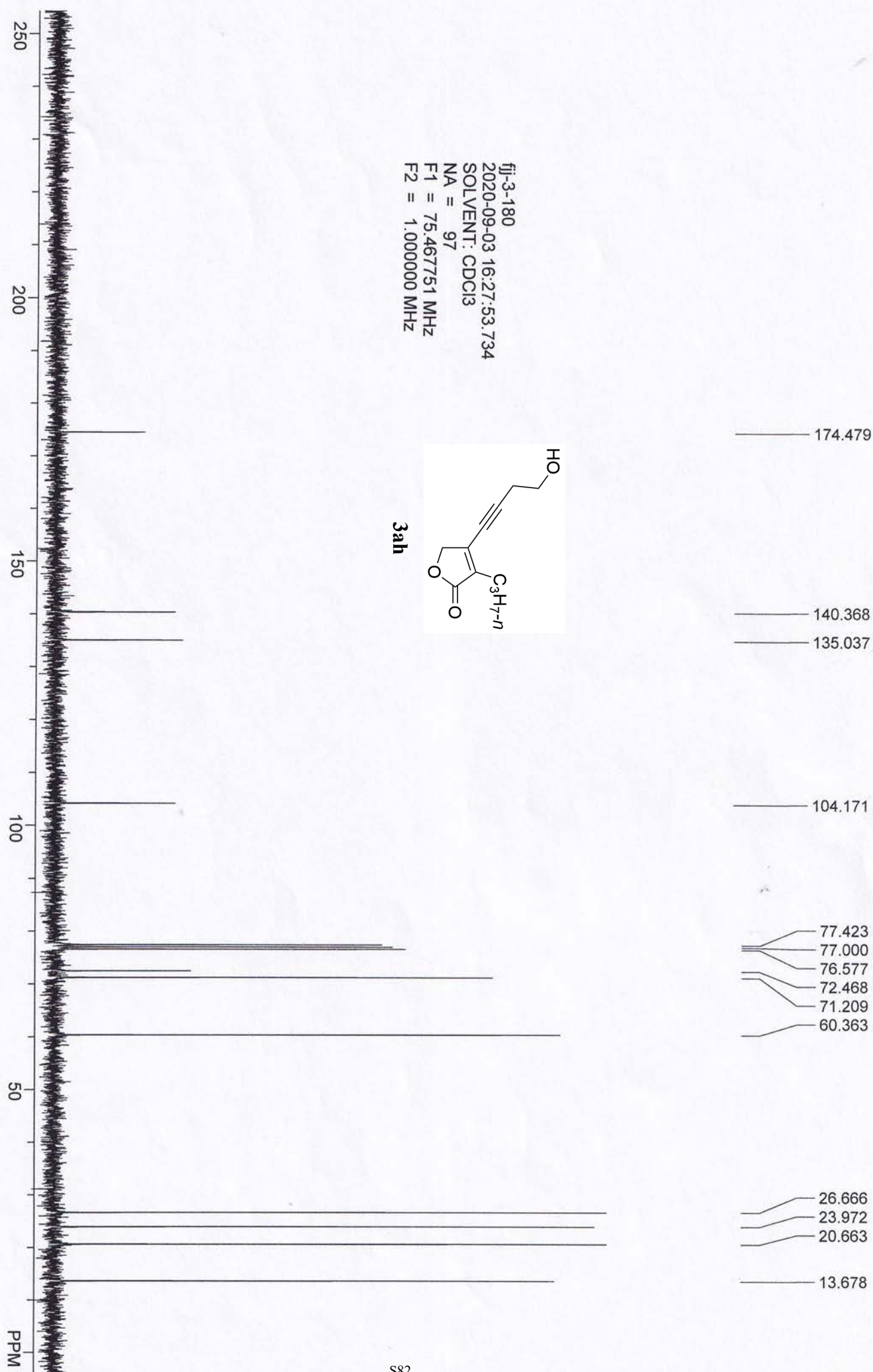


fj-3-180
 2020-09-03 16:20:11.812
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 8
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



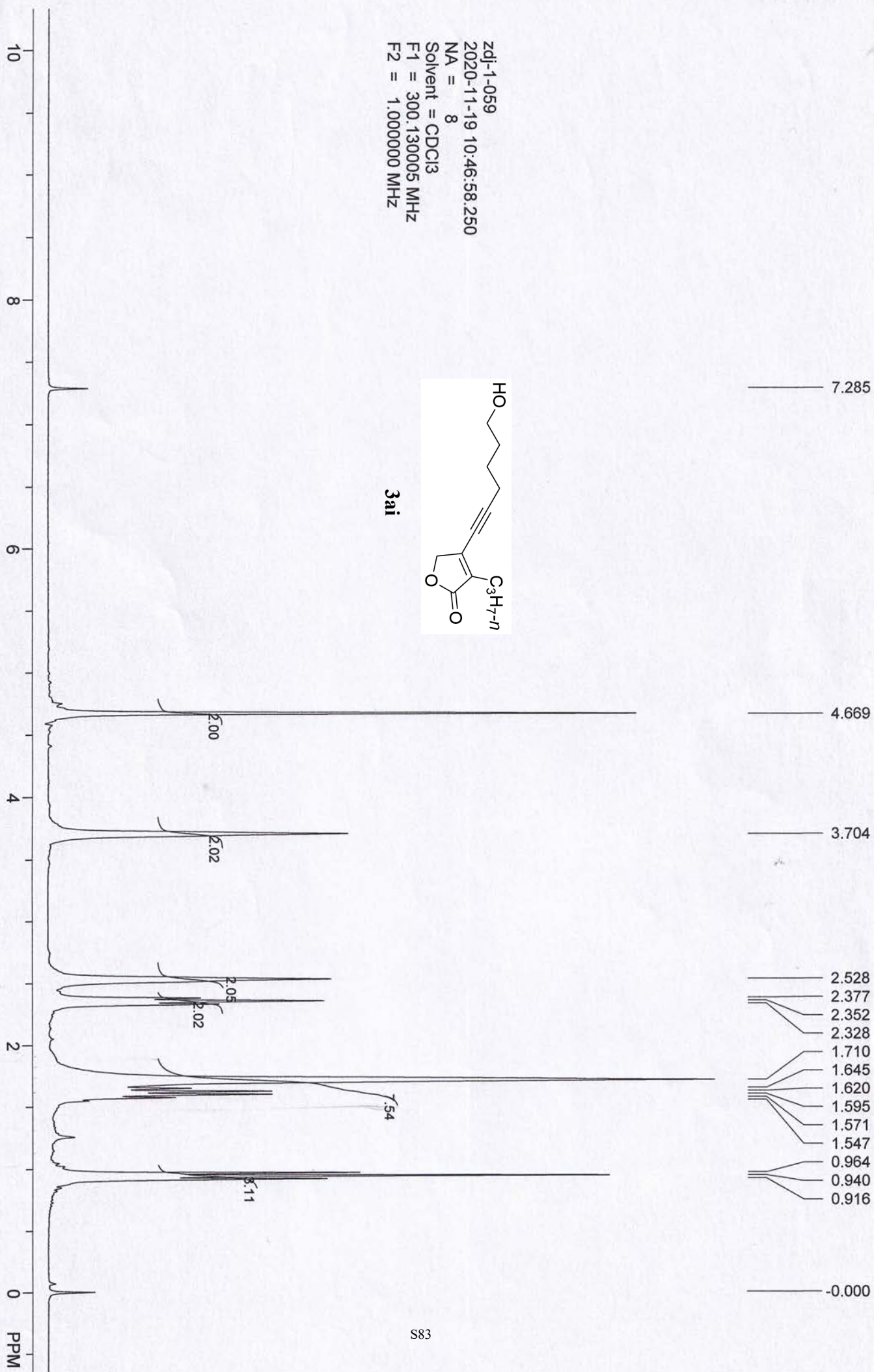
3ah



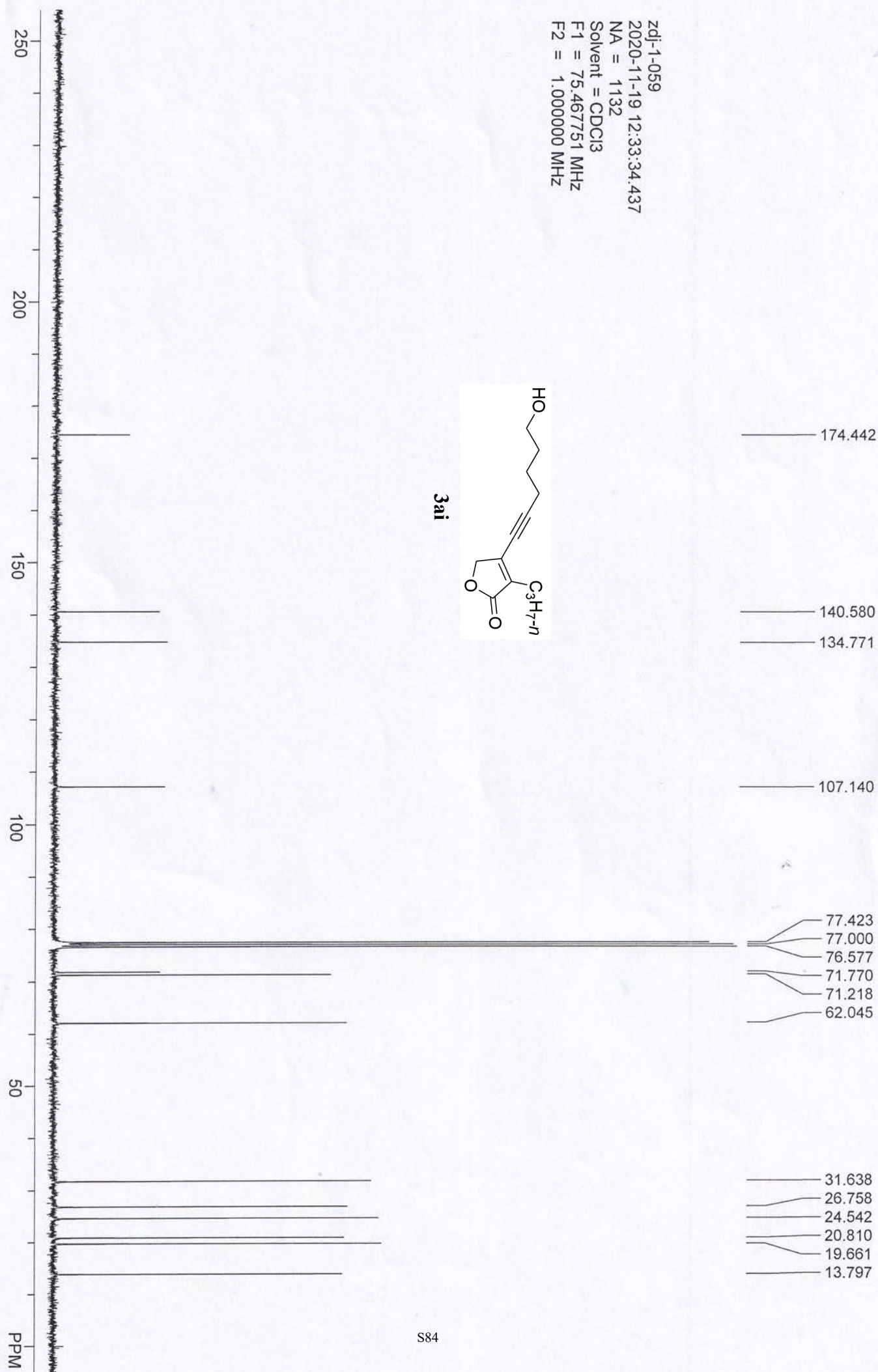
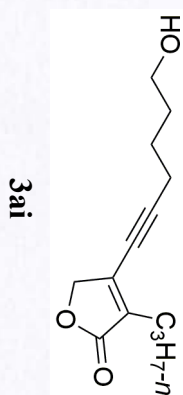


zdl-1-059
 2020-11-19 10:46:58.250
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

3ai



zdl-1-059
 2020-11-19 12:33:34.437
 NA = 1132
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



7.286

3.918

4.673

3.909

3.894

3.885

3.864

3.658

3.636

3.613

3.604

3.580

3.556

3.540

3.519

3.505

2.806

2.784

2.762

2.385

2.360

2.335

1.781

1.771

1.730

1.649

1.623

1.598

1.574

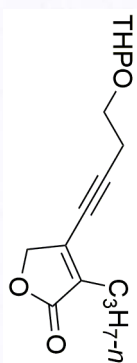
1.550

0.965

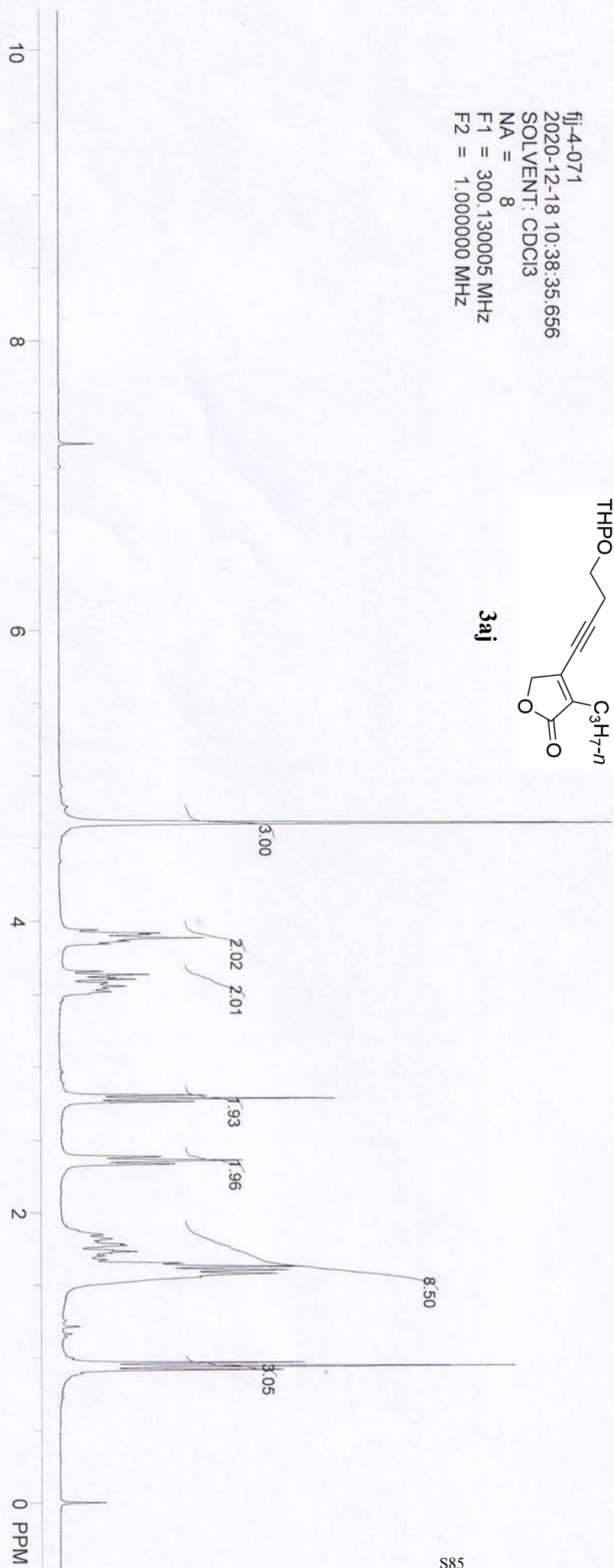
0.940

0.916

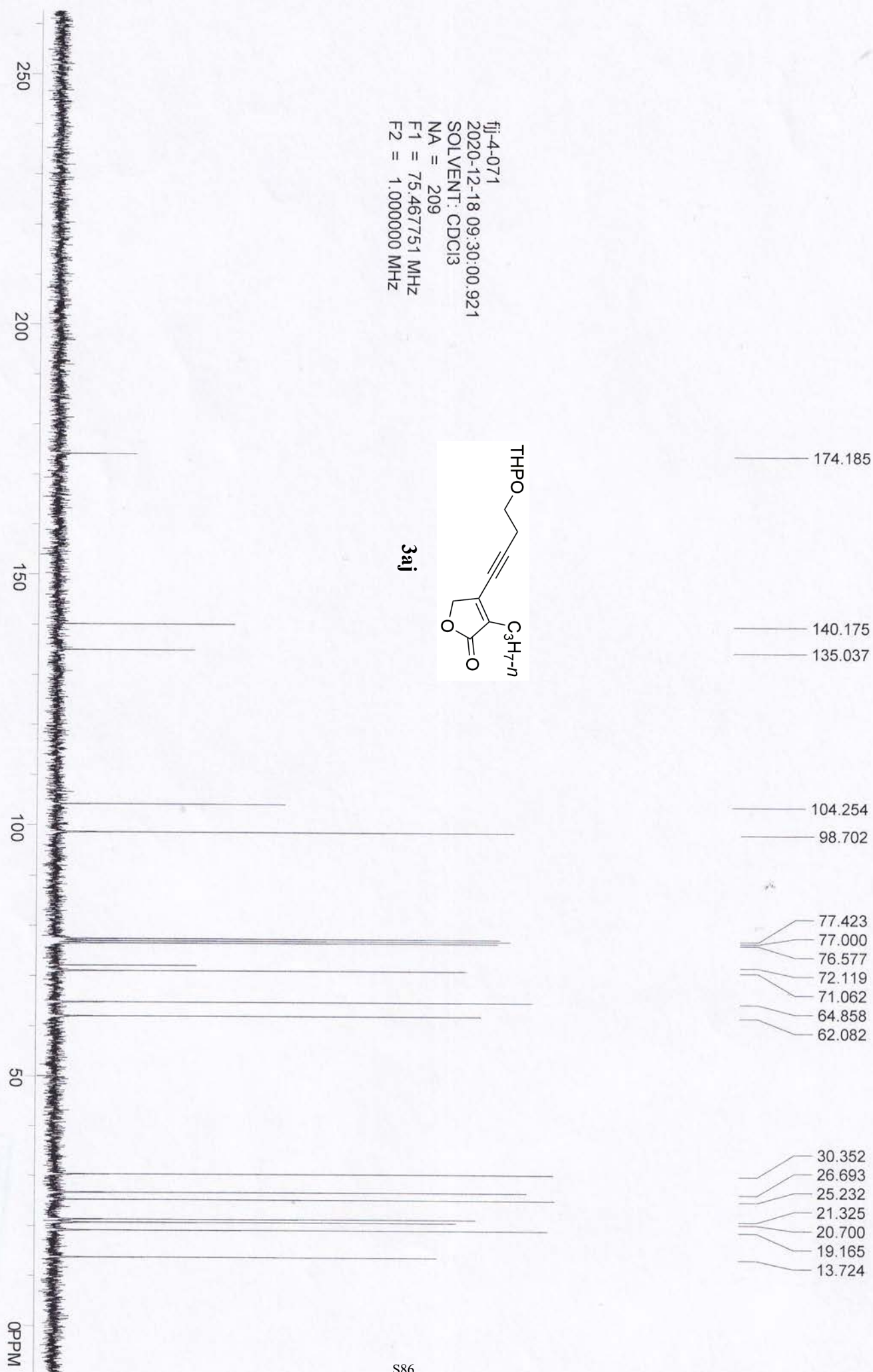
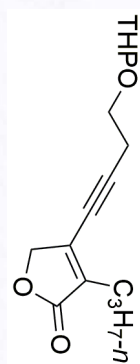
0.000

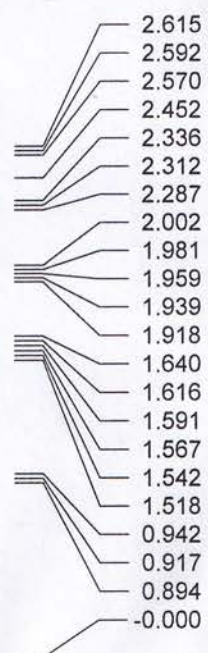
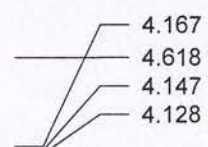
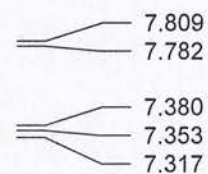


fj14-071
2020-12-18 10:38:35.656
SOLVENT: CDCl3
NA = 8
F1 = 300.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



fji-4-071
 2020-12-18 09:30:00.921
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 209
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

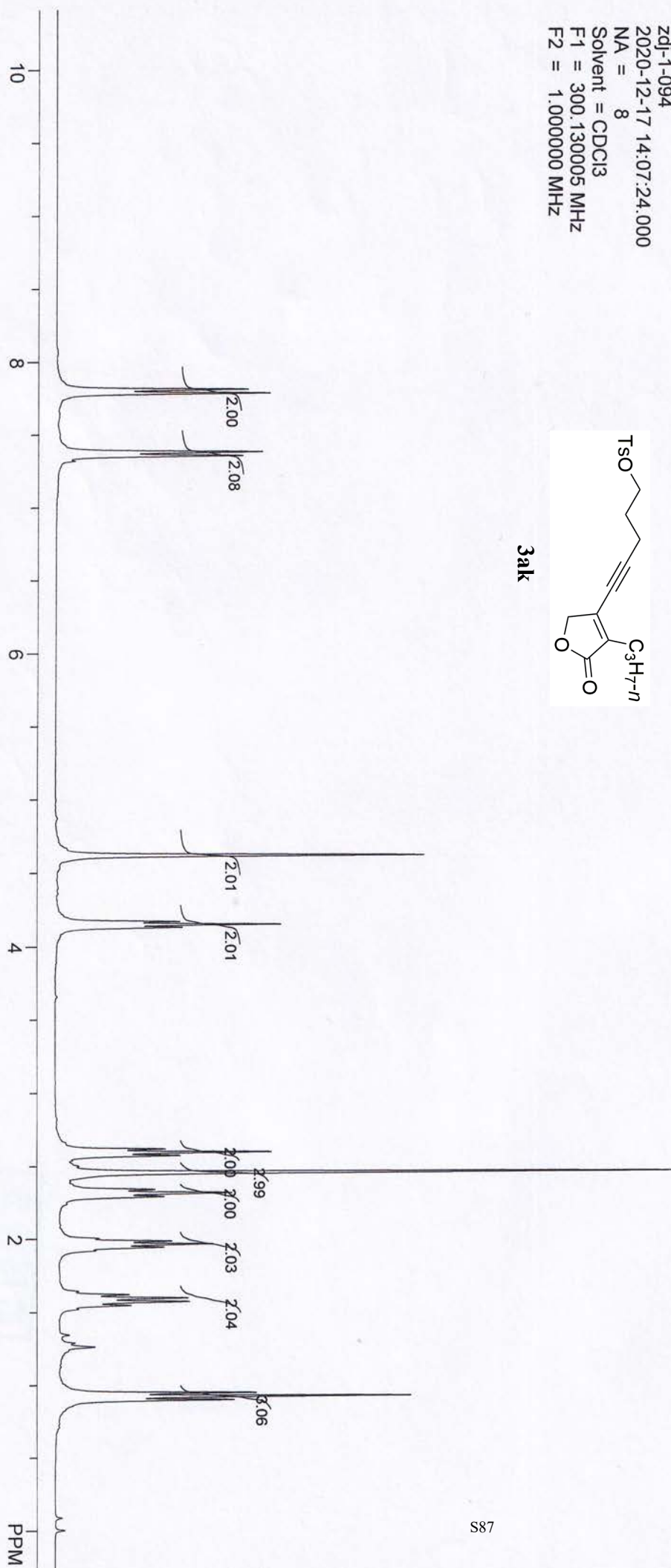




zdl-1-094
2020-12-17 14:07:24.000
NA = 8
Solvent = CDCl₃
F1 = 300.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



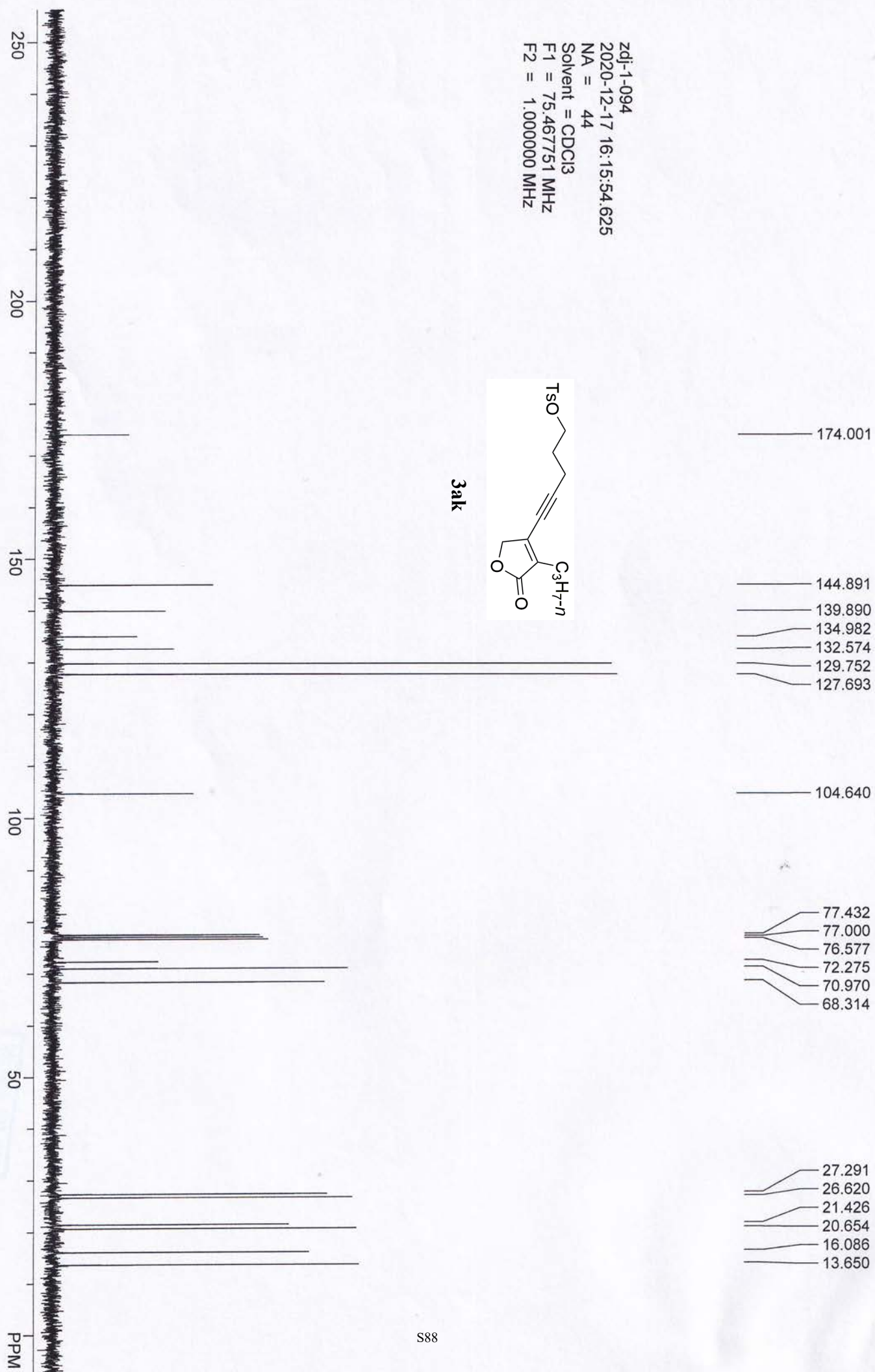
3ak



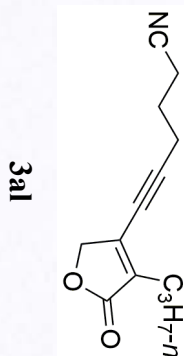
zdf-1-094
 2020-12-17 16:15:54.625
 NA = 44
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



3ak



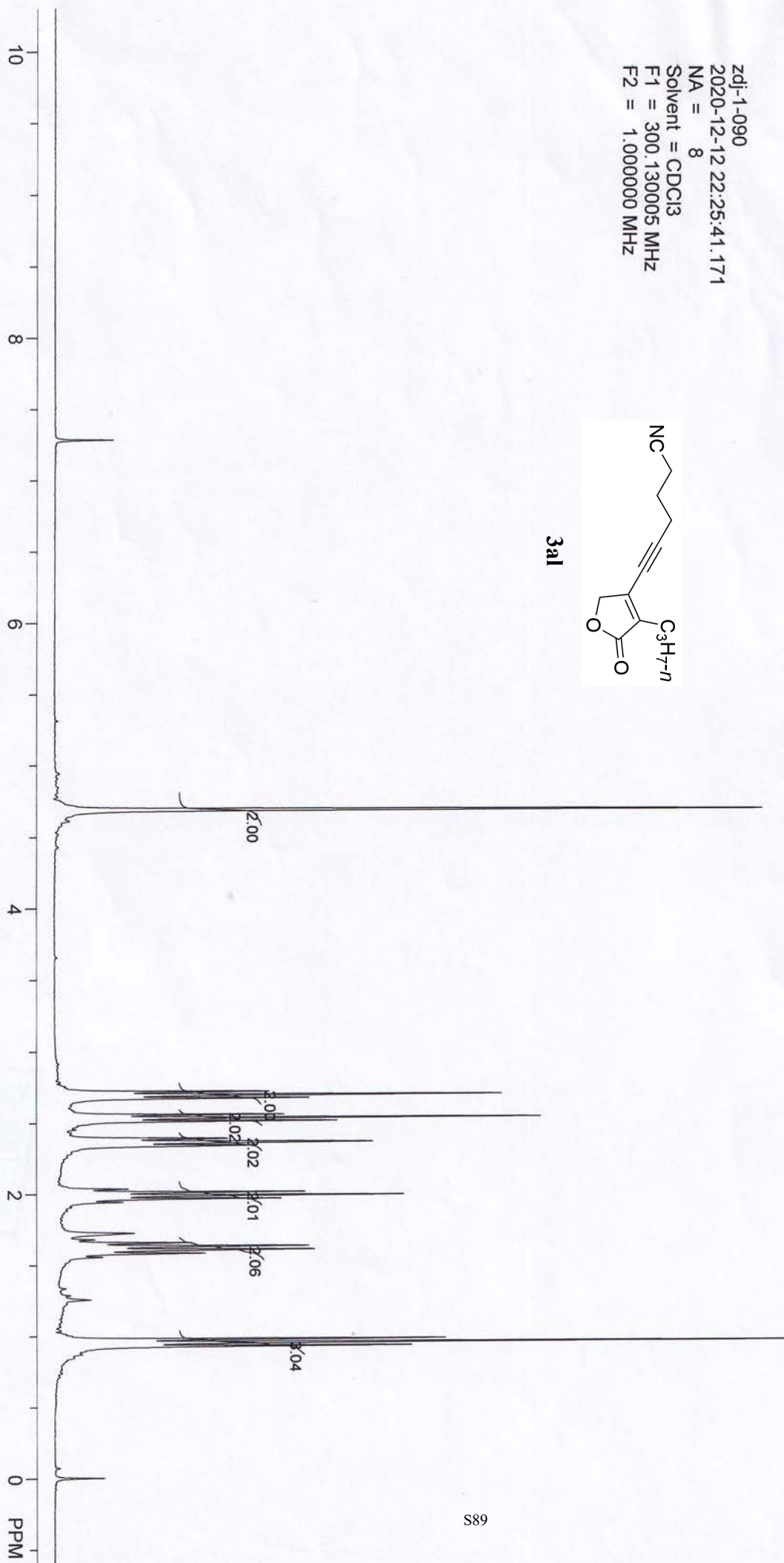
zdl-1-090
 2020-12-12 22:25:41.171
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



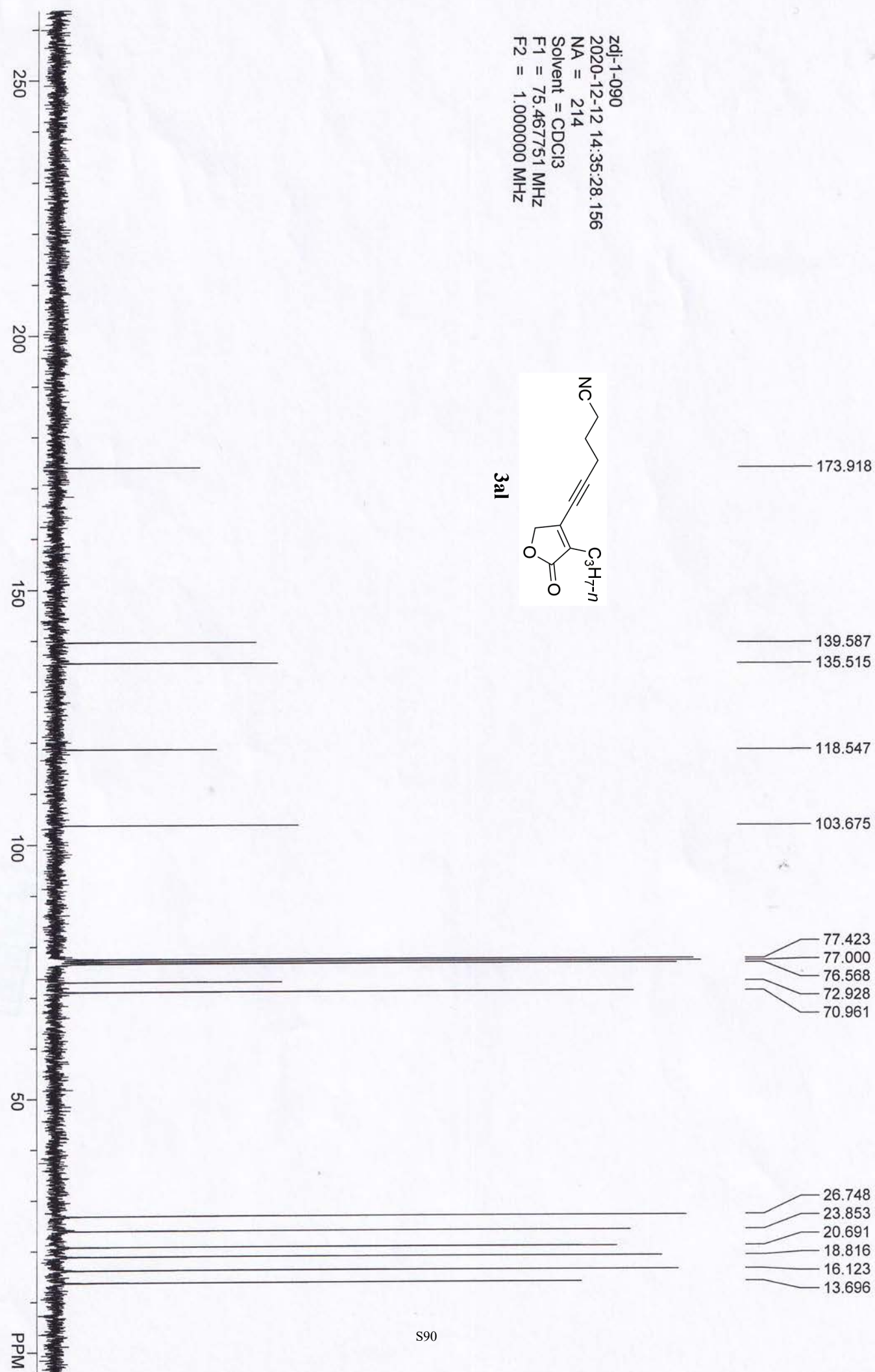
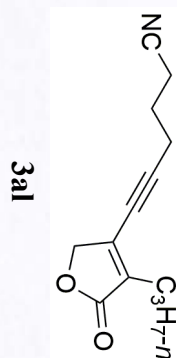
7.283

4.689

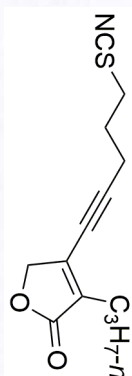
2.718
 2.696
 2.672
 2.558
 2.535
 2.511
 2.387
 2.363
 2.338
 2.032
 2.009
 1.985
 1.962
 1.939
 1.677
 1.652
 1.627
 1.603
 1.578
 1.554
 0.973
 0.949
 0.924
 -0.000



zdl-1-090
 2020-12-12 14:35:28.156
 NA = 214
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



zdl-1-115
 2020-12-27 18:39:48.562
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl3
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

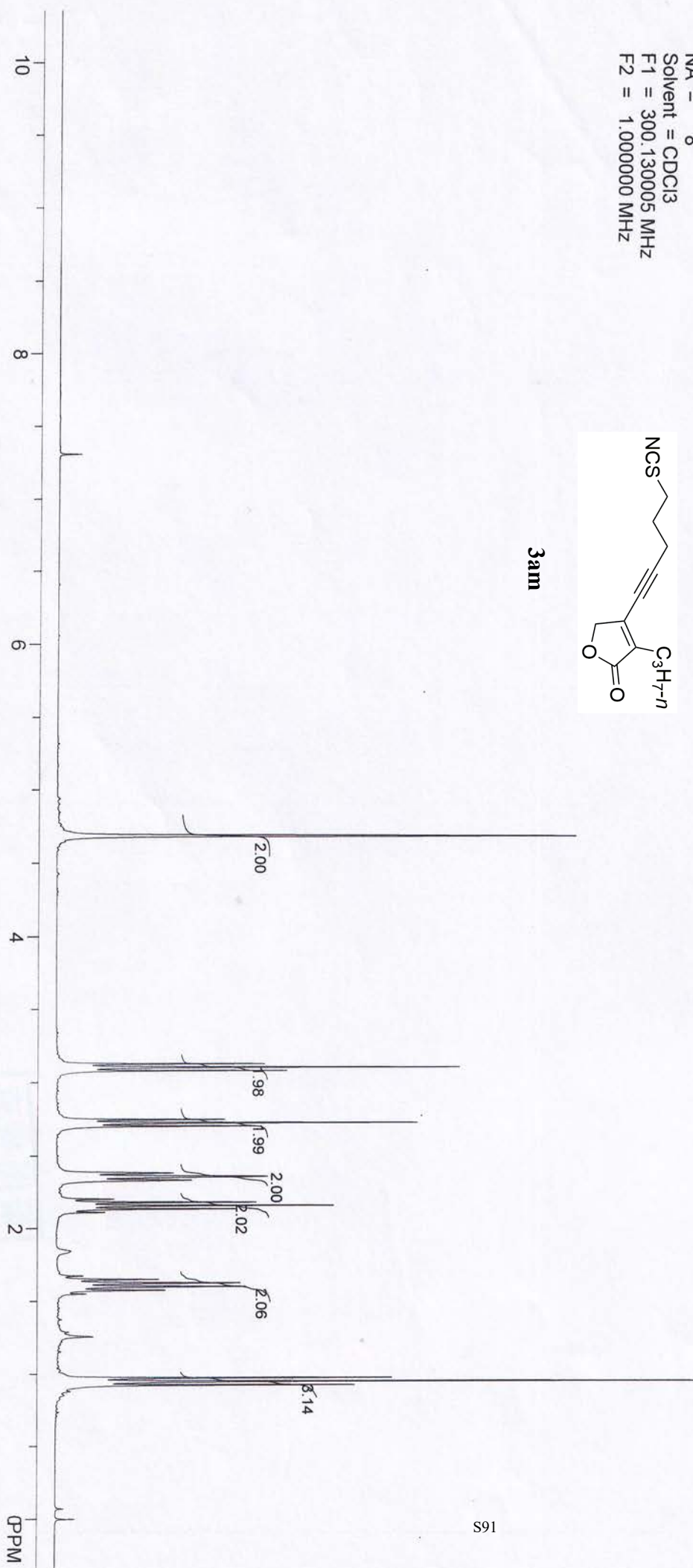


3am

7.306

4.685

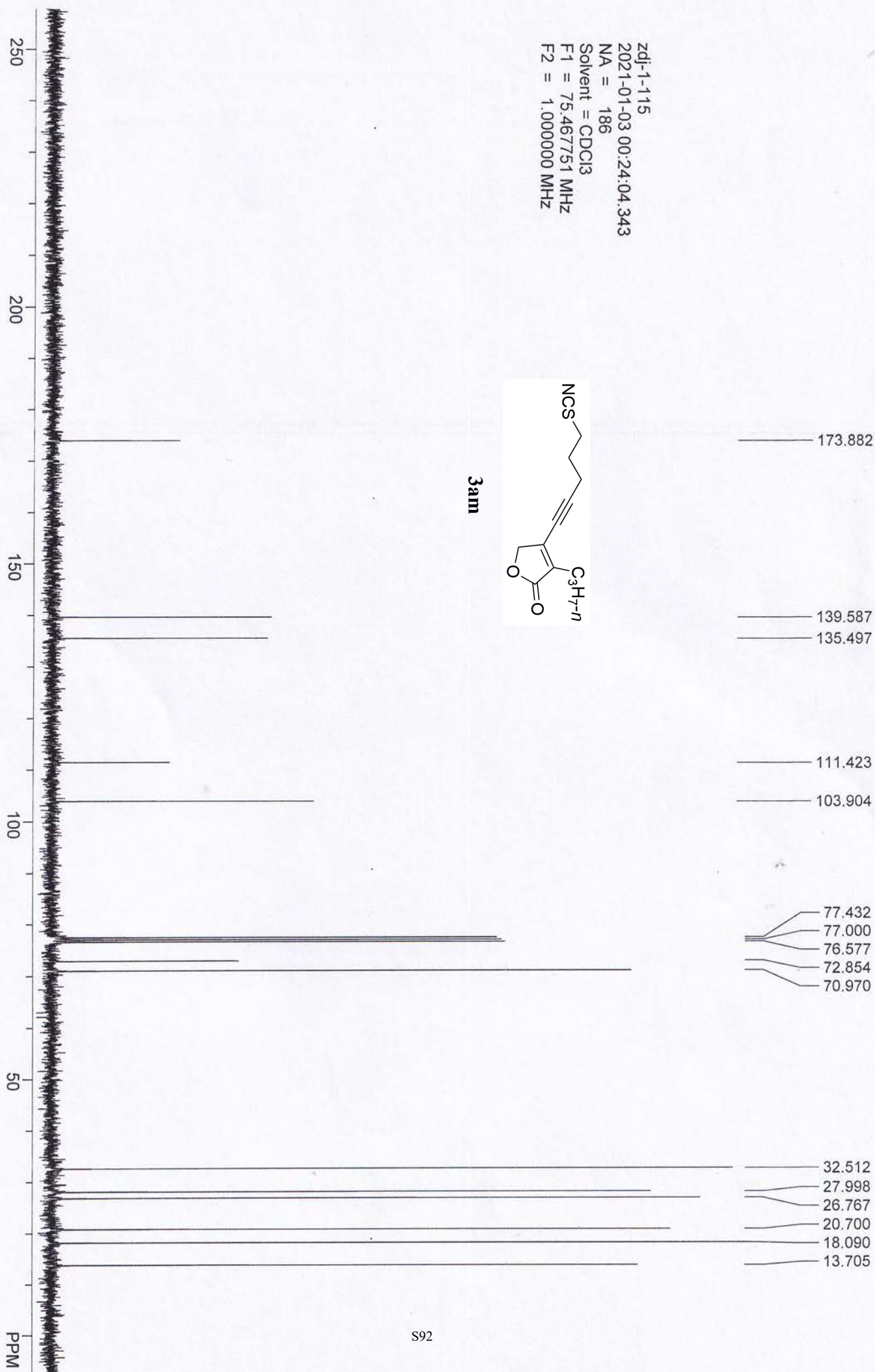
3.125
 3.102
 3.079
 2.747
 2.725
 2.702
 2.381
 2.356
 2.331
 2.202
 2.178
 2.155
 2.132
 2.109
 1.672
 1.647
 1.622
 1.597
 1.572
 1.548
 0.970
 0.946
 0.921
 0.000

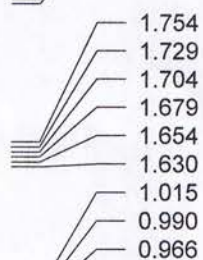
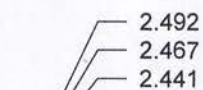
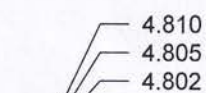
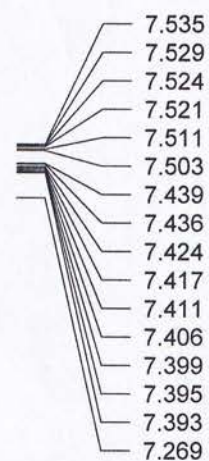


zdl-1-115
2021-01-03 00:24:04.343
NA = 186
Solvent = CDCl₃
F1 = 75.467751 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz

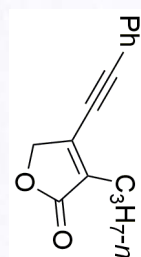


3am

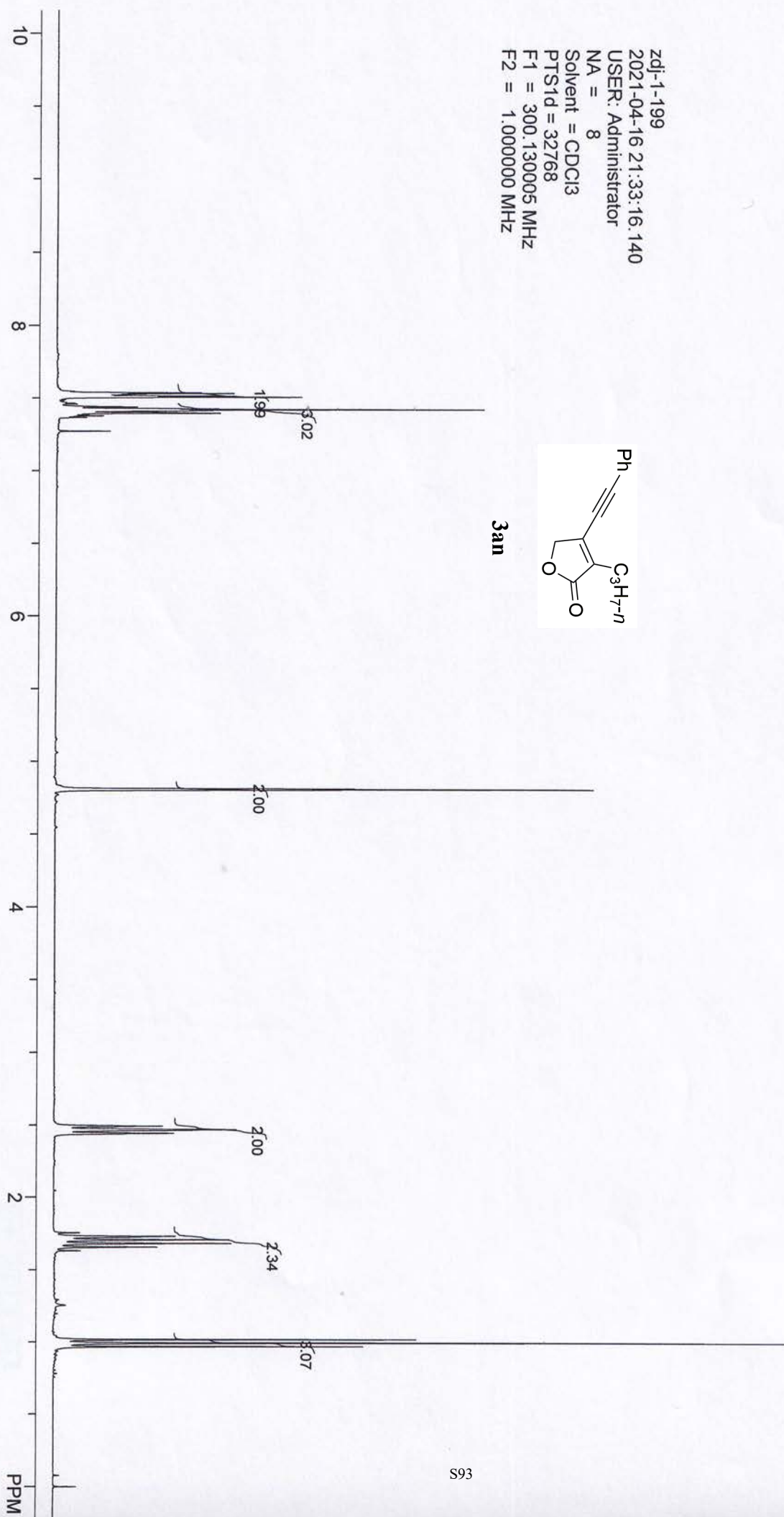




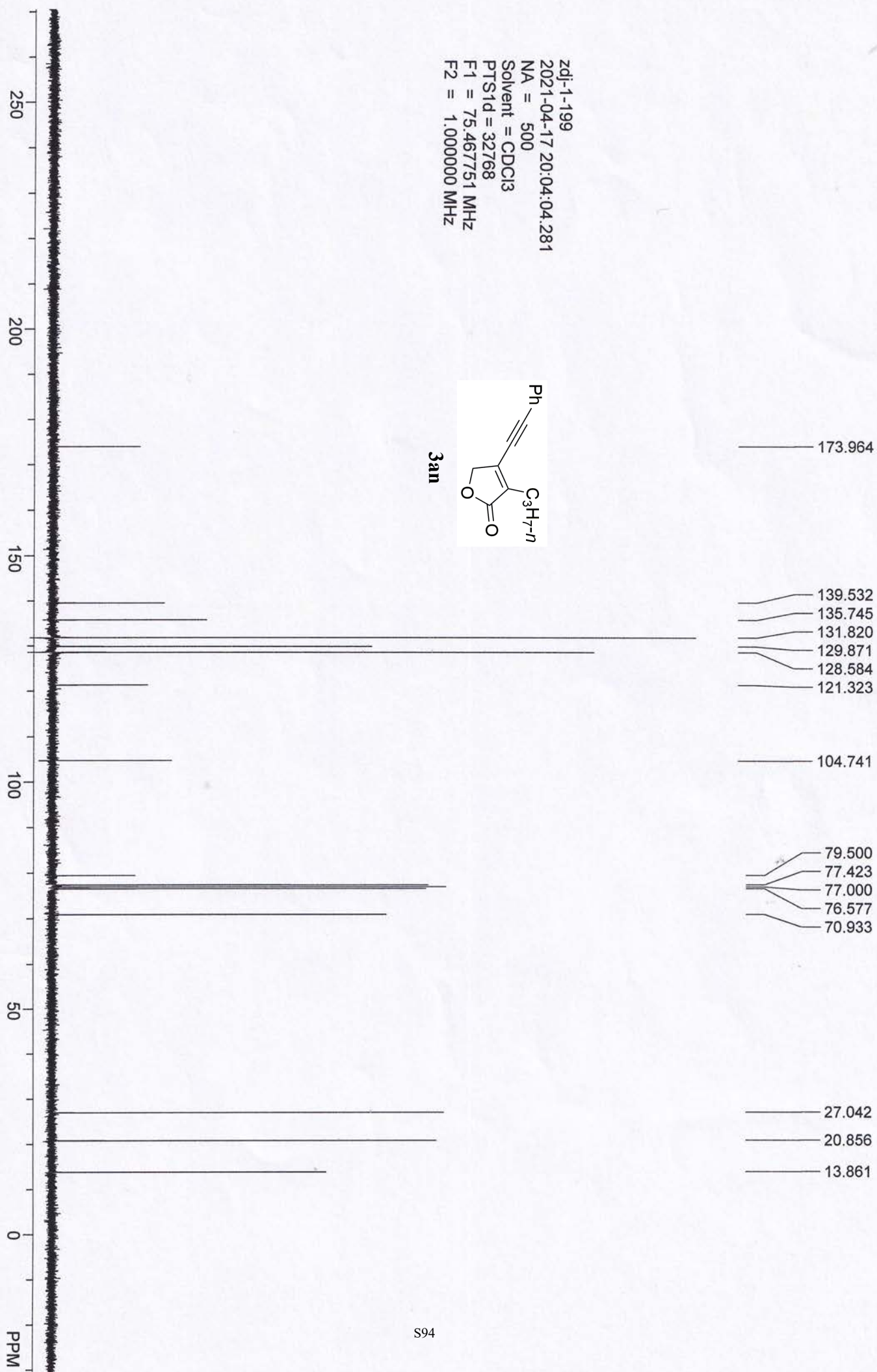
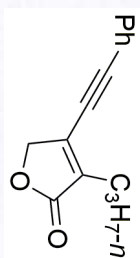
zdf-1-199
2021-04-16 21:33:16.140
USER: Administrator
NA = 8
Solvent = CDCl3
PTS1d = 32768
F1 = 300.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



3an



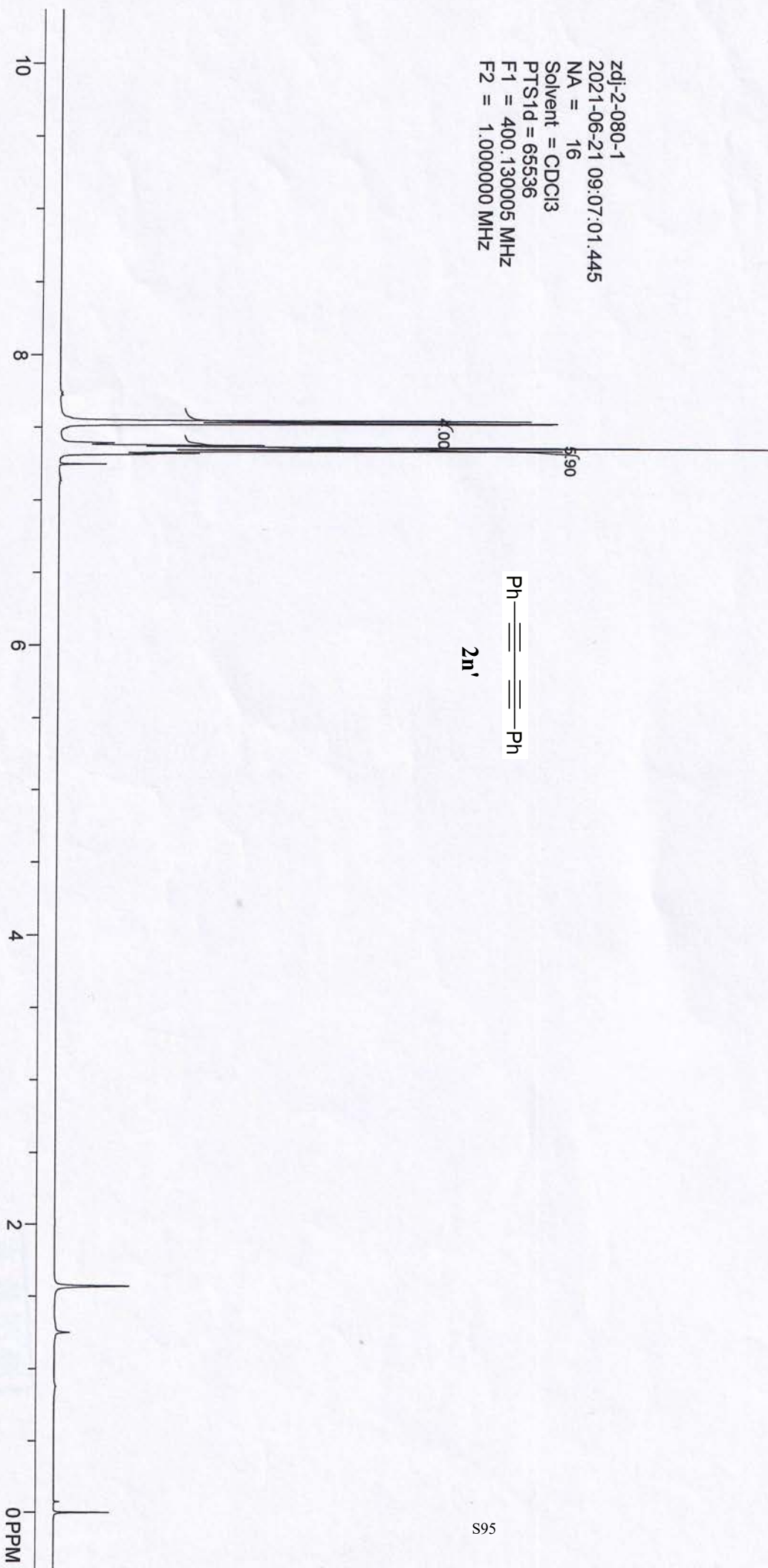
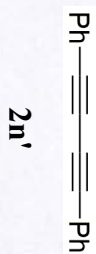
zdl-1-199
 2021-04-17 20:04:04.281
 NA = 500
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 PTS1d = 32768
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



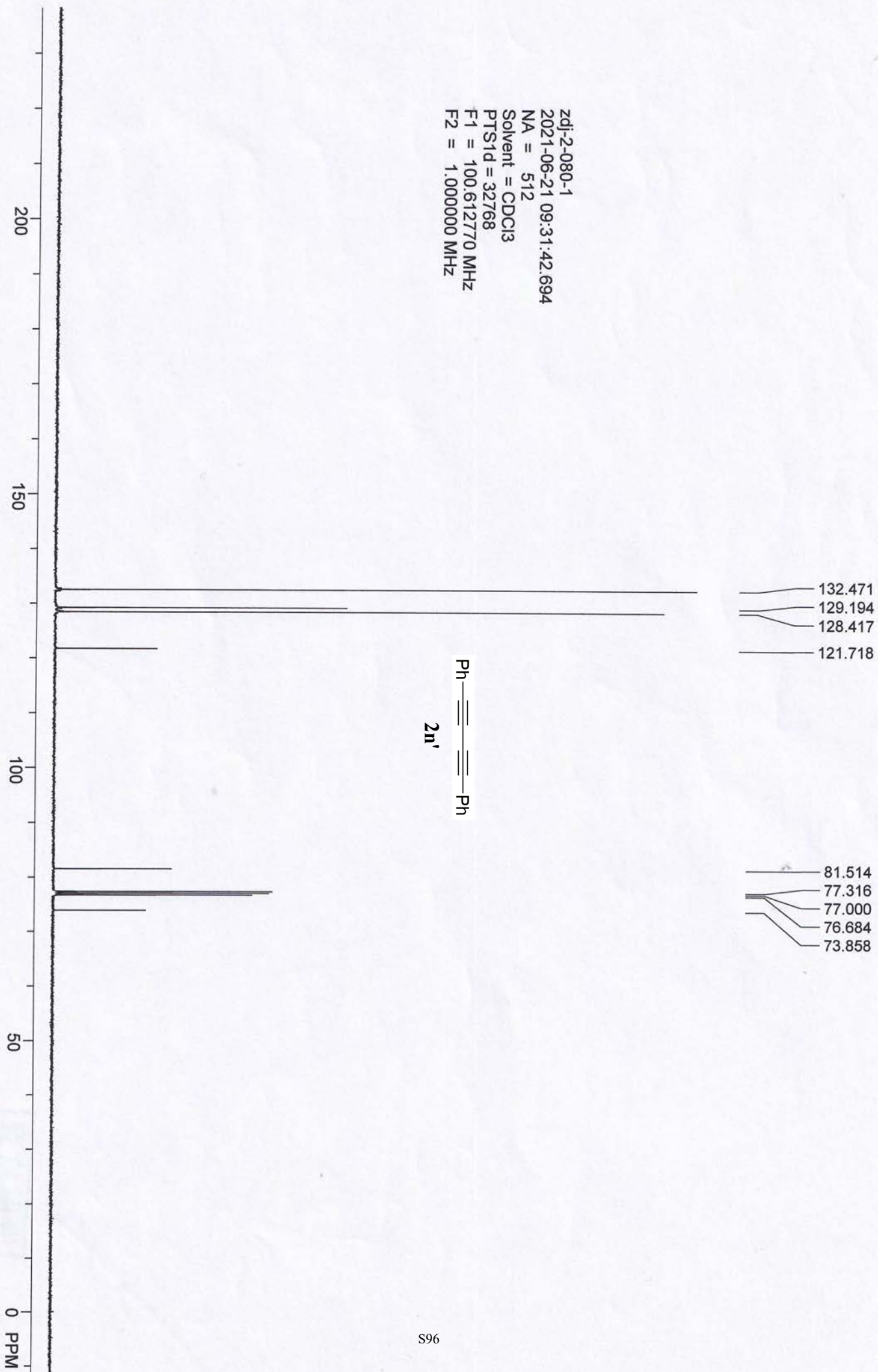
7.541
7.537
7.522
7.517
7.391
7.387
7.384
7.373
7.372
7.364
7.360
7.356
7.351
7.333
7.321
7.317
7.311

0.000

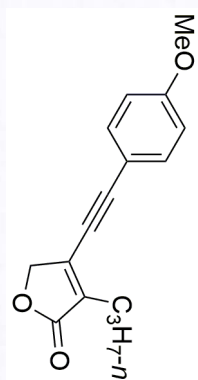
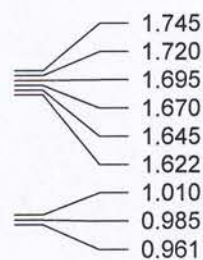
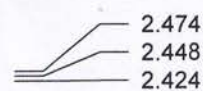
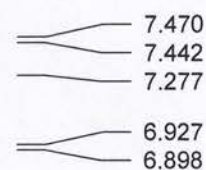
zdl-2-080-1
2021-06-21 09:07:01.445
NA = 16
Solvent = CDCl₃
PTS1d = 65536
F1 = 400.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



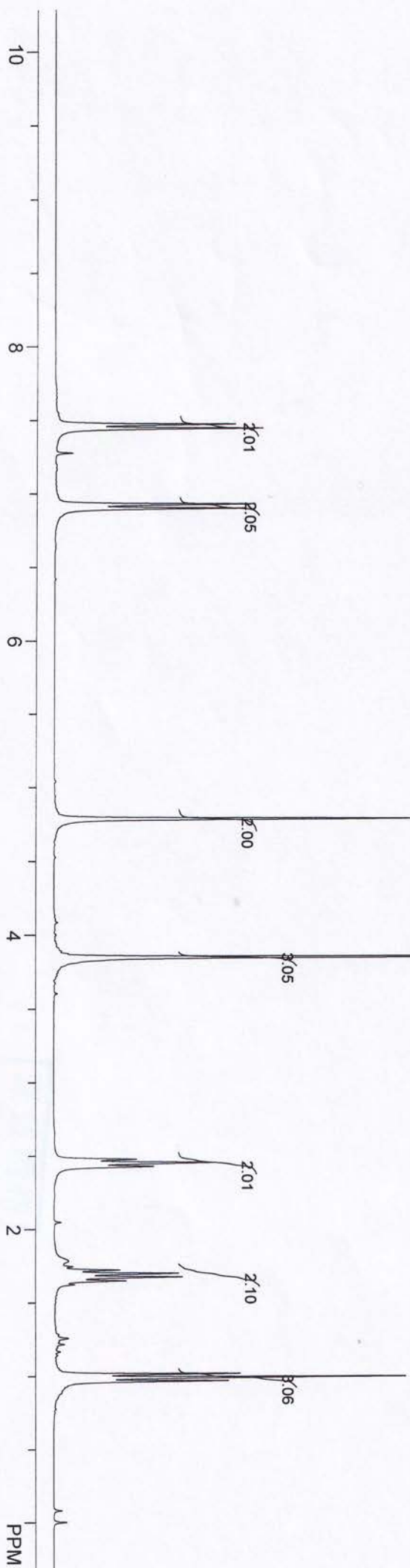
zdl-2-080-1
2021-06-21 09:31:42.694
NA = 512
Solvent = CDCl3
PTStd = 32768
F1 = 100.612770 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



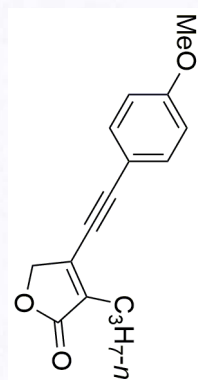
zdj-1-088
 2020-12-12 14:02:38.671
 NA = 10
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



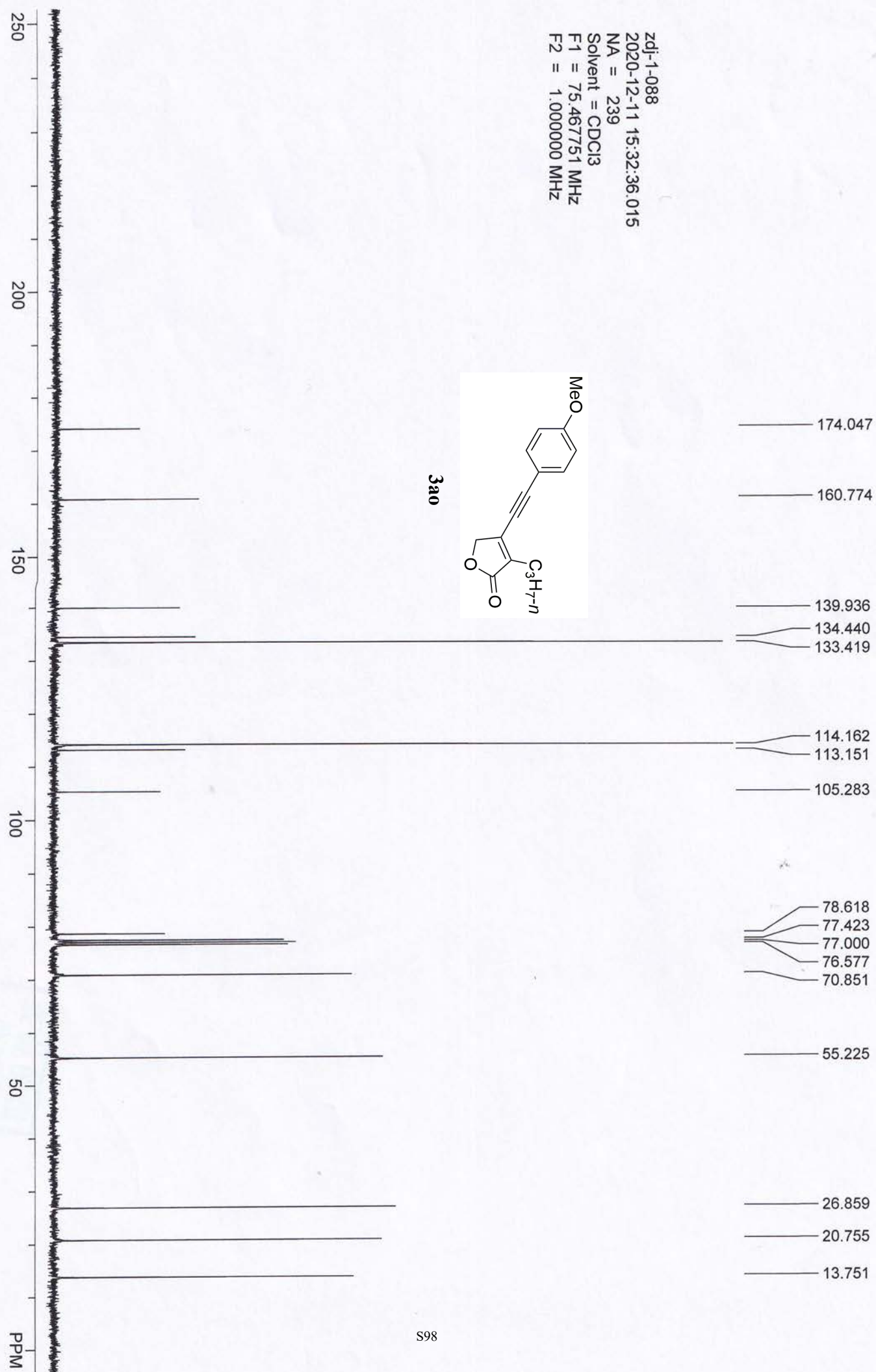
3a0



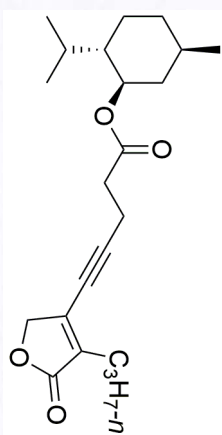
zdlj-1-088
 2020-12-11 15:32:36.015
 NA = 239
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



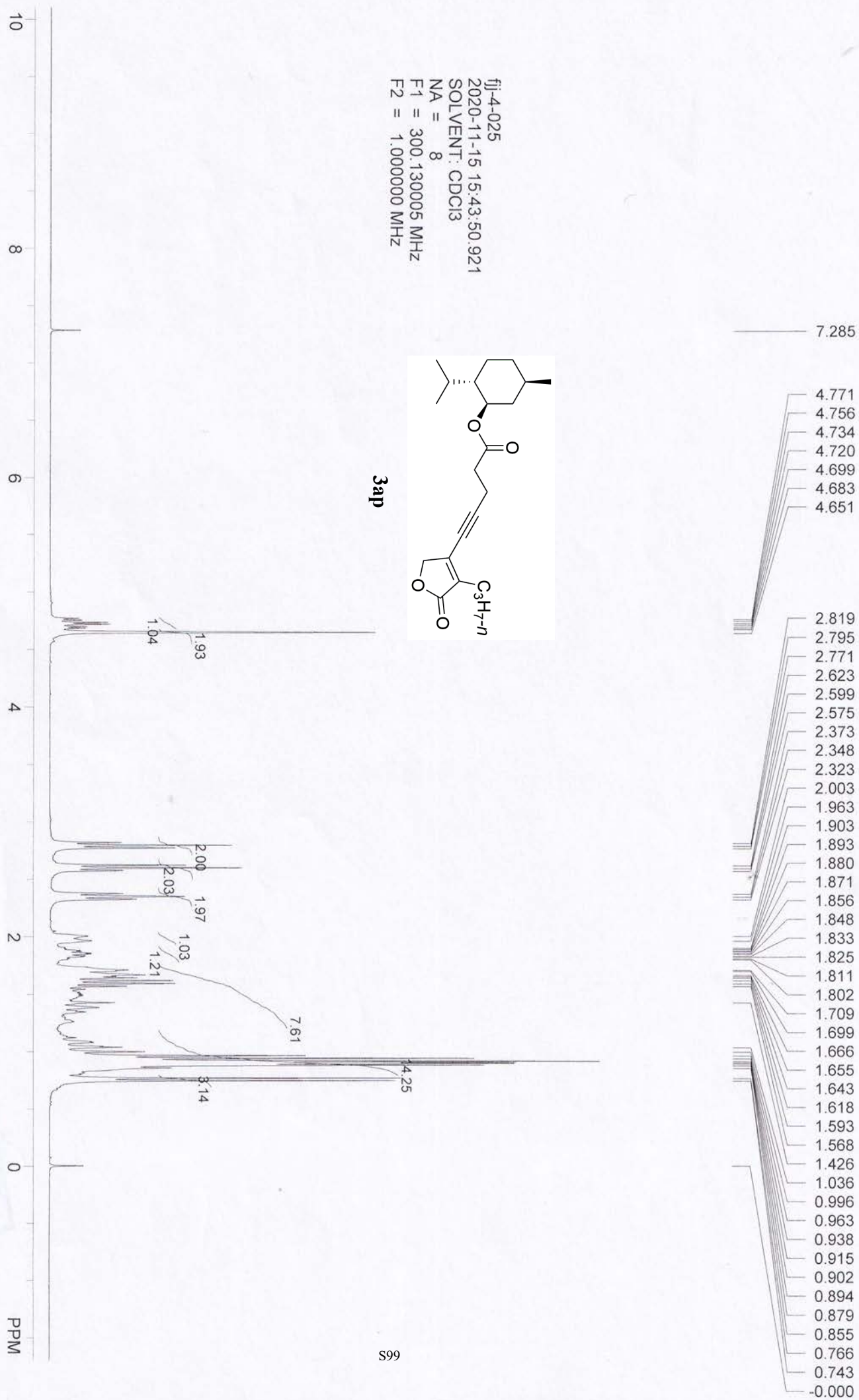
3a0

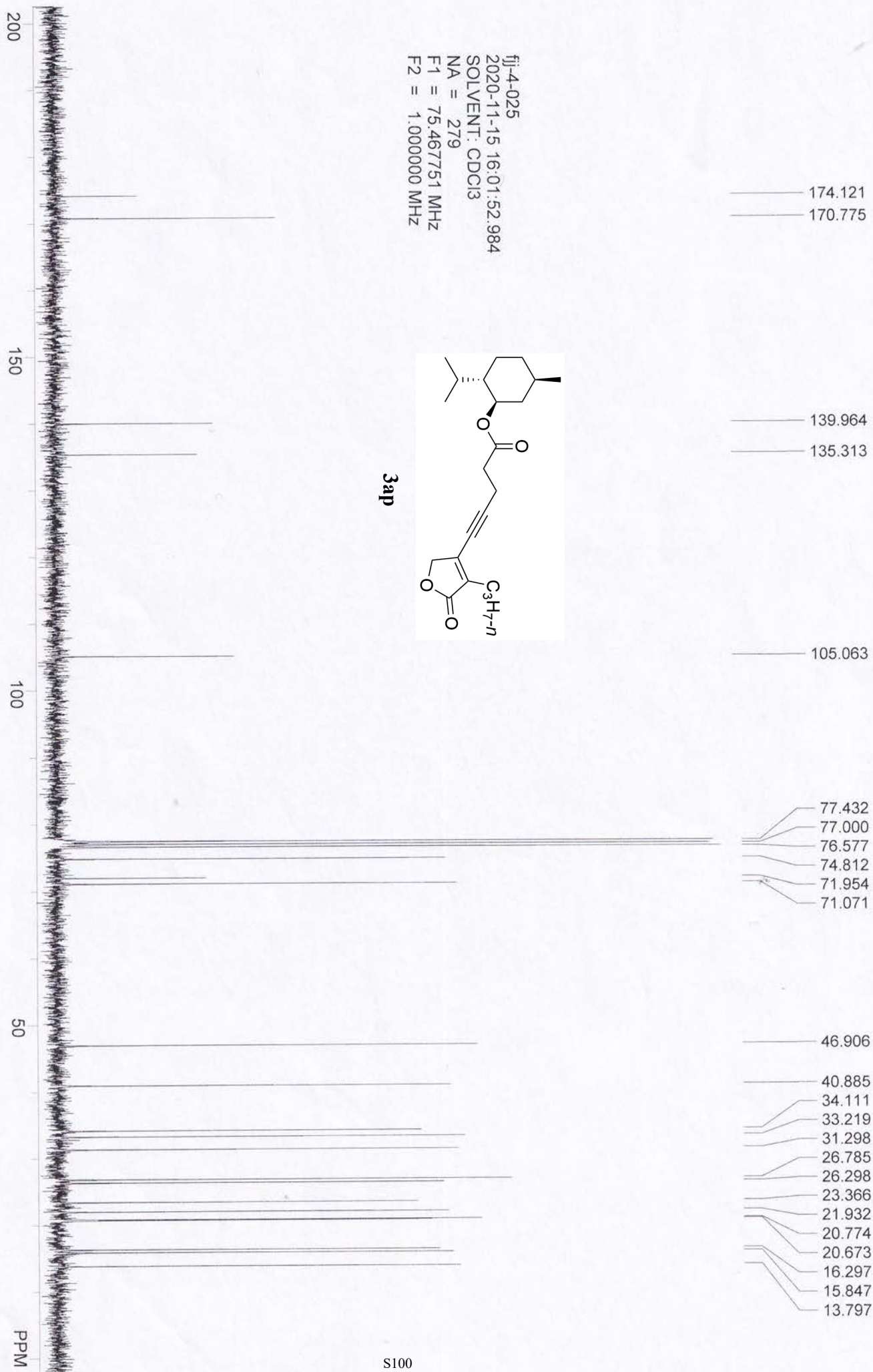


fjl-4-025
 2020-11-15 15:43:50.921
 SOLVENT: CDCl3
 NA = 8
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



3ap





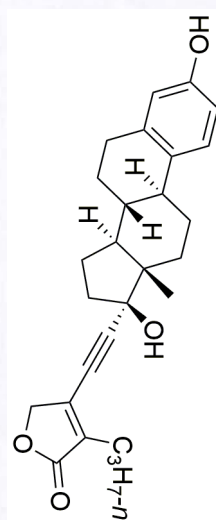
zdl-1-055
 2020-11-18 21:44:17.078
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl3
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

7.262
 7.159
 7.131
 6.672
 6.663
 6.644
 6.635
 6.590
 6.582

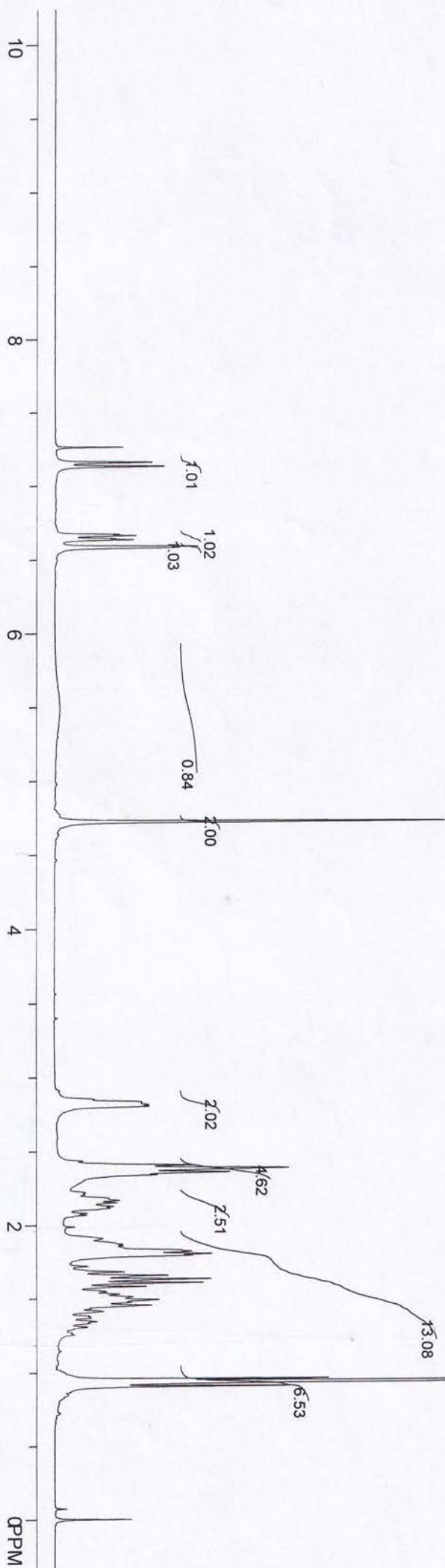
5.489

4.725

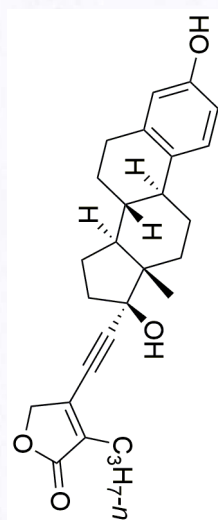
2.830
 2.814
 2.803
 2.436
 2.406
 2.382
 2.356
 2.340
 1.817
 1.800
 1.789
 1.680
 1.654
 1.628
 1.604
 1.490
 1.452
 0.953
 0.937
 0.929
 0.904
 0.000



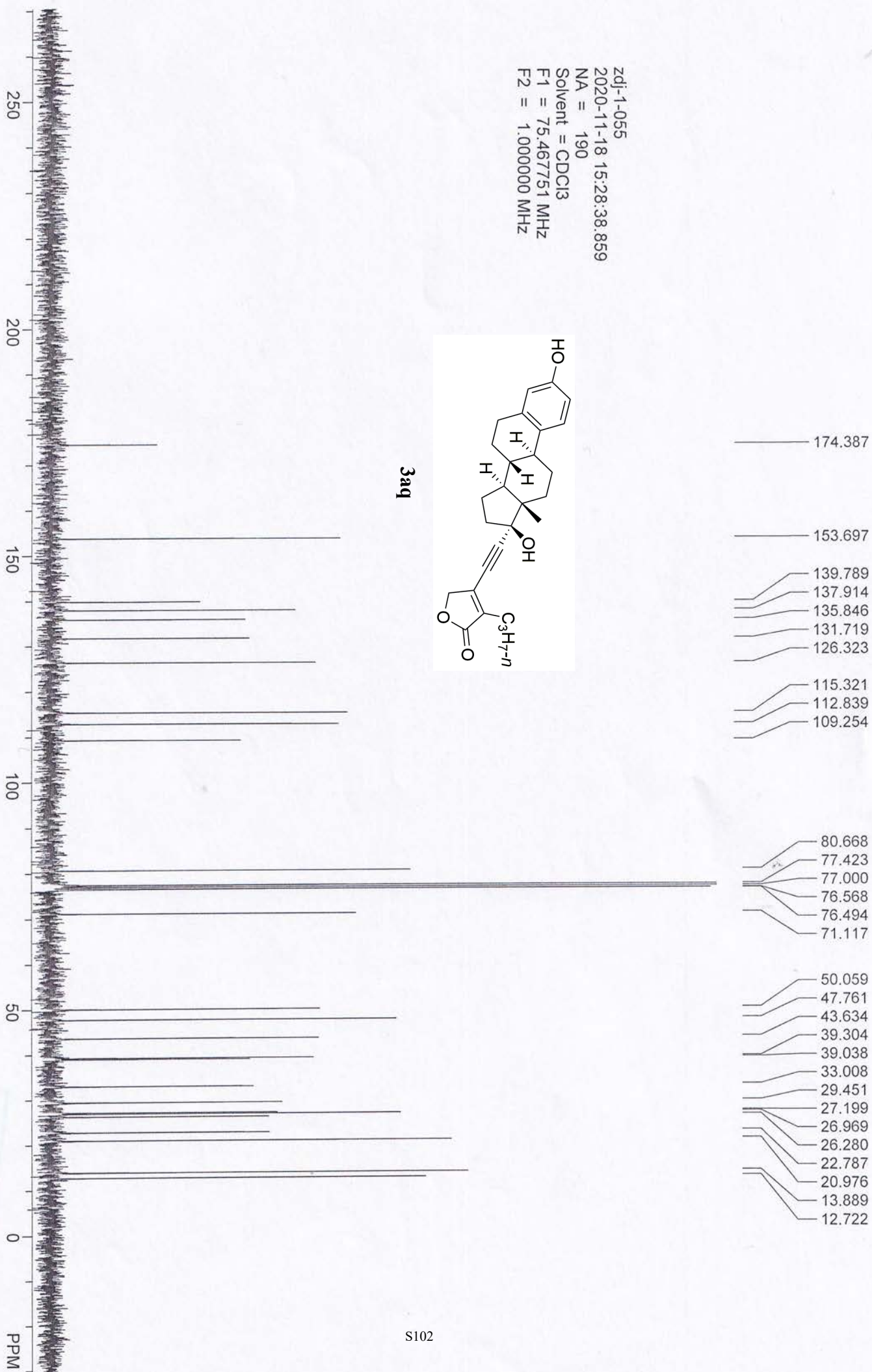
3aq



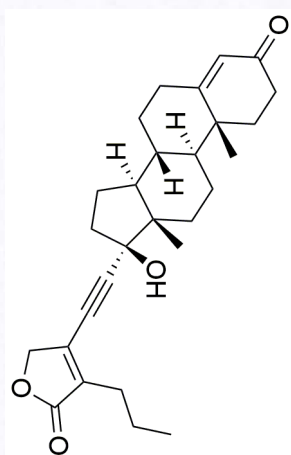
zdf-1-055
 2020-11-18 15:28:38.859
 NA = 190
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



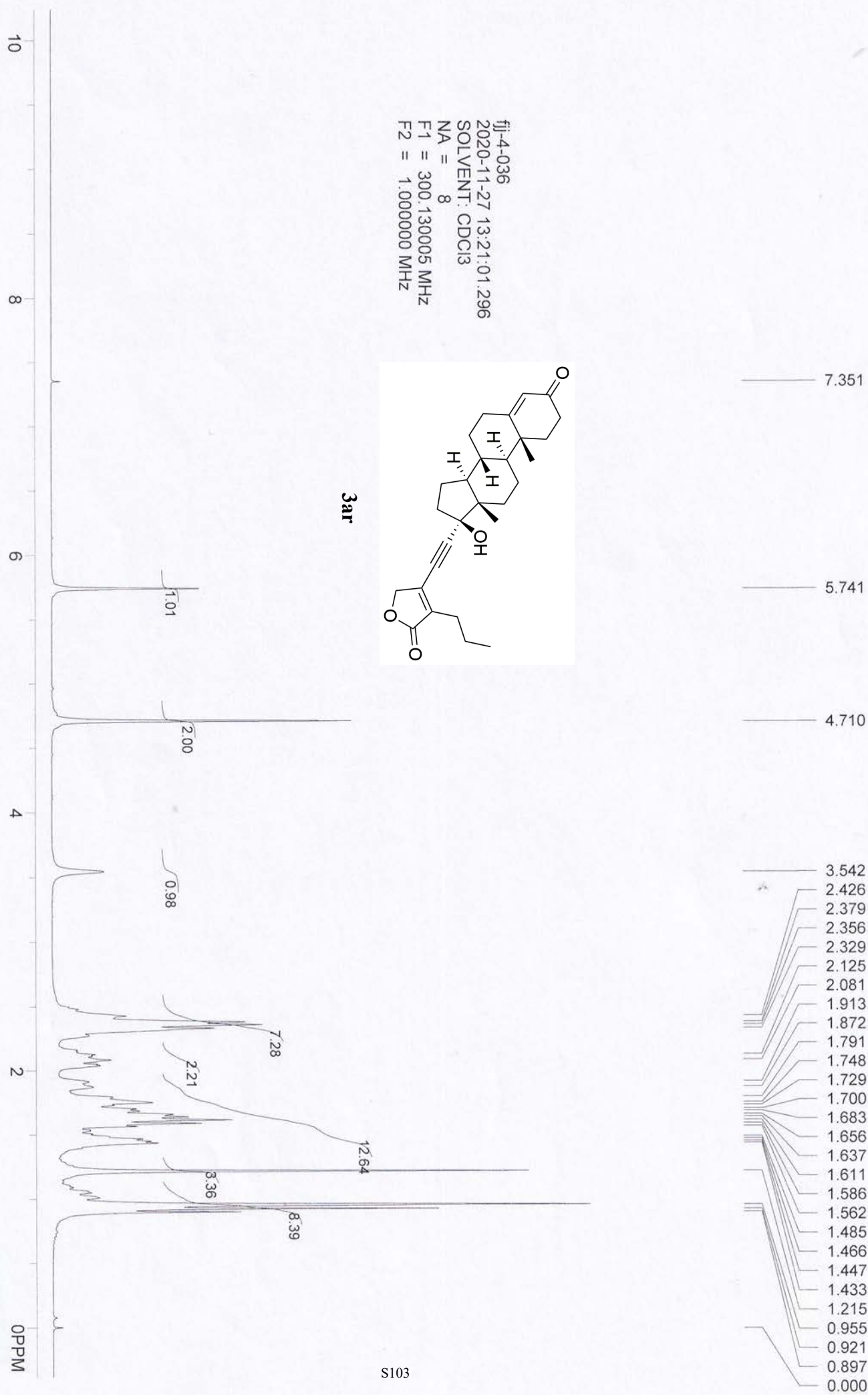
3aq



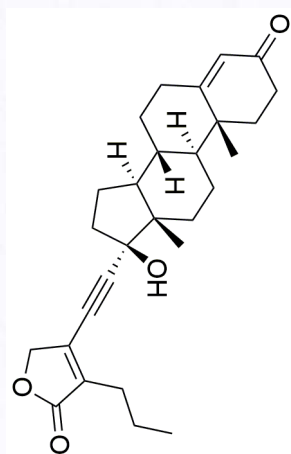
fjl-4-036
 2020-11-27 13:21:01.296
 SOLVENT: CDCl3
 NA = 8
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



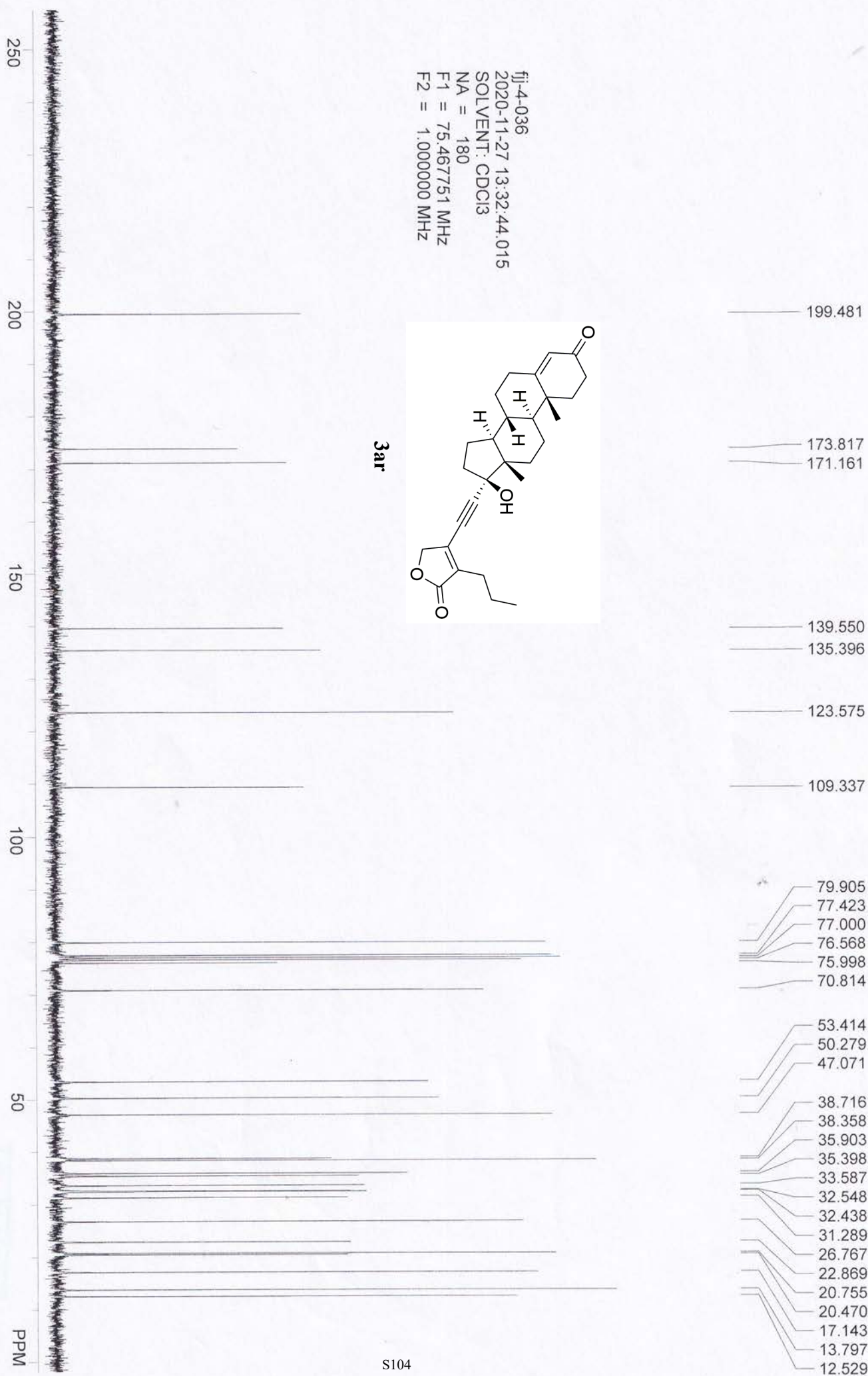
3ar



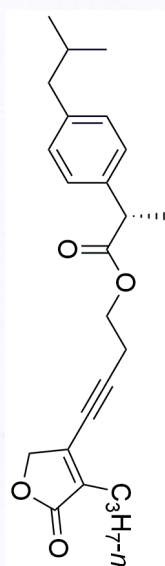
fj-4-036
 2020-11-27 13:32:44.015
 SOLVENT: CDCl3
 NA = 180
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



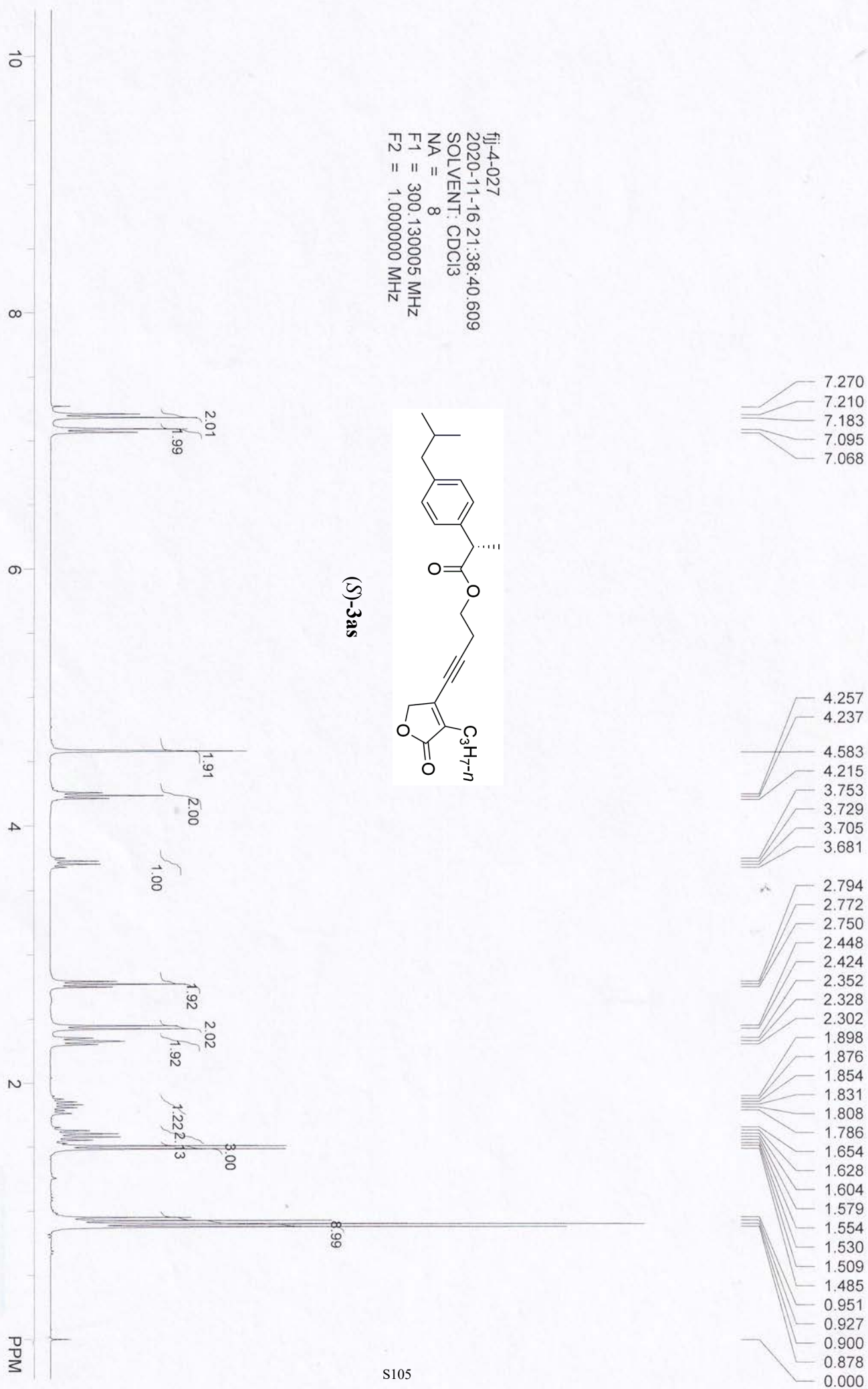
3ar



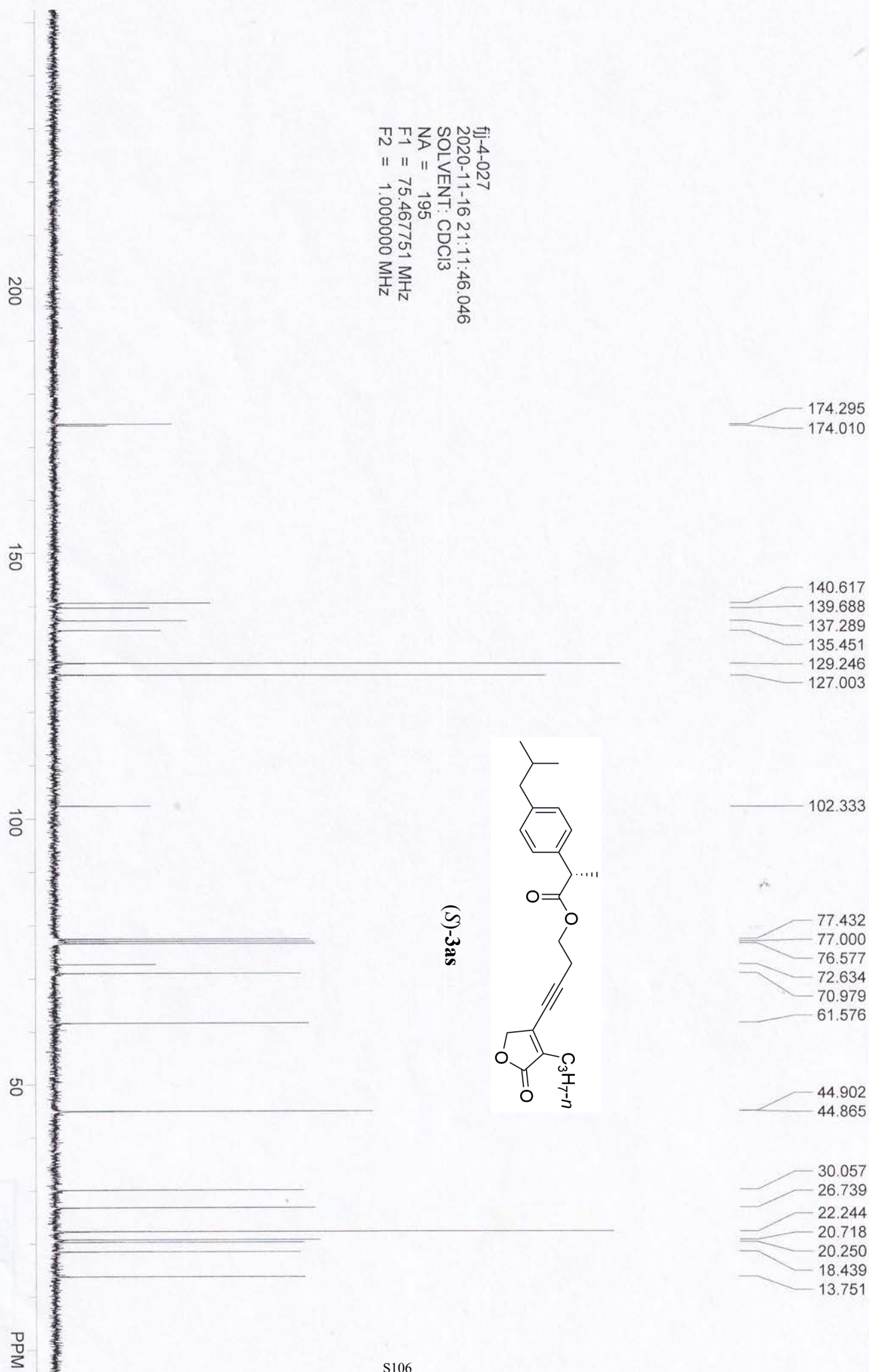
fj-4-027
 2020-11-16 21:38:40.609
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 8
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



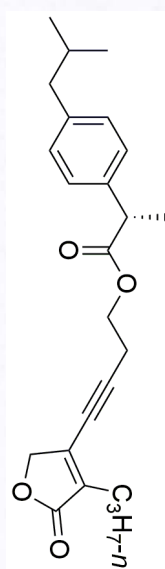
(S)-3as



fj-4-027
 2020-11-16 21:11:46.046
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 195
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



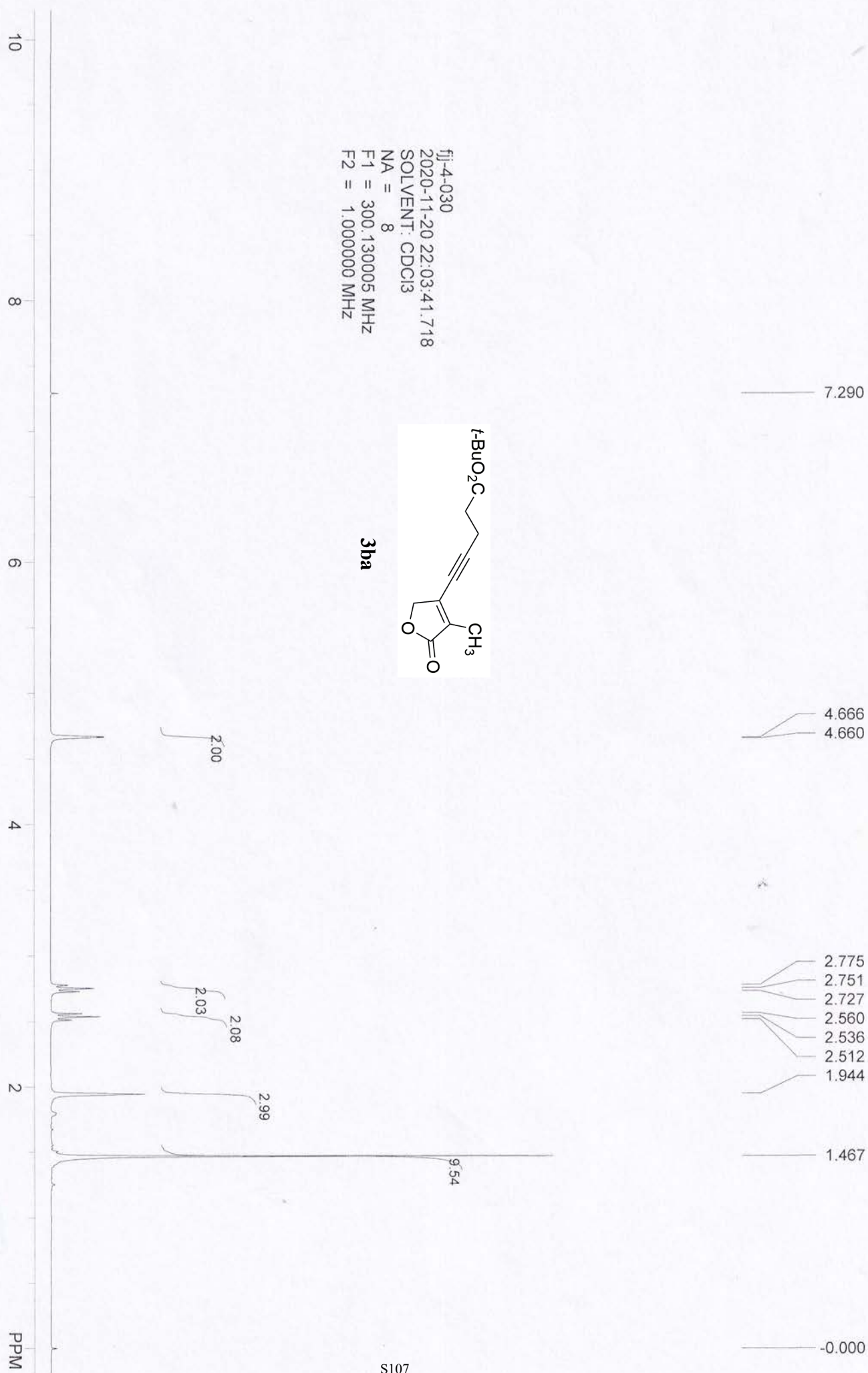
(S)-3as



fj-4-030
2020-11-20 22:03:41.718
SOLVENT: CDCl3
NA = 8
F1 = 300.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz

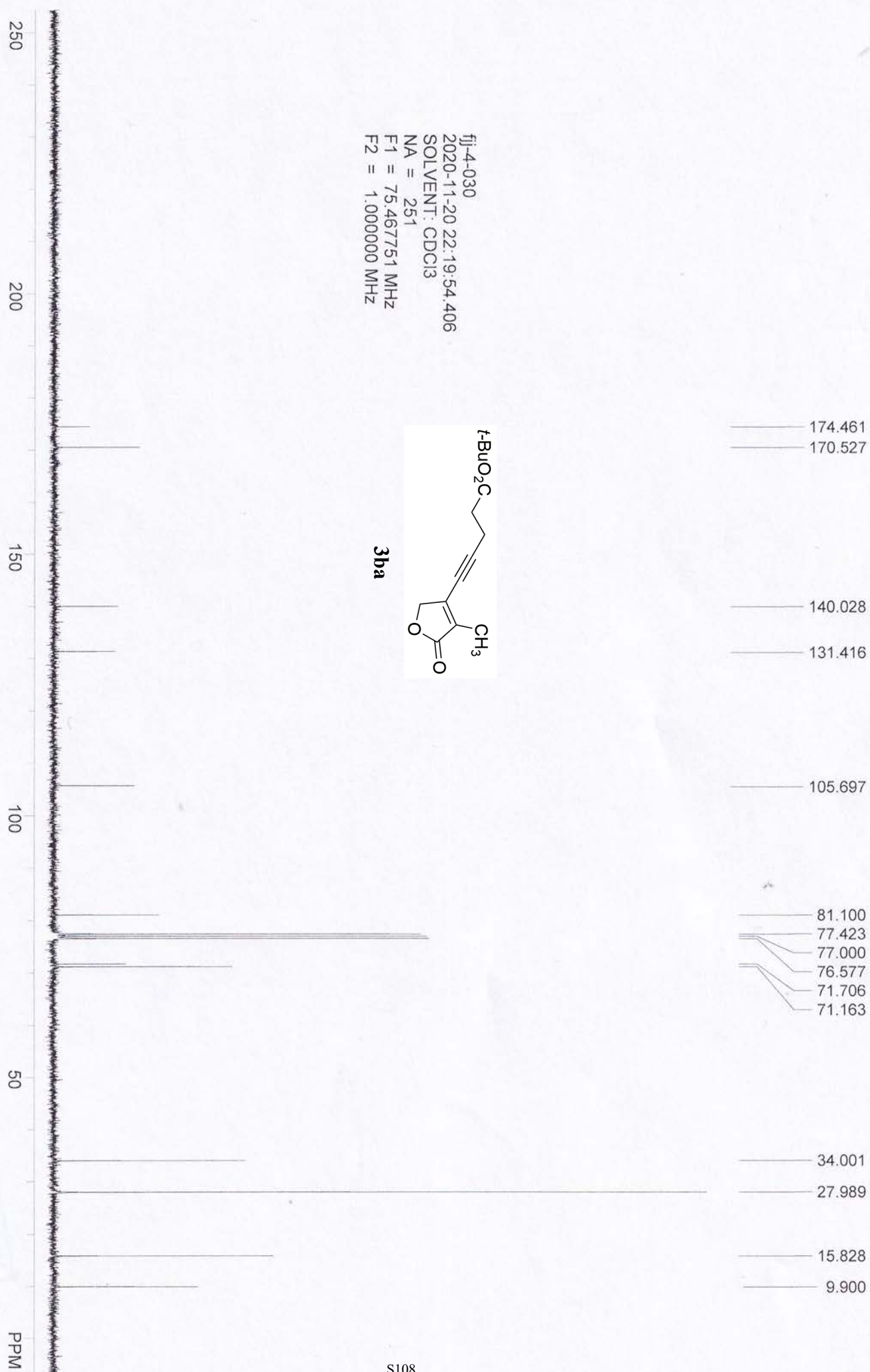


3ba



fj-4-030
 2020-11-20 22:19:54.406
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 251
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

3ba



zdl-1-109
 2021-01-05 16:44:53.015
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

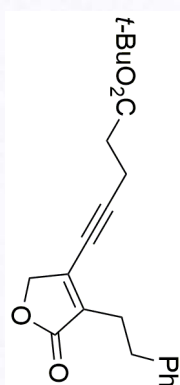
7.310
 7.283
 7.261
 7.219
 7.195

4.625

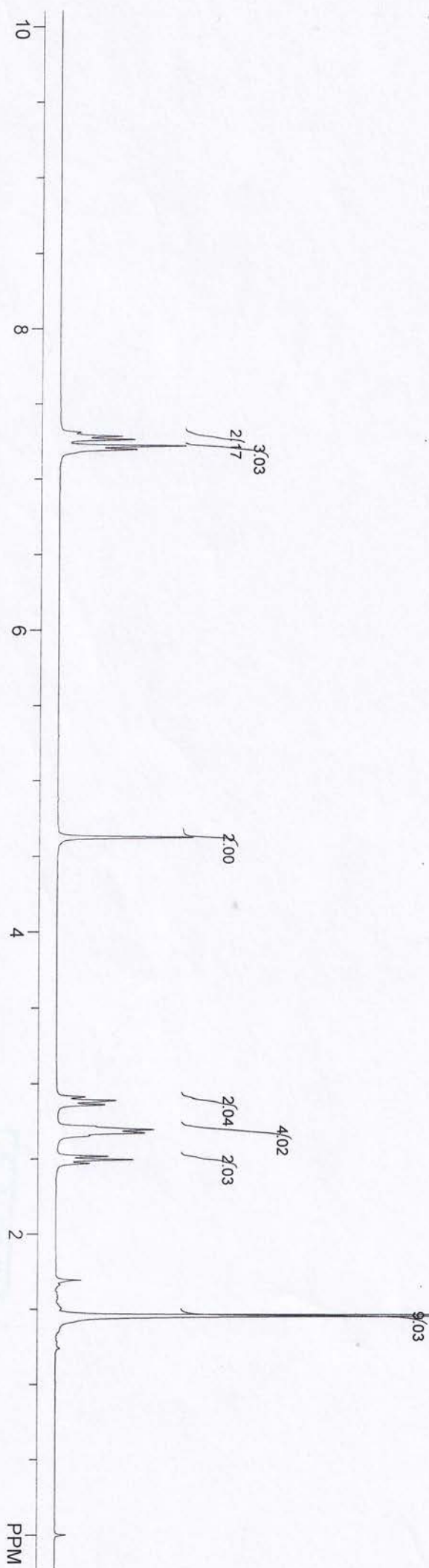
2.912
 2.888
 2.861
 2.717
 2.695
 2.673
 2.655
 2.518
 2.494
 2.469

1.454

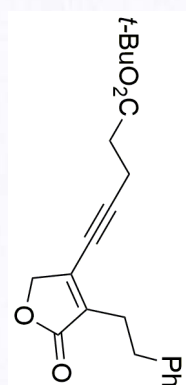
-0.000



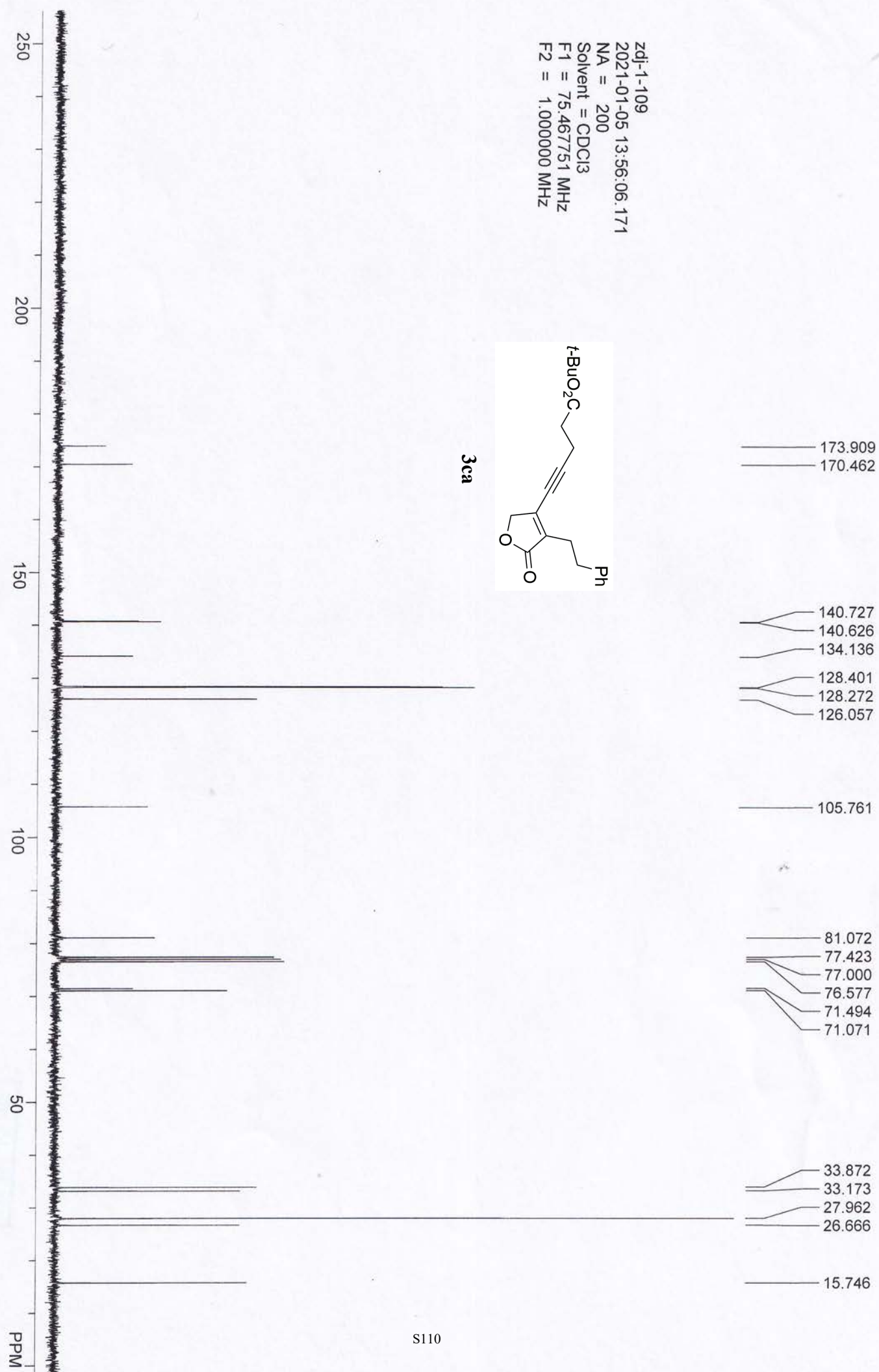
3ca



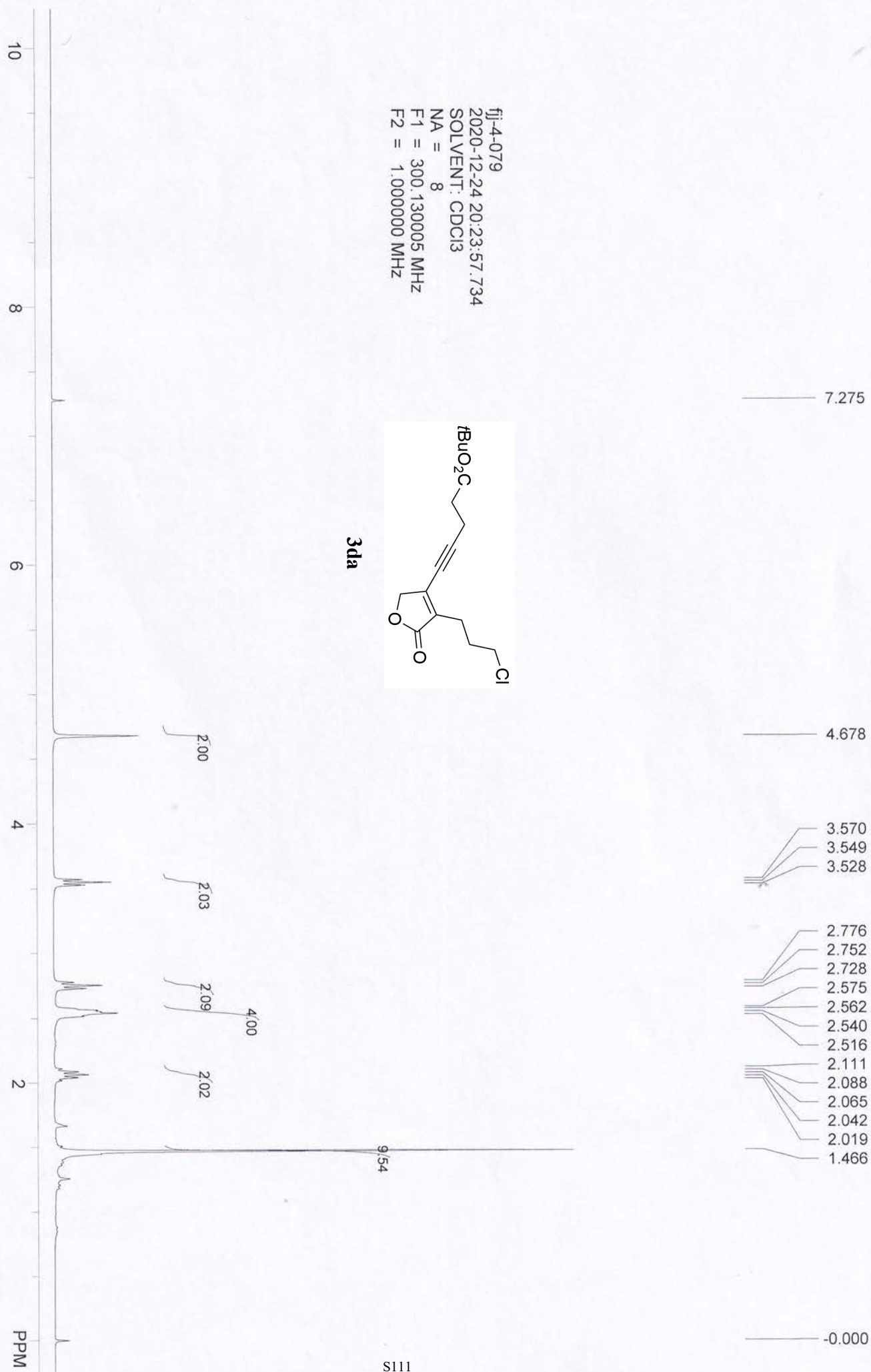
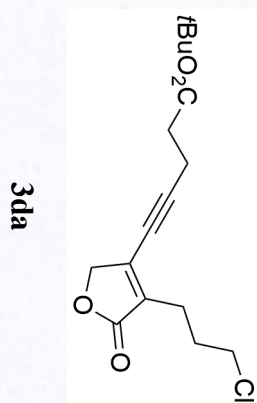
zdf-1-109
 2021-01-05 13:56:06.171
 NA = 200
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



3ca

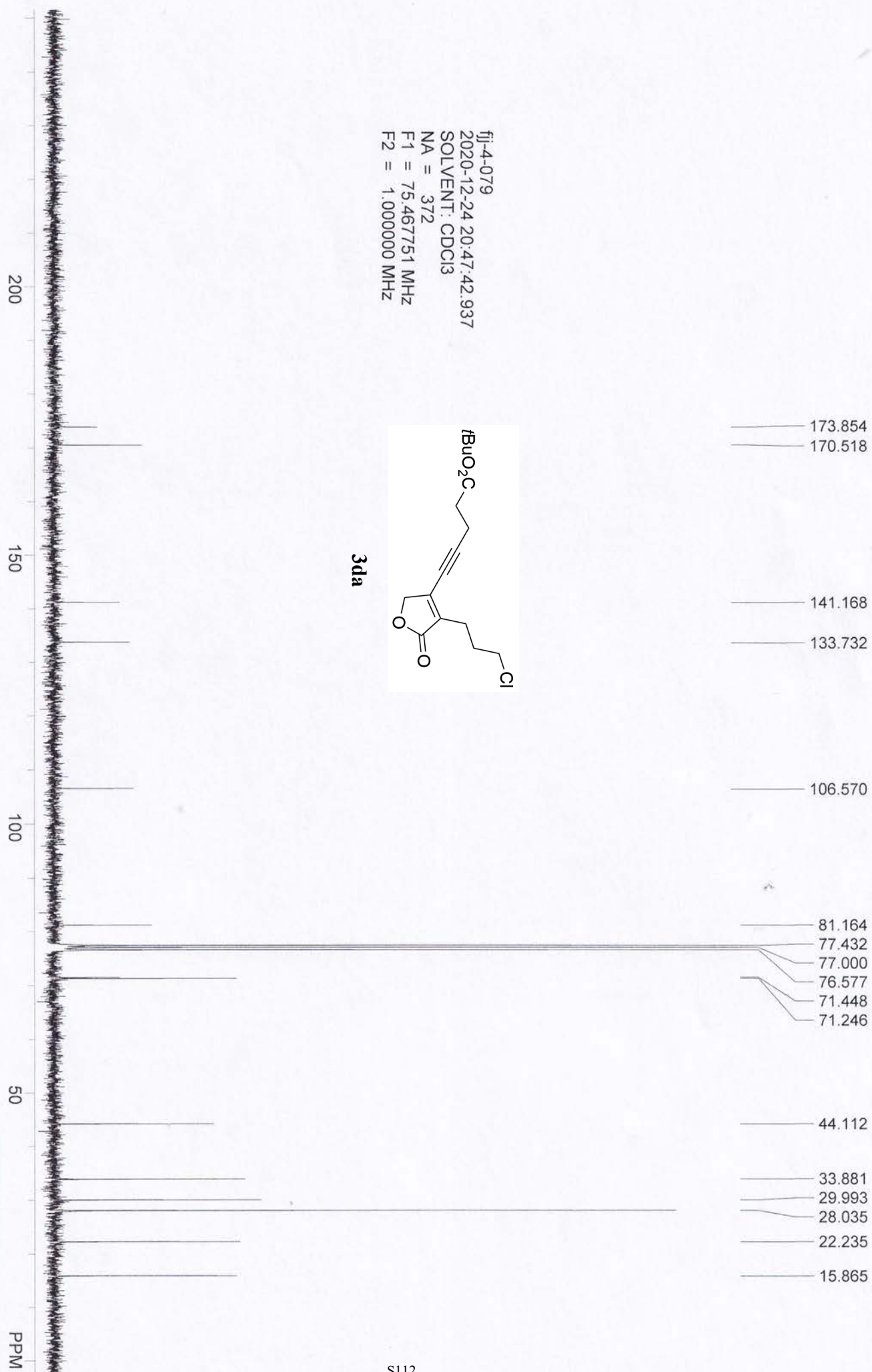
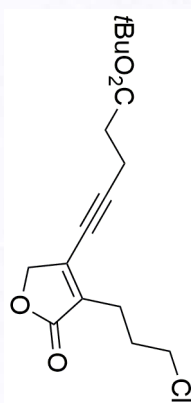


fj1-4-079
2020-12-24 20:23:57.734
SOLVENT: CDCl3
NA = 8
F1 = 300.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



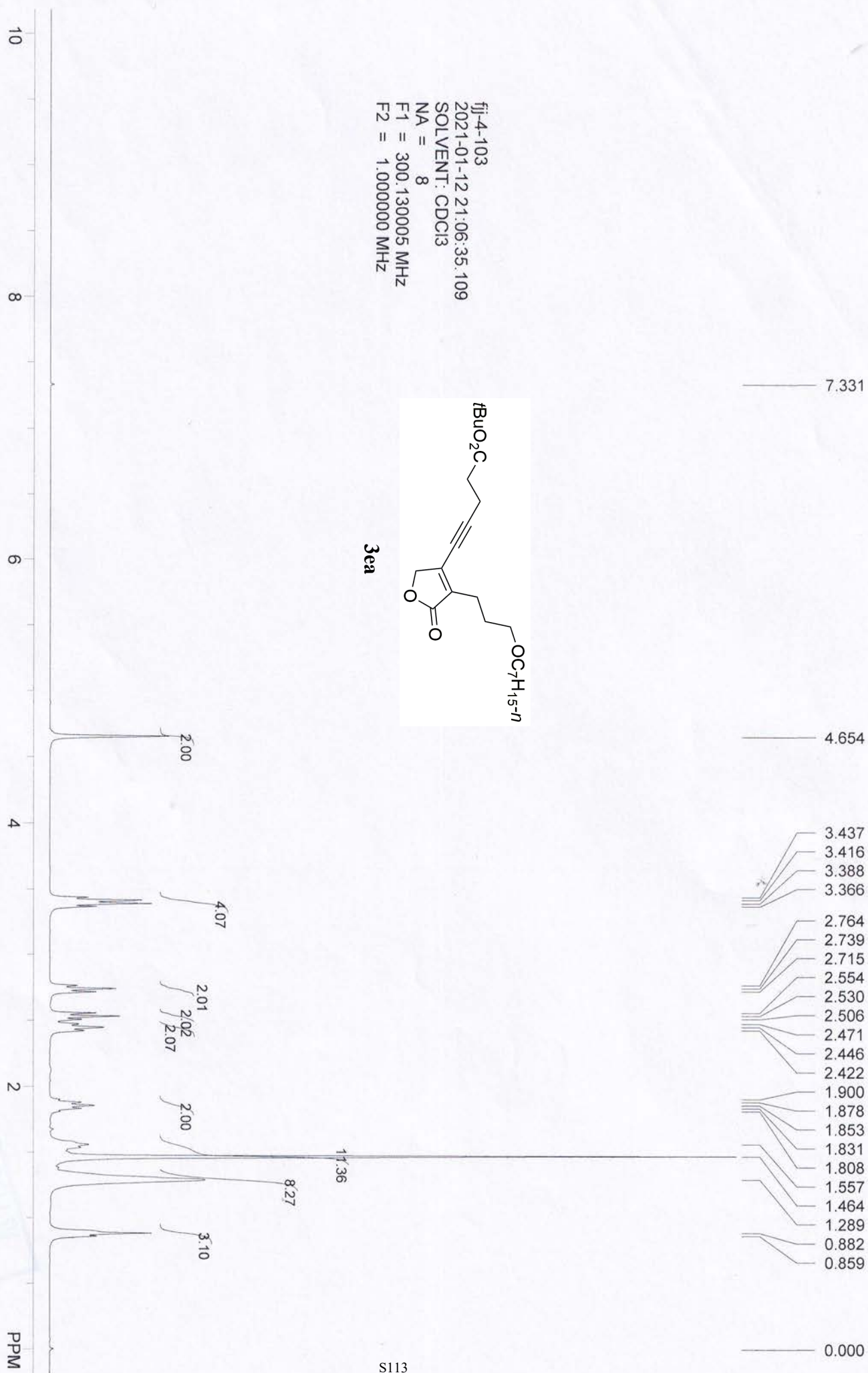
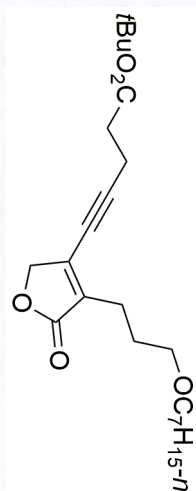
fj-4-079
2020-12-24 20:47:42.937
SOLVENT: CDCl₃
NA = 372
F1 = 75.467751 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz

3da



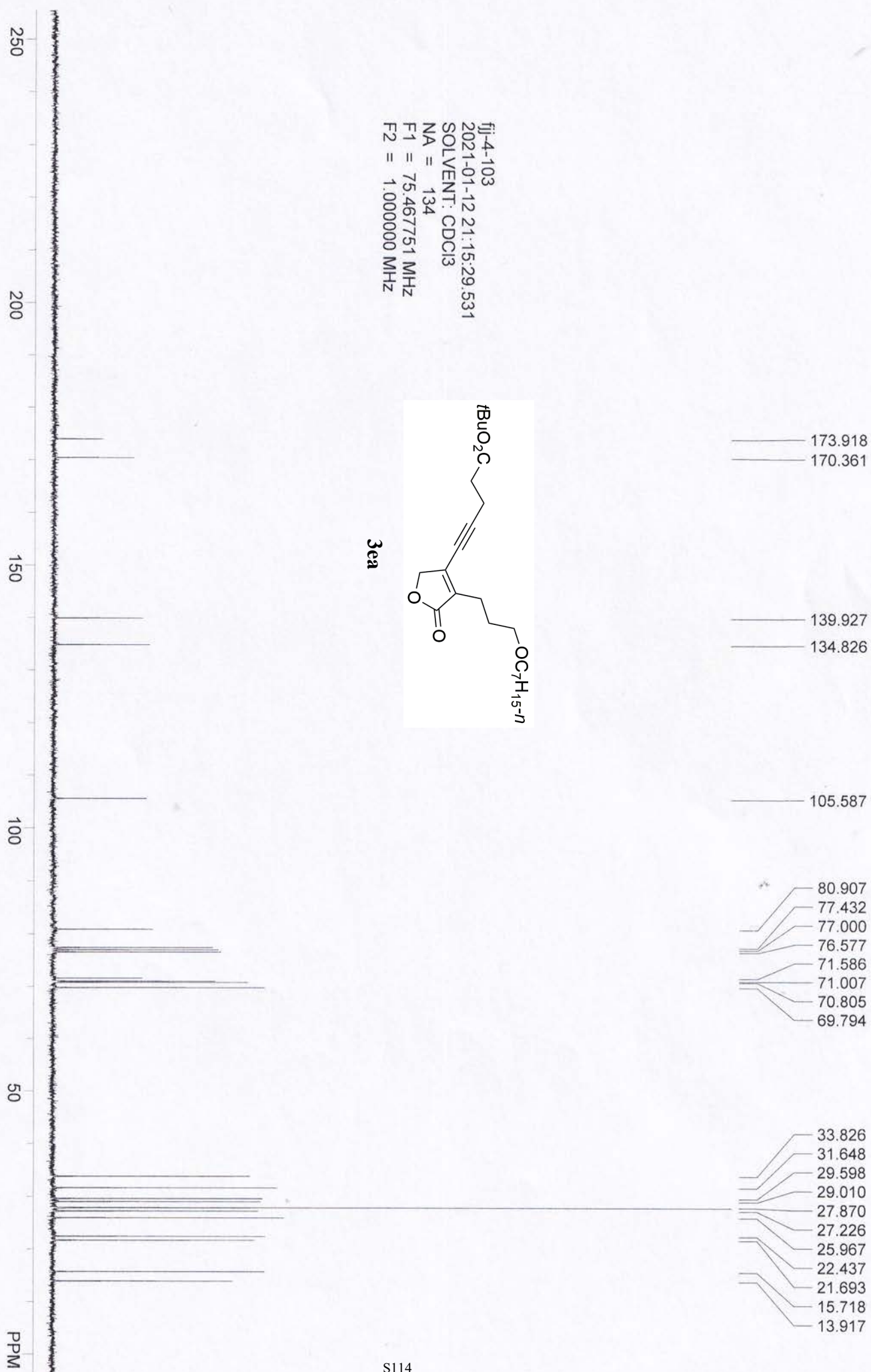
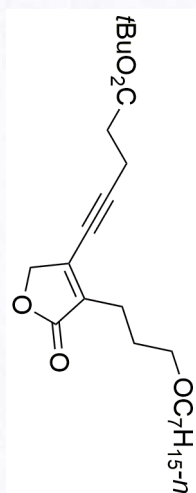
fj-4-103
 2021-01-12 21:06:35.109
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 8
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

3ea



ftj-4-103
2021-01-12 21:15:29.531
SOLVENT: CDCl3
NA = 134
F1 = 75.467751 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz

3ea



zdf-1-132
 2021-01-31 16:28:29.734
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

7.279

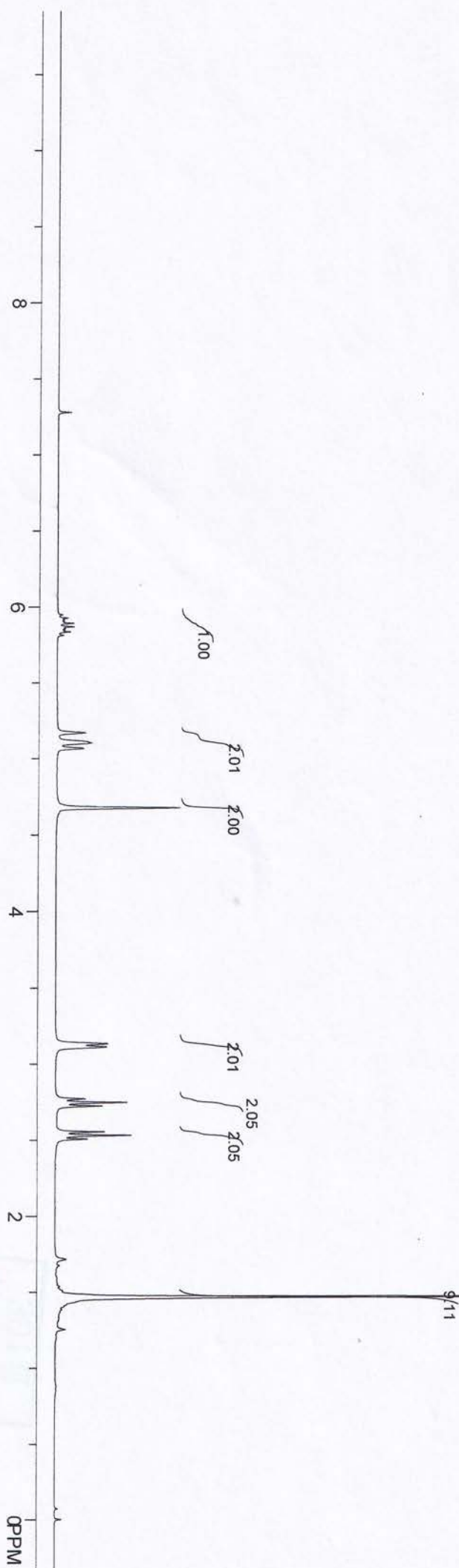
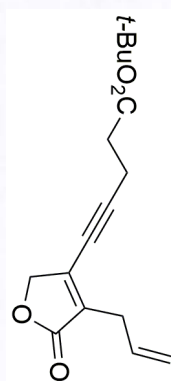
5.948
 5.926
 5.915
 5.904
 5.892
 5.870
 5.858
 5.848
 5.836
 5.814
 5.169
 5.111
 5.104
 5.070
 4.679

3.134
 3.112
 2.771
 2.747
 2.723
 2.554
 2.530
 2.506

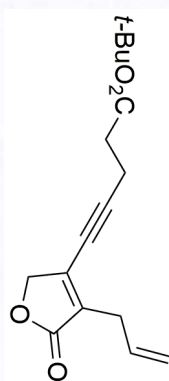
1.465

0.000

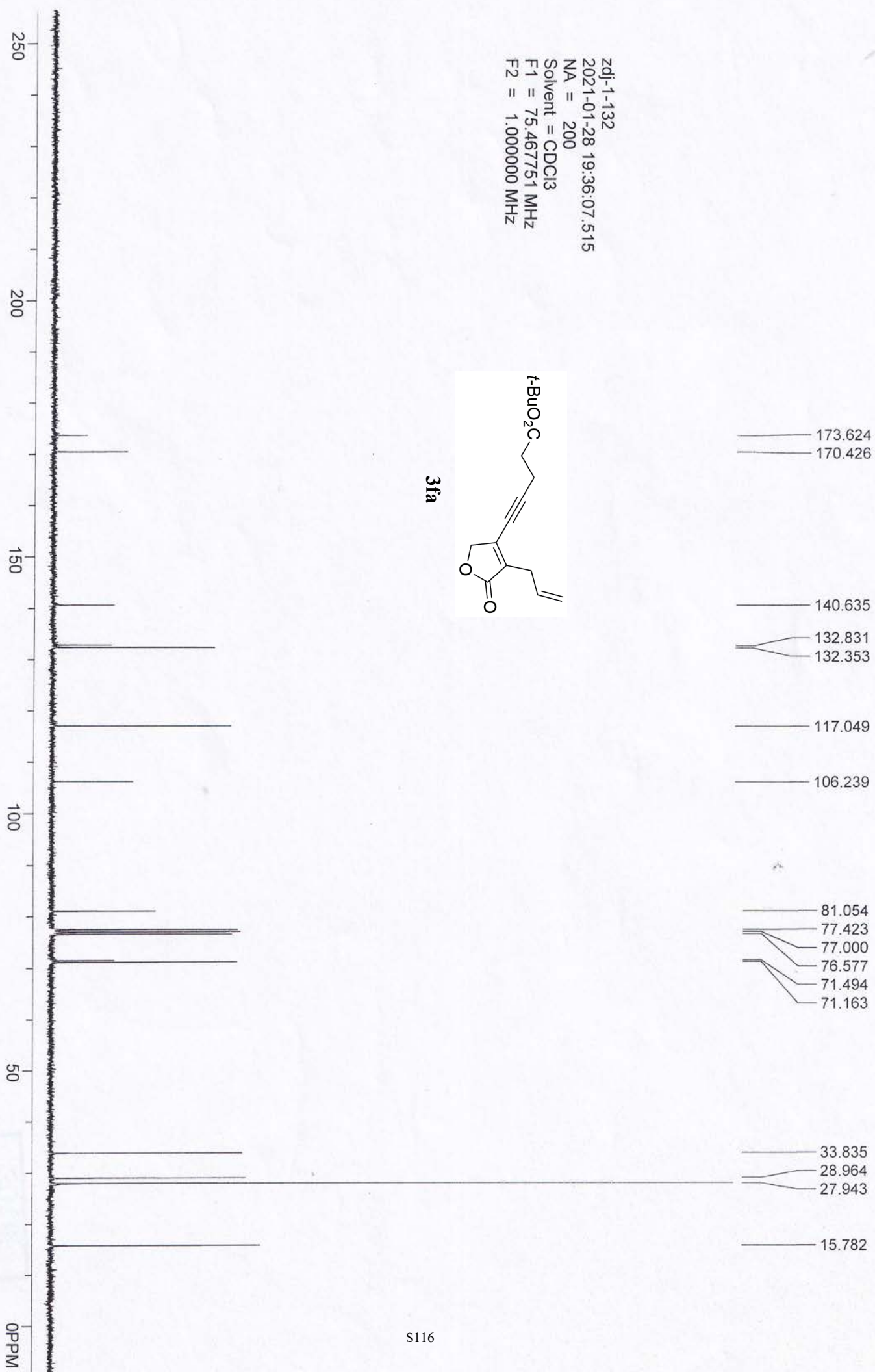
3fa



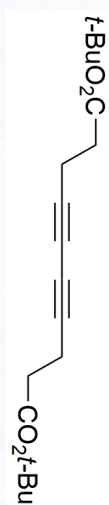
zdf-1-132
 2021-01-28 19:36:07.515
 NA = 200
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



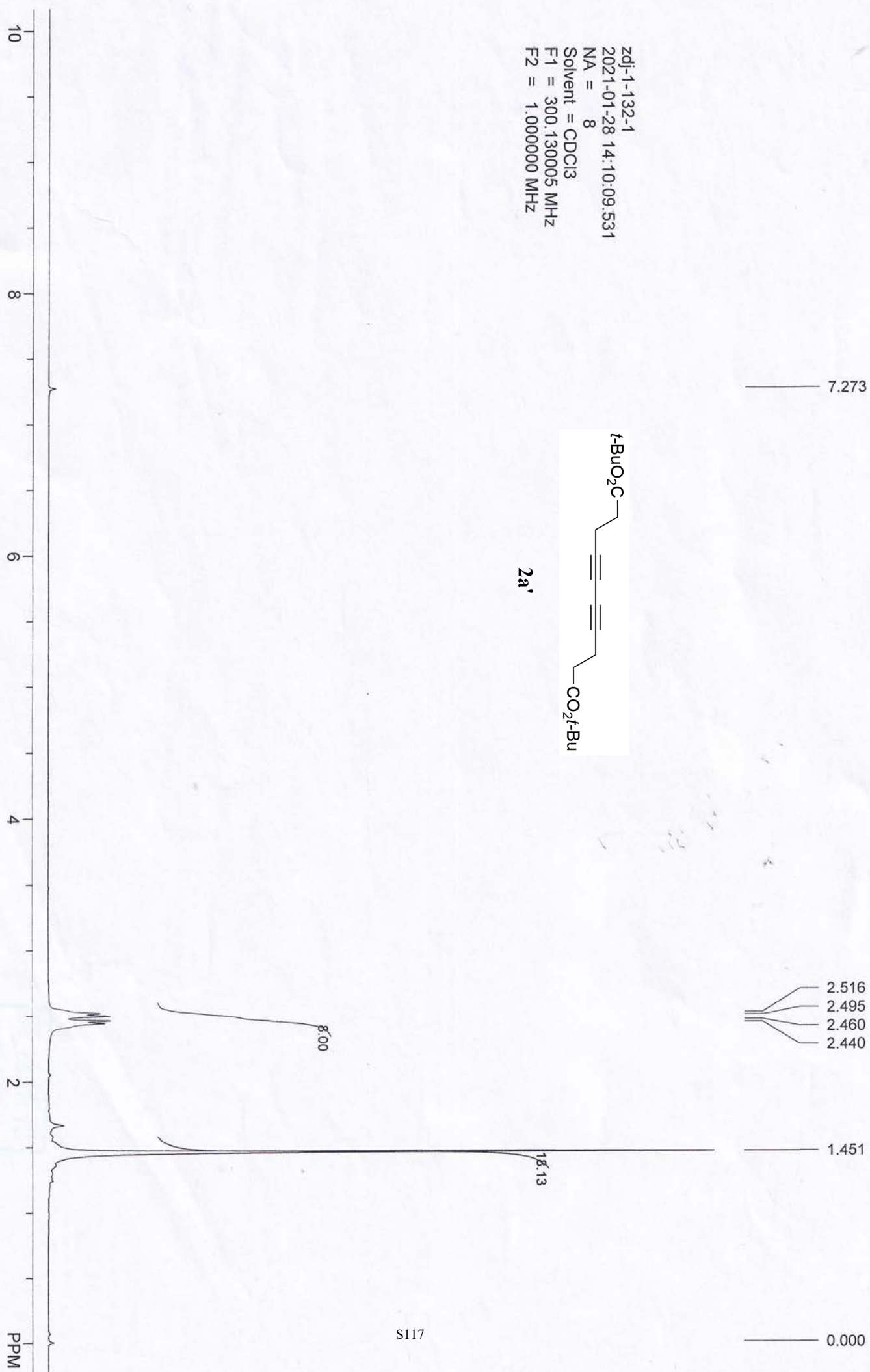
3fa



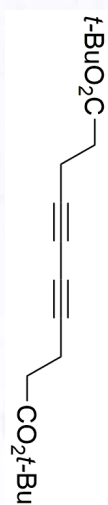
zdl-1-132-1
2021-01-28 14:10:09.531
NA = 8
Solvent = CDCl3
F1 = 300.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



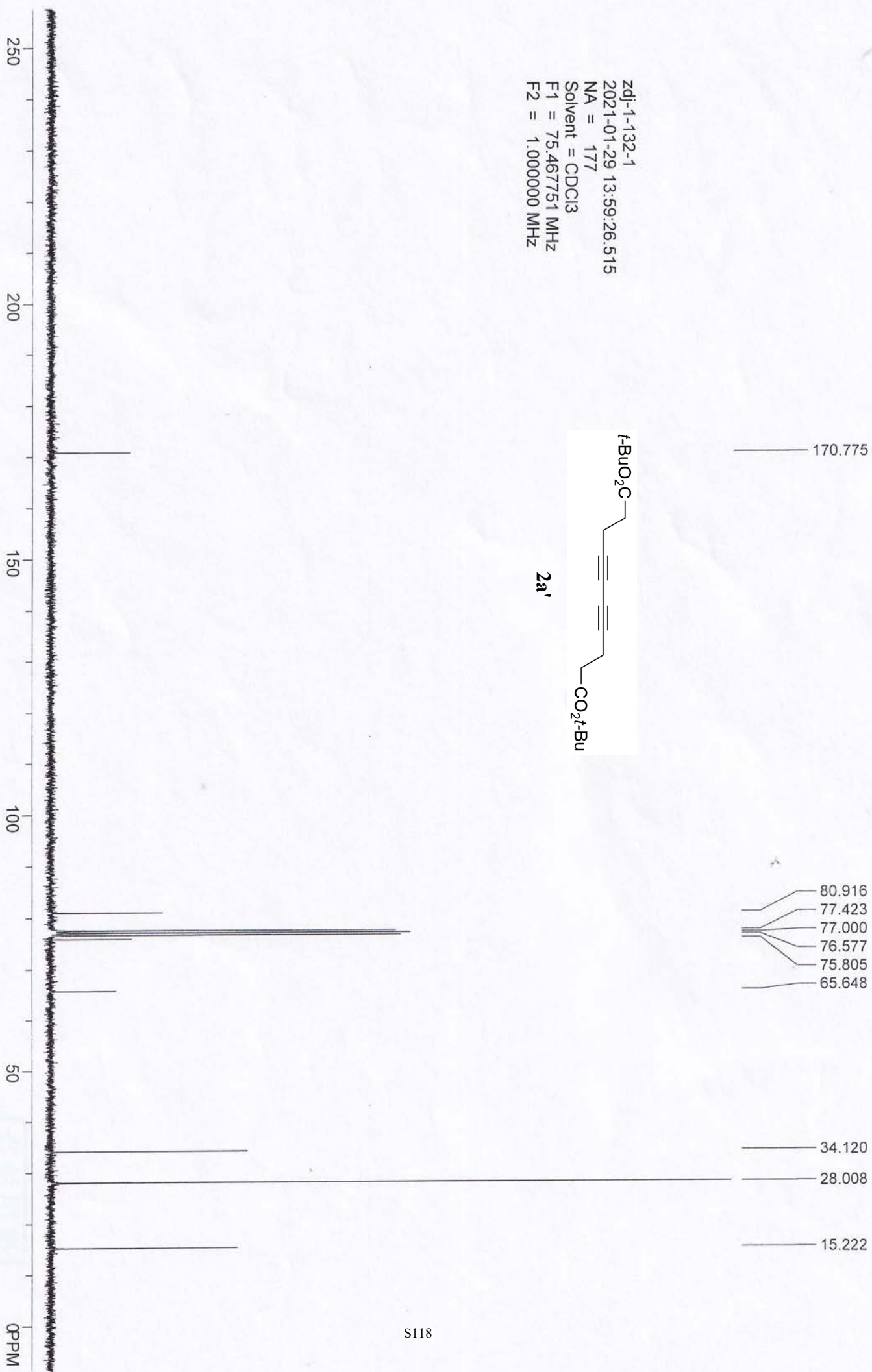
2a'



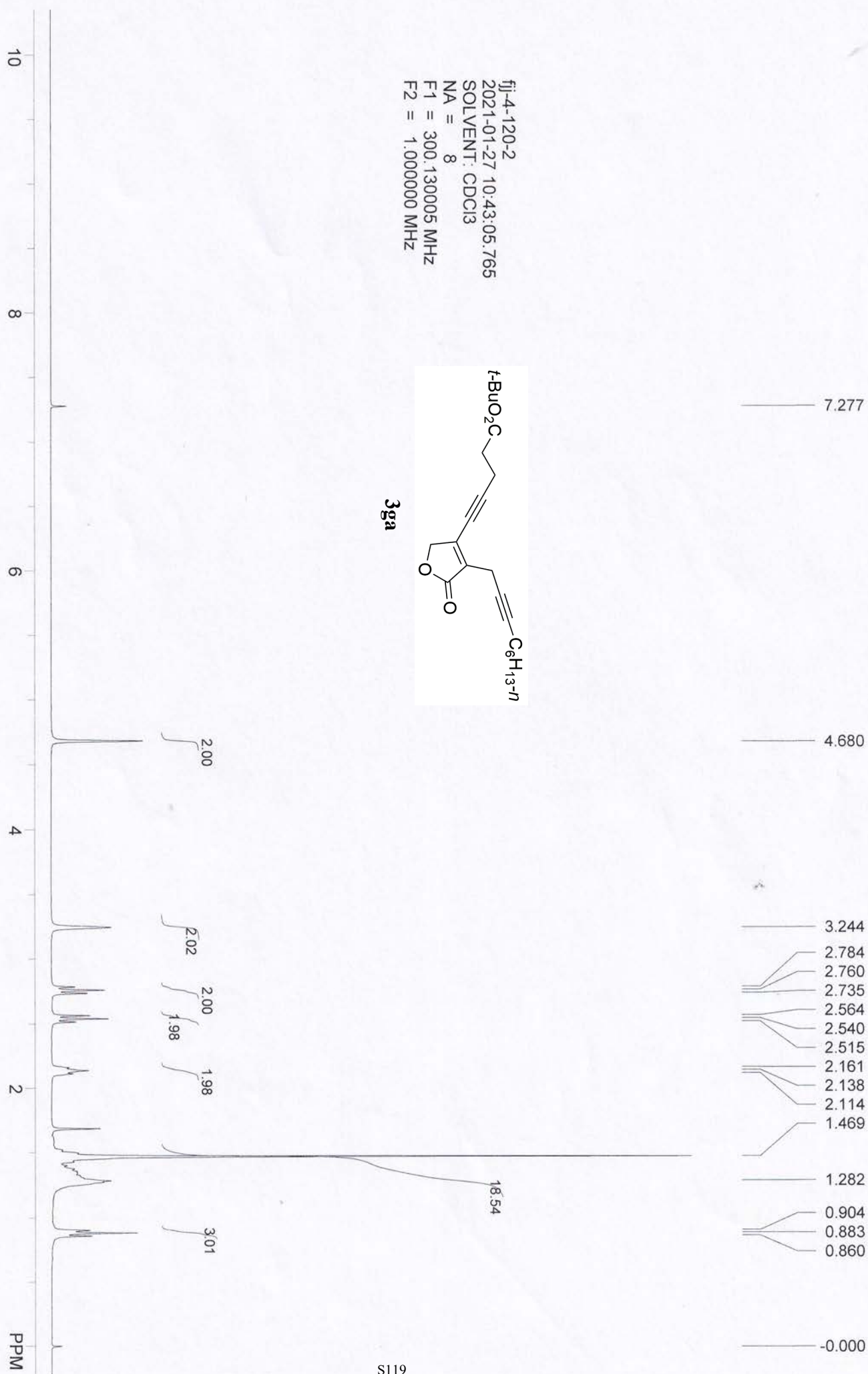
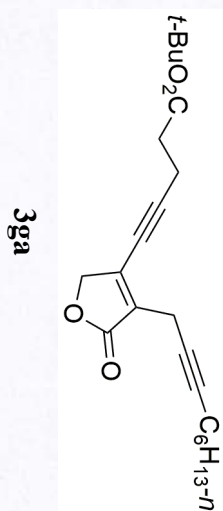
zdl-1-132-1
2021-01-29 13:59:26.515
NA = 177
Solvent = CDCl₃
F1 = 75.467751 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



2a'

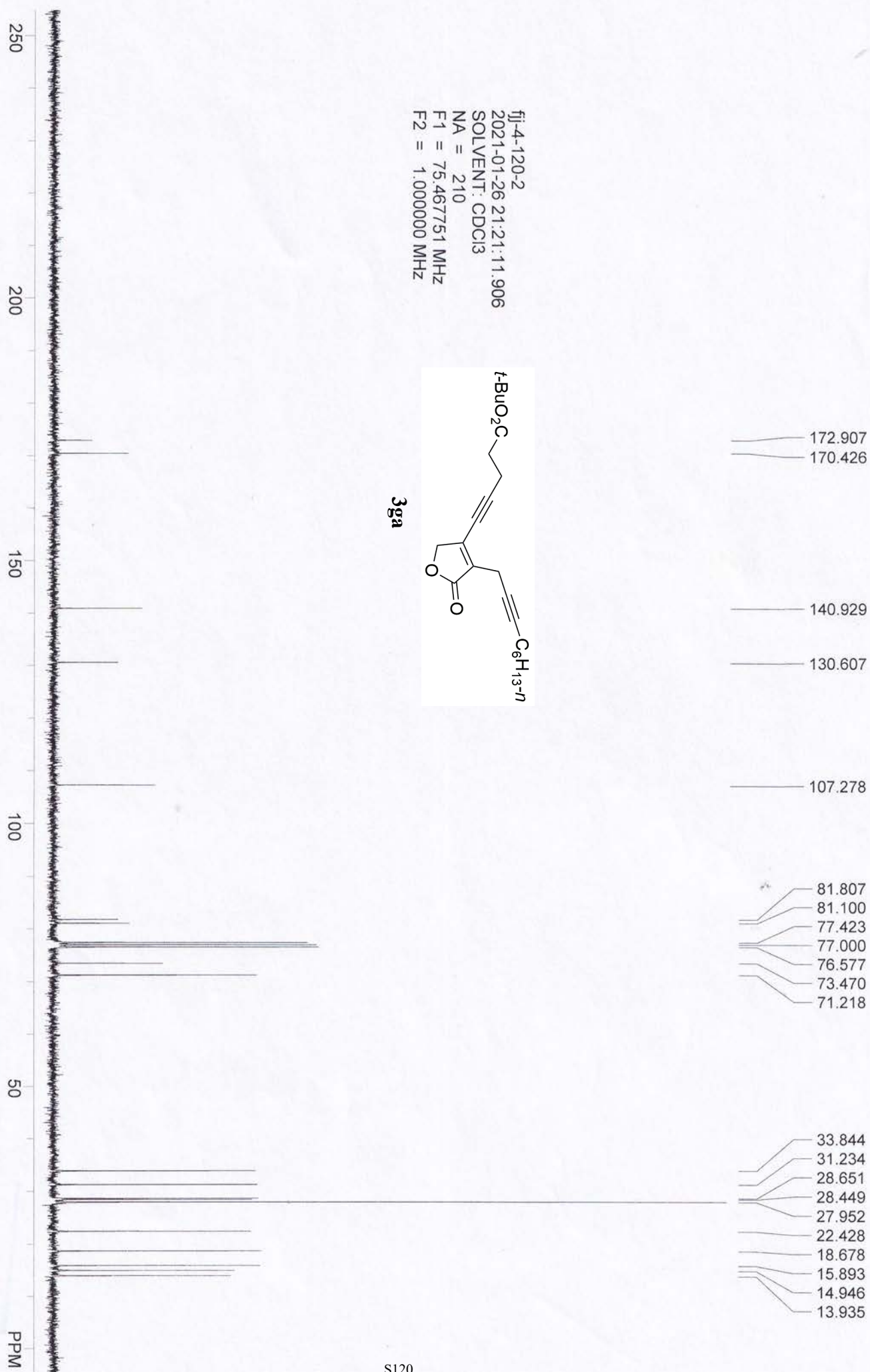
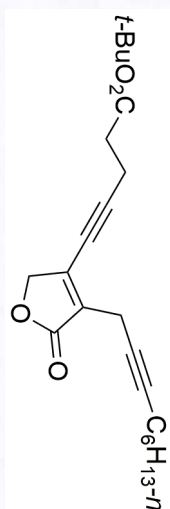


fj-4-120-2
 2021-01-27 10:43:05.765
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 8
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



fjf-4-120-2
 2021-01-26 21:21:11.906
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 210
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

3ga



7.327
7.302
7.278
7.254
7.227
7.205
7.185

4.653

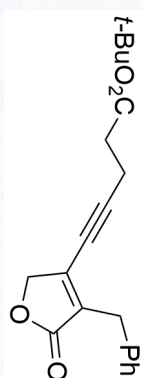
3.678

2.757
2.733
2.710
2.537
2.513
2.489

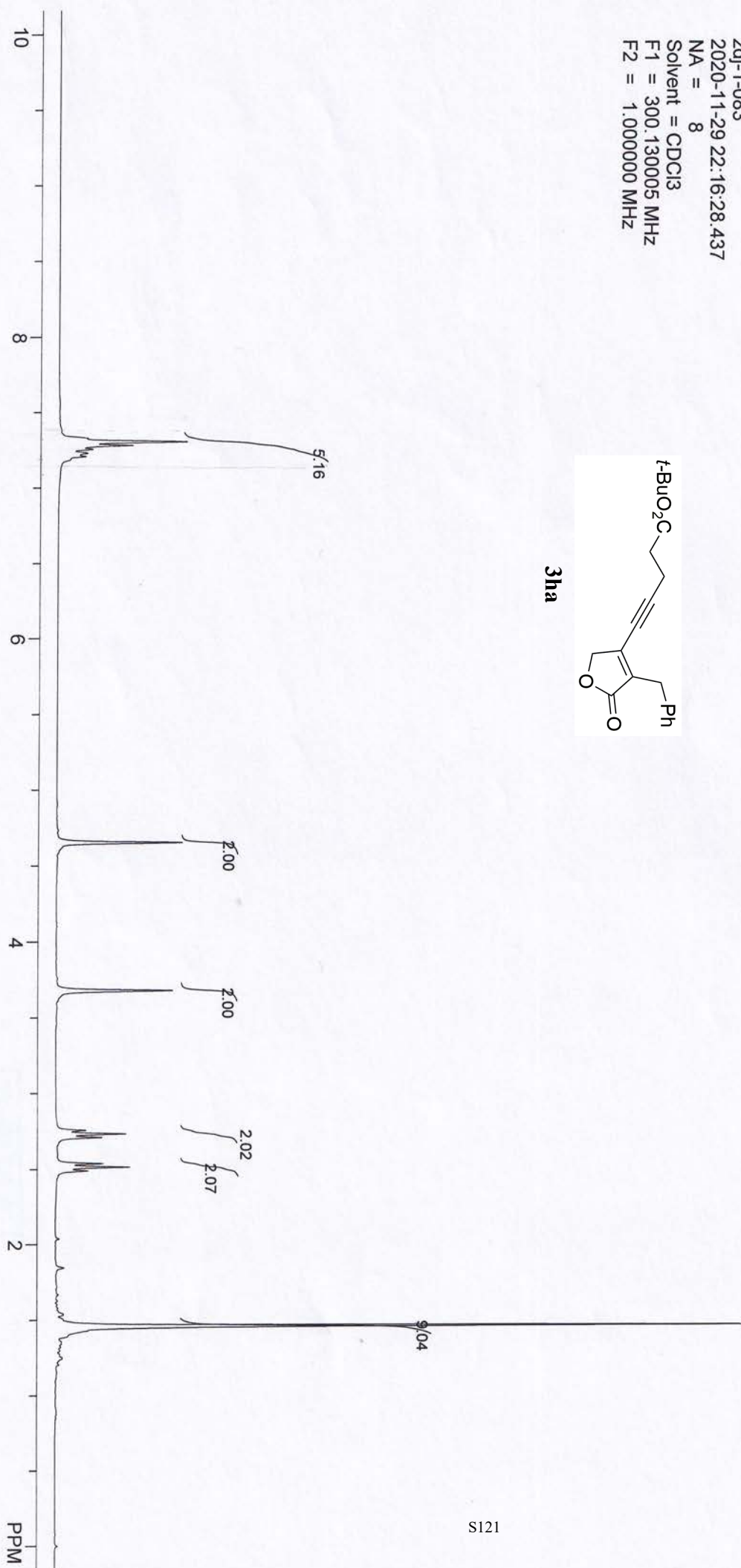
1.455

-0.000

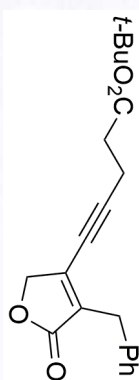
zdl-1-083
2020-11-29 22:16:28.437
NA = 8
Solvent = CDCl₃
F1 = 300.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



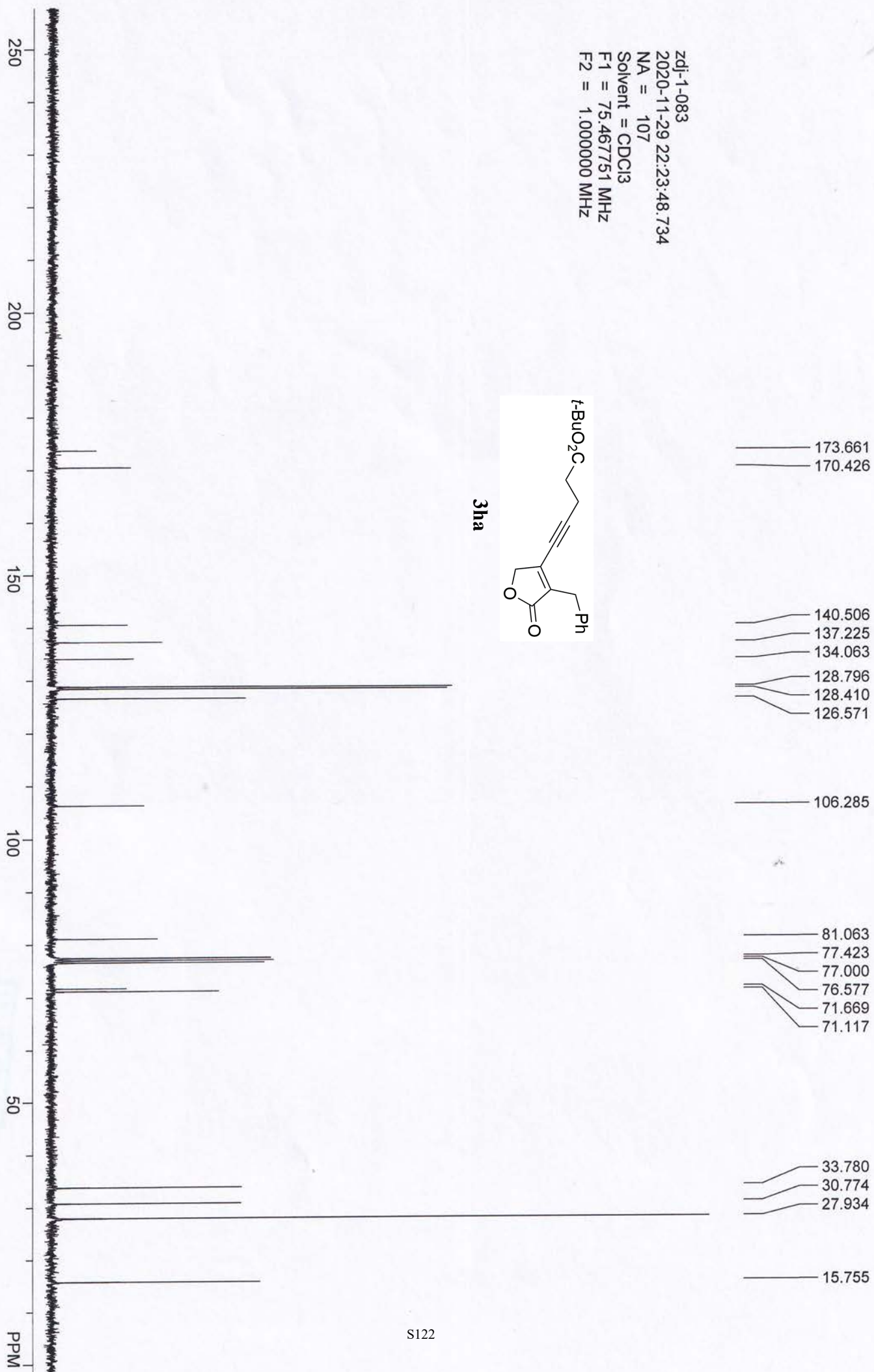
3ha



zdf-1-083
2020-11-29 22:23:48.734
NA = 107
Solvent = CDCl₃
F1 = 75.467751 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



3ha



7.302
7.275
7.256
6.998
6.969
6.940

4.673

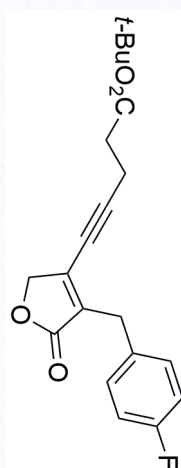
3.648

2.774
2.750
2.726
2.551
2.527
2.503

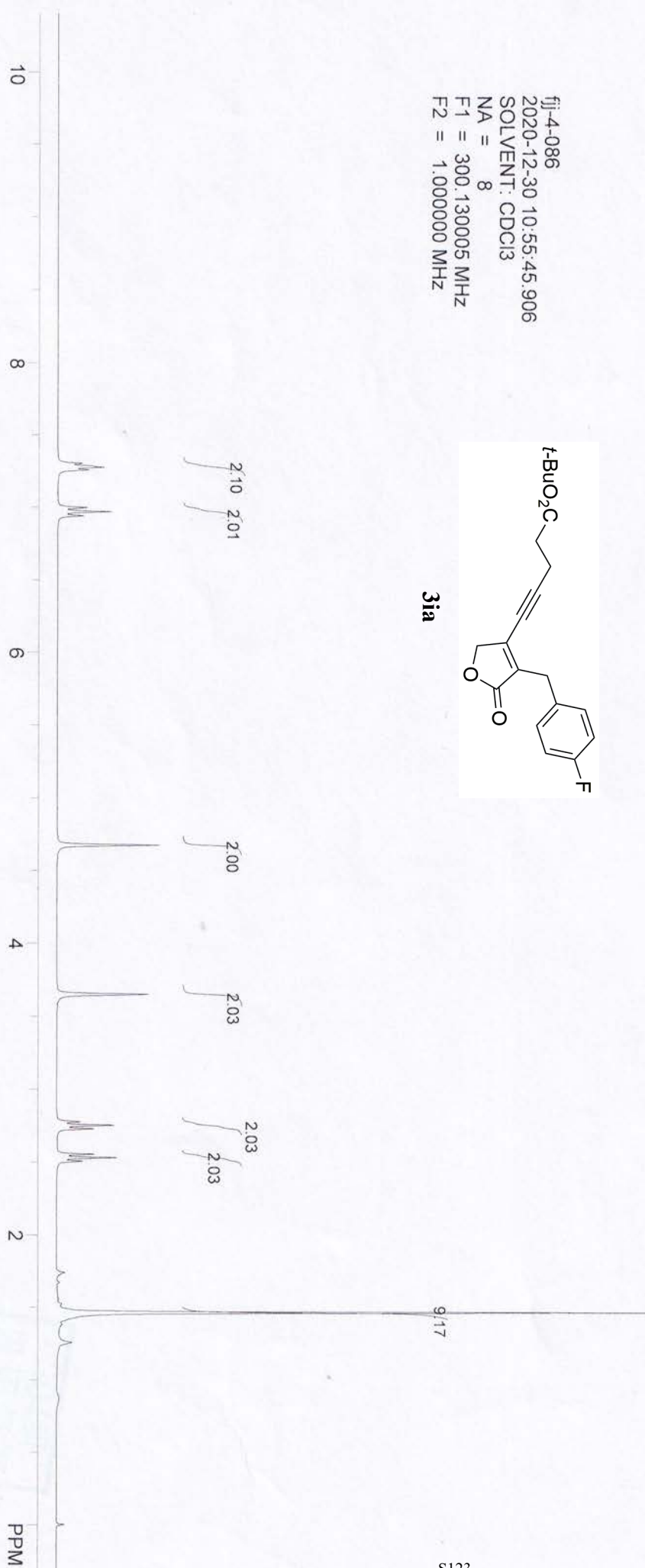
1.460

-0.000

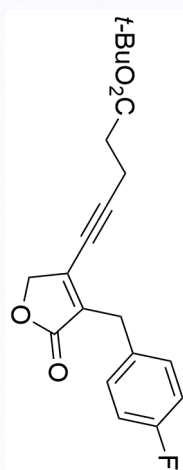
fj-4-086
2020-12-30 10:55:45.906
SOLVENT: CDCl₃
NA = 8
F1 = 300.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



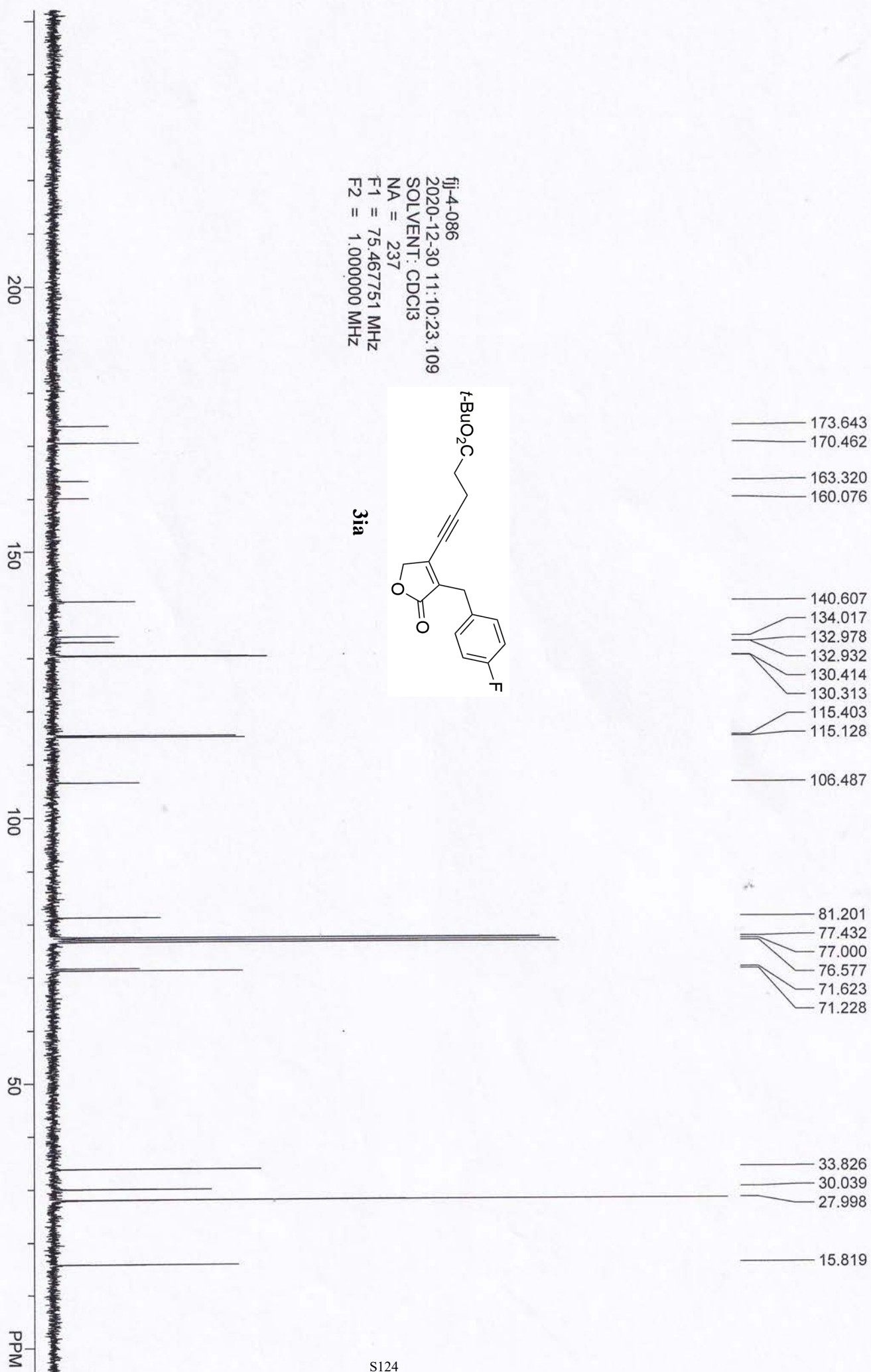
3ia

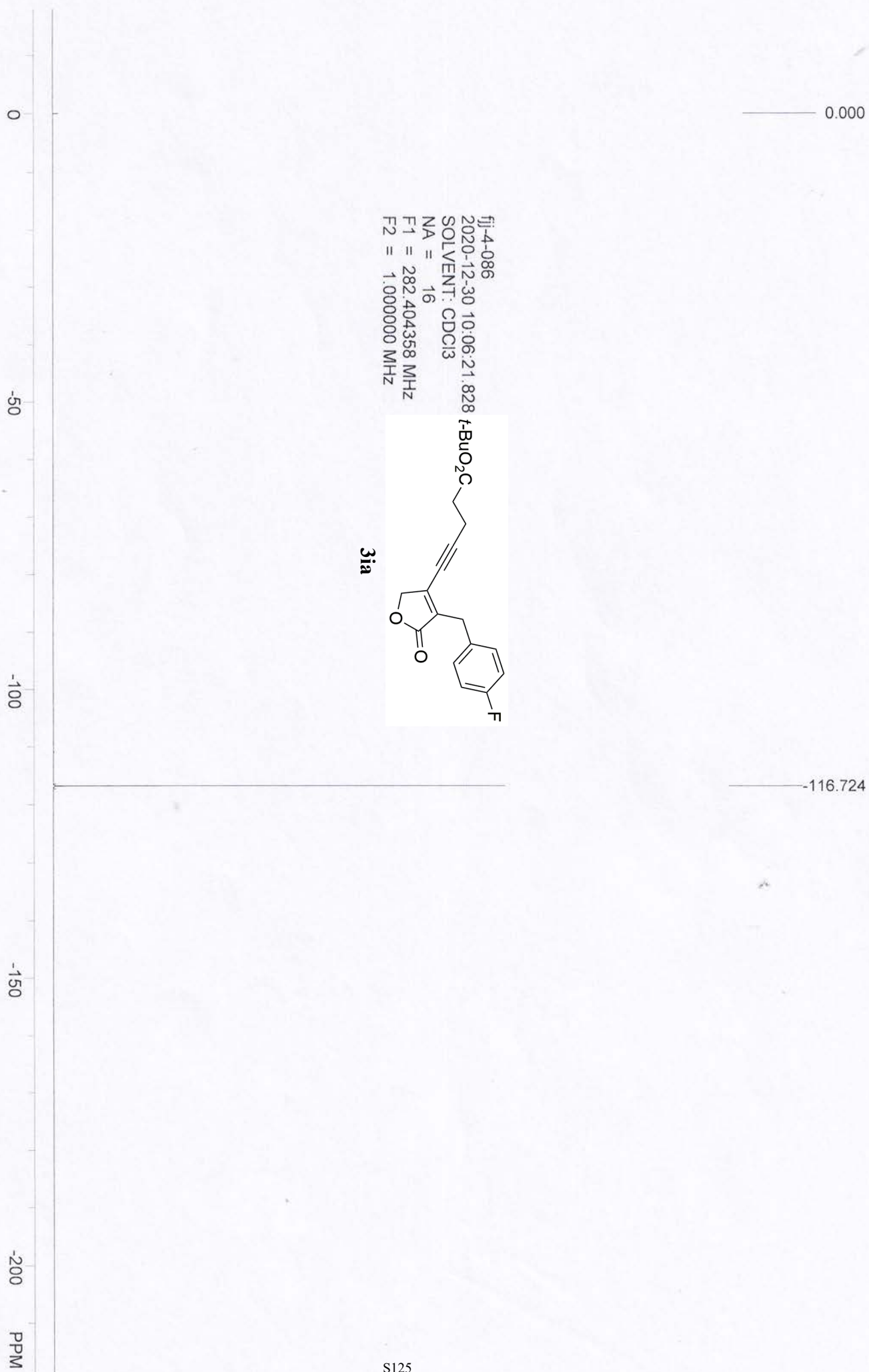


fji-4-086
 2020-12-30 11:10:23.109
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 237
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



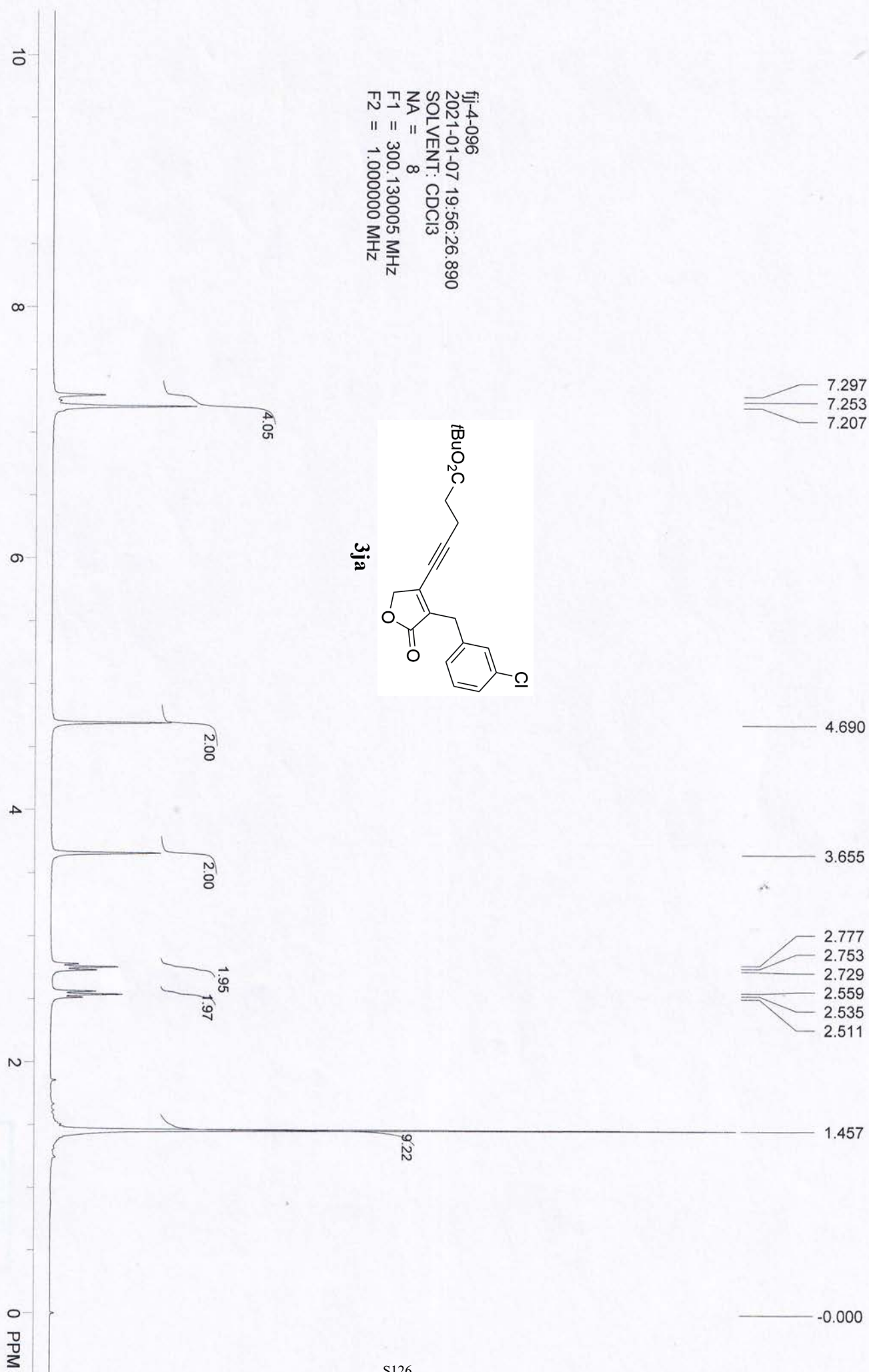
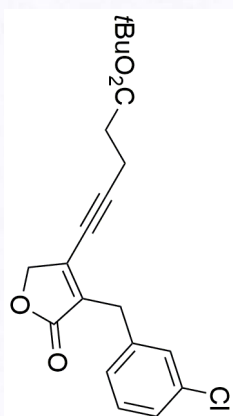
3ia





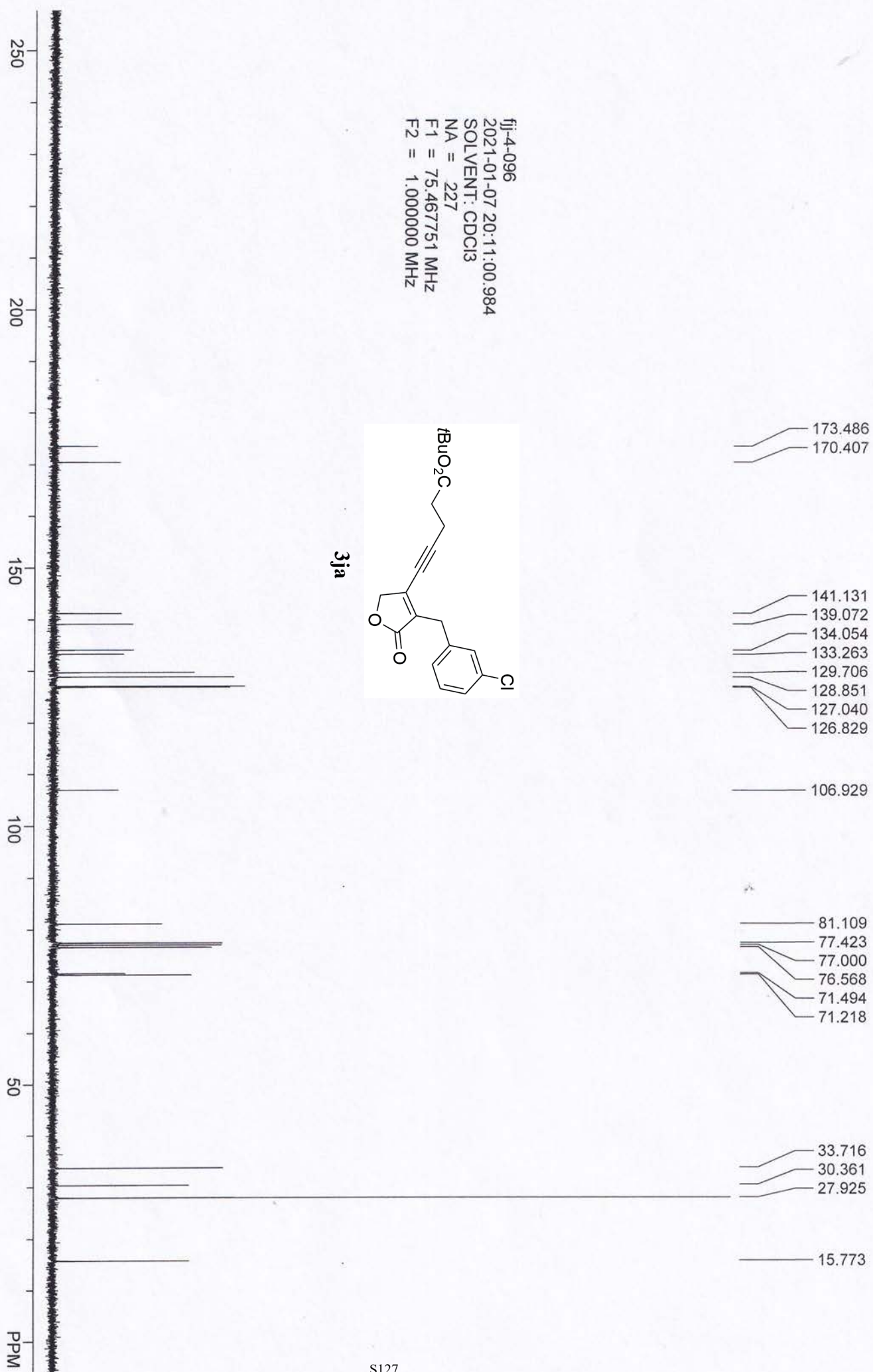
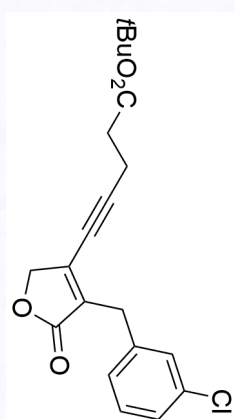
fjl-4-096
 2021-01-07 19:56:26.890
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 8
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

3ja



fjl-4-096
 2021-01-07 20:11:00.984
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 227
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

3ja



7.411
7.383
7.204
7.176

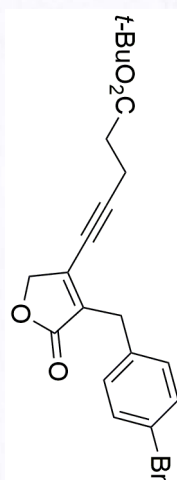
4.662

3.623

2.759
2.735
2.712
2.536
2.512
2.488

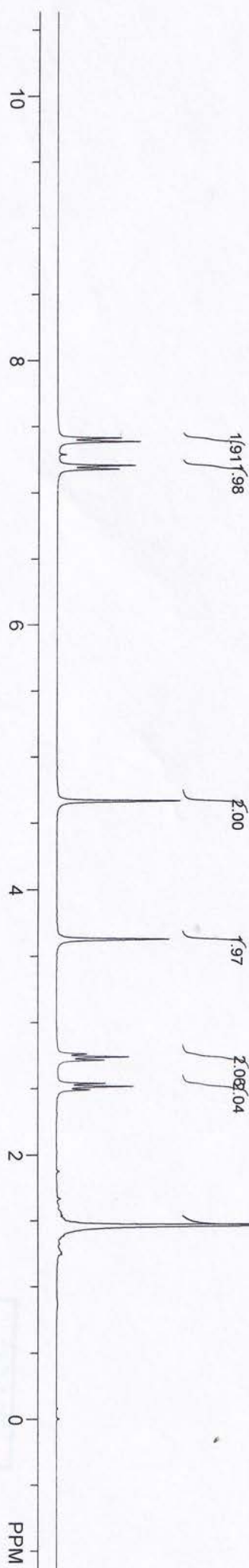
1.457

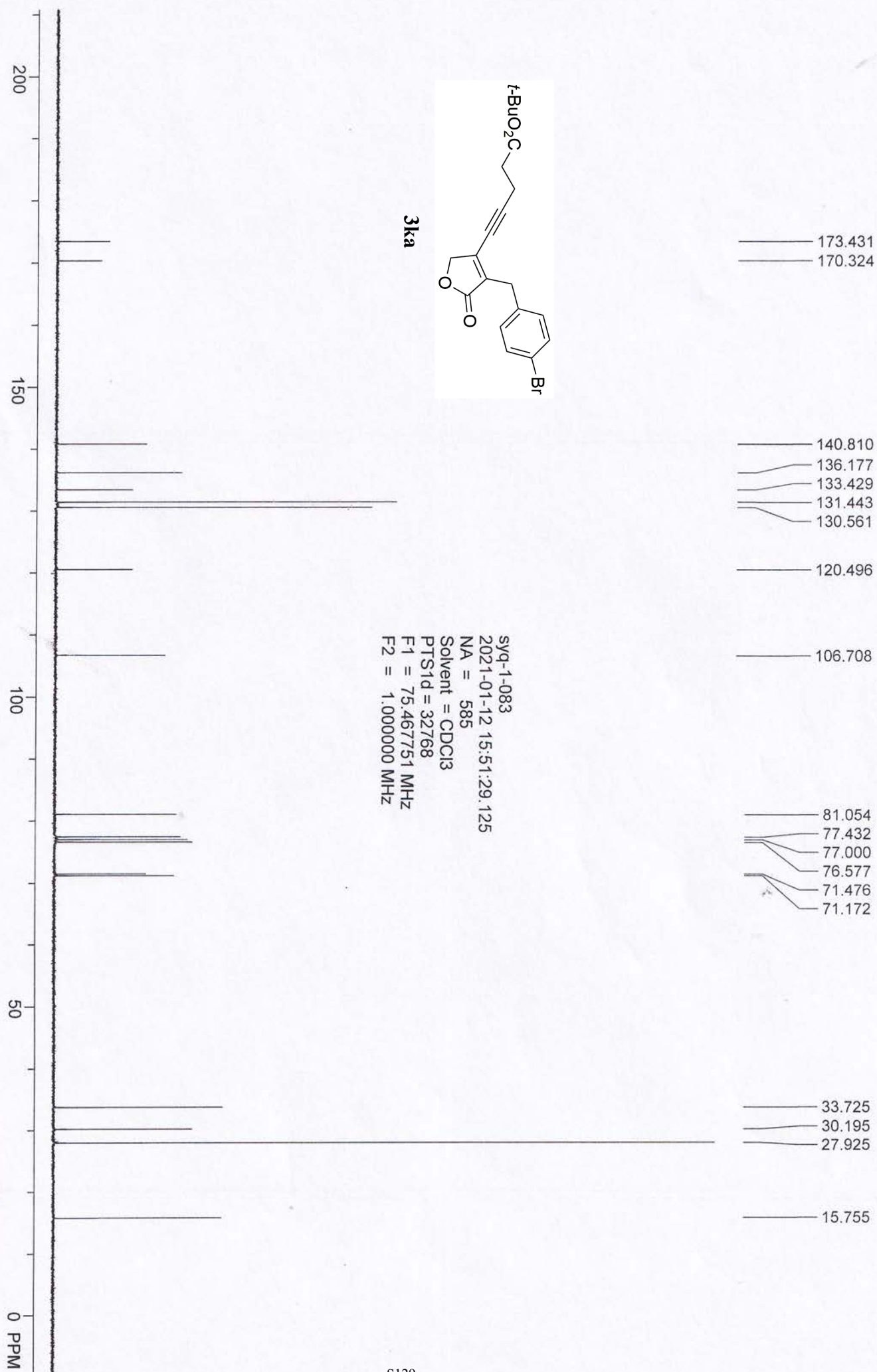
0.000



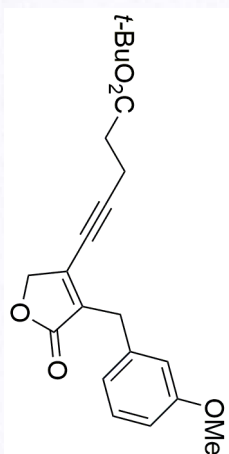
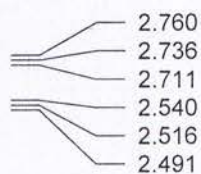
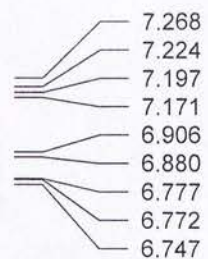
3ka

syq-1-083
2021-01-12 14:54:02.140
NA = 8
Solvent = CDCl3
PTS1d = 32768
F1 = 300.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz

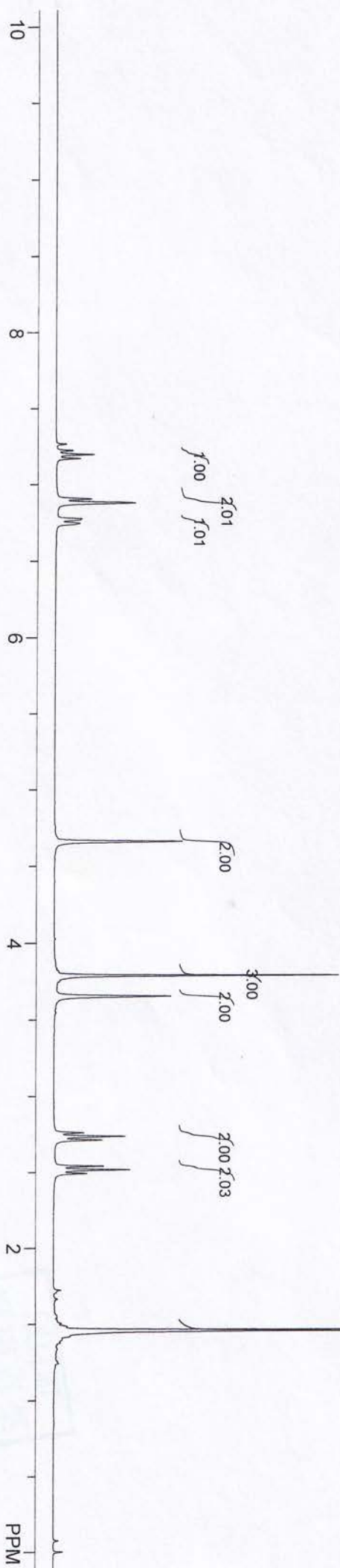




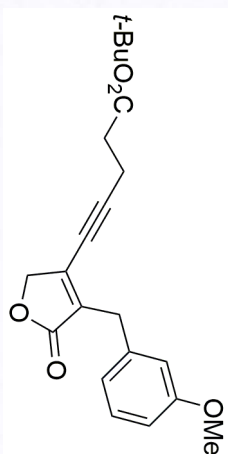
zdl-1-129
 2021-01-13 17:03:45.640
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



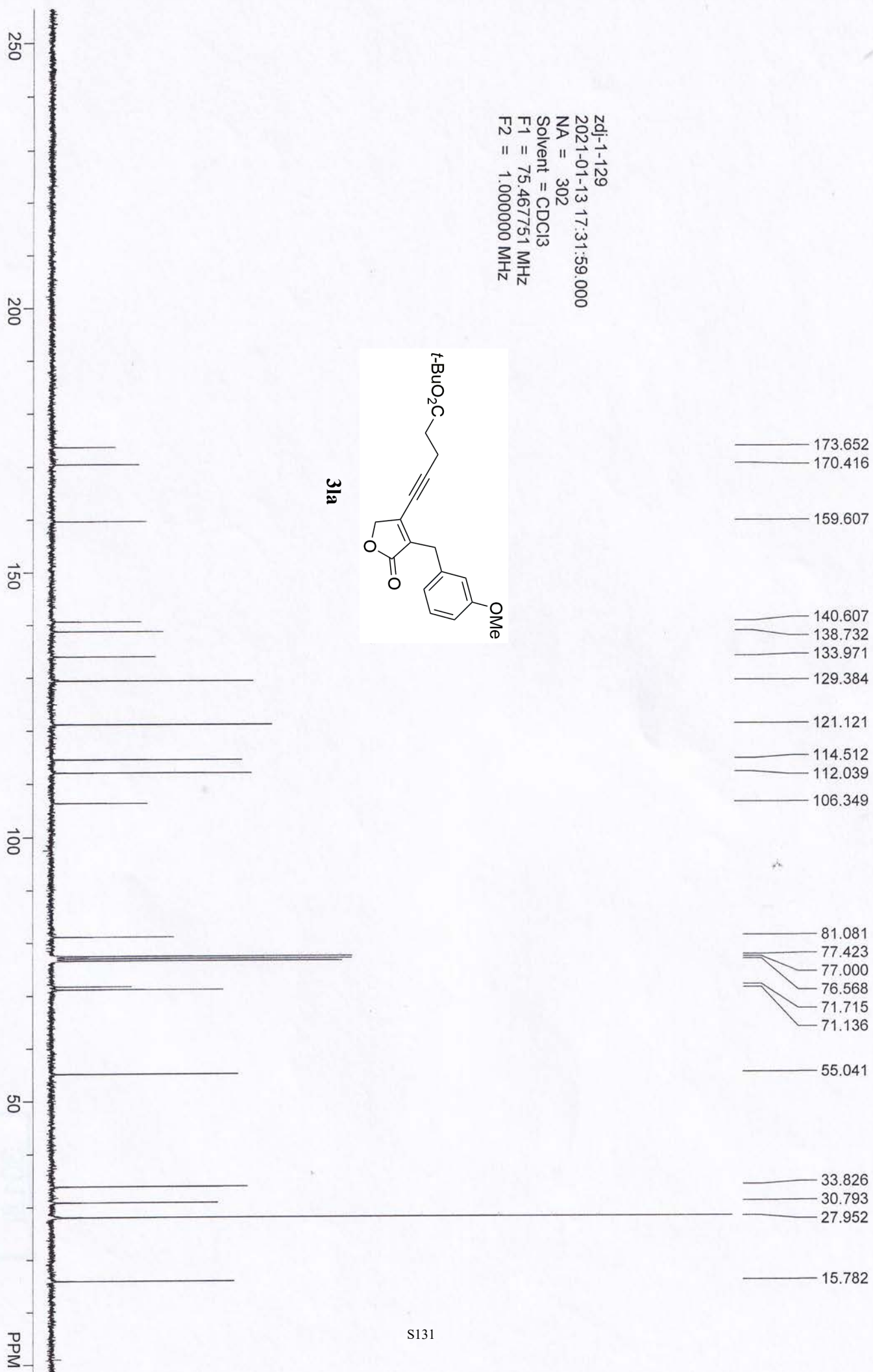
31a



zdf-1-129
 2021-01-13 17:31:59.000
 NA = 302
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



3la



zdl-1-092
 2020-12-24 16:50:01.937
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

7.562
 7.535
 7.444
 7.417
 7.265

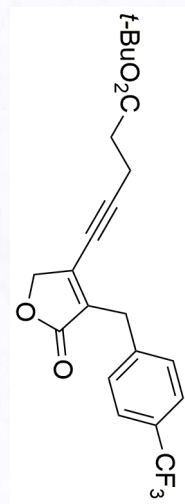
4.688

3.737

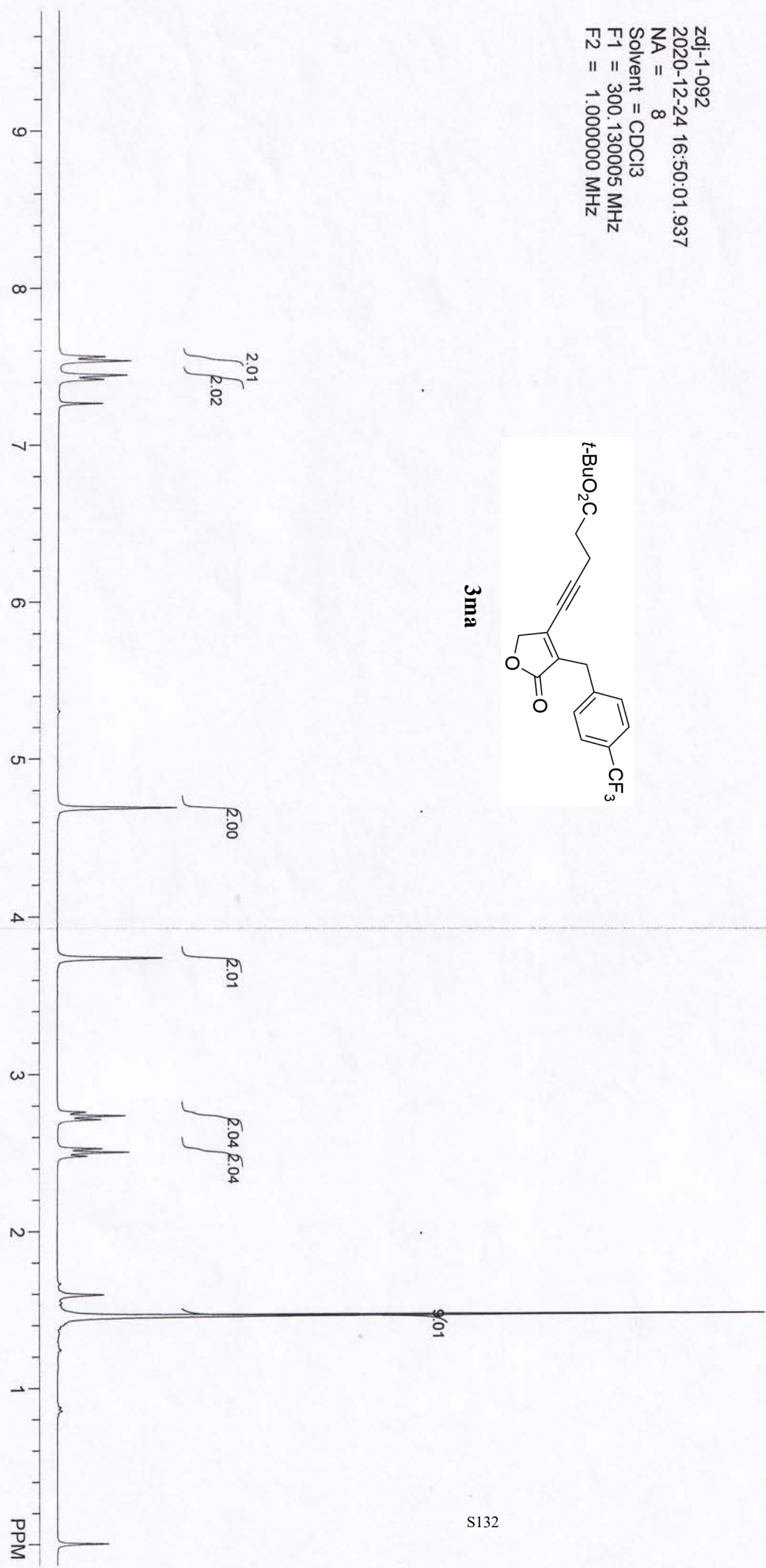
2.757
 2.733
 2.710
 2.526
 2.502
 2.478

1.454

0.000



3ma



zdl-1-092
 2020-12-25 08:25:31.609
 NA = 10273
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

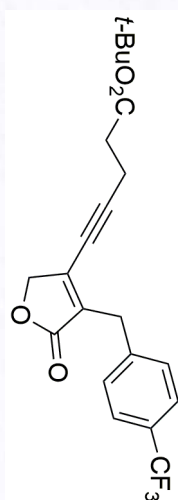
173.459
 170.370

141.269
 133.144
 129.623
 129.522
 129.210
 128.768
 128.336
 125.919
 125.468
 125.422
 125.377
 125.321
 122.316
 118.712
 107.020

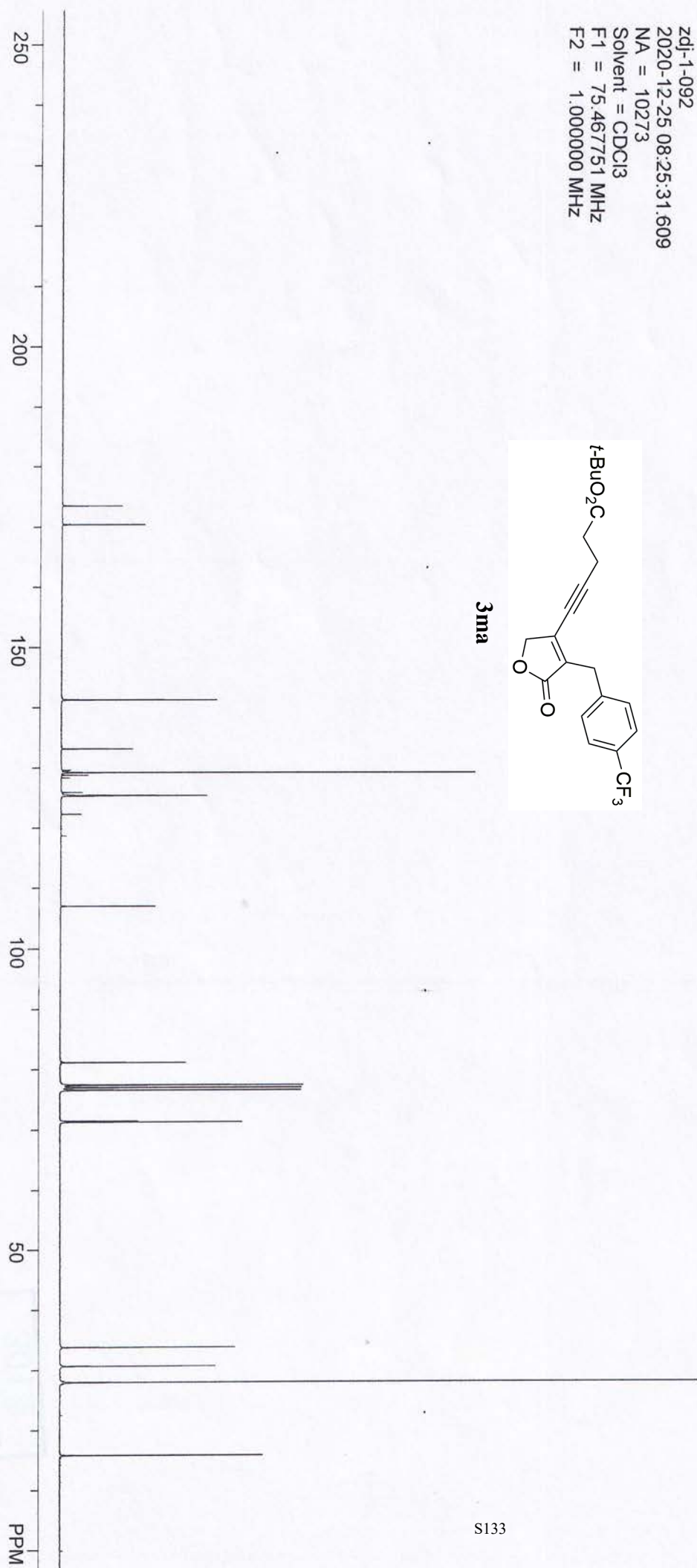
81.173
 77.423
 77.000
 76.568
 71.467
 71.292

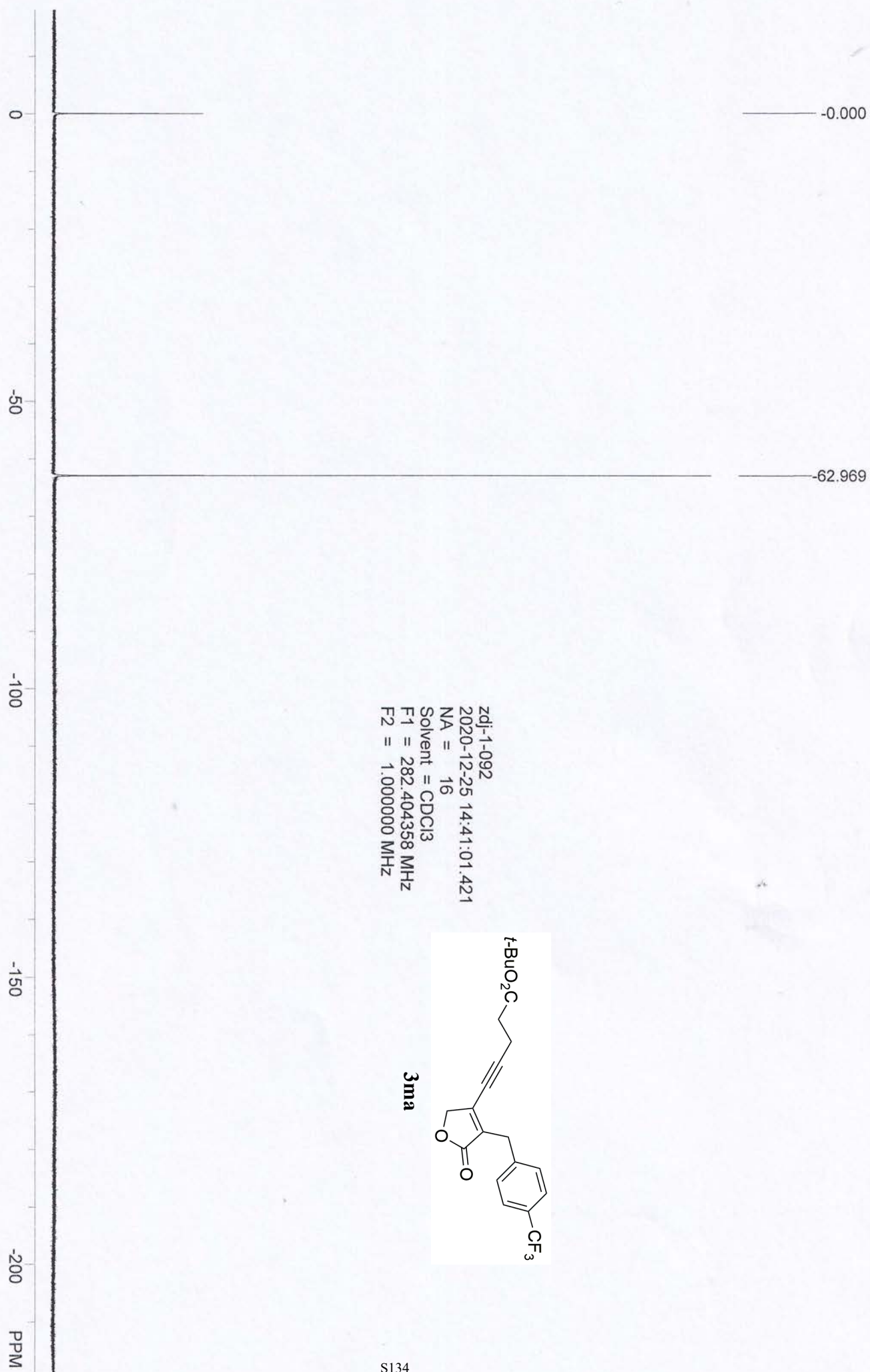
33.762
 30.636
 27.943

15.792



3ma





checkCIF/PLATON report

Structure factors have been supplied for datablock(s) mo_210107_zdj_1_092_0m

THIS REPORT IS FOR GUIDANCE ONLY. IF USED AS PART OF A REVIEW PROCEDURE FOR PUBLICATION, IT SHOULD NOT REPLACE THE EXPERTISE OF AN EXPERIENCED CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC REFEREE.

No syntax errors found. CIF dictionary Interpreting this report

Datablock: mo_210107_zdj_1_092_0m

Bond precision:	C-C = 0.0049 A	Wavelength=0.71073	
Cell:	a=12.352(3)	b=5.4853(16)	c=15.561(5)
	alpha=90	beta=111.325(11)	gamma=90
Temperature:	170 K		
	Calculated	Reported	
Volume	982.1(5)	982.1(5)	
Space group	P 21	P 1 21 1	
Hall group	P 2yb	P 2yb	
Moiety formula	C21 H21 F3 O4	C21 H21 F3 O4	
Sum formula	C21 H21 F3 O4	C21 H21 F3 O4	
Mr	394.38	394.38	
Dx, g cm-3	1.334	1.334	
Z	2	2	
Mu (mm-1)	0.110	0.110	
F000	412.0	412.0	
F000'	412.28		
h, k, lmax	15, 7, 19	15, 7, 19	
Nref	4328[2394]	4302	
Tmin, Tmax	0.959, 0.993	0.673, 0.746	
Tmin'	0.955		

Correction method= # Reported T Limits: Tmin=0.673 Tmax=0.746
AbsCorr = MULTI-SCAN

Data completeness= 1.80/0.99 Theta(max)= 27.105

R(reflections)= 0.0520(4033) wR2(reflections)= 0.1426(4302)

S = 1.061 Npar= 256

The following ALERTS were generated. Each ALERT has the format
test-name_ALERT_alert-type_alert-level.
Click on the hyperlinks for more details of the test.

● Alert level C

STRVA01_ALERT_4_C Flack parameter is too small
 From the CIF: _refine_ls_abs_structure_Flack -0.300
 From the CIF: _refine_ls_abs_structure_Flack_su 0.300
PLAT340_ALERT_3_C Low Bond Precision on C-C Bonds 0.00485 Ang.
PLAT911_ALERT_3_C Missing FCF Refl Between Thmin & STh/L= 0.600 3 Report

● Alert level G

PLAT032_ALERT_4_G Std. Uncertainty on Flack Parameter Value High . 0.300 Report
PLAT242_ALERT_2_G Low 'MainMol' Ueq as Compared to Neighbors of C7 Check
PLAT371_ALERT_2_G Long C(sp2)-C(sp1) Bond C12 - C13 1.43 Ang.
PLAT398_ALERT_2_G Deviating C-O-C Angle From 120 for O2 109.9 Degree
PLAT910_ALERT_3_G Missing # of FCF Reflection(s) Below Theta(Min). 3 Note
PLAT912_ALERT_4_G Missing # of FCF Reflections Above STh/L= 0.600 1 Note
PLAT916_ALERT_2_G Hooft y and Flack x Parameter Values Differ by . 0.10 Check
PLAT933_ALERT_2_G Number of OMIT Records in Embedded .res File ... 2 Note
PLAT978_ALERT_2_G Number C-C Bonds with Positive Residual Density. 1 Info

- 0 **ALERT level A** = Most likely a serious problem - resolve or explain
0 **ALERT level B** = A potentially serious problem, consider carefully
3 **ALERT level C** = Check. Ensure it is not caused by an omission or oversight
9 **ALERT level G** = General information/check it is not something unexpected
- 0 ALERT type 1 CIF construction/syntax error, inconsistent or missing data
6 ALERT type 2 Indicator that the structure model may be wrong or deficient
3 ALERT type 3 Indicator that the structure quality may be low
3 ALERT type 4 Improvement, methodology, query or suggestion
0 ALERT type 5 Informative message, check
-
-

It is advisable to attempt to resolve as many as possible of the alerts in all categories. Often the minor alerts point to easily fixed oversights, errors and omissions in your CIF or refinement strategy, so attention to these fine details can be worthwhile. In order to resolve some of the more serious problems it may be necessary to carry out additional measurements or structure refinements. However, the purpose of your study may justify the reported deviations and the more serious of these should normally be commented upon in the discussion or experimental section of a paper or in the "special_details" fields of the CIF. checkCIF was carefully designed to identify outliers and unusual parameters, but every test has its limitations and alerts that are not important in a particular case may appear. Conversely, the absence of alerts does not guarantee there are no aspects of the results needing attention. It is up to the individual to critically assess their own results and, if necessary, seek expert advice.

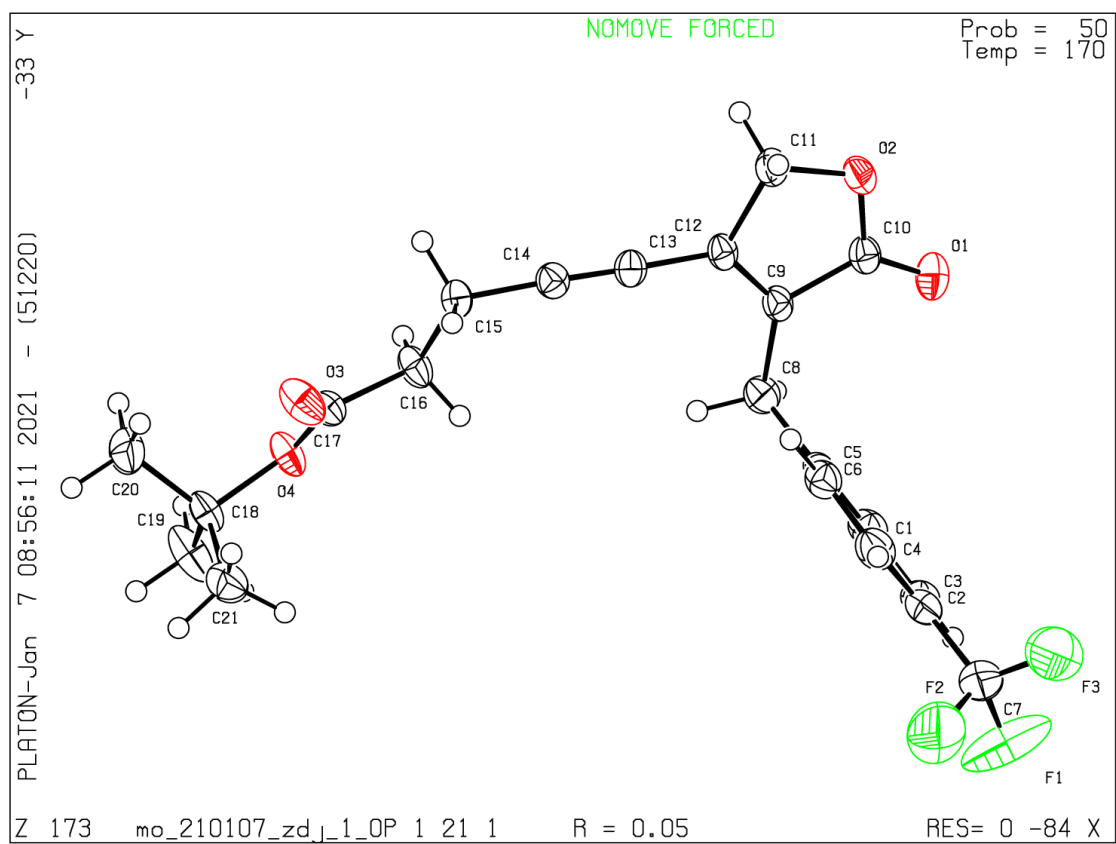
Publication of your CIF in IUCr journals

A basic structural check has been run on your CIF. These basic checks will be run on all CIFs submitted for publication in IUCr journals (*Acta Crystallographica*, *Journal of Applied Crystallography*, *Journal of Synchrotron Radiation*); however, if you intend to submit to *Acta Crystallographica Section C* or *E* or *IUCrData*, you should make sure that full publication checks are run on the final version of your CIF prior to submission.

Publication of your CIF in other journals

Please refer to the *Notes for Authors* of the relevant journal for any special instructions relating to CIF submission.

PLATON version of 05/12/2020; check.def file version of 05/12/2020

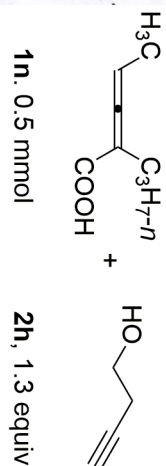


zdl-2-003cp
 2021-04-18 21:54:28.92
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl3
 PTS1d = 32768
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

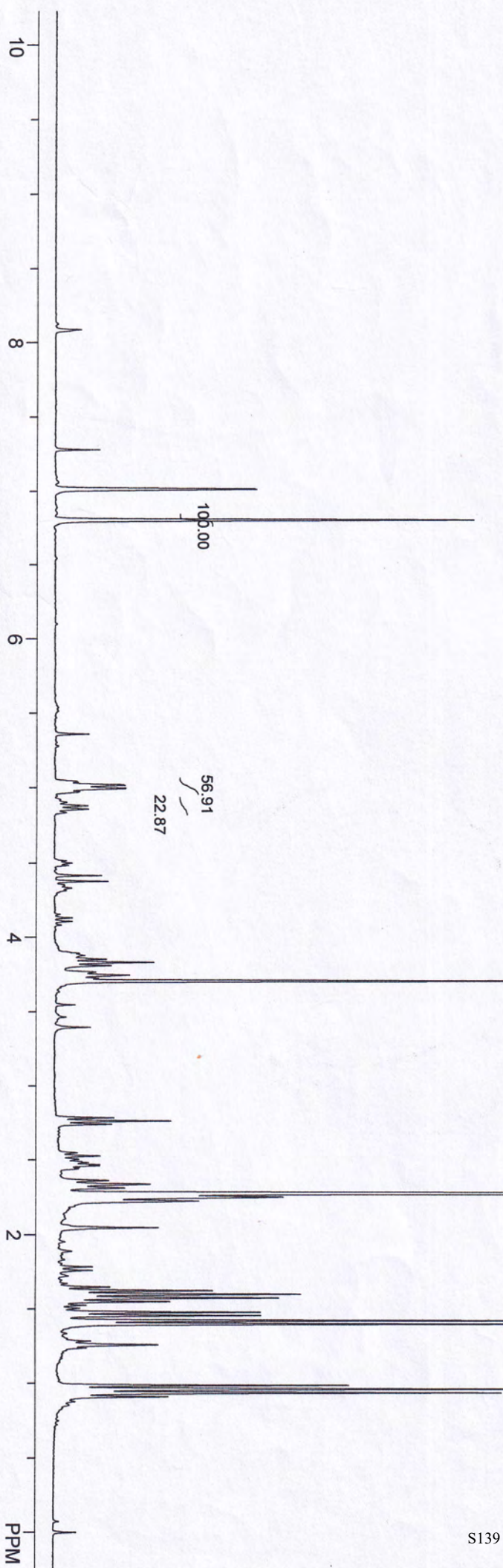
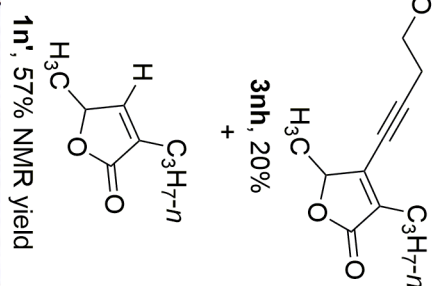
6.802

5.036
 5.014
 4.996
 4.974
 4.902
 4.879
 4.857
 4.834

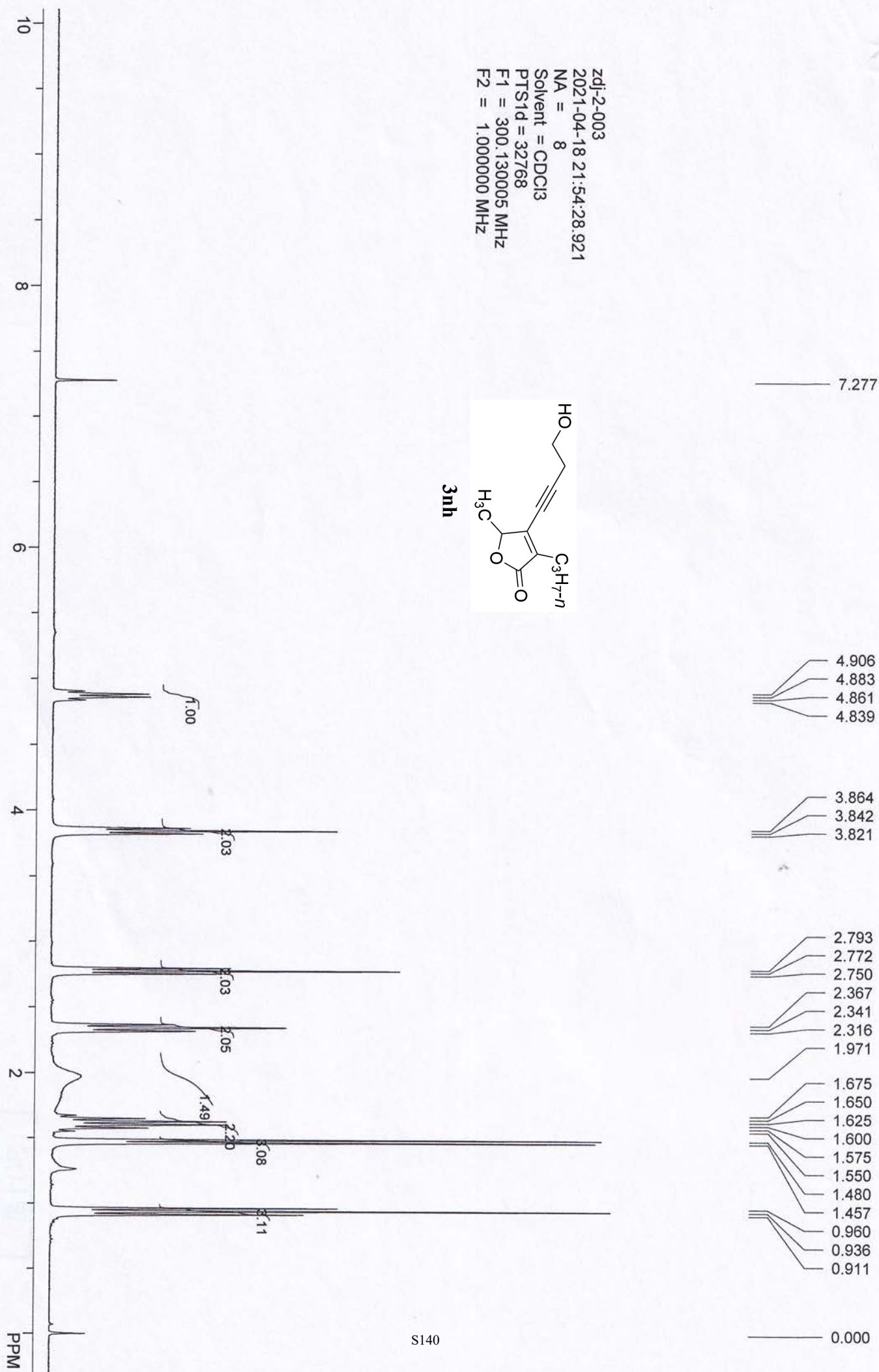
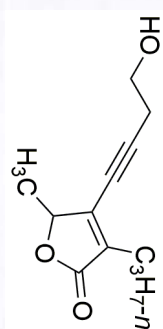
0.000



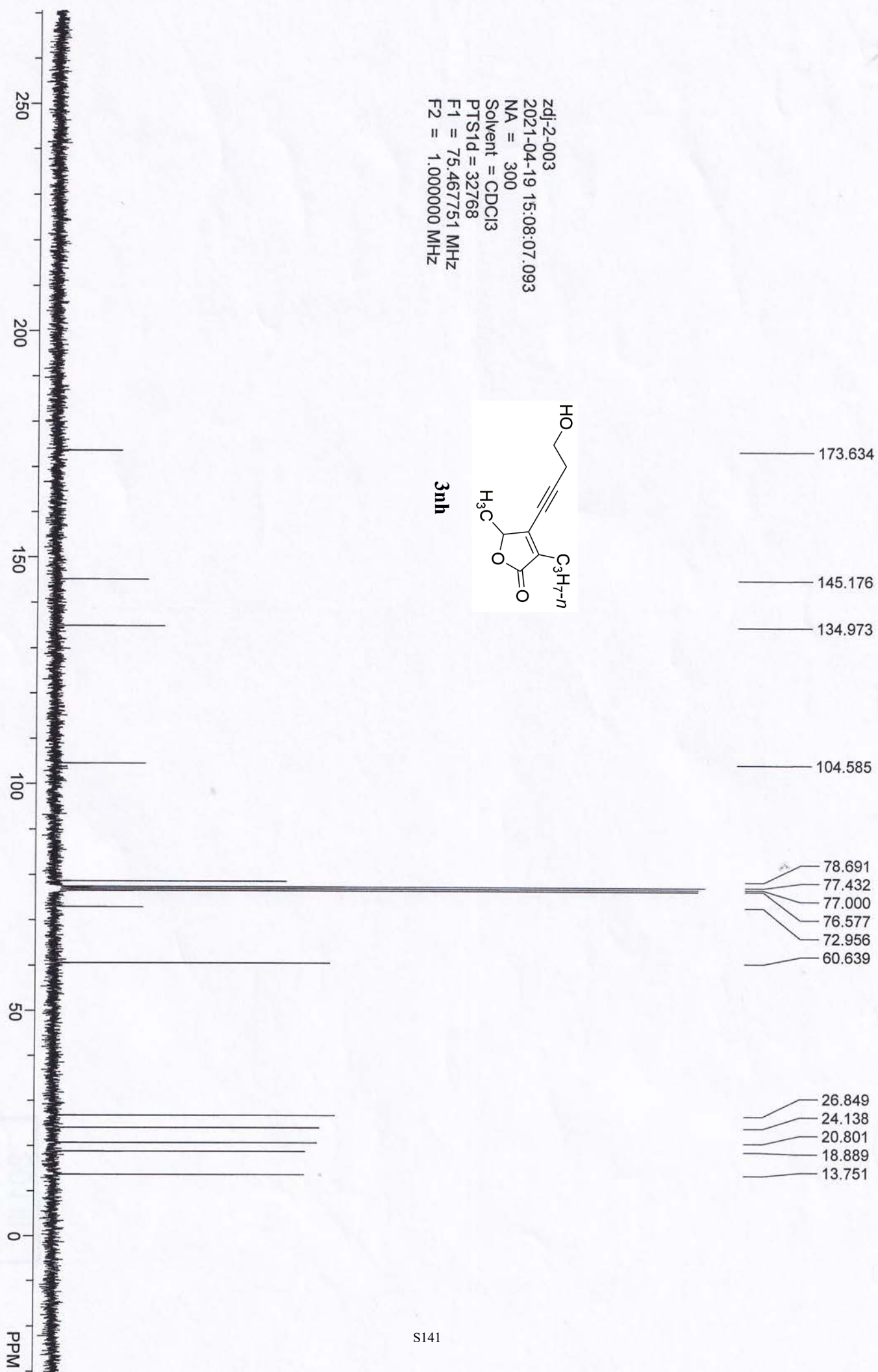
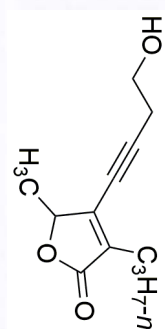
$[\text{Cp}^*\text{RhCl}_2]_2$ (5 mol%)
 CuI (20 mol%)
i-Pr₂NH (1.0 equiv)
 Dioxane/DME (1/1)
 air, 50 °C, 1 h



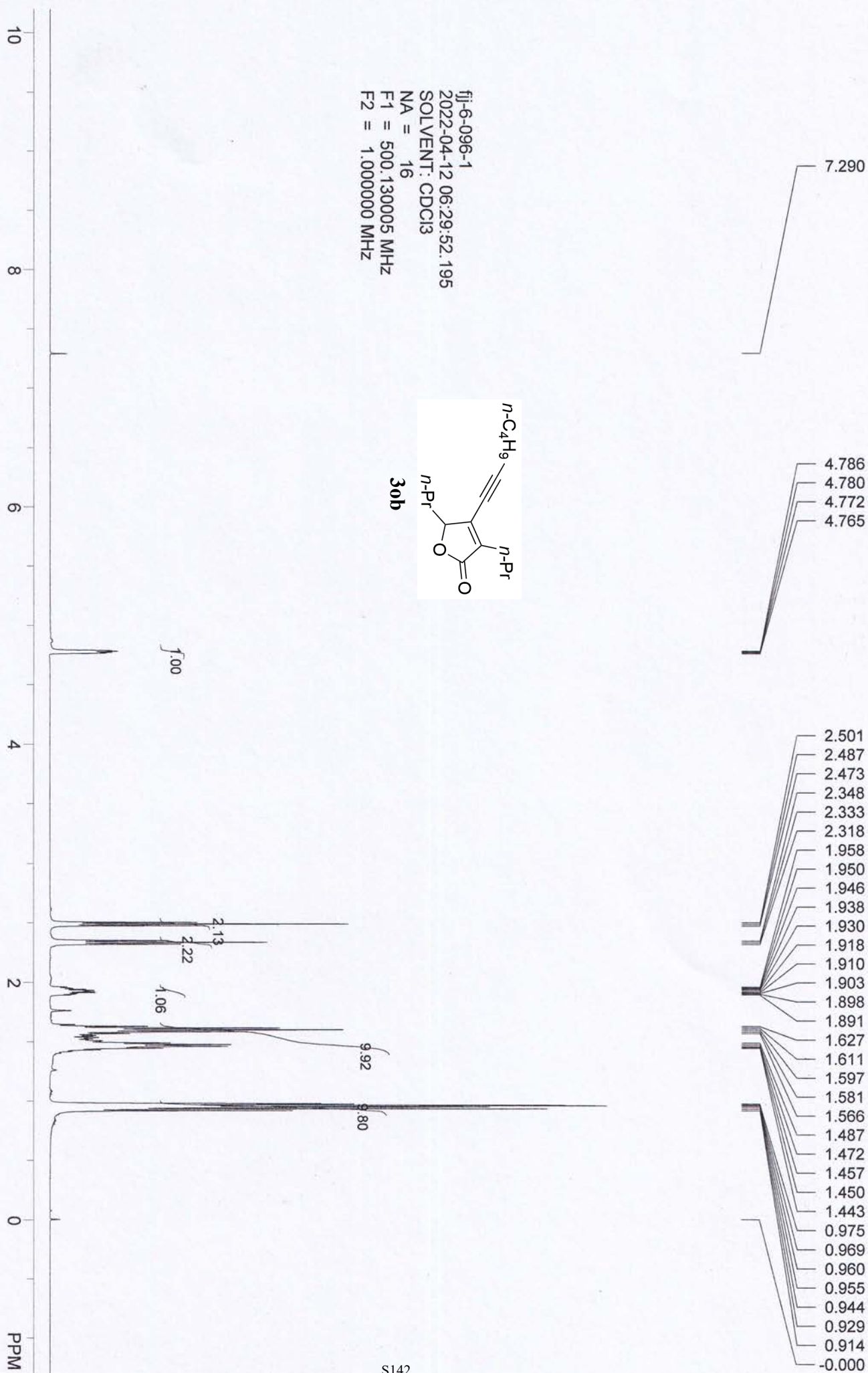
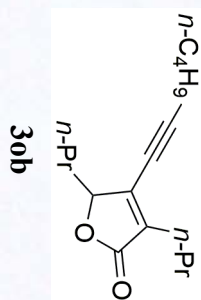
zdl-2-003
 2021-04-18 21:54:28.921
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl3
 PTS1d = 32768
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

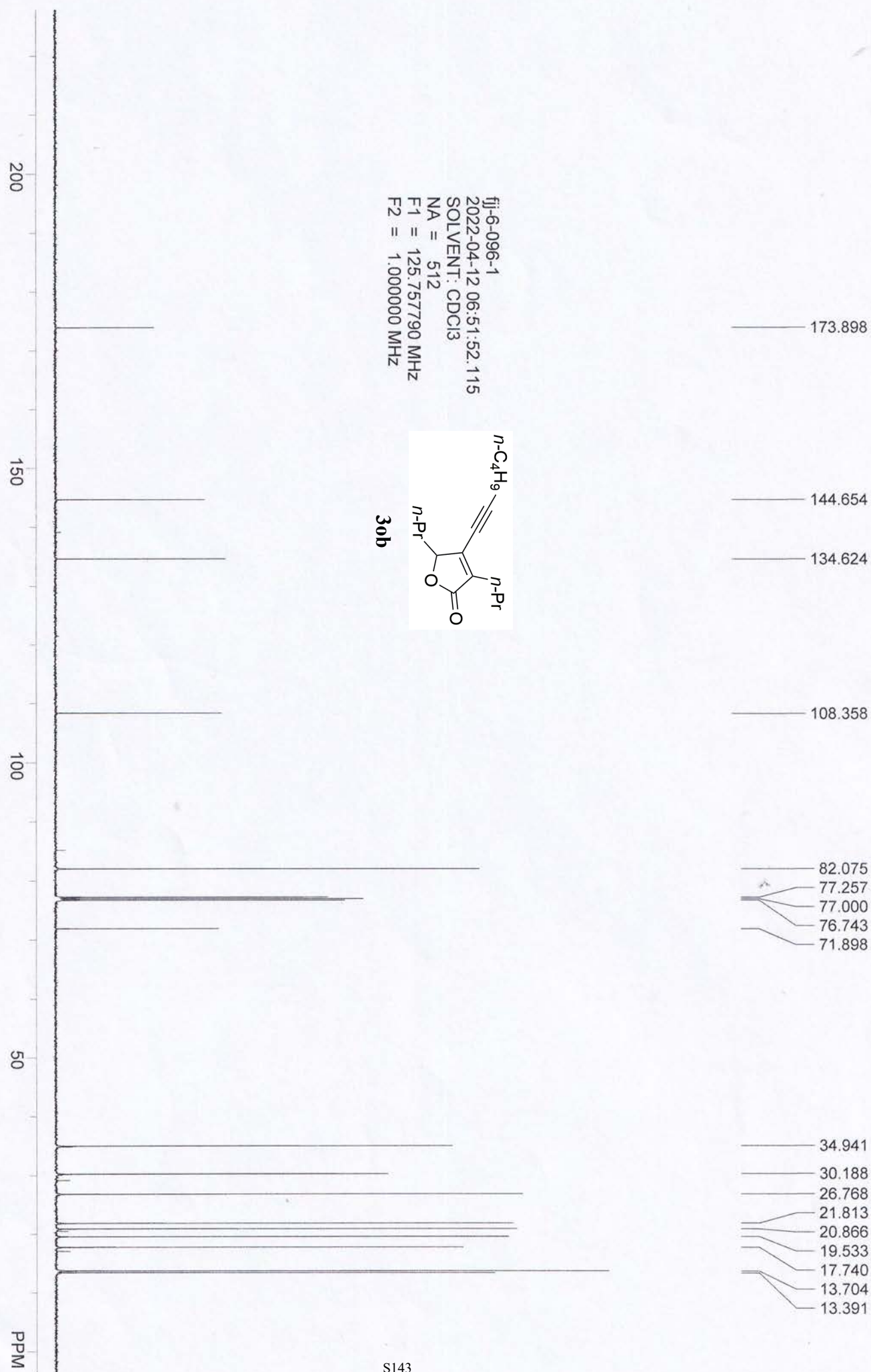


zdl-2-003
2021-04-19 15:08:07.093
NA = 300
Solvent = CDCl₃
PTStd = 32768
F1 = 75.467751 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



fj-6-096-1
 2022-04-12 06:29:52.195
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 16
 F1 = 500.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



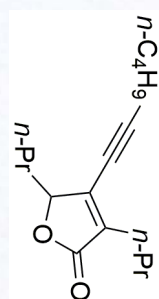


fj-6-096-1-purity
 2022-04-13 12:41:31.622
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 16
 F1 = 500.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

6.798

4.782
 4.776
 4.768
 4.761

0.000



30b

Purity(97%) is determined by Mesitylene (9.2 μ L, 0.066 mmol)
 as the internal standard in 56.7 mg of sample.

10 8 6 4 2 0 PPM

100.00

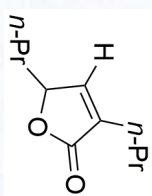
105.06

7.366
7.063
7.061

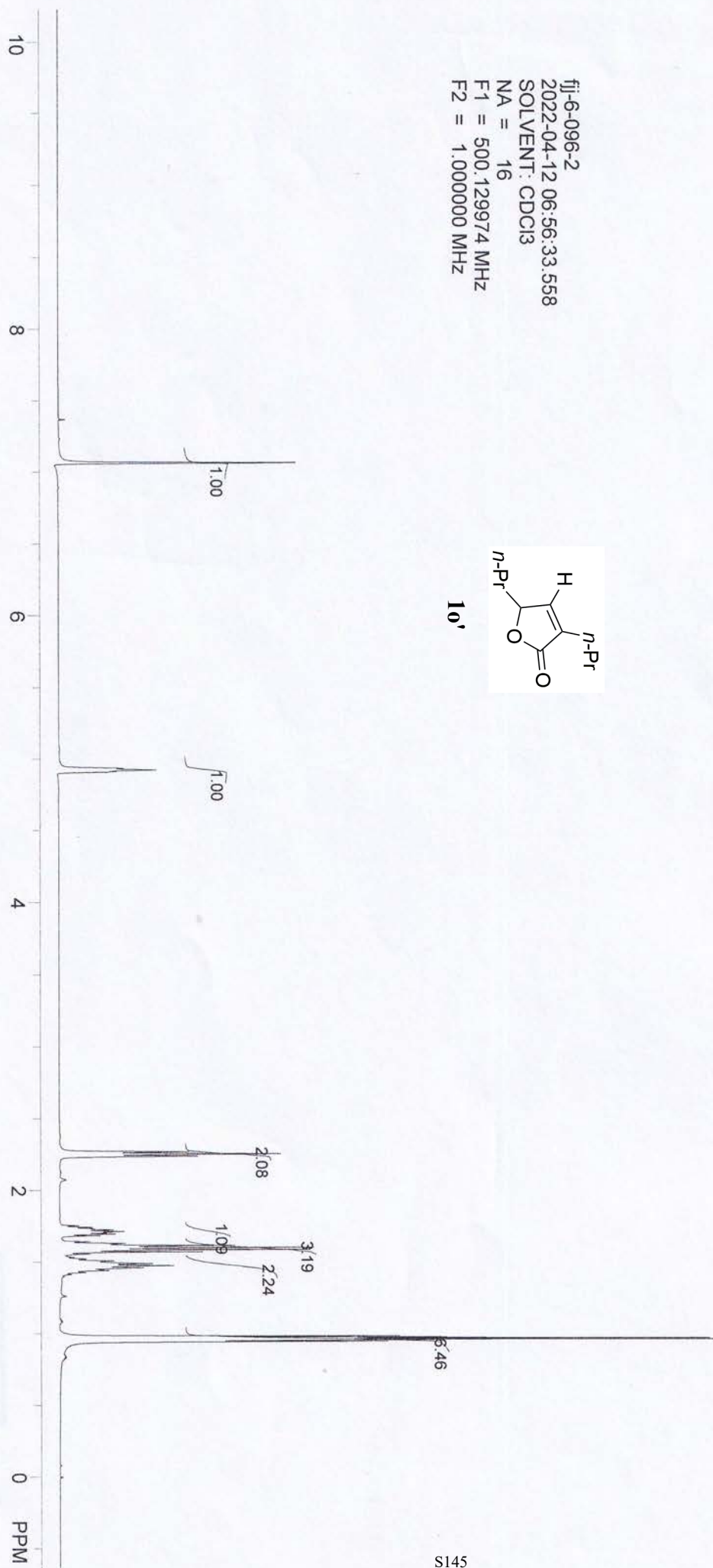
4.922

2.269
2.254
2.238
1.754
1.742
1.725
1.713
1.697
1.684
1.631
1.616
1.608
1.600
1.585
1.571
1.493
1.489
1.474
1.469
1.460
1.456
0.981
0.973
0.966
0.958
0.951
0.943
0.000

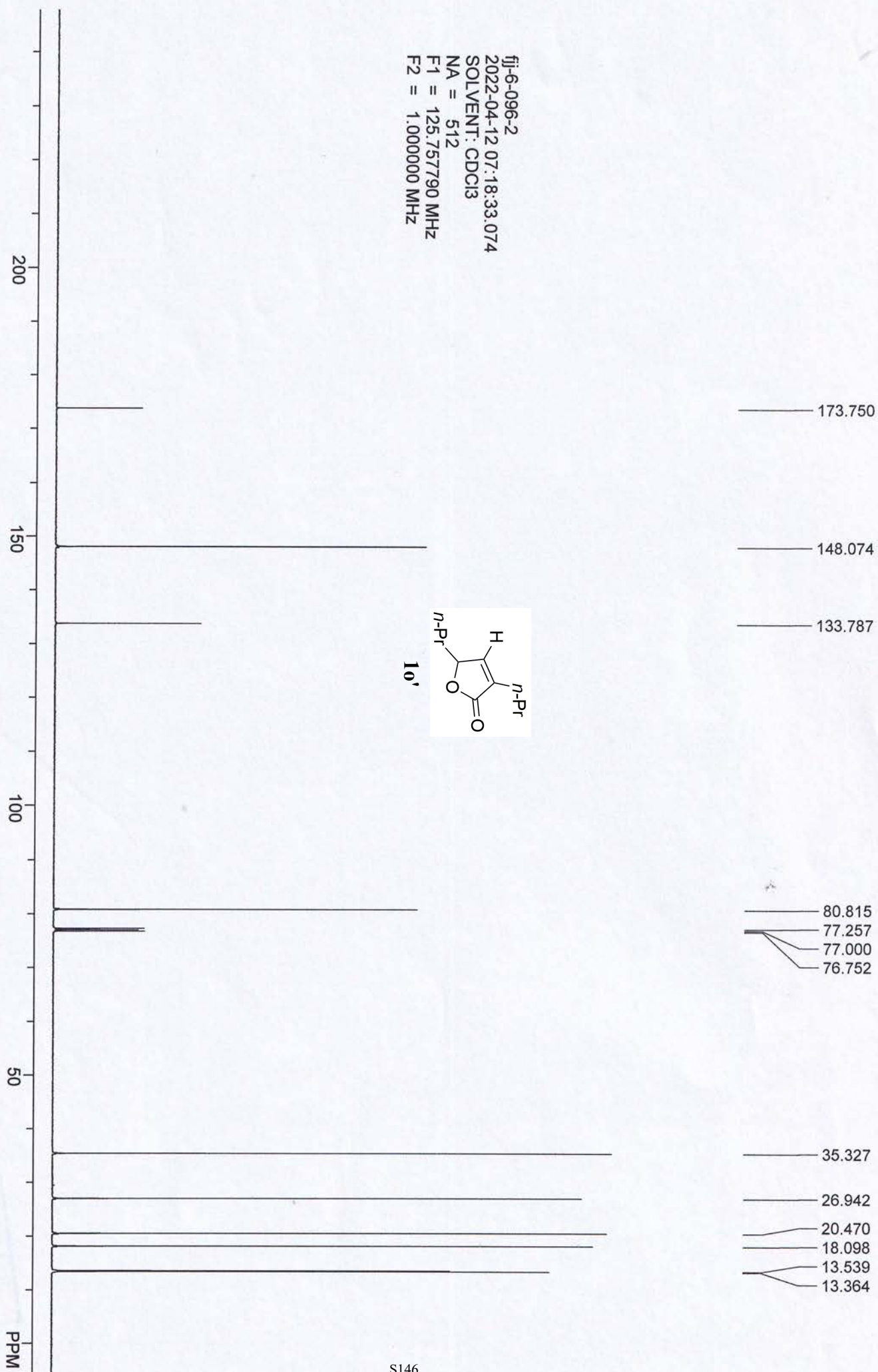
fj-6-096-2
2022-04-12 06:56:33.558
SOLVENT: CDCl₃
NA = 16
F1 = 500.129974 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



10'



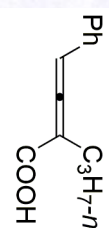
fj-6-096-2
2022-04-12 07:18:33.074
SOLVENT: CDCl₃
NA = 512
F1 = 125.757790 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



6.801

5.730
5.7132.648
2.627
2.606

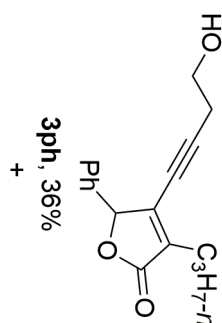
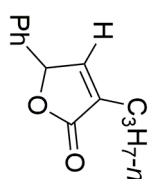
-0.000



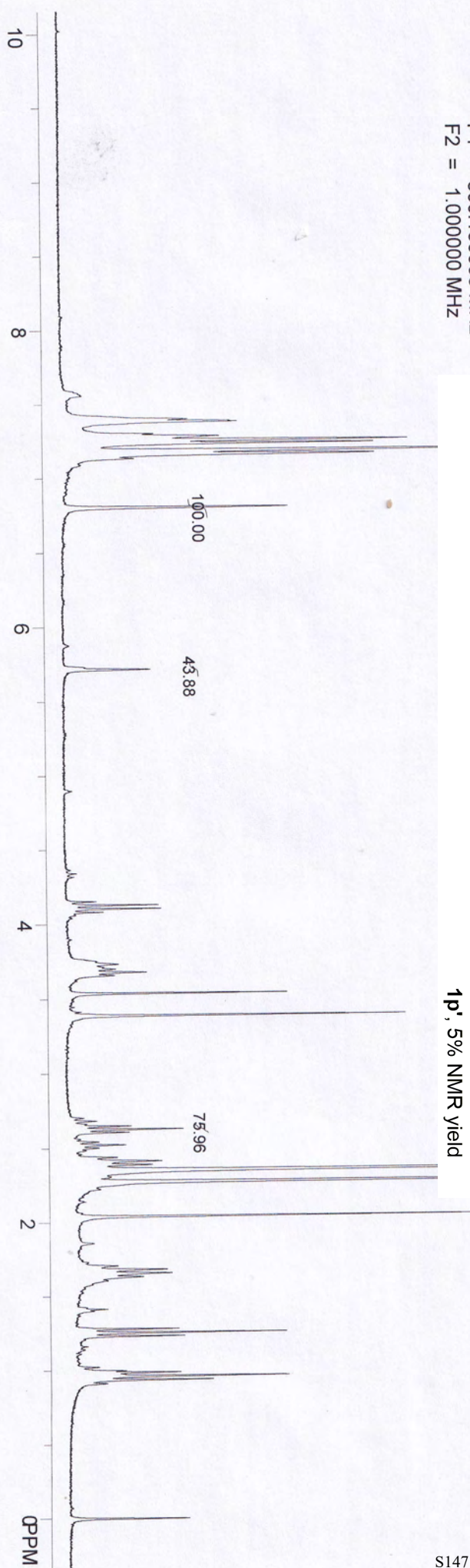
+

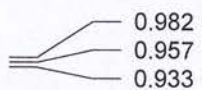
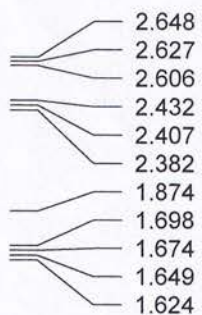
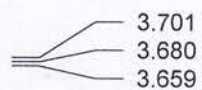
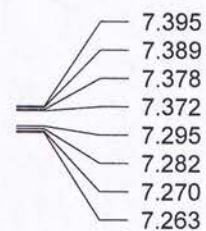
**1p**, 0.5 mmol**2h**, 1.3 equiv

air, 50 °C, 1 h

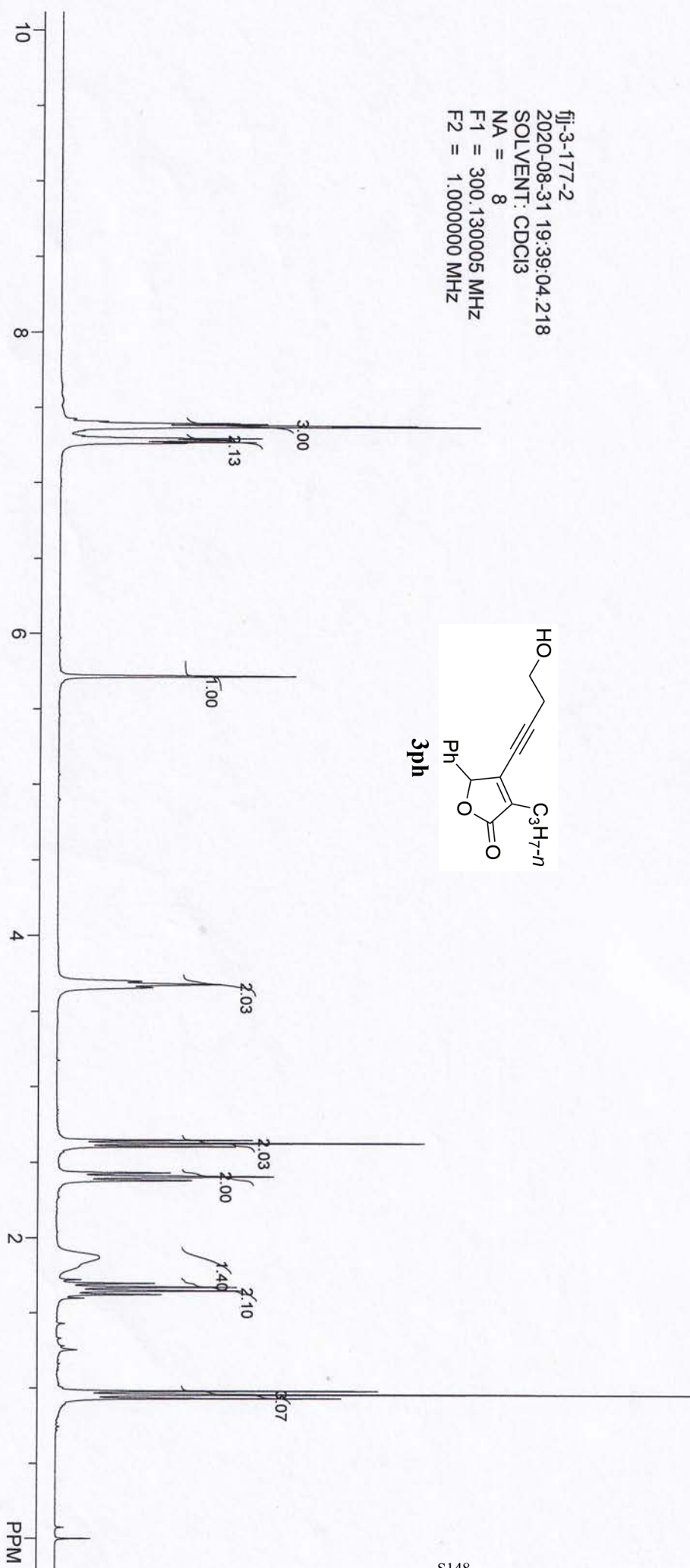
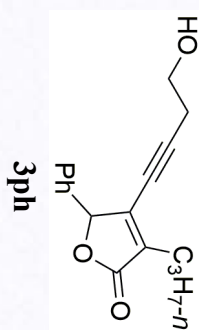
**3ph**, 36%**1p'**, 5% NMR yield

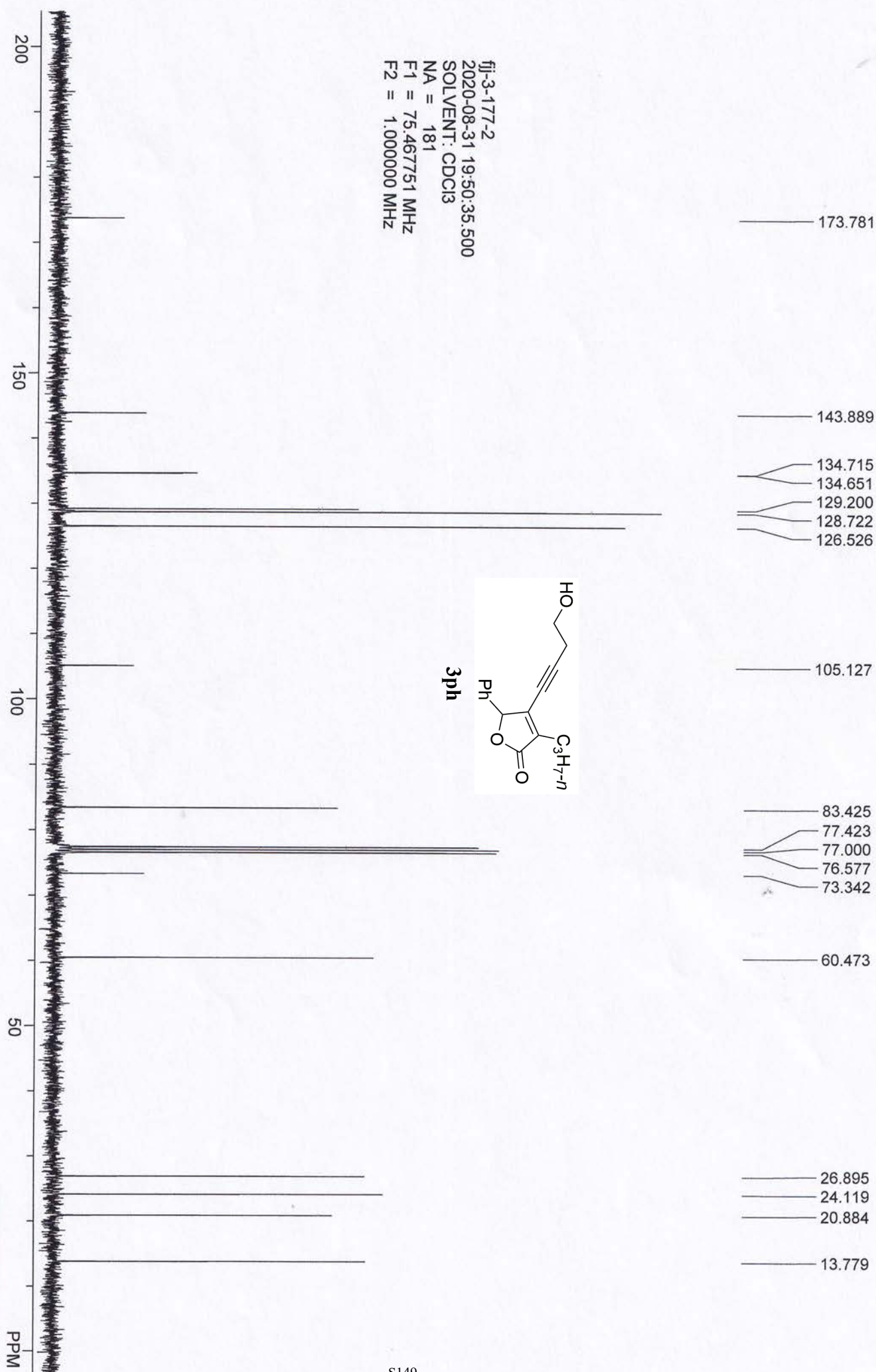
fjl-3-177cp
 2020-08-31 10:56:50.968
 SOLVENT: CDCl3
 NA = 8
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz





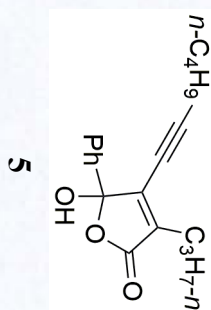
fjl-3-177-2
 2020-08-31 19:39:04.218
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 8
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



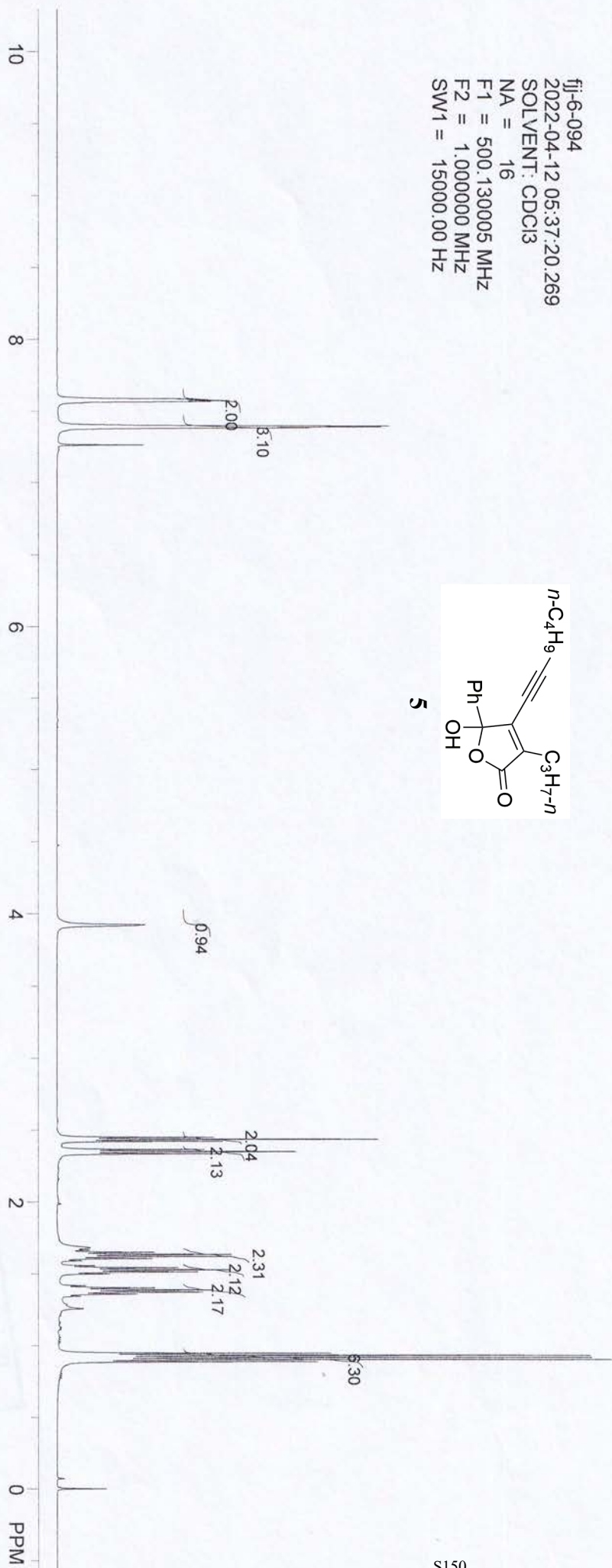


fj-6-094
 2022-04-12 05:37:20.269
 SOLVENT: CDCl3
 NA = 16
 F1 = 500.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz
 SW1 = 15000.00 Hz

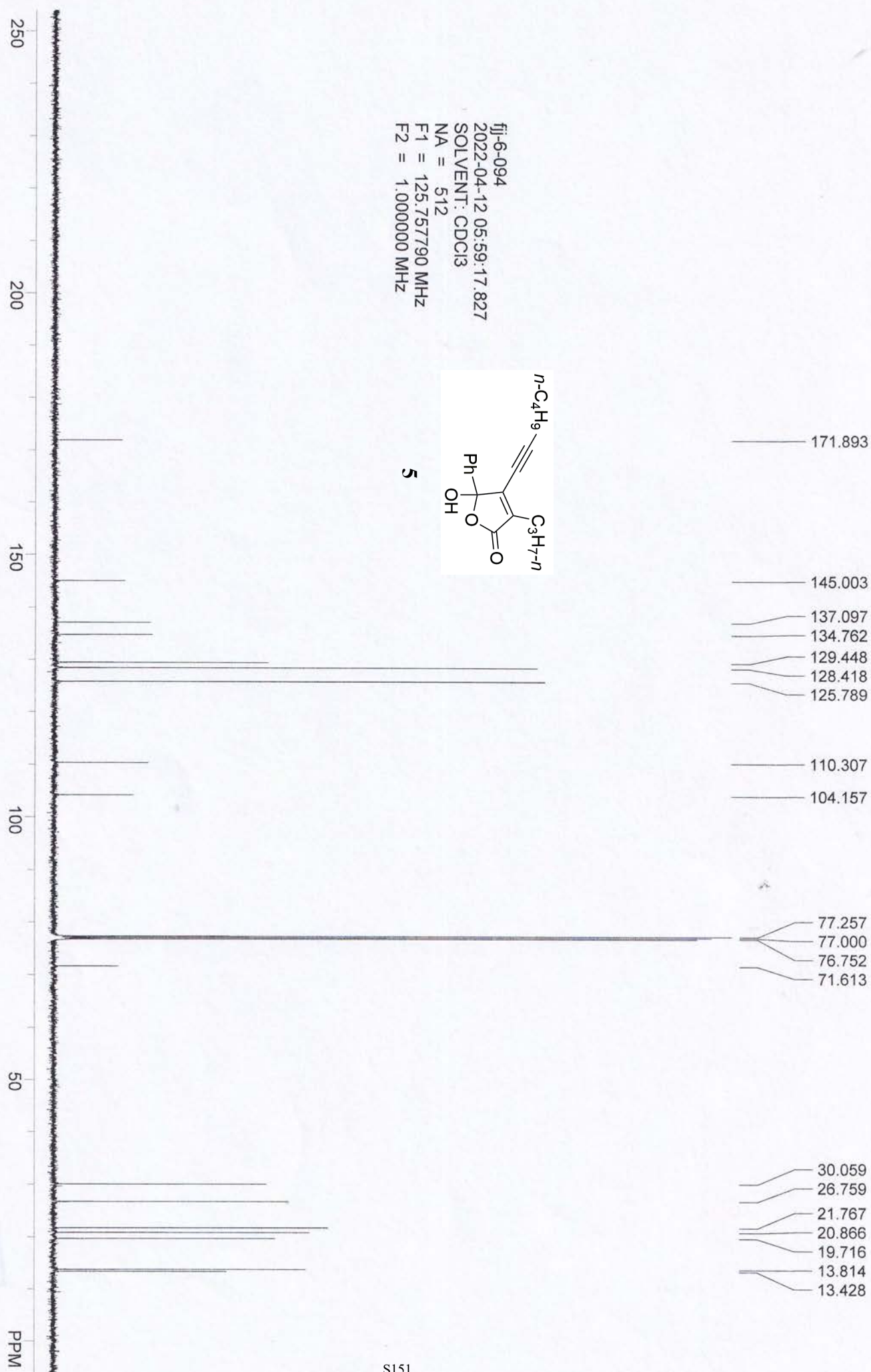
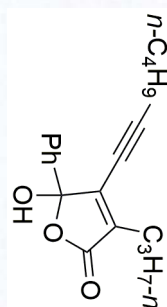
7.585
 7.580
 7.576
 7.573
 7.566
 7.394
 7.388
 7.382
 7.261



3.923
 2.450
 2.436
 2.422
 2.365
 2.350
 2.334
 1.665
 1.650
 1.636
 1.621
 1.605
 1.591
 1.556
 1.542
 1.528
 1.513
 1.499
 1.417
 1.403
 1.388
 1.373
 1.358
 1.343
 0.946
 0.930
 0.916
 0.901
 0.886
 -0.000

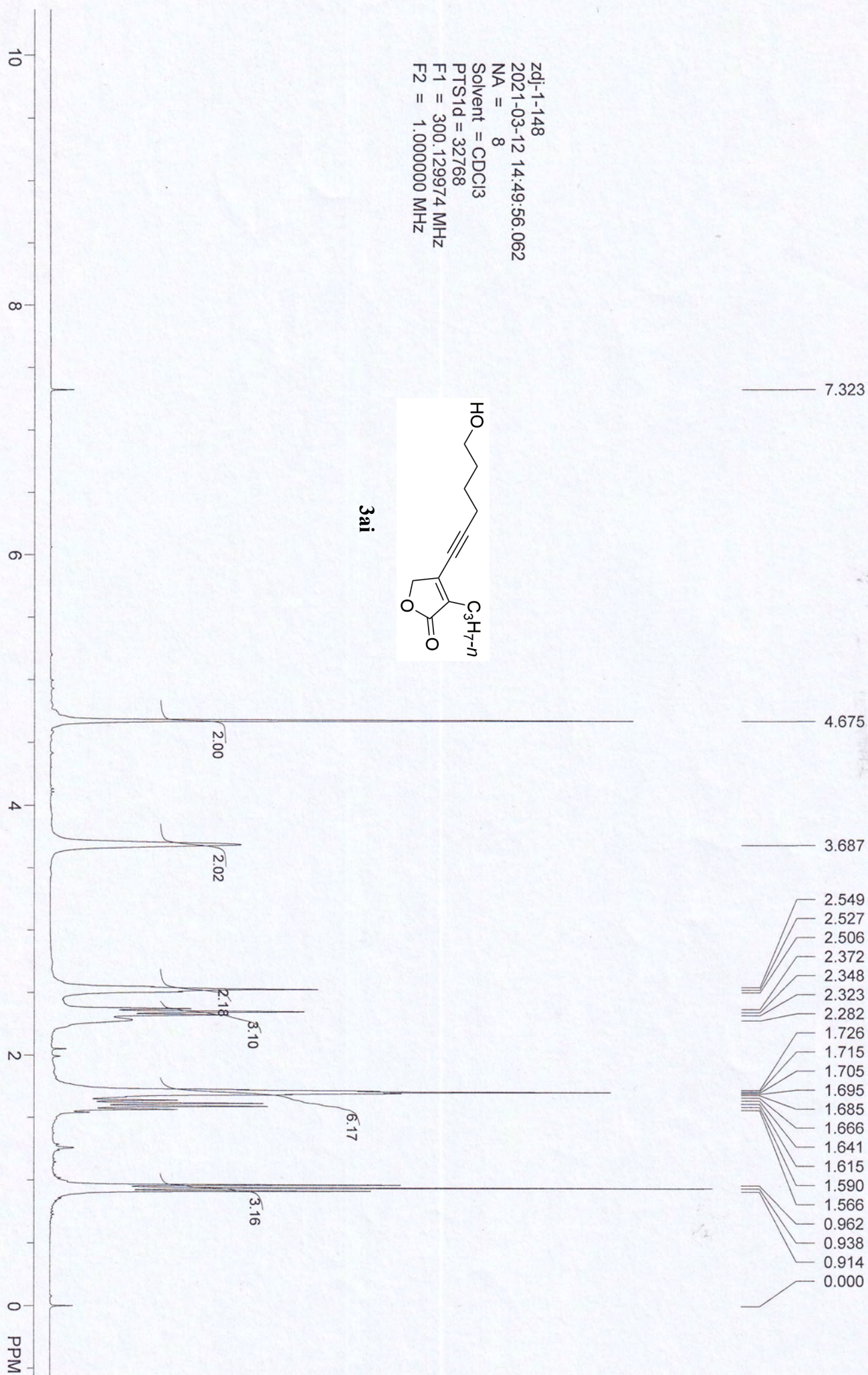


fjl-6-094
 2022-04-12 05:59:17.827
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 512
 F1 = 125.757790 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



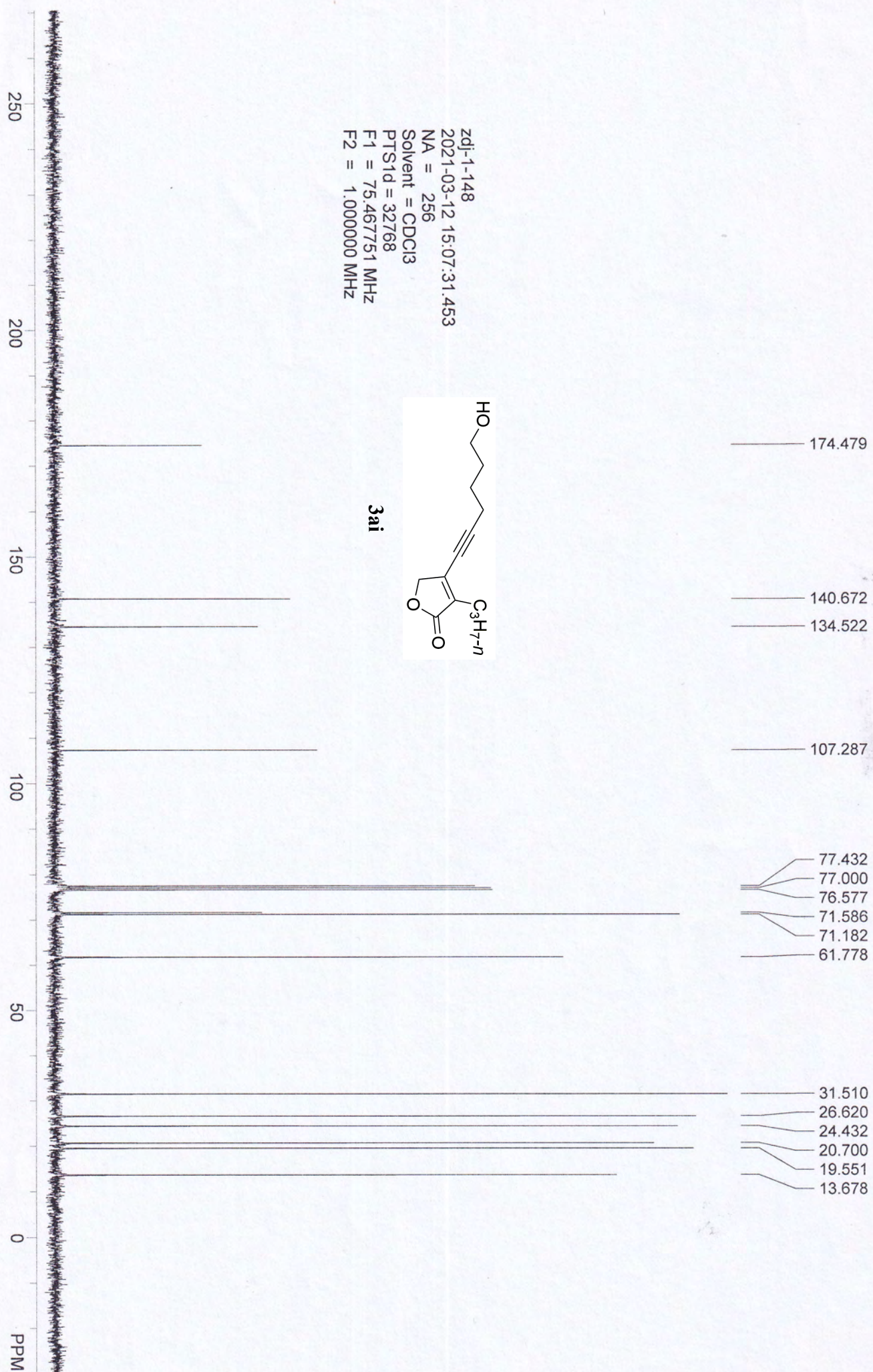
zdl-1-148
 2021-03-12 14:49:56.062
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 PTS1d = 32768
 F1 = 300.129974 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

3ai



zdl-1-148
2021-03-12 15:07:31.453
NA = 256
Solvent = CDCl₃
PTS1d = 32768
F1 = 75.467751 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz

3ai



9.831

7.270

4.670

2.657

2.633

2.622

2.610

2.586

2.563

2.540

2.380

2.355

2.329

1.995

1.971

1.947

1.924

1.900

1.673

1.647

1.622

1.597

1.572

1.549

0.968

0.943

0.919

-0.000

zdl-1-180

2020-04-06 18:30:33.343

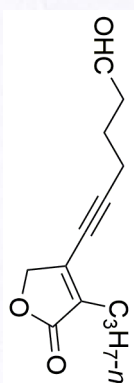
NA = 8

Solvent = CDCl₃

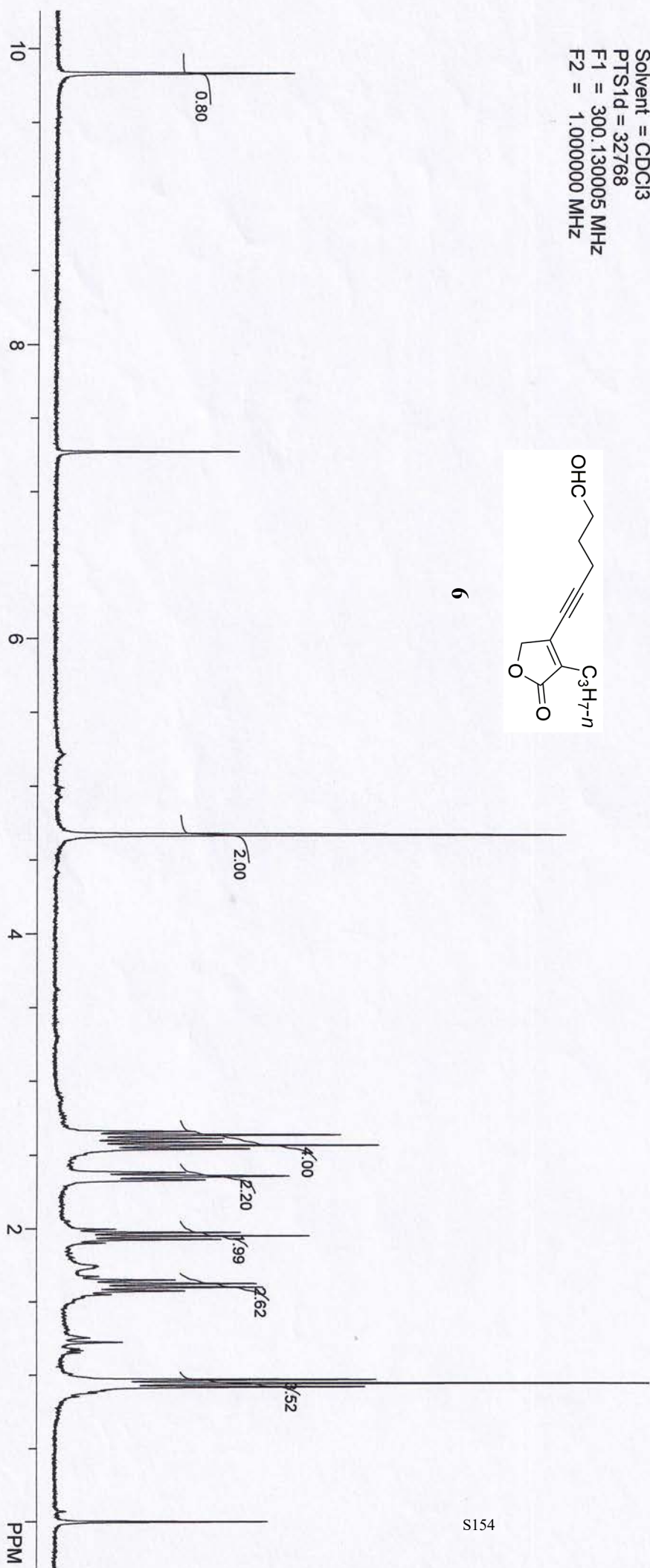
PTS1d = 32768

F1 = 300.130005 MHz

F2 = 1.000000 MHz



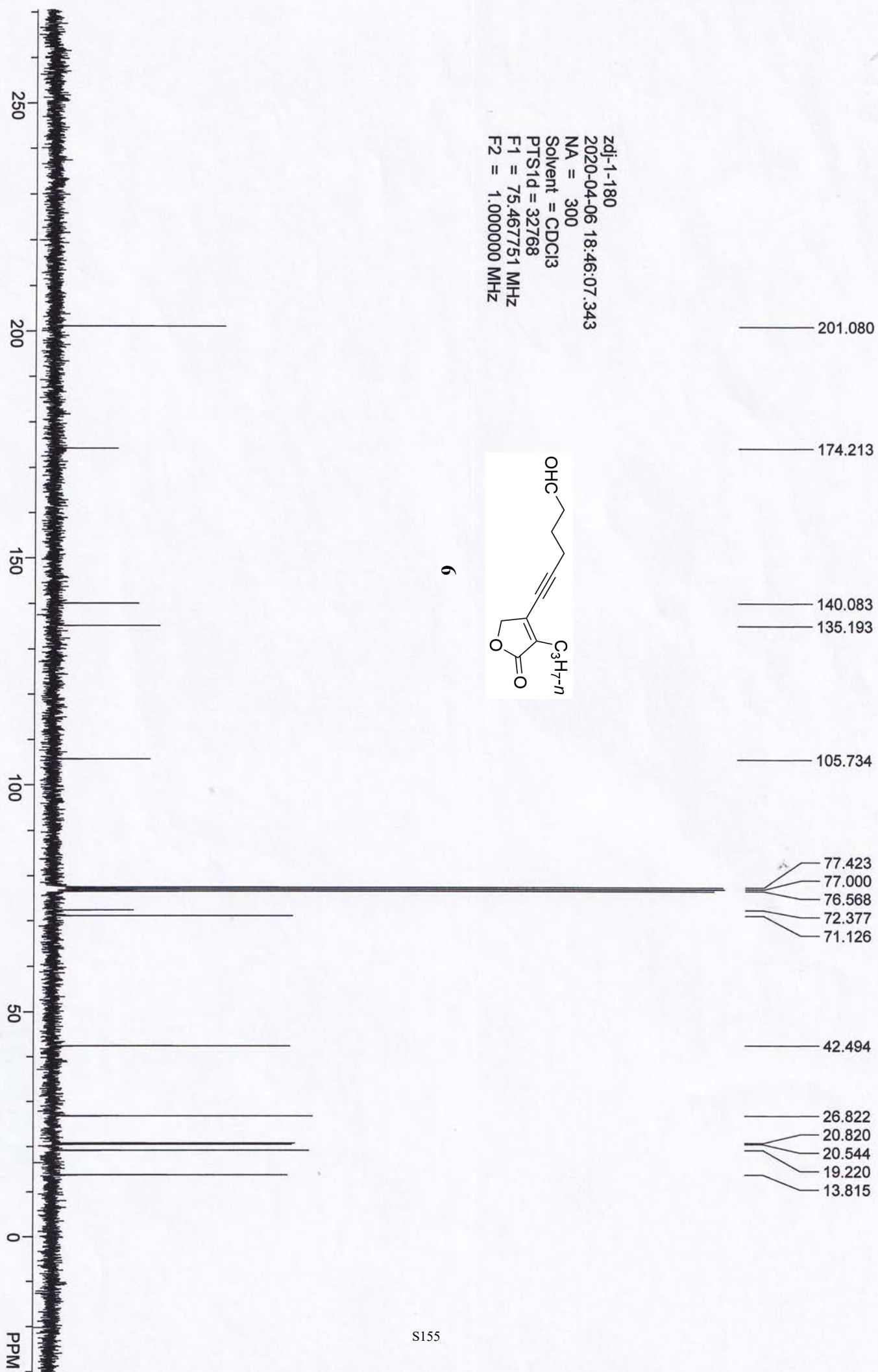
6



zdi-1-180
 2020-04-06 18:46:07.343
 NA = 300
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 PTS1d = 32768
 F1 = 75.467751 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



6

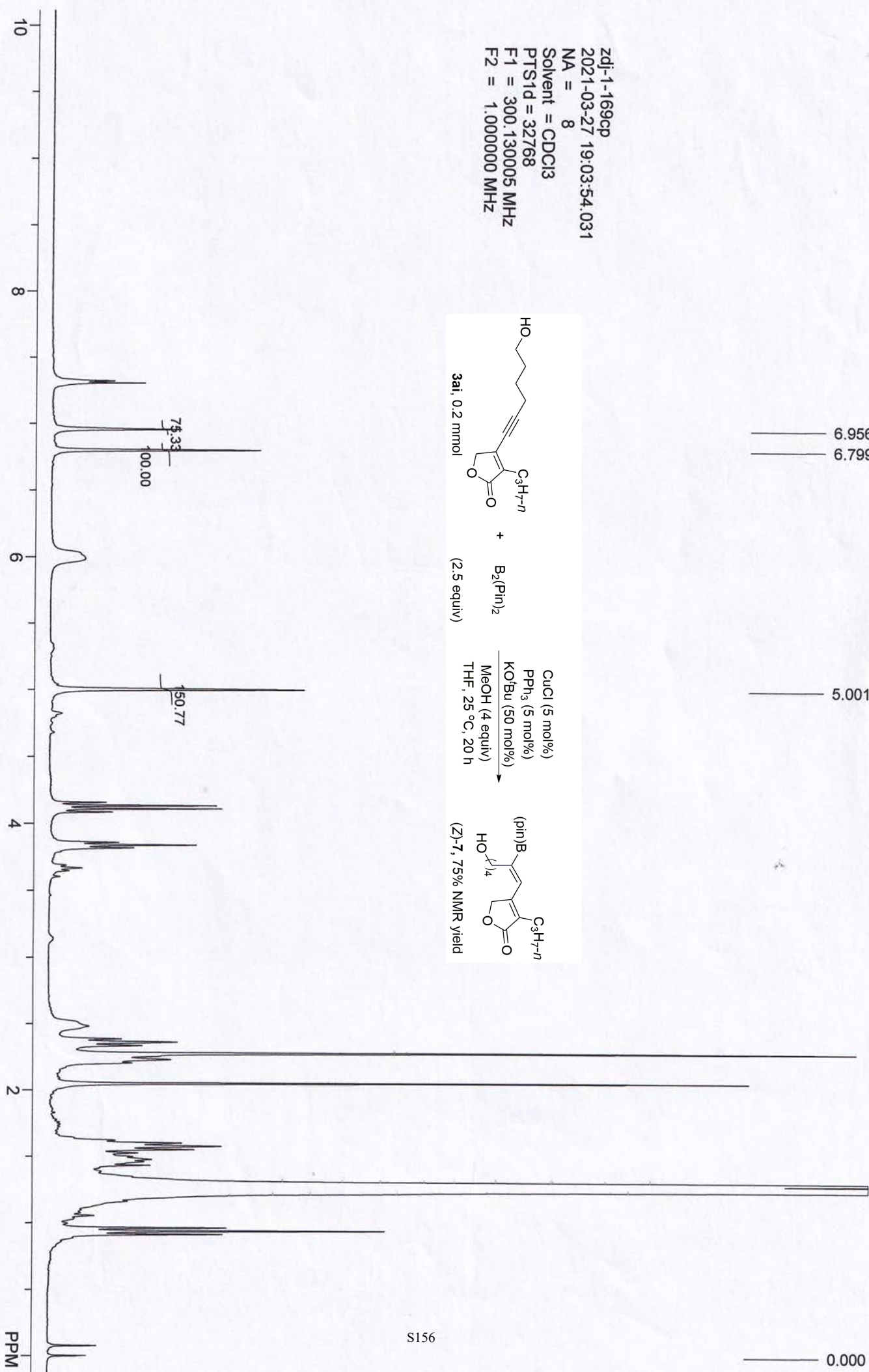
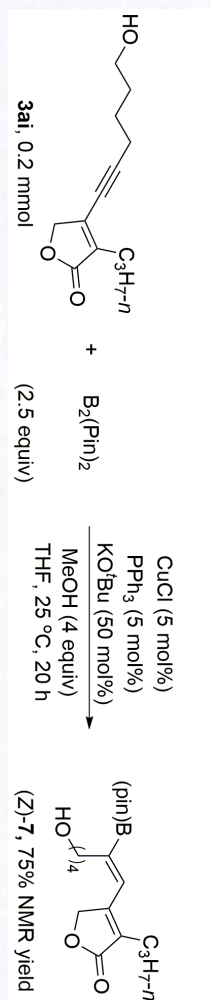


zdl-1-169cp
 2021-03-27 19:03:54.031
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl3
 PTS1d = 32768
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

6.956
 6.799

5.001

0.000



7.402
7.387
7.376
7.266

6.496

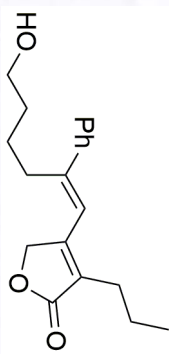
5.118

3.635
3.616
3.595

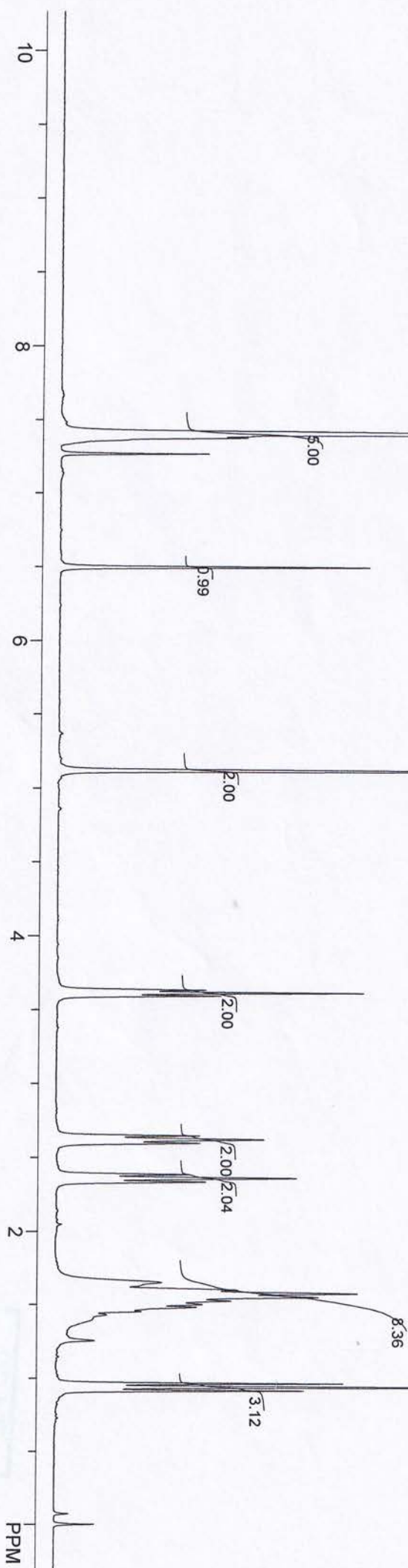
2.647
2.620
2.596
2.385
2.360
2.334

1.650
1.634
1.598
1.574
1.549
1.524
1.500
1.481
1.452
1.429
0.963
0.939
0.914
-0.000

zdj-1-170
2021-03-28 21:45:19.562
NA = 16
Solvent = CDCl3
PTSD = 32768
F1 = 300.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz

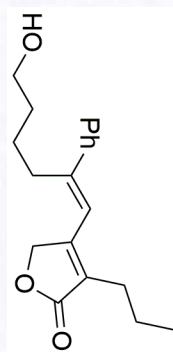


(E)-8



zdf-1-170
2021-03-28 22:02:21.953
NA = 257
Solvent = CDCl₃
PTS1d = 32768
F1 = 75.467751 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz

(*E*)-8



174.727

153.586

149.946

142.032

129.035

128.630

128.428

126.645

118.087

77.423

77.000

76.577

70.869

62.118

32.300

32.254

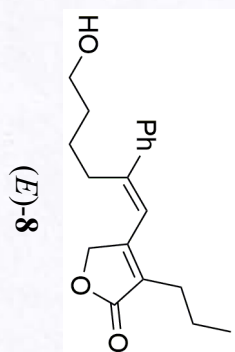
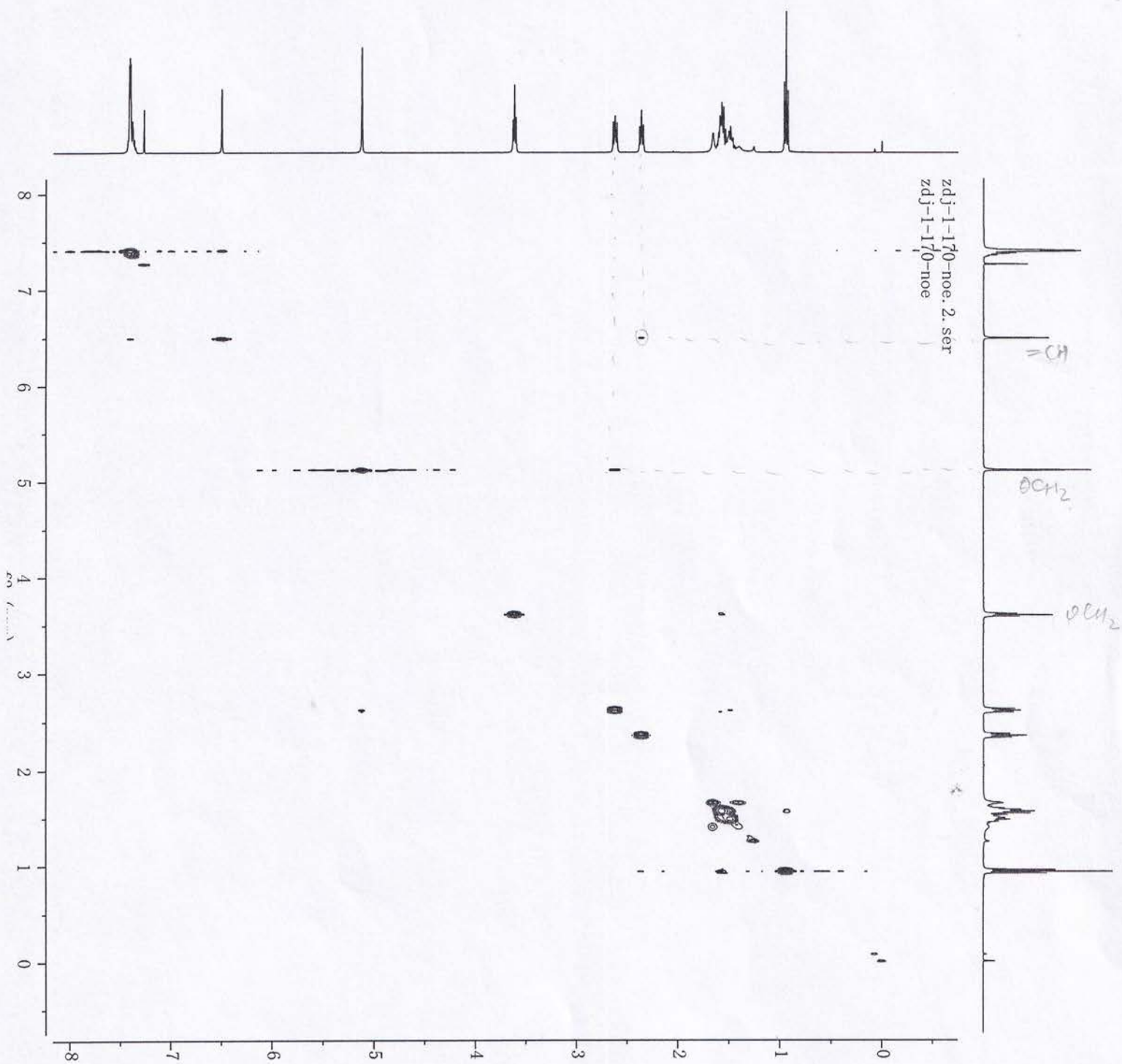
25.792

25.590

21.537

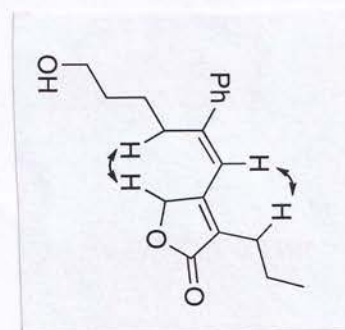
13.889



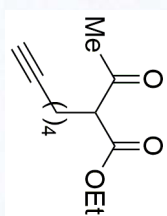


f1 (ppm)

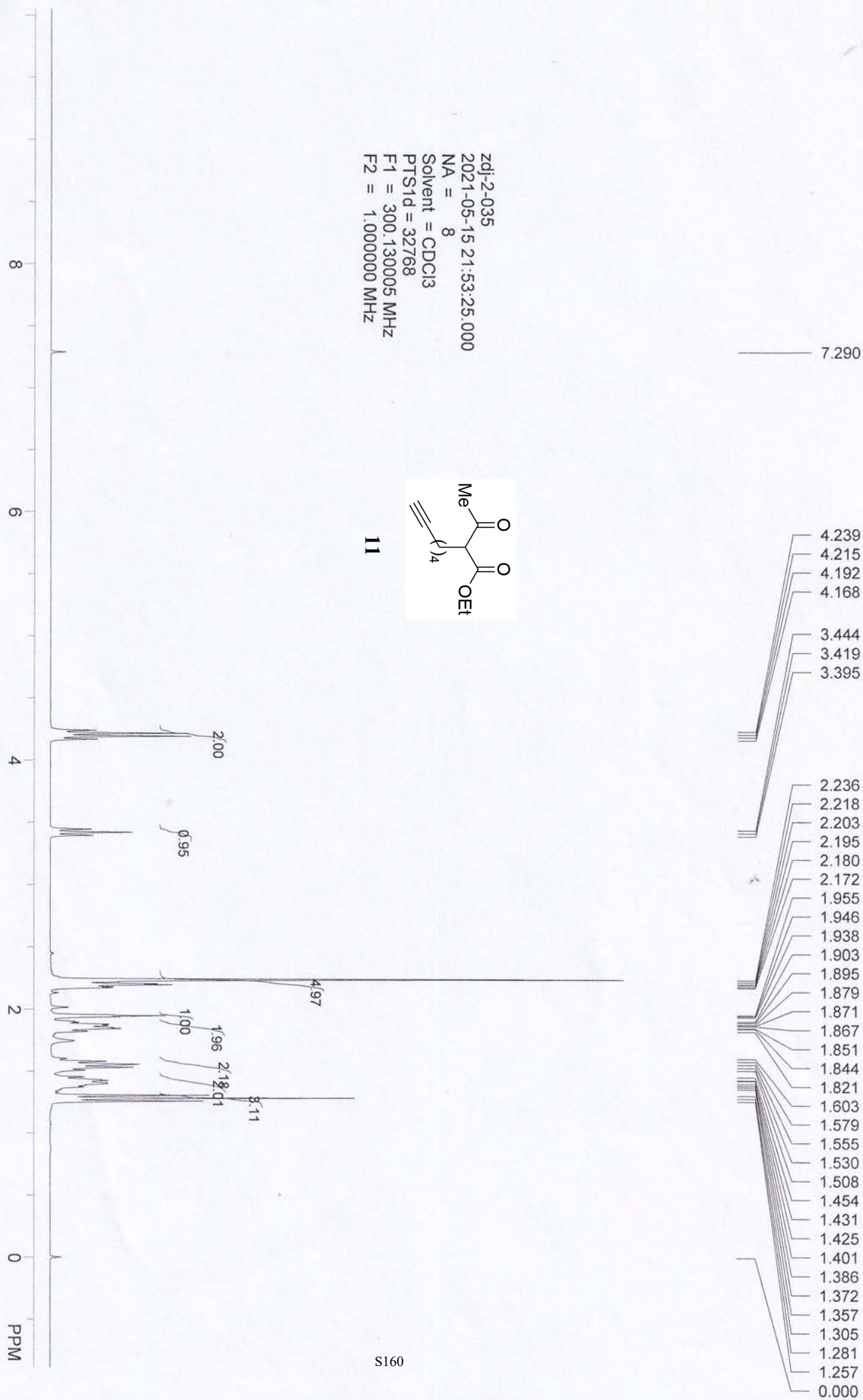
S159



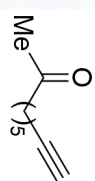
zdf-2-035
 2021-05-15 21:53:25.000
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 PTS1d = 32768
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



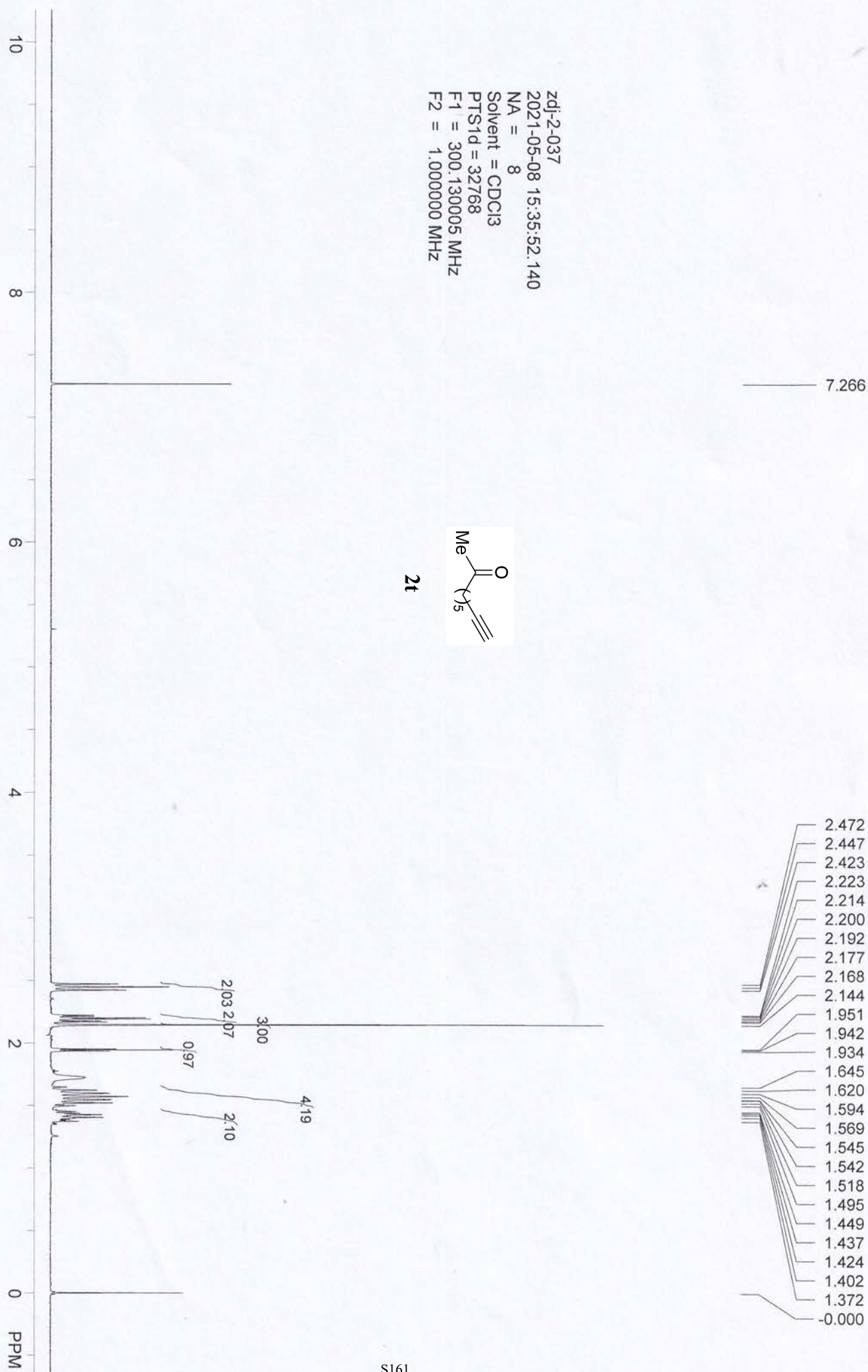
11



zdf-2-037
 2021-05-08 15:35:52.140
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl3
 PTS1d = 32768
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



2t

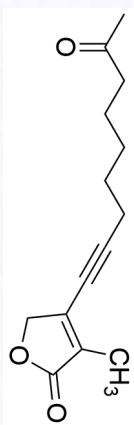
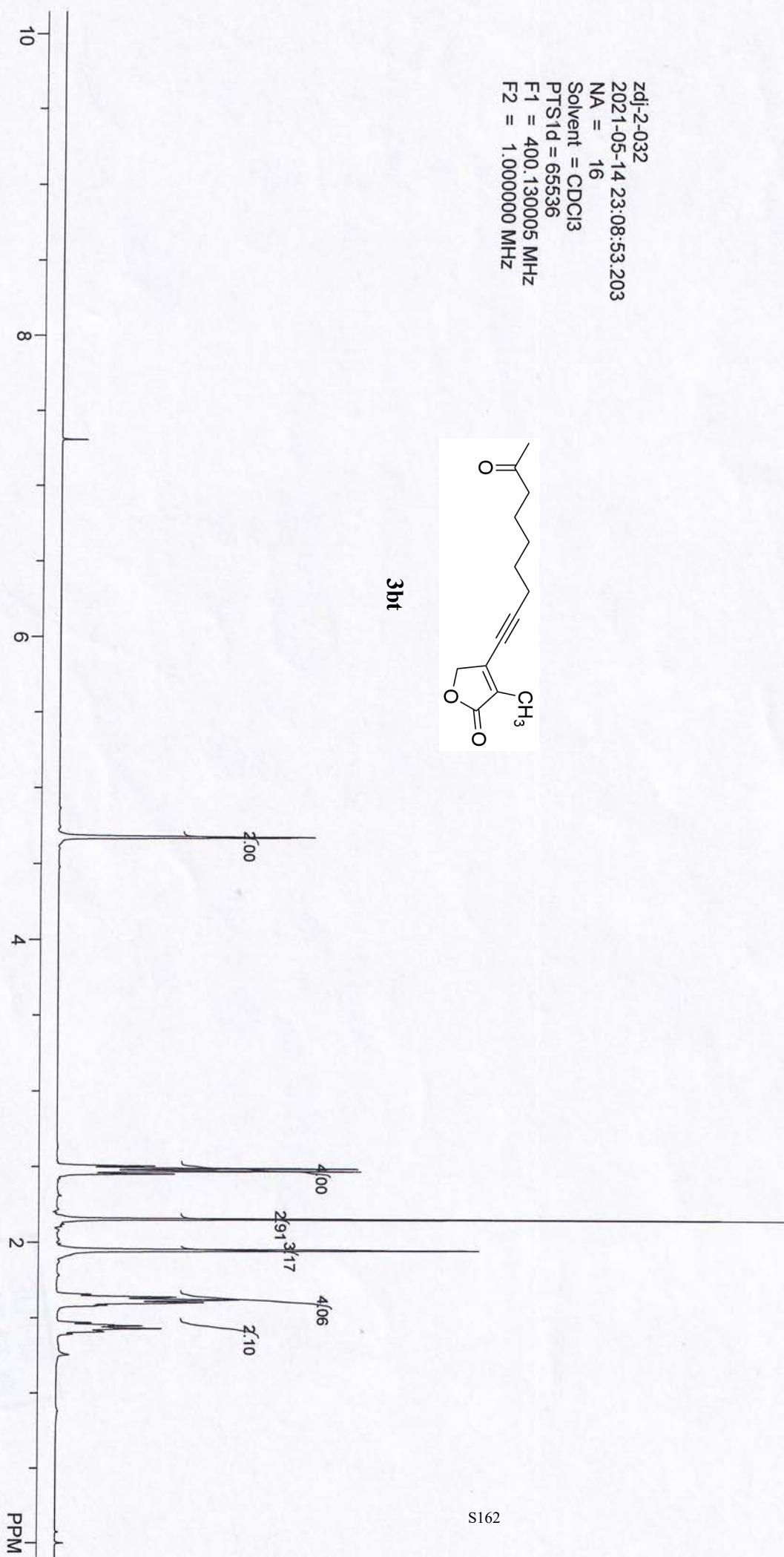


7.308

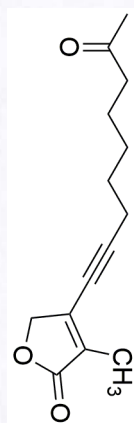
4.678
4.6732.506
2.489
2.471
2.453
2.152
1.948
1.658
1.640
1.622
1.603
1.585
1.580
1.468
1.446
1.429
1.407
1.392

-0.000

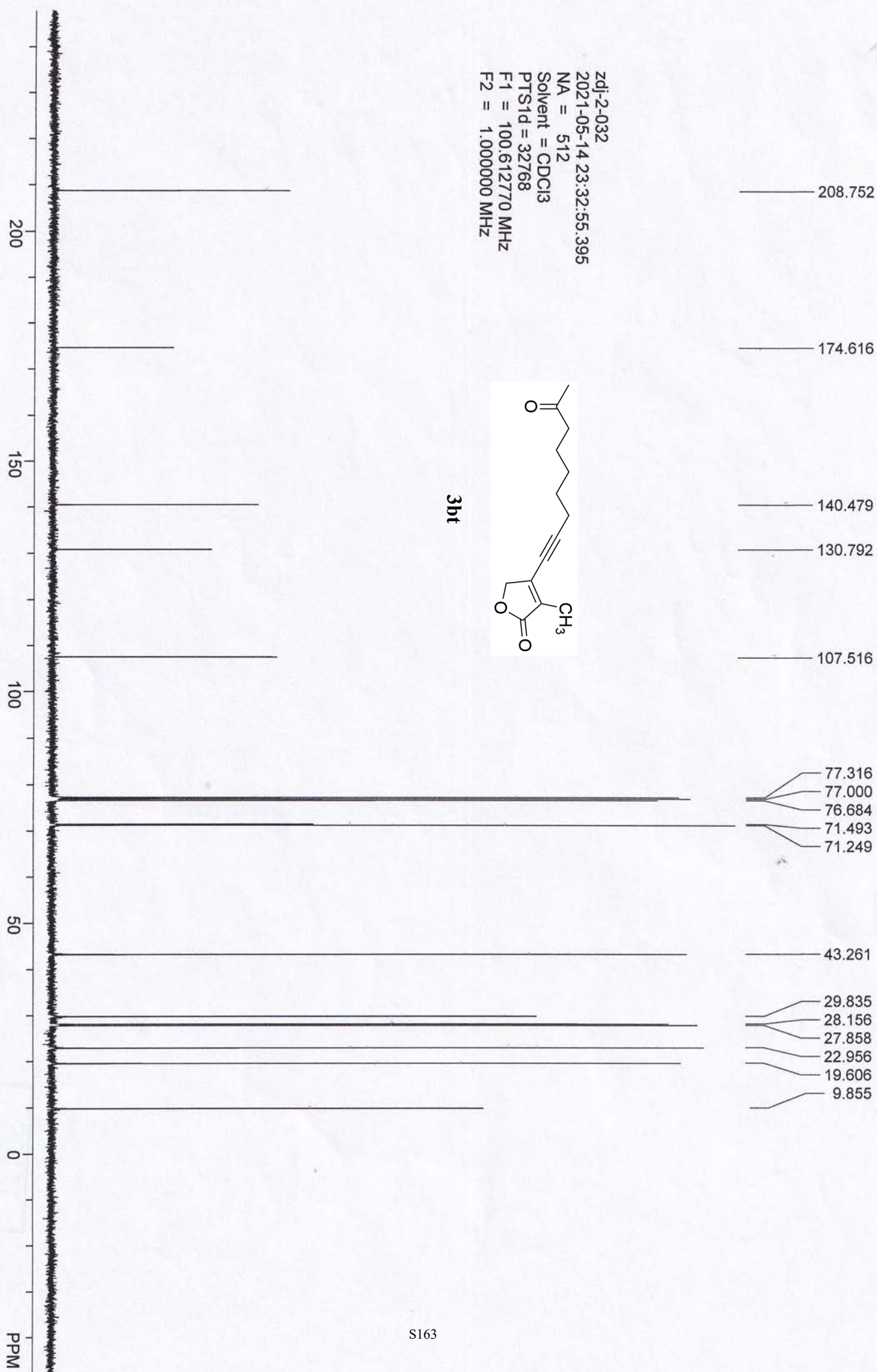
zdf-2-032
2021-05-14 23:08:53.203
NA = 16
Solvent = CDCl3
PTSId = 65536
F1 = 400.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz

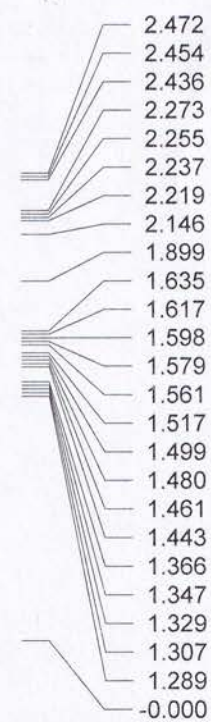
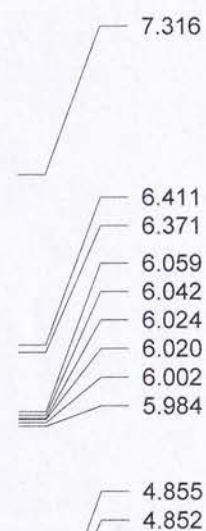
**3bt**

zdl-2-032
 2021-05-14 23:32:55.395
 NA = 512
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 PTS1d = 32768
 F1 = 100.612770 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

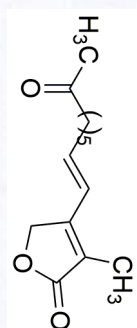


3bt

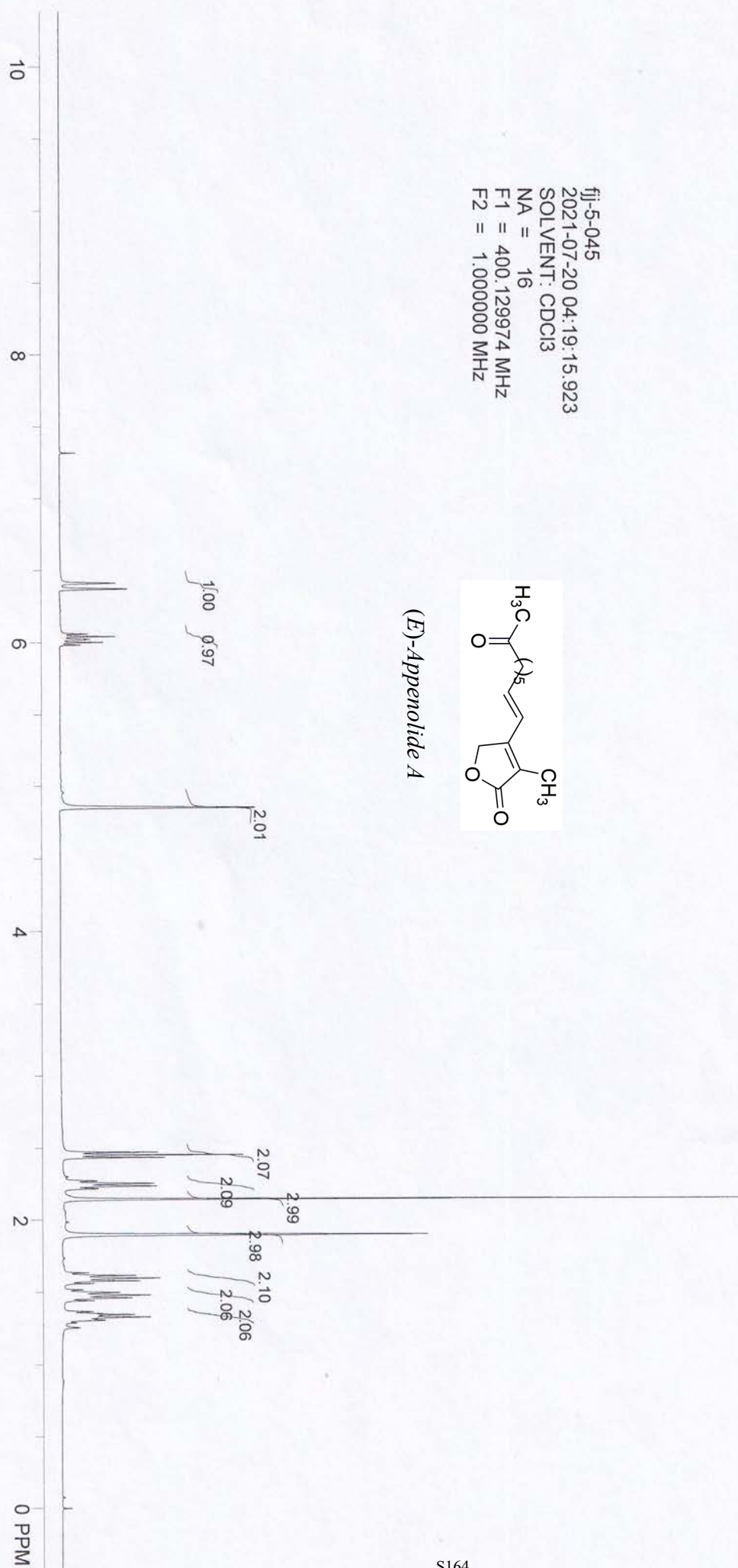




fj-5-045
2021-07-20 04:19:15.923
SOLVENT: CDCl₃
NA = 16
F1 = 400.12974 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz

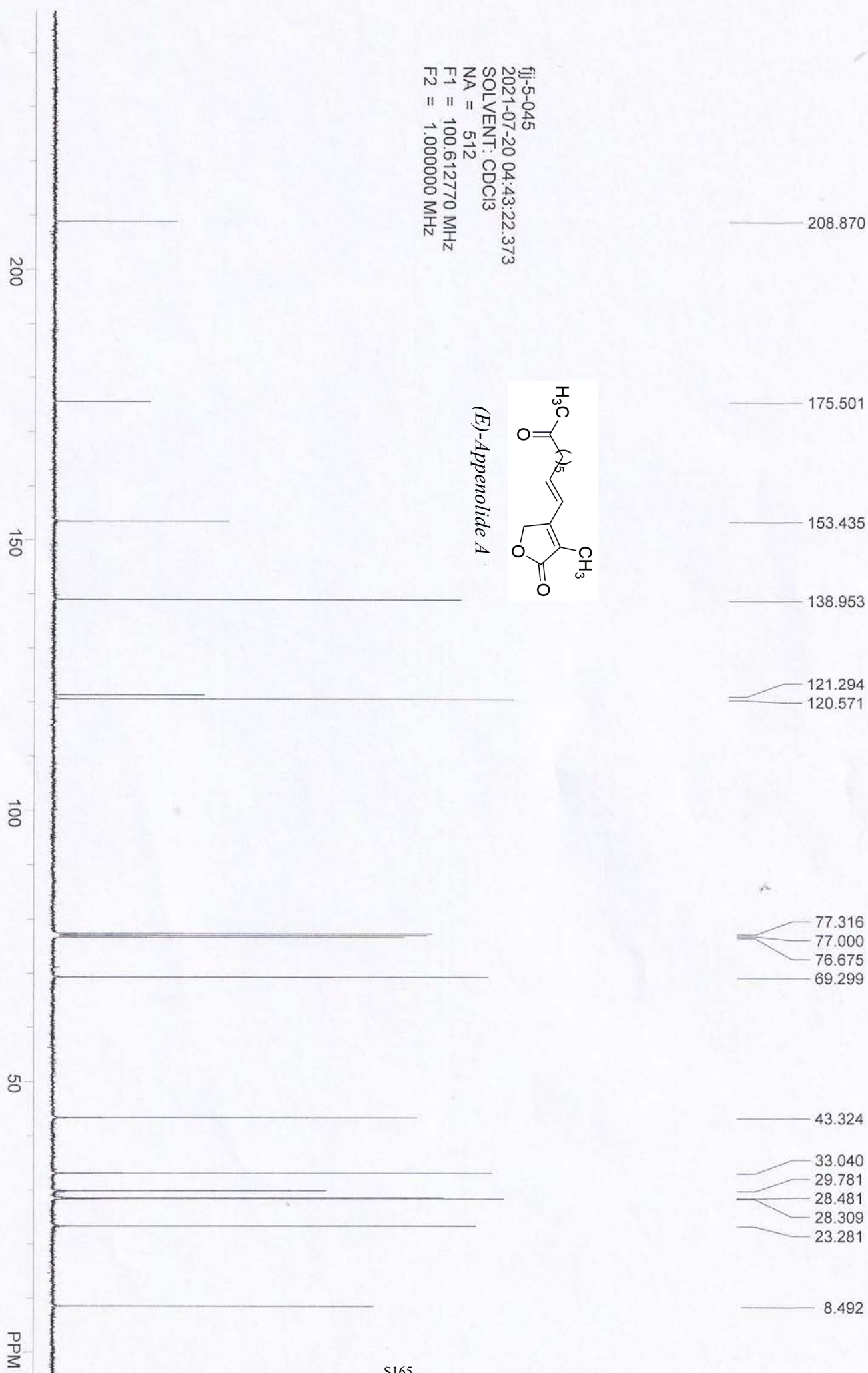
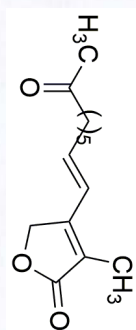


(*E*)-Appenolide A



fjl-5-045
2021-07-20 04:43:22.373
SOLVENT: CDCl3
NA = 512
F1 = 100.612770 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz

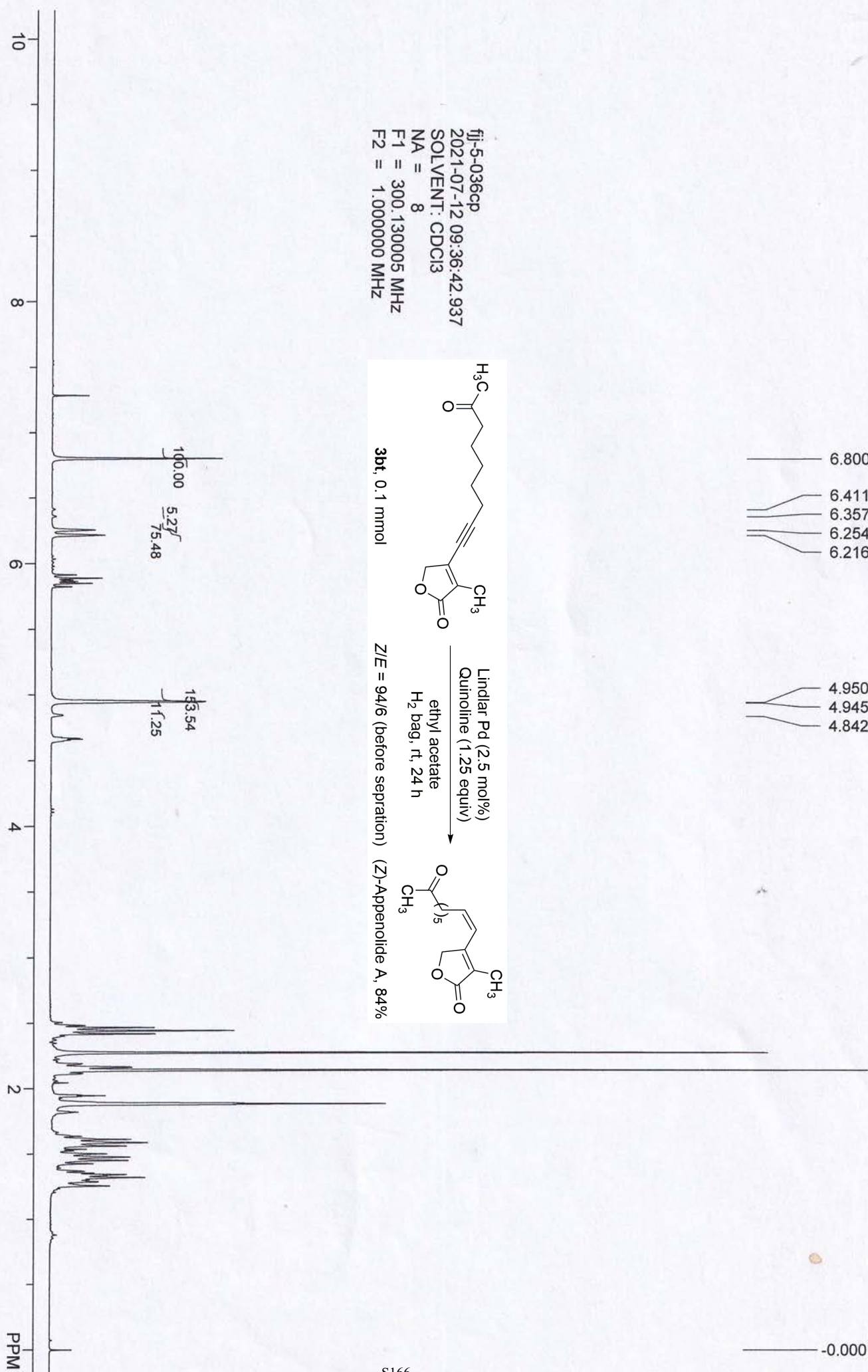
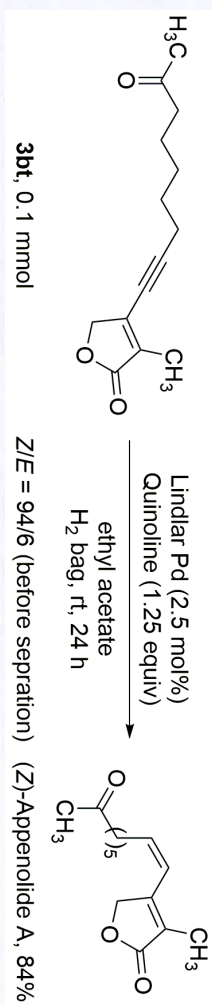
(E)-Appenolide A

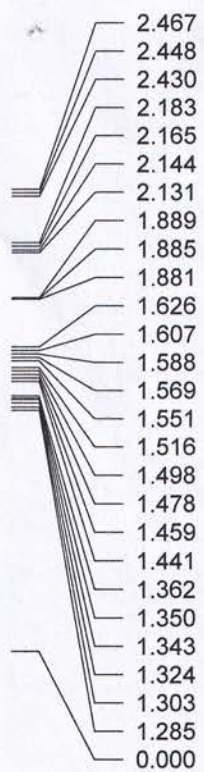
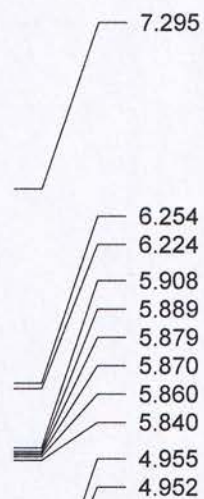


fj-5-036cp
 2021-07-12 09:36:42.937
 SOLVENT: CDCl3
 NA = 8
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

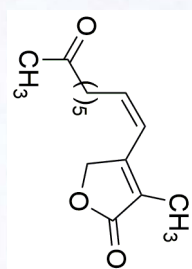
6.800
 6.411
 6.357
 6.254
 6.216

4.950
 4.945
 4.842

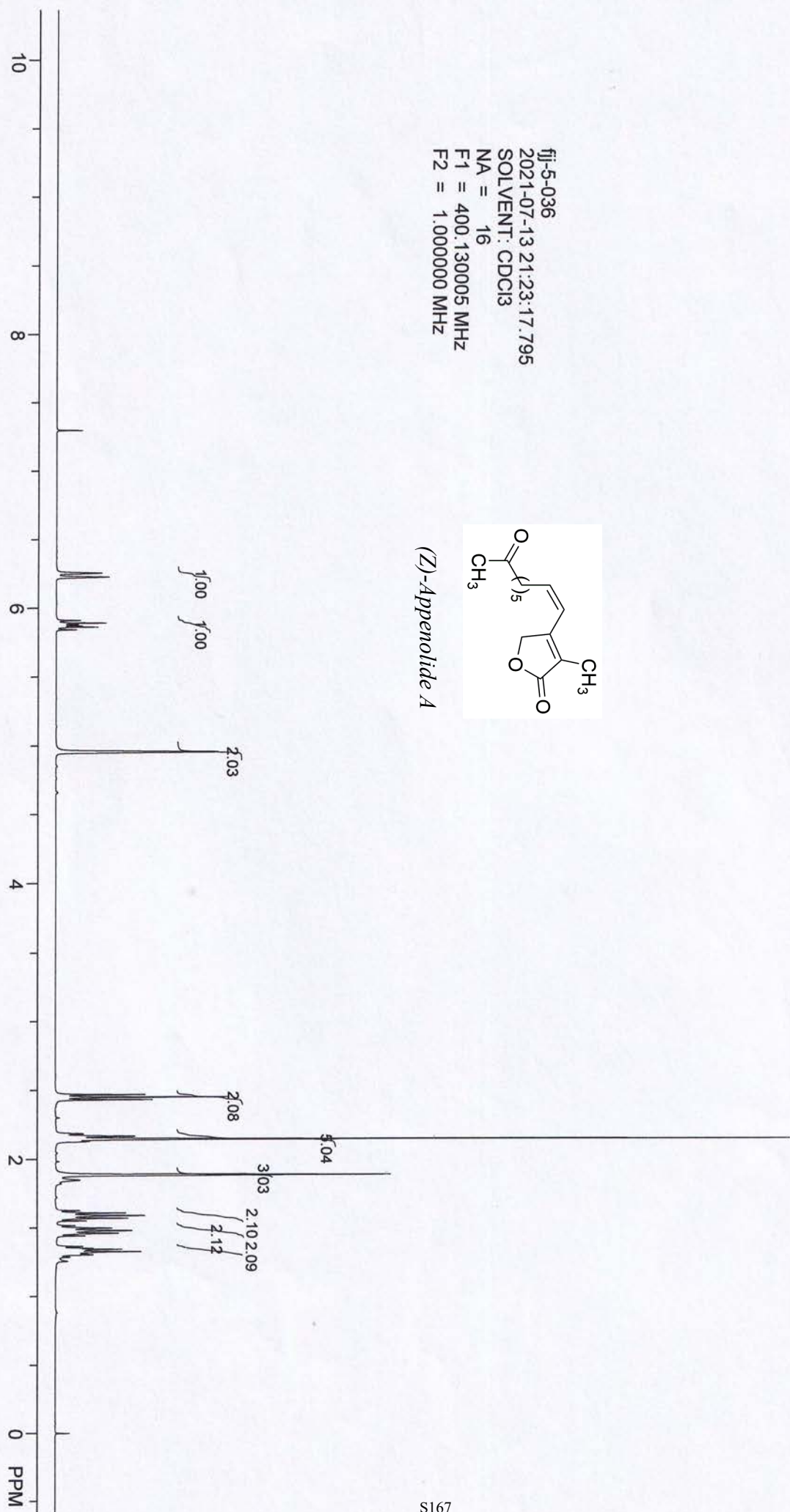




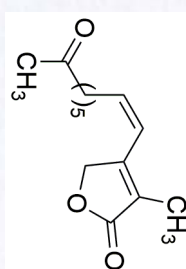
fj-5-036
2021-07-13 21:23:17.795
SOLVENT: CDCl3
NA = 16
F1 = 400.130005 MHz
F2 = 1.000000 MHz



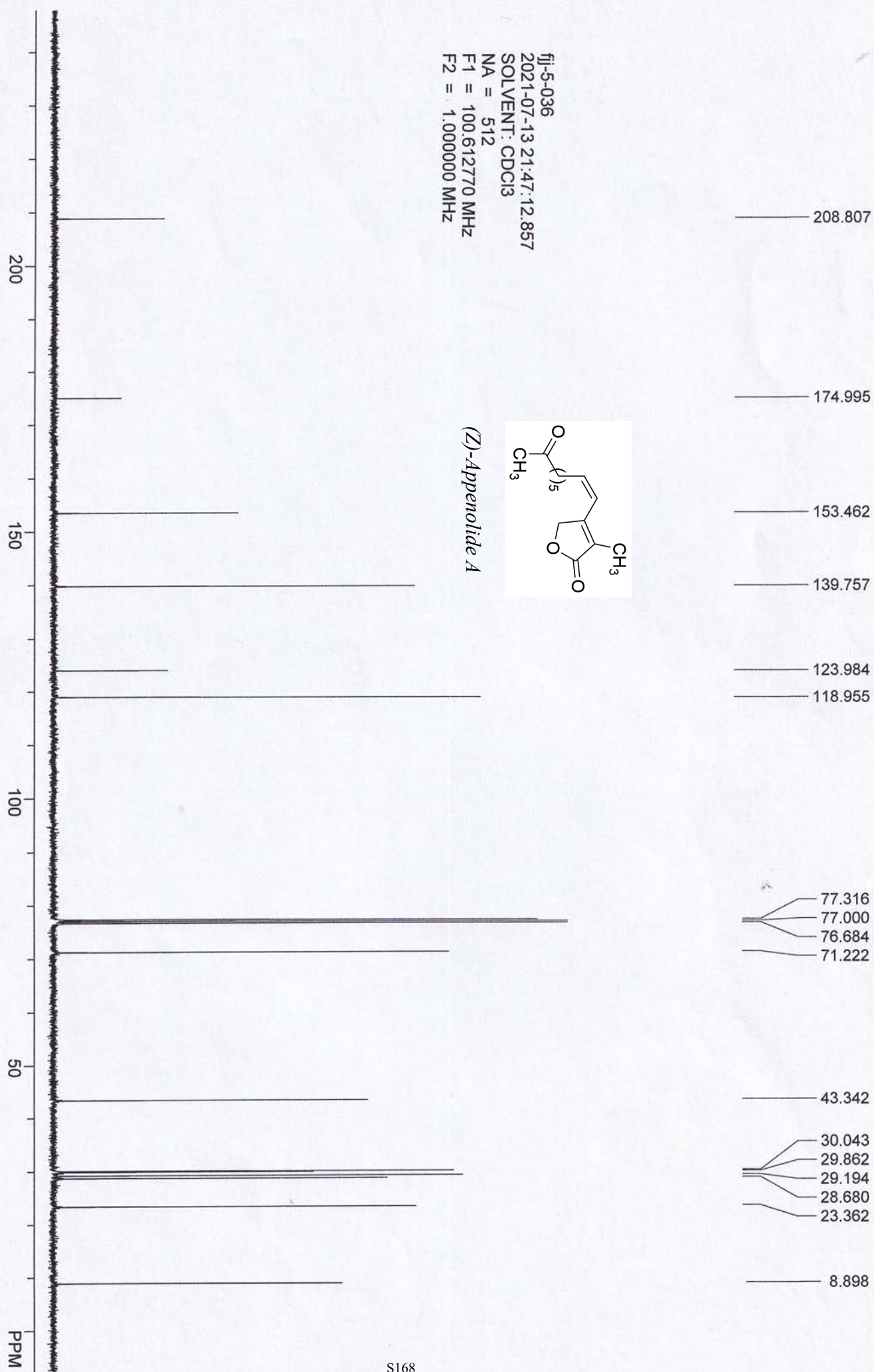
(Z)-Appenolide A



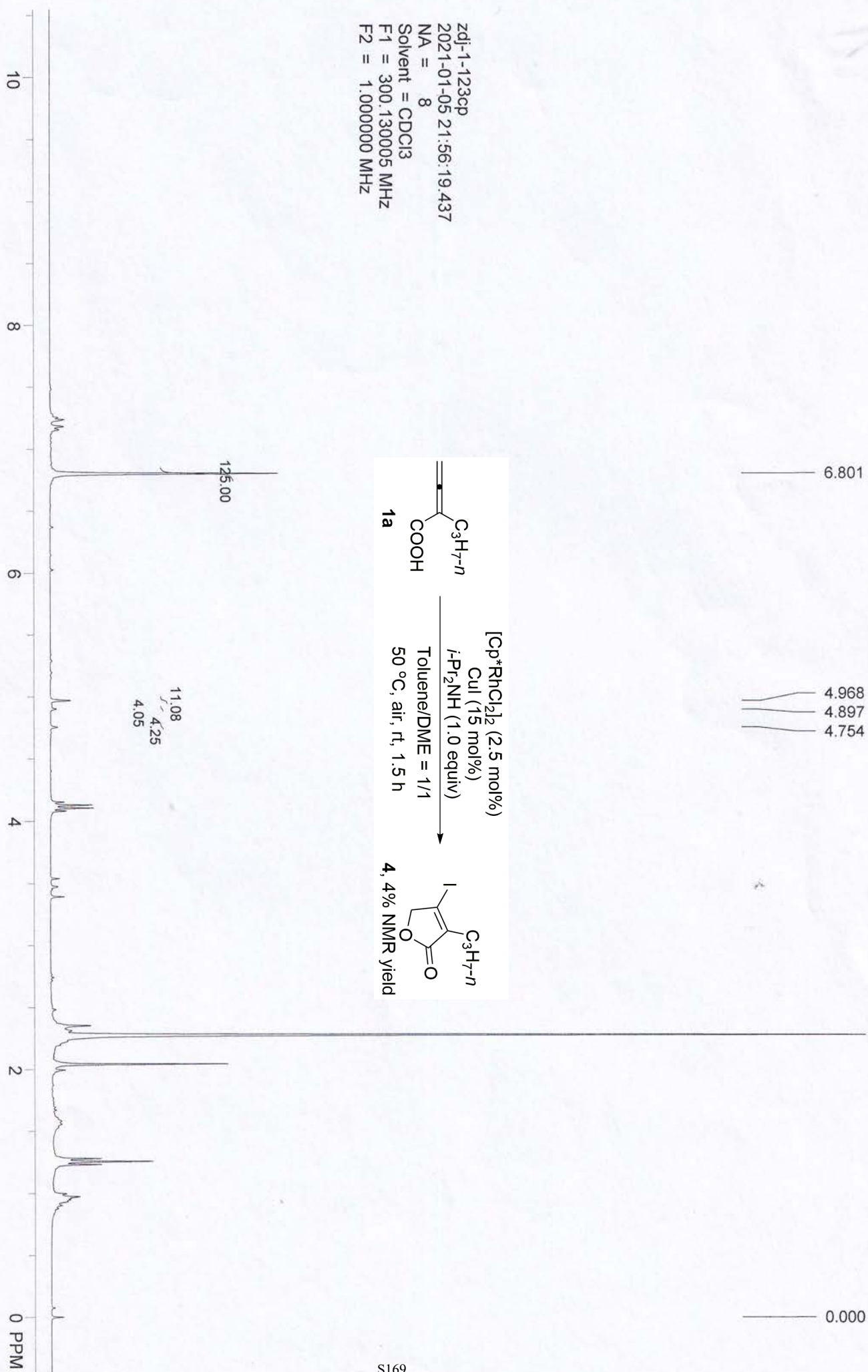
fj-5-036
 2021-07-13 21:47:12.857
 SOLVENT: CDCl₃
 NA = 512
 F1 = 100.612770 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



(Z)-Appendolide A



zdl-1-123cp
 2021-01-05 21:56:19.437
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



zdf-1-128cp
 2021-01-10 20:04:49.343
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz

6.805

6.307

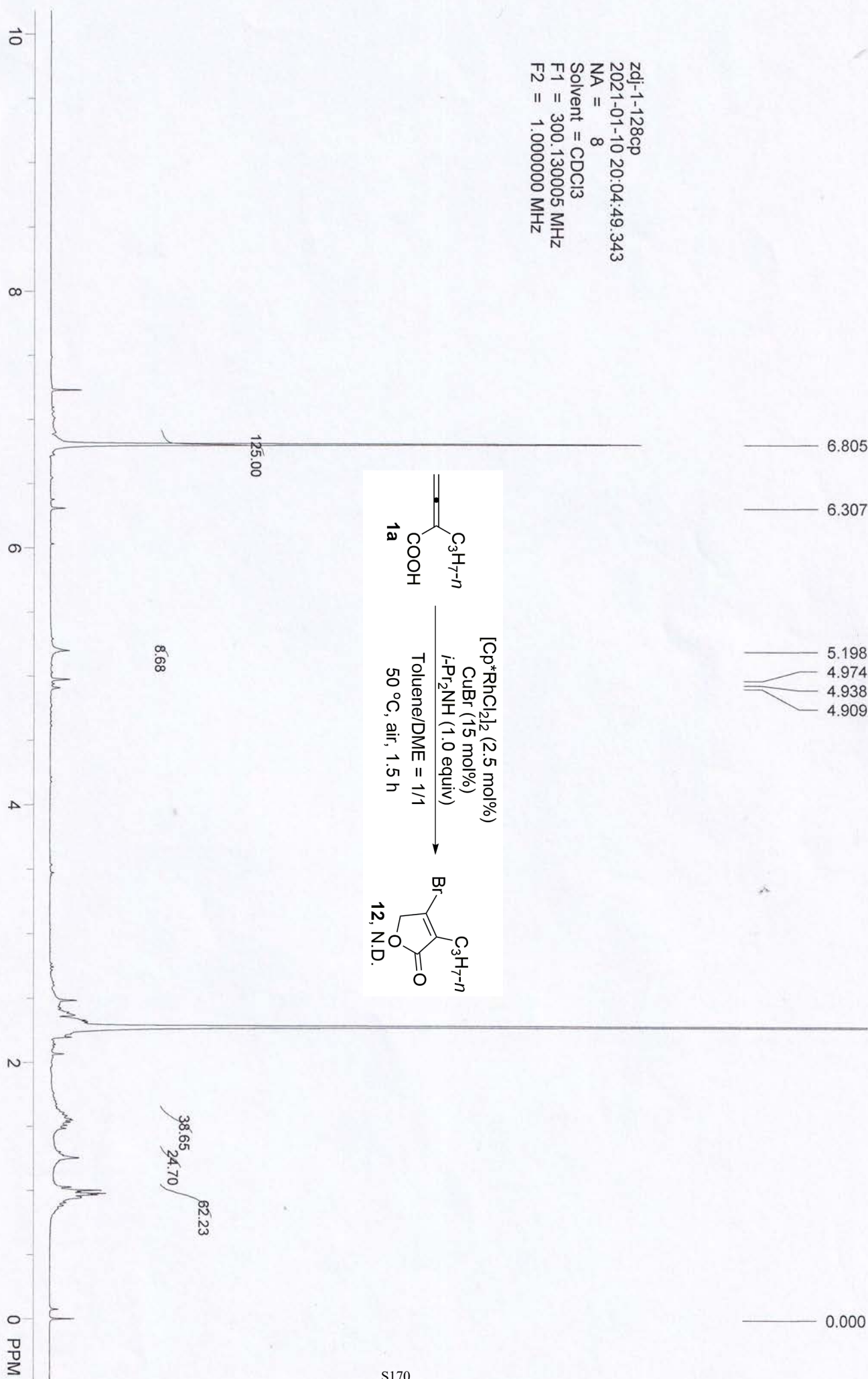
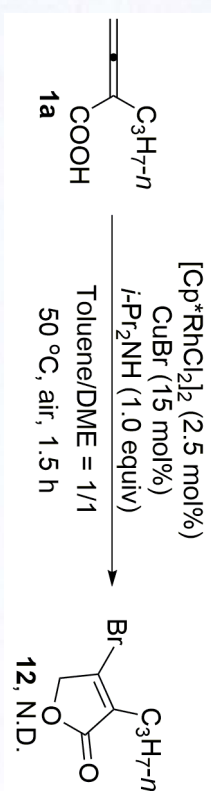
5.198

4.974

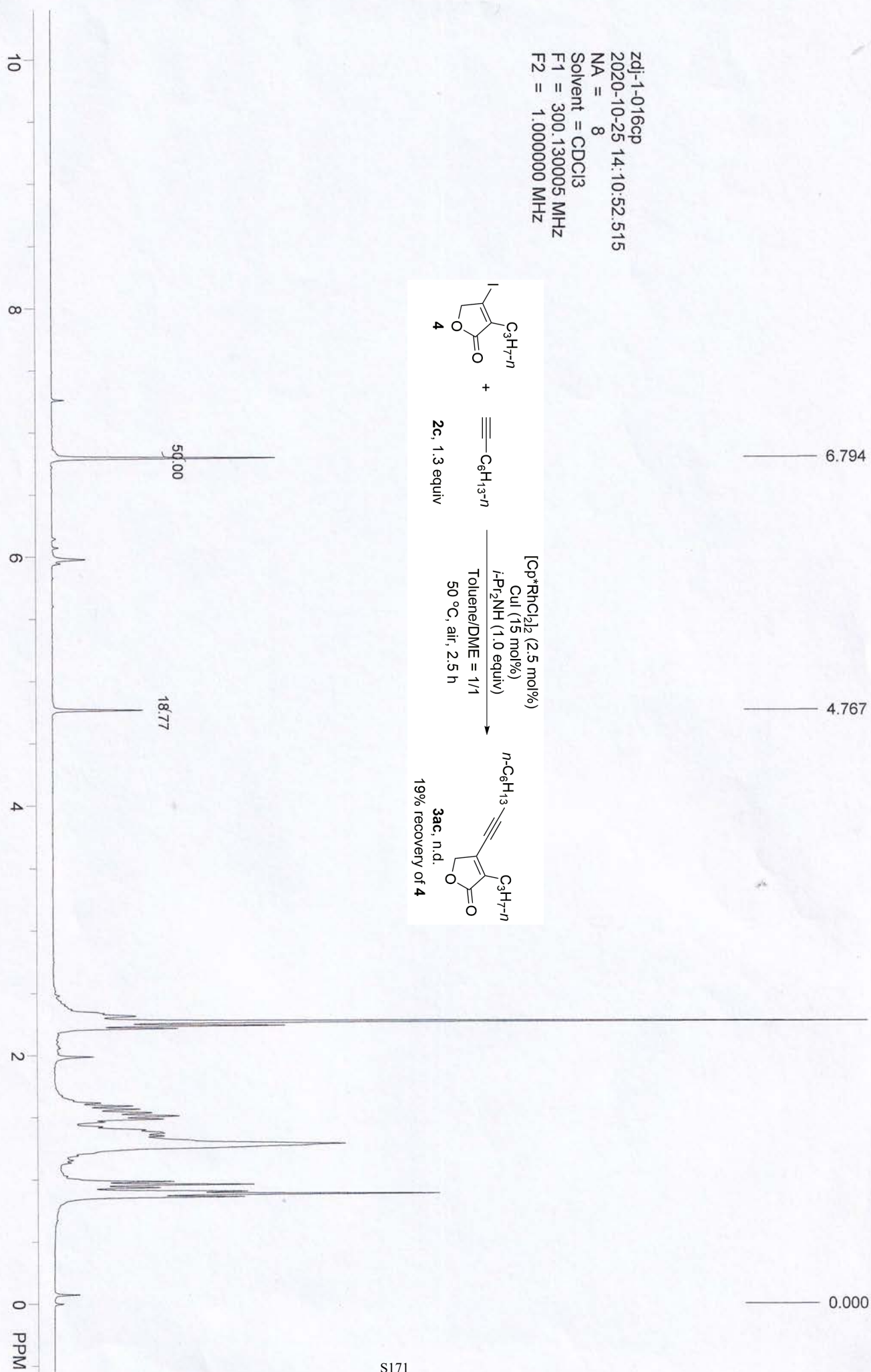
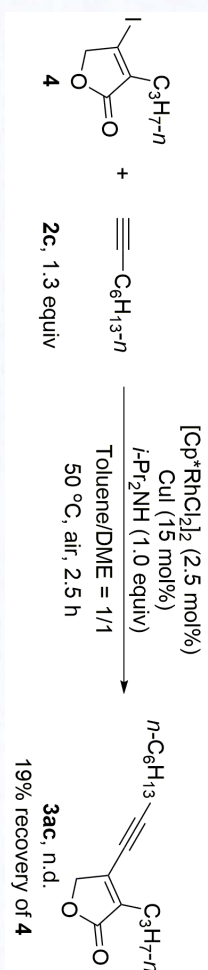
4.938

4.909

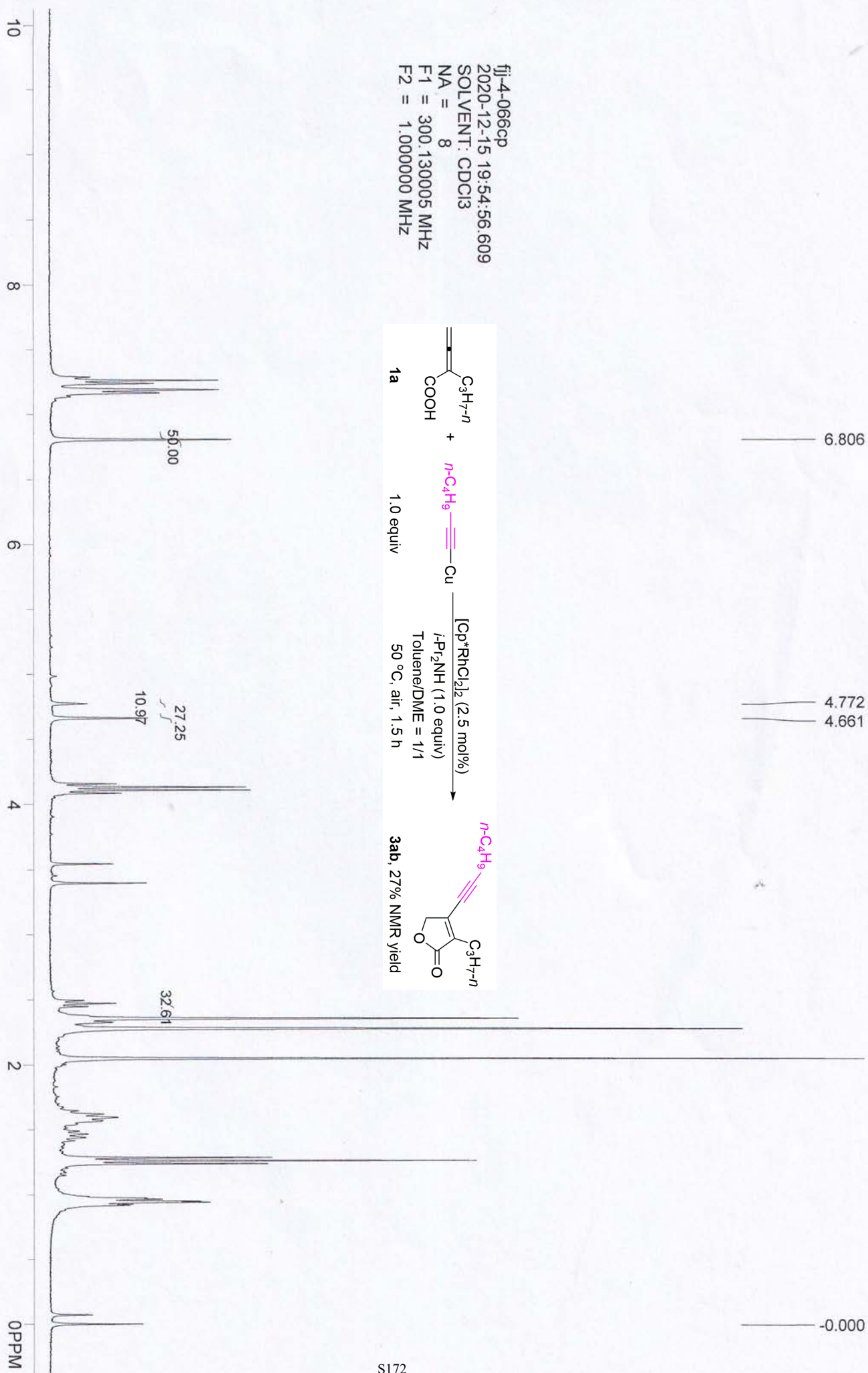
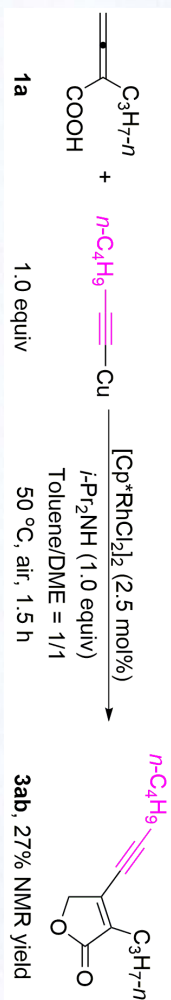
0.000



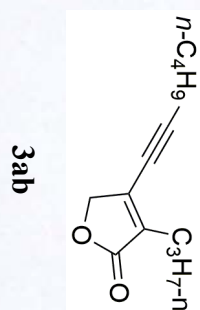
zdl-1-016cp
 2020-10-25 14:10:52.515
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl₃
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



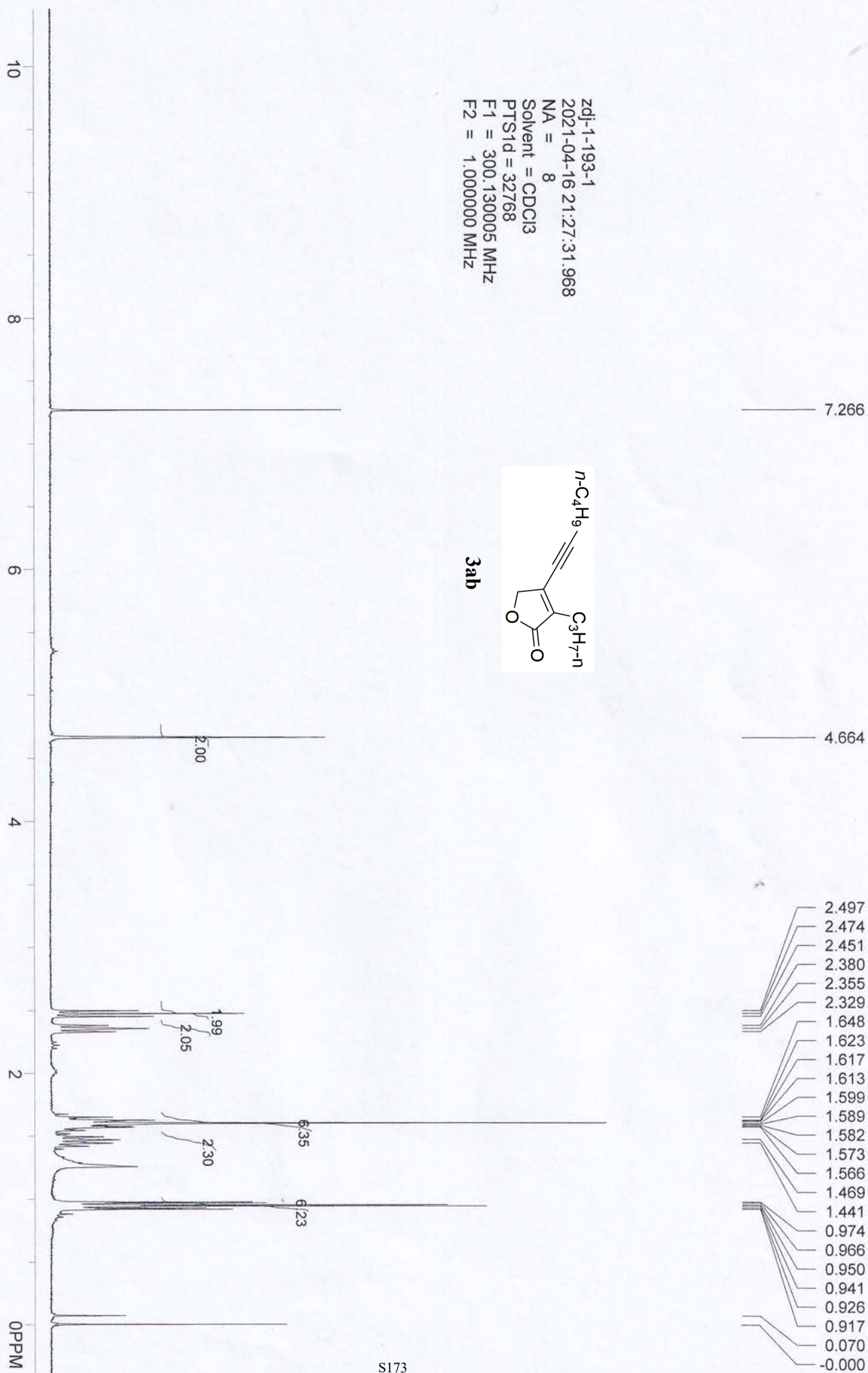
fjl-4-066cp
 2020-12-15 19:54:56.609
 SOLVENT: CDCl3
 NA = 8
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



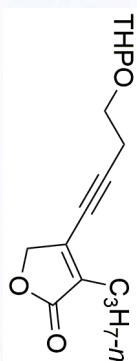
zdl-1-193-1
 2021-04-16 21:27:31.968
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl3
 PTS1d = 32768
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



3ab



zdl-1-193-2
 2021-04-15 17:38:21.546
 NA = 8
 Solvent = CDCl3
 PTS1d = 32768
 F1 = 300.130005 MHz
 F2 = 1.000000 MHz



3aj

