

Supplementary Information

One-step digestion-ligation-activation universal strategy for ultrasensitive detection of DNA methylation

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2 Experimental Section

2.1 Materials and apparatus

All the oligonucleotides listed in Table S1 were synthesized by Sangon Biotech (Shanghai, China). Betaine, dNTPs, TE buffer and DEPC-treated water were supplied by Sangon Biotech (Shanghai, China). Ezup Column Animal Genomic DNA Purification Kit and PAGE related reagents (Agarose, Acryl/Bis 30% Solution (29:1), nucleic acid stain, TBE buffers, loading buffers and DNA marker) were supplied by Sangon Biotech (Shanghai, China). RNase-Free ddH₂O was purchased from Tiangen. T4 DNA ligase, HhaI and Bst 2.0 DNA polymerase were obtained from New England Biolabs (USA). BstUI was available from Thermo scientific. Cas12a (Cpf1) was obtained from Guangzhou Meige Biological Technology.

Table S1 The DNA sequences used in this study

Name	Sequence (5'-3' direction)
Methylated target	GCAGTTGGGCTCmCGmCGmCGTGGAGCAGCAGCAGCTCCGC-NH ₂
Unmethylated target	GCAGTTGGGCTCCGCGCCGTGGAGCAGCAGCAGCTCCGC-NH ₂
padlock probe	P- CTGCTCCACGGCGCGGAGCCTTTTCGACACGACACGA TTTTGGAACCTGCTCGACGGATTAATAAGAGA TAATAAGAGATTTTGGAGCTGCTG
SLP	ATCGTCGTGACTGTTTTCCCTAACCTAACCTAACCC TTTTCAGTCACGACGATTTTAATAAGAGATAATAAG AGAT
FIP	CGACACGACACGAAAAAATCCGTCGAGCAGAGTTC C
BIP crRNA	ATCGTCGTGACTGTTTTCCCTAACCTAACCTAACCC UAAUUUCUACUAAGUGUAGAUAAUAAGAGAUAAUA AGAGAU
Random 1	AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAACCTCAGCAACC CCTCAGCGCGGAGGGCAGCGGCGAGAAAAA
Random 2	TGGCTGGTGGGCAGCGGGTTCGmCGmCGGAGGGCAG CGGCGAG
Random 3	GGGCTGCTTCmCGGCTGGTGCCCCC
Random 4	CATTGAGCTGmCGGGAGCTGGCACCMCGCTGGGmCG mCGCTGGGAAGGGCmCGCACCMCGGCTGGAGmCGTG CCAAmCGmCGCTGmCGCATmCGmCGmCGGGGCACmC GmCGTGCAACCCACAmCGGCAGCTGGTCCCTG

“p” and “NH₂” mean the phosphate and amidogen modification.

DNA and RNA sequences used in this study. CpG methylation sites sensitive to restriction digestion are highlighted in red. The complementary regions between the

padlock probe and target DNA are shown in blue. The green sequence represents the protospacer generated after RLAMP amplification, which is recognized by the crRNA spacer sequence (red) for Cas12a activation.

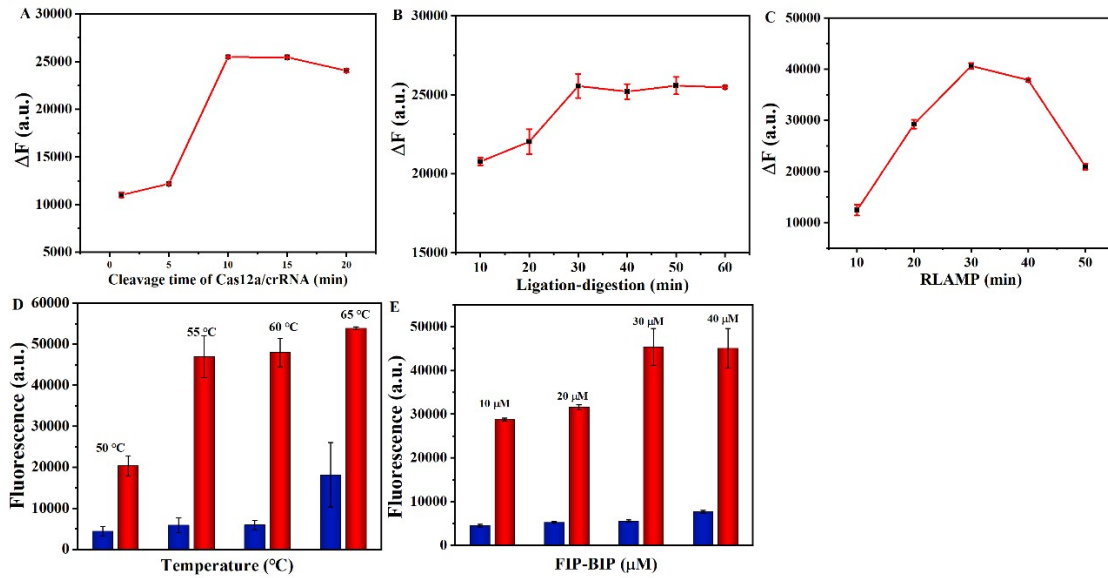


Figure S1. Optimizations of DNA methylation detection by the proposed method. (A) Optimization of CRISPR/Cas12a cleavage time; (B) Optimization of simultaneously ligation–digestion reaction time; (C) Optimization of RLAMP amplification time; (D) Optimization of RLAMP reaction temperature; (E) Optimization of inner primer (FIP/BIP) concentration.

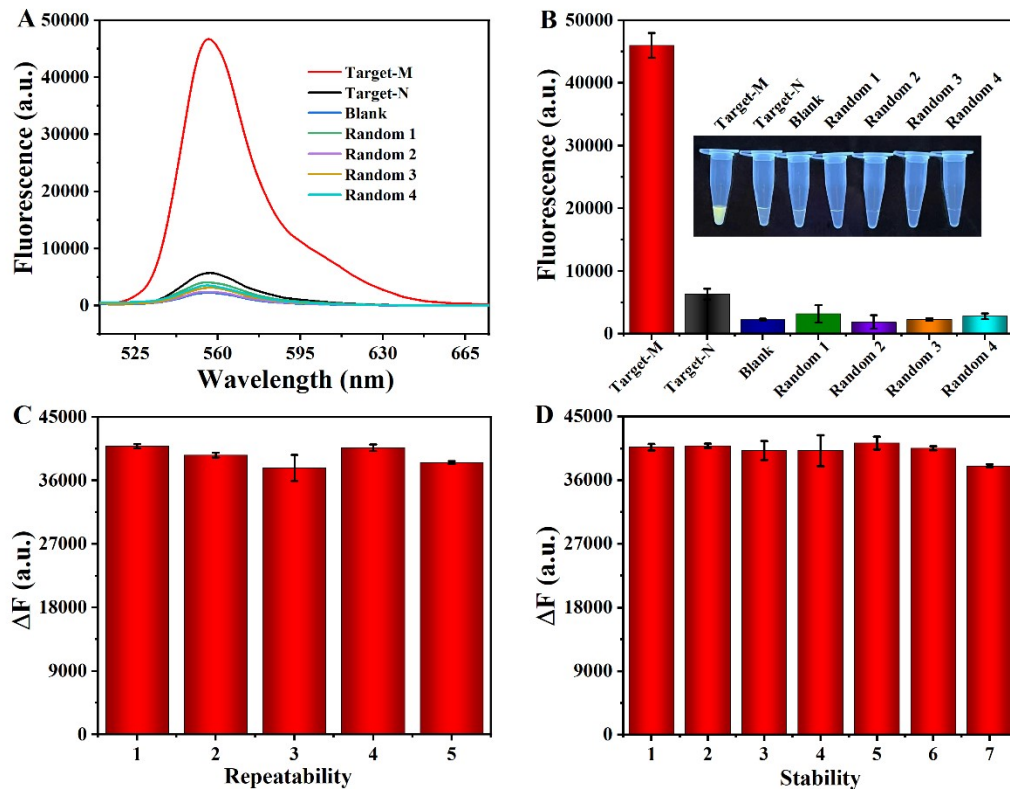


Figure S2. Evaluation of analytical performance of the DL-RLAMP/Cas12a assay. (A) Selectivity evaluation toward methylated target DNA; (B) Anti-interference selectivity analysis using non-methylated DNA controls; (C) Repeatability assessment of the DL-RLAMP/Cas12a assay; (D) Stability evaluation.

Table S2 Comparison with other methods for methylation detection.

method	signal amplification	detection range	LOD	Ref.
Electrochemistry	Bi ₂ S ₃ nanorods as photoelectric conversion materials	10 ⁻¹³ to 10 ⁻⁹ M	10 ⁻¹³ to 10 ⁻⁹ M	[32]
Electrochemistry	Aminated rGO	50 fM to 100 pM	12 fM	[33]
Colorimetry	AuNP-based ligase chain reaction	0.01 fM to 1 fM	0.01 fM	[34]
Colorimetry	the peroxidase-mimetic activity of mesoporous iron oxide	-	10%	[35]
SERS	wrapped graphene-Ag array	5×10 ⁻³ – 5 ng μL ⁻¹	0.5 ± 0.1 pg μL ⁻¹ (4.5 pmol L ⁻¹) (0.1%)	[36]
SERS	ligase chain reaction	0-500 pM	0.5 pM	[37]
Fluorescence	MutS-Methylation specific PCR	-	~(0.5%)	[38]
Fluorescence	dendritic DNA nanostructure in combination with ligase reaction	10 ⁻¹⁵ to 10 ⁻⁷ M	0.4 fM	[39]
Fluorescence	DL-RLAMP/Cas12a	2 fM ~ 200 pM	0.18 fM (0.1%)	this work
Electrochemistry	Graphene Oxide Combining with Restriction Endonuclease	0.1 to 450 U mL ⁻¹	(0.05 ± 0.02) U mL ⁻¹ (6 h)	[40]
Electrochemistry	quantum dot signaling tracer	1 to 100 U·mL ⁻¹	1 U·mL ⁻¹ (3 h)	[41]
Colorimetry	nicking enzyme amplification and the use of gold nanoparticles conjugated to graphene oxide	0.2 to 60 U·mL ⁻¹	67 U·mL ⁻¹ (7 h)	[42]
Colorimetry	PER/functionalized hemin/G-quadruplex DNzyme	1 to 7.5 U·mL ⁻¹	0.3 U/mL (3 h)	[43]
SERS	RCA/silver core-gold satellite nanocomposites	0.05 – 50 U·mL ⁻¹	2.8×10 ⁻³ (16.4 h)	[44]
Fluorescence	Cascade Signal Amplification	0.1 – 10 U·mL ⁻¹	0.002 (4h)	[45]
Fluorescence	hyperbranched rolling circle amplification	2.5–70 U·mL ⁻¹	1.8 (11 h)	[46]
Fluorescence	Methylation blocks cascade displacement amplification	2–40 U·mL ⁻¹	0.67 U mL ⁻¹ (90 min)	[47]
Fluorescence	DL-RLAMP/Cas12a	0 ~ 80 U·mL ⁻¹	6.92×10 ⁻⁴ U mL ⁻¹ 100 min	this work

Assay time represents total experimental duration excluding sample preparation.

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