

Supporting information

CNCs-mediated functionalized MWCNTs reinforced double-network conductive hydrogels as smart flexible strain and epidermic sensors for human motion monitoring

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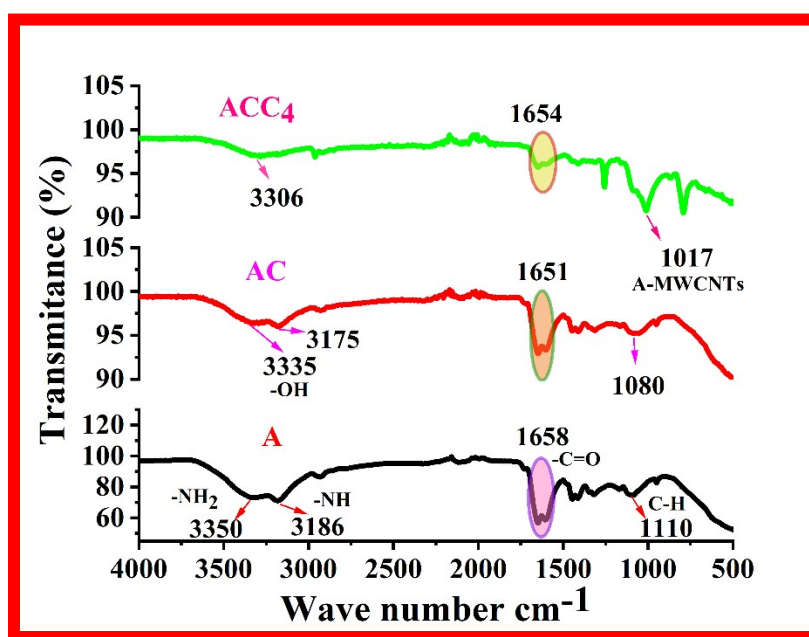


Figure S1. FTIR analysis of prepared hydrogels.

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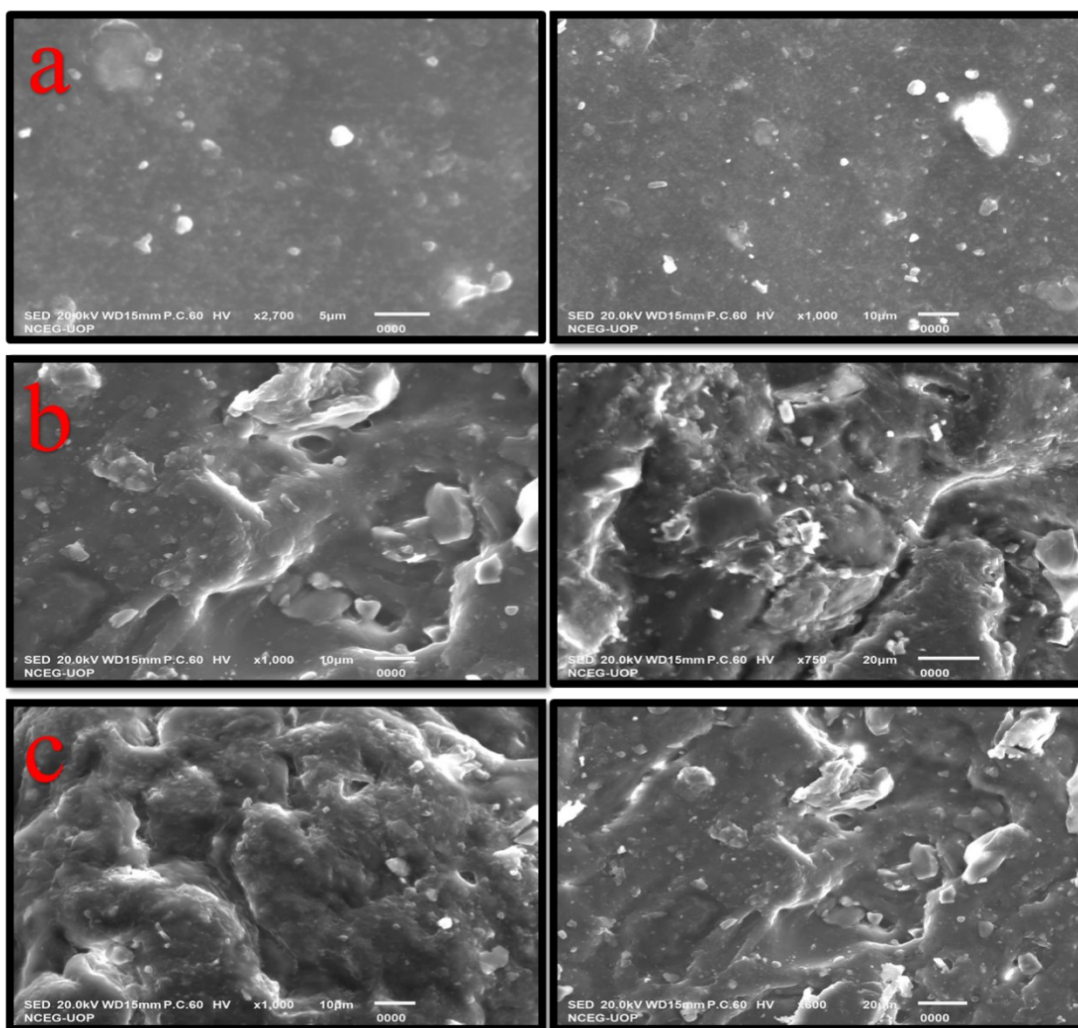


Figure S2. SEM images at different magnification power (a) A, (b) AC, and (c) ACC4 hydrogel systems.

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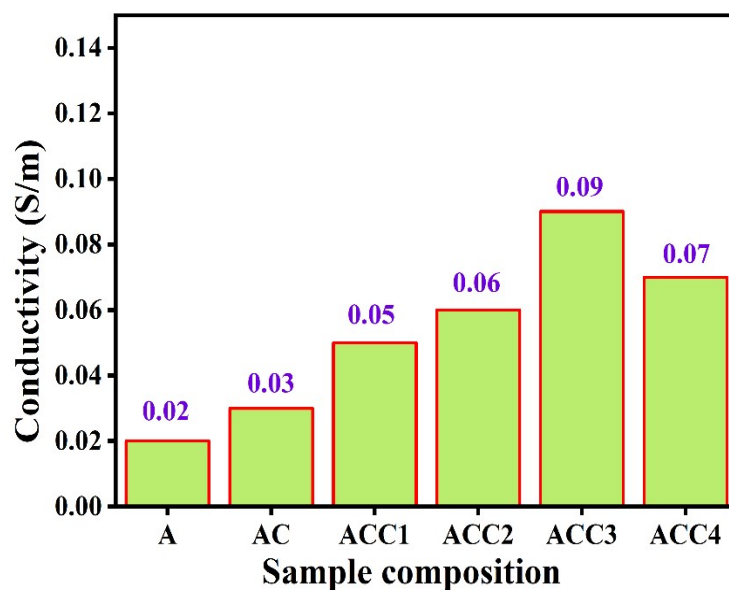


Figure S3. Conductivity vs sample composition of prepared hydrogels.

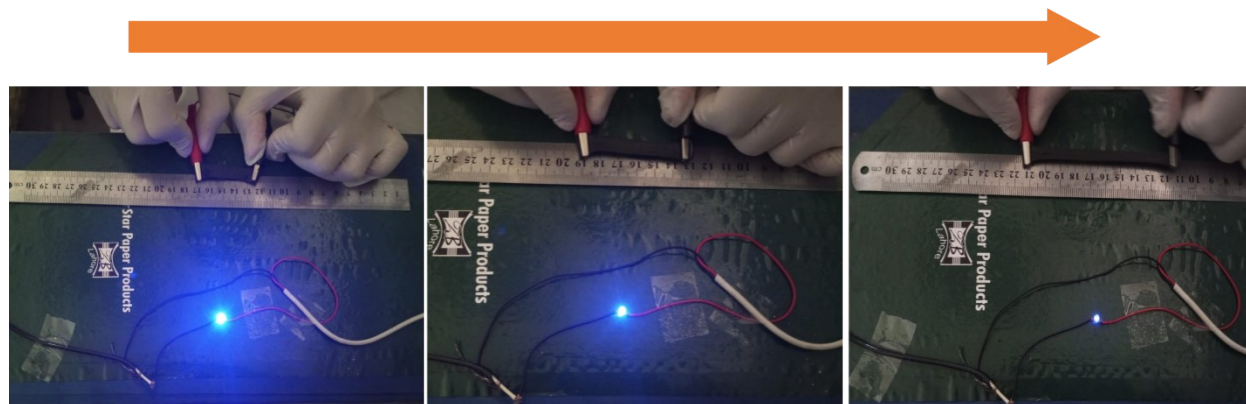


Figure S4. LED response at different stretching modes of the hydrogel.

Table ST1: Comparison between present work and previously reported literature

hydrogels	Conductivity	Gauge factor (GF)	Strain (%)	response/recovery time (ms)	References

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PAM@CNC/TA-ag NC hydrogels	5.6 mS/cm	1.2	100	334/175	[1]
P(AM/DA)Al ³⁺ hydrogels		3.4	500	-	[2]
P(LM/Amm)/SA hydrogels	8 mS/cm	0.6	200	200	[3]
AMP-regulated hydrogels	-	2.57	100	-	[4]
PVA-PVP hybrid hydrogels	-	0.48	200	-	[5]
GN-CNF@PVA hydrogels	3.55 S/m	3.8	500	-	[6]
PVA/CMC/TA/MXene hydrogel	-	2.9	700	-	[7]
P(CNFs/Agar/Amm) hydrogels	-	1.78	1000	-	[8]
P(QACNF/MXene) hydrogels	1281 mS/m	2.24	1465	141/140	[9]
PAA-PVA/PAM/Zn ²⁺ Organohydrogels	1.89 mS/m	0.68	160	280/100	[10]
NCROs	-	1.75	150	721/723	[11]
PAA-PVA/PANI organohydrogels	-	1.81	70	280	[12]
(P(AM-co-AA)) hydrogel	-	0.38	225	63	[13]
(PAM)/(k-CG)/Double network hydrogel	2.26 S/m	2.4	-	-	[14]
(P(Amm-co-BA/CNCs)) hydrogel	-	7.4	750	140	[15]
CNCs@PDA-AuNPs hydrogel system	420 mS/m	0.99	-	160	[16]
(p(Amm-co-LM/A-MWCNTs)) hydrogel system	-	9.2	500	<130	[17]
CNCs-mediated A-MWCNTs-based DN hydrogels	0.09 S/m	4.32	400	100/100	current work

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