

Electronic supplementary information for

**Ultrafast carrier and coherent phonon dynamics in van der Waals
ferromagnet CrI₃**

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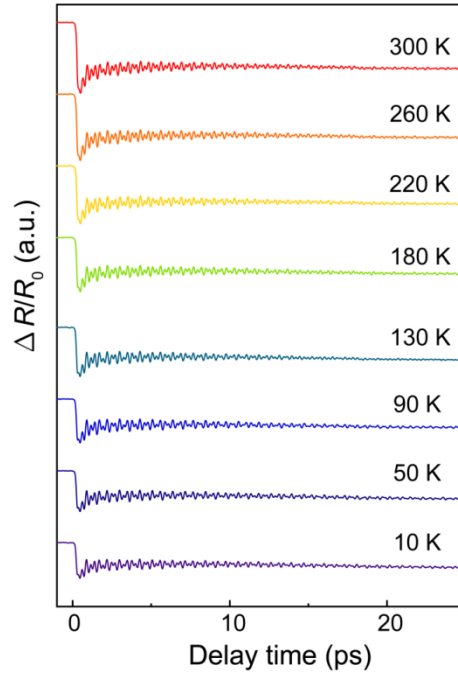


FIG. S1. Representative $\Delta R(t)/R_0$ signals of CrI_3 collected at 10-300 K. The $\Delta R(t)/R_0$ traces are shifted along the vertical axis for clarity.

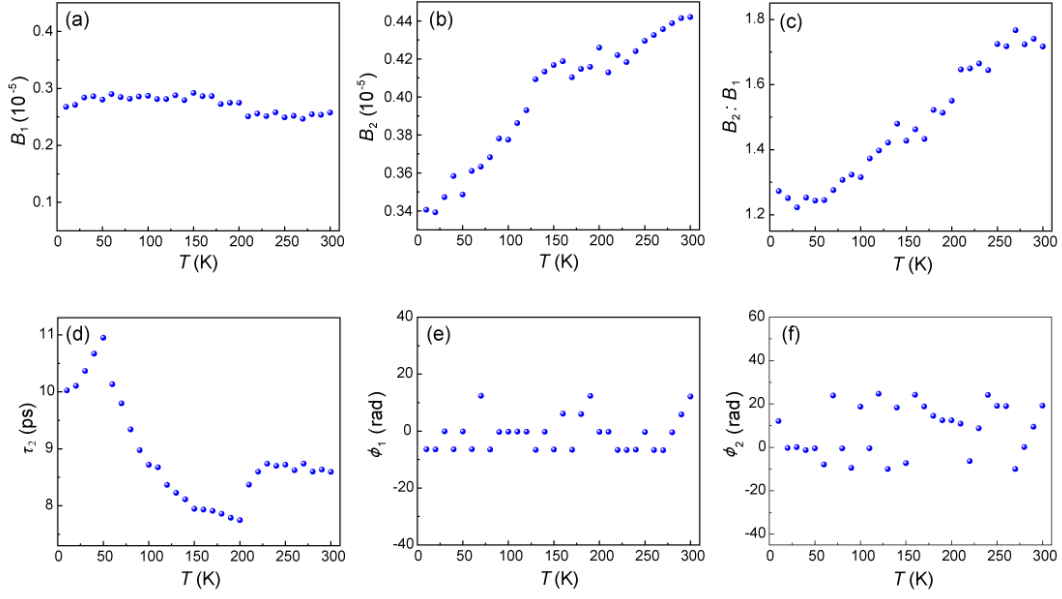


FIG. S2. Temperature dependence of amplitudes, (a) B_1 and (b) B_2 , of the two A_{1g} phonon modes. (c) The ratios (B_2/B_1) as a function of temperature. (d) Dephasing time τ_2 of the A_{1g}^2 phonon mode as a function of temperature. Temperature dependence of initial phases, (e) ϕ_1 and (f) ϕ_2 , of the two A_{1g} phonon modes.

For the oscillatory part of $\Delta R(t)/R_0$ signals, the fitting with Eq. 1 also yields the amplitudes (B_1 , B_2), dephasing time (τ_2), and initial phases (ϕ_1 , ϕ_2) of the two A_{1g} phonon modes, as shown in **Fig. S2**. Generally, the amplitude of coherent phonons decreases with increasing temperature.[1-3] However, our data show abnormal results, although the experiments have been repeated several times. As shown in **Figs. S1(a) and 1(b)**, B_1 is nearly temperature independent, while B_2 increases with increasing temperature. This result is consistent with the reported data under left circularly polarized (σ_-) pumping in a recent ultrafast study.[4] In their study, the amplitude of A_{1g}^1 coherent phonons is almost the same at 15 and 75 K, while the amplitude of A_{1g}^2 coherent phonons is much larger at 75 K than that at 15 K. The underlying reason is not known yet. **Fig. S1(d)** shows the temperature dependence of dephasing time τ_2 , which is similar to that of τ in Fig. 5. However, the fitting to temperature dependence of dephasing rate (τ_2^{-1}) with the anharmonic phonon model is not satisfactory at 60–200 K. The dynamics of the A_{1g}^2 phonons is beyond our research interest.

Parameter	Value
ω_0 (rad/s)	14.97×10^{12}
D (rad/s)	-3×10^{12}
α_a (K ⁻¹)	2×10^{-6}
α_b (K ⁻¹)	2×10^{-6}
α_c (K ⁻¹)	2×10^{-5}
γ'	1.5

Table S1. Fit parameters for the A_{1g}^1 phonon mode softening in Fig. 4(a) with the anharmonicity model [Eqs (6)-(8)]. The values of linear thermal expansion coefficients (α_a , α_b and α_c) are available for CrI₃ from previous reports.[5]

References

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