

Methionine assisted electrodeposition of porous copper cobalt bi-metallic hetero-nanostructures on an indium tin oxide electrode: a disposable and stable electrode for non-enzymatic glucose sensing

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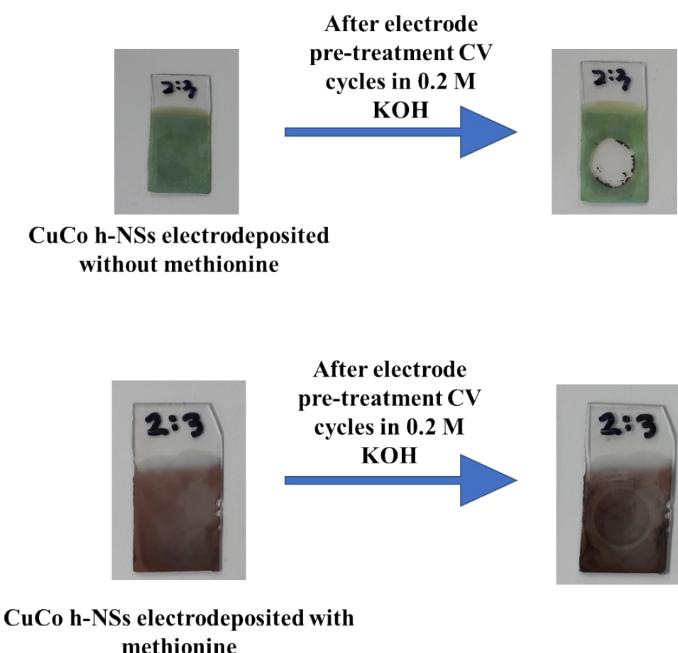


Fig. S1 Digital photographs of CuCo h-NSs films electrodeposited on ITO electrodes in the presence and absence of methionine and their stability after electrode pre-treatment.

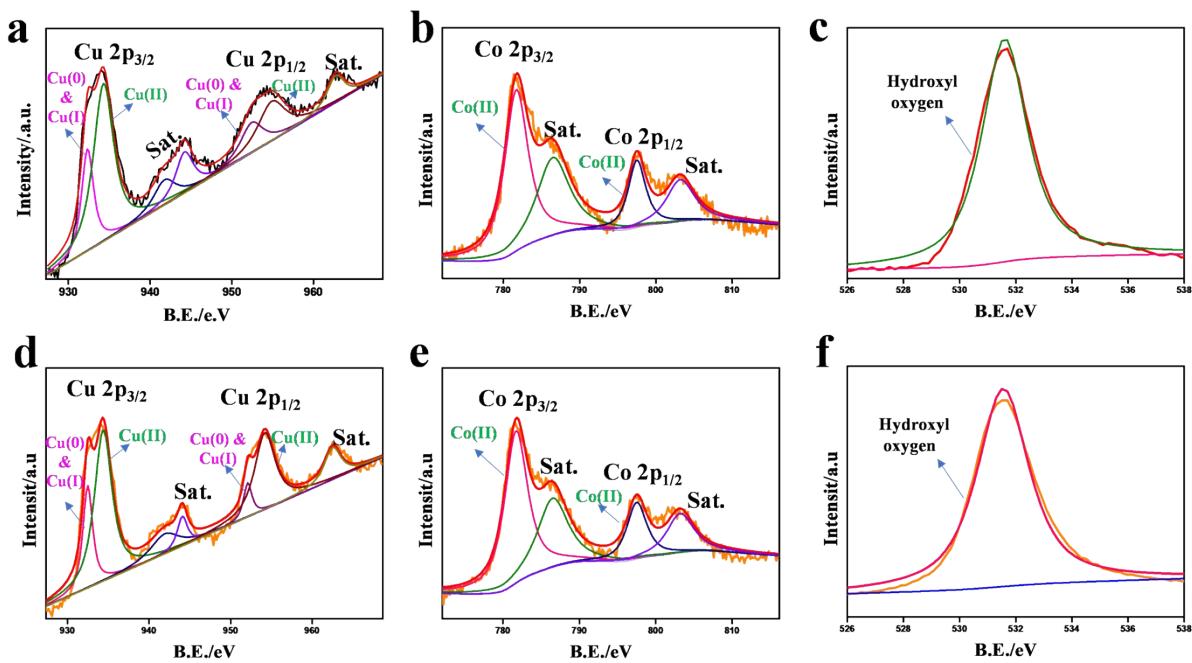


Fig. S2 XPS core-level spectra of Cu, Co and O of CuCo films electrodeposited for 15 min (a-c) and for 60 min (d-f) in the presence of methionine.

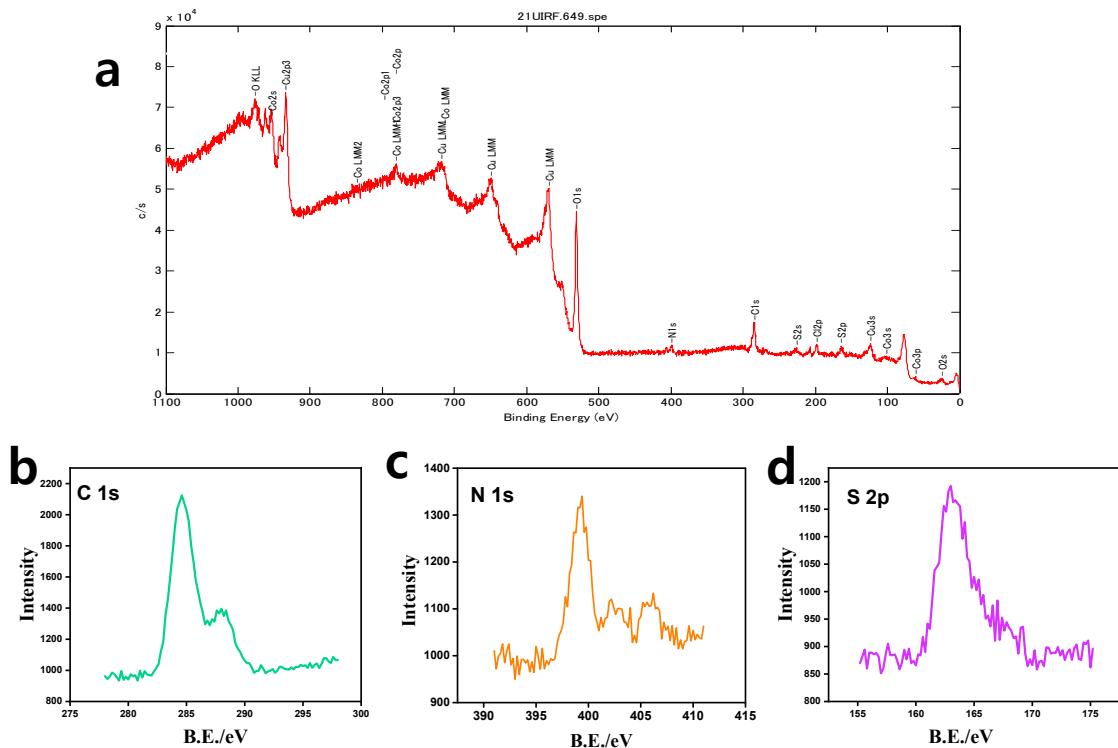


Fig. S3 XPS spectra of CuCo h-NSs electrodeposited in the presence of methionine for 30 min; survey (a), core-level spectrum of C 1s (b), N 1s (c) and S 2p (d).

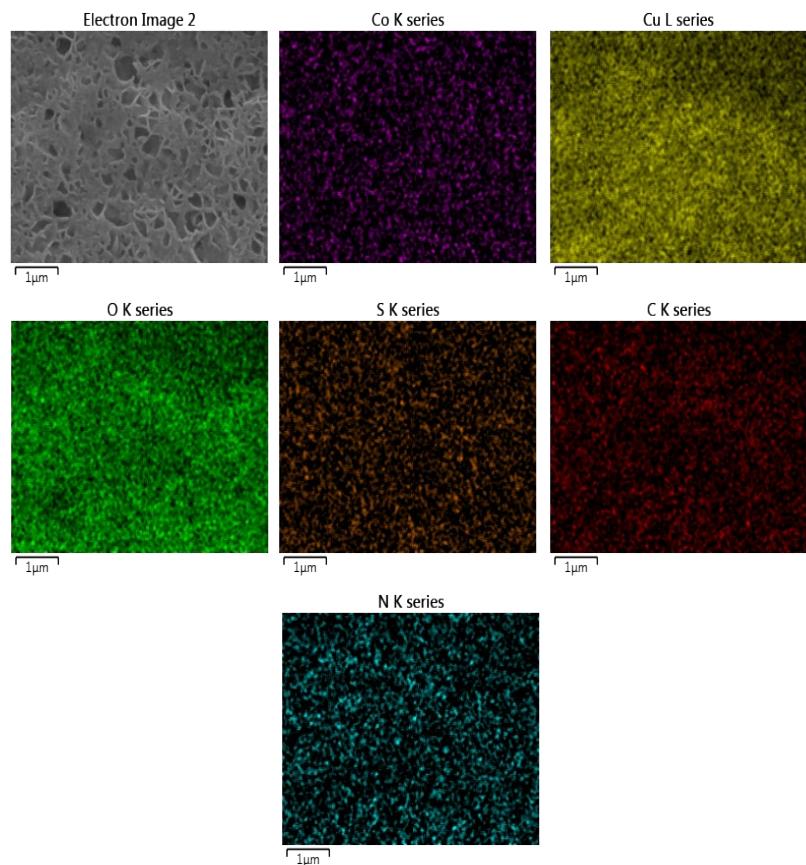


Fig. S4 FE-SEM images of CuCo h-NSs electrodeposited in the presence of methionine for 30 min and their elemental mapping analyses.

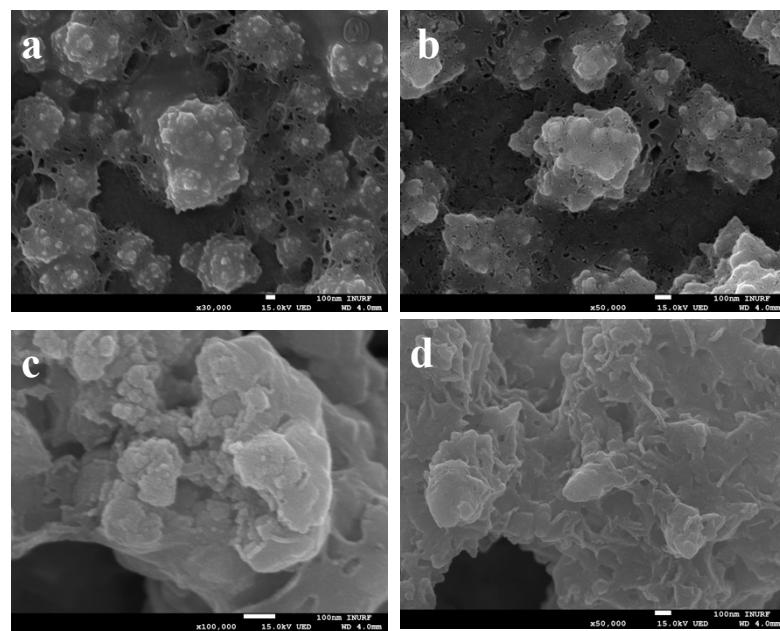


Fig. S5 FE-SEM images of CuCo h-NSs electrodeposited in the presence of methionine for 15 min (a-b) and 60 (c-d) min.

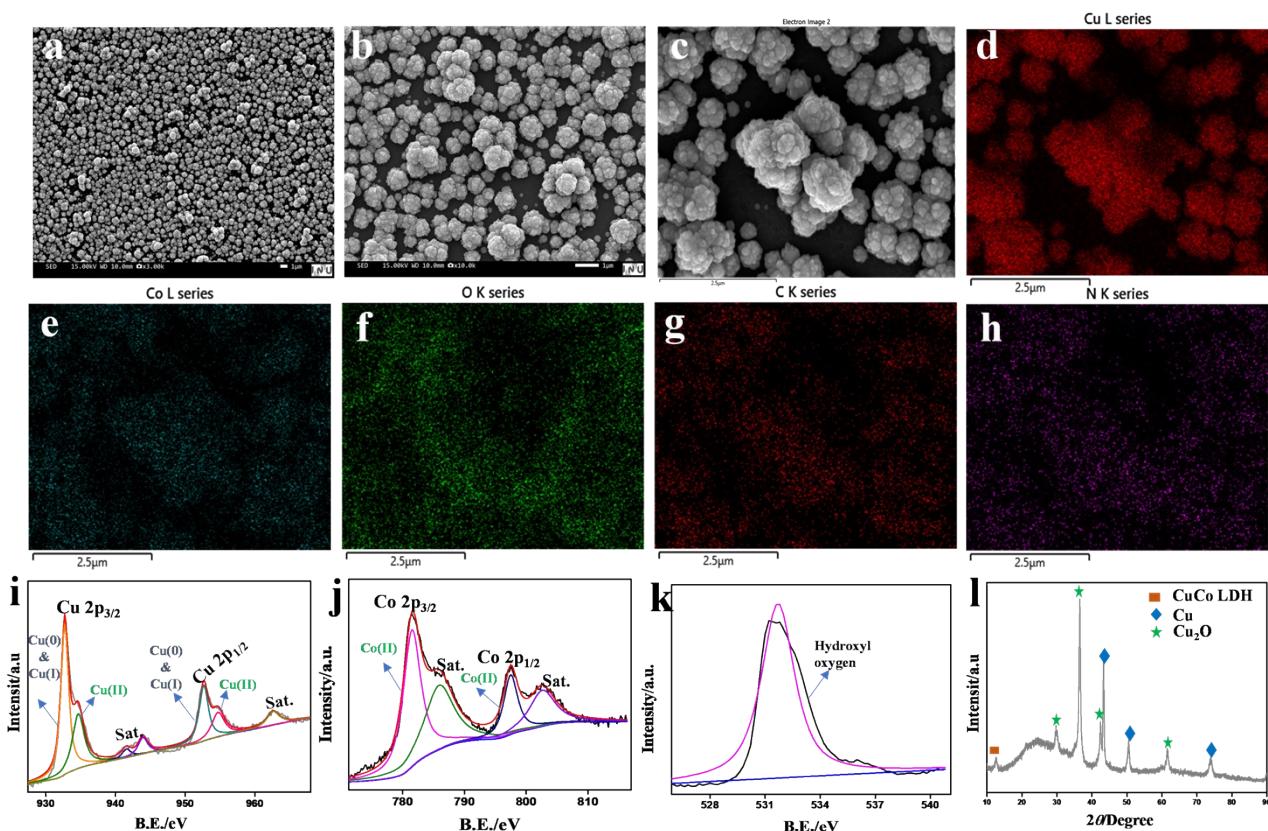


Fig. S6 FE-SEM images (a-c), elemental mapping analyses (d-h), core-level XPS spectra of Cu 2p (i), Co 2p (j), O 1s (k) and XRD data (l) of CuCo h-NSs electrodeposited for 30 min in the presence of glutamine.

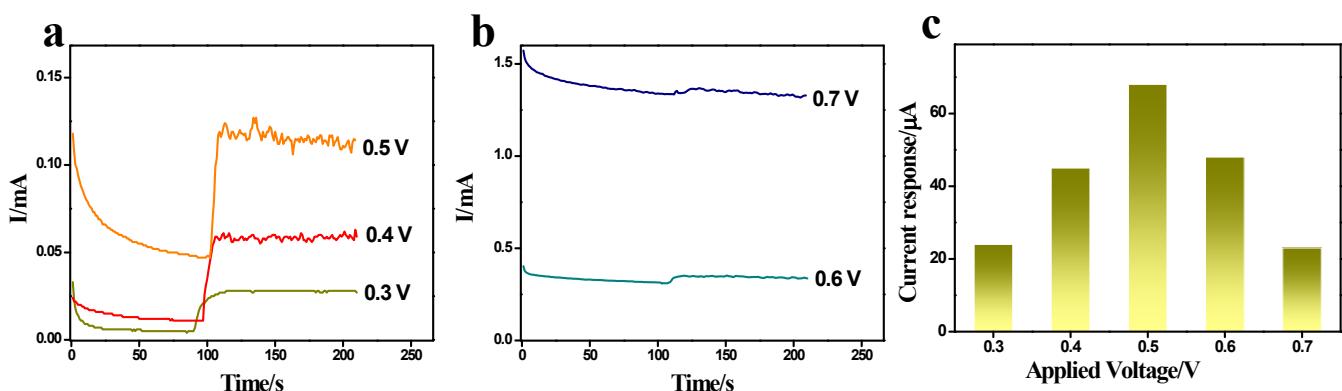


Fig. S7 Amperometry i-t curve recorded for the addition of 50 μM glucose at various applied potentials of 0.3 to 0.5 (a), 0.6 to 0.7 (b) and their corresponding current response bar diagram against applied voltage (c).

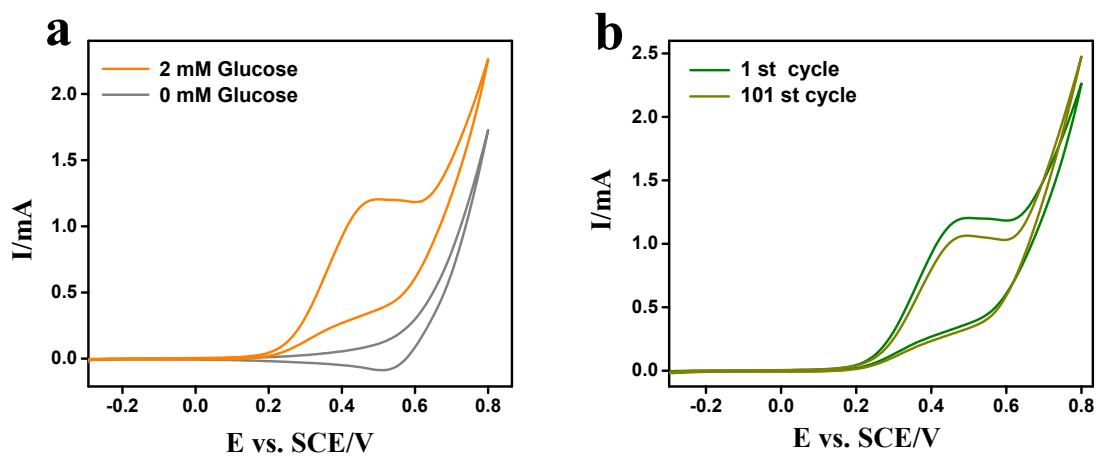


Fig. S8 (a) CVs recorded in the presence and absence of 2 mM glucose at CuCo h-NSs electrodeposited in the presence of glutamine for 30 min in 0.2 M KOH, (b) comparison of CVs recorded before and after 100 cycles of stability test (Scan rate = 50 mV/s).

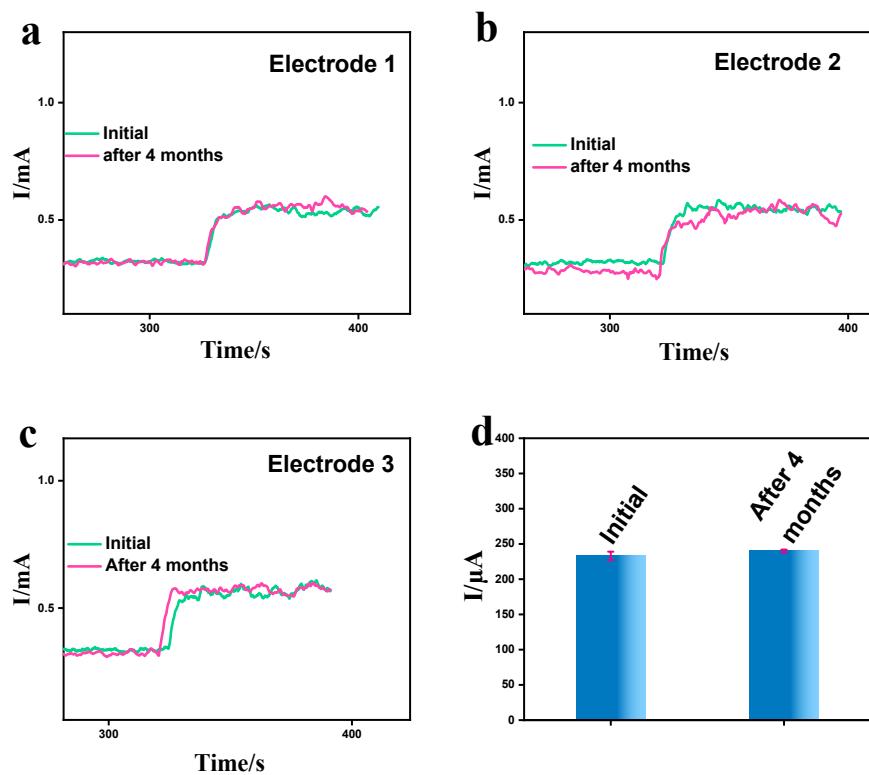


Fig. S9 Long-term storage test carried out at three different CuCo h-NSs electrodeposited in the presence of methionine for 30 min (a-c) and the corresponding bar diagram compare the current responses at initial and after four months (d).

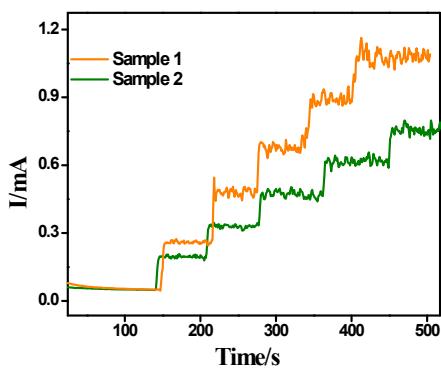


Fig. S10 Amperometry i-t curve obtained for the quantification of glucose concentration in the glucose spiked orange juice samples.

Table S1. Determination of glucose concentration in the glucose spiked orange juice samples.

Juice sample	Original glucose concentration in juice (μM)	Spiked glucose concentration (μM)	Measured glucose concentration	Recovery (%)	RSD (%) (n=4)
Sample 1	50	100	160	106	3.2
Sample 2	50	50	103	103	1.08