

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Plasticity tunable artificial synapses based on organic electrochemical transistors with aqueous electrolyte

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Supplementary Figures

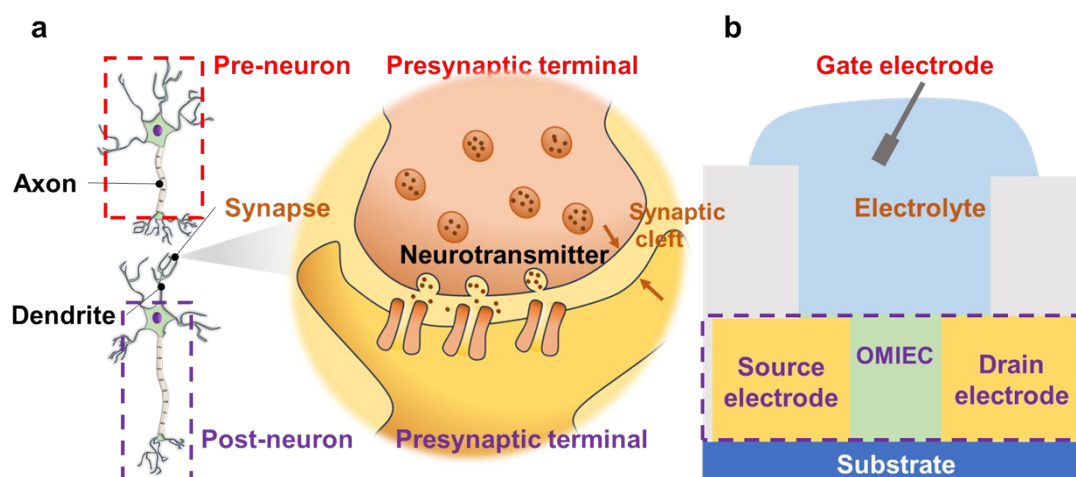


Figure S1. Schematic of (a) a biological synapse and (b) a synaptic OEET, where the OMIEC channel and the source/drain electrodes mimic the postsynaptic terminal of a biological synapse, while the aqueous electrolyte (PBS 1×) and the Ag/AgCl gate electrode mimic the synaptic cleft and presynaptic terminal, respectively.

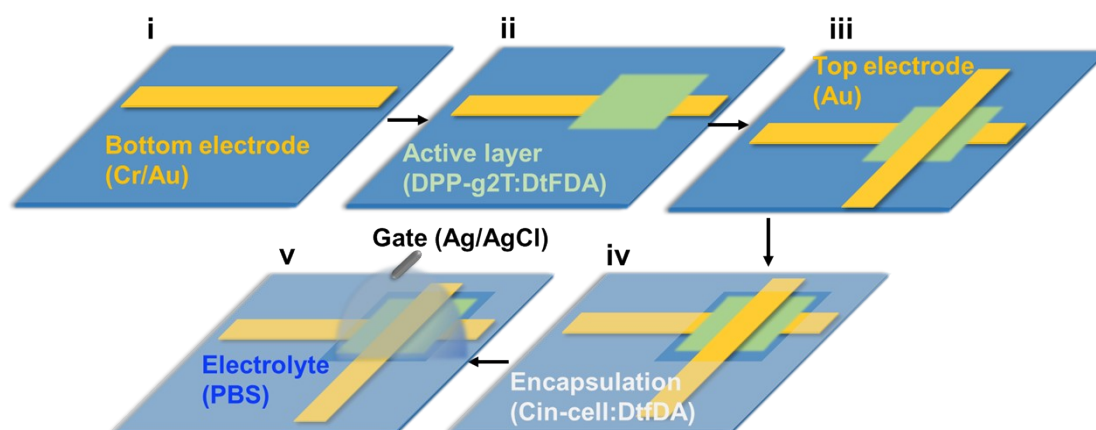


Figure S2. Fabrication process of the synaptic vOEET. i) Bottom electrode evaporation. ii) Active channel layer spin-coating and patterning. iii) Top electrode evaporation. iv) Encapsulation layer spin-coating and patterning. v) PBS electrolyte application and Ag/AgCl gate electrode insertion.

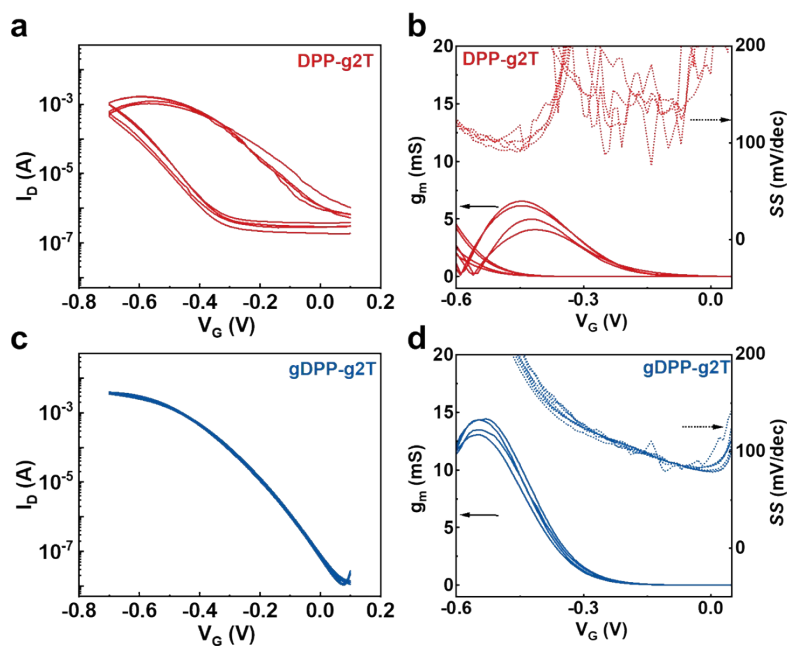


Figure S3. (a,c) Transfer characteristics and (b,d) g_m /SS characteristics of 4 individual vOECTs based on (a,b)DPP-g2T and (c,d) gDPP-g2T. $W_B = W_T = 60 \mu\text{m}$, $V_D = -0.1 \text{ V}$.

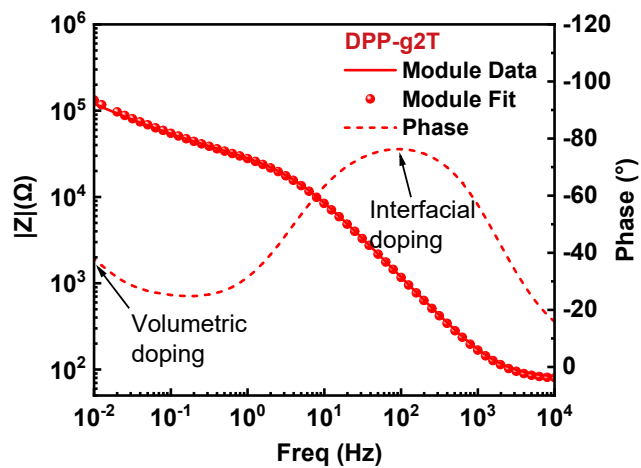


Figure S4. EIS curve of DPP-g2T polymer thin film with a frequency range from 0.01 to 10000 Hz.

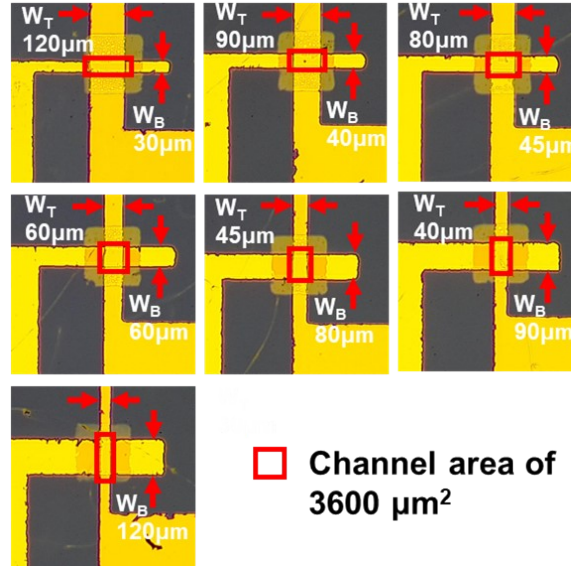


Figure S5. Microscopic photos of vOECTs with varied widths of top and bottom electrodes, where the channel area is maintained at $3600 \mu\text{m}^2$ for all devices.

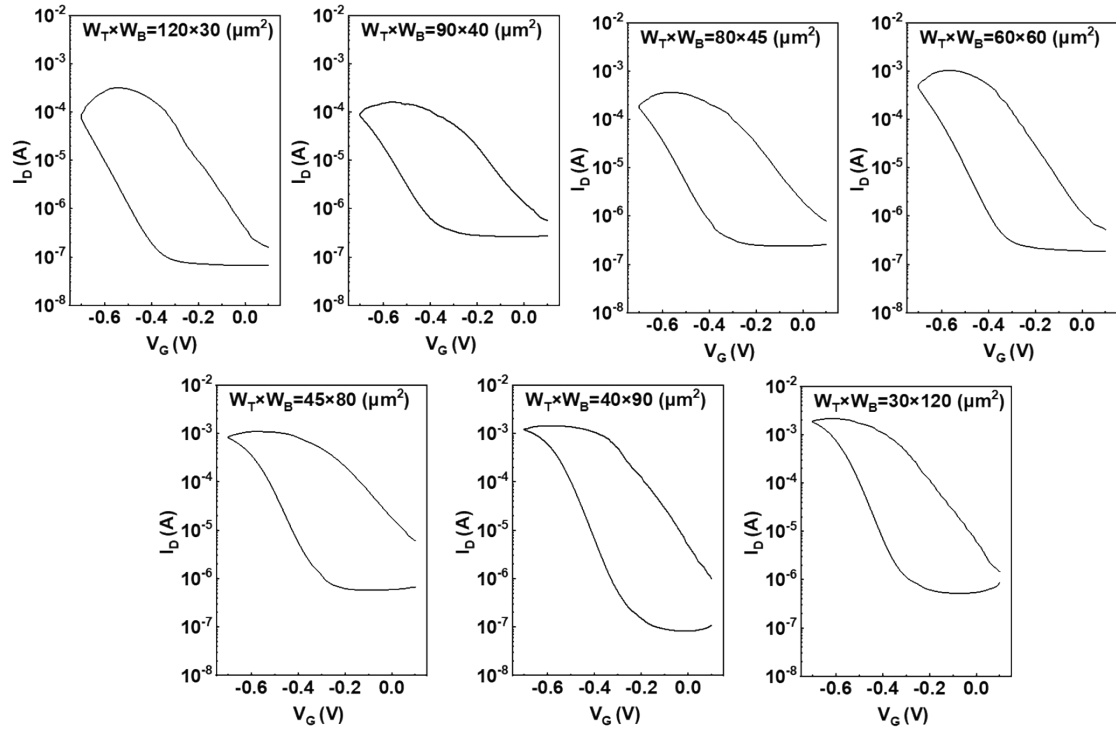


Figure S6. Transfer curves of the devices with different channel dimensions, including $W_T \times W_B$ of $120 \times 30 \mu\text{m}^2$, $90 \times 40 \mu\text{m}^2$, $80 \times 45 \mu\text{m}^2$, $60 \times 60 \mu\text{m}^2$, $45 \times 80 \mu\text{m}^2$, $40 \times 90 \mu\text{m}^2$, $30 \times 120 \mu\text{m}^2$, respectively. $V_D = -0.1 \text{ V}$.

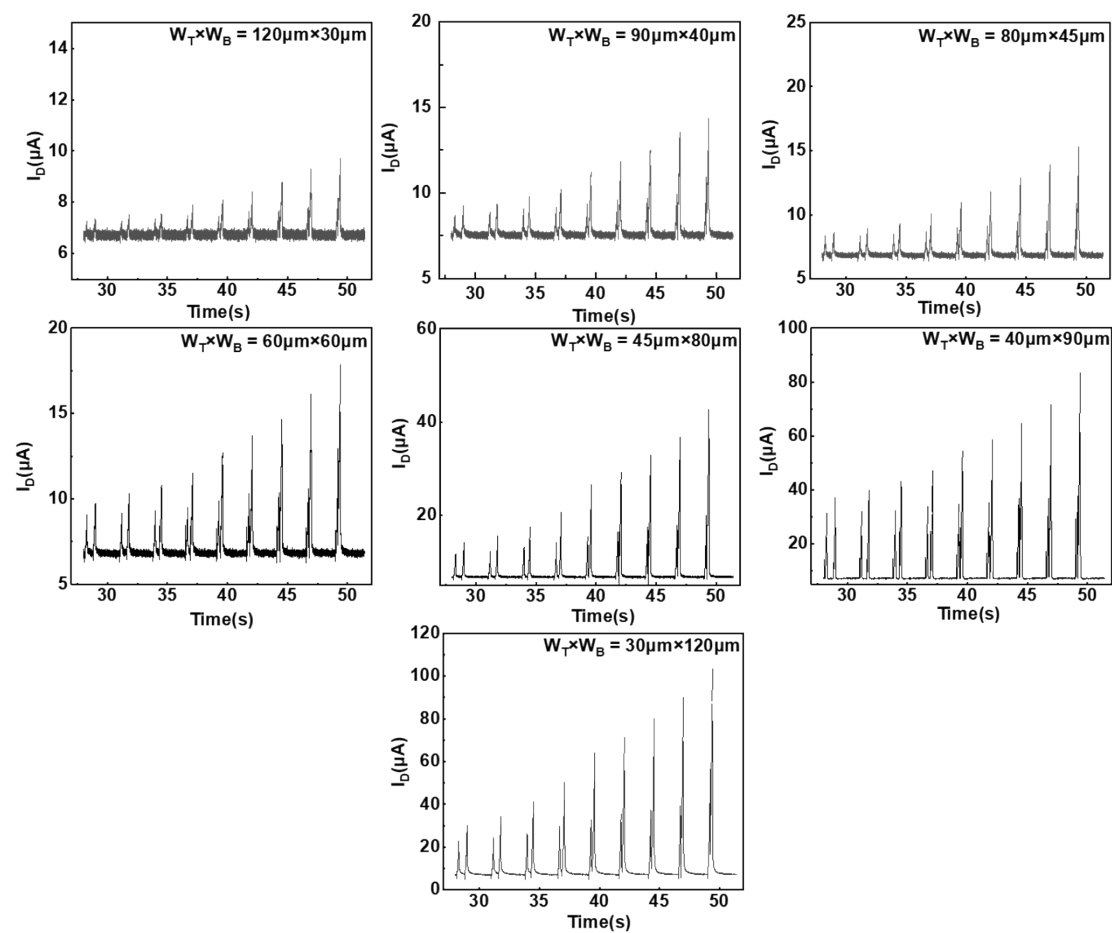


Figure S7. Plots of paired-pulse facilitation with different electrode dimensions by applying couples of pulses (500 ms, -0.7 V) with varied intervals (20 ms to 1 s).

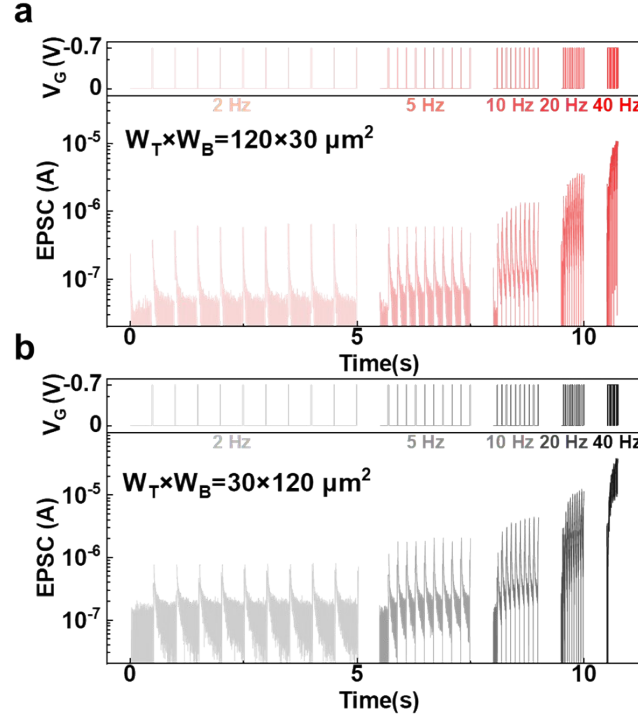


Figure S8. Dynamic filtering by recording EPSC response under input bias (-0.7 V, 20 ms) with different frequencies applied for vOECTs with $W_T \times W_B$ of (a) $120 \times 30 \mu m^2$ and (b) $30 \times 120 \mu m^2$.

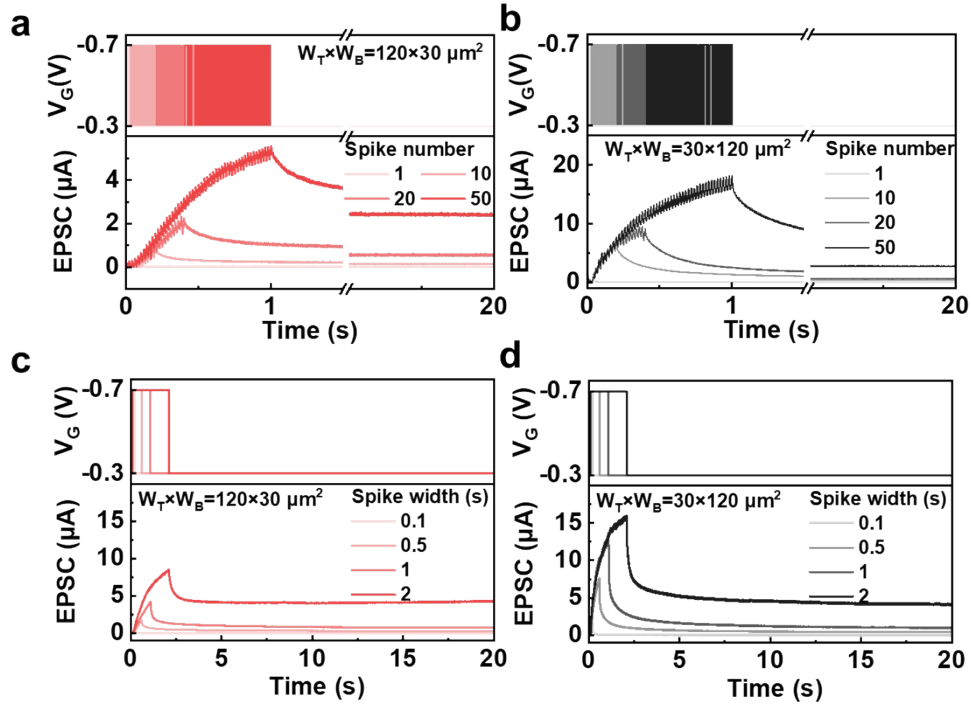


Figure S9. Plots of SNDP and the presynaptic bias of the vOECT with $W_T \times W_B$ of (a) $120 \times 30 \mu m^2$ and (b) $30 \times 120 \mu m^2$ and the SDDP of the vOECT with $W_T \times W_B$ of (c) $120 \times 30 \mu m^2$ and (d) $30 \times 120 \mu m^2$

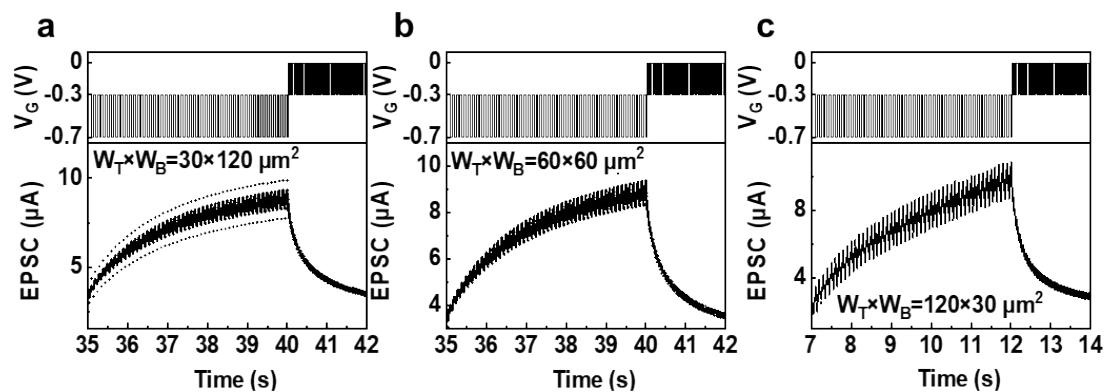


Figure S10. 100 states of the LTPo and LTD EPSC responses with varied electrode dimensions.

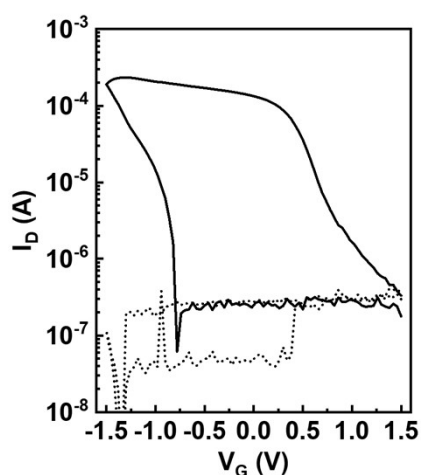


Figure S11. Transfer characteristic of vOECT synapse with DPP-g2T functionalized Au side gate.

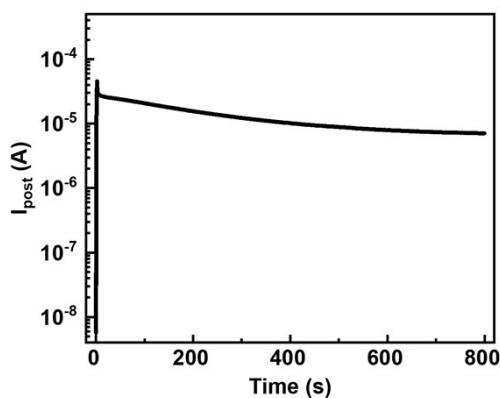


Figure S12. Long-term state retention for 800 s of a DPP-g2T gated vOECT synapse after a presynaptic stimulus with a spike width of 2 s and amplitude of 1.2 V.