

Supporting Information

Valence Regulation in Europium Doped Fluoride Phosphor for High Resolution X-ray Time-lapse Imaging

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Table S1. The refinement factors of SrF₂: 0.5%Eu powder and SrF₂: 0.5%Eu plate.

Material	SrF ₂ :0.5%Eu powder	SrF ₂ :0.5%Eu plate
Synthesis temperature (K)	1273	1873
Measure temperature (K)	298	298
Symmetry	Cubic	Cubic
Space group	Fm-3m	Fm-3m
a/ Å	5.84259	5.76304
b/ Å	5.84259	5.76304
c/ Å	5.84259	5.76304
α	90	90
β	90	90
γ	90	90
V/ Å ³	199.4418	191.405
Rwp (%)	9.03	8.33
Rp (%)	6.98	7.25
χ^2	3.78	3.26

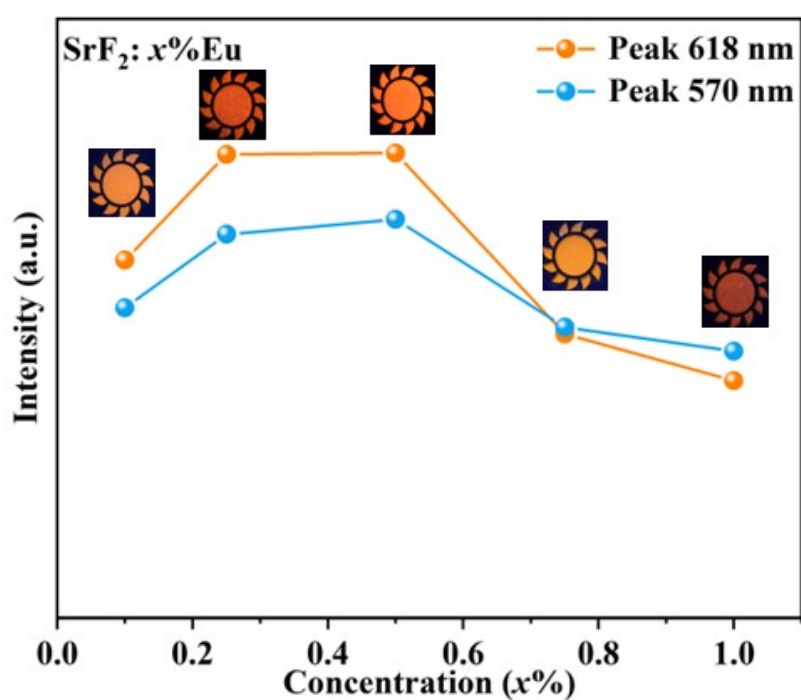


Figure S1. The PL intensity at 618 nm and 570 nm as the function of Eu concentration.

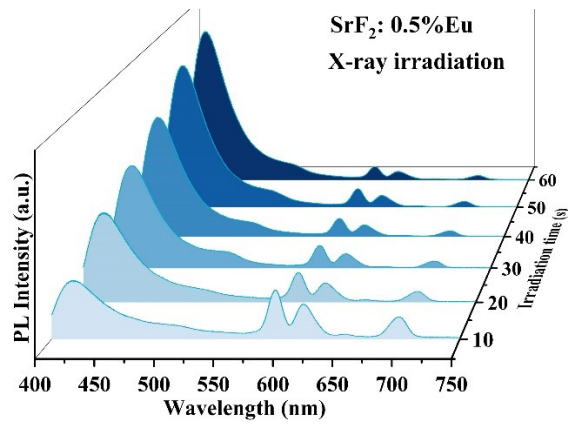


Figure S2. The PL spectra of SrF₂: 0.5%Eu depending on the X-ray irradiation time.

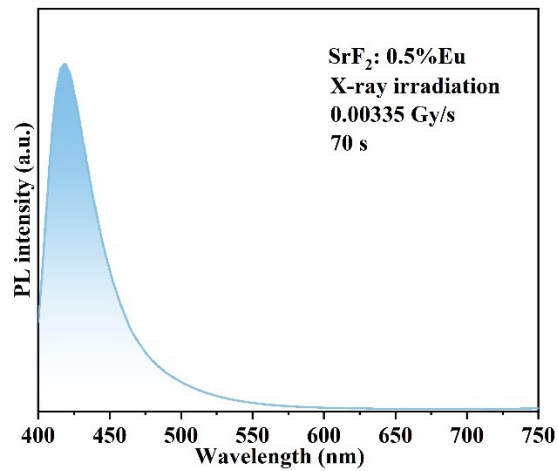


Figure S3. The PL spectra of SrF₂: 0.5%Eu after X-ray irradiation 70 s.

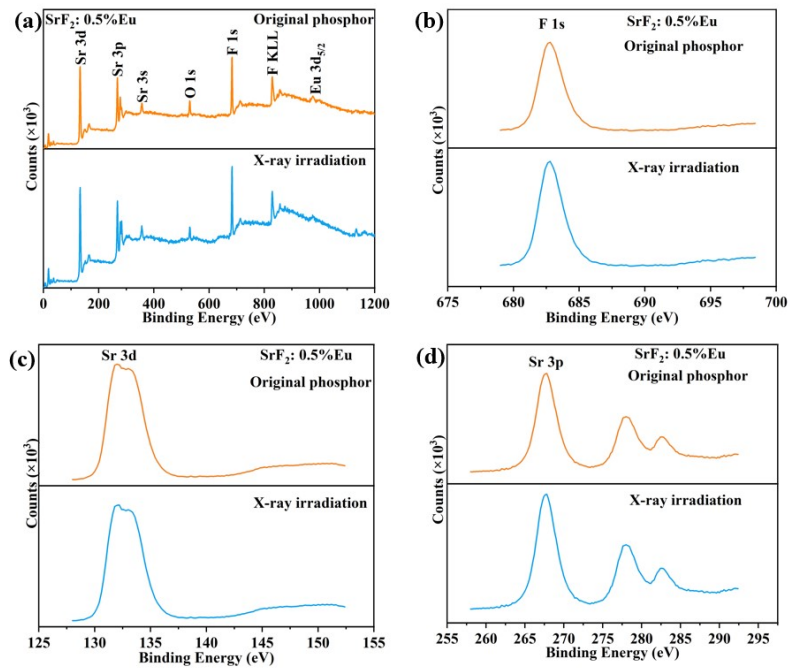


Figure S4. The XPS spectra of (a) SrF₂: 0.5%Eu, (b) F 1s, (c) Sr 3d, (d) Sr 3p before and after X-ray irradiation.

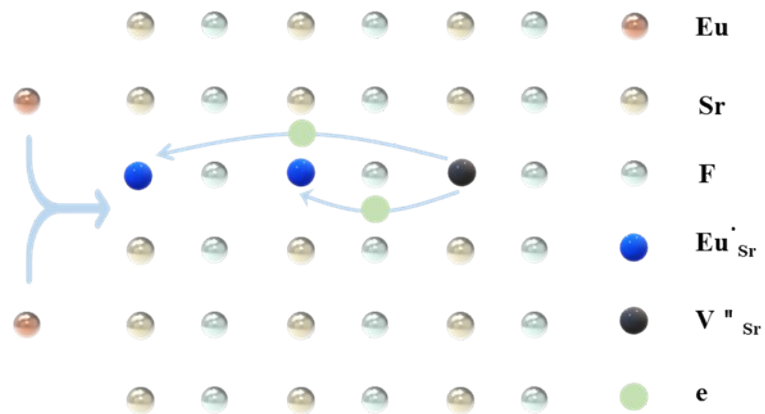


Figure S5. The mechanism of Eu³⁺ self-reduction process.

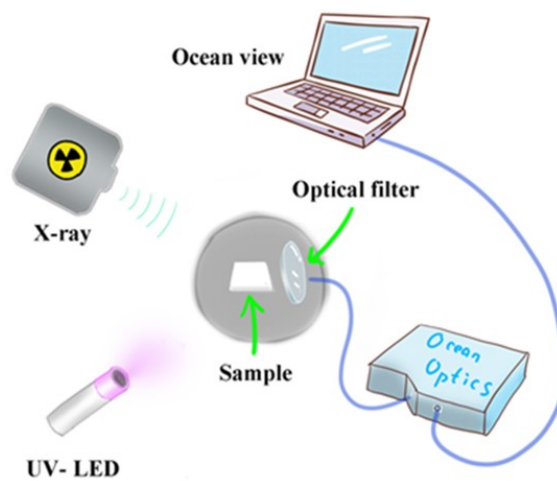


Figure S6. The schematic setup of the in-situ spectrum measurement.

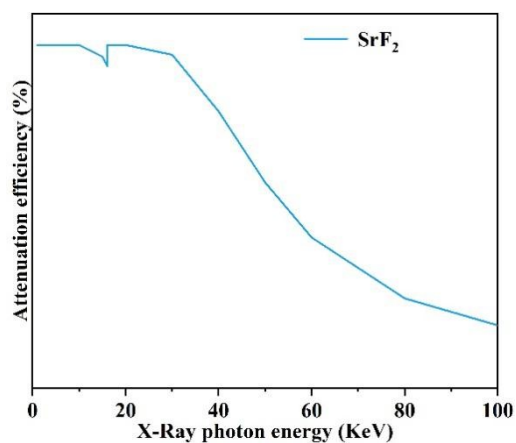


Figure S7. The X-ray attenuation efficiency of SrF₂.

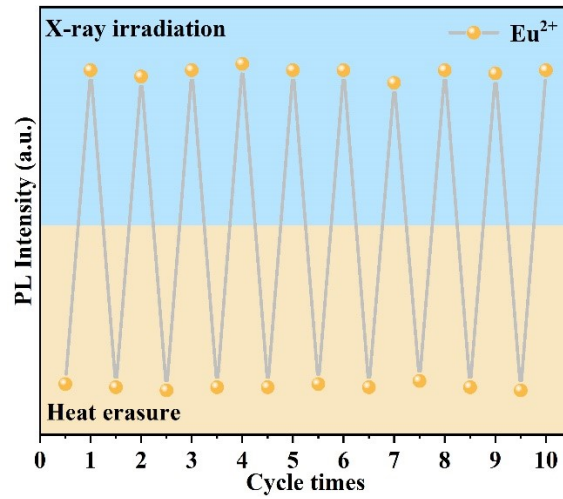


Figure S8. The reuse properties of $\text{SrF}_2:0.5\%\text{Eu}$ with the treatment of X-ray irradiation and heat erasure.

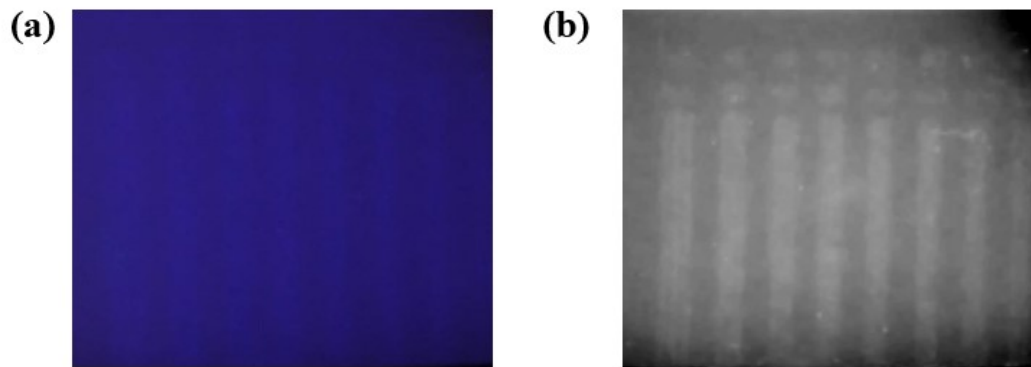


Figure S9. The digital picture and grayscale value picture of X-ray time-lapse imaging via classical imaging film technology.

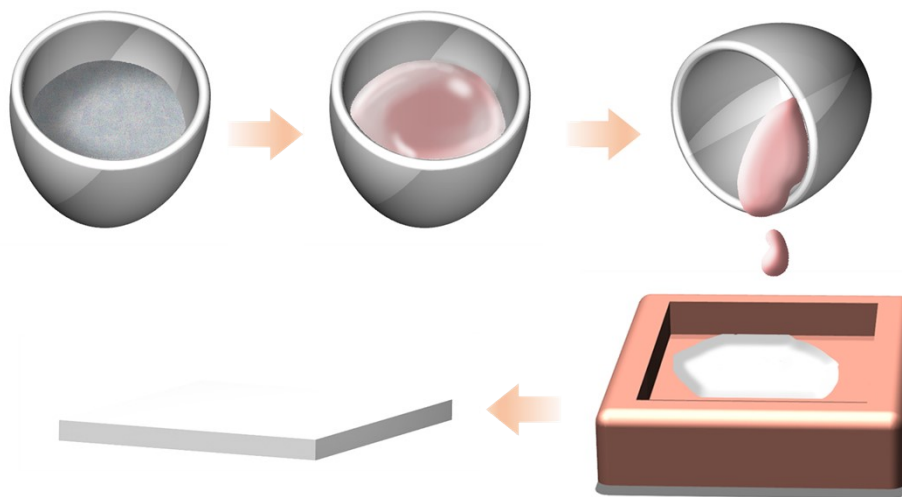


Figure S10. The fabricated process of $\text{SrF}_2:0.5\%\text{Eu}$ bulk.

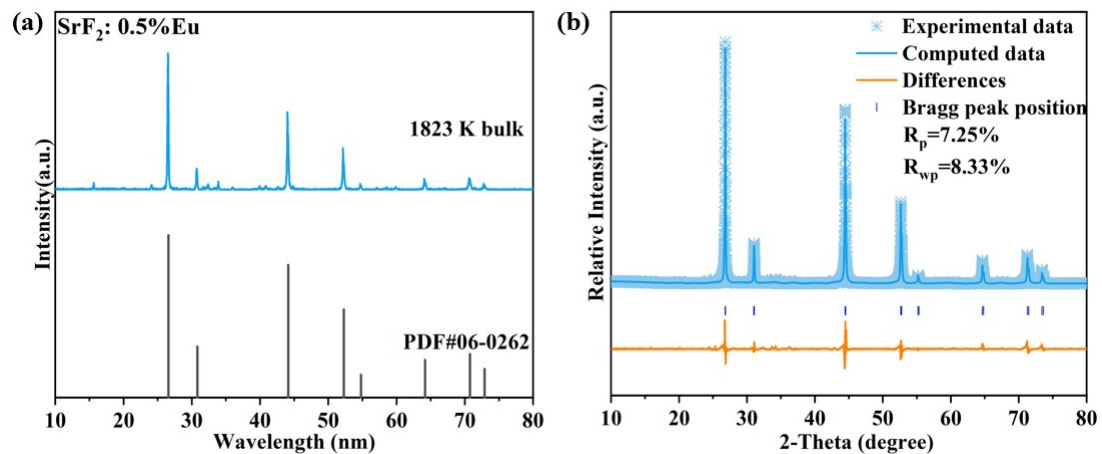


Figure S11. (a) The XRD patterns of SrF₂: 0.5%Eu plate and phosphor. (b) The Rietveld refinement patterns of representative SrF₂: 0.5%Eu plate.

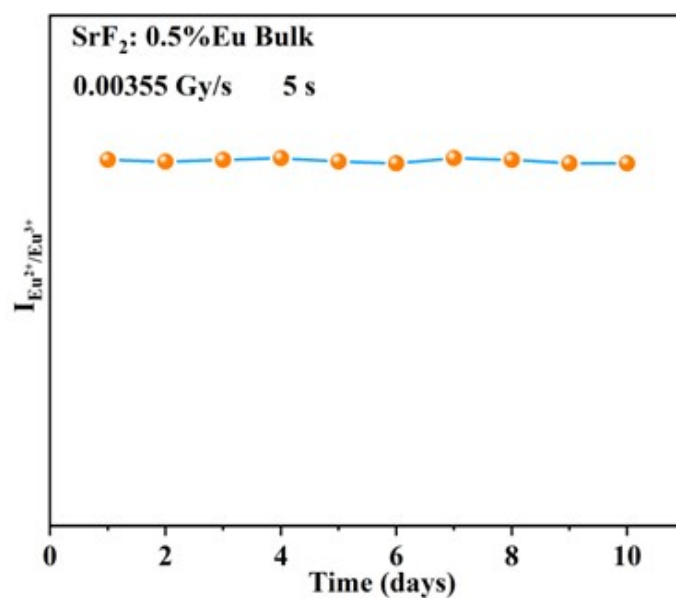


Figure S12. The X-ray irradiation stability of SrF₂: 0.5%Eu plate.

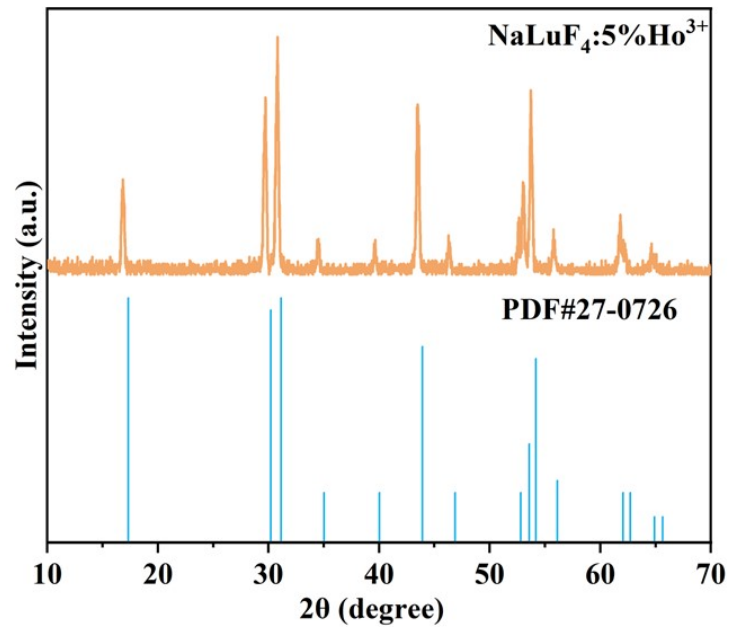


Figure S13. The XRD pattern of NaLuF₄: 5%Ho³⁺.

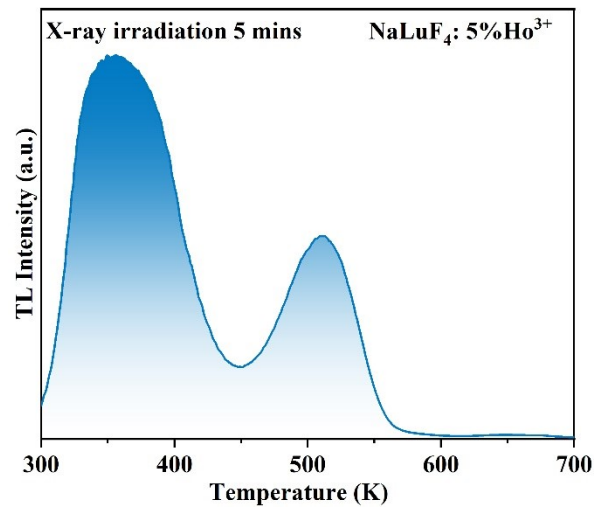


Figure S14. The TL curve of NaLuF₄: 5%Ho³⁺ charging with X-ray for 5 mins.