Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Phosphorus-doping In_2S_3 with rich sulfur vacancy toward efficient photocatalytic hydrogen production from formaldehyde solution

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Figure S1. XRD patterns of In_2S_3 and In_2S_3 -H.



Figure S2. Mass fraction of phosphorus in $P-In_2S_3$.



Figure S3. (a) SEM and (b) HRTEM of In_2S_3 .



Figure S4. (a) N_2 adsorption-desorption isotherms and (b) the pore size distribution plots of PIS-0.4 and In_2S_3 .



Figure S5. The XPS (a) survey, (b) In 3d, (c) S 2p, and (d) P 2p core levels spectra of PIS-0.4 before and after photocatalytic HCHO oxidation reaction.



Figure S6. The time profiles of hydrogen production from PIS-0.4 and no catalyst suspending in an aqueous solution containing equimolar amounts (1M) of HCHO and NaOH at 0.21 O_2 atm under light conditions.



Figure S7. The time profiles of hydrogen production from PIS-0.4 suspending in an aqueous solution containing 1 M HCHO and 1 M NaOH at 0.21 O_2 atm, under natural light and light conditions ($\lambda > 420$ nm).



Figure S8. The time profiles of hydrogen production from PIS-0.4 suspending in an aqueous solution containing 1 M of NaOH and different concentrations of HCHO at 0.21 O_2 atm under visible-light irradiation ($\lambda > 420$ nm).



Figure S9. The time profiles of hydrogen production from PIS-0.4 suspending in an aqueous solution containing 1 M of HCHO and different concentrations of NaOH at 0.21 O₂ atm under visible-light irradiation ($\lambda > 420$ nm).



Figure S10. The amount of H_2 evolved after 6 h of photocatalytic reaction of PIS-0.4 and In_2S_3 as a function of pO_2 .



Figure S11. The temporal change of O_2 partial pressure within 6 h of reaction with different initial O_2 partial pressure (pO_2).