Supplementary file

## 2-Methyl Tetrahydrofuran: A Green Organic Modifier for Eco-Friendly, Cost-Effective, and Rapid Purification in Drug Discovery

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Fig. S1. Chemical structure of standards



**Fig. S2.** HPLC chromatogram on YMC EXRS ( $250 \times 4.6$ ) mm 5µm column, using 10 mM ammonium bicarbonate in water (pH 9.5); a: acetonitrile, b: 5% MTHF in CAN, c: ACN:MeOH (1:1), d: 5% MTHF in ACN:MeOH (1:1); 1: + Epinephrine (EPI), 2: Tetramisole (TET), 3: Acebutolol (ACE), 4: Labetalol (LAB), 5: +Verapamil (VER), 6: Amitriptyline (AMI); Flow rate: 1 mL/min; Gradient elution (T/%B): 0/10, 20/100, 25/100.



**Fig. S3.** HPLC chromatogram on YMC EXRS ( $250 \times 4.6$ ) mm 5µm column, using 10 mM ammonium acetate in water (pH 4.5); a: acetonitrile, b: 5% MTHF in ACN, c: ACN:MeOH (1:1), d: 5% MTHF in ACN:MeOH (1:1), ); 1: + Epinephrine (EPI), 2: Tetramisole (TET), 3: Acebutolol (ACE), 4: Labetalol (LAB), 5: +Verapamil (VER), 6: Amitriptyline (AMI); Flow rate: 1 mL/min; Gradient elution (T/%B): 0/10, 20/100, 25/100.



**Fig. S4.** HPLC chromatogram on YMC EXRS ( $250 \times 4.6$ ) mm 5µm column, using 0.1% acetic acid in water (pH 3.4); a: acetonitrile, b: 5% MTHF in CAN, c: ACN:MeOH (1:1), d: 5% MTHF in ACN:MeOH (1:1); 1: + Epinephrine (EPI), 2: Tetramisole (TET), 3: Acebutolol (ACE), 4: Labetalol (LAB), 5: +Verapamil (VER), 6: Amitriptyline (AMI); Flow rate: 1 mL/min; Gradient elution (T/%B): 0/10, 20/100, 25/100.



**Fig. S5.** HPLC chromatogram on YMC EXRS ( $250 \times 4.6$ ) mm 5µm column, using 0.1% Formic acid in water (pH 2.9); a: acetonitrile, b: 5% MTHF in CAN, c: ACN:MeOH (1:1), d: 5% MTHF in ACN:MeOH (1:1), ); 1: + Epinephrine (EPI), 2: Tetramisole (TET), 3: Acebutolol (ACE), 4: Labetalol (LAB), 5: +Verapamil (VER), 6: Amitriptyline (AMI); Flow rate: 1 mL/min; Gradient elution (T/%B): 0/10, 20/100, 25/100.



**Fig. S6.** HPLC chromatogram on YMC EXRS ( $250 \times 4.6$ ) mm 5µm column, using 0.1% TFA in water (pH 2.2); a: acetonitrile, b: 5% MTHF in CAN, c: ACN:MeOH (1:1), d: 5% MTHF in ACN:MeOH (1:1), ); 1: + Epinephrine (EPI), 2: Tetramisole (TET), 3: Acebutolol (ACE), 4: Labetalol (LAB), 5: +Verapamil (VER), 6: Amitriptyline (AMI); Flow rate: 1mL/min; Gradient elution (T/%B): 0/10, 20/100, 25/100.



Fig. S7. HPLC chromatogram on Kinetex EVO C18 ( $250 \times 4.6$ ) mm 5µm column, using 0.1% TFA in water (pH 2.2);a: ACN:MeOH (1:1), b: 5% MTHF in ACN:MeOH (1:1), ); 1: + Epinephrine (EPI), 2: Tetramisole (TET), 3:Acebutolol (ACE), 4: Labetalol (LAB), 5: +Verapamil (VER), 6: Amitriptyline (AMI); Flow rate: 1 mL/min;Gradientelution(T/%B):0/10,20/100,25/100.



**Fig. S8.** HPLC chromatogram on Sunfire C18 ( $250 \times 4.6$ ) mm 5µm column, using 0.1% TFA in water (pH 2.2); a: ACN:MeOH (1:1), b: 5% MTHF in ACN:MeOH (1:1), ); 1: + Epinephrine (EPI), 2: Tetramisole (TET), 3: Acebutolol (ACE), 4: Labetalol (LAB), 5: +Verapamil (VER), 6: Amitriptyline (AMI); Flow rate: 1 mL/min; Gradient elution (T/%B): 0/10, 20/100, 25/100.



Fig. S9. Recovery study at 10% level, Sample A.

Chromatogram depicting the resolution of a mixture consisting of six analytes, with the concentration of compound 5 being tenfold greater than that of the other compounds. 1: + Epinephrine (EPI), 2: Tetramisole (TET), 3: Acebutolol (ACE), 4: Labetalol (LAB), 5: +Verapamil (VER), 6: Amitriptyline (AMI); Chromatographic condition at preparative HPLC scale: Column: YMC EXRS ( $250 \times 20$ ) mm 5µm. Mobile phase A: 0.1% TFA in water; Mobile phase B: 10% MTHF in ACN:MeOH 9(1:1), Gradient (T/%B): 0/10, 14/73, 14.01/100, 16/100. Flow rate: 20 mL/min. It demonstrates excellent separation of compound 4, which elutes at the front and is present at approximately one-tenth the concentration of compound 5.



Fig. S10. Recovery study at 10% level, Sample B.

Chromatogram depicting the resolution of a mixture consisting of six analytes, with the concentration of compound 6 being tenfold greater than that of the other compounds. 1: + Epinephrine (EPI), 2: Tetramisole (TET), 3: Acebutolol (ACE), 4: Labetalol (LAB), 5: +Verapamil (VER), 6: Amitriptyline (AMI); Chromatographic condition at preparative HPLC scale: Column: YMC EXRS ( $250 \times 20$ ) mm 5µm. Mobile phase A: 0.1% TFA in water; Mobile phase B: 10% MTHF in ACN:MeOH 9(1:1), Gradient (T/%B): 0/10, 14/73, 14.01/100, 16/100. Flow rate: 20 mL/min. It shows effective separation of compound 5, which elutes at the front and is about one-tenth the concentration of compound 6.



**Fig. S11.** HPLC chromatograms of a sample mixture comprising compounds 1-4, with compounds 5 and 6 sourced equally from their respective tablet formulations. The sample was analyzed at three different concentrations: 100%, 50%, and 10%. 1: + Epinephrine (EPI), 2: Tetramisole (TET), 3: Acebutolol (ACE), 4: Labetalol (LAB), 5: +Verapamil (VER), 6: Amitriptyline (AMI); Chromatographic condition: Column at preparative HPLC scale: YMC EXRS ( $250 \times 20$ ) mm 5µm. Mobile phase A: 0.1% TFA in water; Mobile phase B: 10% MTHF in ACN:MeOH 9(1:1), Gradient (T/%B): 0/10, 14/73, 14.01/100, 16/100. Flow rate: 20 mL/min.

Table S1. Peak resolutions between closely eluting compounds (5 & 6) at different sample loading and mobile phase combinations.

Sample Loading (µL)	ACN:MeOH (1:1) (without MTHF)	5% MTHF in ACN:MeOH (1:1)	10% MTHF in ACN:MeOH (1:1)	
50 µL	1.067	1.925	1.911	
100 µL	0.709	1.516	1.47	
150 µL	0.583	1.325	1.284	
200 µL	0.547	1.209	1.178	
250 μL	0.512	1.125	1.108	

Column: YMC EXRS (250 × 20) mm 5µm. Mobile phase A: 0.1% TFA in water; Mobile phase B: ACN:MeOH, 5% MTHF in ACN:MeOH, and 10% MTHF in ACN:MeOH. All the ACN:MeOH combinations used were in 1:1 ratio. Compound **5**: +Verapamil (VER), and Compound **6**: Amitriptyline (AMI).

	Sample mixture A		Sample mixture B			
Compounds	Quantity	% Sample	% Fraction	Quantity	% Sample	% Fraction
	used	recovery	purity	used	recovery	purity
EPI (1)	0.25 mg	90.4	99.9	0.25 mg	93.4	99.9
TET (2)	0.25 mg	97.5	99.9	0.25 mg	97.8	99.9
ACE (3)	0.25 mg	93.1	99.9	0.25 mg	93.0	99.9
LAB (4)	0.25 mg	92.9	99.9	0.25 mg	93.6	99.9
VER (5)	2.5 mg	98.3	99.9	0.25 mg	94.8	99.9
AMI (6)	0.25 mg	99.1	99.9	2.5 mg	95.0	99.9

Table S2. Recovery study for peaks eluting at tailing and fronting at 10% level

Compounds	100% Level (2.5 mg of each compound)		50% Level (1.25 mg of each compound)		10% Level (0.25 mg of each compound)	
	% Sample recovery	% Fraction purity	% Sample recovery	% Fraction purity	% Sample recovery	% Fraction purity
EPI (1)	97.3	99.9	98.8	99.9	-	99.9
TET (2)	97.8	99.9	98.9	99.9	97.6	99.9
ACE ( <b>3</b> )	95.6	99.9	98.8	99.9	90.8	99.9
LAB (4)	96.8	99.9	98.9	99.9	89.6	99.9
VER (5)*	96.8	99.9	99.1	99.9	91.9	99.9
AMI (6)*	95.6	99.9	99.4	99.9	83.3	99.9

Table S3. Application of optimized method in drug products (tablet formulations)

An equal amount of compound was obtained from the corresponding tablet formulation