

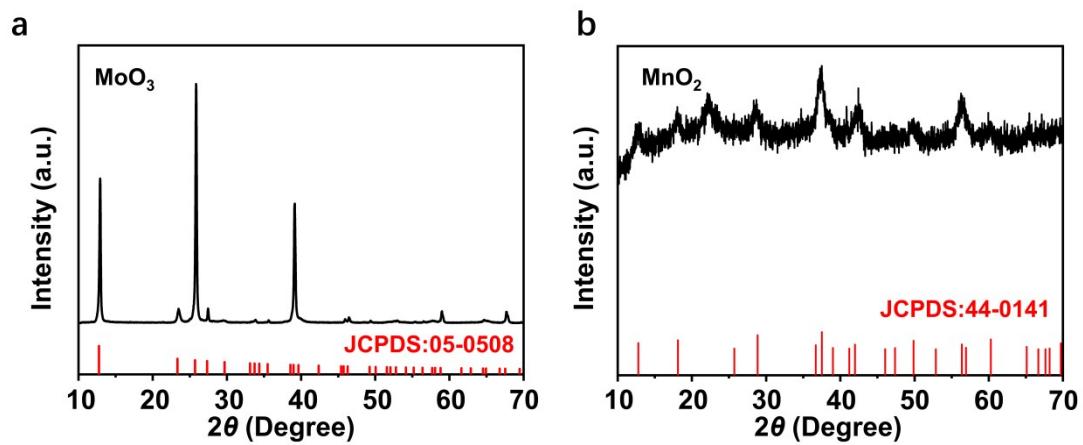
## Supporting Information

### Nanorods Assembled Urchin-like Molybdenum-Manganese Oxide Heterostructure with Enhanced Oxygen Vacancies as Cathode for Quasi Solid State Zinc-ion Batteries

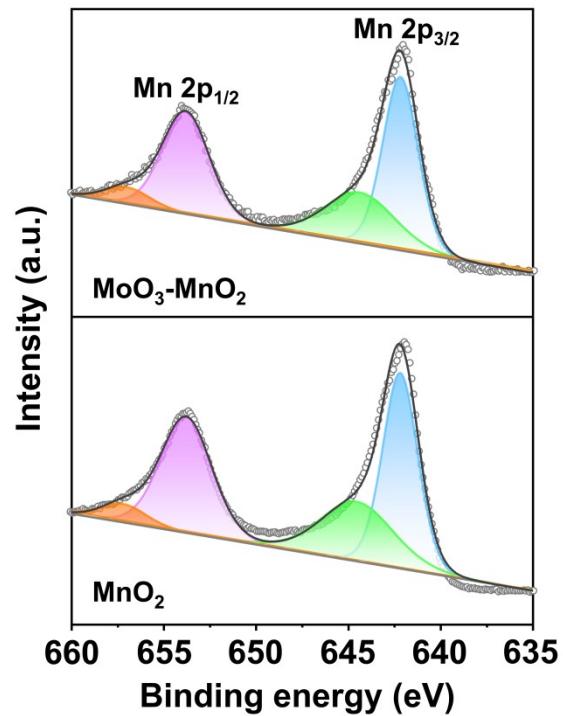
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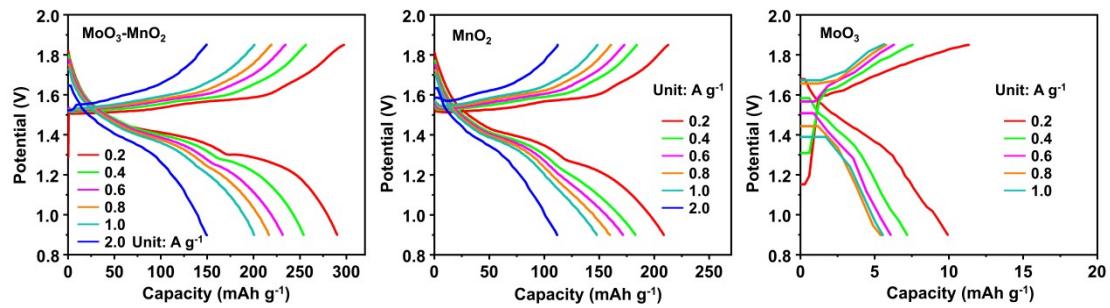
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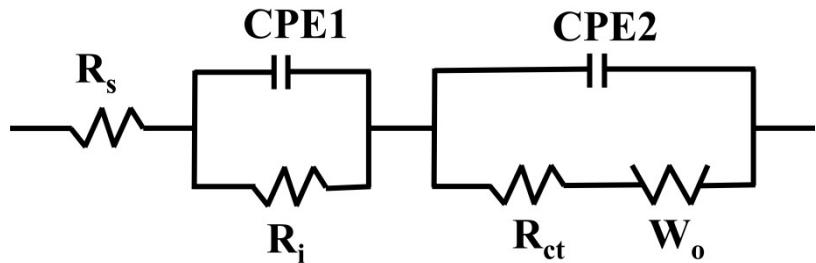
**Figure S1.** The XRD patterns of a)  $\text{MoO}_3$  and b)  $\text{MnO}_2$



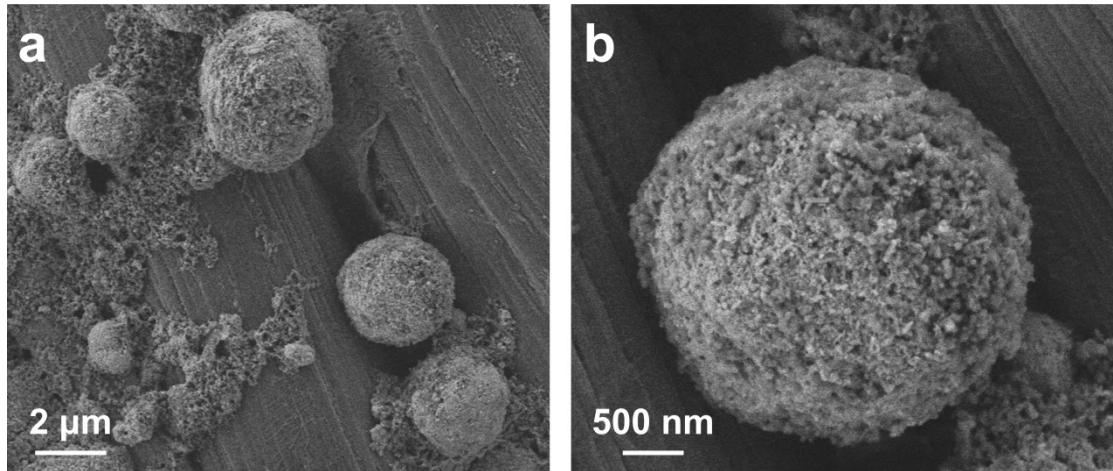
**Figure S2.** Mn 2p XPS spectra of  $\text{MnO}_2$  and  $\text{MoO}_3\text{-MnO}_2$



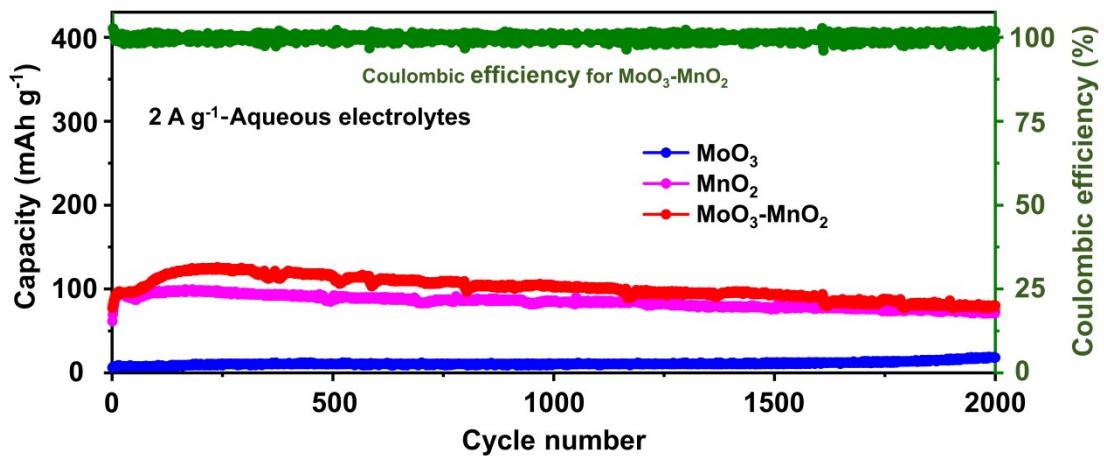
**Figure S3.** The charging and discharging curves at various current densities for a)  $\text{MoO}_3\text{-MnO}_2$ , b)  $\text{MnO}_2$  and c)  $\text{MoO}_3$



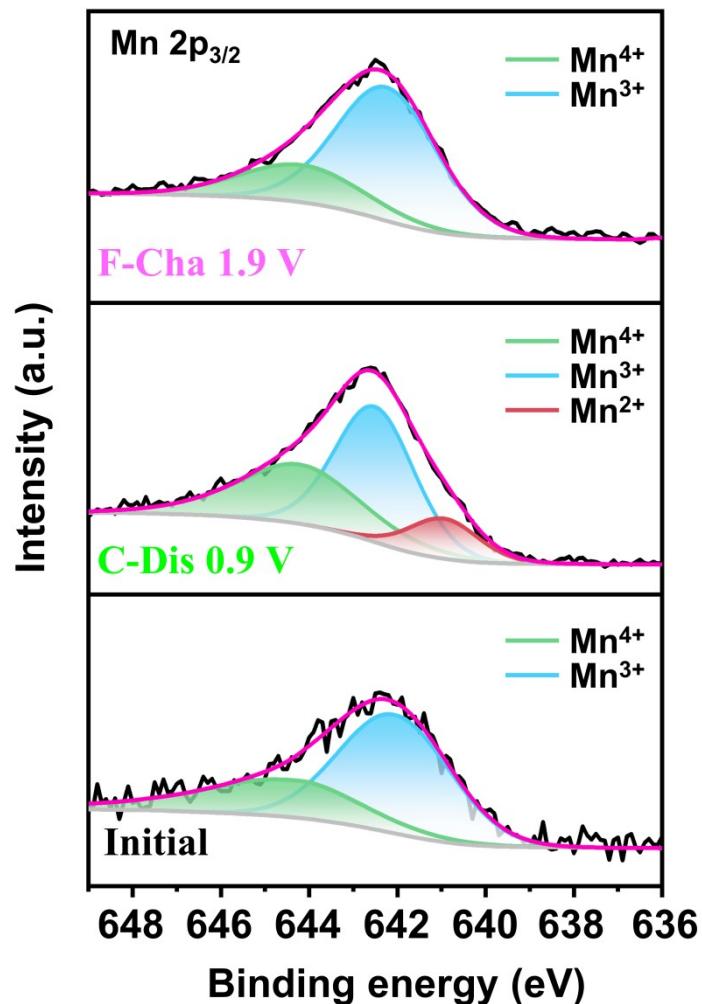
**Figure S4.** The equivalent circuit diagram of samples



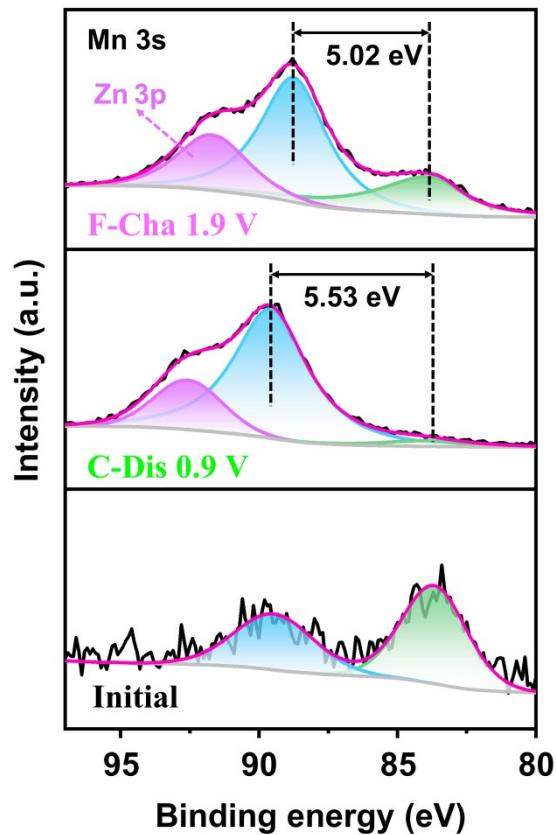
**Figure S5.** SEM images of  $\text{MoO}_3\text{-MnO}_2$  electrode after 1000 cycles



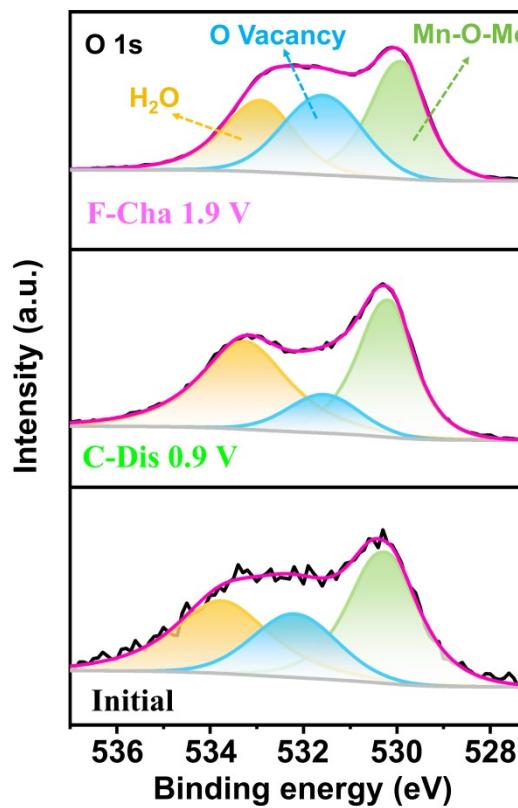
**Figure S6.** The cycling performance of  $\text{MoO}_3$ ,  $\text{MnO}_2$ , and  $\text{MoO}_3\text{-MnO}_2$  at  $2 \text{ A g}^{-1}$  in aqueous electrolytes



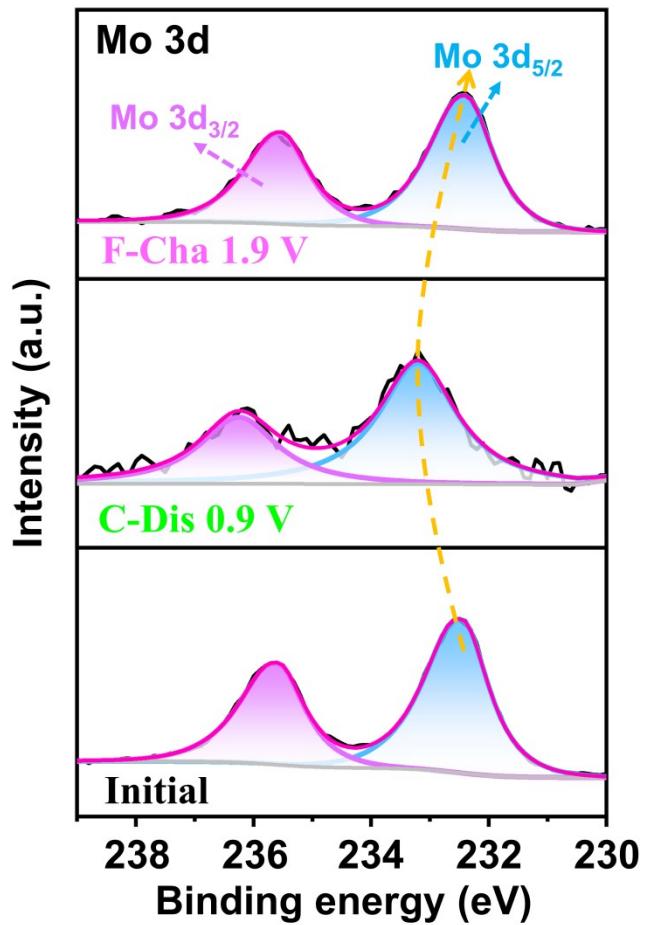
**Figure S7.**  $\text{Mn } 2\text{p}_{3/2}$  ex-situ high-discern XPS spectra of  $\text{MoO}_3\text{-MnO}_2$



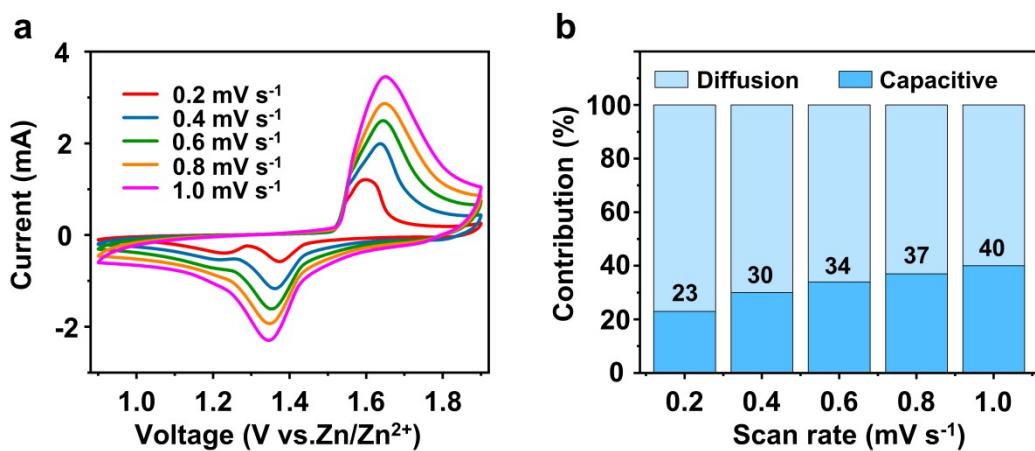
**Figure S8.** Mn 3s ex-situ high-discern XPS spectra of  $\text{MoO}_3\text{-MnO}_2$



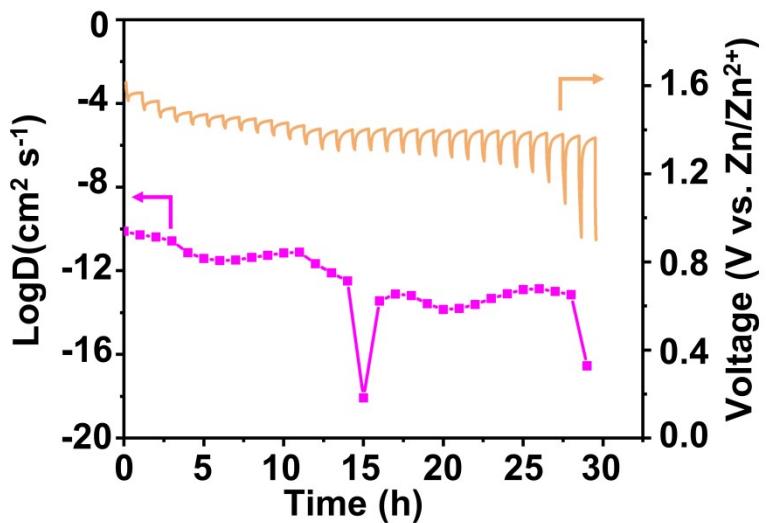
**Figure S9.** O 1s ex-situ high-discern XPS spectra of  $\text{MoO}_3\text{-MnO}_2$



**Figure S10.** Mo 3d ex-situ high-discern XPS spectra of  $\text{MoO}_3\text{-MnO}_2$



**Figure S11.** a) CV curves of the pure  $\text{MnO}_2$  electrode at different scan rates, b) Contribution ratios of the capacitive and diffusion-controlled capacities at different scan rates



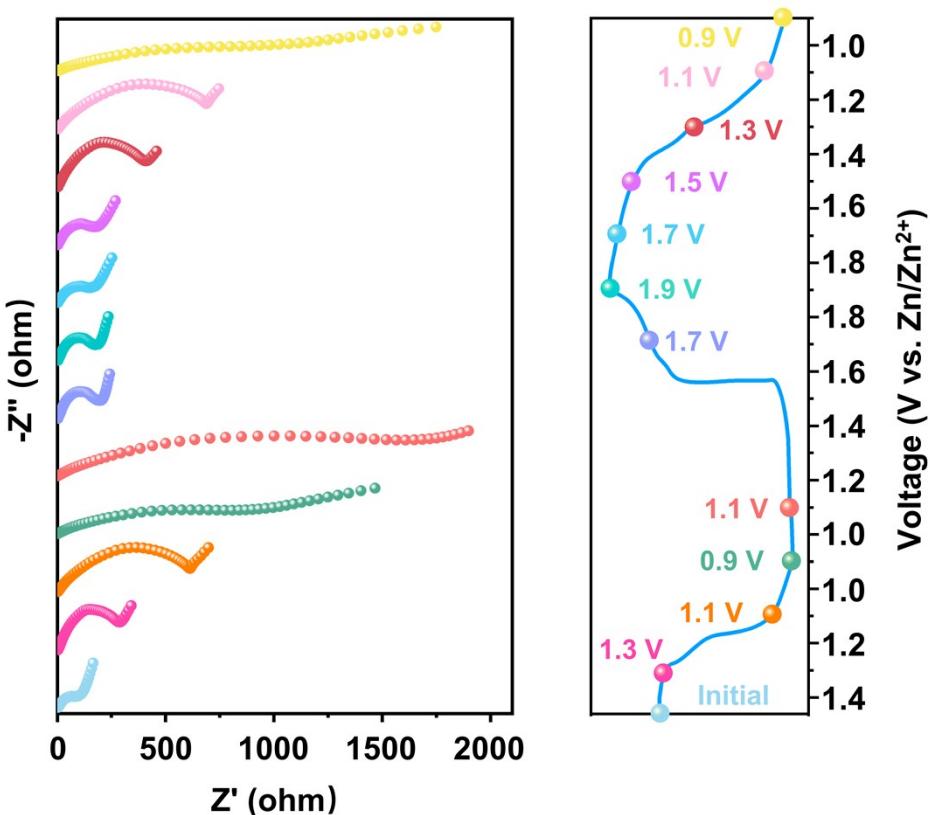
**Figure S12.** GITT of the MnO<sub>2</sub> electrode

### The calculation of Diffusion coefficient

The Zn//MnO<sub>2</sub> and Zn//MoO<sub>3</sub>-MnO<sub>2</sub> batteries were discharged at 0.1 A g<sup>-1</sup> for 10 min and then relaxed for 1 h, which repeated the above operation from 0.9 V to 1.9 V. The specific calculation is as follows:

$$D = \frac{4}{\pi \Delta \tau} \left( \frac{m_B V_M}{M_B S} \right)^2 \left( \frac{\Delta E_s}{\Delta E_\tau} \right)_2^2$$

Where  $\tau$  is the pulse duration;  $m_B$ ,  $V_M$ , and  $M_B$  are the mass, molar volume, and molar mass of active materials;  $S$  is the area in contact with electrolytes;  $\Delta E_s$  and  $\Delta E_\tau$  represent the voltage change caused by the pulse and the voltage change of constant current charge-discharge, respectively.



**Figure S13.** Nyquist plots for MoO<sub>3</sub>-MnO<sub>2</sub> cathode during the discharge and charge process

**Table S1.** Fitting results of R<sub>s</sub> and R<sub>ct</sub> of the EIS based on the equivalent circuit. The ion diffusion coefficient was calculated based on EIS

	R <sub>s</sub> (Ω)	R <sub>ct</sub> (Ω)	Diffusion coefficient (cm <sup>2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> )
MoO <sub>3</sub>	4.452	101.9	2.98×10 <sup>-12</sup>
MnO <sub>2</sub>	2.048	55.75	1.25×10 <sup>-11</sup>
MoO <sub>3</sub> -MnO <sub>2</sub>	2.123	39.6	2.71×10 <sup>-11</sup>

**Table S2.** Comparison of cathode performance in AZIBs between this work and previously reported

Cathode Materials	Specific capacity mAh g <sup>-1</sup> @A g <sup>-1</sup>	Capacity after cycling (mAh g <sup>-1</sup> @ A g <sup>-1</sup> ) (Cycle number)	Rate performance		Ref.
			1 A g <sup>-1</sup>	2 A g <sup>-1</sup>	
<b>MoO<sub>3</sub>-MnO<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>319@0.2</b>	<b>155@1 (1000) 116@2 (2000)</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>This work</b>
$\beta$ -MnO <sub>2</sub> (O <sub>d</sub> )	307@0.1	169@1 (800)	195	154	<sup>1</sup>
SbMO-6	276@0.1	113@2 (2000)	192	171	<sup>2</sup>

NiCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> -MnO <sub>2</sub>	313@0.1	192@1 (1000)	202	—	3
$\alpha$ -MnO <sub>2</sub> /					
	278@0.1	65@3 (2800)	134	—	4
$\gamma$ -MnO <sub>2</sub>					
CaMnO	260@0.3	140@1.5 (750)	193	104	5
1.05 KCl-MnO <sub>2</sub>	275@0.1	96@1 (1000)	109	—	6
a-H-MnFeO	247@0.2	~135@1 (1000)	109	50	7
Ti-Na <sub>0.44</sub> MnO <sub>2</sub>	252@0.0 5	~90@1 (2400)	110	—	8
Pr <sub>6</sub> O <sub>11</sub> -Mn <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	347@0.1	140.8@1 (2000)	197	186	9

## Reference

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