## Supporting Information

## Identifying lithium difluoro(oxalate)borate as a multifunctional electrolyte additive to enable high-voltage Li<sub>4</sub>Ti<sub>5</sub>O<sub>12</sub> lithium-ion batteries

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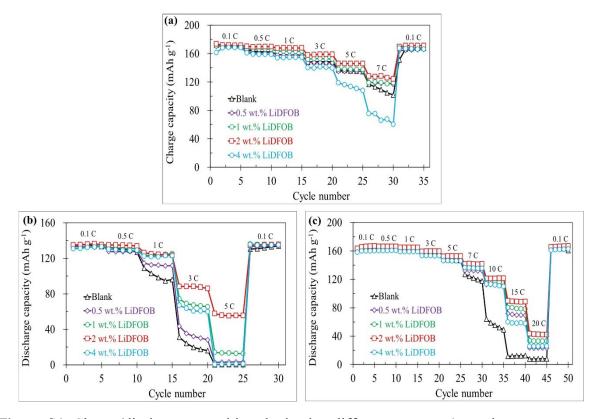
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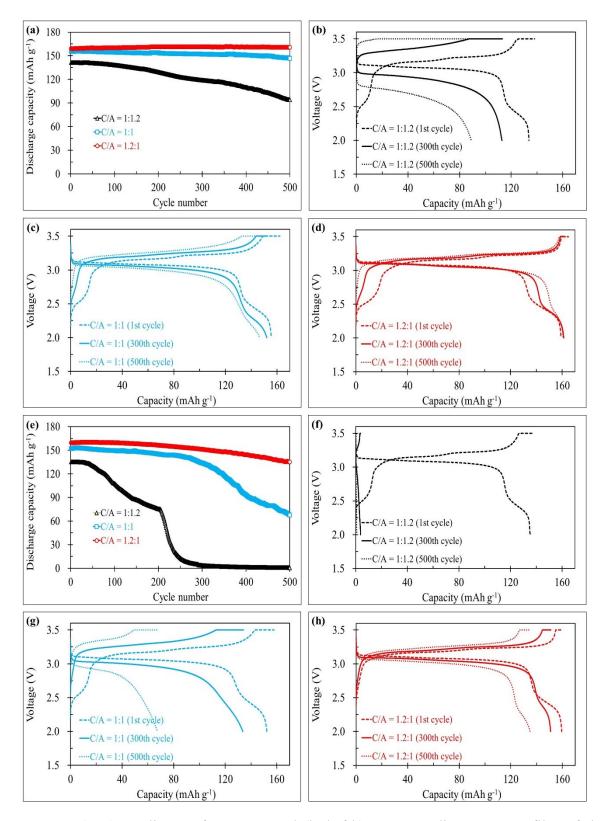
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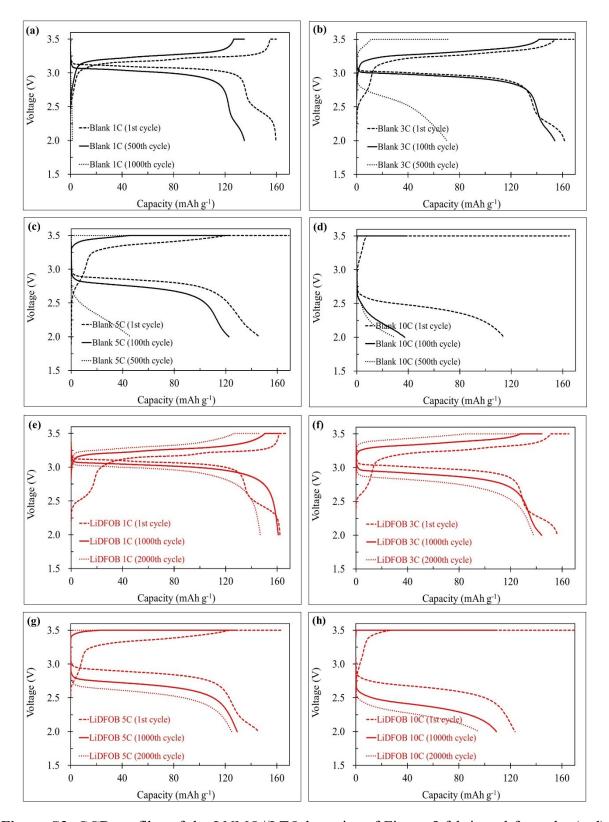
**Figure S1.** Charge/discharge capacities obtained at different currents (at each current, a same current is used for charge and discharge) with the blank and various LiDFOB-containing electrolytes for (a) the LTO electrode (Cut-off potential:  $1.0 \sim 2.5$  V), (b) the LNMO electrode (Cut-off potential:  $3.5 \sim 4.95$  V), and (c) the LNMO//LTO battery (C/A = 1.2:1. Cut-off voltage:  $2.0 \sim 3.5$  V).



**Figure S2.** (a, e) Cycling performances and (b-d, f-h) corresponding GCD profiles of the LNMO//LTO batteries fabricated from the (a-d) 2 wt.% LiDFOB-containing and (e-h) blank

electrolytes with various C/A ratios. Cut-off voltage:  $2.0 \sim 3.5$  V. Charge/discharge current: 1

C.



**Figure S3.** GCD profiles of the LNMO//LTO batteries of Figure 5 fabricated from the (a-d) blank and (e-h) 2 wt.% LiDFOB-containing electrolytes upon charge/discharge at (a, e) 1 C, (b, f) 3 C, (c, g) 5 C, and (d, h) 10 C, respectively.

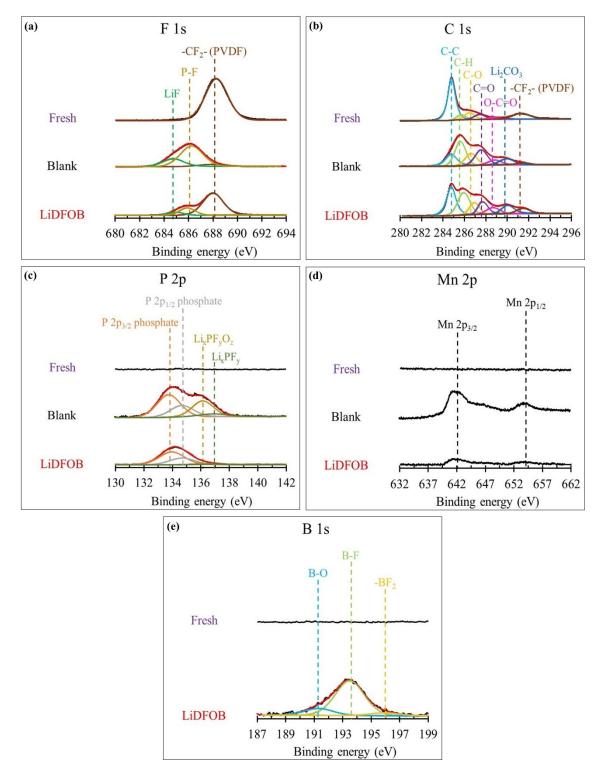


Figure S4. (a) F 1s XPS, (b) C 1s XPS, (c) P 2p XPS, (d) Mn 2p XPS, and (e) B 1s XPS spectra of the fresh and cycled LTO anodes of the LNMO//LTO batteries fabricated from the blank and 2 wt.% LiDFOB-containing electrolytes. C/A = 1.2:1. Cut-off voltage:  $2.0 \sim 3.5$  V. Charge/discharge current: 1 C. Cycle number: 600.

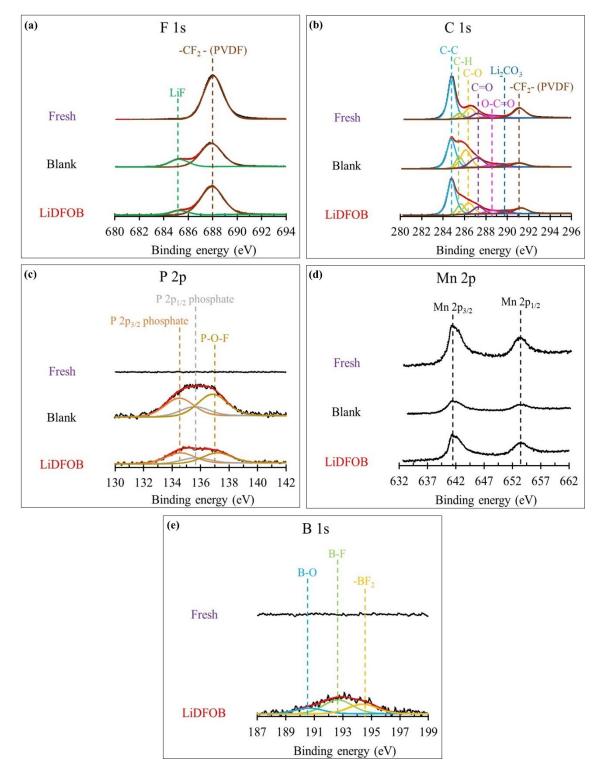


Figure S5. (a) F 1s XPS, (b) C 1s XPS, (c) P 2p XPS, (d) Mn 2p XPS, and (e) B 1s XPS spectra of the fresh and cycled LNMO cathodes of the LNMO//LTO batteries fabricated from the blank and 2 wt.% LiDFOB-containing electrolytes. C/A = 1.2:1. Cut-off voltage:  $2.0 \sim 3.5$  V. Charge/discharge current: 1 C. Cycle number: 600.

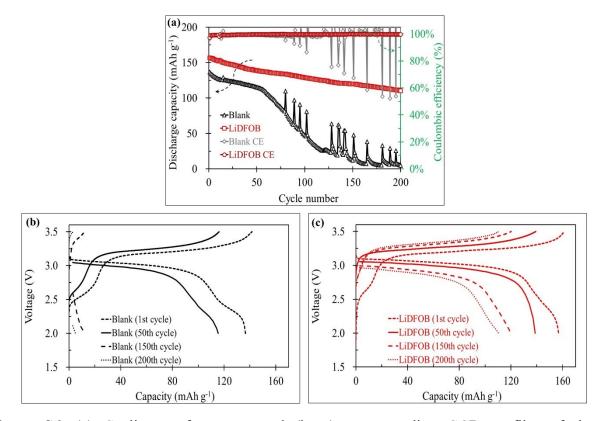


Figure S6. (a) Cycling performances and (b, c) corresponding GCD profiles of the LNMO//LTO batteries fabricated from the (b) blank and (c) 2 wt.% LiDFOB-containing electrolytes. C/A = 1.2:1. Cut-off voltage:  $2.0 \sim 3.5$  V. Charge/discharge current: 1 C. Temperature: 55 °C.

Research focus	Electrolyte	Mass loading of electrodes (mg cm <sup>-2</sup> )	Cut-off voltage (V)	Rate capability	Room- temperature cycling stability	High- temperature cycling stability	Energy density (Wh kg <sup>-1</sup> )	Power density (kW kg <sup>-1</sup> )	Reference
Electrolyte additive	2 wt.% LiDFOB / 1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / EC:DMC:EMC (1:1:1)	Cathode: 12 Anode: 8	2.0-3.5	0.1 C capacity: 166.2 mAh g <sup>-1</sup> 1 C/0.1 C retention: 99.2% 3 C/0.1 C retention: 96.0% 5 C/0.1 C retention: 91.8% 10 C/0.1 C retention: 73.0%	1 C 2000th- cycle retention: 90.9% 3 C 2000th- cycle retention: 88.1% 5 C 2000th- cycle retention: 85.6% 10 C 2000th- cycle retention: 77.3%	55°C / 1 C 200th-cycle retention: 70.3%	523.6	10.8	This work
LTO anode	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / EC:DEC (1:1)	Anode: 3.0- 3.5	1.7-3.4	0.5 C capacity: 126.0 mAh g <sup>-1</sup> 1 C/0.5 C retention: 95.2% 2 C/0.5 C retention: 88.9% 5 C/0.5 C retention: 75.4% 10 C/0.5 C retention: 64.3%	3 C 1000th- cycle retention: 93.4%		396.9*		[34]

 Table S1. Performance comparison of LNMO//LTO batteries between the present work and the relevant literature results.

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LTO anode	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / EC:DMC:EMC (1:1:1)	Anode: 2.87	2.0- 3.45	0.1 C capacity: 131.2 mAh g <sup>-1</sup> 1 C/0.1 C retention: 96.9% 2 C/0.1 C retention: 93.8% 5 C/0.1 C retention: 89.2% 10 C/0.1 C retention: 83.2%	5 C 500th-cycle retention: 97.3%	 413.3*	 [35]
LTO anode	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / EC:DEC (1:1)	Cathode: 1.3- 1.9 Anode: 1.3- 1.9	1.6-3.4	0.5 C capacity: 128.0 mAh g <sup>-1</sup> 1 C/0.5 C retention: 92.2% 2 C/0.5 C retention: 85.9% 5 C/0.5 C retention: 78.1% 10 C/0.5 C retention: 69.5%	5 C 500th-cycle retention: 89.5%	 403.2*	 [36]
LTO anode	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / EC:DEC:DMC: EMC (1:1:1:3)		2.0-3.5	0.1 C capacity: 164.8 mAh g <sup>-1</sup> 1 C/0.1 C retention: 82.3% 3 C/0.1 C retention: 59.2% 5 C/0.1 C retention: 28.2%		 519.1*	 [37]

LNMO cathode	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / EC:DMC (1:1)				1 C 200th-cycle retention: 92.4%			 [38]
LNMO cathode	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / EC:DMC (1:1)	Cathode: 2.0	2.0-3.5	0.1 C capacity: 129.4 mAh g <sup>-1</sup> 1 C/0.1 C retention: 68.1% 2 C/0.1 C retention: 61.3% 5 C/0.1 C retention: 45.7%	1 C 100th-cycle retention: 85.2%	55°C / 2 C 100th-cycle retention: 88.9%	407.6*	 [39]
LNMO cathode	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / EC:DMC (1:1)	Cathode: 3.5	2.0-3.5		1 C 200th-cycle retention: 97.6%			 [40]
LNMO cathode	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / FEC:DEC (1:4)		2.0-3.5		1 C 100th-cycle retention: 93.4%			 [41]
LTO anode and LNMO cathode	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / EC:DMC (1:1)		2.0-4.0		1 C 200th-cycle retention: 87.0%			 [42]
LTO anode and LNMO cathode	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / EC:DMC (1:1)		2.0-3.5		1 C 200th-cycle retention: 94.0%			 [43]
Electrolyte solvent	1.2 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / F- AEC:F-EMC:F- EPE (2:6:2)		2.0- 3.45		0.5 C 200th- cycle retention: almost 100%			 [44]
Electrolyte solvent	1M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / PC:HFE (8:2)		2.0-3.5	0.1 C capacity: 152.0 mAh g <sup>-1</sup> 1 C/0.1 C retention:	1 C 200th-cycle retention: 92.5%		478.8*	 [45]

				96.7% 6 C/0.1 C retention: 80.9%				
Electrolyte solvent	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / TMP:FEPE (8:2)		2.0-3.5	0.1 C capacity: 140.8 mAh g <sup>-1</sup> 4 C/0.1 C retention: 49.2%	1 C 118th-cycle retention: 98.5%		443.5*	 [46]
Electrolyte additive	1 wt.% LiO-t- C <sub>4</sub> F <sub>9</sub> / 1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / EC:DMC (1:1)		1.5-3.5		0.05 C 50th- cycle retention: 98.5%			[47]
Electrolyte additive	1 wt.% FEC / 1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / EC:DEC (1:1)	Cathode: 11.8	1.5-3.5	0.1 C capacity: 128.0 mAh g <sup>-1</sup> 1 C/0.1 C retention: 85.2% 5 C/0.1 C retention: 78.1%	1 C 500th-cycle retention: 48.3%	55°C / 0.5 C 100th-cycle retention: 13.0%	403.2*	 [48]
Electrolyte solvent/sal t	0.7 M LiTFSI / MMMPyrTFSI	Cathode: 2.9- 3.5 Anode: 2.9- 3.5	1.4-3.4			40°C / 0.5 C 50th-cycle retention: 68.6% 60°C / 0.5 C 50th-cycle retention: 74.1%		[49]
Electrolyte solvent/sal t/additive	2 % FEC / 2 M LiBF <sub>4</sub> / GBL:AND (1:1)		2.0-3.5	0.1 C capacity: 120.2 mAh g <sup>-1</sup> 1 C/0.1 C retention:	1 C 100th-cycle retention: 84.0%		378.6*	 [50]

				74.9% 2 C/0.1 C retention: 60.8% 5 C/0.1 C retention: 45.8%				
Polymer electrolyte	LiPF <sub>6</sub> / PAMM	Anode: 1.96	2.0-3.5	43.8% 0.1 C capacity: 129.0 mAh g <sup>-1</sup> 5 C/0.1 C retention: 38.6%	1 C 100th-cycle retention: 88.4%	55°C / 1 C 23rd-cycle retention: 71.2%	406.4*	 [51]
Aqueous electrolyte	1 mol LiTFSI / 0.5 mol TMS / 1 mol Water	Cathode: 2.73 Anode: 1.29	2.0-3.5		3 C 150th-cycle retention: 62.4% 6 C 300th-cycle retention: 64.3%		408.0*	 [52]
Aqueous- nonaqueou s hybrid electrolyte	(21 M LiTFSI in water) : (1 mol LiTFSI / 1.2 mol DMC) = 1:1 by mass	Cathode: 8 Anode: 4	2.0-3.5	0.5 C capacity: 162.1 mAh g <sup>-1</sup> 1 C/0.5 C retention: 94.4% 4 C/0.5 C retention: 75.9% 6 C/0.5 C retention: 58.0%	0.5 C 200th- cycle retention: 89.4% 6 C 1000th- cycle retention: 76.0%		510.6*	 [53]
Current collector	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / EC:DMC (1:1)		2.0-3.4	0.1 C capacity: 115.0 mAh g <sup>-1</sup> 1 C/0.1 C retention: 95.6% 3 C/0.1 C retention: 89.2% 5 C/0.1 C retention:	1 C 500th-cycle retention: 98.5% 5 C 500th-cycle retention: 95.5% 10 C 500th- cycle retention: 84.7%		362.2*	 [54]

				83.8% 8 C/0.1 C retention: 76.9% Charge: 0.1 C			
Separator	1 M LiPF <sub>6</sub> / EC:DEC (1:1)	Cathode: 3.4 Anode: 2.6	2.0-3.5		1 C 100th-cycle retention: 98.1%	 	 [55]

\*Energy density is calculated based on the active material mass of the determining electrode (LTO anode or LNMO cathode) and the discharge

capacity and voltage (3.15 V) of the battery.

		Electrolyte			
Condition	Parameter	Blank	2 wt.% LiDFOB- containing		
	$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{s}}\left(\Omega ight)$	7.38	2.89		
After activated at 0.1	$ m R_{f}(\Omega)$	27.47	10.28		
C for 5 cycles	$R_{ct}(\Omega)$	93.91	79.74		
	Slope of low-frequency tail	0.94	1.17		

Table S2. EIS	parameters of	of the LTO	electrodes	measured	in Figure 2e.

		Electrolyte			
Condition	Parameter	Blank	2 wt.% LiDFOB- containing		
	$\mathrm{R_{s}}\left(\Omega ight)$	8.35	5.71		
After activated at 0.1	$ m R_{f}(\Omega)$	169.80	147.80		
C for 5 cycles	$R_{ct}(\Omega)$	10.86	2.42		
	Slope of low-frequency tail	0.35	0.75		

		Electrolyte			
Condition	Parameter	Blank	2 wt.% LiDFOB- containing		
	$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{s}}\left(\Omega ight)$	3.26	2.25		
After activated at 0.1	$ m R_{f}(\Omega)$	34.92	24.41		
C for 5 cycles	$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{ct}}\left(\Omega ight)$	6.73	3.41		
	Slope of low-frequency tail	1.09	1.48		
	$\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{s}}\left(\Omega ight)$	5.20	2.31		
After cycled at 1 C	$ m R_{f}(\Omega)$	72.03	32.95		
for 600 cycles	$R_{ct}(\Omega)$	22.34	6.41		
	Slope of low-frequency tail	0.82	1.20		

Table S4. EIS parameters of the LNMO//LTO batteries measured in Figures 5a, e.