

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Four-arm star-shaped high-performance poly (aryl piperidine) anion exchange
membranes for fuel cells

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1. Synthesis of qPTTP-0.

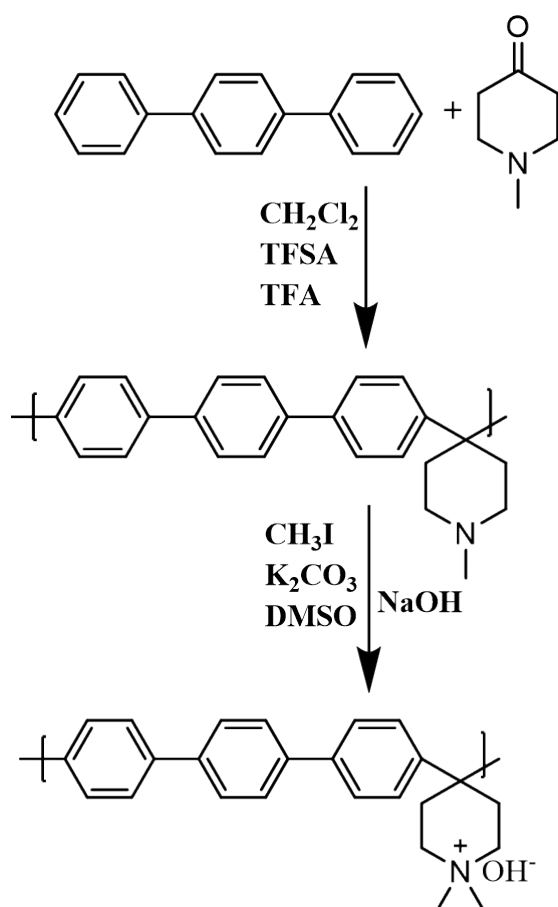


Figure S1. Synthesis route of qPTTP-0.

2. Synthesis and performance of PBP

For synthesis of poly (biphenyl piperidinium) or PBP, biphenyl (1.902 g, 10 mmol) and N-methyl-4-piperidone (1.37 mL, 12 mmol) were dissolved in 4 mL dichloromethane; then TFA (1 mL, 13.5 mmol) and TFSA (7.2 mL, 90 mmol) were added dropwise under an ice bath and reacted for 3 h. The viscous polymer solution was precipitated in deionized water, washed to neutral and vacuum dried at 60 °C to get white solid. The above solid (1 g) was dissolved in 20 mL DMSO, to which 0.8 mL iodomethane and 0.8 g K₂CO₃ were added, and the mixture was stirred at 40 °C for 24 h. The solution was then precipitated in ethyl acetate and washed repeatedly with deionized water. The product was vacuum dried at 60 °C to obtain PBP.

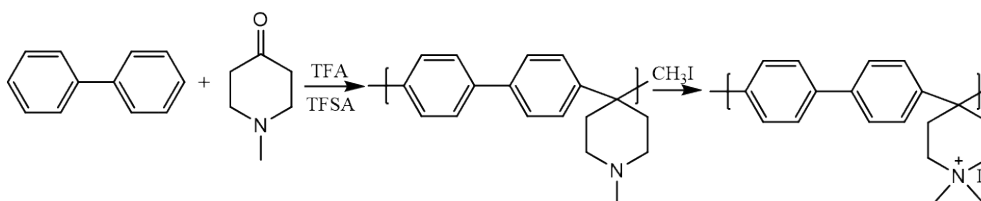
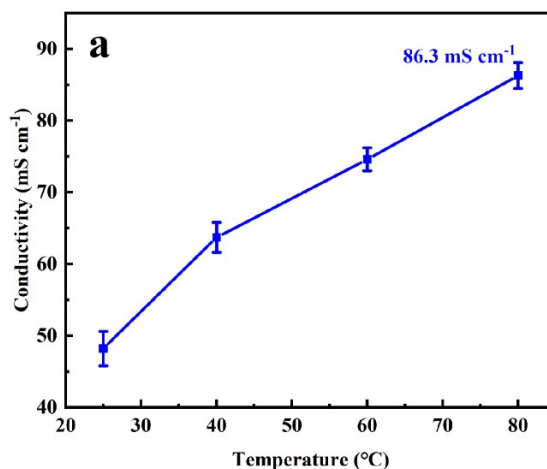


Figure S2 Synthesis route of PBP



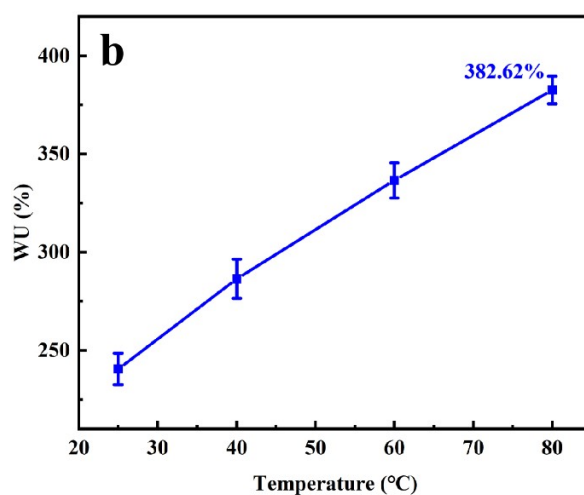


Figure S3 The (a) conductivity and (b) WU of PBP

3. SAXS spectra of qPTTP-0 and qPTTP-7

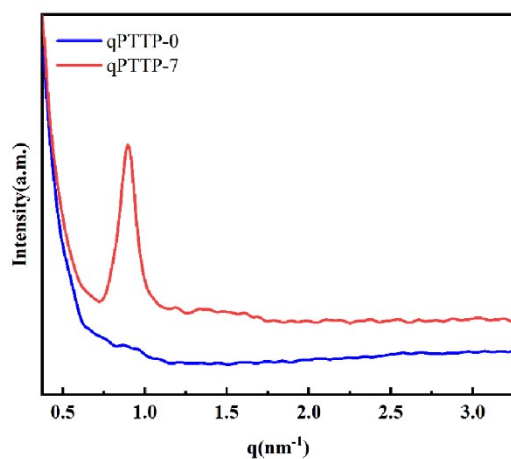


Figure S4 SAXS spectra of qPTTP-0 and qPTTP-7

4. Mechanical properties and thermal stability.

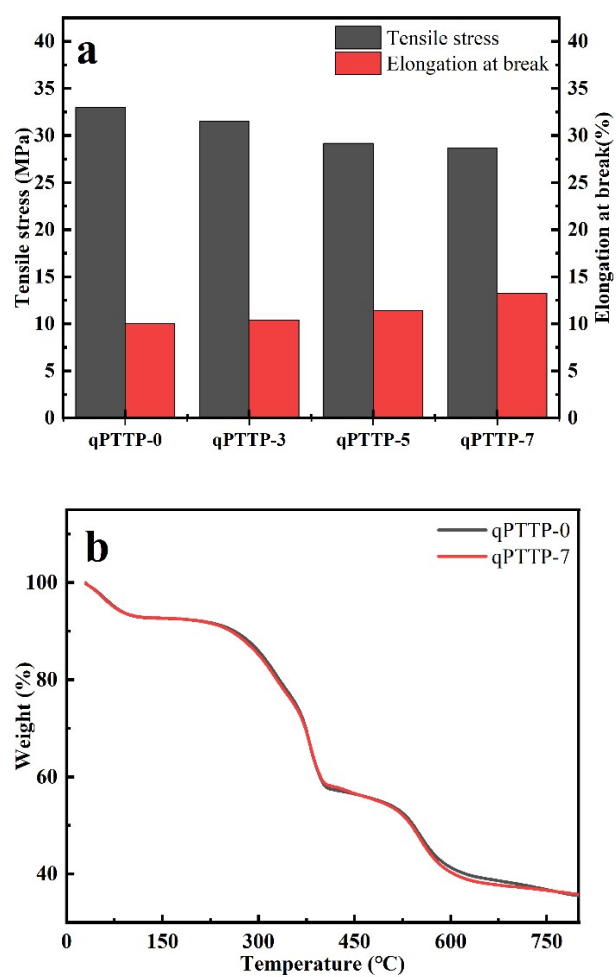


Figure S5 (a) Tensile strength and elongation at break of qPTTP-x and (b) TGA curves of qPTTP-0 and qPTTP-7.

5. Comparison of alkali stability.

Table S1. Comparison of alkali stability.

Membranes	Test time (h)	Alkali concentration (M)	Conductivity retention (%)	References
qPTTP-7	3000	1	86.5	This work
PTP-DPC/C10-50%	1100	2	92.2	1
PPTDF-QA-2.5	1900	3	83.8	2

QAPCE-16C	960	1	95.8	3
QABNP	1080	2	90.0	4
PTF6-QAFTP	1200	2	93.5	5
TPTP-Pip-OH-20%	1500	2	87.4	6
QPPTTP-75	1080	2	91.5	7
PPO-O-40	864	1	56.0	8
B-PBFB-DMP	2250	1	91.9	9
PDTP-10	1500	1	81.0	10
QABP-2	1000	1	88.0	11
QPEPTpi-35	2000	1	85.0	12

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